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This report is based on a transcription and tabulation of data from the 1950 Census of Population and Housing. The statistics relate to dwelling units considered substandard by the Public Housing Administration, in accordance with the contract for these statistics between the Bureau of the Census and the Harrisburg Housing Authority.

A dwelling unit is considered substandard by the Public Housing Administration if it is either dilapidated or does not have the following plumbing facilities: flush toilet and bath inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use, and hot running water. The Public Housing Administration considers the absence of hot running water to be evidence generally of poor quality of the dwelling unit, but there may be some localities in which the absence of hot running water is not deemed to be a sufficient indication by itself of poor quality. In such localities, a revised count of substandard units may be obtained from table 1 by subtracting from the total the units which lack hot water only. If it is desired to eliminate the units lacking hot water only from the total count of substandard units, the distributions shown in the tables will not be materially affected.

The criteria used to define substandard units in these tabulations are not identical with the housing characteristics included in the published reports from the 1940 Census. Therefore, any comparison of data in this report with the 1940 results must be made with extreme care. A direct comparison cannot be made with the 1940 results because information on hot running water was not collected at that time. Further, the 1940 data on condition were collected showing dwelling units "needing major repairs," whereas in 1950 data on condition were collected showing units as "dilapidated." Becaus. the definitions of these two terms differ significantly, the 1940 count of dwelling units needing major repairs and the 1950 count of dilapidated dwelling units are comparable only in a general way.

The data are presented in the series of attached tables. In table 1 the structural and occupancy characteristics are shown for all substandard dwelling units. Table 2 shows the rent paid for rentér-occupied substandard units; table 3 shows the condition and plumbing facilities of these same units. Table 4 shows the characteristics of all families (both primary and secondary) living in the substandard units. Table 4a classifies the primary families by family income. Table 5 classifies primary families with no subfamily or secondary family present, by rent as a percent of family income.

In the contract rent tabulation, dwelling units occupied rent-free are tabulated in the "\$9 or less" category. In the gross rent tabulations, however, such units are tabulated as "not reporting," except when utilities were reported.

DEFINITIONS

The definitions used in this special tabulation are generally the same as those used in the 1950 Census of Population and Housing. Some of the more important definitions are given below.

Dwelling unit.--In general, a dwelling unit is a group of rooms or a single room, occupied, or intended for occupancy, as separate living quarters by a family or other group of persons living together or by a person living alone.

Primary family.--A primary family consists of two or more persons including the head of the households and all (one or more) persons in the household who are related to the head by blood, marriage, or adoption. It may include a subfamily consisting of a married couple with or without children, or one parent with one or more children under 18 years of age, living in the household and related to but not including the head of the household or his wife. The subfamily is considered a part of the primary family for all tabulation purposes.

Secondary family.--A secondary family consists of two or more persons, such as a lodger or servant and his relatives, living in a household and related to each other but not related to the household head. The secondary family is considered a separate family for tabulation purposes.

Minor. A minor is an unmarried person under 21 years of age other than the head of a family or his wife.

Dilapidation.--A dwelling unit is considered to be dilapidated when it has serious deficiencies, is rundown or neglected, or is of inadequate original construction, so that it does not provide adequate shelter or protection against the elements or it endangers the safety of the occupants.

<u>Plumbing facilities.--The following are the</u> three plumbing facilities tabulated:

1. Flush toilet inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use;

2. Installed bathtub or shower inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use; and

3. Hot and cold running water inside the structure.

Exclusive use.--Equipment is for "exclusive use" if it is used only by the occupants of one dwelling unit.

<u>Shared.--Equipment is "shared" when occupants</u> of two or more units use the same equipment.

Family income.--Family income is the sum of the income received during 1949, by all members of the family. The following items were asked separately for the head of the family and for all other members of the family combined:

1. The amount of money wages or salary received in 1949;

2. The amount of net money income received from self-employment in 1949; and 3. The amount of other money income received in 1949, such as interest, dividends, veterans' allowances, pensions, or rents.

<u>Gross rent</u>.--Monthly gross rent is contract rent plus the reported average monthly cost of water, electricity, gas, and other fuel paid for by the renter. If furniture is included in the contract rent, the reported estimated rent of the dwelling unit without furniture is used for the computation instead of the contract rent.

SOURCE AND RELIABILITY OF THE DATA

The data in tables 1 through 4 are based on complete counts, including all dwelling units and families with the specified characteristics. The distributions involving income in tables 4a and 5, however, were prepared from data collected on a sample basis. As part of the 1950 Census, family income data were obtained from about onefifth of all families. For these tabulations, additional interviews were made among nonwhite families to increase the income sample above the 20 percent level. This was accomplished by a subsequent field enumeration of a sample of nonwhite families who were not in the original sample but were living in substandard dwelling units.

Although the figures shown in tables 1 through 4 are based on the same data as the forthcoming 1950 Census tabulations of these items, they may differ from those to be published as part of the Census. The present tables were obtained by tabulating directly the data as transcribed in the field offices of the Census Bureau and the figures, therefore, do not include all of the refinements that result from a careful examination of the schedules.

In addition, the data are subject to other biases due to errors of response or nonreporting which cannot be corrected in editing. Factors affecting the accuracy of enumeration include the respondent's knowledge of the facts and the ability of the enumerator to obtain accurate information on such items as income, rent, dilapidation, and plumbing facilities. The regular 1950 tabulations are also subject to these biases.

Reliability of Estimates in Tables 4a and 5

Because of sampling variability, percentage distributions shown in table 4a and all figures in table 5 may differ from those that would have been obtained from a complete count. (The absolute figures in table 4a represent complete counts and are not subject to sampling variations.) The reliability estimates which follow give approximate measures of the sampling errors to be expected in these sample data.

Reliability of the percentages in tables 4a and 5.--The allowance to be made for sampling variation in a percentage depends, in general, both on the value of the percentage and the size of the base on which it is determined. If two percentages are of the same magnitude, the one based on a large number of cases in the sample is, in general, less variable than the one based on a small number of sample cases.

Estimates of reliability are shown in the following table for percentages with bases of primary families of the specified types. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the differences due to sampling variability between the percentages obtained from the sample and the percentages which would have been obtained from a complete census would be less than the sampling errors shown below.

	Sampling variability if the base is												
Percentage shown	All p	rimary familio dwelling		dard	All primary families with no subfamily or secondar family present, in substandard renter units								
in table	White		Nonwhite		Wh:	lte	Nonwhite						
	Owner	Renter	Owner	Renter	No minors	With minors	No minors	With minors					
0.5	0.9	0.6	(1)	0.8	0.9	0.8	(1)	1.1					
1.0	1.3	0.9		1.2	1.3	1.2		1.6					
2.0	1.9	1.2		1.6	1.8	1.7		2.3					
3.0	2.3	1.5		2.0	8.2	2.0		2.8					
4.0	2.6	1.7		2.3	8.6	2.3		8.2					
5.0	2.9	1.9.		2.5	2.8	2.6	X	8.5					
10.0	4.0	2.6		3.5	3,9	3.6		4.8					
15.0	4.8	3.1		4.2	4.6	4.8		5,8					
20.0	5.3	3.4]	4.7	5.2	4.8		6.5					
25.0	5.8	3.7		5.1	5.6	5.2		7.0					
30.0	6.1	3.9		5.4	6.0	5.5		7.4					
40.0	6.5	4.2]	5.7	6.4	5.9		7.9					
50.0	6.7	4.3	{	5.8	6.5	6.0		8.1					

To illustrate, for a figure of 10 percent based on white primary families living in substandard renter dwelling units, the sampling variability is 2.6 percent; the chances are about 19 out of 20 that the percentage obtained by a complete census would have been between 7.4 percent and 12.6 percent.

The sampling variability of a specified percentage of total primary families with designated characteristics will vary according to the proportion of white families and nonwhite families making up this percentage. For example, consider the sampling variability of a figure of 10 percent based on total primary families. The maximum sampling error to be expected of such a figure would occur when the entire 10 percent includes only white primary families and the chances are about 19 out of 20 that this sampling error would not exceed 1.9 percent. The minimum sampling error would occur when the entire 10 percent includes only nonwhite primary families and the chances are 19 out of 20 that this sampling error would not exceed 1.1 per-For other specific characteristics comcent. posed of 10 percent of total primary families the sampling variability may assume any value between these two figures.

Reliability of absolute figures in table 5.--The approximate sampling variability of the absolute figures in table 5 is shown below. The chances are 19 out of 20 that differences between the numbers shown in table 5 and the numbers that would have been obtained from a complete census would be less than the sampling errors which follow.

Classification	Sampling variability of absolute figures in table 5							
	Total	White	Nonwhite					
Total	50	41	29					
No minors	104	98	37					
With minors	106	99	89					

Reliability of differences...-The estimates of sampling variability in the above tables are not directly applicable to differences obtained by subtracting one figure from another. The sampling variability in an observed difference between two figures depends on the sampling variability of each of the figures and the correlation between them. Table 1.--STRUCTURAL AND OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS, CONDITION, AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY TENURE AND COLOR OF OCCUPANTS, FOR HARRISBURG, PENNSYLVANIA: 1950

(A substandard dwelling unit is defined by the Public Housing Administration as a unit which is either dilapidated or does not have all of the following plumbing facilities: flush toilet and bath inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use, and hot running water)

(howest		Total			White		Nonwhite		
Characteristic	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Rente
Total number occupied substandard									
dwelling units	5,302	1,303	8,999	4,092	1,074	3,018	1,210	229	981
Percent of total	100.0	24.6	75.4	77.2	20.3	56.9	22.8	4.3	18,5
NUMBER OF ROOMS									
Tota1	100.0	1.00.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0	1.00,0
1 room	5.4 19.3	0.8	6.9 24.7	5.1 21.1	0.8	6.7 27.4	6.3 13.3	0.4	7.6
rooms	20.6	10.8	23.8	21.6	12.6	24.8	17.2	2.6	20.6
rooms	12.1	13.8	11.6	12.7	15.3	11.8	10.2	7.0	11.0
5 rooms	14.1	22.9	11.3	13.9	23.5	10.5	15.0	20.1	18,9
7 rooms	17.1	28.5	18.4 4.7	16.3 4.7	27.1 9.2	12.4	19.8 12.0	34.1 23.1	16,5
3 rooms or more	4.5	8.5	3.2	4.3	7.9	3.0	5.4	11.4	4.(
Not reported	0,4	0,4	0.5	0.3	0.8	0.4	0.7	0.9	0.7
CONDITION									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0
Not dilapidated	78.0	84.1	76.1	86.1	88,5	85.2	50.9	58.8	47.9
Dilapidated	21.5	15.5	23.4	13.6	11.4	14.4	48.0	84,9	51,1
Not reported	0,5	0.4	0,5	0.3	. 0.2	0,8	1.1	1,8	1,(
WATER SUPPLY						ļ			
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	1,00.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0
Hot and cold piped running water inside structure	59.5	67.0	57.0	70.6	73.6	69.5	21.7	35.4	18.
Only cold piped running water inside structure	34.9	30.8	36.2	25.1	24.3	25.4	67.9	61.1	69,
No piped running water inside structure	5.5 0.1	2.3	6.6 0.2	4.2 (¹)	2.0	5.0 0.1	10.0 0.9	3.4	11,
•	0.1	-	0						
TOILET FACILITIES									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.
Flush toilet inside structure, exclusive use	17.7	21.0	16.7	15,3	19.3	18.9	25.8	29.8	25.0
Flush toilet inside structure; shared	50.4	48.1 30.9	51.1	59.6 25.0	55.8	61.1 24.9	19.2 54.7	14.4	20. 54.
Not reported?	81.8 0.1	30.9	32.1	(¹)	25.4	0,1	0.8		0,
BATHING FACILITIES									
	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	TOOPO	100.0	100.0	TOOPO	1001
Installed bathtub or shower inside structure, exclusive use	12.1	15.2	11.0	10.9	13.1	10.0	16.1	24.9	14.
Installed bathtub or shower inside structure,	10.1	1010		10.0					
shared	51.9	49.3	52,0	61.6	. 56.8	63.4	16.5	14.4	17.
Other or none	36.8 0.3	35.1 0.4	36.7	27.3 0.2	29.9 0.2	26.4	.66.6 0,7	59.4 1.3	68, 0,
-	0,0				0.0				
NUMBER OF PERSONS	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0 20.5	16.4	10.0	17.
l person	18.9 30.5	15.7	19.9	31.3		33.0	27.9	23.6	28,
3 persons	21.0	20.8	21.1	22.4	21.9	22.6		1 1	16,
4 persons	12.1	14.1	11.4	11.6		10.7	13.6		19,
5 persons	7.5	10.0	6.7	7.8	10.1	6.3	B.1	9.2 9.6	7. 5.
6 persons	4.0 2.5	5.5	9.5 2.4			2.8		6.6	4.
persons	1.5	1.6	1.4			1.0		2.2	2
persons or more	2.1	3.1	1.7	1.4	2.0				3
NUMBER OF LODGERS									
				u '		1	1		3.00
Total	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	1.00.0	100.0	100.0	100
	100.0 87.4	100.0 84.1	100.0			100.0 98.5			100. 75. 24.

¹ Less than 0.05 percent.

Table 1.--STRUCTURAL AND OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS, CONDITION, AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY TENURE AND COLOR OF OCCUPANTS, FOR HARRISBURG, PENNSYLVANIA: 1950--Con.

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(A substandard dwelling unit is defined by the Public Housing Administration as a unit which is either dilapidated or does not have all of the following plumbing facilities: flush toilet and bath inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use, and hot running water)

Characteristic		Total			White		M	lonwhite	
	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter
CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Not dilapidated:									
With private bath and private flush toilet,									
no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath	3.4	4.0	8.3	5.2 5.8	3.6	5.0 5.1	4.2	5.7	3.9
With running water, no private flush toilet	6.0 66.0	7.3	64.1	74.4	76.2	79.8	37.7		7.0 84.5
No running water inside the structure	2.3	0.8	2.8	8.4	0.8	3.0	1.9		2.1
Dilapidated:									
With private bath and private flush toilet,									
hot and cold running water	5.4	8,1	4.6	5.1	7.1	4.8	6.6	12.7	5.2
With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water	0.7								
With private flush toilet, no private bath	0.7	0.5	0.8 2.3	0.8	0.1	0.4	2.1 5.9	2.2	2.0
With running water, no private flush toilet	10.1	4.5	11.9	5.7	2.4	6.9	25.0	14.4	27.4
No running water inside the structure	8.1	1.4	3.7	1.7	1.1	1.9	7.9	2.6	9.8
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	0.9	0,6	1.0	0,5	0.8	0.6	8.1	2.2	8.0
CONDITION BY NUMBER OF PLUMBING FACILITIES		•							
'Total	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Not dilapidated:]				
Lacking 1 facility	7.5	9.7	6.8	7.6	9.5	7.0	7.0	10.5	6.2
Lacking 2 facilities	52.0	56.5	50.5	62.2	64.0	61.6	17.8	21.4	16.2
Lacking 3 facilities	18,3	17.8	18.5	16.0	14.9	16.3	86.9	31.4	25.1
Dilapidated:									
With all facilities	5,4	8.1	4,6	5.1	7,1	4.3	6.6	18.7	5.2
Lacking 1 facility	0.8	0.6	0.9	0.4	0.2	0.5	2.3	2.6 2.2	2.2 8.5
Lacking 2 facilities Lacking 3 facilities	3.8 11.2	1.5 5.8	4,6 19,2		2.8	6.2	7.8 31.8	17.0	34.6
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	0.9	0.6	1.0			0.6	2.1	2.2	8.0
Hos reporting condition of bromping recriticies	0.5	0.0			0.0			· ~ " ~ ~	
NUMBER OF DWELLING UNITS IN STRUCTURE								10 ja 1.	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	1.00.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1 dwelling unit	87.5	46.4	94.6	81.2	38,6	28.6	58.8	89.0	58.1
2 to 4 dwelling units	58.0	52.1	53.8	59.1	59.6	58.9	82.5	17.0	36.1
5 or more dwelling units	9.5	1.5	12.1	9.7	1,8	12.5	8.8	-	10.8

Table 2.--CONTRACT AND GROSS RENT OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY COLOR OF OCCUPANTS, FOR HARRISBURG, PENNSYLVANIA: 1950

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

·					na substation		
Monthly rent	Total	White	Nonwhite	Monthly rent	Total	White	Nonwhite
Total number renter-occupied substandard dwelling units	8,999	9,018	981	FURNITURE IN RENT Total	100.0	100.0	100.0
Percent of total	100.0	75.5	24.5	Furniture included in contract rent	18,9	28.7	4.4
MONTHLY CONTRACT RENT				Furniture not included in contract rent Not reported	78.8 2.8		93.5 2.1
Total	100.0	100.0	1,00,0	MONTHLY GROSS RENT			
\$9 or less \$10 to \$14 \$15 to \$19 \$20 to \$24 \$25 to \$29	11.1	2.7 5.2 14.1 12.5 10.4	6.5 29.4 26.3 16.5 9.0	Total \$9 or less \$10 to \$14 \$15 to \$19 \$20 to \$24 \$25 to \$29.	109.0 0.8 8.9 4.5 10.5 14.6	2.7 3.5 7.6	100.0 1.2 3.5 7.7 19.5 20.0
30 to \$34 35 to \$39 40 to \$49	9.6 9.0 16.3	11.0 11.2 20.4	5.4 2.4 3.6	\$30 to \$34 \$35 to \$39 \$40 to \$49	19.1 15.0 19.0	19.1 15.3	19.0 18.9 11.0
50 or more Not reported	9.0 9.7	11.9	0.2 0.7	\$50 or more Not reported	19.0 11.7 2.0	14.6	2.5 1.7

Table 3.--CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY GROSS RENT, FOR HARRISBURG, PENNSYLVANIA: 1950

		Monthly gross rent								
Condition and plumbing facilities	Total.	\$19 or less	\$20 to \$24	\$25 to \$29	\$30 to \$34	\$35 to \$39	\$40 to \$49	\$50 or more	Not. reported	
Total number renter-occupied substandard dwelling units	3,999	329	419	583	768	598	759	467	81	
Percent of total	1.00,0	8.2	10,5	14.6	19.1	15.0	19.0	11.7	2,0	
Not dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	5.6 64.1	(¹) 0.3 3.0 1.0	0.1 0.5 5.0 0.4	0.8 1.0 8.4 0.6	0.5 1.2 12.8 0.4	0.7 0.9 10.4 0.3	1.1 1.2 14.0 0.2	0.5 0.5 9.0 (¹)	0,1 0,1 1,5 { ¹ }	
 Dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, hot and cold running water With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure 	4.6 0.8 2.3 11.9 3.7	0.2 0.2 1.8 1.6	0.1 (¹) 0.5 2.8 1.0	0.1 0.7 2.5	0.6 0.2 0.4 2.3 0.4	1.0 0.2 0.1 1.3 0.1	1.2 0.1 0.2 0.8 0.1	1.0 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.1	0,1 (¹) (¹) 0,2 0,1	
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	1.0	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.3	0,1	0.1	0,1	0,1	

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

1 Less than 0.05 percent.

Table 3a.--CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, EY GROSS RENT, FOR WHITE HOUSEHOLDS, FOR HARRISBURG, PENNSYLVANIA: 1950

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

					Monthly	ross ren	t		
Condition and plumbing facilities	Total	\$19 or less	\$20 to \$24	\$25 to \$29	\$30 to \$34	\$35 to \$39	\$40 to \$49	\$50 or more	Not reported
Total number renter-occupied									
substandard dwelling units	8,018	207	228	387	577	462	651	442	64
Percent of total	100.0	6.9	7.6	12,8	19.1	15,3	21.6	14.6	2,1
Not dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	8.0 5.1 78.8 3.0	(¹) 0.8 3.2 1.1	0.1 0.3 4.9 0.4	0.1 1.0 8.8 0.6	0.3 1.1 14.5 0.5	0.6 0.6 11.9 0.3	1.1 1.2 16.9 0.2	0.7 0.6 11.7 (¹)	0,1 0,1 1,8 (¹)
Dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, hot and cold running water With private bath and private flush toilet,	4.3	0.2	0.1	0.4	0,6	0.7	1.2	1.1	(1)
no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet	0.4 0.9 6.9	0,1 0,9	(¹) 0.2 1.1	0.1 0.2 1.5	0.1 0.2 1.4	0.1 (¹) 0.9	 0.1 0.7	0.1 (¹) 0.4	(1)
No running water inside structure Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	1.9 . 0.6	1.0 0.1	0.4 (¹)	0.2 (¹)	0.2 0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1 (¹)	(¹) (¹)

¹ Less than 0.05 percent.

Table 3b. -- CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY GROSS RENT, FOR NONWHITE HOUSEHOLDS, FOR HARRISBURG, PENNSYLVANIA: 1950

					Monthly g	ross ren	t		
Condition and plumbing facilities	Total	\$19 or less	\$20 to \$24	\$25 to \$29	\$30 to \$34	\$35 to \$39	\$40 to \$49	49 more 1 108 £5 1.0 2.5 1.1 0.3 5.0 0.1	Not reported
Total number renter-occupied substandard dwelling units	981	. 122	191	196	186	136	108		17
Percent of total	100.0	18.4	19.5	20.0	78.0	18.9	11.0	2.5	1.7
Not dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	8.9 7.0 34.5 2.1	0.5	0.9 0.8 5.2 0.6	0.7 1.2 7.3 0.5	0.8 1.5 7.4 0.8	0.9 1.5 5.7 0.1		0.3	0,6
Dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, hot and cold running water With private bath and private flush toilet; no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	5.2 2.0 6.6 27.4 9.2	0.7 4.5	- 1.2 8.1 8.9	0.4 0.3 2.2 5.7 1.2	0.6 0.6 1.0 5.2 1.1	1.8 0.6 0.3 2.4 0.2	1.4 0.4 0.5 1.1 0.2	0.6	0.2 0.1 0.1 0.5 0.1
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	2.0	0.4	0.4	0,8	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

Table 4.--CHARACTERISTICS OF FAMILIES IN SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY TENURE AND COLOR, FOR HARRISBURG, PENNSYLVANIA: 1950

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

		Total			White	·		Nonwhite	<u>`</u>
Characteristic	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter
Total number of families	4,079	1,045	8,036	3,159	840	2, 319	920	203	717
Percent of total	100.0	25.6	74.4	77.4	80.6	56.8	82,6	5.0	17.6
TYPE OF FAMILY									• • • •
Total	100.0	1,00.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100_0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Primary family Secondary family	97.6 8.4	97.7 2.3	97.6 2.4	98.8 1.2	98.6 1.4	98.9 1.1	93.7 6.S	94.0 5.9	93.6 6.4
NUMBER OF PERSONS IN FAMILY Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100_0	100.0	100.0	100,0
2 persons	\$9.8 25.5 14.5 8.9 4.8 2.9 3.9	34.3 24.9 15.9 10.8 6.0 3.3 4.7	41.7 25.8 14.1 8.2 3.8 2.8 8.6	40.5 27.6 14.2 8.8 3.7 2.2 2.9	34.8 26.0 16.2 12.1 5.2 2.1 3.6	42.6 88.2, 13.5 7.6 8.1 2.2 2.6	37.6 18.4 15.5 9.1 6.5 5.4 7.4	S2.5 20.7 14.8 5.4 9.4 7.9 9.4	89.1 17.7 15.8 10.2 5.7 4.7 6.8
NUMBER OF PERSONS PER ROOM. IN DWELLING UNIT				100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100-0	100.0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	H	<u>+</u>	1	1	1
0.50 or less 0.51 to 0.75 0.76 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 to 2.00 2.01 or more Not reported.	21.4 25.9 31.4 14.1 4.7 2.2 C.8	34.6 29.6 24.8 8.1 2.3 0.2 0.9	16.9 24.7 33.6 16.1 5.6 2.5 0.3	21.7 26.3 32.9 13.1 4.1 1.7 0.3	35.0 30.4 25.1 7.5 1,5 0.2 0.2	16.9 24.8 35.7 15.1 5.0 2.2 0.3	20.3 24.7 26.2 17.5 7.0 3.8 0.5	33.0 26.6 23.6 10.8 5.4 - 0.5	16.7 24.1 26.9 19.4 7.4 4.9 0.6
NUMBER OF MINORS IN FAMILY							100.0	100.0	100-0
Total	100.0	1.00.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
No minors 1 minors 2 minors 3 minors 4 minors 5 minors	42.0 26.7 13.7 8.5 3.8	42.3 23.9 15.1 8.8 4.1	42.0 27.7 13.1 8.4 3.7 2.0	43.1 28.5 13.7 7.6 3.3 1.8	42.5 25.0 15.6 9.4 3.6 1.8	43.3 29.8 13.0 6.9 9.1 1.8	38.4 20.7 13.5 11.6 5.7 3.4	19.2 13.3 6.4 6.4	18.5 19.1 5.4 2.8
5 minors or more	2.1 3.1	8.4 9.4		2.0		2.0	7.0	N) .

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Table 4a.--INCOME IN 1949 OF PRIMARY FAMILIES IN SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY NUMBER OF MINORS, TENURE, AND COLOR, FOR HARMISBURG, PENNSYLVANIA: 1950

Family income by	<u>,</u>	Total			White			Nonwhite	
number of minors	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter
Total number of primary families	3,983	1,019	8 , 964	8,121	828	2,298	862	191	6?]
Percent of total	100.0	25.6	74.4	78.4	20.8	57.6	21.6	4.8	16.8
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(1)	100.0
\$999 or less \$1,000 to \$1,249 \$1,250 to \$1,499	10.3 5.7 3.0	5.5 2.6 2.9	11.9 6.8 3.0	8.0 4.5 2.8	5.6 1.7 2.8	8,9 5,5 2.7	18.3 10.3 3.8	· · ·	22.1 11.8 3.9
\$1,500 to \$1,749 \$1,750 to \$1,999	7.4 4.8	4.7 8.4	8.3 5.3	6.9 4.1	8,4 2,3	7.8 4.8	11.4 7.2		11.8 6.9
\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,749 \$2,750 to \$2,999	10.0 5.8 7.6 5.1	8.5 5.0 8.6 6.0	10.5 6.0 7.3 4.8	9.3 5.3 8.3 5.3	7.3 3.4 9.0 7.8	10.0 5.9 8.0 4.6	12.5 7.6 5.8 4.2		12.8 6.4 4.9 5.4
\$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 or more Not reported	19.1 8.5 5.8 7.0	24.6 10.6 10.3 7.2	17.2 7.8 4.3 6.9	21.8 10.2 7.0 7.1	26.0 11.9 11.9 7.3	20.3 9.6 5.3 7.1	9.1 2.8 1.5		6.4 1.5 1.0 6.4
No minors	41.5	39,6	42.2	42.7	39.0	44.1	6.5 87.2		35,8
<pre>\$999 or less \$1,000 to \$1,249 \$1,250 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,749</pre>	4.8 2.7 1.3 3.2	8,1 1,6 1.7 1.9	5.4 3.1 1.2 3.6	4.4 2.0 1.1 2.8	8.4 1.1 1.7 1.1	4.8 2.3 0.9 8.4	6.1 5.8 1.9 4.6		7.4 5.9 2.0 4.4
\$1,750 to \$1,999 \$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,749	2.4 4.3 2.6 1.6	2.3 4.8 2.3 1.7	8.4 4.1 8.7 1.5	2.1 4.2 2.5 1.8	1.7 4.0 1.7 1.7	2.3 4.3 2.7 1.8	S.4 4.5 S.0 O.8		2.9 9.4 2.5 0.5
\$2,750 to \$2,999 \$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 or more	1.5 6.3 4.0 3.0	1.8 6.0 3.7 4.0	1.4 6.4 4.2 2.6	1.4 7.5 5.0 3.7	2.3 6.2 4.5 4.5	1.1 8.0 5.3 8.4	l.9 l.9 0.4 0.4		2,5 1,0 0,5
Not reported One minor	3.8 27.9	4.8 24.3	8.5 29.2	4.0 29.9	5.1 . 26.0	8.7 31.3	8,0 20,9		2.9 22.1
\$999 or less \$1,000 to \$1,249 \$1,250 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,749 \$1,750 to \$1,749	3.4 1.5 0.6 2.5 1.0	2.5 0.3 1.2 0.5	8.7 2.0 0.8 2.9 1.2	2.9 1.3 0.7 2.3 0.8	2,3 - 1.1 0.6	8.2 1.8 0.9 2.7 0.9	4.9 2.3 0.4 3.0 1.5		5.4 2.5 0.5 3.4 2.0
\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,749 \$2,750 to \$2,999	3.3 1.2 2.4 1.2	1.6 1.2 1.4 0.9	3.8 1.2 2.8 1.3	3.3 1.5 2.8 1.5	1.1 1.1 1.7 1.1	4.1 1.6 3.2 1.6	3.0 0.4 1.1 0.4		2,9 1,5 0,5
\$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 or more Not reported	5.8 2.2 1.5 1.3	8.0 2.2 3.7 0.9	5.1 2.2 0.7 1.8	6.9 2.4 1.9 1.5	9.0 2.3 4.5 1.1	5 6.2 2.5 0.9 1.6	1.9 1.1 0.8		1.5 1.0
Two minors	13.1	17.1	11.8	19.2	17.5	11.6	.12.9		12,3
\$1,000 to \$1,249 \$1,250 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,749 \$1,750 to \$1,999	0.8 0.6 0.5 0.5 0.4	0.5 - 0.3 0.3	1.0 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.5	0.3 0.7 0.5 0.3 0.3	0.6	0.5 0.7 0.7 0.5 0.5	2.3 0.4 0.4 1.1 0.6		2,9 0,5 0,5 1,0 0,5
\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,749 \$2,750 to \$2,999	1.3 0.7 1.4 1.2	1.7 0.3 1.2 2.3	1.2 0.9 1.5 0.9	1.1 0.5 1.5 1.6	1.7 - 1.1 2.8	0.9 0.7 1.6 1.1	1.9 1.5 1.1		2.0 1.5 1.0
\$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 or more Not reported	3.5 1.3 0.4 0.4	6.0 3.1 0,9	2.7 0.7 0.3 0.4	4.0 1.6 0.5	6.2 3.4 1.1	8.2 0.9 0.2 0.2	1.9 0.4 0.4 0.8		1.0 0.5 1.0

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

¹ Percentage distribution is not shown where the number of cases in the sample is less than 100.

Table 4a.--INCOME IN 1949 OF PRIMARY FAMILIES IN SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY NUMBER OF MINORS, TENURE, AND COLOR, FOR HARRISBURG, PENNSYLVANIA: 1950---Con.

Family income by		Total			White			Nonwhite	
number of minors	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter
Three or four minors	11.7	12.3	11.5	10.8	12.4	9.6	16.7		18,1
\$999 or less \$1,000 to \$1,249 \$1,250 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,749 \$1,750 to \$1,999	0.7 0.7 0.4 0.7 0.7	- 0.9 0.8	0.9 0.9 0.8 0.7 0.9	 0.5 0.5 0.3 0.7	- 1.1 0.6	0.7 0.2 0.2 0.9	.3.1 1.1 2.3 0.8		3.9 1.5 2.5 1.0
\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,749 \$2,750 to \$2,999	0.5 0.9 1.2 0.7	0.5 0.8 2.3 0.9	0.5 0.9 0.9 0.7	0.3 0.8 1.4 0.6	0.6 0.6 2.8 1.1	0.2 0.9 0.9 0.5	1.1 1.1 0.8 1.1		1.5 1.0 1.0 1.5
\$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 or more Not reported	2.7 0.7 0.5 1.3	8.4 1.2 0.5 1.1	2,5 0,5 0,5 1,4	2.7 0.8 0.5 1.2	3.4 1.1 0.6 0.6	2,5 0.7 0.5 1.4	2.7 0.4 0.4 1.9	1 1 S	2.5 ~ 0.5 1.5
5 minors or more	5.7	6.7	5.8	3.9	5.1	3.4	12.2		11.8
\$999 or less \$1,000 to \$1,249 \$1,250 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,749 \$1,750 to \$1,999	0.7 0.2 0.2 0.5 0.3	0.3 0.3 0.5 0.3	0.9 0.2 0.2 0.5 0.3	0.3 	0,6	0,5 - - 0,5 0,8	1.9 1.1 1.1 0.4 0.8		2.5 1.0 1.0 0.5 0.5
\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,749 \$2,750 to \$2,999	0.7 0.3 0.9 0.3	0.3 2.0	0.9 0.3 0.6 0.4	0.8 		0.5 0.5 0.2	1.9 1.5 1.5 0.8		2.5 1.5 1.0 1.0
\$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 or more Not reported	0.7 0.2 0.4 0.1	1.2 0.5 1.2	0.5 0.2 0.2 0.2	0.6 0.3 0.5 0.2	1.1 0.6 1.1	0.5 0.2 0.2 0.2	0.8		0.5

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

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Table 5.--RENT AS PERCENT OF INCOME BY FAMILY INCOME IN 1949 OF PRIMARY FAMILIES WITH NO SUBFAMILY OR SECONDARY FAMILY IN RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY PRESENCE OF MINORS AND COLOR, FOR HARRISBURG, PENNSYLVANIA: 1950

		Total.			White		<u> </u>	Nonwhite	
Gross rent as percent of income- by family income	Total	No minors	With minors	Total	No minors	With minors	Total	No minors	With minors
Number of families	2,754	1,214	1,540	2,188	1,000	1,188	566	214	852
		44.1	55.9	79.4	36.3	43.1	20.6	7.8	12,6
Percent of total	100.0			1011					
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(1)	100,0
9 percent or less	11.2	18.9	9.8	12.2	15.2	9.7	7.6		7,5
10 percent to 14 percent 15 percent to 19 percent	20.1 19.2	19.0 18.3	21.0 19.8	21.5 19.6	20.4 18.3	22.5 20.7	14.5 17.4		15,9 16,8
20 percent to 24 percent	18.7	11.7	15.2	13.9	11.5	15.9	12.8		13,1
25 percent to 29 percent	8.6	6.4	10.4	8.1	5.8	10.1	10.5		11,2
30 percent to 34 percent	4.2	6.1	-2.7	4.1	5.8	2.6	4.7		2,8
35 percent or more	13.5	18.9	18.8	11.5	12.6	10.6	21.5		22,4
Not reported	9.5	10,8	8,5	9,1	10.5	7.9	11.0		10.3
\$1,499 or less	20,9	21.4	20.4	17.2	17.8	16.7	34.9	·	92,7
9 percent or less	3.2	3.6	2.9	3.1	8.7	2.6	3.5		5.7
10 percent to 14 percent	-			-			-		-
15 percent to 19 percent 20 percent to 24 percent	0.4 1.3	0.8 1.1	0.6 1.4	0.2	1.0	0.4	1.2		0,9
25 percent to 29 percent	2.2	1.4	2.9	1.0	1.0	1.8	7.0		6,5
30 percent to 34 percent	2.0	8.8	1.4	1.7	2.1	1.3	8.5		1,9
35 percent or more	11.7	12.3	11.8	9,8	11.0	8.8	19.2		19,6
\$1,500 to \$1,999	18,6	14.6	12.9	11.7	13.1	10.6	20.9		20,6
9 percent or less	0,2	0.3	0.2		_	_	1.2		0,9
10 percent to 14 percent	1.1	0.4	1.6	1.2	0.5	1.8	0.6		0,9
15 percent to 19 percent	2.7	3.5	8.1	1.9	2.6	1.3	5.8		4,7
20 percent to 24 percent	3.1	3.1	3.2		2.1	2.0	7.0		6,5
25 percent to 29 percent	8.9	2.9	2.9	8.9	8.1	2.6	2.9		\$,7
30 percent to 34 percent 35 percent or more	1.8 1.8	2.9 1.6	0.9	1.9 1.7	3.1	0.8	1.2 2.3		0,9 2,6
	15.7	15.2	16.2	15.3	15.2	15.4	17.4		18,7
\$2,000 to \$2,499									
9 percent or 7388	0.2	-	0.3	0.2		0.4	-		
10 percent to 14 percent	2.3	2,1	8.5	1.4	1.6	1.3	5.8	ll –	5,5
15 percent to 19 percent 20 percent to 24 percent	6.7	7.0	6.5	6.5	6.8	6.2	7.6		7,5 3,7
25 percent to 29 percent	3.9 2.2	8.6 2.2	4.3	4.1	3.7	4.4 2.6	3.5	1	0,9
30 percent to 34 percent	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.4	_		_
35 percent or more			-	-		-		[-
\$2,500 to \$2,999	11.5	6.1	15.7	12.2	5.8	17.6	8.7		9,3
9 percent or less								1	0,9
10 percent to 14 percent	0.9	1,3	0.6	1.0		0.4			3,7
15 percent to 19 percent	3.6	1.9 1.6	4.9			5.3			2,8
20 percent to 24 percent	2.1	1.3	2.0			3.1			1,9
25 percent to 29 percent	0.8		1.4			1.8		1	-
30 percent to 34 percent	-		-						-
35 percent or more	-	-	-		-	-			•
\$3,000 or over	28.8	21.9	26,4	34.4	37.7	31.7	7.0	-	8,4
9 percent or less	6.8	8.7	5,2	7.9	9.9	6.2	2.3		1.9
10 percent to 14 percent	18.1	14.5	11.9						4.7
15 percent to 19 percent	5.3	6.0	4.6				1		0,9
20 percent to 24 percent	9,2	2.6	3.6	8.8	3.1	4.4			0,9
25 percent to 29 percent	0,6		1.0	0.7	- 1	1.3	-	N .	:
30 percent to 34 percent 35 percent or more	-		-			-	: _		1 .
-									
Not reporting income or rent	9.5	10.8	8,5	9.1	10.5	7.9	11.0	1	10,3

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

¹ Percentage distribution is not shown where the number of cases in the sample is less than 100.

1950 CENSUS OF HOUSING

SPECIAL TABULATIONS FOR LOCAL HOUSING AUTHORITIES

peceniber 12, 1950

Washington 25, D. C.

Series HC+6, No. 133

DECATUR, ILLINOIS: APRIL 1950

This report is based on a transcription and tabulation of data from the 1950 Census of Population and Housing. The statistics relate to dwelling units considered substandard by the Public Housing Administration, in accordance with the contract for these statistics between the Bureau of the Census and the Decatur Housing Authority.

A dwelling unit is considered substandard by the Public Housing Administration if it is either dilapidated or does not have the following plumbing facilities: flush toilet and bath inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use, and hot running water. The Public Housing Administration considers the absence of hot running water to be evidence generally of poor quality of the dwelling unit, but there may be some localities in which the absence of hot running water is not deemed to be a sufficient indication by itself of poor quality. In such localities, a revised count of substandard units may be obtained from table 1 by subtracting from the total the units which lack hot water only. If it is desired to eliminate the units lacking hot water only from the total count of substandard units, the distributions shown in the tables will not be materially affected.

The criteria used to define substandard units in these tabulations are not identical with the housing characteristics included in the published reports from the 1940 Census. Therefore, any comparison of data in this report with the 1940 results must be made with extreme care. A direct comparison cannot be made with the 1940 results because information on hot running water was not collected at that time. Further, the 1940 data on condition were collected showing dwelling units "needing major repairs," whereas in 1950 data on condition were collected showing units as "dilapidated." Because the definitions or these two terms differ significantly, the 1940 count of dwelling units needing major re-46332

pairs and the 1950 count of dilapidated dwelling units are comparable only in a general way.

In addition to the number of substandard units shown in the tables, there were 44 other units for which there was no report on either condition or the presence of one of the plumbing facilities. Had there been complete reporting on these items, some additional units might have been found to be substandard.

The data are presented in the series of attached tables. In table 1 the structural and occupancy characteristics are shown for all substandard dwelling units. Table 2 shows the rent paid for renter-occupied substandard units; table 3 shows the condition and plumbing facilities of these same units. Table 4 shows the characteristics of all families (both primary and secondary) living in the substandard units. Table 4a classifies the primary families by family income. Table 5 classifies primary families with no subfamily or secondary family present, by rent as a percent of family income.

In the contract rent tabulation, dwelling units occupied rent free are tabulated in the "\$9 or less" category. In the gross rent tabulations, however, such units are tabulated as "not reporting," except when utilities were reported.

DEFINITIONS

The definitions used in this special tabulation are generally the same as those used in the 1950 Census of Population and Housing. Some of the more important definitions are given below.

<u>Dwelling unit</u>...-In general, a dwelling unit is a group of rooms or a single room, occupied, or intended for occupancy, as separate living quarters by a family or other group of persons living together or by a person living alone.

<u>Primary family.--A</u> primary family consists of two or more persons including the head of the household and all (one or more) persons in the household who are related to the head by blood, marriage, or adoption. It may include a subfamily consisting of a married couple with or without children, or one parent with one or more children under 18 years of age, living in the household and related to but not including the head of the household or his wife. The subfamily is considered a part of the primary family for all tabulation purposes.

Secondary family.--A secondary family consists of two or more persons, such as a lodger or servant and his relatives, living in a household and related to each other but not related to the household head. The secondary family is considered a separate family for tabulation purposes.

Minor. -- A minor is an unmarried person under 21 years of age other than the head of a family or his wife.

<u>Dilapidation</u>.--A dwelling unit is considered to be dilapidated when it has serious deficiencies, is rundown or neglected, or is of inadequate original construction, so that it does not provide adequate shelter or protection against the elements or it endangers the safety of the occupants.

<u>Plumbing facilities.--The following are the</u> three plumbing facilities tabulated:

1. Flush toilet inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use;

2. Installed bathtub or shower inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use; and

3. Hot and cold running water inside the structure.

<u>Exclusive use.--Equipment</u> is for "exclusive use" if it is used only by the occupants of one dwelling unit.

Shared.---Equipment is "shared" when occupants of two or more units use the same equipment.

Family income.--Family income is the sum of the income received during 1949, by all members of the family. The following items were asked separately for the head of the family and for all other members of the family combined: 1. The amount of money wages or salary

received in 1949;

2. The amount of net money income received from self-employment in 1949; and

3. The amount of other money income received in 1949, such as interest, dividends, veterans' allowances, pensions, or rents.

<u>Gross rent</u>.--Monthly gross rent is contract rent plus the reported average monthly cost of water, electricity, gas, and other fuel paid for by the renter. If furniture is included it the contract rent, the reported estimated rest of the dwelling unit without furniture is used for the computation instead of the contract rent.

SOURCE AND RELIABILITY OF THE DATA

The figures shown in this report are based on the transcribed data for all nonwhite-occupied substandard dwelling units and about one-fifth of the white-occupied substandard units. The transcribed data were supplemented by two types of additional information: (a) An actual count was made of the total number of white-occupied substandard units, even though the housing, family, and income distributions were based on a sample; (b) a special supplementation of the census income data was made for nonwhite families. As part of the 1950 Census, family incore data were obtained from about one-fifth of all families. For these tabulations the income data were supplemented by a subsequent field enumeration of the nonwhite families who were not in the original sample but were living in sutstandard units. Therefore, all data for nonwhite households represent complete counts.

Although some of the figures in the tables are based on the same data as the forthcoming 1950 Census tabulations, they may differ from those to be published as part of the census. The present tables were obtained by tabulating directly the data as transcribed in the field offices of the Census Bureau and the figures, therefore, do not include all of the refinements that result from a careful examination of the sohedules.

In addition, the data are subject to other biases due to errors of response and to nonreporting which cannot be corrected in editing. Factors affecting the accuracy of reporting are the respondent's knowledge of the facts and the ability of the enumerator to obtain accurate information on such items as income, rent, dilapidation and plumbing facilities. The regular 1950 tabulations are also subject to these biases.

Reliability of Estimates for Total and for White Households

Because of sampling variability the figures for total and for white households may differ from the figures that would have been obtained from a complete count. (The numbers of occupied dwelling units, by race of occupant, are complete counts which are not subject to sampling variations.) The reliability estimates which follow give approximate measures of the sampling errors to be expected in the sample data. Reliability of percentages.--The allowance to be made for sampling variation in a percentage depends, in general, both on the value of the percentage and the size of the base on which it is determined. If two percentages are of the same magnitude, the one based on a large number of cases in the sample is, in general, less variable than the one based on a small number of sample cases. Estimates of reliability are shown in the following table for percentages with bases of white occupied dwelling units or white families of the specified types. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the differences due to sampling variability between the percentages obtained from the sample and the percentages which would have been obtained from a complete census would be less than the sampling errors shown below.

	Sampling variability if the base is												
Percentage shown in table	All whiten occupied substandard		e primary fe lard dwellin		All white primary families with no subfamily or secondary family pre- sent, in substandard renter units								
	units	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	No minors	With minors						
0.5 1.0 2.0 3.0 4.0 5.0 10.0 15.0 20.0 25.0 30.0	0.4 0.6 0.9 1.1 1.2 1.7 2.0 2.2 2.4 2.6	0.4 0.6 0.9 1.1 1.2 1.4 1.9 2.3 2.5 2.5 2.7 2.9	0.7 0.9 1.3 1.6 1.8 2.0 2.8 3.3 3.7 4.0 4.2	0.6 0.9 1.2 1.5 1.7 1.9 2.6 3.1 8.5 3.7 4.0	0.6 0.9 1.2 1.5 1.7 1.9 2.6 3.1 3.5 3.8 4.0	0.8 1.2 1.7 2.0 2.3 2.6 3.6 4.8 4.8 4.8 4.8 5.2 5.2	0.9 1.8 1.8 2.2 2.5 2.8 3.8 4.6 5.1 5.5 5.5 5.9						
40.0 50.0	2.7 2.8	3.1 3.2	4.5 4.6	4.2 4.3	4.8 4.4	5.9 6.0	6.3 6.4						

To illustrate, for a figure of 10 percent based on white primary families living in substandard renter dwelling units, the sampling variability is 2.6 percent; the chances are about 19 out of 20 that the percentage obtained by a complete census would have been between 7.4 percent and 12.6 percent.

The sampling variability of a specified percentage of total families or dwelling units with designated characteristics will vary according to the proportion of white families or whiteoccupied dwelling units making up this percentage. For example, consider the sampling variability of a figure of 5 percent based on total primary families. The maximum sampling error to be expected of such a figure would occur when the entire 5 percent includes only white primary families and the chances are about 19 out of 20 that this sampling error would not exceed 1.3 percent. If the entire 5 percent in* cludes only nonwhite families no sampling error would be present. For specific characteristics composed of 5 percent of total primary families the sampling variability may assume any value up to the maximum.

Reliability of absolute figures. -- The approximate sampling variability of the absolute figures for white-occupied units or white families, tables 1 through 5, is shown below. The chances are 19 out of 20 that the differences between the numbers shown in the tables and the numbers that would have been obtained from a complete census would be less than the sampling errors which follow.

Size of absolute figure	Sampling variability ¹	Size of absolute figure	Sampling variability ¹
100	40	1,500	130
200	55	2,000	140
800	65	2,500	145
400	75	3,000	140
500	85	4,000	120
1,000	115	5,000	45

¹ Applies to white families and white-occupied units, tables 1 through 5.

Reliability of differences....The estimates of sampling variability in the above tables are not directly applicable to differences obtained by subtracting one figure from another. The sampling variability in an observed difference between two figures depends on the sampling variability of each of the figures and the correlation between them.

Table 1.--STRUCTURAL AND OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS, CONDITION, AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNIT: BY TENURE AND COLOR OF OCCUPANTS, FOR DECATUR, ILLINOIS: 1950

(A substandard dwelling unit is defined by the Public Housing Administration as a unit which is either dilapidated or does but have all of the following plumbing facilities: flush toilet and bath inside the structure for the unit's exclusive LNP, and but were tracked as a structure of the structure of the unit's exclusive LNP. and hot running water)

<u></u>		Total			White			Nonwhite	
Characteristic	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	heater
		1							The Contractor of the Contract
Total number occupied substandard dwelling units	5,679	2,483	3,196	5,124	2,160	2,964	555	323	222
Percent of total	1.00.0	43.7	56.3	90.2	38.0	52.2	9.8	5.7	4.1
NUMBER OF ROOMS					100.0	300.0	100.0		
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	100,0 15,7	100.0	100.0	100,)
l room2 rooms	9.7 20.6	1.9 3.2	15.7 34.1	10.0	2.1 3.4	34.8	11.4	0.6	15,) 25,0
3 rooms	20.1	13.6 37.5	25.2 14.8	21.0 24.3	14.5	25.8 14.1	11.9 28.5	8.0 31.9	17,1 23,7
5 rooms	14.8	25.8	6.2	14.2	25.7	5.9	19.8	26.3	10,9
5 rooms	5.9 1.8	10.4 3.9	2.5 0.2	5.4 1.6	9.7 3.4	2.3 0.2	10.5 4.3	15,2 7,1	3,9 0,4
8 rooms or more	1.0	2.4	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$	0,9	2.1	-	3,1	5.0	3,4
Not reported	1,3	, 1.2	1,3	1,0	0.7	1,2	4.0	4,3	3,4
CONDITION									
Total	100.0	1.00.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	167.0
Not dilapidated Dilapidated	84.3 14.2	86.5 12.3	82.7 15.6	87.3 11.4	90.3 9.0	85.1 13.2	56.9 39.5	60.7 35.0	51,7 43,7
Not reported	1.5	1.2	1.7	1.3	0.7	1.7	3.6	4.3	2,5
WATER SUPPLY									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0
Hot and cold piped running water inside structure	46.2	28.0	60.4	48.9	29.7	63.0	21.3	16.7	27.5
Only cold piped running water inside structure No piped running water inside structure	39.7 13.8	52.3 19.4	29.9 9.5	38.2 12.7	50.8 19.3	29.0 7.9	54.1 24.1	62.5 19.8	42.2 30,2
Not reported	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.5	0,9	•
TOILET FACILITIES						[
Total	1.00.0	1.00.0	1.00.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Flush toilet inside structure, exclusive use	29.5	43.7	18.4	29.0	43.9	18,1	34.4	43.3	22,0
Flush toilet inside structure, shared Other toilet facilities (including privy)	42.8 26.9	16.8 38.4	63.1 18.0	45.4 24.9	18.4 36.8	65.2 16.2	18.7 45.8	6.2 49.2	36.2 40,9
Not reported	0.7	1.0	0.5	0.7	0.9	0.5	1.1	1.2	0.7
BATHING FACILITIES									I
• Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100 0	100.0	100.0	303 6 I
Installed bathtub or shower inside structure,	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	1000
exclusive use Installed bathtub or shower inside structure,	12.6	18.4	8.0	12.7	19.1	8.0	11.5	14.2	7.3
shared Other or none	40.6	17.1	58.9	43.7	18.9	61.8	12.3	5.3	22.0
Not reported	45.4	62.5 2.0	32.1 0.9	42.3 1.3	60.2 1.8	29.3	73.7	77.7	68.1 2.2
NUMBER OF PERSONS									
Total	100.0	1.00.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	1.00.0	100.0	100.0	100.9
l person	18.8	10.0	25.5	19.1	10.3	25.5	15.7	8.0	26.J
2 persons 3 persons	34.5	29.2	38.6	35.4	29.7	39.5	26.3	26.3	26,3
4 persons	18.6 14.1	20.4 18.7	17.3 10.6	19.0 14.1	21.1 19.3	17.4	15.5 14.1	15.5 14.9	15.5
5 persons 6 persons	6.9	9.8	4.8	6.9	10.1	4.5	7.6	7.4	7.1
7 persons	3.0 1.6	4.7	1.7	2.6 1.4	4.1 2.3	1,5	7.0	8.7	2.2
8 persons 9 persons or more	0.8 1.5	1.4 3.0	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.3	4,0	6.2	0.9 3.4
NUMBER OF LODGERS	ر ه ـ	0.0	0.4	1,1	2.3	0.2	5.9	7.7	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	1.00.0	100.0	100,0	100.0
None 1 or more lodgers	93,4 6,6	90.9 9.1	95.4	94.6	92.9	95.8	82.9	78.0	89.7 10,3
¹ Less than 0.05 percent.	0. 0	24T	4.6	5.4	7.1	4.2	17.1	22.0	Alea A

Table 1.--STRUCTURAL AND OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS, CONDITION, AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY TENURE AND COLOR OF OCCUPANTS, FOR DECATUR, ILLINOIS: 1950--Con.

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(A substandard dwelling unit is defined by the Public Housing Administration as a unit which is either dilapidated or does not have all of the following plumbing facilities: flush toilet and bath inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use, and hot running water)

Characteristic		Total			White		N	onwhite	
	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter
CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES					di s				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Not dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside the structure	7.7 15.7 49.6 10.2	12.8 23.8 32.1 16.4	3.'8 9.4 63.2 5.3	7.9 15.7 52.3 10.3	13.6 24.4 33.6 17.5	3.9 9.4 66.0 5.0	5.8 15.9 24.9 9.5	8.0 20.1 22.6 9.6	2.6 9.9 28.0 9.5
Dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, hot and cold running water	2.0	1 2.1	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	3.1	4.0	1.7
No hot running water	1.0 2.2 5.2 3.5	1.2 2.5 3.3 2.8	0.8 2.0 6.7 4.0	0.9 1.8 4.3 2.4	1.1 1.8 2.1 1.8	0.7 1.8 5.9 2.8	2.0 5.9 13.7 13.7	1.9 7.1 11.5 9.6	2.2 4.3 16.8 19.4
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	2.8	2.7	2.9	2.5	2.3	2.7	5,6	5,6	5.6
CONDITION BY NUMBER OF PLUMBING FACILITIES					i.				1
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	1.00.0	1.00.0	1.00.0	100.0
Not dilapidated: Lacking 1 facility Lacking 2 facilities Lacking 3 facilities	14.2 44.8 24.3	21.3 32.9 31.1	8.8 54.0 19.0	14.7 47.2 24.3	22.5 34.7 31.7	9.0 56.3 18.9	9.7 22.5 23.8	13.0 20.4 26.9	5.2 25.4 19.4
Dilapidated: With all facilities Lacking 1 facility Lacking 2 facilities Lacking 3 facilities	2.0 1.8 3.2 7.0	2.1 1.8 2.6 5.6	1.8 1.8 3.6 8.1	1.8 1.6 2.7 5.0		1.8 1.7 3.4 6.2	3.1 2.9 7,4 25.0	4.0 2.8 7.4 19.8	1.7 3.0 7.3 32.3
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	2.8	2.7	2.9	2.5	2.3	2.7	5,6	5.6	5.6
NUMBER OF DWELLING UNITS IN STRUCTURE			· · ·						
Tota1	100.0	1.00.0	100.0	100.0		100.0	·····	100.0	100.0
1 dwelling unit 2 to 4 dwelling units 5 or more dwelling units	46.9 37.2 15.9	77.8 21.2 1.0	22,9 49.6 27.5	44.6 38.3 17.2			68.1 27.0 4.9	87.3 12.4 0.3	41.4 47.4 11.2

Table 2.--CONTRACT AND GROSS RENT OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY COLOR OF OCCUPANTS, FOR DECATUR, ILLINOIS: 1950

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

Monthly rent	Total	White	Nonwhite	Monthly rent	Total	White	Nonwhite
Total number renter-occupied substandard dwelling units	3,196	2,964	232	FURNITURE IN RENT	100.0	100.0	100.0
Percent of total	100.0	92.7	7.3	Furniture included in contract rent	38.2	39.9	1.7.7
MONTHLY CONTRACT RENT				Furniture not included in contract rent Not reported	55.7 6.1	54.9 5.2	65.1 17.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	MONTHLY GROSS RENT			
\$9 or less	3.9	3.5	9.1	Total	100.0	1.00.0	100.0
\$10 to \$14	6.0	5.4	14.2	\$9 or less	0.8	0.8	0.9
\$15 to \$19	11.0	10.6	16.8	\$10 to \$14	3.5	3.5 6.5	3.9 7.8
\$20 to \$24 \$25 to \$29	12.4 9.9	12.1	17.2		11.3	10.7	18.5
φε, υμ φε,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	2.2		14.6	\$25 to \$29	16.0	15.9	17.2
\$30 to \$34	12.4	12.2	14.2	\$30 to \$34	11.7	11.7	11.2
\$35 to \$39	11.2	11.6	6.5	\$35 to \$39	15.3	15.4	14.2
\$40 to \$49	18.7		6.9		16.2	16.4	14.2
50 or more	13.5	14.6			14.5		7.3
Not reported	1.0	1.0	0.4	Not reported	3.9	3.7	1

Table 3.--CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY GROSS RENT, FOR DECATUR, ILLINOIS: 1950

		<u> </u>			Monthly g	gross ren	t.		
Condition and plumbing facilities	Total	\$19 or less	\$20 to \$24	\$25 to \$29	\$30 to \$34	\$35 to \$39	\$40 to \$49	\$50 or more	Not reported
Total number renter-occupied substandard dwelling units	3,196	352	361	512	373	490	519	463	126
Percent of total	100.0	11.0	11.3	16.0	11.7	15.3	16.2	14.5	3,9
Not dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	3.8 9.4 63.2 5.3	0.2 0.3 6.3 0.8	1.0 6.9 0.9	0.5 1.9 9.1 1.3	1.0 0.9 7.7 0.3	0.3 1.6 9.9 1.0	0.8 1.3 12.5 0.2	0.8 2.3 9.7 0.2	0.2
Dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, hot and cold running water With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet	1.8 0.8 2.0 6.7	- - 1,6	(¹) - 0.5 0.4	(¹) 0.5 0.1 1.7	0.3 0.2 0.3 0.6	0.5 (¹) 0.8 1.0	0.3 - 0.2 0.4	0.3	0,3
No running water inside structure	4.0	1.2	1.3	0.6	0.2	0.1	(¹)	-	0,6
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	2.9	0.6	0.2	0.2	0.2	(1)	0.7	0.6	0,3

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

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¹ Less than 0.05 percent.

Table 3a.--CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY GROSS MENT, FOR WHITE HOUSEHOLDS, FOR DECATUR, ILLINOIS: 1950

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

					Monthly	gross ren	t		
Condition and plumbing facilities	Total	\$19 or less	\$20 % \$24	\$25 to \$29	\$30 to \$34	\$35 to \$39	\$40 to \$49	\$50 or more	Not reported
Total number renter-occupied substandard dwelling units	2,964	323	318	472	347	457	486	452	109
Percent of total	100.0	10,9	10.7	15.9	11.7	15.4	16.4	15.2	3.7
Not dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	3.9 9.4 66.0 5.0	0.2 0.3 6.5 0.8	1.0 7.2 0.8	0.5 2.0 9.5 1.2	1.0 0.8 8.0 0.2	0.3 1.7 10.2 1.0	0.8 1.2 12.9 0.2	0.8 2.3 10.4 0.2	0.2 1,2 0.8
 Dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, hot and cold running water With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure 	1.8 0.7 1.8 5.9 2.8	- 1.7 0.8	- 0.3 0.3 0.8	- 0.5	0.3 0.2 0.3 0.5 0.2	0.5 0.8 0.8	0.3	0.3	0.3
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities.	2.7	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.2	-	0.7	0.7	0,3

Table 3b.--CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY GROSS RENT, FOR NONWHITE HOUSEHOLDS, FOR DECATUR, ILLINCIS: 1950

			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		Monthly g	ross ren	5	
Condition and plumbing facilities	Total	\$19 or less	\$20 to \$24	\$25 to \$29	\$30 to \$34	\$35 to \$39	\$40 to \$49	\$50 or more
Total number renter-occupied substandard dwelling units	232	29	43	40	26	33	33	11
Percent of total	100.0	12.5	18.5	17.2	11.2	14.2	14.2	4.7
Not dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	2.6 9.9 28.0 9.5	0.4 0.4 3.4 0.4	1.3 3.0 2.2	0.4 0.9 3.4 3.0	0.4 1.7 3.0 2.2	1.3 5.6 0.9	0.9 2.6 6.9 -	0.4 1.7 1.3
Miapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, hot and cold running water With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot`running water With private flush toilet, no private bath Mith running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	1.7 2.2 4.3 16.8 19.4	- - 0.9 5.6	0.4 2.2 1.7 6.9	0.4 0.9 1.3 3.9 1.7	- 0.4 - 1.3 1,3	0.4 0.9 0.4 3.0 1.3	- 3.0 0.4	0.4 - 0.9
fot reporting condition or plumbing facilities	5.6	1.3	0.9	1.3	0.9	0.4	0.4	

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dvelling unit)

Table 4.---CHARACTERISTICS OF FAMILIES IN SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY TENURE AND COLOR, FOR DECATUR, ILLINOIS: 1950

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

		Total			White			Nonwhite	
Characteristic	Total.	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter
Total number of families	4,482	2,163	2,319	4,017	1,867	2,150	465	' 296	
Percent of total	100.0	48.3	51.7	89.6	41.7	48.0	10.4	6.6	
TYPE OF FAMILY									
Total	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	<u> </u>
imary fàmily condary family	98.6 1.4	98.5 1.5	98.8 1.2	99.1 0.9	99.5 0.5	98.8 1.2	94.4 5.6	92.6 7.4	
NUMBER OF PERSONS IN FAMILY						100.0	100.0	100.0) 1
Total	100.0	1.00.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0			
persons persons persons persons persons persons persons	43.3 24.2 16.6 7.9 3.6 1.8 2.6	33.8 24.4 19.4 10.3 5.1 2.8 4.1	52.2 23.9 14.0 5.7 2.1 0.9 1.1	44.1 24.5 16.9 7.9 3.3 1.6 1.6	33.5 25.0 20.5 10.9 5.1 2.4 2.7	53.3 24.0 13.9 5.3 1.8 0.9 0.7	36.6 21.5 13.5 8.2 5.6 3.9 10.8	35.8 20.6 12.5 6.4 5.7 5.4 13.5	
NUMBER OF PERSONS PER ROOM IN DWELLING UNIT							100.0	100.0	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		-
50 or less	18,2 22.8 32.0 14.9 8.3 2.6 1.2	27.4 25.6 25.0 14.3 4.9 1.3 1.4	9.6 20.1 38.4 15.5 11.5 3.7 1.1	18.2 23.1 33.0 14.5 8.0 2.3 0.9	27.9 26.6 25.5 13.6 4.5 1.1 0.8	9.7 20.1 39.5 15.2 11.1 3.5 0.9	18.5 19.8 23.0 19.1 11.0 4.3 4.3	24.0 19.6 22.0 19.3 7.4 2.7 5.1	
NUMBER OF MINORS IN FAMILY] · · ·							1 100 0	1.1
Total	1.00.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	+
o minors minors minors minors minors minors minors	46.0 25.0 15.6 7.3 2.5 2.1	40.7 24.4 17.6 7.9 4.0 2.8 2.6	50.9 25.5 13.8 6.6 1.0 1.5 0.8	46.5 25.5 15.8 7.3 2.2 1.7 1.0	40.2 25.0 18.6 8.5 4.0 2.1 1.6	52.0 25.9 13.4 6.2 0.7 1.4 0.5	41.5 20.6 13.8 6.9 4.5 5.4 7.3	43.9 20.6 11.1 4.4 4.1 7.1 8.8	

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Table 4a.--INCOME IN 1949 OF PRIMARY FAMILIES IN SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY NUMBER OF MINORS, TENURE, AND COLOR, FOR DECATUR, ILLINOIS: 1950

Family income by		Total	9		White			Nonwhite	
number of minors	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter
Total number of primary families	4,421	2,131	2,290	3,982	1,857	2,125	439	274	165
Percent of total	100.0	48,2	51.8	90.1	42.0	48.1	<u>5°ð</u>	6.2	3.7
Total	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	1.00.0	100,0
\$999 or less \$1,000 to \$1,249 \$1,250 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,749 \$1,700 to \$1,999	14.3 3.9 3.2 3.2 4.5	12.6 2.9 2.1 2.7 4.2	15,9 4.8 4.2 3.6 4.8	13.8 3.6 3.1 2.9 4.4	12.3 2.7 1.9 2.1 4.0	15.2 4.4 4.2 3.5 4.7	18°7 6°4 3°5 2°5	15.0 4.4 3.6 6.6 5.8	24.8 9.7 4.2 4.8
\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,749 \$2,750 to \$2,999	8.9 5.9 7.9 5.3	6.6 5.6 7.8 5.1	11.0 6.2 8.1 5.4	8.9 5.6 8.0 5.0	6.1 5.1 7.8 4.5	11.2 6.1 8.2 5.4	9,3 8,9 7,5 7,7	9.9 9.1 8.0 8.8	6.7 8.5 8.5 6.7 6.1
\$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4, 999 \$5,000 or more Not reported	21.1 10.3 6.4 5.0	24.8 11.7 8.8 5.0	17.7 9.0 4.2 5.0	22.1 11.2 7.0 4.5	26.2 13.1 9.9 4.3	18.5 9.6 4.4 4.7	12.5 2.1 0.9 10.0	15.3 2.2 1.1 10.2	7.9 1.8 0.6 9.7
No minors \$999 or less	<u>46_0</u> 9,5	40 <u>.6</u> 8.9	51.0	<u>46.5</u> 9.5	40.1	52.1	41.7	44.2	37.6
\$1,000 to \$1,249 \$1,250 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,749 \$1,750 to \$1,999	1.8 1.6 1.6 2.0	1.7 1.2 1.2 1.9	10.0 1.9 2.1 1.9 2.1	1.9 1.6 1.4 2.0	8.8 1.9 1.1 0.8 1.9	10.0 1.9 2.1 1.9 2.1	9.3 1.1 1.8 3.2 2.3	9.5 0.4 1.8 4.0 2.2	9,1 2,4 1,8 1,\$ 2,4
<pre>\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,749 \$2,750 to \$2,999</pre>	4.5 2.4 3.1 1.6	3.2 2.3 2.7 0.9	5.6 2.4 3.5 2.3	4.5 2.2 3.1 1.5	2.9 2.1 2.7 0.5	5.8 2.3 3.5 2.3	4.1 3.6 3.2 3.0	5.1 3.6 2.9 3.6	2,4 3.6 3.6 1.8
\$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 or more Not reported	8.2 4.6 2.9 2.3	6.9 3.8 3.5 2.4	9.4 5.3 2.4 2.2	8.5 5.0 3.2 2.1	7.0 4.3 4.0 2.1	9.8 5.6 2.6 2.1	5.5 0.7 3.9	6.6 0.4 - 4.0	3.6 1.2 3.6
One minor	24.7	24.0	25,3	25.3	24,9	25.7	19,1	18.2	20.6
\$999 or less \$1,000 to \$1,249 \$1,250 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,749 \$1,750 to \$1,999	2.5 0.9 1.0 1.1 0.8	3.0 C.6 0.7 0.7 0.6	2,1 1,2 1,3 1,4 1,0	2.4 0.9 1.1 1.1 0.7	2.9 0.5 0.8 0.8 0.5	1.9 1.2 1.4 1.4 0.9	4.1 1.1 0.2 0.7 0.9	3.3 0.7 	5,5 1,8 0,6 1,2 1,2
\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,749 \$2,750 to \$2,999	2.4 1.4 2.0 1.7	1.9 0.8 2.1 1.8	2.8 2.0 2.0 1.7	2.4 1.5 2.1 1.6	1.9 0.8 2.1 1.6	2.8 2.1 2.1 1.6	2.3 0.9 1.4 2.7	2.2 0.7 1.5 2.9	2.4 1.2 1.2 2.4
\$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 or more Not reported	5.3 2.7 1.6 1.3	6.2 3.0 1.7 1.1	4.4 2.4 1.5 1.4	5.6 3.0 1.7 1.1	6.7 3.5 1.9 0.8	4.7 2.6 1.6 1.4	2.1 0.2 2.5	2.6 - 0.4 2.9	1,2 1,8
Two minors	15.6	17.8	13.6	1.5.8	18.7	13,3	13.7	11.3	17.6
(3099 ox less \$1,000 to \$1,249 \$1,250 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,749 \$1,750 to \$1,999	1.1 0.6 0.4 0.2 1.1	0.4 0.4 (1) 0.1 0.8	1.7 0.8 0.7 0.2 1.3	0.9 0.5 0.4 0.1 1.1	0.3 0.3 - 0.8	1.4 0.7 0.2 1.4	2.7 1.6 0.5 0.7 0.5	1.5 1.1 0.4 1.1 0.7	4.8 2.4 0.6
\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,749 \$2,770 to \$2,999	1.2 1.1 1.6 1.0	0.9 0.8 1.9 1.6	1.5 1.5 1.4 0.5	1.2 1.1 1.7 1.0	1.1 0.8 2.1 1.6	1.4 1.4 1.4 0.5	0.9 1.4 0.5 1.1	0.7	2,4 2,4 1,2 0,5
\$3,0GD to \$3,999 \$4,0GG to \$4,999 \$5,0GD or more Not reported	4.2 1.6 0.8 0.7	6.0 2.5 1.7 0.7	2,5 0,9 - 0,8	4.5 1.7 0.9 0.6	6.7 2.7 1.9 0.5	2.6 0.9 - 0.7	1.4 0.7 0.2 1.6	1.5 1.1 0.4 1.5	1.2 - 1.8

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

¹ Loss than 0.05 percent.

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Table 4a.--INCOME IN 1949 OF PRIMARY FAMILIES IN SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY NUMBER OF MINORS, TENURE, AND COLOR, FOR DECATUR, ILLINOIS: 1950--Con.

Family income by		Total.		· ·	White			Nonwhite	
number of minors	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter
Three or four minors	9.8	12.1	7.7	9.6	12.6	7.0	12.1	9.1	17.0
99 or less	1.2 0.5 (¹) 0.2 0.6	0.3 0.1 0.3 0.8	2.0 0.8 0.1 0.1 0.4	1.L 0.4 - 0.1 0.5	0.3 - 0.3 0.8	1.9 0.7 - 0.2	1.8 1.4 0.5 0.9 1.6	0.7 0.7 0.4 1.1	3.6 2.4 1.2 1.8 2.4
,000 to \$2,249 ,250 to \$2,499 ,500 to \$2,749 ,750 to \$2,999	0.1 0.6 1.0 0.7	- 1.2 0.9 0.7	0.3 0.1 1.1 0.7	0.1 0.5 1.0 0.7	1.1 0.8 0.8	0.2 1.2 0.7	0.2 1.6 1.1 0.5	1.8 1.5 0.4	0.6 1.2 0.6 0.6
,000 to \$3,999 ,000 to \$4,999 ,000 or more t reported	2.5 0.9 0.9 0.5	4.0 1.7 1.6 0.5	1.2 0.3 0.2 0.5	2.6 1.0 1.0 0.5	4.3 1.9 1.9 0.5	1.2 0.2 0.2 0.5	1.6 0.5 0.5	1.8 0.4 0.4	1.2 0.6
5 minors or more	3,8	5.5	2.3	2.7	3.7	1.9	13,4	17.2	7.3
99 or less ,000 to \$1,249 ,250 to \$1,499 ,500 to \$1,749 ,750 to \$1,999	0.1 0.1 0.2 0.1	0.2 0.2 0.3 0.1	0.1 (¹) (¹)	0.1	0,3	1111	0.7 1.1 0.9 0.5 0.9	- 1.5 1.5 0.7 1.1	1.8 0.6 - - 0.6
,000 to \$2,249 ,250 to \$2,499 ,500 to \$2,749 ,750 to \$2,999	0.7 0.4 0.1 0.2	0.6 0.5 0.3 (¹)	0.9 0.2 0.3	0.6 0.2 0.1	0.3 0.3 -	0.9 0.2 0.2	1.8 1.4 1.4 0.5	2.6 2.2 2.2 0.4	0.6
,000 to \$3,999 ,000 to \$4,999 ,000 cr more t reported	1.0 0.5 0.2 0.3	1.8 0.7 0.3 0.4	0.3 0.2 (¹) 0.1	0.9 0.5 0.1 0.1	1.6 0.8 0.3 0.3	0.2 0.2	2.1 0.2 0.5 1.6	2.9 0.4 0.4 1.5	0.6

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

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Table 5.--RENT AS PERCENT OF INCOME BY FAMILY INCOME IN 1949 OF PRIMARY FAMILIES WITH NO SUBFAMILY OR SECONDARY FAMILY IN RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY PRESENCE OF MINORS AND COLOR, FOR DECATUR, ILLINOIS: 1950

Total White Nonwhite Gross rent as percent of income by family income No With No With No With Total Total Total minors minors minors minors minors minors 150 2,230 1,063 2,080 973 60 1,167 1,107 90 Number of families..... 100.0 52.3 47.7 93,3 43.6 6.7 Percent of total..... 49.6 2.7 4.0 100.0 Total..... 100.0 100.0 1.00.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 (1) (1)9 percent or less..... 13.4 7.3 19.1 7.2 13.8 19.7 7.1 10 percent to 14 percent..... 17.1 17.0 20.7 24.6 21.2 26.0 12.7 15 percent to 19 percent..... 14.7 19,9 17.2 20.0 16.9 14.3 21.3 20 percent to 24 percent..... 12.4 10.9 9.3 11.0 12.6 9.2 10.0 25 percent to 29 percent 9.0 7.2 11.0 9.1 7.2 11.2 8.7 30 percent to 34 percent..... 5.0 6.1 3.7 4.8 6.3 3.1 8.0 35 percent or more..... 15.4 15.8 14.9 15.0 14.3 15.7 20.0 Not reported..... 8.4 7.5 9.3 8.1 7.2 9.2 12.0 \$1,499 or less..... 23.7 25.5 21,6 22.7 25.1 12.9 37.3 9 percent or less..... 2.0 (²) 2.3 1.9 1.6 2.2 1.5 2.7 10 percent to 14 percent..... 15 percent to 19 percent..... 10 0.7 2.7 2.0 0.1 2.4 1.5 0.7 0.9 1.4 1.4 0.4 0.9 2.6 2.0 20 percent to 24 percent..... 25 percent to 29 percent 2.8 2.8 2.8 2.6 2.7 5.3 2.6 30 percent to 34 percent..... 2.5 3.9 1.0 2.4 4.0 0.5 4.7 35 percent or more..... 13.3 15.0 11,5 12.9 14.8 10.7 19.3 \$1 500 to \$1,999..... 8.1 7.4 8,9 7.9 7.2 8.7 11.3 9 percent or less..... 10 percent to 14 percent..... 15 percent to 19 percent..... 1.0 1.8 0.1 3.3 1.0 1.8 1.3 2.4 1.5 2,1 1.3 3.1 5.3 20 percent to 24 percent..... 1.6 2.2 0.9 1.7 2.2 1.0 0.7 25 percent to 29 percent..... 1.7 1.7 1.4 2.0 1.3 2.0 2.0 30 percent to 34 percent..... 0.3 0.7 0.2 0.5 1.3 35 percent or more..... 1.2 0.4 2.0 0.4 1.2 2.0 0.7 \$2,000 to \$2,499..... 16.4 15.7 17.3 16.5 15.7 17.3 16.0 9 percent or less..... 0.7 1.3 0.1 0.7 1.3 0.7 10 percent to 14 percent..... 3.6 2.8 4.5 3.6 2.7 4.6 4.0 15 percent to 19 percent..... 3.8 3.4 4.3 3.8 3.6 4.1 4.0 20 percent to 24 percent..... 3.7 3.4 3.9 3.6 3.1 4.7 4.1 25 percent to 29 percent..... 2.3 2.6 2.1 2.4 2.7 2.0 1,3 30 percent to 34 percent..... 35 percent or more..... 1.9 1.8 2.0 1,9 1.8 2.0 1.3 0.4 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.4 0.5 \$2,500 to \$2,999..... 13,1 10.5 16.1 13.1 10.3 16.3 13.3 9 percent or less..... 1.1 1.4 1.0 0.8 1.3 0.5 3,3 10 percent to 14 percent..... 15 percent to 19 percent..... 3.5 2.4 4.8 3.6 2.2 5.1 2.7 4.1 3.7 4.5 4.1 3.6 4.6 20 percent to 24 percent..... 1.9 2.6 1.2 1.9 25 percent to 29 percent..... 2.7 1.0 2.0 $\binom{2.2}{\binom{2}{2}}$ 0.4 4.2 2.4 0.4 4.6 30 percent to 34 percent..... 0.1 0.7 35 percent or more..... ----0.2 , **---**0.5 0.2 0.5 \$3,000 or over..... 30.3 33,4 26.8 31.7 34.5 28.6 10,0 9 percent or less..... 9,6 14,1 4.7 10.3 14.8 5.1 0.7 10 percent to 14 percent..... 12.5 10.1 15,1 13,1 10.3 16.3 4.0 15 percent to 19 percent..... 5,5 5.4 5.4 5.5 5.4 5.6 4.7 20 percent to 24 percent 2.3 3.4 1.0 2.4 3.6 1.0 0.7 25 percent to 29 percent..... 30 percent to 34 percent..... 0.2 0.4 0.2 0.4 35 percent or more..... 0.2 0.5 0.2 0.5 Not reporting income or rent 8.4 7.5 9.3 8.1 7.2 9.2 12.0

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

¹ Percentage distribution is not shown when the number of cases is less than 100.

² Less than 0.05 percent.

1950 CENSUS OF HOUSING

SPECIAL TABULATIONS FOR LOCAL HOUSING AUTHORITIES

December 12, 1950

Washington 25, D. C.

Series HC=6, No. 134

MCKEESPORT, PENNSYLVANIA: APRIL 1950

This report is based on a transcription and tabulation of data from the 1950 Census of Population and Housing. The statistics relate to dwelling units considered substandard by the Public Housing Administration, in accordance with the contract for these statistics between the Bureau of the Census and the Housing Authority of the City of McKeesport.

A dwelling unit is considered substandard by the Public Housing Administration if it is either dilapidated or does not have the following plumbing facilities: flush toilet and bath inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use, and hot running water. . The Public Housing Administration considers the absence of hot running water to be evidence generally of poor quality of the dwelling unit, but there may be some localities in which the absence of hot running water is not deemed to be a sufficient indication by itself of poor quality. In such localities, a revised count of substandard units may be obtained from table 1 by subtracting from the total the units which lack hot water only. If it is desired to eliminate the units lacking hot water only from the total count of substandard units, the distributions shown in the tables will not be materially affected.

The criteria used to define substandard units in these tabulations are not identical with the housing -characteristics included in the published reports from the 1940 Census. Therefore, any comparison of data in this report with the 1940 results must be made with extreme care. A direct comparison cannot be made with the 1940 results because information on hot running water was not collected at that time. Further, the 1940 data on condition were collected showing dwelling units "needing major repairs," whereas in 1950 data on condition were collected showing units as "dilapidated." Because the definitions of these two terms differ significantly, the 1940 count of dwelling units needing major re-46334

pairs and the 1950 count of dilapidated dwelling units are comparable only in a general way.

In addition to the number of substandard units shown in the tables, there were 34 other units for which there was no report on either condition or the presence of one of the plumbing facilities. Had there been complete reporting on these items, some additional units might have been found to be substandard.

The data are presented in the series of attached tables. In table 1 the structural and occupancy characteristics are shown for all substandard dwelling units. Table 2 shows the rent paid for renter-occupied substandard units; table 3 shows the condition and plumbing facilities of these same units. Table 4 shows the characteristics of all families (both primary and secondary) living in the substandard units. Table 4a classifies the primary families by family income. Table 5 classifies primary families with no subfamily or secondary family present, by rent as a percent of family income.

In the contract rent tabulation, dwelling units occupied rent free are tabulated in the "\$9 or less" category. In the gross rent tabulations, however, such units are tabulated as "not reporting," except when utilities were reported.

DEFINITIONS

The definitions used in this special tabulation are generally the same as those used in the 1950 Census of Population and Housing. Some of the more important definitions are given below.

<u>Dwelling unit.---In general</u>, a dwelling unit is a group of rooms or a single room, occupied, or intended for occupancy, as separate living quarters by a family or other group of persons living together or by a person living alone.

<u>Primary family</u>.--A primary family consists of two or more persons including the head of the households and all (one or more) persons in the household who are related to the head by blood, marriage, or adoption. It may include a subfamily consisting of a married couple with or without children, or one parent with one or more children under 18 years of age, living in the household and related to but not including the head of the household or his wife. The subfamily is considered a part of the primary family for all tabulation purposes.

Secondary family.--A secondary family consists of two or more persons, such as a lodger or servant and his relatives, living in a household and related to each other but not related to the household head. The secondary family is considered a separate family for tabulation purposes.

Minor.--A minor is an unmarried person under 21 years of age other than the head of a family or his wife.

Dilapidation.--A dwelling unit is considered to be dilapidated when it has serious deficiencies, is rundown or neglected, or is of inadequate original construction, so that it does not provide adequate shelter or protection against the elements or it endangers the safety of the occupants.

Plumbing facilities.--The following are the three plumbing facilities tabulated:

1. Flush toilet inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use;

2. Installed bathtub or shower inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use; and

3. Hot and cold running water inside the structure.

Exclusive use, -- Equipment is for "exclusive use" if it is used only by the occupants of one dwelling unit.

<u>Shared</u>.~-Equipment is "shared" when occupants of two or more units use the same equipment.

Family income.--Family income is the sum of the income received during 1949, by all members of the family. The following items were asked separately for the head of the family and for all other members of the family combined: 1. The amount of money wages or salary received in 1949;

2. The amount of net money income received from self-employment in 1949; and 3. The amount of other money income received in 1949, such as interest, dividends, veterans' allowances, pensions, or rents.

<u>Gross rent</u>.--Monthly gross rent is contrast rent plus the reported average monthly cost of water, electricity, gas, and other fuel paid for by the renter. If furniture is included in the contract rent, the reported estimated rent of the dwelling unit without furniture is used for the computation instead of the contract rent.

SOURCE AND RELIABILITY OF THE DATA

The data in tables 1 through 4 are based of complete counts, including all dwelling units and families with the specified characteristics, The distributions involving income in tables 4 and 5, however, were prepared from data collected on a sample basis. As part of the 1950 Census, family income data were obtained from about one For these tabulations, fifth of all families. additional interviews were made among nonwhile families to increase the income sample above the 20 percent level. This was accomplished by: subsequent field enumeration of a sample of nonwhite families who were not in the original same ple but were living in substandard dwellig units.

Although the figures shown in tables 1 through 4 are based on the same data as the forthcomin 1950 Census tabulations of these items, they may differ from those to be published as part of the Census. The present tables were obtained by tabulating directly the data as transcribed is the field offices of the Census Bureau and the figures, therefore, do not include all of the refinements that result from a careful examination of the schedules.

In addition, the data are subject to other biases due to errors of response or nonreporting which cannot be corrected in editing. Factors affecting the accuracy of enumeration incluss the respondent's knowledge of the facts and the ability of the enumerator to obtain accurate information on such items as income, rent, de lapidation, and plumbing facilities. The regular 1950 tabulations are also subject to these biases.

Reliability of Estimates in Tables 4a and 5

Because of sampling variability, percentage distributions shown in table 4a and all figural in table 5 may differ from those that would have been obtained from a complete count. (The absolute figures in table 4a represent complete

counts and are not subject to sampling variations.) The reliability estimates which follow give approximate measures of the sampling errors to be expected in these sample data.

Reliability of the percentages in tables 4a and 5.--The allowance to be made for sampling variation in a percentage depends, in general, both on the value of the percentage and the size of the base on which it is determined. If two percentages are of the same magnitude, the one based on a large number of cases in the sample is, in general, less variable than the one based on a small number of sample cases.

Estimates of reliability are shown in the following table for percentages with bases of primary families of the specified types. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the differences due to sampling variability between the percentages obtained from the sample and the percentages which would have been obtained from a complete census would be less than the sampling errors shown below.

	Sampling variability if the base is												
Percentage shown	411 J	primary familio dwelling		dard	All primary families with no subfamily or secondar, family present, in substandard renter units								
in table	Wł	White		hite	Wh	ite	Nonwhite						
	Owner	Renter	Owner	Renter	No minors	With minors	No minors	With minors					
0.5	0.9	0.6	(1)	0.7	0.9	0.7	(1)	0.8					
1.0	1.2	0.8		0.9	1.3	1.0		1.2					
2.0	1.7	1.1		1.3	1.8	1.4		1.6					
3.0	8.1	1.3		1.6	8.8	1.7	6 T 1	2.0					
4.0	2.4	1.5		1.9	8.5	2.0		2.3					
5.0	2.7	1.7	1	2.1	2.7	2.2		2.6					
10.0	3.7	2.3		2.8	8.8	3.1		3.5					
15.0	4.4	2.8	i i	3.4	4.5	8.6		4.8					
20.0	5.0	3.1		3.8	5.0	4.1	· 王子 子子 (1)	4.7					
25.0	5.4	3.4		4.1	5.5	4.4		5.1					
30.0	- 5.7	3.6		4.8	5.8	4.7	a waa in taa ay ah	5.4					
40.0	6.1	S.8		4.6	6.2	5.0	e ane dir 17 Maria	5.8					
50.0	6.2	3.9		4.7	6.8	5.1		5.9					

To illustrate, for a figure of 10 percent based on white primary families living in substandard renter dwelling units, the sampling variability is 2.3 percent; the chances are about 19 out of 20 that the percentage obtained by a complete census would have been between 7.7 percent and 12.3 percent.

The sampling variability of a specified percentage of total primary families with designated characteristics will vary according to the proportion of white families and nonwhite families making up this percentage. For example, consider the sampling variability of a figure of 5 percent based on total primary families. The maximum sampling error to be expected of such a figure would occur when the entire 5 percent includes only white primary families and the chances are about 19 out of 20 that this sampling error would not exceed 1.4 percent. The minimum sampling error would occur when the entire 5 percent includes only nonwhite primary families and the chances are 19 out of 20 that this sampling error would not exceed 0.4 percent. For other specific characteristics composed of 5 percent of total primary families the sampling variability may assume any value between these two figures.

Reliability of absolute figures in table 5.--The approximate sampling variability of the absolute figures in table 5 is shown below. The chances are 19 out of 20 that differences between the numbers shown in table 5 and the numbers that would have been obtained from a complete census would be less than the sampling errors which follow.

Classification fig	ariability ures in tab	of absolute le 5
Total	White	Nonwhite
Total	33	7
No minors 105	104	13
With minors 106	105	13

Reliability of differences.--The estimates of sampling variability in the above tables are not directly applicable to differences obtained by subtracting one figure from another. The sampling variability in an observed difference between two figures depends on the sampling variability of each of the figures and the correlation between them.

Table 1.--STRUCTURAL AND OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS, CONDITION, AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY TENURE AND COLOR OF OCCUPANTS, FOR McKEESPORT, PENNSYLVANIA: 1950

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(A substandard dwelling unit is defined by the Public Housing Administration as a unit which is either dilapidated or does not have all of the following plumbing facilities: flush toilet and bath inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use, and hot running water)

		Total			White		h	lonwhite	
Characteristic	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Rente
Total number occupied substandard		-							
dwelling units	5,049	1,339	3,710	4,584	1,274	3,310	465	65	400
Percent of total	100.0	26.5	73.5	90.8	25.2	65.6	9.2	1.3	7.9
NUMBER OF ROOMS					1				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(1)	100.0
10 tal	100.0	1.6	8.9	7.0	1.6	9.1	7.1		.8.0
2 rooms	18.5	5.9	23.1	18.5	6,2	23.3	18.3		21.
rooma	29.9	22.1 34.2	32.7 24.7	30.5 27.1	23.0	33.4 24.3	23.9 28.6		27.
rooms	27.2	21.7	7.3	10.7	21.1	6.7	15.1		12.
rooms	3.9	9.0	2.1	3.9	8.3	2.2	4.1		1.
rooms	1.1	3.0	0.5	1.1	3.0	0.3	1.7		1.
rooms or more	0.6	1.8	0.1	0.6	1.7	0.1 0.5	0.4		٥.
	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0					
CONDITION						r i			
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(1)	100.
Not dilapidated	71.3 27.6	83.9 15.5	66.8 32.0	74.2	84.4	70.3 28.8	42.4 54.0	· .	37. 58.
Dlapidated	1.1	0.6	1.3	0.8	0.6	0.9	3.7		4.
100 reported and a second s				1					
WATER SUPPLY									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(1)	100.
Not and cold piped running water inside structure	57.8	69.0	53.8	62.3	71.0	58.9	14.2		11.
Only cold piped running water inside structure	41.1	30.6	44.9	37.0	28.7	40.2	81.9 0.4		84. 4.
No piped running water inside structure	1.0 (²)	0.4	(2)	(2)	0.2	(2)			
Not reported									
TOILET FACILITIES									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(1)	100.
lush toilet inside structure, exclusive use	54.1	63.4	50.8	52.8	62.6	49.0	67.5		65.
lush toilet inside structure, shared	39.9	33.7	42.2	42.2	34.8	45.0	18.1 14.2		19. 15.
Other toilet facilities (including privy)	5.7	2.8	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	1	0.
at reported									
BATHING FACILITIES		1]				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0	(1)	100.
Installed bathtub or shower inside structure,		12.0	11.0		10.0				8.1
exclusive uca	11.9	13.9	11.2	12.1	13.8	11.5	9.7		0.1
shared	40.4	40.2	40.4	43.8	41.8	44.6	6,2		5.
Other or none		45.6	47.9	43.6	44.0	43.4	83.7		85.
Not reported	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.4		0.:
NUMBER OF PERSONS									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(¹)	100.0
1 person	14.1	10.4	15.4	13.7	10.4	15.0	17.2		18.3
2 persons	27.7	28.5 23.5	27.4 24.6	28.3	29.1	28.0	21.9 19.8		23.(20.8
persons	15.8	16.4	15.6	24.8	16.5		11.8		11.
persons		10.8	8.6	9.2	10.7	16.1 8.6	9.0		8.:
persons		5.1	4.3	4.2	4.6	4.0	7.7		6. 4,1
7 persons	2.2	2.2 1.0	2.2 0.9	1.9	2.0	1.9	4.7		3,
persons or more		2.2	0.9	0.9	1.7	0.6	4.5		3.3
NUMBER OF LODGERS		1						.	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(+)	100.0
Tota1		94.5	94.3	95.7	95.8	95.7	80.9	·····	82.
l or more lodgers	5.6	5.5	5.7	4.3	4.2	.4.3	19.1		17.5
¹ Percentage distribution is not shown where the			-	1	1	l		4 I	

¹ Percentage distribution is not shown where the number of cases is less than 100. 2 Less than 0.05 percent.

Table 1.--STRUCTURAL AND OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS, CONDITION, AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY TENURE AND COLOR OF OCCUPANTS, FOR McKEESPORT, PENNSYLVANIA: 1950--Con.

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(A substandard dwelling unit is defined by the Public Housing Administration as have all of the following plumbing facilities: flush toilet and bath insid; and hot running water)

Characteristic		Total		1:
0.001 10 0110	Total	Owner	Renter	1
CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES) 	1
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Not dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath	2.6 32.8	4.0 45.9	2.1 28.1	
With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside the structure	35.1 0.3	33.5	35.7	
Dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, hot and cold running water With private bath and private flush toilet,	7.3	7.5	0,4 7,3	
With private flush toilet, no private flush toilet, With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside the structure	0.7 9.9 8.8 0.7	0.8 4.6 2.3 0.2	0.7 11.9 11.2 0.9	
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	1.7	1.0	1.9	
CONDITION BY NUMBER OF PLUMBING FACILITIES			5. 	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Not dilapidated: Iacking 1 facility Lacking 2 facilities Lacking 3 facilities	18.8 46.2 5.8	33.5 47.1 3.0	13.5 45.9 6.8	25. 1917 - 2917 -
Dilapidated: With all facilities Laoking l facility Laoking 2 facilities Laoking 3 facilities	7.3 1.9 12.6 5.6	7.5 2.1 4.6 1.3	7.3 1.9 15.5 7.2	
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	1.7	1.0	1.9	i. U
NUMBER OF DWEILING UNITS IN STRUCTURE				Ê.
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	נ
<pre>1 dwelling unit</pre>	26.2 56.7 17.1	46.7 51.9 1.4	18.8 58.4 22.8	

¹ Fercentage distribution is not shown where the number of cases is less than 10

Table 2.--CONTRACT AND GROSS RENT OF RENTER-OGCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWEL FOR MCKEESPORT, PENNSYLVANIA: 1950

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definit -----

		a sector de la constante de la	Sec. March N	
Monthly rent	Total	White	Nonwhite	
Total number renter-occupied substandard dwelling units	3,710	3,310	400	F Total
Percent of total.	100.0	89.2	10.8	Furniture i
MONTHLY CONTRACT RENT				Furniture n rent Not reporte
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	M
\$9 or less. \$10 to \$14 \$15 to \$19 \$20 to \$24 \$25 to \$29	3.8 6.2 12.3 20.6 19.7	4.0 5.0 11.3 20.3 19.2	1.8 16.3 20.5 23.5 24.0	Total \$9 or less \$10 to \$14. \$15 to \$19 \$20 to \$24 \$25 to \$29
\$30 to \$34 \$35 to \$39 \$40 to \$49 \$50 or more Not reported	11.1 8.7 9.3 7.3 0.9	11.5 9.4 10.3 8.1 1.0	8.3 3.3 1.5 0.5 0.5	30 to 334. 35 to 39. 40 to 349. 50 or more. Not reported
			1	

Table 3.--CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY GROSS RENT, FOR McKEESPORT, PENNSYLVANIA: 1950

					Monthly g	ross rent	;		
Condition and plumbing facilities	Total	\$19 or less	\$20 to \$24	\$25 to \$29	\$30 to \$34	\$35 to \$39	\$40 to \$49	\$50 or more	Not reported
Total number renter-occupied substandard dwelling units	3,710	416	440	515	597	599	677	348	118
Percent of total	100.0	11.2	11.9	13.9	16.1	16.1	18.2	9.4	3.2
Not dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	2.1 28.1 35.7 0.4	0.1 1.1 4.6 0.1	0.1 2.3 4.5 0.1	0.4 4.3 4.5 0.1	0.3 6.0 4.9 0.1	0.4 6.3 4.6 (¹)	0.6 5.5 6.2 (¹)	0.2 1.9 4.5 -	0.1 0.8 1.9
Dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, hot and cold running water With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	7.3 0.7 11.9 11.2 0.9	0.2 0.1 0.8 3.4 0.5	0.2 - 1.8 2.1 0.2	0.6 0.1 2.5 1.3 (¹)	1.1 0.1 2.0 1.4 (¹)	1.3 0.1 2.2 1.1 (¹)	2.3 0.1 2.1 1.1	1.6 0.1 0.3 0.7	0.1 0.1 0.1 (¹)
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	1.9	0.4	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.2

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

¹ Less than 0.05 percent.

Table 3a.--CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY GROSS RENT, FOR WHITE HOUSEHOLDS, FOR Mokresport, PENNSYLVANIA: 1950

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

					Monthly g	gross rent	ե		
Condition and plumbing facilities	Total	\$19 or less	\$20 to \$24	\$25 to \$29	\$30 to \$34	\$35 to \$39	\$40 to \$49	\$50 or more	Not reported
Total number renter-occupied substandard dwelling units	3,310	370	364	449	540	530	604	339	114
Percent of total	100.0	11.2	11.0	13.6	16,3	16.0	18.2	10.2	3.4
Not dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	2.1 28.6 38.9 0.3	0,2 1,1 5,0 0,1	0.2 2.2 4.7 (¹)	0.4 4.4 4.8 0.1	0.4 6.2 5.2 (¹)	0.3 6.3 5.1 (¹)	0,5 5,6 6,9 (¹)	0.2 2.1 5.0	0.1 0.8 2.1
Dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, hot and cold running water With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	7.8 0.6 9.4 10.2 0.6	0.2 0.1 0.5 3.4 0.4	0.2 1.5 1.7 0.1	0.6 2.1 1.0 (¹)	1.2 0.1 1.7 1.3 (¹)	1.3 0.1 1.8 0.9 (¹)	2.4 0.1 1.4 1.0	1.7 0.1 0.4 0.7	0.1 0.1 0.1 (¹)
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities,	1.5	0.3	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.2

¹ Less than 0.05 percent.

Table 3b.--CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY GROSS RENT, FOR NONWHITE HOUSEHOLDS, FOR MakEESPORT, PENNSYLVANIA: 1950

					Monthly g	ross ren	t		
Condition and plumbing facilities	Total.	\$19 or less	\$20 to \$24	\$25 to \$29	\$30 to \$34	\$35 to \$39	\$40 to \$50 or more \$49 more 73 9 18.3 2.3 1.3 - 4.5 0.8 0.8 0.3 1.3 0.8 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3	\$50 or more	Not reported
Total number renter-occupied substandard dwelling units	400	46	76	66	57	69	73	9	4
Percent of total	1.00.0	11.5	19.0	16.5	14.3	17.3	18.3	2.3	1.0
Not dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure		1.0 1.3 -	2.8 2.5 0.5	4.3 2.0	4.3 2.3 0.J	0.8 6.5 0.5	4.5	0.8 0.3 -	0.3
<pre>Dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, hot and cold running water With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure</pre>	3.3 1,3 32,3 18,8 3.0	- 0.3 3.3 3.0 1.5	0.3 5.0 5.5 1.5	0.3 0.3 5.8 3.5	0.3 4.3 2.0	0.8 - 6.0 2.5 -	0.3	0.8	0,3
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	5,0	1.3	1.0	0.5	1.0	0.3	0.5	-	0.5

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

Table 4.---CHARACTERISTICS OF FAMILIES IN SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY TENURE AND COLOR, FOR MCKEESPORT, PENNSYLVANIA: 1950

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

		Total			White			Nonwhite	
Characteristic	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter
Total number of families	4,226	1,177	3,049	3,869	1,124	2,745	357	53	304
Percent of total	100.0	27.9	72.1	91.6	26.6	65.0	8.4	1.3	7.2
TYPE OF FAMILY				·					
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	(1)	100.0
Primary family Secondary family	99,6 0,4	99.7 0.3	99.5 0.5	99.8 0.2	99.9 0.1	99.8 0.2	96.6 3.4		96.7 3.3
NUMBER OF PERSONS IN FAMILY	ĺ								
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	(1)	100.0
2 persons. 3 persons. 4 persons. 5 persons. 6 persons. 7 persons. 8 persons or more.	32.9 28.3 18.5 10.3 5.1 2.4 2.5	33.1 25.9 17.9 11.6 5.5 2.3 3.6	32.8 29.2 18.7 9.8 4.9 2.5 2.1	33.1 28.9 18.8 10.4 4.7 2.1 1.9	33.4 26.3 18.4 11.7 5.1 2.2 2.9	33.0 29.9 19.0 9.9 4.6 2.1 1.5	30.5 21.6 15.1 9.2 9.2 5.3 9.0		30.9 22.4 16.5 8.9 8.2 5.6 7.6
NUMBER OF PERSONS PER ROOM. IN DWELLING UNIT									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(1)	100.0
0.50 or less 0.51 to 0.75 0.76 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 to 2.00 2.01 or more Not reported	11.8 23.5 31.4 20.0 9.7 3.0 0.6	23.1 28.7 26.4 14.9 4.7 1.4 0.8	7.4 21.5 33.4 22.0 11.6 3.6 0.5	12.0 23.8 32.2 20.0 9.0 2.5 0.6	23.3 29.2 26.5 14.7 4.4 1.2 0.8	7.3 21.6 34.5 22.2 10.9 3.0 0.5	9.5 20.0 23.8 20.4 17.1 \$.1 1.1		7.9 20.1 23.7 20.7 18.1 8.6 1.0
NUMBER OF MINORS IN FAMILY				<i>,</i>	1.			1 	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(1)	100.0
No minors 1 minor 2 minors 3 minors 4 minors 5 minors 6 minors or more	40.7 26.4 17.8 8.3 3.4 1.9 1.6	51.2 20.1 15.2 7.1 2.7 2.1 1.6	36.6 • 28.8 18.8 8.8 3.6 1.8 1.5	41.5 26.8 17.8 8.2 3.0 1.6 1.1	51.5 20.6 15.3 6.9 2.6 1.8 1.3	37.4 29.3 18.8 8.7 3.2 1.6 1.0	32.2 21.6 17.9 9.5 7.3 5.0 6.4		30.0 24.0 18.7 9.2 7.6 4.3 6.2

¹ Percentage distribution is not shown where the number of cases is less than 100.

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Table 4a.--INCOME IN 1949 OF PRIMARY FAMILIES IN SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY NUMBER OF MINORS, TENURE, AND COLOR, FOR McKEESPORT, PENNSYLVANIA: 1950

Family income by		Total		ſ <u>.</u>	White			Nonwhite	
number of minors	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter
Total number of primary families	4,207	1,174	3,033	3,862	1,123	2,739	345	51	294
Percent of total	100.0	27.9	72.1	91.8	26,7	65.1	8.2	1.2	7.0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	1.00.0	(¹)	100.0
\$999 or less \$1,000 to \$1,249 \$1,250 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,749 \$1,750 to \$1,749	14.9 2.8 2.1 3.3 3.9	16.9 3.2 1.4 1.4 1.8	14.1 2.7 2.4 4.1 4.6	14.8 2.6 1.9 3.4 3.4	17.1 3.3 1.4 1.4 1.9	13.8 2.3 2.1 4.2 4.0	15.9 5.8 4.3 2.9 9.3		16.4 6.8 5.1 3.4 10.7
\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,749 \$2,750 to \$2,999	8.2 7.7 9.0 6.6	8,5 6,6 6,0 5,5	8.0 8.1 10.2 7.1	8.1 7.6 8.4 6.5	8.5 6.6 5.7 5,2	8.0 8.0 9.5 7.0	8.4 8.7 15.9 8.1		8.5 9.6 16.4 7.3
\$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 or more Not reported	20.8 8.0 6.8 6.0	21.6 9.0 11.2 7.0	20.5 7.6 5.1 5.6	21.8 8.4 7.2 6.1	21.3 9.0 11.4 7.1	22.0 8.1 5.5 5.7	9.6 3.8 2.3 4.9		6.8 2.8 1.1 5.1
No minors \$999 or less	42.6	54.5 12.2	38.0 7.3	<u>43.7</u> 9.0	55.0 12.3	39.0 7.6	30.4 4.9		<u>28.2</u> 4.5
\$1,000 to \$1,249 \$1,250 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,749 \$1,750 to \$1,999	0.7 1.0 1.4 1.0	1.8 0.9 0.4 0.9	0.3 1.0 1.7 1.1	0.7 1.0 1.3 0.8	1.9 0.9 0.5 0.9	0.2 0.9 1.7 0.8	1.0 1.0 1.9 3.4		1.1 1.1 2.3 4.0
\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,749 \$2,750 to \$2,999	2.9 3.1 3.2 3.2	4.7 3.3 3.1 3.6	2.1 2.9 3.2 3.1	2.7 3.0 3.2 3.2	4.7 3.3 2.8 3.3	1.9 2.8 3.4 3.2	4.6 4.1 2.3 2.6		4.5 4.0 1.1 1.7
\$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 or more Not reported	8.6 3.4 2.4 3.2	9.9 4.5 5.0 4.1	8.0 3.0 1.4 2.9	9.1 3.7 2.6 3.4	10.0 4.7 5.2 4.3	8.7 3.2 1.5 3.0	2.6 0.5 1.4	·	1.7 0.6 1.7
One minor	26.5	19.0	29.4	26.9	19.4	29.9	22.0		24.3
\$999 or less \$1,000 to \$1,249 \$1,250 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,749 \$1,750 to \$1,999	3.0 0.9 0.6 0.7 1.4	2.3 0.9 0.4 0.4 -	3.3 0.9 0.7 0.9 1.9	3.0 0.8 0.7 0.8 1.2	2.4 0.9 0.5 0.5	8.7 0.8 0.8 0.9 1.7	3.4 1.9 - 2.9		4.0 2.3 - 3.4
\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,749 \$2,750 to \$2,999	2.4 2.5 3.2 1.8	0.4 2.3 2.3 1.0	3.1 2.6 3.6 2.0	2.6 2.7 3.0 1.8	0.5 2.4 2.4 0.9	3.4 2.8 3.2 2.1	0.5 0.5 6.4 1.9		0.6 0.6 7.3 1.7
\$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 or more Not reported	4.8 2.4 1.5 1.2	4.3 2.3 0.9 1.4	5.0 2.4 1.8 1.2	5.1 2.4 1.6 1 .2	4.3 2.4 0.9 1.4	5.5 2.5 1.9 1.1	1.2 1.4 0.5 1.4		0.6 1.7 0.6 1.7
Two minors	15.3 2.0	12.9 1.5	16.2	14.9	12.3	15.9	1.9.7		<u>18.6</u> 4.5
\$1,000 to \$1,249 \$1,250 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,749 \$1,750 to \$1,999	0.7 0.4 0.6 0.6	0.4 0.4	2.1 0.9 0.5 0.7 0.7	1.8 0.7 0.3 0.7 0.5	1.4 - 0.5 0.5	1.9 0.9 0.4 0.8 0.6	4.5 0.5 1.4 - 1.4		0.6 1.7 1.7
\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,749 \$2,750 to \$2,999	1.3 0.8 1.0 0.8	1.5 0.4 0.9	1.3 0.9 1.4 0.8	1.3 0.7 0.8 0.8	1.4 0.5 0.9	1.3 0.8 1.1 0.8	1.1 1.9 3.4 1.0		0.6 2.3 4.0 1.1
\$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 or more Not reported	3.5 1.3 1.6 0.6	2.9 1.5 2.6 0.4	3.8 1.2 1.3 0.7	3.7 1.3 1.6 0.7	2.8 1.4 2.4 0.5	4.0 1.3 1.3 0.8	2.1 0.5 1.8 -		1.7 0.6

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

1 Percentage distribution is not shown where the number of cases in the sample is less than 100.

Table 4a.--INCOME IN 1949 OF PRIMARY FAMILIES IN SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY NUMBER OF MINORS, TENURE, AND COLOR, FOR MOKEESPORT, FENNSYLVANIA: 1950--Con.

Family income by		Total			White	na an seo s		Nonwhite	
number of minors	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter
					1 1 A				
Three or four minors	11.0	7.2	12.5	10.7	7.1	18.1	15.4		16.4
\$999 or less	0.8	0.4	1.0	0.8	0.5	×0.,9	1.0		· 1.1
1,000 to \$1,249	0.3	-	0.4	0.3	-	0.4	0.5		0.6
1,250 to \$1,499	0.1	-	0.1		-		1.0	ta da sera da s	1.1
1,500 to \$1,749	0.6		0.8	0.5		0.8	1.0		1.1
1,750 to \$1,999	0.7	0.4	0.7	0.7	. 0.5	0.8	0.0		0.6
2,000 to \$2,249	1.0	0.4	1.1	0.8	0.5	0,9	2,4		2.8
2,250 to \$2,499	1.1	0.4	1.4	1.1	0.5	1.3	1.9	a second d	2,8
2,500 to \$2,749	1.4	0.7	1.7	1.3	0.5	1.7	2.6	58 °	2.8
\$2,750 to \$2,999	0.7	-	1.0	0.7		0.9	1.4	€, sa a	1.7
3,000 to \$3,999	2.6	8.9	2.5	2.7	2,8	2.7	1.6		1.1
4,000 to \$4,999	0.7	0,4	0.7	0.7	0.5	0.8	0.5		0.6
5,000 or more	0.5	1.3	0.1	0.5	1.4	0.2	1		
Not reported	0.6	-	0.8	0.5		0.8	1.0		1.1
				144	stg	d Burge			1997 - 1988 - 1988 - 1988 - 1988 - 1988 - 1988 - 1988 - 1988 - 1988 - 1988 - 1988 - 1988 - 1988 - 1988 - 1988 -
5 minors or more	4.6	6.5	4.0	3.9	6.8	8.0	18.5	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	12,4
\$999 or less	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.8	0.5	0.2	1,9		2.3
\$1,000 to \$1,249	0.8	0.4	0.8	0.1	0.5	-	1.9	Real Providence and American	2.9
\$1,250 to \$1,499	0.1	-	0.1	-			1.0		1.1
\$1,500 to \$1,749	-	-	. –	—				ga contente da la con	
\$1,750 to \$1,999	8.0		0.8	0.1	-	8.0	1.0		1.1
\$2,000 to \$2,249	0.6	1.3	0.3	0.7	1.4	0.4			_
\$2,250 to \$2,499	0.1	-	0.2	0.1	.55 🛏	8.0	0.5	1 *	0.6
2,500 to \$2,749	0.1		0.2	-		ran Já	1.4		1.7
\$2,750 to \$2,999	0.1	-	0.1	- · · · ·		1 a 13 🗖	1.0		ે ે ે 1.1
\$3,000 to \$3,999	1.3	1.5	1.8	1.2	1,4	1.1	8.1	a denisti den den den Recompensa den den	1.7
4,000 to \$4,999	0.3	0.2	0.8	0,8		0.4	0.6		an an 🗠 🐄
\$5,000 or more	0.8	1.3	0.5	0.8	1.4	0.6	1	di tendu interne	1444 - 367 - 1
Not reported	0.4	1.1	0.1	0.3	0.9	1 - 1 - 1 - T -	1.1	garage Zora	0.6

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

Table 5.--RENT AS PERCENT OF INCOME BY FAMILY INCOME IN 1949 OF PRIMARY FAMILIES WITH NO SUBFAMILY OR SECONDARY FAMILY IN RENTER-OCCUFIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY PRESENCE OF MINORS AND COLOR, FOR MCKEESPORT, FEMNSYLVANIA: 1950

Among mont of menors of in-		Total			White			Nonwhite	
Gross rent as percent of income- by family income	Total	No minòrs	With minors	Total	No minors	With minors	Total	No minors	With minors
	. 8,944	1,134	1,810	2,672	1,053	1,619	272	81	191
Number of families								2.8	
Percent of total	100.0	38.5	61,5	90 . 8	35.8	55.0	9.2	<u>4</u> ,0	6.5
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(1)	100.0
9 percent or less	17.8	21.8	15.3	18.8 25.2	22.7 23.2	16.3 26.6	7.3 19.5		6.1 20.9
10 percent to 14 percent 15 percent to 19 percent	24.7 17.7	22.7 18.7	26.0 17.1	16.5	17.7	15.7	29.3		28,7
20 percent to 24 percent	11.1	7.3	13.4	11.1	6.9	13.8	11.0		10,4
25 percent to 29 percent	5.7	4.4	6.5	. 5.6	8.9	6.7	6.1		4.9
30 percent to 34 percent	3.6	3.5	8.7	.3.3	3.4	3.2	6.7		7.8
35 percent or more	10.2	97	10.5	9.9	9.9	9.9	13.4		15.7
Not reported	9.3	12.0	7.5	9,5	12.3	7.7	6.7		6.1
\$1,499 or less	18.6	21.0	17.1	17.7	20.7	15.7	27.4		20,7
9 percent or less	4.4	6.4	3.2	4.5	6.4	9.2	4.3		3.5
10 percent to 14 percent	0.2	0.5	-	0.2	0.5	-	-		-
15 percent to 19 percent	0.4	0.5	0.8	0.4	0.5	0.8			
20 percent to 24 percent	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.2		0.9
25 percent to 29 percent	1.7	1.2	2.0	1.6	1.0	1.9	3.0 5.5		2,6 6,1
30 percent to 34 percent 35 percent or more	1.9	2.6	1.5	1.6	2.5	1.0	13.4		15.7
Jo percent of more	9.0	8.8	9.1	0.0	0.5	0.0	70.4		
\$1,500 to \$1,999	8.0	6.8	8.7	7.4	5.9	8,3	14.0		12.2
9 percent or less	0.4	-	0,6	0.4	· -	0.6	-		
10 percent to 14 percent	0.8	1.5	0.8	8.0	1.5	0.3	0.6	l.	1 . :
15 percent to 19 percent	1.6	1.4	1.8	1.2	1.0	1.8	6.1		6.1 3.5
20 percent to 24 percent	2.0	0.9	2.7	1.7	0.5	2.6	4.3 1.8		0.9
25 percent to 29 percent	1.6	2.1	1.2	1.6	2.0	1.3	1.2		1.3
30 percent to 34 percent 35 percent or more	1.0 0.7	0.9	0.6	0.8	1.0	0.6	1.1		
			1		1		_		1
\$2,000 to \$2,499	15.8	12,3	17.1	15.0	10,8	17.6	18.3	<u> </u>	13.0
9 percent or less	0.7	1.4	0.8	0.8	1.5	0.9		l[
10 percent to 14 p. cent	2.2	0.7	3.1	1.9		3.2	4.3		1.7
15 percent to 19 percent	5.6	6.5	5.0	5.2	5.9	4.8	9.1 3.7		5.5
20 percent to 24 percent	4.4 1.7	2.1	5.8	4.5 1.7	2.0 1.0	6.1	1.2		0.9
25 percent to 29 percent 30 percent to 34 percent	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.6			
35 percent or more	0.2	-	0.3	0.2		0.3			
\$2,500 to \$2,999	16.7	15.4	17.5	15.9	15.8	16.0	24.4		30.4
9 percent or less	2.2	2.9	1.8	2.3	8.0	1.9	1.2		0.9
10 percent to 14 percent	6.5	6.4	6.6	6.2	6.9	5,8	9.8		13.9
15 percent to 19 percent	4.9	4.2	5.4	4.8	3.9	4.5	11.6		13.0
20 percent to 24 percent		1.8	2.6	2.3	2.0	2.6	1.8		2.6
25 percent to 29 percent 30 percent to 34 percent	0.4	-	0.6	0.4		0.6	-		
35 percent or more	0.4		0.6	0.4		0.6	-		.
	U.T			0.2		0.0	1.		
\$3,000 or over	32.2	32.6	32.0	34.6	34.5	34.6	9.1		9.1
9 percent or less	10.0	11.1	9.4	10.9	11.8	10.3	1.8		1.1
10 percent to 14 percent	15.1	13.6	16.0	16.1	14.3	17.3	4.9	1	5.1
15 percent to 19 percent	5.2	6.1	4.6	5.4	6.4	4.8	2.4		2,
20 percent to 24 percent	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.5	1.6	-		
25 percent to 29 percent	0.4		0.6	0.4		0.6	-		
30 percent to 34 percent 35 percent or more	0.2	0.5	-	0.2	0.5				
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(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

¹ Percentage distribution is not shown where the number of cases in the sample is less than 100.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

1950 CENSUS OF HOUSING

SPECIAL TABULATIONS FOR LOCAL HOUSING AUTHORITIES

December 12, 1950

Washington 25; D. C.

Series HO-6, No. 135

OMAHA, NEBRASKA: APRIL 1950

This report is based on a transcription and tabulation of data from the 1950 Census of Population and Housing. The statistics relate to dwelling units considered substandard by the Public Housing Administration, in accordance with the contract. for these statistics between the Bureau of the Census and the Housing Authority of the City of Omaha.

A dwelling unit is considered substandard by the Public Housing Administration if it is either dilapidated or does not have the following plumbing facilities: flush toilet and bath inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use, and hot running water. The Public Housing Administration considers the absence of hot running water to be evidence generally of poor quality of the dwelling unit, but there may be some localities in which the absence of hot running water is not deemed to be a sufficient indication by itself of poor quality. In such localities, a revised count of substandard units may be obtained from table 1 by subtracting from the total the units which lack hot water only. If it is desired to eliminate the units lacking hot water only from the total count of substandard units, the distributions shown in the tables will not be materially affected.

The criteria used to define substandard units in these tabulations are not identical with the housing characteristics included in the published reports from the 1940 Census. Therefore, any comparison of data in this report with the 1940 results must be made with extreme care. A direct comparison cannot be made with the 1940 results because information on hot running water was not collected at that time. Further, the 1940 data on condition were collected showing dwelling units "needing major repairs," whereas in 1950 data on condition were collected showing units as "dilapidated." Because the definitions of these two terms differ significantly, the 1940 count of dwelling units needing major re-46335

pairs and the 1950 count of dilapidated dwelling units are comparable only in a general way.

In addition to the number of substandard units shown in the tables, there were 16 other units for which there was no report on either condition or the presence of one of the plumbing facilities. Had there been complete reporting on these items, some additional units might have been found to be substandard.

The data are presented in the series of attached tables. In table 1 the structural and occupancy characteristics are shown for all substandard dwelling units. Table 2 shows the rent paid for renter-occupied substandard units; table 3 shows the condition and plumbing facilities of these same units. Table 4 shows the characteristics of all families (both primary and secondary) living in the substandard units. Table 4a classifies the primary families by family income. Table 5 classifies primary families with no subfamily or secondary family present, by rent as a percent of family income.

In the contract rent tabulation, dwelling units occupied rent free are tabulated in the "\$9 or less" category. In the gross rent tabulations, however, such units are tabulated as "not reporting," except when utilities were reported.

DEFINITIONS

The definitions used in this special tabulation are generally the same as those used in the 1950 Census of Population and Housing. Some of the more important definitions are given below.

<u>Dwelling unit</u>...-In general, a dwelling unit is a group of rooms or a single room, occupied, or intended for occupancy, as separate living quarters by a family or other group of persons living together or by a person living alone.

<u>Primary family.--A primary family consists of</u> two or more persons including the head of the household and all (one or more) persons in the household who are related to the head by blood, marriage, or adoption. It may include a subfamily consisting of a married couple with or without children, or one parent with one or more children under 18 years of age, living in the household and related to but not including the head of the household or his wife. The subfamily is considered a part of the primary family for all tabulation purposes.

Secondary family.--A secondary family consists of two or more persons, such as a lodger or servant and his relatives, living in a household and related to each other but not related to the household head. The secondary family is considered a separate family for tabulation purposes.

Minor.--A minor is an unmarried person under 21 years of age other than the head of a family or his wife.

Dilapidation .-- A dwelling unit is considered to be dilapidated when it has serious deficiencies, is rundown or neglected, or is of inadequate original construction, so that it does not provide adequate shelter or protection against the elements or it endangers the safety of the occupants.

<u>Plumbing facilities.--The following</u> are the three plumbing facilities tabulated:

1. Flush toilet inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use;

 Installed bathtub or shower inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use; and
 3. Hot and cold running water inside the structure.

Exclusive use.---Equipment is for "exclusive use" if it is used only by the occupants of one dwelling unit.

Shared.---Equipment is "shared" when occupants of two or more units use the same equipment.

Family income.--Family income is the sum of the income received during 1949, by all members of the family. The following items were asked separately for the head of the family and for all other members of the family combined:

1. The amount of money wages or salary received in 1949;

2. The amount of net money income received from self-employment in 1949; and

3. The amount of other money income received in 1949, such as interest, dividends, veterans' allowances, pensions, or rents.

<u>Gross rent.--Monthly</u> gross rent is contract rent plus the reported average monthly cost of water, electricity, gas, and other fuel paid for by the renter. If furniture is included in the contract rent, the reported estimated rent of the dwelling unit without furniture is used for the computation instead of the contract rent.

SOURCE AND RELIABILITY OF THE DATA

The figures shown in this report are based on the transcribed data for all nonwhite-occupied substandard dwelling units and about one-fifth of the white-occupied substandard units. The transcribed data were supplemented by two types of additional information: (a) An actual count was made of the total number of white-occupied substandard units, even though the housing, farily, and income distributions were based on a sample; (b) a special supplementation of the census income data was made for nonwhite families. As part of the 1950 Census, family income data were obtained from about one-fifth of all For these tabulations, additional families. interviews of nonwhite families were made to increase the income sample above the 20 percent level. This was accomplished by a subsequent field enumeration of a sample of nonwhite families who were not in the original sample but were living in substandard dwelling units.

Although some of the figures in the tables are based on the same data as the forthcoming 1950 Census tabulations, they may differ from those to be published as part of the census. The present tables were obtained by tabulating directly the data as transcribed in the field offices of the Census Bureau and the figures, therefore, do not include all of the refinements that result from a careful examination of the schedules.

In addition, the data are subject to other biases due to errors of response and to nonreporting which cannot be corrected in editing. Factors affecting accuracy of reporting are the respondent's knowledge of the facts and the ability of the enumerator to obtain accurate information on such items as income, rent, dilepidation, and plumbing facilities. The regular 1950 tabulations are also subject to these biases.

Reliability of Estimates

Because of sampling variability, income data for nonwhite families and all data for total sti for white households may differ from the figures that would have been obtained from a complete count. (The numbers of occupied dwelling units, by race of occupant, are complete counts which are not subject to sampling variations.) The reliability estimates which follow give approximate measures of the sampling errors to be sipected in these sample data.

Reliability of percentages.--The allowance to be made for sampling variation in a percentage depends, in general, both on the value of the percentage and the size of the base on which it is determined. If two percentages are of the same magnitude, the one based on a large number of cases in the sample is, in general, less variable than the one based on a small number of sample cases. Estimates of reliability are shown in the following table for percentages with bases of dwelling units or families of the specified types. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the differences due to sampling variability between the percentages obtained from the sample and the percentages which would have been obtained from a complete census would be less than the sampling errors shown below.

To illustrate, for a figure of 10 percent based on white primary families living in substandard renter dwelling units, the sampling variability is 1.6 percent; the chances are about 19 out of 20 that the recentage obtained by a complete census would have been between 8.4 percent and 11.6 percent.

The sampling variability of a specified percentage of total families or dwelling units with

designated characteristics will vary according to the proportion of white families or whiteoccupied units making up this percentage. For example, consider the sampling variability of a figure of 10 percent based on total primary families. The maximum sampling error to be expected of such a figure would occur when the entire 10 percent includes only white primary families and the chances are about 19 out of 20 that this sampling error would not exceed 1.2 percent. The minimum sampling error would occur when the entire 10 percent includes only nonwhite primary families and the chances are about 19 out of 20 that this sampling error would not exceed 0.5 percent. For specific characteristics composed of 10 percent of total primary families the sampling variability may assume any value between these two figures.

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			San	pling vari	ability if	the base is-	-				
Percentage shown	All white-	All pr	imary familio dwelling		andard	All primary families with no subfamily or secondary family present, in sub- standard renter units					
in table	substandard dwelling	d White		Nonwi	nite	Wh	ite	Nonwhite			
	units	Owner	Renter	Owner	Renter	No minors	With minors	No minors	With minors		
0.5 1.0 2.0 3.0 4.0 5.0 10.0 15.0 20.0 25.0 30.0 40.0 50.0	0.3 0.4 0.5 0.7 0.7 0.8 1.1 1.4 1.5 1.7 1.7 1.9 1.9	0.5 0.7 1.0 1.3 1.5 1.6 2.2 2.7 3.0 3.2 3.4 3.6 3.7	0.4 0.5 0.9 1.1 1.2 1.6 1.9 2.1 2.3 2.5 2.6 2.7	1.0 1.4 1.9 2.3 2.7 3.0 4.1 4.9 5.5 5.9 6.3 6.7 6.9	$\begin{array}{c} 0.7 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.5 \\ 1.8 \\ 2.0 \\ 2.3 \\ 3.1 \\ 3.7 \\ 4.2 \\ 4.5 \\ 4.5 \\ 4.8 \\ 5.1 \\ 5.2 \end{array}$	0.5 0.8 1.1 1.3 1.5 1.7 2.3 2.8 3.1 3.3 3.5 3.6 3.9	0.5 0.8 1.1 1.3 1.5 1.7 2.3 2.7 3.3 3.5 3.5 3.7 3.8	1.1 1.6 8.8 8.8 8.8 8.8 8.8 8.5 7.0 7.4 7.9 8.1	1.0 1.4 2.4 2.8 3.1 4.2 5.0 5.6 6.1 6.5 6.9 7.1		

Reliability of absolute figures.--The approximate sampling variability of the absolute figures for white households, tables 1 through 5, is shown below. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the differences between the numbers shown in the tables and the numbers that would have been obtained from a complete census would be less than the sampling errors which follow.

Size of abso-	Sampling	Size of abso-	Sampling
lute figure	variability ¹	lute figure	variability ¹
400	80	8,000	195
600	100	4,000	210
800	110	5,000	215
1,000	125	6,000	220
1,500	150	8,000	200
2,000	165	10,000	150

Applies to white families and white-occupied units, tables 1 through 5.

The following is the approximate sampling variability of the absolute figures for nonwhite families, table 5. (All other absolute figures for nonwhite households represent complete counts and are not subject to sempling variations.) The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the differences between the estimates and the figures that would have been obtained from a complete census would be less than the sempling errors shown below.

Classification	Absolute figures for nonwhite families, table 5	Sampling variability
Total No minors With minors	307	17 38 39

Reliability of differences.--The estimates of sampling variability in the above tables are not directly applicable to differences obtained by subtracting one figure from another. The sampling variability in an observed difference between two figures depends on the sampling variability of each of the figures and the correlation between them.

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Table 1.--STRUCTURAL AND OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS, CONDITION, AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY TENURE AND COLOR OF OCCUPANTS, FOR OMAHA, NEBRASKA: 1950

(A substandard dwelling unit is defined by the Public Housing Administration as a unit which is either dilapidated or does not have all of the following plumbing facilities: flush toilet and bath inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use, and hot running water)

	<u></u>	Total			White	- <u>14</u>	N	lonwhite	
Characteristic	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter
Total number occupied substandard dwelling units	13,263	4,377	8,886	11,498	3,669	7,829	1,765	708	1,057
Percent of total	100.0	33.0	<u>67.0</u>	86.7	27.7	59.0	13.3	5,3	8.0
NUMBER OF ROOMS									
Total	ſ .	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0
1 room 2 rooms 3 rooms	11.7 26.2 21.6	2.8 7.1 14.9	16.1 35.7 24.9	12.8 26.7 22.2	3.1 8.1 16.4	17.3 35.5 25.0	4.9 23.1 17.8	1,0 2,0 7,5	7.6 37.3 24.8
4 rooms. 5 rooms. 6 rooms. 7 rooms. 8 rooms or more. Not reported.	15.7 15.3 5.7 1.8 1.3 0.6	24.1 31.9 11.3 4.5 3.0 0.4	11.6 7.1 2.9 0.5 0.4 0.7	15.7 14.5 5.0 1.6 0.9 0.5	25.3 30.8 9.9 4.0 2.3 0.3	11.3 6.8 2.8 0.5 0.3 0.7	15.9 20.7 9.9 3.3 3.5 0.8	17.8 37.4 18.8 7.6 7.1 0.8	14.6 9.6 4.0 0.4 1.1 0.8
CONDITION									
Total	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0
Not dilapidated Dilapidated Not reported	81.6 18.0 0.4	81.1 18.6 0.3	81.8 17.8 0.4	84.6 15.0 0.4	84.6 15.1 0.3	84.6 15.0 0.5	61.9 87.7 0.4	63.0 36.4 0.6	61.2 38.5 0.3
WATER SUPPLY	[]								ſ
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0
Hot and cold piped running water inside structure Only cold piped running water inside structure No piped running water inside structure Not reported	55.0 38.5 6.5 (1)	31.0 59.0 9.9 0.1	66.8 28.3 4.8 -		33.3 55.8 10.7 0.1	70.5 24.8 4.7	31,5 62,9 5.6 -	18.9 75.6 5.5	39.9 54.4 5.7 -
TOILET FACILITIES									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	200.0
Flush toilet inside structure, exclusive use Flush toilet inside structure, shared Other toilet facilities (including privy) Not reported	35.4 45.6 18.9 0.1	58.1 15.6 26.2 0.1	24.3 60.4 15.3 0.1	32.9 47.2 19.8 0.1	54.0 16.7 29.2 0.1	23.0 61.5 15.4 0.1	51.8 35.1 12.6 0.5	79.5 9.9 10.5 0.1	83.3 52.0 14.0 0.7
· BATHING FACILITIES									
Total	1.00.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Installed bathtub or shower inside structure, exclusive use Installed bathtub or shower inside structure,	23.5	41.9	14.4		87.7	13.4		63.8	22,2
shared. Other or none Not reported.	46.9 29.3 0.2	17.4 40.1 0.5	61.4 24.0 0.1		18.8 42.9 0.6	63.1 23.4 0.1	33.3 27.6 0.1	10.3 25,6 0.3	48.7 29.0 -
NUMBER OF PERSONS									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0 23.1	100.0	100.0	100.0 23.1	100.0	100.0 9.2	100.0 23.4
<pre>1 person. 2 persons. 3 persons. 4 persons. 5 persons. 6 persons. 7 persons.</pre>	20.2 33.1 19.4 12.5 7.0 3.4 1.9	29.3 18.1 14.8 9.9 5.6 3.6	85.0 20.0 11.4 5.6 2.3 1.1	33.7 19.6 12.6 6.8 3.1 1.7	30.2 17.8 15.3 9.9 5.1 3.1	35.3 20.5 11,4 5.4 2.1 1.1	29.5 17.9 12.1 8.2 5.7 3.2	24.7 19.5 12.8 9.9 8.5 5.9	S2.6 16.8 11.9 7.1 3.9 1.4
8 persons 9 persons or more NUMBER OF LODGERS	1.0 1.4	1.8 2.6	0.6	0.8 1.0	1.6 1.7	0.5	2.0 3.7	3.0 7.1	1.3 1.5
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
None 1 or more lodgers ¹ Less than 0.05 percent.	93.2 6.8	91.9 8.1	93.9 6,1	94.6 5.4	94.6 5.4	94.6 5.4	74.0 16.0	78.0 22.0	88.1 11.9

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Table 1.--STRUCTURAL AND OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS, CONDITION, AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY TENURE AND COLOR OF OCCUPANTS, FOR OMAHA, NEBRASKA: 1950---Con.

(A substandard dwelling unit is defined by the Public Housing Administration as a unit which is either dilapidated or does not have all of the following plumbing facilities: flush toilet and bath inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use, and hot running water)

Characteristic		Total			White		Nonwhite			
	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	
CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES										
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Not dilapidated; With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water	14.5	29.5	7.1	13.3	27.5	6.6	22.5	39.8	11.0	
With private flush toilet, no private bath	11.4	16.3	8.9	12.0	17.7	9.3	7.3	9.3	6.0	
With running water, no private flush toilet	51.3	27.8	63,0	54.7	31.1	65.7	29.7	10.6	42.6	
No running water inside the structure	4.1	7.2	2.5	4.4	8.1	2.7	1.9	3.0	1.2	
Dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet,]					
hot and cold running water	4,8	5.4	3,7	4.0	4.7	3.6	6,2	9.2	4.2	
no hot running water	2.6	3.9	1.9 2.5	1.6 2.0	2.1	1.4	8.7 6.8	13.3	5.7 6.4	
With running water, no private flush toilet	2.6 6.1	3.5	7.4	5.1	2.0 3.4	6.0	12.3	4.2	17.7	
No running water inside the structure	2.4	8.6	2.3	2.2	8.7	8.0	3.6	2.4	4.4	
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.9	
CONDITION BY NUMBER OF FLUMBING FACILITIES										
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Not dilapidated: Lacking 1 facility	21.0	\$8,1	12.6	20.5	87.4	12.5	24.5	41.8	13.0	
Lacking 2 facilities Lacking 3 facilities	47.4 12.9	25.6 17.1	58.2 10.8	50.8 18.1	27.7 19.2	61.6 10.3	25.5 11.5	14.7 6.2	32.7 15.0	
Dilapidated; With all facilities	4.3	5.4	8.7	4.0	4.7	8.6	6.2	9.2	4.2	
Lacking 1 facility	3.0	4.5	8.3 5.8	2.1	2.5	1.8	9.2 10.1	18.8	6.1 1147	
Lacking 2 facilities Lacking 3 facilities	5.0 5.6	5.1	5.9	4.6	4.9	4.5	12.1	5.6	16.4	
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.7	0,8	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.9	
NUMBER OF DWELLING UNITS IN STRUCTURE					-					
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
1 dwelling unit 2 to 4 dwelling units 5 or more dwelling units	58.2 51.2 50.6	75.0 20,9 4.1	20.1 36.3 43.6	36.5 31.1 32.4	78.4 21.9 4.7	19,8 35,3 45,5		83.1 15.5 1.4	27.2 43.2 29.6	

Table 2.--CONTRACT AND GROSS RENT OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY COLOR OF OCCUPANTS, FOR OMAHA, NEBRASKA: 1950

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

					1		
Monthly rent	Total	White	Nonwhite	Monthly rent	Total	White	Nonwhite
			·				
Total number renter-occupied	8,886	7,829	1,067	FURNITURE IN RENT	100.0	100.0	100.0
substandard dwelling units	0,000			Total	100.0	T00.0	100.0
Percent of total	100.0	88.1	11.9	Furniture included in contract rent	47.8	50.4	28,5
				Furniture not included in contract	42.0	89.9	57.1
MONTHLY CONTRACT RENT				Not reported	10.8	9.7	14.4
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	MONTHLY GROSS RENT			
100421111111111111111111111111111111111				Total	100.0	100.0	100.0
\$9 or less	4.2	4.2	8.8			1.7	1.4
\$10 to \$14	5.7	5.2	9,2		1.7		1.2
\$15 to \$19	8.6	7.9	13.7		2.4	2.6 5.0	6.3
\$20 to \$24	11.8	10.5	21.2	\$15 to \$19	5.2	10.9	14.8
\$25 to \$29	11.9	11.2	17.3	\$20 to \$24	11.4		18.7
				\$25 to \$29	12.7	11.8	17.2
\$30 to \$34	13.9	14.1	12.6	\$30 to \$34,	17.4		12.7
\$35 to \$39	11.8	12.1			13.5	13.6	15.4
\$40 to \$49	19.5		9.8	\$40 to \$49	19.6	11.6	5.9
\$50 or more	10.8			\$50 or more	11.0		6.4
Not reported	1.8	1.7	2.1	Not reported	5.2	5.0	

Table 3.--CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY GROSS RENT, FOR OMAMA, NEBRASKA: 1950

		Monthly gross rent									
Condition and plumbing facilities	Total	\$19 or less	\$20 to \$24	\$25 to \$29	\$30 to \$34	\$35 to \$39	\$40 to \$49	\$50 or more	Not reported		
Total number renter-occupied substandard dwelling units	8,886	825	1,011	1,125	1,550	1,201	1,738	974	462		
Percent of total	. 100.0	9,3	11.4	12.7	17,4	13.5	19,6	11.0	5.2		
Not dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	7.1 8.9 63.0 2.5	0.3 0.6 4.9 0.8	0.3 0.9 7.6 0.5	1.0 1.3 7.3 0.2	1.0 1.4 12.0 0.4	1.3 1.1 8.8 -	1.7 2.0 12.9 0.2	1.3 1.0 6.9 0.1	0.2 0.7 2.6 0.4		
 Dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, hot and cold running water With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure 	3.7 1.9 2.5 7.4 2.3	0.4 (1) 0.3 1.1 1.0	0.2 0.1 0.3 1.2 0.3	0.3 0.2 0.6 1.5 0.2	0.6 0.3 0.4 1.0 0.3	0.5 0.4 0.3 0.8 0.1	0.9 0.5 0.4 0.8 (1)	0.7 0.1 0.2 0.5 0.1	0.2 0.2 0.1 0.4 0.3		
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	0.7	(1)	_	0.2	(1)	0.3	0.1	(1)	0,1		

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

¹ Less than 0.05 percent.

Table 3a.--CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY GROSS RENT, FOR WHITE HOUSEHOLDS, FOR OMAHA, NEBRASKA: 1950

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

		Monthly gross rent									
Condition and plumbing facilities	Total	\$19 or less	\$20 to \$24	\$25 to \$29	\$30 to \$34	\$35 to \$39	\$40 to \$49	\$50 or more	Not reported		
Total number renter-occupied substandard dwelling units	7,829	731	855	927	1,368	1,067	1,575	912	394		
Percent of total	100.0	9,8	10.9	11.8	17.5	13.6	20,1	11.6	5,0		
Not dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	9.3	0.3 0.6 5.2 0.8	0.3 0.9 7.6 0.5	0.9 1.3 7.0 0.3	0.9 1.4 12.6 0.4	1.2 1.1 9.3	1.6 2.1 13.7 0.2	1.3 1.1 7.5 0.1	0.2 0.7 2.7 0.5		
Dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, hot and cold running water With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	2.0 6.0	0.4 - 0.3 1.0 0.8	0.2 0.1 0.1 1.0 0.2	0.2 0.1 0.5 1.2 0.1	0.7 0.2 0.3 0.8 0.3	0.5 0.3 0.2 0.6 0.1	0.9 0.5 0.4 0.7 -	0.7 0.1 0.2 0.5 0.1	0.1 0.1 0.3 0.3		
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities.	0.7			0.2		0.3	0.1		0,1		

Table 3b.--CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY GROSS RENT, FOR NONWHITE HOUSEHOLDS, FOR OMAHA, NEBRASKA: 1950

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(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

			·····	an an traite an the second	Monthly ,	troas ren	t.		
Condition and plumbing facilities	Total	\$19 or less	\$20 to \$24	\$25 to \$29	\$30 to \$34	\$35 to \$39	\$40 to \$49	\$50 or more	Not reported
Total number renter-occupied substandard dwelling units	1,057	94	156	198	182	134	163	62	68
Percent of total	100.0	8.9	14,8	18.7	17.2	12.7	15.4	5,9	6.4
Not dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	11.0 6.0 42.6 1.2	0.4 0.3 2,6 0.6	0.9 0.7 7.6 0.4	1.2 0.9 9.5 0.1	2.0 1.1 7.9 0.1	2.4 0.8 4.6	2.6 1.8 6.9	1.0 0.5 1.9	0.6 0.4 1.6 0.1
Dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, hot and cold running water With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	4.2 5,7 6.4 17.7 4.4	0.1 0.2 0.4 2.0 2.3	0.2 0.2 1.8 2.7 0.9	0.7 0.6 1.6 3.4 0.4	0.5 0.9 1.5 2.8 0.3	0.5 0.9 0.8 2.4 0.2	0.8 1,1 0.5 2.2 0.1	0.7 0.6 0.2 0.9	0.9 1.1 0.2 1.2 0.4
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	0.9	0.1	-	0.4	0.1	0.2	-	0.1	-

Table 4.---CHARACTERISTICS OF FAMILIES IN SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY TENURE AND COLOR, FOR OMAHA, NEBRASKA: 1950

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

Characteristic		Total			White			Nonwhite	·
	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter
Total number of families	10,271	3,653	6,618	8,876	3,031	5,845	1,895	622	773
Percent of total	100.0	85.6	64.4	86.4	29.5	56.9	18.6	6.1	7.5
TYPE OF FAMILY									
Total	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Primary family Secondary family	98.9 1.1	98.7 1.3	99.1 0.9	99.5 0.5	99.7 0.3	99.4 0.6	95.6 4.4	94.2 5.8	96.6 3.4
NUMBER OF PERSONS IN FAMILY									1
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2 persons 3 persons 4 persons	43.7 24.0 14.9	36.7 20.9 16.6	47.6 25.7 14.0	48.9 24.7 15.2	36.8 21.5 17.4	47.6 26.3 14.0	42.4 19.8 13.2	36.3 17.8 12.4	47,2 21.3 13.8
5 persons, 6 persons,	8.4 4.0	11.1 6.0	7.0 2.9	8.3 3.7	11.3 5.6	6.8 2.7	8.9 5.8	10.0 7.6	8.0 4.4
7 persons 8 persons or more	2.2 2.8	4.0 4.8	1.2 1.7	1.9 2.3	3.6 3.8	1.1 1.5	3.6 6.4	5.8 10.1	1.8 3.4
NUMBER OF PERSONS PER ROOM IN DWELLING UNIT									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
0.50 or less 0.51 to 0.75 0.76 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 to 2.00 2.01 or more Not reported	13.7 20.6 34.3 17.0 10.1 3.9 0.4	27.2 24.5 23.3 16.2 6.3 2.2 0.3	6.2 18.5 40.3 17.4 12.2 4.9 0.5	18.2 20.8 34.7 16.7 10.3 4.0 0.4	27.4 24.6 23.4 15.7 6.8 2.4 0.2	5.9 18.8 40.6 17.2 12.3 4.8 0.4	16.7 19.5 91.3 18.9 9.2 3.7 0.8	26.2 23.8 22.8 18.6 6.1 1.3 1.1	9.1 16.0 38.0 19.1 11.6 5.6 0.5
NUMBER OF MINORS IN FAMILY		0.5	0.0	0.4		0.4			
	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No minors 1 minor 2 minors 3 minors 4 minors	48.0 22.1 15.0 7.6 3.1	47.3 16.3 15.7 9.7 4.1	48.4 25.3 14.7 6.4 8.6	48.5 22.7 15.1 7.5 2.9	47.9 16.4 16.2 9.9 3.9	48.8 25.9 14.5 6.2 2.4	45.2 18.4 14.8 8.1 4.5	44.4 15.8 12.9 8.8 5.0	45.9 20.6 16.3 7.5 4.1
5 minors 6 minors or more	2.4 1.8	3.9 3.0	1.6	2.2 2.2 1.3	3.6 2.1	1.4 0.9	3.8 5.2	5.3 7.9	2.6 3.0

Table 4a.--INCOME IN 1949 OF PRIMARY FAMILIES IN SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY NUMBER OF MINORS, TENURE, AND COLOR, FOR OMAHA, NEBRASKA: 1950

							Nonwhite Total Owner 1,333 586 13.1 5.8 100.0 100.0 17.4 15.4 7.6 6.4 11.4 11.5 10.3 9.6 6.7 6.4 9.5 8.3 4.1 3.2 9.4 18.2 3.1 4.5 2.0 2.6 7.6 9.0 46.2 50.0 7.8 9.0 2.3 2.6 2.5 2.6 3.3 3.8 6.1 7.7 4.5 5.1 3.3 1.9 6.0 6.4 1.1 - 4.5 5.1 3.3 1.9 6.0 6.4 1.1 - 4.5 5.1 1.2 1.3 2.8 3.2 3.1		
Family income by number of minors		Total			White			Nonwhite	
	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter
Total number of primary families	10,163	3,607	6,556	8,830	3,021	5,809	1 999	596	
									717
Percent of total	100.0	35.5	64.5	86.9	29.7	57.2	13.1	5.8	7.4
Tota1	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.5
\$999 or less	11.9	13.0	11.2 5.2	11.0 4.4	12.5 3.6	10.3			19.5
\$1,000 to \$1,249 \$1,250 to \$1,499	4.8 2.9	4.1 2.6	3.0	2.5	2.2	4.8 2.7			8,5 5,6
\$1,500 to \$1,749	4.4	4.8	4.5	4.2	3.8	4.5			5.5
\$1,750 to \$1,999	5.3	4.5	5,8	4,4	3.1	5,1	11.4	11.5	11.3
\$2,000 to \$2,249	9.1	8.0	9.6	8.9	7.7	9.5			10.9
\$2,250 to \$2,499	6.2	5.8	6.4	6.1	5.7	6.3			6,9
\$2,500 to \$2,749 \$2,750 to \$2,999	8.3 5.7	8.4	8.3 5.8	8.2 6.0	8.4 6.2	8.0 5.9			10,5 4,9
	19.5	20.2	19.2	21.1	21.8	20.7			
\$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999	8.4	8.9	8.1	9.2	9.8	8.8			7,5 6,0
\$5,000 or more	6.4	8.9	5.1	7.1	10.1	5.5		2.6	1,6
Not reported	7.1	5.8	7.8	7.0	5.1	7.9	7.6	9.0	5,5
No minors	48.0	48.1	48.0	48.3	47.7	48,6			<u></u>
\$999 or less \$1,000 to \$1,249	7.5	10.1	6.1 2.3	7.6	10.3 1.9	6.2			6.7
\$1,000 to \$1,249 \$1,250 to \$1,499	2.2 1.2	2.0 1.4	1.1	2.2	1.2	2.3			2,0 5,4
\$1,500 to \$1,749	2.4	2.3	2.4	2.2	2.1	2.3			
\$1,750 to \$1,999	3.0	2.8	3.2	2.6	1.9	2.9			1.5
\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499	4.1 2.7	4.0 2.5	4.1 2.8	4.0 2.6	3.8 2.6	4.1 2.6			4.0 4.4
\$2,500 to \$2,7499	3.5	3.2	3.6	3.1	2.6	3.4			5.5
\$2,750 to \$2,999	2.4	2.0	8.7	2.6	2.4	2.8		-	2,5
\$3,000 to \$3,999	8,2	7.9	8,4	8,8	8.4	9.0	4.5	5,1	4,0
\$4,000 to \$4,999	3.8	3.1	4.2	4.2	3.4	4.5			1.2
\$5,000 or more	9.1 3.9	3.7 3.1	2.7 4.3	3.3 4.0	4.1 3.1	2.9 4.5			1.1
Not reported									
One minor \$999 or less	21.7	15.7 1.3	24.9	22.7 1.9	16.5	25.9 2.3			<u>111</u> 16
\$1,000 to \$1,249	0.9	0.4	ĩ.1	0.8	0.3	1.0			£4 ,
\$1,250 to \$1,499	0.8	0.6	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.9		-	1.5
\$1,500 to \$1,749 \$1,750 to \$1,999	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.0	0.9	1.1	1.9	0.6	니 대
							0.7		1 1
\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499	2.4 1.2	1.6 0.5	2.9 1.6	2.7 1.2	1.9	3.1 1.7	1.0	1.3	14
\$2,500 to \$2,749	2.2	2.4	2.0	2.5	2.9	2.2	0.2		0.4
\$2,750 to \$2,999	1.5	0.8	1.9	1.6	0.9	2.1	0.7	0.6	35
\$3,000 to \$3,999	4.7	3.4	5.4	5.2	3.8	6.0	1.0	1.3	0.5
\$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 or more	1.6	1.5	1.7	1.7	1.5	1.8	1.0 0.5	1.3	0,6 0,4
Not reported	1.0 1.2	1.3	0.9 1.5	1.1	1.4 0.3	1.0 1.6	1.0	1.9	0.8
Two minors	15.5	15.8	15.3	15.1	16.3	14.5	.17.9	13.5	E.4
\$999 or less	1.4	1.1	1.6	0.9	0.9	1.0	4.7	2.6	3.5
\$1,000 to \$1,249	1.0	1.2	1.0	0.8	1.0	0.7	2.4	1.9	0.5
\$1,250 to \$1,499	0.5	0.4	0.7	0.4	0.2	0,5	1.5	1.3	1.4
\$1,500 to \$1,749	0.6	0.3	0.7	0.6	0.3	0.7	0.5	0.6	8,9 2,4
\$1,750 to \$1,999	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.5	0.7	0.4	1.6	1.3	2,9
\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499	1.1	0.8	1.3 1.2	1.0	0.7	1.2	0.8	1.3	0.4
\$2,500 to \$2,749	1.3	0.9	1.5	1.4	1.0	1.6	0.5	-	1
\$2,750 to \$2,999	0.8	1.6	0.3	0.7	1.5	0.3	1.3	1.9	0 . 8
\$3,000 to \$3,999	3.7	3.8	3.6	4.1	4.3	4.0	0.8	1.3	0,4
\$4,000 to \$4,999	1.2	1.6	0.9	1.3	1.9	1.1	0.2	0.6	
\$5,000 or more Not reported	1.1 0.8	1.4	0.9	1.2	1.5	1.0	0.3		2,0
• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	I	N 0.0		II 0.0				n	•

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

Table 4a.--INCOME IN 1949 OF PRIMARY FAMILIES IN SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY NUMBER OF MINORS, TENURE, AND COLOR, FOR OMAHA, NEBRASKA: 1950--Con.

Family income by		Total.			White			Nonwhite	
number of minors	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter
Three or four minors	10,8	13.6	9.2	10.4	13.9	8,7	12.8	12.2	13.3
999 or less	0.6	0.2	0.8	0.5	0.2	0,6	1.6	0.6	2.4
\$1,000 to \$1,249	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.2	0.5	1.2	1.3	1.2
1,250 to \$1,499 1,500 to \$1,749	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.7	0.6	0.8
1,750 to \$1,999	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.6	0.4
	v. 1			··· ·			0.0	0.0	0.2
\$2,000 to \$2,249	0.9	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.9	0.7	£.0	1.9	2.0
\$2,250 to \$2,499	0.8	1.1	0.6	0.8	1.0	0.6	1.0	1.3	0.8
\$2,500 to \$2,749	1.1	1.3	1.0	1.0	1.5	0.7	1,6	-	2,8
\$2,750 to \$2,999	0.9	1.1	0.7	0.9	1.2	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.8
3,000 to \$ 3,999	8.0	3.4	1.2	2.1	3.6	1.2	1.8	2.6	1.2
4,000 to \$4,999	1.3	2.1	0.9	1.5	2.2	1.1	0.6	1.3	
\$5,000 or more	0.9	1.4	0.6	1.0	1.7	0.6	0,0		_
Not reported	0 . 8	0.8	0.9	0.8	0.7	0,9	1.0	1.3	0.8
5 minors or more	4.1	6.8	2.6	3.5	5.7	2.3	8.1	12.8	4.4
\$999 or less	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	_	0.2	0.6	1.3	
\$1,000 to \$1,249	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	-		-
1,250 to \$1,499	-	-			_	-	-	-	-
\$1,500 to \$1,749	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.6	-
1,750 to \$1,999	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.1	-	0.1	1.3	1.9	0.8
10 000 to 10 0/0					0.5	0.4	1.0	1.3	0.8
\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499	0.5	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.1	1.0 0.5	0.6	0.4
2,250 to \$2,499	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.1	1.3	1.9	0,5
2,750 to \$2,999	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.8	0.1	0.2	***	0.4
		,	~•#	3.					
\$3,000 to \$3, 999	0.9	1.7	0.5	0.9	1.7	0.4	1.3	1.9	0.8
\$4,000 to \$4,999	0.4	0.7	0.3	0,5	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.6	-
\$5,000 or more	0.4	1.1	-	0.5	1.4	-	-	-	-
Not reported	0.3	0.6	0.2	S*0	0,2	0.2	1.4	2.6	0.4

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

Table 5.--RENT AS PERCENT OF INCOME BY FAMILY INCOME IN 1949 OF PRIMARY FAMILIES WITH NO SUBFAMILY OR SECONDARY FAMILY IN RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY PRESENCE OF MINORS AND COLOR, FOR OMAHA, NEBRASKA: 1950

Nonwhite White Total Gross rent as percent of income by family income With No With No With No Total Total Total minors minors minors minors minors minors 2,798 2,886 711 807 404 3,290 5,684 6,395 3,105 Number of families..... 43.8 45.1 11.1 4.8 100.0 48.6 51.4 88,9 5.3 Percent of total..... 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 Total..... 100.0 100.0 12.7 12.1 14.2 16.5 12.0 12.3 11.8 16.0 14.0 9 percent or less..... 20.2 25.7 15.7 19.6 12.7 10 percent to 14 percent..... 20.1 24.1 23.0 22.2 15 percent to 19 percent..... 17.7 19.5 18.8 17.0 20.5 17.4 23,5 12,7 18.6 10.5 10.6 10,4 12.3 10.8 13.4 20 percent to 24 percent..... 10.7 10.6 10.8 7.6 25 percent to 29 percent..... 7.7 8.0 7.5 7.7 8.0 7.5 7.8 7.5 9.7 30 percent to 34 percent..... 4.3 3.3 5.1 3.8 3.1 4.5 4.9 9.5 20,1 35 percent or more..... 10.8 12.0 16.1 10.8 11,4 11.9 10.8 12.6 9.9 11.0 10.8 11.2 11.2 Not reported..... 11.2 12.4 10.0 30.1 36.6 18.9 21.6 \$1,499 or less..... 18.3 19.2 17.6 16.9 14.9 3.3 2.5 4.7 2.9 6.0 9 percent or less..... 3.3 2.9 2.9 3.1 0.2 0.7 10 percent to 14 percent..... 15 percent to 19 percent..... 0.3 0.2 0.4 0.3 0.4 0.4 0.4 0.2 0.5 0.7 0.2 0.5 2.1 2.9 1.5 1.3 1.7 0.9 20 percent to 24 percent..... 1.4 1.8 1.0 1.9 1.7 1.6 2.1 2.0 2.2 25 percent to 29 percent..... 1.5 1.4 30 percent to 34 percent..... 1.9 5.5 2.9 7.5 2.1 2.0 2.2 1.6 1.4 35 percent or more..... 9.8 7.9 17.9 8.8 14.8 9.5 9.9 9.1 10.8 10.3 9.2 9,6 10.7 8.4 15.7 16,7 11.3 14.9 \$1,500 to \$1,999..... 9 percent or less..... 0.2 0.4 0.2 0.4 0.4 1.0 10 percent to 14 percent..... 0.9 1.1 0.7 0.8 1.1 0.5 1.7 1.0 2.2 15 percent to 19 percent. 1.7 3.4 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.7 1.8 3.9 8.0 20 percent to 24 percent..... 2.6 2.4 2.7 2.1 2.2 1.8 4.2 3,9 4.5 25 percent to 29 percent..... 2.6 3,5 1.7 2.5 3.3 1.6 3.4 4.9 2.2 30 percent to 34 percent..... 1.1 0.7 1.5 1.1 0.6 1.6 1.3 2.0 0.7 35 percent or more..... 1.1 1,1 1.0 1.2 1.1 1.1 1.3 2.2 •• \$2,000 to \$2,499..... 15.3 13.8 16.8 14.9 13.1 16.7 18.2 19.6 17.2 0.5 9 percent or less..... 0.5 0.5 0.6 0.6 2,2 0.4 1.3 10 percent to 14 percent..... 2.6 2.2 3.0 2.5 1.9 3.1 3.4 4.9 2.2 15 percent to 19 percent..... 5.0 3.6 6.3 4.6 2,6 6,5 8.5 12.7 5,2 20 percent to 24 percent..... 3.7 4.2 3.1 3.7 4.4 8.1 3.0 2.0 8.7 25 percent to 29 percent..... 2.1 1.8 2.3 2.2 2.0 2.3 1.9 2.2 30 percent to 34 percent..... 35 percent or more..... 0.9 0.7 1.1 0.9 0.7 1.1 0.8 ... 1.5 0.6 0.8 0.8 0.6 0.9 0.4 -\$2,500 to \$2,999..... 13.9 13.0 14.8 13.8 12,4 15.1 15.3 18.6 12.7 9 percent or less..... 1.5 2,1 0.8 1.4 2.0 2.1 2.9 1.5 0.7 10 percent to 14 percent..... 4.5 4.1 4.8 4.3 9.7 7.8 4.5 4.8 5.9 15 percent to 19 percent..... 5.4 5.4 5.3 5.6 5.4 5.7 3.8 5.9 2.2 20 percent to 24 percent..... 1.6 0,9 2.2 1,5 0.9 2.0 2.5 1.0 8,7 25 percent to 29 percent..... 1.0 0.3 1.7 1.0 0.2 1.8 0.8 1.0 0.7 30 percent to 34 percent..... 35 percent or more..... 0.1 0.2 -0.1 0.2 -----\$3,000 or over..... 31.0 30.8 31.6 33.6 32.2 35,0 12.7 7.5 9.7 9 percent or less..... 8.7 9.7 7.8 9.3 10.2 8.4 3,8 4.9 3.0 10 percent to 14 percent..... 13.9 12.6 15.2 15.1 13.3 16.9 4.2 5.9 \$.0 15 percent to 19 percent..... 5.9 6.1 5.7 6.5 6.7 6.3 1.3 1.0 1,5 20 percent to 24 percent..... 1.7 0.9 2.4 1.8 0.9 2.7 0.4 1.0 25 percent to 29 percent..... 0.6 1.0 0.2 0.6 1.1 0.2 -30 percent to 34 percent..... 0.2 0.3 0.2 0.4 . ---35 percent or more..... 0.1 0.2 0.1 -0.2 -Not reporting income or rent 11.2 12.4 10.0 11.2 12.6 9.8 11.0 10.8 11.2

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

1950 CENSUS OF HOUSING

SPECIAL TABULATIONS FOR LOCAL HOUSING AUTHORITIES

December 28, 1950

Washington 25, D. C.

Series HC-6,

DURHAM, NORTH CAROLINA: APRIL 1950

This report is based on a transcription and tabulation of data from the 1950 Census of Population and Housing. The statistics relate to dwelling units considered substandard by the Public Housing Administration, in accordance with the contract for these statistics between the Bureau of the Census and the Housing Authority of the City of Durham, North Carolina.

A dwelling unit is considered substandard by the Public Housing Administration if it is either dilapidated or does not have the following plumbing facilities: flush toilet and bath inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use, and hot running water. The Public Housing Administration considers the absence of hot running water to be evidence generally of poor quality of the dwelling unit, but there may be some localities in which the absence of hot running water is not deemed to be a sufficient indication by itself of poor quality. In such localities, a revised count of substandard units may be obtained from table 1 by subtracting from the total the units which lack hot water only. If it is desired to eliminate the units lacking hot water only from the total count of substandard units, the distributions shown in the s tables will not be materially affected.

The criteria used to define substandard units in these tabulations are not identical with the housing characteristics included in the published reports from the 1940 Census. Therefore, any comparison of data in this report with the 1940 results must be made with extreme care. A direct comparison cannot be made with the 1940 results because information on hot running water was not collected at that time. Further, the 1940 data on condition were collected showing dwelling units "needing major repairs," whereas in 1950 data on condition were collected showing units as "dilapidated." Because the definitions of these two terms differ significantly, the 1940 count of dwelling units needing major re-

40---

pairs and the 1950 count of dilapidate units are comparable only in a generation of the second seco

In addition to the number of units shown in the tables, there were units for which there was no report condition or the presence of one of facilities. Had there been complete on these items, some additional unit; been found to be substandard.

The data are presented in the set tached tables. In table 1 the struoccupancy characteristics are shown : standard dwelling units. Table 2 shpaid for renter-occupied substandard 3 shows the condition and plumbing of these same units. Table 4 sho acteristics of all families (both secondary) living in the substan Table 4a classifies the primary fami ily income. Table 5 classifies prim with no subfamily or secondary fami by rent as a percent of family incom

DEFINITIONS

The definitions used in this special tabulation are generally the same as those used in the 1950 Census of Population and Housing. Some of the more important definitions are given below.

<u>Dwelling unit.--In general</u>, a dwelling unit is a group of rooms or a single room, occupied, or intended for occupancy, as separate living quarters by a family or other group of persons living together or by a person living alone. 2

<u>Primary family</u>.--A primary family consists of two or more persons including the head of the household and all (one or more) persons in the household who are related to the head by blood, marriage, or adoption. It may include a subfamily consisting of a married couple with or without children, or one parent with one or more children under 18 years of age, living in the household and related to but not including the head of the household or his wife. The subfamily is considered a part of the primary family for all tabulation purposes.

Secondary family.--A secondary family consists of two or more persons, such as a lodger or servant and his relatives, living in a household and related to each other but not related to the household head. The secondary family is considered a separate family for tabulation purposes.

<u>Minor</u>.--A minor is an unmarried person under 21 years of age other than the head of a family or his wife.

Dilapidation.--A dwelling unit is considered to be dilapidated when it has serious deficiencies, is rundown or neglected, or is of inadequate original construction, so that it does not provide adequate shelter or protection against the elements or it endangers the safety of the occupants.

Plumbing facilities.--The following are the three plumbing facilities tabulated:

1. Flush toilet inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use:

2. Installed bathtub or shower inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use; and

3. Hot and cold running water inside the structure.

Exclusive use.--Equipment is for "exclusive use" if it is used only by the occupants of one dwelling unit.

Shared .--- Equipment is "shared" when occupants of two or more units use the same equipment.

Family income.--Family income is the sum of the income received during 1949, by all members of the family. The following items were asked separately for the head of the family and for all other members of the family combined: 1. The amount of money wages or salary received in 1949:

2. The amount of net money income received from self-employment in 1949; and

3. The amount of other money income received in 1949, such as interest, dividends, veterans' allowances, pensions, or rents.

Gross rent. -- Monthly gross rent is contract rent plus the reported average monthly cost of water, electricity, gas, and other fuel paid for by the renter. If furniture is included in the contract rent, the reported estimated rent of the dwelling unit without furniture is used for the computation instead of the contract rent.

SOURCE AND RELIABILITY OF THE DATA

The figures shown in this report are based on the transcribed data for all white-occupied substandard dwelling units and about one-fifth of the nonwhite-occupied substandard units. The income distributions for both white families and nonwhite families were prepared from data collected on a sample basis since, in the 1950 Oensus, only one family in five was asked to report family income. The transcribed data were supplemented by an actual count of the total number of nonwhite-occupied substandard units, even though the housing, family, and income distributions were based on a sample.

Although some of the figures in the tables are based on the same data as the forthooning 1950 Census tabulations, they may differ from those to be published as part of the Census. The present tables were obtained by tabulating directly the data as transcribed in the field offices of the Census Bureau and the figures, therefore, do not include all of the refinements that result from a careful examination of the schedules.

In addition, the data are subject to other biases due to errors of response and to nonreporting which cannot be corrected in editing. Factors affecting accuracy of reporting are the respondent's knowledge of the facts and the ability of the enumerator to obtain accurate information on such items as income, rent, dilapidation, and plumbing facilities. The regular 1950 tabulations are also subject to these biases.

Reliability of Estimates

Because of sampling variability, income data for white families and all data for total and for nonwhite households may differ from the figures that would have been obtained from a complete count. (The numbers of occupied dwelling units, by race of occupant, are complete counts which are not subject to sampling variations.) The reliability estimates which follow give approximate measures of the sampling errors to be expected in these sample data.

Reliability of percentages.--The allowance to be made for sampling variation in a percentage depends, in general, both on the value of the percentages and the size of the base on which it is determined. If two percentages are of the same magnitude, the one based on a large number

of cases in the sample is, in general, less variable than the one based on a small number of sample cases.

Estimates of reliability are shown in the following table for percentages with bases of dwelling units or families of the specified types. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the differences due to sampling variability between the percentages obtained from the sample and the percentages which would have been obtained from a complete census would be less than the sampling error shown below.

To illustrate, for a figure of 10 percent based on nonwhite primary families living in substandard renter dwelling units, the sampling variability is 2.1 percent; the chances are about 19 out of 20 that the percentage obtained by a complete census would have been between 7.9 percent and 12.1 percent.

The sampling veriability of a specified percentage of total families or dwelling units with designated characteristics, tables 1 through 4, will vary according to the proportion of nonwhite families or honwhite-occupied units making up this percentage. The maximum sampling error to be expected of such a figure would occur when only nonwhite data are included. If the percentage includes only white data, no sampling error is present.

Percentage shown	All nonwhite occupied		All prim		ies in sub ng units	standard		family of	All primary families w: family or secondary i sent, in substandard re		
in table	substandard dwelling	То	tal	Wh	ite	Nonw	hite		Na	With	
	units	Owner	Renter	Owner	Renter	Owner	Renter	Total	minors	minors	
0,5	0.4	0.7	0.4	0.9	0.6	1.1	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.5	
1.0	0.6	1.0	0,5	1.3	0.8	1.6	0,7	0.5	0,9	0.7	
2.0	0.8	1.4	0.7	1,9	1.1.	2.3	1.0	0.8	1.2	1.0	
3.0	1.0	1.8	0.9	2.3	1.8	2.8	1.2	0.9	1.5	1.2	
4.0	1.2	2.0	1.0	2.6	1.5	8.8	1.4	1.1	1.7	1.4	
5.0	1.3	2.3	1.1	8.9	1.7	3.5	1.5	1.2	1.9	1.5	
10.0	1.8	3.1	1.6	4.0	2.3	4.9	2.1	1.7	2.7	2.1	
15.0	2.1	3.7	1,9	4.8	2.8	5.8	8.5	2.0	3.2	2.5	
20.0	2.3	4.1	2.1	5.4	8.1	6.5	2.8	8.2	3.6	2,8	
25.0	2.5	4.5	2.3	5.8	8.4	7.0	8.0	8.4	3.9	8.0	
30.0	2.7	4.7	2.4	6.2	S.6	7.4	3.2	2.5	4.1	3.2	
40.0	2.8	51	ຂ,5	6.6	3.8	8.0	3.4	8.7	4.4	3.4	
50.0	2,9	5.2	2.6	6.7	8.9	8.1	3.5	8.8	4.5	3.5	

Reliability of absolute figures.--The approximate sampling variability of the absolute figures for nonwhite households, tables 1 through 5, is shown below. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the differences between the numbers shown in the tables and the numbers that would have been obtained from a complete census would be less than the sampling errors which follow.

Size of absolute figure	Sampling Variability ¹	Size of absolute figure	Sampling variability ¹
100	40	2,000	145
250	65	2,500	145
500	85	3,000	145
750	105	3,500	135
1,000	115	4,000	115
1,500	185	4,500	85

¹ Applies to nonwhite families and nonwhite-occupied units, tables 1 through 5.

The following is the approximate sampling variability of the absolute figures for white

41.000

families, table 5. (All other absolute figures for white households represent complete counts and are not subject to sampling variations.) The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the differences between the estimates and the figures that would have been obtained from a complete census would be less than the sampling errors shown below.

Classification	Absolute figures for white fami- lies, table 5	Sampling variability
Total		58
No minors	1,004 1,446	100 103

Reliability of differences.--The estimates of sampling variability in the above tables are not directly applicable to differences obtained by subtracting one figure from another. The sampling variability in an observed difference between two figures depends on the sampling variability of each of the figures and the correlation between them.

Table 1.--STRUCTURAL AND OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS, CONDITION, AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY TENURE AND COLOR OF OCCUPANTS, FOR DURHAN, NORTH CAROLINA: 1950

(A substandard dwelling unit is defined by the Public Housing Administration as a unit which is either dilapidated or does not have all of the following plumbing facilities: fluch toilet and bath inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use. and hot running water)

		Total			White	_	}	ionwh i te	
Characteristic	Total.	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter
Total number occupied substandard dwelling units	9,050	1,840	7,210	4,059	1,044	3,015	4,991	796	4,195
Percent of total	100,0	20.3	79.7	44,9	11.5	33.3	55.1	8,8	46,4
NUMBER OF ROOMS									
Tota1	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0
<pre>1 room 2 rooms 3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms 7 rooms 8 rooms or more Not reported</pre>	3.1 20.3 34.9 21.0 11.9 5.6 1.5 1.0 0.7	1.0 3.9 16.9 33.2 24.8 12.6 4.0 2.7 1.0	3.6 24.5 39.5 17.9 8.6 3.8 0.9 0.5 0.6	4.5 18.6 27.9 22.1 15.1 8.2 2.0 1.2 0.5	1.3 5.4 19.6 26.9 24.3 15.0 3.9 2.8 0.7	5.6 23.1 30.7 20.4 11.9 5.8 1.3 0.7 0.5	1.9 21.8 40.7 20.2 9.4 3.4 1.2 0.7 0.7	0.7 2.0 13.8 41.3 25.9 9.3 4.0 2.7 1.3	2.1 25.5 45.9 16.2 6.3 2.5 0.4 0.4
CONDITION									
Total	100.0	1.00.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Not dilapidated Dilapidated Not reported	61.9 36.7 1.4	73.7 24.5 1.8	58.9 39.8 1.3	71.1 28.0 0.9	75.5 23.9 0.6	69.6 29.4 1.1	54.4 43.7 1.8	71.3 25.3 3.3	51,8 47,3 1,5
WATER SUPPLY									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Hot and cold piped running water inside structure. Only cold piped running water inside structure No piped running water inside structure Not reported	16.3 80.6 3.1 (¹)	20.0 75.2 4.8 0.1	15.4 81.9 2.6 (¹)	28.4 70.3 1.3 0.1	27.6 71.0 1.3 0.1	28.7 70.0 1.2 0.1	6.5 88,9 4.6	10.0 80,7 9,3	5.6 90.3 5.1
TOILET FACILITIES			•						
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Flush toilet inside structure, exclusive use Flush toilet inside structure, shared Other toilet facilities (including privy) Not reportedP	42.0 23.8 33.8 0.3	61.1 15.8 23.1 0.1	87.1 25.8 86.6 0.5	50.4 42.2 7.2 0.2	64.5 26.8 8.6 0.1	45.5 47.5 6.8 0.3	85,2 8,8 55,4 0,5		31,1 10,4 38,0 0,4
BATHING FACILITIES									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0
Installed bathtub or shower inside structure, exclusive use Installed bathtub or shower inside structure.	21.2	34,9	17.7	33.4	44.7	29.4	11.9	22.0	9,9
shared Other or none Not reported	17.7 60.7 0.4	13.1 51.4 0.6	18.9 63.1 0.8	35.6 80.6 0.4	23.0 32.2 -	40.0 30.0 0,5	8.2 85.2 0.3	- 76.7 .1.9	3.6 86.9 0.1
NUMBER OF PERSONS									100.0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0
1 persons. 2 persons. 3 persons. 4 persons. 5 persons. 6 persons. 7 persons. 8 persons. 9 persons or more.	10.6 26.4 19.4 16.6 10.7 6.4 4.5 2.1 3.3	10.7 23.7 20.2 16.2 11.3 7.1 4.4 2.1 4.3	10.5 27.1 19.2 16.7 10.5 6.2 4.6 2.1 8.0	10.4 29.8 22.0 17.1 10.3 5.1 2.6 1.7 1.6	10.7 26.5 20.9 15.3 12.3 6.4 3.2 2.2 2.5	10.2 80.1 22.4 17.7 9.7 4.6 2.5 1.6 1.3	10.9 24.1 17.3 16.8 10.9 7.4 6.1 8.4	20.0 19.3 17.3 10.0 8.0 6.0	24,9 16,9 18,1 11,1 7,8 6,1
NUMBER OF LODGERS									
TotalNone	100.0 87.0	100,0 87,1	100.0 87.0	100.0 92.8	100.0 91.0	100.0 98.4	100.0 82.4	100.0 82.0	100.0 62.4
<pre>1 or more lodgers ¹ Less than 0.05 percent.</pre>	13.0	12,9	13.0	7.2	9.0	6.6	17.6	18.0	17,6

¹ Less than 0.05 percent.

##-5° #14

Table 1.--STRUCTURAL AND OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS, CONDITION, AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY TENUKE AND COLOR OF OCCUPANTS, FOR DURHAM, NORTH GRACHINA: 1950--Con.

5

(A substandard dwelling unit is defined by the Public Housing Administration as a unit which is either dilapidated or does not have all of the following plumbing facilities: flush toilet and bath inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use, and hot running water)

obaurahau dad da		Total			White		١	lonwhite	
Characteristic	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter
CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Not dilapidated:									
With private bath and private flush toilet,	10.7	00 1	10.0	22.1	00.0	10 F	= 0	30.0	
no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath	12.7 14.7	22.1 21.0	10.9	11.8	29.8 15.1	19.5 10.6	5.0 17.0	12.0	3.7 14.8
With running water, no private flush toilet	32.4	86.9	38.8	86.4	89.7	88.7	29.1	29.3	30.2
No running water inside the structure	1.7	8,4	1,3	0,6	0.9	0,5	2.7	6.7	1.9
Dilapidated:		-		7-					
With private bath and private flush toilet, hot and cold running water With private bath and private flush toilet,	8.4	6.6	2.6	5.5	9.1	4.8	1.7	3,3	1.4
no hot running water	2.6	3.1	8.4	3.6	3.4	8.7	1.7	2.7	1,5
With private flush toilet, no private bath	7.9	6.9	8.2	6.6	6.6	6.8	9.0	7.3	9.4
With running water, no private flush toilet	21.3	6.2	25.1 1.3	11.4	4.4 0.5	13.9	29.3 1.9	8.7 8.7	53.2
No running water inside the structure	1.4	1.4	1 1	0.6	1 N N				1,8
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	8*0	2.3	1.9	1.4	0.6	1.6	8.6	4.7	2.1
CONDITION BY NUMBER OF PLUMBING FACILITIES				-		e e e			
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Not dilapidated:									
Lacking 1 facility	15.0	25.1	12.4	23.9	31.6	21.2	7.8	16.7	6.1
Lacking 2 facilities Lacking 3 facilities	28.5 23.9	28.7 19.5	20.9 25.1	28.7 18.8	29.8 14.1	28.4 19.6	17.4	27.3	15.5 29.0
	20.5		NUST			TD 40	~~~~	~~••	~~.0
Dilapidated: With all facilities	3.4	6.6	2.6	5.5	9.1	4.2	1.7	3.8	1.4
Lacking 1 facility	2.9	3.4	2.8	4.2	4.0	4.8	1.9	2.7	1.8
Lacking 2 facilities	9.7	8.8	10.1	9.4	7.6	10.0	10,0	9.3	10.1
Lacking 3 facilities	80,5	5,9	84.8	8.7	3.3	10.6	80,1	9.8	34.0
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	2.0	2.8	1.9	1.4	0,6	1.6	2.6	4.7	2,1
NUMBER OF DWELLING UNITS IN STRUCTURE									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1 dwelling unit	48.5	77.9	84.8	43.0	65.6	35.2	44.0	94.0	84,5
2 to 4 dwelling units	52.8	21.8	60.7	51.8		57.9	58.7	6.0	62.7
5 or more dwelling units	3.6	0.8	4.5	5.8	0.5	6,9	8.3	· · •	2.8

Table 2.--CONTRACT AND GROSS RENT OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY COLOR OF OCCUPANTS, FOR DURHAM, NORTH CAROLINA: 1950

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

Monthly rent	Total	White	Nonwhite	Monthly rent	Total.	White	Nonwhite
Total number renter-occupied substandard dwelling units	7,E10	3,015	4,195	FURNITURE IN RENT Total	100.0	100.0	100.0
Percent of total	100.0	41.8	58.2	Furniture included in contract rent	6.5	1.3,9	1.1
MONTHLY CONTRACT RENT				Furniture not included in contract rent Not reported	87.6 6.0	80.9 5.8	98.4 6.4
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	MONTHLY GROSS RENT	ĺ		
\$9 or less	7.6	9.5	6.2	Total	100.0	100.0	100.0
\$10 to \$14	26.1	14.1	34.8	\$9 or less	0.9	1,3	0,6
\$15 to \$19 \$20 to \$24	23.0 18.8	18.8	30.0 17.0	\$10 to \$14 \$15 to \$19	5.0 12.8	5,5 8,7	4.6 14.7
\$25 to \$29	8.5	18.1	5.2		19.6	13.8	24.0
\$20 to \$21				\$25 to \$29	18.7	14.7	21.5
\$30 to \$34 \$35 to \$39	6.1 9.0	8.9 5.8	4.0		15.2		15.8
\$40 to \$49	3.0	8.4	1.0		9.2 10.6		7.0 7.0
\$50 or more	2.4	5.1	0.4		6.4		8.7
Not reported	0.7	0.6	0.8		2.2		1.8

Table 3.--CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY GROSS RENT, FOR DURHAM, NORTH CAROLINA: 1950

					Monthly g	ross rent	5		
Condition and plumbing facilities	Total	\$19 or less	\$20 to \$24	\$25 to \$29	\$30 to \$34	\$35 to \$39	\$40 to \$49	\$50 or more	Not reported
Total number renter-occupied substandard dwelling units	7,210	1,300	1,410	1,345	1,099	666	768	465	157
Percent of total	100.0	18.0	19.6	18.7	15.2	9.2	10,7	6.4	2.2
Not dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	10.3 13.0 33.8 1.3	1.2 0.6 5.5 0.4	0.7 8.0 7.1 0.2	1.2 3.3 6.1 0.2	1.6 2.7 5.1 0.2	1.7 1.3 3.1 0.1	2.1 1.0 3.7 0.1	1.5 0.9 2.4	0.3 0.4 0.7 0.1
 Dilapidated; With private bath and private flush toilet, hot and cold running water	2.6 2.4 8.2 25.1 1.3	0.1 0.1 1.3 7.7 0.6	0.2 0.4 1.6 5.8 0.3	0.1 0.4 2.1 4.9	0.6 0.4 1.3 3.2 (¹)	0.3 0.4 0.6 1.5 0.1	0:5 0.4 1.1 1.4 -	0.7 0.3 0.1 0.5	(1) 0.1 0.2 0.2
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	1.9	0,5	0 📢	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.8	0.1	0.2

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

¹ Less than 0.05 percent.

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Table 3a.--CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY GROSS RENT, FOR WHITE HOUSEHOLDS, FOR DURHAM, NORTH CAROLINA: 1950

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

					Monthly g	gross ren	t		
Condition and plumbing facilities	Total	\$19 or less	\$20 to \$24	\$25 to \$29	\$30 to \$34	\$35 to \$39	\$40 to \$49	\$50 or more	Not reported
Total number renter-occupied substandard dwelling units	3,015	46B	402	444	457	874	476	811	63
Percent of total	100,0	15,5	13.3	14.7	15.2	12.4	15,8	10.3	2,8
Not dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	19.5 10.6 38.7 0.5	2.3 0.7 5.5 0.1	1.3 2.2 5.1 (¹)	2.4 2.7 5.4 0.1	3.8 2.2 5.4 (¹)	8.2 1.1 5.2 0.1	4.3 1.1 6.4 0.1	2.6 0.5 4.3	0.3 0.4 1.3 (¹)
Dilapidated: With private bath and private fluch toilet, hot and cold running water With private bath and private fluch toilet, no hot running water With private fluch toilet, no private bath With running water, no private fluch toilet No running water inside structure	4.2 3.7 6.6 13.9 0.7	0.3 1.3	0.2 0.2 1.9 2.2 0.1	0.8 0.6 1.4 2.0	0.5 0.7 0.9 1.8 0.1	0.5 0.7 0.5 1.1	1.1 0.8 0.3 1.4	1.6 0.5 0.1 0.6	(1) 0.2 0.4 0.1
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities.	1.6	0.3	3.0	(1)	0.3	0,1	0,4	0.1	0,1

1 Less than 0.05 percent.

Table 3b.--CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY GROSS RENT, FOR NONWHITE HOUSEHOLDS, FOR DURHAM, NO.TH C.ROLINA: 1950

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(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

					Monthly	gross ren	t		i tata i
Condition and plumbing facilities	Total	\$19 or less	\$20 to \$24	\$25 to \$29	\$30 to \$34	\$35 to \$39	\$40 to \$49	\$50 or more	Not reported
Total number renter-occupied substandard dwelling units	4,196	833	1,008	901	648	292	292	154	74
Percent of total	100.0	19.9	24.0	21,6	15.8	7.0	7.0	8.7	1.8
Not dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	8.7 14.8 90.2 1.9		0.3 3.5 8.6 0.3	0.3 3.8 6.6 0.4	0.4 3.0 4.9 0.3	0.6 1.4 1.6 0.1	0.5 0.9 1.8 0.1	0.8 1.1 1.0	0.8 0.4 0.3 0.1
Dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilst, hot and cold running water With private bath and private flush toilet; no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	1.4 1.5 9.4 33.2 1.8	- 1.3 10.0 0.8	0.3 0.5 1.4 8.5 0.5	0.1 0.3 2.7 7.0	0.8 0.1 1.5 4.8	0.1 0.3 0.6 1.8 0.8	0.1 0.1 1.8 1.4	0.1 0.1 0.4	0.1 0.1 0.3
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	2.1	0.6	0,8	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.3	0,1	0.3

Table 4.---CHARACTERISTICS OF FAMILIES IN SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY TENURE AND COLOR, FOR DURHAM, NORTH CAROLINA: 1950

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

		Total			White	NY 2		Nonwhite	
Characteristic	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter
Total number of families	7,872	1,605	6,267	3,581	915	2,666	4,291	690	3,601
Percent of total	100.0	20,4	79.6	45.5	11.6	89.9	54.5	8.8	45.7
TYPE OF FAMILY	44 							6 . 364 	
Total	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Primary family Secondary family	97.6 2.4	96.9 3.1	97.7 2.3	98.9 1.1	98.6 1.4	99.1 0.9	96.4 3.6	94.6 5.4	96.8 3.2
NUMBER OF PERSONS IN FAMILY						1.50			1. F
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2 persons 3 persons 4 persons	33.1 21.6 17.2	81.4 22.8 15.3	38.5 21.3 17.8	94.2 24.9 18.2	91.8 29.7 15.7	85.0 25.4 19.1	82.1 18.8 16.4	90.8 21.5 14.6	92.4 18.3 16.8
5 persons 6 persons	11.1 6.9	12.7	10.7	11.6 5.1	14.2	10.7	10.8 8.4	10.8 9.2	10.8 8.2
7 persons 8 persons or more	4.7 5.4	8,7 6,3	5.0 5.1	2.6 3.3	8.0 4.6	8.5 8.9	6.4 7.0	4.6 8.5	6.8 6.8
NUMBER OF PERSONS PER ROOM. IN DWELLING UNIT									
Total	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
0.50 or less 0.51 to 0.75 0.76 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 to 2.00 2.01 or more Not reported	9.3 19.4 27.2 21.9 18.6 7.9 0.7	21.7 23.7 27.9 15.8 6.7 3.2 1.0	6.1 18.4 27.0 23.5 15.3 9.1 0.6	12.2 22.7 32.6 19.9 9.2 2.8 0.4	23.6 24.7 27.5 15.0 6.4 2.2 0.5	8.8 22.1 34.4 21.6 10.2 8.1 0.4	6.9 16.7 22.6 28.6 17.2 12.1 0.9	19.2 28.3 28.5 16.9 6.9 4.8 1.5	4.6 15.6 21.5 24.9 19.1 13.5 0,7
NUMBER OF MINORS IN FAMILY				н			1		1 de 1
Total	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No minors 1 minor. 2 minors. 3 minors 4 minors.	87.8 24.8 16.6 8.5 6.1	42.7 25.4 14.6 5.9 5.5	36.0 24.7 17.1 9.2 6.3	89.7 27.2 17.5 8.4 3.6	43.5 23.6 15.2 9.2 3.8	38.4 28.4 18.2 8.1 3.5	35.4 22.9 15.8 8.7 8.3	41.5 27.7 13.8 1.5 7.7	34.2 21.9 16.2 10.0 8.4
5 minors 6 minors or more	3.6 9.0	3.0 3.0	3.8 2.9	1,9 1.8	8.3 2.4	1.8 1.5	5.1 4.0	3.8 8.8	5.3 4.0

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Table 4a.--INCOME IN 1949 OF PRIMARY FAMILIES IN SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY NUMBER OF MINORS, TENURE, AND COLOR, FOR DURHAM, NORTH CAROLINA: 1950

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

Family.income by		Total			White			Nonwhite	
number of minors	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter
Total number of primary families	7,680	1,554	6,126	3,543	902	2,641	4,187	652	3,485
Percent of total	100.0	20.2	79.8	46.1	11.7	34.4	53,9	8,5	45,4
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0
\$999 or less. \$1,000 to \$1,249 \$1,250 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,749 \$1,750 to \$1,999	12.9 5.8 4.5 7.3 5.4	8.7 3.4 2.4 9.0 4.8	13.9 5.8 5.1 6.9 5.7	8.0 3.4 3.1 5.5 4.0	6.2 1.1 1.1 7.8 3.9	8.6 4.2 8.8 4.9 4.0	17.1 6.9 5.8 8.8 6.7	12.2 6.5 4.1 11.4 4.9	18.0 7.0 6.1 8.4 7.0
\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,749 \$2,750 to \$2,999	9.7 7.8 7.3 4.5	10.7 6.3 7.3 5.3	9.4 8.1 7.3 4.3	8.1 7.5 7.7 5.4	8.4 6.7 8.4 6.7	8.0 7.8 7.4 4.9	11.0 7.9 6.9 3.7	13,8 5,7 5,7 3,3	10,5 8,4 7,2 8,8
\$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 or more Not reported	15.0 8.7 5.8 6.0	18.2 10.9 8.5 5.1	14.2 8.1 5.1 6.2	19.5 12.9 10.2 4.7	21.3 14.0 12.4 2.2	18.8 12.5 9.5 5.5	11.2 5.0 1.9 7.1	18.8 · 6.5 3.3 8.9	1047 447 1,7 647
No minors \$999 or less	36.5 5.1	39,2 5,0	35.8 5.2	89.1 4.3	38.8	39.2 4.2	84.5 5.9	89.8 5.7	88.8 5.9
\$1,000 to \$1,249 \$1,250 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,749 \$1,750 to \$1,999	1.7 2.0 3.4 2.0	2.0 1.7 4.7 1.3	1.6 2.0 3.1 2.1	1.4 1.8 2.6 1.6	1.1 1.1 2.8 1.1	1.5 2.1 2.5 1.7	1.9 2.1 4.1 2.3	3.8 8.4 7.3 1.6	1,7 2,0 3,5 2,4
\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,749 \$2,750 to \$2,999	8.1 2.6 2.5 1.3	8.6 3.3 1.3 1.3	3.0 2.5 2.8 1.4	3.6 2.8 2.3 1.8	4.5 8.9 0.6 1.7	S.2 2.5 2.9 1.1	2.7 2.4 2.7 1.4	2.4 2.4 2.4 0.8	2.7 2.4 2.7 1.5
\$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 or more Not reported	5.0 3.7 2.0 2.2	6.6 3.9 2.3 2.0	4.5 5.6 1.9 2.3	6,4 5,1 4,0 2,0	7.9 5.6 8.4 0.6	5.9 4.9 4.2 2.5	3.7 2.4 0.3 2.4	4.9 1.6 0.8 4.1	8,5 2,6 0,2 2,1
One minor	24.9	25.0	. 24.8	27.4	29.0	28.9	22.7 4.7	27.6	21.8 5.2
\$999 or less \$1,000 to \$1,249 \$1,250 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,749 \$1,750 to \$1,999	3.8 1.6 1.1 1.9 1.4	1.3 0.3 0.3 2.0 0,7	3.8 1.9 1.3 1.9 1.6	1.6 1.3 0.9 1.7 0.7	0.6 	1.9 1.7 1.1 1.5 1.0	1.8 1.3 2.1 2.1	0.8 0.8	2.0 1.4 8.1 2.1
\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,749 \$2,750 to \$2,999	2.7 1.9 1.5 1.3	3.4 2.0 2.3 2.3	2.5 1.9 1.3 1.0	2.0 2.7 2.0 8.1	1.1 2.2 3.4 2.8	2.3 2.9 1.5 1.9	8.3 1.3 1.0 0.5	0,8	2.7 1.2 1.1 0.3
\$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 or more Not reported	4.2 1.5 1.5 1.0	4.3 2.0 2.3 1.7	4.2 1.4 1.3 0.8	6.7 2.4 2.7 . 0.7		7.2 2.7 2.5 0.8	2.1 0.8 0.5 1.3	0.8	1.8 0.5 0.5 0.9
Two minors	16.3	1.5,9	16.4	16.6	16.9	16.5	16.0		16.3
\$999 or less \$1,000 to \$1,249 \$1,250 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,749 \$1,750 to \$1,999	1.8 1.1 0.6 0.8 0.6	1.3 0.7 2.0 0.7	1.9 1.2 0.8 0.6 0.6		1.7	1.1 0.4 0.2 0.6	1.8	1.6 2.4	2.4 1.8 1.1 0.9 0.6
\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,749 \$2,750 to \$2,999	1.4 0.9 1.5 0.9	1.7	1.4 1.0 1.7 1.1	1.1 1.0 1.1	1.1 0.6 0.6	1.9	0.9	0.8 0.8 3 -	0.9 8.0 0.9
\$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 or more Not reported	1.1	2.0	0,8	3.1 2.0	. 3.4 2.6	3.0	0.8	8,0,8 0,8	0.8

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Table 4a.--INCOME IN 1949 OF PRIMARY FAMILIES IN SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY NUMBER OF MINORS, TENURE, AND COLOR, FOR DURHAM, NORTH CAROLINA: 1950--Con.

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Family income by		Total.			White			Nonwhite	
number of minors	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter
Three or four minors	15.8	14.9	16.1	13.8	1.8.5	12.2	17.6	9.8	19.0
9999 or less 1,000 to \$1,249 1,250 to \$1,499 1,500 to \$1,749 1,750 to \$1,999	1.8 0.7 0.7 0.7 1.0	0.7 0.3 - 0.8 1.3	2.1 0.8 0.9 0.8 0.9	0.7 0.4 0.1 0.4 1.0	0,6 0,6 1.7	0.8 0.6 0.2 0.4 0.8	2.7 0.9 1.2 0.9 1.0	0.8 0.8 - - 0.8	8.0 0.9 1.4 1.1 1.1
2,000 to \$2,249 2,250 to \$2,499 2,500 to \$2,749 2,750 to \$2,999	1.6 1.4 1.6 0.8	1.7 0.3 2.6 1.0	1.6 1.6 1.3 0.8	1.3 0.6 2.3 0.9	1.7 3.9 1.7	1.1 0.8 1.7 0.6	1.9 2.1 1.0 0.8	1.6 0.8 0.8	2.0 2.3 1.1 0.9
3,000 to \$3,999 4,000 to \$4,999 5,000 or more tot reported	2.4 1.1 0.7 1.4	3.0 1.6 1.3 0.7	2.2 0.9 0.6 1.6	8.7 1.4 1.3 0.7	3.4 2.2 2.2 0.6	2.5 1.1 1.0 0.8	2.1 0.8 0.3 2.1	2.4 0.8 0.8	2.0 0.8 2.3
5 minors or more	6.5	5.0	6.8	3.1	2.8	8.2	9.4	8.1	9.6
\$999 or less 1,000 to \$1,249 1,250 to \$1,499 1,500 to \$1,749 1,750 to \$1,999	0.9 0.3 0.2 0.5 0.4	0.3 - 0.3 - 0.3	1.0 0.3 0.8 0.6 0.4	0.4 		0.6	1.8 0.5 0.4 0.6 0.8	0.8 0.8 0.8	1.4 0.6 0.3 0.8 0.8
2,000 to \$2,249 2,250 to \$2,499 2,500 to \$2,749 2,750 to \$2,999	0,8 0.9 0.2 0,1	0.3 0.3 0.3	0.9 1.1 0.2 0.1	0.1 0.4 -		0.2 0.6 -	1.4 1.8 0.4 0.3	0.8 0.8 0.8	1.5 1.5 0.5 0.5
3,000 to \$3,999 4,000 to \$4,999 5,000 or more ot reported	0.7 0.5 0.5 0.4	1.3 1.0 0.7	0.6 0.4 0.4 0.5	0.6 0.9 0.8 0.1	1.1 1.1 0.6	0.4 0.8 0.2 0.2	0.9 0.8 0.6 0.6		0.8 0.1 0.6

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

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Table 5.--RENT AS PERCENT OF INCOME BY FAMILY INCOME IN 1949 OF PRIMARY FAMILIES WITH NO SUBFAMILY OR SECONDARY FAMILY IN RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DMELLING UNITS, BY PRESENCE OF MINORS AND COLOR, FOR DURHAM, NORTH CAROLINA: 1950

White Nonwhite Total Gross rent as percent of income No With No With No With by family income Total Total Total minors minors minors minors minors minora 3,029 1,093 3,382 2,450 1,004 1,446 1,936 5,479 2,097 Number of families..... 19.9 18.3 55,3 61.7 44.7 26.4 35.3 100.0 38.3 Percent of total..... 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 Total...... 23.5 25.3 13.7 13,8 18.8 18.4 24.6 14.6 9 percent or less..... 18.5 27,9 27.7 26.4 25,0 27.4 27.7 27.2 10 percent to 14 percent..... 27.1 26.1 15.3 14.1 12.5 15.3 16.1 17.5 15,9 15.1 15 percent to 19 percent..... 15.2 7.0 9.4 7.9 10.2 8.7 7.8 8.4 6.6 20 percent to 24 percent..... 8.1 6.4 8.5 4.9 7.9 6.3 8.8 7.4 7.1 25 percent to 29 percent..... 7.2 2.5 2.0 2.8 9.0 0.5 4.4 1.2 3.7 30 percent to 34 percent..... 2.7 16.3 16.0 16.4 13.9 12.7 9.2 11.5 7.6 35 percent or more..... 13.1 7.8 7.5 7.8 7.4 8.4 10.0 7.4 Not reported..... 7.9 8,8 19.0 12.8 31.2 29.1 \$2,3 \$1,499 or less..... 24.1 24.3 24.0 15.4 1.6 1.5 1.7 2,8 1.5 8.7 2.3 1.5 9 percent or less..... 2.0 0.9 1.0 0.8 0.5 0.5 10 percent to 14 percent..... 0.5 0.8 15 percent to 19 percent..... 1.2 2.0 0.8 0.8 1.5 1.0 8.8 4.4 8.7 3.5 2.0 1.6 2.5 20 percent to 24 percent..... 2.6 1.4 5.1 4.4 5.5 9.2 3.7 1.6 2.0 25 percent to 29 percent..... 3.5 3.6 2.1 2.9 30 percent to 34 percent..... 0.5 2.9 1.6 1.0 2.0 15.5 15,9 10.5 15,8 35 percent or more..... 12.3 13.1 11.8 8.0 6.2 10.5 7.9 15.6 18.0 14.8 \$1,500 to \$1,999..... 12,5 14.4 11.3 8.6 0.6 0.6 0.5 0.7 0.5 0.5 0,5 0.5 0.6 9 percent or less..... 5,8 3,3 2.3 1.8 8.0 1.0 4.0 4.2 10 percent to 14 percent..... 3.1 15 percent to 19 percent. 1.4 5.6 7,8 4,7 4,8 3.3 1.6 2.0 3.8 20 percent to 24 percent..... 2.0 1.7 2.1 2,4 1.9 2,2 1.8 1.8 2.0 1.4 1,5 1.7 2.0 1.6 2.0 2.1 2.5 25 percent to 29 percent..... 1.9 0.6 30 percent to 34 percent..... 0,5 0.6 0.5 0.7 0.2 0.5 0.7 0.8 0,5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.4 0.5 0.3 35 percent or more..... 0.5 21.9 15.0 19.3 14.6 16.7 \$2,000 to \$2,499..... 17.8 14.8 19.7 16.0 1,4 0,5 1.1 2.0 1.4 9 percent or less..... 1.3 1.2 1.4 1.6 5.6 9.6 7.3 11,0 5.0 10 percent to 14 percent..... 7.7 6.2 8.6 5,8 6.5 7.7 2.0 3.1 4.4 15 percent to 19 percent..... 4.8 3,2 5,7 2.7 1.9 1,4 20 percent to 24 percent..... 2.1 1.5 2.4 8.7 1.0 8.8 1.6 25 percent to 29 percent..... 0,5 2.1 0.5 0.5 2.9 4.0 1.6 2.2 1.2 30 percent to 34 percent..... 35 percent or more..... 0.2 0.5 0.1 0.2 0.7 0.2 0.3 0.6 0.5 ------н 0.8 18.9 11.0 19.1 9,9 \$2,500 to \$2,999..... 11.5 11.4 11.6 12.1 9.5 2.9 1.4 9 percent or less..... 1.7 2.2 1.4 1.4 1.5 1.4 1.9 6.6 4.9 3.5 5,9 6.7 6.3 10 percent to 14 percent..... 5.9 5.0 6.4 2,9 1,1 15 percent to 19 percent..... 2.9 8.0 2.9 4.3 3.0 5.2 1.8 1.0 0.\$ 1.4 0.5 20 percent to 24 percent..... 0.9 1,2 0.8 1.4 1.5 0,9 0.2 25 percent to 29 percent..... 0.1 0.2 --------н 30 percent to 34 percent..... --*--35 percent or more..... -_ ----.... * -----39.5 36.0 42.0 15.4 17.5 14,8 \$3,000 or over..... 26.1 26.2 26.8 2.1 19,3 18-0 20.1 7.9 9.2 9 percent or less..... 18.4 12.7 18.0 10 percent to 14 percent..... 7.3 6.0 13.5 14.9 6,5 14.3 9.8 10.0 10.3 0.8 15 percent to 19 percent..... 0.7 0,5 2.7 4.7 4.0 5.2 2.2 2.5 0.3 0.4 0.5 20 percent to 24 percent..... 0.8 1.4 0.3 0.6 0.8 25 percent to 29 percent..... . 0.2 0.5 -0.1 0.2 . 30 percent to 34 percent..... -35 percent or more..... 0.3 -0.1 0.1 0.2 Not reporting income or rent 7.9 7.4 10.0 7.3 7.5 7.8 7.4 8.8 8.4

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

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1950 CENSUS OF HOUSING

SPECIAL TABULATIONS FOR LOCAL HOUSING AUTHORITIES

December 12, 1950

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This report is based on a transcription and tabulation of data from the 1950 Census of Population and Housing. The statistics relate to dwelling units considered substandard by the Public Housing Administration, in accordance with the contract for these statistics between the Bureau of the Census and the Harrisburg Housing Authority.

A dwelling unit is considered substandard by the Public Housing Administration if it is either dilapidated or does not have the following plumbing facilities: flush toilet and bath inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use, and hot running water. The Public Housing Administration considers the absence of hot running water to be evidence generally of poor quality of the dwelling unit, but there may be some localities in which the absence of hot running water is not deemed to be a sufficient indication by itself of poor quality. In such localities, a revised count of substandard units may be obtained from table 1 by subtracting from the total the units which lack hot water only. If it is desired to eliminate the units lacking hot water only from the total count of substandard units, the distributions shown in the tables will not be materially affected.

The criteria used to define substandard units in these tabulations are not identical with the housing characteristics included in the published reports from the 1940 Census. Therefore, any comparison of data in this report with the 1940 results must be made with extreme care. A direct comparison cannot be made with the 1940 results because information on hot running water was not collected at that time. Further, the 1940 data on condition were collected showing dwelling units "needing major repairs," whereas in 1950 data on condition were collected showing units as "dilapidated." Becaus. the definitions of these two terms differ significantly, the 1940 count of dwelling units needing major repairs and the 1950 count of dilapidated dwelling units are comparable only in a general way.

The data are presented in the series of attached tables. In table 1 the structural and occupancy characteristics are shown for all substandard dwelling units. Table 2 shows the rent paid for rentér-occupied substandard units; table 3 shows the condition and plumbing facilities of these same units. Table 4 shows the characteristics of all families (both primary and secondary) living in the substandard units. Table 4a classifies the primary families by family income. Table 5 classifies primary families with no subfamily or secondary family present, by rent as a percent of family income.

In the contract rent tabulation, dwelling units occupied rent-free are tabulated in the "\$9 or less" category. In the gross rent tabulations, however, such units are tabulated as "not reporting," except when utilities were reported.

DEFINITIONS

The definitions used in this special tabulation are generally the same as those used in the 1950 Census of Population and Housing. Some of the more important definitions are given below.

Dwelling unit.--In general, a dwelling unit is a group of rooms or a single room, occupied, or intended for occupancy, as separate living quarters by a family or other group of persons living together or by a person living alone. 2

Primary family.--A primary family consists of two or more persons including the head of the households and all (one or more) persons in the household who are related to the head by blood, marriage, or adoption. It may include a subfamily consisting of a married couple with or without children, or one parent with one or more children under 18 years of age, living in the household and related to but not including the head of the household or his wife. The subfamily is considered a part of the primary family for all tabulation purposes.

Secondary family.--A secondary family consists of two or more persons, such as a lodger or servant and his relatives, living in a household and related to each other but not related to the household head. The secondary family is considered a separate family for tabulation purposes.

Minor. A minor is an unmarried person under 21 years of age other than the head of a family or his wife.

Dilapidation.--A dwelling unit is considered to be dilapidated when it has serious deficiencies, is rundown or neglected, or is of inadequate original construction, so that it does not provide adequate shelter or protection against the elements or it endangers the safety of the occupants.

<u>Plumbing facilities.--The following are the</u> three plumbing facilities tabulated:

1. Flush toilet inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use;

2. Installed bathtub or shower inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use; and

3. Hot and cold running water inside the structure.

Exclusive use.--Equipment is for "exclusive use" if it is used only by the occupants of one dwelling unit.

<u>Shared.--Equipment is "shared" when occupants</u> of two or more units use the same equipment.

Family income.--Family income is the sum of the income received during 1949, by all members of the family. The following items were asked separately for the head of the family and for all other members of the family combined:

1. The amount of money wages or salary received in 1949;

2. The amount of net money income received from self-employment in 1949; and 3. The amount of other money income received in 1949, such as interest, dividends, veterans' allowances, pensions, or rents.

<u>Gross rent</u>.--Monthly gross rent is contract rent plus the reported average monthly cost of water, electricity, gas, and other fuel paid for by the renter. If furniture is included in the contract rent, the reported estimated rent of the dwelling unit without furniture is used for the computation instead of the contract rent.

SOURCE AND RELIABILITY OF THE DATA

The data in tables 1 through 4 are based on complete counts, including all dwelling units and families with the specified characteristics. The distributions involving income in tables 4a and 5, however, were prepared from data collected on a sample basis. As part of the 1950 Census, family income data were obtained from about onefifth of all families. For these tabulations, additional interviews were made among nonwhite families to increase the income sample above the 20 percent level. This was accomplished by a subsequent field enumeration of a sample of nonwhite families who were not in the original sample but were living in substandard dwelling units.

Although the figures shown in tables 1 through 4 are based on the same data as the forthcoming 1950 Census tabulations of these items, they may differ from those to be published as part of the Census. The present tables were obtained by tabulating directly the data as transcribed in the field offices of the Census Bureau and the figures, therefore, do not include all of the refinements that result from a careful examination of the schedules.

In addition, the data are subject to other biases due to errors of response or nonreporting which cannot be corrected in editing. Factors affecting the accuracy of enumeration include the respondent's knowledge of the facts and the ability of the enumerator to obtain accurate information on such items as income, rent, dilapidation, and plumbing facilities. The regular 1950 tabulations are also subject to these biases.

Reliability of Estimates in Tables 4a and 5

Because of sampling variability, percentage distributions shown in table 4a and all figures in table 5 may differ from those that would have been obtained from a complete count. (The absolute figures in table 4a represent complete counts and are not subject to sampling variations.) The reliability estimates which follow give approximate measures of the sampling errors to be expected in these sample data.

Reliability of the percentages in tables 4a and 5.--The allowance to be made for sampling variation in a percentage depends, in general, both on the value of the percentage and the size of the base on which it is determined. If two percentages are of the same magnitude, the one based on a large number of cases in the sample is, in general, less variable than the one based on a small number of sample cases.

Estimates of reliability are shown in the following table for percentages with bases of primary families of the specified types. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the differences due to sampling variability between the percentages obtained from the sample and the percentages which would have been obtained from a complete census would be less than the sampling errors shown below.

			Sampl	ing variabil	ity if the base	1s					
Percentage shown	All p	rimary familio dwelling		dard	All primary families with no subfamily or secon family present, in substandard renter units						
in table	White		Nonw	hite	Wh:	lte	Nonwhite				
	Owner	Renter	Owner	Renter	No minors	With minors	No minors	With minors			
0.5	0.9	0.6	(1)	0.8	0.9	0.8	(1)	1.1			
1.0	1.3	0.9		1.2	1.3	1.2		1.6			
2.0	1.9	1.2		1.6	1.8	1.7		2.3			
3.0	2.3	1.5		2.0	8.2	2.0		2.8			
4.0	2.6	1.7		2.3	8.6	2.3		8.2			
5.0	2.9	1.9.		2.5	2.8	2.6	X	8.5			
10.0	4.0	2.6		3.5	3,9	3.6		4.8			
15.0	4.8	3.1		4.2	4.6	4.8		5,8			
20.0	5.3	3.4]	4.7	5.2	4.8		6.5			
25.0	5.8	3.7		5.1	5.6	5.2		7.0			
30.0	6.1	3.9		5.4	6.0	5.5		7.4			
40.0	6.5	4.2]	5.7	6.4	5.9		7.9			
50.0	6.7	4.3	{	5.8	6.5	6.0		8.1			

To illustrate, for a figure of 10 percent based on white primary families living in substandard renter dwelling units, the sampling variability is 2.6 percent; the chances are about 19 out of 20 that the percentage obtained by a complete census would have been between 7.4 percent and 12.6 percent.

The sampling variability of a specified percentage of total primary families with designated characteristics will vary according to the proportion of white families and nonwhite families making up this percentage. For example, consider the sampling variability of a figure of 10 percent based on total primary families. The maximum sampling error to be expected of such a figure would occur when the entire 10 percent includes only white primary families and the chances are about 19 out of 20 that this sampling error would not exceed 1.9 percent. The minimum sampling error would occur when the entire 10 percent includes only nonwhite primary families and the chances are 19 out of 20 that this sampling error would not exceed 1.1 per-For other specific characteristics comcent. posed of 10 percent of total primary families the sampling variability may assume any value between these two figures.

Reliability of absolute figures in table 5.--The approximate sampling variability of the absolute figures in table 5 is shown below. The chances are 19 out of 20 that differences between the numbers shown in table 5 and the numbers that would have been obtained from a complete census would be less than the sampling errors which follow.

Classification	Sampling variability of absolut figures in table 5								
	Total	White	Nonwhite						
Total	50	41	29						
No minors	104	98	37						
With minors	106	99	89						

Reliability of differences...-The estimates of sampling variability in the above tables are not directly applicable to differences obtained by subtracting one figure from another. The sampling variability in an observed difference between two figures depends on the sampling variability of each of the figures and the correlation between them. Table 1.--STRUCTURAL AND OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS, CONDITION, AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY TENURE AND COLOR OF OCCUPANTS, FOR HARRISBURG, PENNSYLVANIA: 1950

(A substandard dwelling unit is defined by the Public Housing Administration as a unit which is either dilapidated or does not have all of the following plumbing facilities: flush toilet and bath inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use, and hot running water)

(howest		Total			White		Nonwhite		
Characteristic	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Rente
Total number occupied substandard									
dwelling units	5,302	1,303	3,999	4,092	1,074	3,018	1,210	229	981
Percent of total	100.0	24.6	75.4	77.2	20.3	56.9	22.8	4.3	18,5
NUMBER OF ROOMS									
Total	100.0	1.00.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0	1.00,0
1 room	5.4 19.3	0.8	6.9 24.7	5.1 21.1	0.8	6.7 27.4	6.3 13.3	0.4	7.6
rooms	20.6	10.8	23.8	21.6	12.6	24.8	17.2	2.6	20.6
rooms	12.1	13.8	11.6	12.7	15.3	11.8	10.2	7.0	11.0
5 rooms	14.1	22.9	11.3	13.9	23.5	10.5	15.0	20.1	18,9
7 rooms	17.1	28.5	18.4	16.3 4.7	27.1 9.2	12.4	19.8 12.0	34.1 23.1	16,5
3 rooms or more	4.5	8.5	3.2	4.3	7.9	3.0	5.4	11.4	4.(
Not reported	0,4	0,4	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.7	0.9	0.7
CONDITION									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0
Not dilapidated	78.0	84.1	76.1	86.1	88,5	85.2	50.9	58.8	47.9
Dilapidated	21.5	15.5	23.4	13.6	11.4	14.4	48.0	84,9	51,1
Not reported	0,5	0.4	0,5	0.3	- 0.2	0,8	1.1	1,8	1,(
WATER SUPPLY						ļ			
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	1,00.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0
Hot and cold piped running water inside structure	59.5	67.0	57.0	70.6	73.6	69.5	21.7	35.4	18.
Only cold piped running water inside structure	34.9	30.8	36.2	25.1	24.3	25.4	67.9	61.1	69,
No piped running water inside structure	5.5 0.1	2.3	6.6 0.2	4.2 (¹)	2.0	5.0 0.1	10.0 0.9	3.4	11,
•	0.1	-	0						
TOILET FACILITIES									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.
Flush toilet inside structure, exclusive use	17.7	21.0	16.7	15,3	19.3	18.9	25.8	29.8	25.0
Flush toilet inside structure; shared	50.4	48.1 30.9	51.1	59.6 25.0	55.8	61.1 24.9	19.2 54.7	14.4	20. 54.
Not reported?	81.8 0.1	30.9	32.1	(¹)	25.4	0,1	0.9		0,
BATHING FACILITIES									
	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	TOOPO	100.0	100.0	TOOPO	1001
Installed bathtub or shower inside structure, exclusive use	12.1	15.2	11.0	10.9	13.1	10.0	16.1	24.9	14.
Installed bathtub or shower inside structure,	10.1	1010		10.0					
shared	51.9	49.3	52,0	61.6	. 56.8	63.4	16.5	14.4	17.
Other or none	36.8 0.3	35.1 0.4	36.7	27.3 0.2	29.9 0.2	26.4	.66.6 0,7	59.4 1.3	68, 0,
-	0.0				0.0				
NUMBER OF PERSONS	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0 20.5	16.4	10.0	17.
l person	18.9 30.5	15.7	19.9	31.3		33.0	27.9	23.6	28
3 persons	21.0	20.8	21.1	22.4	21.9	22.6		1 1	16,
4 persons	12.1	14.1	11.4	11.6		10.7	13.6		19,
5 persons	7.5	10.0	6.7	7.8	10.1	6.3	B.1	9.2 9.6	7. 5.
6 persons	4.0 2.5	5.5	9.5 2.4			2.8		6.6	4.
persons	1.5	1.6	1.4			1.0		2.2	2
persons or more	2.1	3.1	1.7	1.4	2.0				3
NUMBER OF LODGERS									
						1	1		3.00
Total	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	1.00.0	100.0	100.0	100
	100.0 87.4	100.0 84.1	100.0			100.0 98.5			100. 75. 24.

¹ Less than 0.05 percent.

Table 1.--STRUCTURAL AND OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS, CONDITION, AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY TENURE AND COLOR OF OCCUPANTS, FOR HARRISBURG, PENNSYLVANIA: 1950--Con.

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(A substandard dwelling unit is defined by the Public Housing Administration as a unit which is either dilapidated or does not have all of the following plumbing facilities: flush toilet and bath inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use, and hot running water)

Characteristic		Total			White		M	lonwhite	
	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter
CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Not dilapidated:									
With private bath and private flush toilet,									
no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath	3.4	4.0	8.3	5.2 5.8	3.6	5.0 5.1	4.2	5.7	3.9
With running water, no private flush toilet	6.0 66.0	7.3	64.1	74.4	76.2	79.8	37.7		7.0 84.5
No running water inside the structure	2.3	0.8	2.8	8.4	0.8	3.0	1.9		2.1
Dilapidated:									
With private bath and private flush toilet,									
hot and cold running water	5.4	8,1	4.6	5.1	7.1	4.8	6.6	12.7	5.2
With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water	0.7								
With private flush toilet, no private bath	0.7	0.5	0.8 2.3	0.8	0.1	0.4	2.1 5.9	2.2	2.0
With running water, no private flush toilet	10.1	4.5	11.9	5.7	2.4	6.9	25.0	14.4	27.4
No running water inside the structure	8.1	1.4	3.7	1.7	1.1	1.9	7.9	2.6	9.8
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	0.9	0,6	1.0	0,5	0.8	0.6	8.1	2.2	8.0
CONDITION BY NUMBER OF PLUMBING FACILITIES		•							
'Total	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Not dilapidated:]				
Lacking 1 facility	7.5	9.7	6.8	7.6	9.5	7.0	7.0	10.5	6.2
Lacking 2 facilities	52.0	56.5	50.5	62.2	64.0	61.6	17.8	21.4	16.2
Lacking 3 facilities	18,3	17.8	18.5	16.0	14.9	16.3	86.9	31.4	25.1
Dilapidated:									
With all facilities	5,4	8.1	4,6	5.1	7,1	4.3	6.6	18.7	5.2
Lacking 1 facility	0.8	0.6	0.9	0.4	0.2	0.5	2.3	2.6 2.2	2.2 8.5
Lacking 2 facilities Lacking 3 facilities	3.8 11.2	1.5 5.8	4,6 19,2		2.8	6.2	7.8 31.8	17.0	34.6
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	0.9	0.6	1.0			0.6	2.1	2.2	8.0
Hos reporting condition of bromping recriticies	0.5	0.0			0.0			· ~ " ~ ~	
NUMBER OF DWELLING UNITS IN STRUCTURE								10 ja 1.	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	1.00.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1 dwelling unit	87.5	46.4	94.6	81.2	38,6	28.6	58.8	89.0	58.1
2 to 4 dwelling units	58.0	52.1	53.8	59.1	59.6	58.9	82.5	17.0	36.1
5 or more dwelling units	9.5	1.5	12.1	9.7	1,8	12.5	8.8	-	10.8

Table 2.--CONTRACT AND GROSS RENT OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY COLOR OF OCCUPANTS, FOR HARRISBURG, PENNSYLVANIA: 1950

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

·	na substation						
Monthly rent	Total	White	Nonwhite	Monthly rent	Total	White	Nonwhite
Total number renter-occupied substandard dwelling units	8,999	9,018	981	FURNITURE IN RENT Total	100.0	100.0	100.0
Percent of total	100.0	75.5	24.5	Furniture included in contract rent	18,9	28.7	4.4
MONTHLY CONTRACT RENT				Furniture not included in contract rent Not reported	78.8 2.8		93.5 2.1
Total	100.0	100.0	1,00,0	MONTHLY GROSS RENT			
\$9 or less \$10 to \$14 \$15 to \$19 \$20 to \$24 \$25 to \$29	11.1	2.7 5.2 14.1 12.5 10.4	6.5 29.4 26.3 16.5 9.0	Total \$9 or less \$10 to \$14 \$15 to \$19 \$20 to \$24 \$25 to \$29.	109.0 0.8 8.9 4.5 10.5 14.6	2.7 3.5 7.6	100.0 1.2 3.5 7.7 19.5 20.0
30 to \$34 35 to \$39 40 to \$49	9.6 9.0 16.3	11.0 11.2 20.4	5.4 2.4 3.6	\$30 to \$34 \$35 to \$39 \$40 to \$49	19.1 15.0 19.0	19.1 15.3	19.0 18.9 11.0
50 or more Not reported	9.0 9.7	11.9	0.2 0.7	\$50 or more Not reported	19.0 11.7 2.0	14.6	2.5 1.7

Table 3.--CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY GROSS RENT, FOR HARRISBURG, PENNSYLVANIA: 1950

		Monthly gross rent								
Condition and plumbing facilities	Total.	\$19 or less	\$20 to \$24	\$25 to \$29	\$30 to \$34	\$35 to \$39	\$40 to \$49	\$50 or more	Not. reported	
Total number renter-occupied substandard dwelling units	3,999	329	419	583	768	598	759	467	81	
Percent of total	100,0	8.2	10,5	14.6	19.1	15.0	19.0	11.7	2,0	
Not dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	5.6 64.1	(¹) 0.3 3.0 1.0	0.1 0.5 5.0 0.4	0.8 1.0 8.4 0.6	0.5 1.2 12.8 0.4	0,7 0,9 10,4 0,3	1.1 1.2 14.0 0.2	0.5 0.5 9.0 (¹)	0,1 0,1 1,5 { ¹ }	
 Dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, hot and cold running water With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure 	4.6 0.8 2.3 11.9 3.7	0.2 0.2 1.8 1.6	0.1 (¹) 0.5 2.8 1.0	0.1 0.7 2.5	0.6 0.2 0.4 2.3 0.4	1.0 0.2 0.1 1.3 0.1	1.2 0.1 0.2 0.8 0.1	1.0 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.1	0,1 (¹) (¹) 0,2 0,1	
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	1.0	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.3	0,1	0.1	0,1	0,1	

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

1 Less than 0.05 percent.

Table 3a.--CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, EY GROSS RENT, FOR WHITE HOUSEHOLDS, FOR HARRISBURG, PENNSYLVANIA: 1950

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

					Monthly	ross ren	t		
Condition and plumbing facilities	Total	\$19 or less	\$20 to \$24	\$25 to \$29	\$30 to \$34	\$35 to \$39	\$40 to \$49	\$50 or more	Not reported
Total number renter-occupied									
substandard dwelling units	8,018	207	228	387	577	462	651	442	64
Percent of total	100.0	6.9	7.6	12,8	19.1	15,3	21.6	14.6	2,1
Not dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	8.0 5.1 78.8 3.0	(¹) 0.8 3.2 1.1	0.1 0.3 4.9 0.4	0.1 1.0 8.8 0.6	0.3 1.1 14.5 0.5	0.6 0.6 11.9 0.3	1.1 1.2 16.9 0.2	0.7 0.6 11.7 (¹)	0,1 0,1 1,8 (¹)
Dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, hot and cold running water With private bath and private flush toilet,	4.3	0.2	0.1	0.4	0,6	0.7	1.2	1.1	(1)
no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet	0.4 0.9 6.9	0,1 0,9	(¹) 0.2 1.1	0.1 0.2 1.5	0.1 0.2 1.4	0.1 (¹) 0.9	 0.1 0.7	0.1 (¹) 0.4	(1)
No running water inside structure Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	1.9 . 0.6	1.0 0.1	0.4 (¹)	0.2 (¹)	0.2 0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1 (¹)	(¹) (¹)

¹ Less than 0.05 percent.

Table 3b. -- CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY GROSS RENT, FOR NONWHITE HOUSEHOLDS, FOR HARRISBURG, PENNSYLVANIA: 1950

					Monthly g	ross ren	t		
Condition and plumbing facilities	Total	\$19 or less	\$20 to \$24	\$25 to \$29	\$30 to \$34	\$35 to \$39	\$40 to \$49	\$50 or more	Not reported
Total number renter-occupied substandard dwelling units	981	. 122	191	196	186	136	108	25	17
Percent of total	100.0	18.4	19.5	20.0	78.0	18.9	11.0	2.5	1.7
Not dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	8.9 7.0 34.5 2.1	0.5	0.9 0.8 5.2 0.6	0.7 1.2 7.3 0.5	0.8 1.5 7.4 0.8	0.9 1.5 5.7 0.1	1.0 1.1 5.0 0.1	0.1 0.3 0.8	0,6
Dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, hot and cold running water With private bath and private flush toilet; no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	5.2 2.0 6.6 27.4 9.2	0.7 4.5		0.4 0.3 2.2 5.7 1.2	0.6 0.6 1.0 5.2 1.1	1.8 0.6 0.3 2.4 0.2	1.4 0.4 0.5 1.1 0.2	0.6	0.2 0.1 0.1 0.5 0.1
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	2.0	0.4	0.4	0,8	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

Table 4.--CHARACTERISTICS OF FAMILIES IN SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY TENURE AND COLOR, FOR HARRISBURG, PENNSYLVANIA: 1950

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

		Total			White	·		Nonwhite	<u>`</u>
Characteristic	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter
Total number of families	4,079	1,045	8,036	3,159	840	2,319	920	203	717
Percent of total	100.0	25.6	74.4	77.4	80.6	56.8	82,6	5.0	17.6
TYPE OF FAMILY									• • • •
Total	100.0	1,00.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100_0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Primary family Secondary family	97.6 8.4	97.7 2.3	97.6 2.4	98.8 1.2	98.6 1.4	98.9 1.1	93.7 6.S	94.0 5.9	93.6 6.4
NUMBER OF PERSONS IN FAMILY Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100_0	100.0	100.0	100,0
2 persons	\$9.8 25.5 14.5 8.9 4.8 2.9 3.9	34.3 24.9 15.9 10.8 6.0 3.3 4.7	41.7 25.8 14.1 8.2 3.8 2.8 8.6	40.5 27.6 14.2 8.8 3.7 2.2 2.9	34.8 26.0 16.2 12.1 5.2 2.1 3.6	42.6 88.2, 13.5 7.6 8.1 2.2 2.6	37.6 18.4 15.5 9.1 6.5 5.4 7.4	S2.5 20.7 14.8 5.4 9.4 7.9 9.4	89.1 17.7 15.8 10.2 5.7 4.7 6.8
NUMBER OF PERSONS PER ROOM. IN DWELLING UNIT				100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100-0	100.0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	H	<u>+</u>	1	1	1
0.50 or less 0.51 to 0.75 0.76 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 to 2.00 2.01 or more Not reported.	21.4 25.9 31.4 14.1 4.7 2.2 C.8	34.6 29.6 24.8 8.1 2.3 0.2 0.9	16.9 24.7 33.6 16.1 5.6 2.5 0.3	21.7 26.3 32.9 13.1 4.1 1.7 0.3	35.0 30.4 25.1 7.5 1,5 0.2 0.2	16.9 24.8 35.7 15.1 5.0 2.2 0.3	20.3 24.7 26.2 17.5 7.0 3.8 0.5	33.0 26.6 23.6 10.8 5.4 - 0.5	16.7 24.1 26.9 19.4 7.4 4.9 0.6
NUMBER OF MINORS IN FAMILY							100.0	100.0	100-0
Total	100.0	1.00.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
No minors 1 minors 2 minors 3 minors 4 minors 5 minors	42.0 26.7 13.7 8.5 3.8	42.3 23.9 15.1 8.8 4.1	42.0 27.7 13.1 8.4 3.7 2.0	43.1 28.5 13.7 7.6 3.3 1.8	42.5 25.0 15.6 9.4 3.6 1.8	43.3 29.8 13.0 6.9 9.1 1.8	38.4 20.7 13.5 11.6 5.7 3.4	19.2 13.3 6.4 6.4	18.5 19.1 5.4 2.8
5 minors or more	2.1 3.1	8.4 9.4		2.0		2.0	7.0	N) .

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Table 4a.--INCOME IN 1949 OF PRIMARY FAMILIES IN SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY NUMBER OF MINORS, TENURE, AND COLOR, FOR HARMISBURG, PENNSYLVANIA: 1950

Family income by	<u>,</u>	Total			White			Nonwhite	
number of minors	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter
Total number of primary families	3,983	1,019	8 , 964	8,121	828	2,298	862	191	6?]
Percent of total	100.0	25.6	74.4	78.4	20.8	57.6	21.6	4.8	16.8
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(1)	100.0
\$999 or less \$1,000 to \$1,249 \$1,250 to \$1,499	10.3 5.7 3.0	5.5 2.6 2.9	11.9 6.8 3.0	8.0 4.5 2.8	5.6 1.7 2.8	8,9 5,5 2.7	18.3 10.3 3.8	· · ·	22.1 11.8 5.9
\$1,500 to \$1,749 \$1,750 to \$1,999	7.4 4.8	4.7 8.4	8.3 5.3	6.9 4.1	8,4 2,3	7.8 4.8	11.4 7.2		11.8 6.9
\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,749 \$2,750 to \$2,999	10.0 5.8 7.6 5.1	8.5 5.0 8.6 6.0	10.5 6.0 7.3 4.8	9.3 5.3 8.3 5.3	7.3 3.4 9.0 7.8	10.0 5.9 8.0 4.6	12.5 7.6 5.8 4.2		12.8 6.4 4.9 5.4
\$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 or more Not reported	19.1 8.5 5.8 7.0	24.6 10.6 10.3 7.2	17.2 7.8 4.3 6.9	21.8 10.2 7.0 7.1	26.0 11.9 11.9 7.3	20.3 9.6 5.3 7.1	9.1 2.8 1.5		6.4 1.5 1.0 6.4
No minors	41.5	39,6	42.2	42.7	39.0	44.1	6.5 87.2		35,8
<pre>\$999 or less \$1,000 to \$1,249 \$1,250 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,749</pre>	4.8 2.7 1.3 3.2	8.1 1.6 1.7 1.9	5.4 3.1 1.2 3.6	4.4 2.0 1.1 2.8	8.4 1.1 1.7 1.1	4.8 2.3 0.9 8.4	6.1 5.8 1.9 4.6		7.4 5.9 2.0 4.4
\$1,750 to \$1,999 \$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,749	2.4 4.3 2.6 1.6	2.3 4.8 2.3 1.7	8.4 4.1 8.7 1.5	2.1 4.2 2.5 1.8	1.7 4.0 1.7 1.7	2.3 4.3 2.7 1.8	S.4 4.5 S.0 O.8		2.9 9.4 2.5 0.5
\$2,750 to \$2,999 \$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 or more	1.5 6.3 4.0 3.0	1.8 6.0 3.7 4.0	1.4 6.4 4.2 2.6	1.4 7.5 5.0 3.7	2.3 6.2 4.5 4.5	1.1 8.0 5.3 8.4	l.9 l.9 0.4 0.4		2,5 1,0 0,5
Not reported One minor	3.8 27.9	4.8 24.3	8.5 29.2	4.0 29.9	5.1 . 26.0	8.7 31.3	8,0 20,9		2.9 22.1
\$999 or less \$1,000 to \$1,249 \$1,250 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,749 \$1,750 to \$1,749	3.4 1.5 0.6 2.5 1.0	2.5 0.3 1.2 0.5	8.7 2.0 0.8 2.9 1.2	2.9 1.3 0.7 2.3 0.8	2,3 - 1.1 0.6	8.2 1.8 0.9 2.7 0.9	4.9 2.3 0.4 3.0 1.5		5.4 2.5 0.5 3.4 2.0
\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,749 \$2,750 to \$2,999	3.3 1.2 2.4 1.2	1.6 1.2 1.4 0.9	3.8 1.2 2.8 1.3	3.3 1.5 2.8 1.5	1.1 1.1 1.7 1.1	4.1 1.6 3.2 1.6	3.0 0.4 1.1 0.4		2,9 1,5 0,5
\$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 or more Not reported	5.8 2.2 1.5 1.3	8.0 2.2 3.7 0.9	5.1 2.2 0.7 1.8	6.9 2.4 1.9 1.5	9.0 2.3 4.5 1.1	5 6.2 2.5 0.9 1.6	1.9 1.1 0.8		1.5 1.0
Two minors	13.1	17.1	11.8	19.2	17.5	11.6	.12.9		12,3
\$1,000 to \$1,249 \$1,250 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,749 \$1,750 to \$1,999	0.8 0.6 0.5 0.5 0.4	0.5 - 0.3 0.3	1.0 0.6 0.6 0.6 0.5	0.3 0.7 0.5 0.3 0.3	0.6	0.5 0.7 0.7 0.5 0.5	2.3 0.4 0.4 1.1 0.6		2,9 0,5 0,5 1,0 0,5
\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,749 \$2,750 to \$2,999	1.3 0.7 1.4 1.2	1.7 0.3 1.2 2.3	1.2 0.9 1.5 0.9	1.1 0.5 1.5 1.6	1.7 - 1.1 2.8	0.9 0.7 1.6 1.1	1.9 1.5 1.1		2.0 1.5 1.0
\$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 or more Not reported	3.5 1.3 0.4 0.4	6.0 3.1 0,9	2.7 0.7 0.3 0.4	4.0 1.6 0.5	6.2 3.4 1.1	8.2 0.9 0.2 0.2	1.9 0.4 0.4 0.8		1.0 0.5 1.0

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

¹ Percentage distribution is not shown where the number of cases in the sample is less than 100.

Table 4a.--INCOME IN 1949 OF PRIMARY FAMILIES IN SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY NUMBER OF MINORS, TENURE, AND COLOR, FOR HARRISBURG, PENNSYLVANIA: 1950---Con.

Family income by		Total			White			Nonwhite	
number of minors	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter
Three or four minors	11.7	12.3	11.5	10.8	12.4	9.6	16.7		18,1
\$999 or less \$1,000 to \$1,249 \$1,250 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,749 \$1,750 to \$1,999	0.7 0.7 0.4 0.7 0.7	- 0.9 0.8	0.9 0.9 0.8 0.7 0.9	 0.5 0.5 0.3 0.7	- 1.1 0.6	0.7 0.2 0.2 0.9	.3.1 1.1 2.3 0.8		3.9 1.5 2.5 1.0
\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,749 \$2,750 to \$2,999	0.5 0.9 1.2 0.7	0.5 0.8 2.3 0.9	0.5 0.9 0.9 0.7	0.3 0.8 1.4 0.6	0.6 0.6 2.8 1.1	0.2 0.9 0.9 0.5	1.1 1.1 0.8 1.1		1.5 1.0 1.0 1.5
\$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 or more Not reported	2.7 0.7 0.5 1.3	8.4 1.2 0.5 1.1	2,5 0,5 0,5 1,4	2.7 0.8 0.5 1.2	3.4 1.1 0.6 0.6	2,5 0.7 0.5 1.4	2.7 0.4 0.4 1.9	1 1 S	2.5 ~ 0.5 1.5
5 minors or more	5.7	6.7	5.8	3.9	5.1	3.4	12.2		11.8
\$999 or less \$1,000 to \$1,249 \$1,250 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,749 \$1,750 to \$1,999	0.7 0.2 0.2 0.5 0.3	0.3 0.3 0.5 0.3	0.9 0.2 0.2 0.5 0.3	0.3 	0,6	0,5 - 0,5 0,8	1.9 1.1 1.1 0.4 0.8		2.5 1.0 1.0 0.5 0.5
\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,749 \$2,750 to \$2,999	0.7 0.3 0.9 0.3	0.3 2.0	0.9 0.3 0.6 0.4	0.3 		0.5 0.5 0.2	1.9 1.5 1.5 0.8		2.5 1.5 1.0 1.0
\$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 or more Not reported	0.7 0.2 0.4 0.1	1.2 0.5 1.2	0.5 0.2 0.2 0.2	0.6 0.3 0.5 0.2	1.1 0.6 1.1	0.5 0.2 0.2 0.2	0.8		0.5

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

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Table 5.--RENT AS PERCENT OF INCOME BY FAMILY INCOME IN 1949 OF PRIMARY FAMILIES WITH NO SUBFAMILY OR SECONDARY FAMILY IN RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY PRESENCE OF MINORS AND COLOR, FOR HARRISBURG, PENNSYLVANIA: 1950

		Total.			White		<u> </u>	Nonwhite	
Gross rent as percent of income- by family income	Total	No minors	With minors	Total	No minors	With minors	Total	No minors	With minors
Number of families	2,754	1,214	1,540	2,188	1,000	1,188	566	214	852
		44.1	55.9	79.4	36.3	43.1	20.6	7.8	12,6
Percent of total	100.0			1011					
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(1)	100,0
9 percent or less	11.2	18.9	9.8	12.2	15.2	9.7	7.6		7,5
10 percent to 14 percent 15 percent to 19 percent	20.1 19.2	19.0 18.3	21.0 19.8	21.5 19.6	20.4 18.3	22.5 20.7	14.5 17.4		15,9 16,8
20 percent to 24 percent	18.7	11.7	15.2	13.9	11.5	15.9	12.8		13,1
25 percent to 29 percent	8.6	6.4	10.4	8.1	5.8	10.1	10.5		11,2
30 percent to 34 percent	4.2	6.1	-2.7	4.1	5.8	2.6	4.7		2,8
35 percent or more	13.5	18.9	18.8	11.5	12.6	10.6	21.5		22,4
Not reported	9.5	10,8	8,5	9,1	10.5	7.9	11.0		10.3
\$1,499 or less	20,9	21.4	20.4	17.2	17.8	16.7	34.9	·	92,7
9 percent or less	3.2	3.6	2.9	3.1	8.7	2.6	3.5		5.7
10 percent to 14 percent	-			-			-		-
15 percent to 19 percent 20 percent to 24 percent	0.4 1.3	0.8 1.1	0.6 1.4	0.2	1.0	0.4	1.2		0,9
25 percent to 29 percent	2.2	1.4	2.9	1.0	1.0	1.8	7.0		6,5
30 percent to 34 percent	2.0	8.8	1.4	1.7	2.1	1.3	8.5		1,9
35 percent or more	11.7	12.3	11.8	9,8	11.0	8.8	19.2		19,6
\$1,500 to \$1,999	18,6	14.6	12.9	11.7	13.1	10.6	20.9		20,6
9 percent or less	0,2	0.3	0.2		_	_	1.2		0,9
10 percent to 14 percent	1.1	0.4	1.6	1.2	0.5	1.8	0.6		0,9
15 percent to 19 percent	2.7	3.5	8.1	1.9	2.6	1.3	5.8		4,7
20 percent to 24 percent	3.1	3.1	3.2		2.1	2.0	7.0		6,5
25 percent to 29 percent	8.9	2.9	2.9	8.9	8.1	2.6	2.9		\$,7
30 percent to 34 percent 35 percent or more	1.8 1.8	2.9 1.6	0.9	1.9 1.7	3.1	0.8	1.2 2.3		0,9 2,6
	15.7	15.2	16.2	15.3	15.2	15.4	17.4		18,7
\$2,000 to \$2,499									
9 percent or 7388	0.2	-	0.3	0.2		0.4	-		
10 percent to 14 percent	2.3	2,1	8.5	1.4	1.6	1.3	5.8	ll –	5,5
15 percent to 19 percent 20 percent to 24 percent	6.7	7.0	6.5	6.5	6.8	6.2	7.6		7,5 3,7
25 percent to 29 percent	3.9 2.2	8.6 2.2	4.3	4.1	3.7	4.4 2.6	3.5	1	0,9
30 percent to 34 percent	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.4	_		_
35 percent or more			-			-		[-
\$2,500 to \$2,999	11.5	6.1	15.7	12.2	5.8	17.6	8.7		9,3
9 percent or less								1	0,9
10 percent to 14 percent	0.9	1,3	0.6	1.0		0.4			3,7
15 percent to 19 percent	3.6	1.9 1.6	4.9			5.3			2,8
20 percent to 24 percent	2.1	1.3	2.0			3.1			1,9
25 percent to 29 percent	0.8		1.4			1.8		1	-
30 percent to 34 percent	-		-						-
35 percent or more	-	-	-		-	-			•
\$3,000 or over	28.8	21.9	26,4	34.4	37.7	31.7	7.0	-	8,4
9 percent or less	6.8	8.7	5,2	7.9	9.9	6.2	2.3		1.9
10 percent to 14 percent	18.1	14.5	11.9						4.7
15 percent to 19 percent	5.3	6.0	4.6				1		0,9
20 percent to 24 percent	9,2	2.6	3.6	8.8	3.1	4.4			0,9
25 percent to 29 percent	0,6		1.0	0.7	- 1	1.3	-	N .	:
30 percent to 34 percent 35 percent or more	-		-			-	: _		1 .
-									
Not reporting income or rent	9.5	10.8	8,5	9.1	10.5	7.9	11.0	1	10,3

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

¹ Percentage distribution is not shown where the number of cases in the sample is less than 100.

1950 CENSUS OF HOUSING

SPECIAL TABULATIONS FOR LOCAL HOUSING AUTHORITIES

peceniber 12, 1950

Washington 25, D. C.

Series HC+6, No. 133

DECATUR, ILLINOIS: APRIL 1950

This report is based on a transcription and tabulation of data from the 1950 Census of Population and Housing. The statistics relate to dwelling units considered substandard by the Public Housing Administration, in accordance with the contract for these statistics between the Bureau of the Census and the Decatur Housing Authority.

A dwelling unit is considered substandard by the Public Housing Administration if it is either dilapidated or does not have the following plumbing facilities: flush toilet and bath inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use, and hot running water. The Public Housing Administration considers the absence of hot running water to be evidence generally of poor quality of the dwelling unit, but there may be some localities in which the absence of hot running water is not deemed to be a sufficient indication by itself of poor quality. In such localities, a revised count of substandard units may be obtained from table 1 by subtracting from the total the units which lack hot water only. If it is desired to eliminate the units lacking hot water only from the total count of substandard units, the distributions shown in the tables will not be materially affected.

The criteria used to define substandard units in these tabulations are not identical with the housing characteristics included in the published reports from the 1940 Census. Therefore, any comparison of data in this report with the 1940 results must be made with extreme care. A direct comparison cannot be made with the 1940 results because information on hot running water was not collected at that time. Further, the 1940 data on condition were collected showing dwelling units "needing major repairs," whereas in 1950 data on condition were collected showing units as "dilapidated." Because the definitions or these two terms differ significantly, the 1940 count of dwelling units needing major re-46332

pairs and the 1950 count of dilapidated dwelling units are comparable only in a general way.

In addition to the number of substandard units shown in the tables, there were 44 other units for which there was no report on either condition or the presence of one of the plumbing facilities. Had there been complete reporting on these items, some additional units might have been found to be substandard.

The data are presented in the series of attached tables. In table 1 the structural and occupancy characteristics are shown for all substandard dwelling units. Table 2 shows the rent paid for renter-occupied substandard units; table 3 shows the condition and plumbing facilities of these same units. Table 4 shows the characteristics of all families (both primary and secondary) living in the substandard units. Table 4a classifies the primary families by family income. Table 5 classifies primary families with no subfamily or secondary family present, by rent as a percent of family income.

In the contract rent tabulation, dwelling units occupied rent free are tabulated in the "\$9 or less" category. In the gross rent tabulations, however, such units are tabulated as "not reporting," except when utilities were reported.

DEFINITIONS

The definitions used in this special tabulation are generally the same as those used in the 1950 Census of Population and Housing. Some of the more important definitions are given below.

<u>Dwelling unit</u>...-In general, a dwelling unit is a group of rooms or a single room, occupied, or intended for occupancy, as separate living quarters by a family or other group of persons living together or by a person living alone. 2

<u>Primary family.--A</u> primary family consists of two or more persons including the head of the household and all (one or more) persons in the household who are related to the head by blood, marriage, or adoption. It may include a subfamily consisting of a married couple with or without children, or one parent with one or more children under 18 years of age, living in the household and related to but not including the head of the household or his wife. The subfamily is considered a part of the primary family for all tabulation purposes.

Secondary family.--A secondary family consists of two or more persons, such as a lodger or servant and his relatives, living in a household and related to each other but not related to the household head. The secondary family is considered a separate family for tabulation purposes.

Minor. -- A minor is an unmarried person under 21 years of age other than the head of a family or his wife.

<u>Dilapidation</u>.--A dwelling unit is considered to be dilapidated when it has serious deficiencies, is rundown or neglected, or is of inadequate original construction, so that it does not provide adequate shelter or protection against the elements or it endangers the safety of the occupants.

<u>Plumbing facilities.--The following are the</u> three plumbing facilities tabulated:

1. Flush toilet inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use;

2. Installed bathtub or shower inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use; and

3. Hot and cold running water inside the structure.

<u>Exclusive use.--Equipment</u> is for "exclusive use" if it is used only by the occupants of one dwelling unit.

Shared.---Equipment is "shared" when occupants of two or more units use the same equipment.

Family income.--Family income is the sum of the income received during 1949, by all members of the family. The following items were asked separately for the head of the family and for all other members of the family combined: 1. The amount of money wages or salary

received in 1949;

2. The amount of net money income received from self-employment in 1949; and

3. The amount of other money income received in 1949, such as interest, dividends, veterans' allowances, pensions, or rents.

<u>Gross rent</u>.--Monthly gross rent is contract rent plus the reported average monthly cost of water, electricity, gas, and other fuel paid for by the renter. If furniture is included it the contract rent, the reported estimated rest of the dwelling unit without furniture is used for the computation instead of the contract rent.

SOURCE AND RELIABILITY OF THE DATA

The figures shown in this report are based on the transcribed data for all nonwhite-occupied substandard dwelling units and about one-fifth of the white-occupied substandard units. The transcribed data were supplemented by two types of additional information: (a) An actual count was made of the total number of white-occupied substandard units, even though the housing, family, and income distributions were based on a sample; (b) a special supplementation of the census income data was made for nonwhite families. As part of the 1950 Census, family incore data were obtained from about one-fifth of all families. For these tabulations the income data were supplemented by a subsequent field enumeration of the nonwhite families who were not in the original sample but were living in sutstandard units. Therefore, all data for nonwhite households represent complete counts.

Although some of the figures in the tables are based on the same data as the forthcoming 1950 Census tabulations, they may differ from those to be published as part of the census. The present tables were obtained by tabulating directly the data as transcribed in the field offices of the Census Bureau and the figures, therefore, do not include all of the refinements that result from a careful examination of the sohedules.

In addition, the data are subject to other biases due to errors of response and to nonreporting which cannot be corrected in editing. Factors affecting the accuracy of reporting are the respondent's knowledge of the facts and the ability of the enumerator to obtain accurate information on such items as income, rent, dilapidation and plumbing facilities. The regular 1950 tabulations are also subject to these biases.

Reliability of Estimates for Total and for White Households

Because of sampling variability the figures for total and for white households may differ from the figures that would have been obtained from a complete count. (The numbers of occupied dwelling units, by race of occupant, are complete counts which are not subject to sampling variations.) The reliability estimates which follow give approximate measures of the sampling errors to be expected in the sample data. Reliability of percentages.--The allowance to be made for sampling variation in a percentage depends, in general, both on the value of the percentage and the size of the base on which it is determined. If two percentages are of the same magnitude, the one based on a large number of cases in the sample is, in general, less variable than the one based on a small number of sample cases. Estimates of reliability are shown in the following table for percentages with bases of white occupied dwelling units or white families of the specified types. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the differences due to sampling variability between the percentages obtained from the sample and the percentages which would have been obtained from a complete census would be less than the sampling errors shown below.

			Sampling var	iability if	the base is-	-	
Percentage shown in table	All whiten occupied substandard		e primary fe lard dwellin	or secondar	ary families with no secondary family pre- standard renter units		
	units	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	No minors	With minors
0.5 1.0 2.0 3.0 4.0 5.0 10.0 15.0 20.0 25.0 30.0	0.4 0.6 0.9 1.1 1.2 1.7 2.0 2.2 2.4 2.6	0.4 0.6 0.9 1.1 1.2 1.4 1.9 2.3 2.5 2.5 2.7 2.9	0.7 0.9 1.3 1.6 1.8 2.0 2.8 3.3 3.7 4.0 4.2	0.6 0.9 1.2 1.5 1.7 1.9 2.6 3.1 8.5 3.7 4.0	0.6 0.9 1.2 1.5 1.7 1.9 2.6 3.1 3.5 3.8 4.0	0.8 1.2 1.7 2.0 2.3 2.6 3.6 4.8 4.8 4.8 4.8 5.2 5.2	0.9 1.8 1.8 2.2 2.5 2.8 3.8 4.6 5.1 5.5 5.5 5.9
40.0 50.0	2.7 2.8	3.1 3.2	4.5 4.6	4.2 4.3	4.8 4.4	5.9 6.0	6.3 6.4

To illustrate, for a figure of 10 percent based on white primary families living in substandard renter dwelling units, the sampling variability is 2.6 percent; the chances are about 19 out of 20 that the percentage obtained by a complete census would have been between 7.4 percent and 12.6 percent.

The sampling variability of a specified percentage of total families or dwelling units with designated characteristics will vary according to the proportion of white families or whiteoccupied dwelling units making up this percentage. For example, consider the sampling variability of a figure of 5 percent based on total primary families. The maximum sampling error to be expected of such a figure would occur when the entire 5 percent includes only white primary families and the chances are about 19 out of 20 that this sampling error would not exceed 1.3 percent. If the entire 5 percent in* cludes only nonwhite families no sampling error would be present. For specific characteristics composed of 5 percent of total primary families the sampling variability may assume any value up to the maximum.

Reliability of absolute figures. -- The approximate sampling variability of the absolute figures for white-occupied units or white families, tables 1 through 5, is shown below. The chances are 19 out of 20 that the differences between the numbers shown in the tables and the numbers that would have been obtained from a complete census would be less than the sampling errors which follow.

Size of absolute figure	Sampling variability ¹	Size of absolute figure	Sampling variability ¹
100	40	1,500	130
200	55	2,000	140
800	65	2,500	145
400	75	3,000	140
500	85	4,000	120
1,000	115	5,000	45

¹ Applies to white families and white-occupied units, tables 1 through 5.

Reliability of differences....The estimates of sampling variability in the above tables are not directly applicable to differences obtained by subtracting one figure from another. The sampling variability in an observed difference between two figures depends on the sampling variability of each of the figures and the correlation between them.

Table 1.--STRUCTURAL AND OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS, CONDITION, AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNIT: BY TENURE AND COLOR OF OCCUPANTS, FOR DECATUR, ILLINOIS: 1950

(A substandard dwelling unit is defined by the Public Housing Administration as a unit which is either dilapidated or does but have all of the following plumbing facilities: flush toilet and bath inside the structure for the unit's exclusive LNP, and but were tracked as a structure of the structure of the unit's exclusive LNP. and hot running water)

<u></u>		Total			White			Nonwhite	
Characteristic	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	heater
		1							
Total number occupied substandard dwelling units	5,679	2,483	3,196	5,124	2,160	2,964	555	323	222
Percent of total	1.00.0	43.7	56.3	90.2	38.0	52.2	9.8	5.7	4.1
NUMBER OF ROOMS					100.0	300.0	100.0		
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	100,0 15,7	100.0	100.0	100,)
l room2 rooms	9.7 20.6	1.9 3.2	15.7 34.1	10.0	2.1 3.4	34.8	11.4	0.6	15,) 25,0
3 rooms	20.1	13.6 37.5	25.2 14.8	21.0 24.3	14.5	25.8 14.1	11.9 28.5	8.0 31.9	17,1 23,7
5 rooms	14.8	25.8	6.2	14.2	25.7	5.9	19.8	26.3	10,9
5 rooms	5.9 1.8	10.4 3.9	2.5 0.2	5.4 1.6	9.7 3.4	2.3 0.2	10.5 4.3	15,2 7,1	3,9 0,4
8 rooms or more	1.0	2.4	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$	0,9	2.1	-	3,1	5.0	3,4
Not reported	1,3	, 1.2	1,3	1,0	0.7	1,2	4.0	4,3	3,4
CONDITION									
Total	100.0	1.00.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	167.0
Not dilapidated Dilapidated	84.3 14.2	86.5 12.3	82.7 15.6	87.3 11.4	90.3 9.0	85.1 13.2	56.9 39.5	60.7 35.0	51,7 43,7
Not reported	1.5	1.2	1.7	1.3	0.7	1.7	3.6	4.3	2,5
WATER SUPPLY									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0
Hot and cold piped running water inside structure	46.2	28.0	60.4	48.9	29.7	63.0	21.3	16.7	27.5
Only cold piped running water inside structure No piped running water inside structure	39.7 13.8	52.3 19.4	29.9 9.5	38.2 12.7	50.8 19.3	29.0 7.9	54.1 24.1	62.5 19.8	42.2 30,2
Not reported	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.5	0,9	•
TOILET FACILITIES						[
Total	1.00.0	1.00.0	1.00.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Flush toilet inside structure, exclusive use	29.5	43.7	18.4	29.0	43.9	18,1	34.4	43.3	22,0
Flush toilet inside structure, shared Other toilet facilities (including privy)	42.8 26.9	16.8 38.4	63.1 18.0	45.4 24.9	18.4 36.8	65.2 16.2	18.7 45.8	6.2 49.2	36.2 40,9
Not reported	0.7	1.0	0.5	0.7	0.9	0.5	1.1	1.2	0.7
BATHING FACILITIES									I
• Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100 0	100.0	100.0	303 6 I
Installed bathtub or shower inside structure,	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	1000
exclusive use Installed bathtub or shower inside structure,	12.6	18.4	8.0	12.7	19.1	8.0	11.5	14.2	7.3
shared Other or none	40.6	17.1	58.9	43.7	18.9	61.8	12.3	5.3	22.0
Not reported	45.4	62.5 2.0	32.1 0.9	42.3 1.3	60.2 1.8	29.3	73.7	77.7	68.1 2.2
NUMBER OF PERSONS									
Total	100.0	1.00.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	1.00.0	100.0	100.0	100.9
l person	18.8	10.0	25.5	19.1	10.3	25.5	15.7	8.0	26.J
2 persons 3 persons	34.5	29.2	38.6	35.4	29.7	39.5	26.3	26.3	26,3
4 persons	18.6 14.1	20.4 18.7	17.3 10.6	19.0 14.1	21.1 19.3	17.4	15.5 14.1	15.5 14.9	15.5
5 persons 6 persons	6.9	9.8	4.8	6.9	10.1	4.5	7.6	7.4	7.1
7 persons	3.0 1.6	4.7	1.7	2.6 1.4	4.1 2.3	1,5	7.0	8.7	2.2
8 persons	0.8 1.5	1.4 3.0	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.3	4,0	6.2	0.9 3.4
NUMBER OF LODGERS	ر ه ـ	0.0	0.4	1,1	2.3	0.2	5.9	7.7	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	1.00.0	100.0	100,0	100.0
None 1 or more lodgers	93,4 6,6	90.9 9.1	95.4	94.6	92.9	95.8	82.9	78.0	89.7 10,3
¹ Less than 0.05 percent.	0. 0	24T	4.6	5.4	7.1	4.2	17.1	22.0	Alea A

Table 1.--STRUCTURAL AND OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS, CONDITION, AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY TENURE AND COLOR OF OCCUPANTS, FOR DECATUR, ILLINOIS: 1950--Con.

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(A substandard dwelling unit is defined by the Public Housing Administration as a unit which is either dilapidated or does not have all of the following plumbing facilities: flush toilet and bath inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use, and hot running water)

Characteristic		Total			White		N	onwhite	
	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter
CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES					di s				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Not dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside the structure	7.7 15.7 49.6 10.2	12.8 23.8 32.1 16.4	3.'8 9.4 63.2 5.3	7.9 15.7 52.3 10.3	13.6 24.4 33.6 17.5	3.9 9.4 66.0 5.0	5.8 15.9 24.9 9.5	8.0 20.1 22.6 9.6	2.6 9.9 28.0 9.5
Dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, hot and cold running water	2.0	1 2.1	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	3.1	4.0	1.7
No hot running water	1.0 2.2 5.2 3.5	1.2 2.5 3.3 2.8	0.8 2.0 6.7 4.0	0.9 1.8 4.3 2.4	1.1 1.8 2.1 1.8	0.7 1.8 5.9 2.8	2.0 5.9 13.7 13.7	1.9 7.1 11.5 9.6	2.2 4.3 16.8 19.4
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	2.8	2.7	2.9	2.5	2.3	2.7	5,6	5,6	5.6
CONDITION BY NUMBER OF PLUMBING FACILITIES					i.				1
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	1.00.0	1.00.0	1.00.0	100.0
Not dilapidated: Lacking 1 facility Lacking 2 facilities Lacking 3 facilities	14.2 44.8 24.3	21.3 32.9 31.1	8.8 54.0 19.0	14.7 47.2 24.3	22.5 34.7 31.7	9.0 56.3 18.9	9.7 22.5 23.8	13.0 20.4 26.9	5.2 25.4 19.4
Dilapidated: With all facilities Lacking 1 facility Lacking 2 facilities Lacking 3 facilities	2.0 1.8 3.2 7.0	2.1 1.8 2.6 5.6	1.8 1.8 3.6 8.1	1.8 1.6 2.7 5.0		1.8 1.7 3.4 6.2	3.1 2.9 7,4 25.0	4.0 2.8 7.4 19.8	1.7 3.0 7.3 32.3
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	2.8	2.7	2.9	2.5	2.3	2.7	5,6	5.6	5.6
NUMBER OF DWELLING UNITS IN STRUCTURE			· · ·						
Tota1	100.0	1.00.0	100.0	100.0		100.0	·····	100.0	100.0
1 dwelling unit 2 to 4 dwelling units 5 or more dwelling units	46.9 37.2 15.9	77.8 21.2 1.0	22,9 49.6 27.5	44.6 38.3 17.2			68.1 27.0 4.9	87.3 12.4 0.3	41.4 47.4 11.2

Table 2.--CONTRACT AND GROSS RENT OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY COLOR OF OCCUPANTS, FOR DECATUR, ILLINOIS: 1950

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

Monthly rent	Total	White	Nonwhite	Monthly rent	Total	White	Nonwhite
Total number renter-occupied substandard dwelling units	3,196	2,964	232	FURNITURE IN RENT	100.0	100.0	100.0
Percent of total	100.0	92.7	7.3	Furniture included in contract rent	38.2	39.9	1.7.7
MONTHLY CONTRACT RENT				Furniture not included in contract rent Not reported	55.7 6.1	54.9 5.2	65.1 17.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	MONTHLY GROSS RENT			
\$9 or less	3.9	3.5	9.1	Total	100.0	1.00.0	100.0
\$10 to \$14	6.0	5.4	14.2	\$9 or less	0.8	0.8	0.9
\$15 to \$19	11.0	10.6	16.8	\$10 to \$14	3.5	3.5 6.5	3.9 7.8
\$20 to \$24 \$25 to \$29	12.4 9.9	12.1	17.2		11.3	10.7	18.5
φ <i>ω</i> ν υμφ <i>ω</i> ντικικικικικικικικικικικι	2.2		14.6	\$25 to \$29	16.0	15.9	17.2
\$30 to \$34	12.4	12.2	14.2	\$30 to \$34	11.7	11.7	11.2
\$35 to \$39	11.2	11.6	6.5	\$35 to \$39	15.3	15.4	14.2
\$40 to \$49	18.7		6.9		16.2	16.4	14.2
50 or more	13.5	14.6			14.5		7.3
Not reported	1.0	1.0	0.4	Not reported	3.9	3.7	1

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Table 3.--CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY GROSS RENT, FOR DECATUR, ILLINOIS: 1950

		<u> </u>			Monthly g	gross ren	t		
Condition and plumbing facilities	Total	\$19 or less	\$20 to \$24	\$25 to \$29	\$30 to \$34	\$35 to \$39	\$40 to \$49	\$50 or more	Not reported
Total number renter-occupied substandard dwelling units	3,196	352	361	512	373	490	519	463	126
Percent of total	100.0	11.0	11.3	16.0	11.7	15.3	16.2	14.5	3,9
Not dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	3.8 9.4 63.2 5.3	0.2 0.3 6.3 0.8	1.0 6.9 0.9	0.5 1.9 9.1 1.3	1.0 0.9 7.7 0.3	0.3 1.6 9.9 1.0	0.8 1.3 12.5 0.2	0.8 2.3 9.7 0.2	0.2
Dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, hot and cold running water With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet	1.8 0.8 2.0 6.7	- - 1,6	(¹) - 0.5 0.4	(¹) 0.5 0.1 1.7	0.3 0.2 0.3 0.6	0.5 (¹) 0.8 1.0	0.3 - 0.2 0.4	0.3	0,3
No running water inside structure	4.0	1.2	1.3	0.6	0.2	0.1	(¹)	-	0,6
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	2.9	0.6	0.2	0.2	0.2	(1)	0.7	0.6	0,3

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

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¹ Less than 0.05 percent.

Table 3a.--CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY GROSS MENT, FOR WHITE HOUSEHOLDS, FOR DECATUR, ILLINOIS: 1950

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

					Monthly	gross ren	t		
Condition and plumbing facilities	Total	\$19 or less	\$20 % \$24	\$25 to \$29	\$30 to \$34	\$35 to \$39	\$40 to \$49	\$50 or more	Not reported
Total number renter-occupied substandard dwelling units	2,964	323	318	472	347	457	486	452	109
Percent of total	100.0	10,9	10.7	15.9	11.7	15.4	16.4	15.2	3.7
Not dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	3.9 9.4 66.0 5.0	0.2 0.3 6.5 0.8	1.0 7.2 0.8	0.5 2.0 9.5 1.2	1.0 0.8 8.0 0.2	0.3 1.7 10.2 1.0	0.8 1.2 12.9 0.2	0.8 2.3 10.4 0.2	0.2 1,2 0.8
 Dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, hot and cold running water With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure 	1.8 0.7 1.8 5.9 2.8	- 1.7 0.8	- 0.3 0.3 0.8	- 0.5	0.3 0.2 0.3 0.5 0.2	0.5 0.8 0.8	0.3	0.3	0.3
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities.	2.7	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.2	-	0.7	0.7	0,3

Table 3b.--CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY GROSS RENT, FOR NONWHITE HOUSEHOLDS, FOR DECATUR, ILLINCIS: 1950

			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		Monthly g	ross ren	5	
Condition and plumbing facilities	pied 1 its 232 100.0 e flush toilet, 2.6 o private bath 9.9 te flush toilet 9.5 e flush toilet, 1.7 e flush toilet, 2.2	\$19 or less	\$20 to \$24	\$25 to \$29	\$30 to \$34	\$35 to \$39	\$40 to \$49	\$50 or more
Total number renter-occupied substandard dwelling units	232	29	43	40	26	33	33	11
Percent of total	100.0	12.5	18.5	17.2	11.2	14.2	14.2	4.7
Not dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	9.9 28.0	0.4 0.4 3.4 0.4	1.3 3.0 2.2	0.4 0.9 3.4 3.0	0.4 1.7 3.0 2.2	1.3 5.6 0.9	0.9 2.6 6.9 -	0.4 1.7 1.3
Miapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, hot and cold running water With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot`running water With private flush toilet, no private bath Mith running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	2.2	- - 0.9 5.6	0.4 2.2 1.7 6.9	0.4 0.9 1.3 3.9 1.7	- 0.4 - 1.3 1,3	0.4 0.9 0.4 3.0 1.3	- 3.0 0.4	0.4 - 0.9
fot reporting condition or plumbing facilities	5.6	1.3	0.9	1.3	0.9	0.4	0.4	

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dvelling unit)

Table 4.---CHARACTERISTICS OF FAMILIES IN SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY TENURE AND COLOR, FOR DECATUR, ILLINOIS: 1950

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

		Total			White		Nonwhite		
Characteristic	Total.	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter
Total number of families	4,482	2,163	2,319	4,017	1,867	2,150	465	' 296	
Percent of total	100.0	48.3	51.7	89.6	41.7	48.0	10.4	6.6	
TYPE OF FAMILY									
Total	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	<u> </u>
imary fàmily condary family	98.6 1.4	98.5 1.5	98.8 1.2	99.1 0.9	99.5 0.5	98.8 1.2	94.4 5.6	92.6 7.4	
NUMBER OF PERSONS IN FAMILY						100.0	100.0	100.0) 1
Total	100.0	1.00.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0			
persons persons persons persons persons persons persons	43.3 24.2 16.6 7.9 3.6 1.8 2.6	33.8 24.4 19.4 10.3 5.1 2.8 4.1	52.2 23.9 14.0 5.7 2.1 0.9 1.1	44.1 24.5 16.9 7.9 3.3 1.6 1.6	33.5 25.0 20.5 10.9 5.1 2.4 2.7	53.3 24.0 13.9 5.3 1.8 0.9 0.7	36.6 21.5 13.5 8.2 5.6 3.9 10.8	35.8 20.6 12.5 6.4 5.7 5.4 13.5	
NUMBER OF PERSONS PER ROOM. IN DWELLING UNIT						100.0	100.0	100.0	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		-
50 or less	18,2 22.8 32.0 14.9 8.3 2.6 1.2	27.4 25.6 25.0 14.3 4.9 1.3 1.4	9.6 20.1 38.4 15.5 11.5 3.7 1.1	18.2 23.1 33.0 14.5 8.0 2.3 0.9	27.9 26.6 25.5 13.6 4.5 1.1 0.8	9.7 20.1 39.5 15.2 11.1 3.5 0.9	18.5 19.8 23.0 19.1 11.0 4.3 4.3	24.0 19.6 22.0 19.3 7.4 2.7 5.1	
NUMBER OF MINORS IN FAMILY								100.0	
Total	1.00.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
o minors minors minors minors minors minors minors	46.0 25.0 15.6 7.3 2.5 2.1 1.6	40.7 24.4 17.6 7.9 4.0 2.8 2.6	50.9 25.5 13.8 6.6 1.0 1.5 0.8	46.5 25.5 15.8 7.3 2.2 1.7 1.0	40.2 25.0 18.6 8.5 4.0 2.1 1.6	52.0 25.9 13.4 6.2 0.7 1.4 0.5	41.5 20.6 13.8 6.9 4.5 5.4 7.3	43.5 20.6 11.1 4.4 4.1 7.1 8.8	

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Table 4a.--INCOME IN 1949 OF PRIMARY FAMILIES IN SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY NUMBER OF MINORS, TENURE, AND COLOR, FOR DECATUR, ILLINOIS: 1950

Family income by		Total	9		White		Nonwhite			
number of minors	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	
Yotal number of primary families	4,421	2,131	2,290	3,982	1,857	2,125	439	274	165	
Percent of total	100.0	48,2	51.8	90.1	42.0	48.1	<u>5°ð</u>	6.2	3.7	
Total,	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	1.00,0	1.00.0	100,0	
\$999 or less \$1,000 to \$1,249 \$1,250 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,749 \$1,750 to \$1,749	14.3 3.9 3.2 3.2 4.5	12.6 2.9 2.1 2.7 4.2	15,9 4.8 4.2 3.6 4.8	13.8 3.6 3.1 2.9 4.4	12.3 2.7 1.9 2.1 4.0	15.2 4.4 4.2 3.5 4.7	18°7 6°4 3°5 2°5	15.0 4.4 3.6 6.6 5.8	24.8 9.7 4.2 4.8 6.7	
\$2,000 to \$2,249. \$2,250 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,749 \$2,750 to \$2,749 \$2,750 to \$2,999	8.9 5.9 7.9 5.3	6.6 5.6 7.8 5.1	11.0 6.2 8.1 5.4	8.9 5.6 8.0 5.0	6.1 5.1 7.8 4.5	11.2 6.1 8.2 5.4	9,3 8,9 7,5 7,7	9,9 9,1 8,0 8,8	8.5 8.5 6.7 6.1	
\$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,500 to \$4,999 \$5,000 or more Not reported	21.1 10.3 6.4 5.0	24.8 11.7 8.8 5.0	17.7 9.0 4.2 5.0	22.1 11.2 7.0 4.5	26.2 13.1 9.9 4.3	18.5 9.6 4.4 4.7	12.5 2.1 0.9 10.0	15.3 2.2 1.1 10.2	7.9 1.8 0.6 9,7	
No minors \$999 or less	<u>46.0</u> 9.5	40 <u>.6</u> 8.9	<u>51.0</u> 10.0	46.5 9.5	40.1 8.8	<u>52.1</u> 10.0	41.7 9.3	44.2 9.5	<u>37,6</u> 9,1	
\$1,000 to \$1,249 \$1,250 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,749 \$1,750 to \$1,999	1.8 1.6 1.6 2.0	1.7 1.2 1.2 1.9	1.9 2.1 1.9 2.1	1.9 1.6 1.4 2.0	1.9 1.1 0.8 1.9	1.9 2.1 1.9 2.1	1.1 1.8 3.2 2.3	0.4 1.8 4.0 2.2	9.1 2.4 1.8 1.8 2.4	
<pre>\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,749 \$2,750 to \$2,999</pre>	4.5 2.4 3.1 1.6	3.2 2.3 2.7 0.9	5.6 2.4 3.5 2.3	4.5 2.2 3.1 1.5	2.9 2.1 2.7 0.5	5.8 2.3 3.5 2.3	4•1 3•6 3•2 3∎0	5.1 3.6 2.9 3.6	2,4 3.6 3.6 1.8	
\$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 or more Not reported	8.2 4.6 2.9 2.3	6.9 3.8 3.5 2.4	9.4 5.3 2.4 2.2	8.5 5.0 3.2 2.1	7.0 4.3 4.0 2.1	9.8 5.6 2.6 2.1	5.5 0.7 3.9	6.6 0.4 - 4.0	3.6 1.2 3.6	
One minor	24.7	24.0	25,3	25.3	24.9	25.7	<u>19.1</u>	18.2	20.6	
\$999 or less \$1,000 to \$1,249 \$1,250 to \$1,749 \$1,500 to \$1,749 \$1,750 to \$1,999	2.5 0.9 1.0 1.1 0.8	3.0 C.6 0.7 0.7 0.6	2,1 1,2 1,3 1,4 1,0	2.4 0.9 1.1 1.1 0.7	2.9 0.5 0.8 0.8 0.5	1.9 1.2 1.4 1.4 0.9	4.1 1.1 0.2 0.7 0.9	3.3 0.7 	5,5 1,8 0,6 1,2 1,2	
<pre>%2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,749 \$2,750 to \$2,999</pre>	2.4 1.4 2.0 1.7	1.9 0.8 2.1 1.8	2.8 2.0 2.0 1.7	2.4 1.5 2.1 1.6	1.9 0.8 2.1 1.6	2.8 2.1 2.1 1.6	2.3 0.9 1.4 2.7	2.2 0.7 1.5 2.9	2.4 1.2 1.2 2.4	
\$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 or more Not reported	5.3 2.7 1.6 1.3	6.2 3.0 1.7 1.1	4.4 2.4 1.5 1.4	5.6 3.0 1.7 1.1	6.7 3.5 1.9 0.8	4.7 2.6 1.6 1.4	2.1 0.2 2.5	2.6 - 0.4 2.9	1,2 1,8	
Two minors	15.6	17.8	13.6	15.8	18.7	13,3	13.7	11.3	17.6	
(3099 ox less \$1,000 to \$1,249 \$1,250 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,749 \$1,750 to \$1,999	1.1 0.6 0.4 0.2 1.1	0.4 0.4 (1) 0.1 0.8	1.7 0.8 0.7 0.2 1.3	0,9 0.5 0.4 0.1 1.1	0.3 0.3 - 0.8	1.4 0.7 0.2 1.4	2.7 1.6 0.5 0.7 0.5	1.5 1.1 0.4 1.1 0.7	4.8 2.4 0.6	
\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,749 \$2,770 to \$2,999 \$2,070 to \$2,999	1.2 1.1 1.6 1.0	0.9 0.8 1.9 1.6	1.5 1.5 1.4 0.5	1.2 1.1 1.7 1.0	1.1 0.8 2.1 1.6	1.4 1.4 1.4 0.5	0.9 1.4 0.5 1.1	0.7	2,4 2,4 1,2 0,6	
\$3,0GD to \$3,999 \$4,0GG to \$4,999 \$5,0GD or more Not reported	4.2 1.6 0.8 0.7	6.0 2.5 1.7 0.7	2,5 0,9 0,8	4.5 1.7 0.9 0.6	6.7 2.7 1.9 0.5	2.6 0.9 - 0.7	1.4 0.7 0.2 1.6	1.5 1.1 0.4 1.5	1.2	

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

¹ Loss than 0.05 percent.

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Table 4a.--INCOME IN 1949 OF PRIMARY FAMILIES IN SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY NUMBER OF MINORS, TENURE, AND COLOR, FOR DECATUR, ILLINOIS: 1950--Con.

Family income by		Total.		· ·	White		Nonwhite			
number of minors	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	
Three or four minors	9.8	12.1	7.7	9.6	12.6	7.0	12.1	9.1	17.0	
99 or less	1.2 0.5 (¹) 0.2 0.6	0.3 0.1 0.3 0.8	2.0 0.8 0.1 0.1 0.4	1.L 0.4 - 0.1 0.5	0.3 - 0.3 0.8	1.9 0.7 - 0.2	1.8 1.4 0.5 0.9 1.6	0.7 0.7 0.4 1.1	3.6 2.4 1.2 1.8 2.4	
,000 to \$2,249 ,250 to \$2,499 ,500 to \$2,749 ,750 to \$2,999	0.1 0.6 1.0 0.7	- 1.2 0.9 0.7	0.3 0.1 1.1 0.7	0.1 0.5 1.0 0.7	1.1 0.8 0.8	0.2 1.2 0.7	0.2 1.6 1.1 0.5	1.8 1.5 0.4	0.6 1.2 0.6 0.6	
,000 to \$3,999 ,000 to \$4,999 ,000 or more t reported	2.5 0.9 0.9 0.5	4.0 1.7 1.6 0.5	1.2 0.3 0.2 0.5	2.6 1.0 1.0 0.5	4.3 1.9 1.9 0.5	1.2 0.2 0.2 0.5	1.6 0.5 0.5	1.8 0.4 0.4	1.2 0.6 	
5 minors or more	3,8	5.5	2.3	2.7	3.7	1.9	13,4	17.2	7.3	
99 or less ,000 to \$1,249 ,250 to \$1,499 ,500 to \$1,749 ,750 to \$1,999	0.1 0.1 0.2 0.1	0.2 0.2 0.3 0.1	0.1 (¹) (¹)	0.1	0,3	1111	0.7 1.1 0.9 0.5 0.9	- 1.5 1.5 0.7 1.1	1.8 0.6 - - 0.6	
,000 to \$2,249 ,250 to \$2,499 ,500 to \$2,749 ,750 to \$2,999	0.7 0.4 0.1 0.2	0.6 0.5 0.3 (¹)	0.9 0.2 0.3	0.6 0.2 0.1	0.3 0.3 -	0.9 0.2 0.2	1.8 1.4 1.4 0.5	2.6 2.2 2.2 0.4	0.6	
,000 to \$3,999 ,000 to \$4,999 ,000 cr more t reported	1.0 0.5 0.2 0.3	1.8 0.7 0.3 0.4	0.3 0.2 (¹) 0.1	0.9 0.5 0.1 0.1	1.6 0.8 0.3 0.3	0.2 0.2	2.1 0.2 0.5 1.6	2.9 0.4 0.4 1.5	0.6 	

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

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Table 5.--RENT AS PERCENT OF INCOME BY FAMILY INCOME IN 1949 OF PRIMARY FAMILIES WITH NO SUBFAMILY OR SECONDARY FAMILY IN RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY PRESENCE OF MINORS AND COLOR, FOR DECATUR, ILLINOIS: 1950

Total White Nonwhite Gross rent as percent of income by family income No With No With No With Total Total Total minors minors minors minors minors minors 150 2,230 1,063 2,080 973 60 1,167 1,107 90 Number of families..... 100.0 52.3 47.7 93,3 43.6 6.7 Percent of total..... 49.6 2.7 4.0 100.0 Total..... 100.0 100.0 1.00.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 (1) (1)9 percent or less..... 13.4 7.3 19.1 7.2 13.8 19.7 7.1 10 percent to 14 percent..... 17.1 17.0 20.7 24.6 21.2 26.0 12.7 15 percent to 19 percent..... 14.7 19,9 17.2 20.0 16.9 14.3 21.3 20 percent to 24 percent..... 12.4 10.9 9.3 11.0 12.6 9.2 10.0 25 percent to 29 percent 9.0 7.2 11.0 9.1 7.2 11.2 8.7 30 percent to 34 percent..... 5.0 6.1 3.7 4.8 6.3 3.1 8.0 35 percent or more..... 15.4 15.8 14.9 15.0 14.3 15.7 20.0 Not reported..... 8.4 7.5 9.3 8.1 7.2 9.2 12.0 \$1,499 or less..... 23.7 25.5 21,6 22.7 25.1 12.9 37.3 9 percent or less..... 2.0 (²) 2.3 1.9 1.6 2.2 1.5 2.7 10 percent to 14 percent..... 15 percent to 19 percent..... 10 0.7 2.7 2.0 0.1 2.4 1.5 0.7 0.9 1.4 1.4 0.4 0.9 2.6 2.0 20 percent to 24 percent..... 25 percent to 29 percent 2.8 2.8 2.8 2.6 2.7 5.3 2.6 30 percent to 34 percent..... 2.5 3.9 1.0 2.4 4.0 0.5 4.7 35 percent or more..... 13.3 15.0 11,5 12.9 14.8 10.7 19.3 \$1 500 to \$1,999..... 8.1 7.4 8,9 7.9 7.2 8.7 11.3 9 percent or less..... 10 percent to 14 percent..... 15 percent to 19 percent..... 1.0 1.8 0.1 3.3 1.0 1.8 1.3 2.4 1.5 2,1 1.3 3.1 5.3 20 percent to 24 percent..... 1.6 2.2 0.9 1.7 2.2 1.0 0.7 25 percent to 29 percent..... 1.7 1.7 1.4 2.0 1.3 2.0 2.0 30 percent to 34 percent..... 0.3 0.7 0.2 0.5 1.3 35 percent or more..... 1.2 0.4 2.0 0.4 1.2 2.0 0.7 \$2,000 to \$2,499..... 16.4 15.7 17.3 16.5 15.7 17.3 16.0 9 percent or less..... 0.7 1.3 0.1 0.7 1.3 0.7 10 percent to 14 percent..... 3.6 2.8 4.5 3.6 2.7 4.6 4.0 15 percent to 19 percent..... 3.8 3.4 4.3 3.8 3.6 4.1 4.0 20 percent to 24 percent..... 3.7 3.4 3.9 3.6 3.1 4.7 4.1 25 percent to 29 percent..... 2.3 2.6 2.1 2.4 2.7 2.0 1,3 30 percent to 34 percent..... 35 percent or more..... 1.9 1.8 2.0 1,9 1.8 2.0 1.3 0.4 0.4 0.5 0.5 0.4 0.5 \$2,500 to \$2,999..... 13,1 10.5 16.1 13.1 10.3 16.3 13.3 9 percent or less..... 1.1 1.4 1.0 0.8 1.3 0.5 3,3 10 percent to 14 percent..... 15 percent to 19 percent..... 3.5 2.4 4.8 3.6 2.2 5.1 2.7 4.1 3.7 4.5 4.1 3.6 4.6 20 percent to 24 percent..... 1.9 2.6 1.2 1.9 25 percent to 29 percent..... 2.7 1.0 2.0 $\binom{2.2}{\binom{2}{2}}$ 0.4 4.2 2.4 0.4 4.6 30 percent to 34 percent..... 0.1 0.7 35 percent or more..... ----0.2 , **---**0.5 0.2 0.5 \$3,000 or over..... 30.3 33,4 26.8 31.7 34.5 28.6 10,0 9 percent or less..... 9,6 14,1 4.7 10.3 14.8 5.1 0.7 10 percent to 14 percent..... 12.5 10.1 15,1 13,1 10.3 16.3 4.0 15 percent to 19 percent..... 5,5 5.4 5.4 5.5 5.4 5.6 4.7 20 percent to 24 percent 2.3 3.4 1.0 2.4 3.6 1.0 0.7 25 percent to 29 percent..... 30 percent to 34 percent..... 0.2 0.4 0.2 0.4 35 percent or more..... 0.2 0.5 0.2 0.5 Not reporting income or rent 8.4 7.5 9.3 8.1 7.2 9.2 12.0

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

¹ Percentage distribution is not shown when the number of cases is less than 100.

² Less than 0.05 percent.

1950 CENSUS OF HOUSING

SPECIAL TABULATIONS FOR LOCAL HOUSING AUTHORITIES

December 12, 1950

Washington 25, D. C.

Series HC=6, No. 134

MCKEESPORT, PENNSYLVANIA: APRIL 1950

This report is based on a transcription and tabulation of data from the 1950 Census of Population and Housing. The statistics relate to dwelling units considered substandard by the Public Housing Administration, in accordance with the contract for these statistics between the Bureau of the Census and the Housing Authority of the City of McKeesport.

A dwelling unit is considered substandard by the Public Housing Administration if it is either dilapidated or does not have the following plumbing facilities: flush toilet and bath inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use, and hot running water. . The Public Housing Administration considers the absence of hot running water to be evidence generally of poor quality of the dwelling unit, but there may be some localities in which the absence of hot running water is not deemed to be a sufficient indication by itself of poor quality. In such localities, a revised count of substandard units may be obtained from table 1 by subtracting from the total the units which lack hot water only. If it is desired to eliminate the units lacking hot water only from the total count of substandard units, the distributions shown in the tables will not be materially affected.

The criteria used to define substandard units in these tabulations are not identical with the housing -characteristics included in the published reports from the 1940 Census. Therefore, any comparison of data in this report with the 1940 results must be made with extreme care. A direct comparison cannot be made with the 1940 results because information on hot running water was not collected at that time. Further, the 1940 data on condition were collected showing dwelling units "needing major repairs," whereas in 1950 data on condition were collected showing units as "dilapidated." Because the definitions of these two terms differ significantly, the 1940 count of dwelling units needing major re-46334

pairs and the 1950 count of dilapidated dwelling units are comparable only in a general way.

In addition to the number of substandard units shown in the tables, there were 34 other units for which there was no report on either condition or the presence of one of the plumbing facilities. Had there been complete reporting on these items, some additional units might have been found to be substandard.

The data are presented in the series of attached tables. In table 1 the structural and occupancy characteristics are shown for all substandard dwelling units. Table 2 shows the rent paid for renter-occupied substandard units; table 3 shows the condition and plumbing facilities of these same units. Table 4 shows the characteristics of all families (both primary and secondary) living in the substandard units. Table 4a classifies the primary families by family income. Table 5 classifies primary families with no subfamily or secondary family present, by rent as a percent of family income.

In the contract rent tabulation, dwelling units occupied rent free are tabulated in the "\$9 or less" category. In the gross rent tabulations, however, such units are tabulated as "not reporting," except when utilities were reported.

DEFINITIONS

The definitions used in this special tabulation are generally the same as those used in the 1950 Census of Population and Housing. Some of the more important definitions are given below.

<u>Dwelling unit.---In general</u>, a dwelling unit is a group of rooms or a single room, occupied, or intended for occupancy, as separate living quarters by a family or other group of persons living together or by a person living alone. 2

<u>Primary family</u>.--A primary family consists of two or more persons including the head of the households and all (one or more) persons in the household who are related to the head by blood, marriage, or adoption. It may include a subfamily consisting of a married couple with or without children, or one parent with one or more children under 18 years of age, living in the household and related to but not including the head of the household or his wife. The subfamily is considered a part of the primary family for all tabulation purposes.

Secondary family.--A secondary family consists of two or more persons, such as a lodger or servant and his relatives, living in a household and related to each other but not related to the household head. The secondary family is considered a separate family for tabulation purposes.

Minor.--A minor is an unmarried person under 21 years of age other than the head of a family or his wife.

Dilapidation.--A dwelling unit is considered to be dilapidated when it has serious deficiencies, is rundown or neglected, or is of inadequate original construction, so that it does not provide adequate shelter or protection against the elements or it endangers the safety of the occupants.

Plumbing facilities.--The following are the three plumbing facilities tabulated:

1. Flush toilet inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use;

2. Installed bathtub or shower inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use; and

3. Hot and cold running water inside the structure.

Exclusive use, -- Equipment is for "exclusive use" if it is used only by the occupants of one dwelling unit.

<u>Shared</u>.~-Equipment is "shared" when occupants of two or more units use the same equipment.

Family income.--Family income is the sum of the income received during 1949, by all members of the family. The following items were asked separately for the head of the family and for all other members of the family combined: 1. The amount of money wages or salary received in 1949;

2. The amount of net money income received from self-employment in 1949; and 3. The amount of other money income received in 1949, such as interest, dividends, veterans' allowances, pensions, or rents.

<u>Gross rent</u>.--Monthly gross rent is contrast rent plus the reported average monthly cost of water, electricity, gas, and other fuel paid for by the renter. If furniture is included in the contract rent, the reported estimated rent of the dwelling unit without furniture is used for the computation instead of the contract rent.

SOURCE AND RELIABILITY OF THE DATA

The data in tables 1 through 4 are based of complete counts, including all dwelling units and families with the specified characteristics, The distributions involving income in tables 4 and 5, however, were prepared from data collected on a sample basis. As part of the 1950 Census, family income data were obtained from about one For these tabulations, fifth of all families. additional interviews were made among nonwhile families to increase the income sample above the 20 percent level. This was accomplished by: subsequent field enumeration of a sample of nonwhite families who were not in the original same ple but were living in substandard dwellig units.

Although the figures shown in tables 1 through 4 are based on the same data as the forthcomin 1950 Census tabulations of these items, they may differ from those to be published as part of the Census. The present tables were obtained by tabulating directly the data as transcribed is the field offices of the Census Bureau and the figures, therefore, do not include all of the refinements that result from a careful examination of the schedules.

In addition, the data are subject to other biases due to errors of response or nonreporting which cannot be corrected in editing. Factors affecting the accuracy of enumeration incluss the respondent's knowledge of the facts and the ability of the enumerator to obtain accurate information on such items as income, rent, de lapidation, and plumbing facilities. The regular 1950 tabulations are also subject to these biases.

Reliability of Estimates in Tables 4a and 5

Because of sampling variability, percentage distributions shown in table 4a and all figural in table 5 may differ from those that would have been obtained from a complete count. (The absolute figures in table 4a represent complete

counts and are not subject to sampling variations.) The reliability estimates which follow give approximate measures of the sampling errors to be expected in these sample data.

Reliability of the percentages in tables 4a and 5.--The allowance to be made for sampling variation in a percentage depends, in general, both on the value of the percentage and the size of the base on which it is determined. If two percentages are of the same magnitude, the one based on a large number of cases in the sample is, in general, less variable than the one based on a small number of sample cases.

Estimates of reliability are shown in the following table for percentages with bases of primary families of the specified types. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the differences due to sampling variability between the percentages obtained from the sample and the percentages which would have been obtained from a complete census would be less than the sampling errors shown below.

			Sampl	ing variabil	ity if the bas	8 18					
Percentage shown	411 J	primary familio dwelling		dard	All primary families with no subfamily or second family present, in substandard renter units						
in table	Wł	White		Nonwhite		ite	Nom	hite			
	Owner	Renter	Owner	Renter	No minors	With minors	No minors	With minors			
0.5	0.9	0.6	(1)	0.7	0.9	0.7	(1)	0.8			
1.0	1.2	0.8		0.9	1.3	1.0		1.2			
2.0	1.7	1.1		1.3	1.8	1.4		1.6			
3.0	8.1	1.3		1.6	8.8	1.7	6 T 1	2.0			
4.0	2.4	1.5		1.9	8.5	2.0		2.3			
5.0	2.7	1.7	1	2.1	2.7	2.2		2.6			
10.0	3.7	2.3		2.8	8.8	3.1		3.5			
15.0	4.4	2.8	i i	3.4	4.5	8.6		4.8			
20.0	5.0	3.1		3.8	5.0	4.1	· 王子 子子 (1)	4.7			
25.0	5.4	3.4		4.1	5.5	4.4		5.1			
30.0	- 5.7	3.6	 	4.8	5.8	4.7	a waa in taa ay ah	5.4			
40.0	6.1	S.8		4.6	6.2	5.0	e ane dir 17 Maria	5.8			
50.0	6.2	3.9		4.7	6.8	5.1		5.9			

To illustrate, for a figure of 10 percent based on white primary families living in substandard renter dwelling units, the sampling variability is 2.3 percent; the chances are about 19 out of 20 that the percentage obtained by a complete census would have been between 7.7 percent and 12.3 percent.

The sampling variability of a specified percentage of total primary families with designated characteristics will vary according to the proportion of white families and nonwhite families making up this percentage. For example, consider the sampling variability of a figure of 5 percent based on total primary families. The maximum sampling error to be expected of such a figure would occur when the entire 5 percent includes only white primary families and the chances are about 19 out of 20 that this sampling error would not exceed 1.4 percent. The minimum sampling error would occur when the entire 5 percent includes only nonwhite primary families and the chances are 19 out of 20 that this sampling error would not exceed 0.4 percent. For other specific characteristics composed of 5 percent of total primary families the sampling variability may assume any value between these two figures.

Reliability of absolute figures in table 5.--The approximate sampling variability of the absolute figures in table 5 is shown below. The chances are 19 out of 20 that differences between the numbers shown in table 5 and the numbers that would have been obtained from a complete census would be less than the sampling errors which follow.

Classification fig	ariability ures in tab	of absolute le 5
Total	White	Nonwhite
Total	33	7
No minors 105	104	13
With minors 106	105	13

Reliability of differences.--The estimates of sampling variability in the above tables are not directly applicable to differences obtained by subtracting one figure from another. The sampling variability in an observed difference between two figures depends on the sampling variability of each of the figures and the correlation between them.

Table 1.--STRUCTURAL AND OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS, CONDITION, AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY TENURE AND COLOR OF OCCUPANTS, FOR McKEESPORT, PENNSYLVANIA: 1950

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(A substandard dwelling unit is defined by the Public Housing Administration as a unit which is either dilapidated or does not have all of the following plumbing facilities: flush toilet and bath inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use, and hot running water)

		Total			White		h	lonwhite	
Characteristic	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Rente
Total number occupied substandard		-							
dwelling units	5,049	1,339	3,710	4,584	1,274	3,310	465	65	400
Percent of total	100.0	26.5	73.5	90.8	25.2	65.6	9.2	1.3	7.9
NUMBER OF ROOMS					1				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(1)	100.0
10 tal	100.0	1.6	8.9	7.0	1.6	9.1	7.1		.8.0
2 rooms	18.5	5.9	23.1	18.5	6,2	23.3	18.3		21.
rooma	29.9	22.1 34.2	32.7 24.7	30.5 27.1	23.0	33.4 24.3	23.9 28.6		27.
rooms	27.2	21.7	7.3	10.7	21.1	6.7	15.1		12.
rooms	3.9	9.0	2.1	3.9	8.3	2.2	4.1		1.
rooms	1.1	3.0	0.5	1.1	3.0	0.3	1.7		1.
rooms or more	0.6	1.8	0.1	0.6	1.7	0.1 0.5	0.4		٥.
	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0					
CONDITION						r i			
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(1)	100.
Not dilapidated	71.3 27.6	83.9 15.5	66.8 32.0	74.2	84.4	70.3 28.8	42.4 54.0	· .	37. 58.
Dlapidated	1.1	0.6	1.3	0.8	0.6	0.9	3.7		4.
100 reported and a second s				1					
WATER SUPPLY									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(1)	100.
Not and cold piped running water inside structure	57.8	69.0	53.8	62.3	71.0	58.9	14.2		11.
Only cold piped running water inside structure	41.1	30.6	44.9	37.0	28.7	40.2	81.9 0.4		84. 4.
No piped running water inside structure	1.0 (²)	0.4	(2)	(2)	0.2	(2)			
Not reported									
TOILET FACILITIES									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(1)	100.
lush toilet inside structure, exclusive use	54.1	63.4	50.8	52.8	62.6	49.0	67.5		65.
lush toilet inside structure, shared	39.9	33.7	42.2	42.2	34.8	45.0	18.1 14.2		19. 15.
Other toilet facilities (including privy)	5.7	2.8	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	1	0.
at reported									
BATHING FACILITIES		1]				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0	(1)	100.
Installed bathtub or shower inside structure,		12.0	11.0		10.0				8.1
exclusive uca	11.9	13.9	11.2	12.1	13.8	11.5	9.7		0.1
shared	40.4	40.2	40.4	43.8	41.8	44.6	6,2		5.
Other or none		45.6	47.9	43.6	44.0	43.4	83.7		85.
Not reported	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.4		0.:
NUMBER OF PERSONS									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(¹)	100.0
1 person	14.1	10.4	15.4	13.7	10.4	15.0	17.2		18.3
2 persons	27.7	28.5 23.5	27.4 24.6	28.3	29.1	28.0	21.9 19.8		23.(20.8
persons	15.8	16.4	15.6	24.8	16.5		11.8		11.
persons		10.8	8.6	9.2	10.7	16.1 8.6	9.0		8.:
persons		5.1	4.3	4.2	4.6	4.0	7.7		6. 4,1
7 persons	2.2	2.2 1.0	2.2 0.9	1.9	2.0	1.9	4.7		3,
persons or more		2.2	0.9	0.9	1.7	0.6	4.5		3.3
NUMBER OF LODGERS		1						.	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(+)	100.0
Tota1		94.5	94.3	95.7	95.8	95.7	80.9	·····	82.
l or more lodgers	5.6	5.5	5.7	4.3	4.2	.4.3	19.1		17.5
¹ Percentage distribution is not shown where the			-	1	1	l		4 I	

¹ Percentage distribution is not shown where the number of cases is less than 100. 2 Less than 0.05 percent.

Table 1.--STRUCTURAL AND OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS, CONDITION, AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY TENURE AND COLOR OF OCCUPANTS, FOR McKEESPORT, PENNSYLVANIA: 1950--Con.

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(A substandard dwelling unit is defined by the Public Housing Administration as have all of the following plumbing facilities: flush toilet and bath insid; and hot running water)

Characteristic		Total		1:
0.001 10 0110	Total	Owner	Renter	1
CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES) 	1
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Not dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath	2.6 32.8	4.0 45.9	2.1 28.1	
With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside the structure	35.1 0.3	33.5	35.7	
Dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, hot and cold running water With private bath and private flush toilet,	7.3	7.5	0,4 7,3	
With private flush toilet, no private flush toilet, With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside the structure	0.7 9.9 8.8 0.7	0.8 4.6 2.3 0.2	0.7 11.9 11.2 0.9	
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	1.7	1.0	1.9	
CONDITION BY NUMBER OF PLUMBING FACILITIES			5. 	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Not dilapidated: Iacking 1 facility Lacking 2 facilities Lacking 3 facilities	18.8 46.2 5.8	33.5 47.1 3.0	13.5 45.9 6.8	25. 1917 - 2917 -
Dilapidated: With all facilities Laoking l facility Laoking 2 facilities Laoking 3 facilities	7.3 1.9 12.6 5.6	7.5 2.1 4.6 1.3	7.3 1.9 15.5 7.2	
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	1.7	1.0	1.9	i i G
NUMBER OF DWEILING UNITS IN STRUCTURE				Ê.
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	נ
<pre>1 dwelling unit</pre>	26.2 56.7 17.1	46.7 51.9 1.4	18.8 58.4 22.8	

¹ Fercentage distribution is not shown where the number of cases is less than 10

Table 2.--CONTRACT AND GROSS RENT OF RENTER-OGCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWEL FOR MCKEESPORT, PENNSYLVANIA: 1950

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definit -----

		a sector de la constante de la		
Monthly rent	Total	White	Nonwhite	
Total number renter-occupied substandard dwelling units	3,710	3,310	400	F Total
Percent of total.	100.0	89.2	10.8	Furniture i
MONTHLY CONTRACT RENT				Furniture n rent Not reporte
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	M
\$9 or less. \$10 to \$14 \$15 to \$19 \$20 to \$24 \$25 to \$29	3.8 6.2 12.3 20.6 19.7	4.0 5.0 11.3 20.3 19.2	1.8 16.3 20.5 23.5 24.0	Total \$9 or less \$10 to \$14. \$15 to \$19 \$20 to \$24 \$25 to \$29
\$30 to \$34 \$35 to \$39 \$40 to \$49 \$50 or more Not reported	11.1 8.7 9.3 7.3 0.9	11.5 9.4 10.3 8.1 1.0	8.3 3.3 1.5 0.5 0.5	30 to 334. 35 to 39. 40 to 349. 50 or more. Not reported

Table 3.--CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY GROSS RENT, FOR McKEESPORT, PENNSYLVANIA: 1950

					Monthly g	ross rent	;		
Condition and plumbing facilities	Total	\$19 or less	\$20 to \$24	\$25 to \$29	\$30 to \$34	\$35 to \$39	\$40 to \$49	\$50 or more	Not reported
Total number renter-occupied substandard dwelling units	3,710	416	440	515	597	599	677	348	118
Percent of total	100.0	11.2	11.9	13.9	16.1	16.1	18.2	9.4	3.2
Not dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	2.1 28.1 35.7 0.4	0.1 1.1 4.6 0.1	0.1 2.3 4.5 0.1	0.4 4.3 4.5 0.1	0.3 6.0 4.9 0.1	0.4 6.3 4.6 (¹)	0.6 5.5 6.2 (¹)	0.2 1.9 4.5 -	0.1 0.8 1.9
Dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, hot and cold running water With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	7.3 0.7 11.9 11.2 0.9	0.2 0.1 0.8 3.4 0.5	0.2 - 1.8 2.1 0.2	0.6 0.1 2.5 1.3 (¹)	1.1 0.1 2.0 1.4 (¹)	1.3 0.1 2.2 1.1 (¹)	2.3 0.1 2.1 1.1	1.6 0.1 0.3 0.7	0.1 0.1 0.1 (¹)
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	1.9	0.4	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.2

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

¹ Less than 0.05 percent.

Table 3a.--CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY GROSS RENT, FOR WHITE HOUSEHOLDS, FOR Mokresport, PENNSYLVANIA: 1950

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

					Monthly g	gross rent	ե		
Condition and plumbing facilities	Total	\$19 or less	\$20 to \$24	\$25 to \$29	\$30 to \$34	\$35 to \$39	\$40 to \$49	\$50 or more	Not reported
Total number renter-occupied substandard dwelling units	3,310	370	364	449	540	530	604	339	114
Percent of total	100.0	11.2	11.0	13.6	16,3	16.0	18.2	10.2	3.4
Not dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	2.1 28.6 38.9 0.3	0,2 1,1 5,0 0,1	0.2 2.2 4.7 (¹)	0.4 4.4 4.8 0.1	0.4 6.2 5.2 (¹)	0.3 6.3 5.1 (¹)	0.5 5.6 6.9 (¹)	0.2 2.1 5.0	0.1 0.8 2.1
Dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, hot and cold running water With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	7.8 0.6 9.4 10.2 0.6	0.2 0.1 0.5 3.4 0.4	0.2 1.5 1.7 0.1	0.6 2.1 1.0 (¹)	1.2 0.1 1.7 1.3 (¹)	1.3 0.1 1.8 0.9 (¹)	2.4 0.1 1.4 1.0	1.7 0.1 0.4 0.7	0.1 0.1 0.1 (¹)
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities,	1.5	0.3	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.2

¹ Less than 0.05 percent.

Table 3b.--CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY GROSS RENT, FOR NONWHITE HOUSEHOLDS, FOR MakEESPORT, PENNSYLVANIA: 1950

					Monthly g	ross ren	t		
Condition and plumbing facilities	Total.	\$19 or less	\$20 to \$24	\$25 to \$29	\$30 to \$34	\$35 to \$39	\$40 to \$49	\$50 or more	Not reported
Total number renter-occupied substandard dwelling units	400	46	76	66	57	69	73	9	4
Percent of total	1.00.0	11.5	19.0	16.5	14.3	17.3	18.3	2.3	1.0
Not dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure		1.0 1.3 -	2.8 2.5 0.5	4.3 2.0	4.3 2.3 0.J	0.8 6.5 0.5	1.3 4.5 0.8	0.8 0.3 -	0.3
<pre>Dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, hot and cold running water With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure</pre>	3.3 1,3 32,3 18,8 3.0	- 0.3 3.3 3.0 1.5	0.3 5.0 5.5 1.5	0.3 0.3 5.8 3.5	0.3 4.3 2.0	0.8 - 6.0 2.5 -	1.3 0.3 8.0 1.8	0.8	0,3
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	5,0	1.3	1.0	0.5	1.0	0.3	0.5	-	0.5

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

Table 4.---CHARACTERISTICS OF FAMILIES IN SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY TENURE AND COLOR, FOR MCKEESPORT, PENNSYLVANIA: 1950

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

		Total			White			Nonwhite	
Characteristic	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter
Total number of families	4,226	1,177	3,049	3,869	1,124	2,745	357	53	304
Percent of total	100.0	27.9	72.1	91.6	26.6	65.0	8.4	1.3	7.2
TYPE OF FAMILY				·					
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	(1)	100.0
Primary family Secondary family	99,6 0,4	99.7 0.3	99.5 0.5	99.8 0.2	99.9 0.1	99.8 0.2	96.6 3.4		96.7 3.3
NUMBER OF PERSONS IN FAMILY	ĺ								
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	(1)	100.0
2 persons. 3 persons. 4 persons. 5 persons. 6 persons. 7 persons. 8 persons or more.	32.9 28.3 18.5 10.3 5.1 2.4 2.5	33.1 25.9 17.9 11.6 5.5 2.3 3.6	32.8 29.2 18.7 9.8 4.9 2.5 2.1	33.1 28.9 18.8 10.4 4.7 2.1 1.9	33.4 26.3 18.4 11.7 5.1 2.2 2.9	33.0 29.9 19.0 9.9 4.6 2.1 1.5	30.5 21.6 15.1 9.2 9.2 5.3 9.0		30.9 22.4 16.5 8.9 8.2 5.6 7.6
NUMBER OF PERSONS PER ROOM. IN DWELLING UNIT									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(1)	100.0
0.50 or less 0.51 to 0.75 0.76 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 to 2.00 2.01 or more Not reported	11.8 23.5 31.4 20.0 9.7 3.0 0.6	23.1 28.7 26.4 14.9 4.7 1.4 0.8	7.4 21.5 33.4 22.0 11.6 3.6 0.5	12.0 23.8 32.2 20.0 9.0 2.5 0.6	23.3 29.2 26.5 14.7 4.4 1.2 0.8	7.3 21.6 34.5 22.2 10.9 3.0 0.5	9.5 20.0 23.8 20.4 17.1 \$.1 1.1		7.9 20.1 23.7 20.7 18.1 8.6 1.0
NUMBER OF MINORS IN FAMILY				<i>,</i>	1.			1	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(1)	100.0
No minors 1 minor 2 minors 3 minors 4 minors 5 minors 6 minors or more	40.7 26.4 17.8 8.3 3.4 1.9 1.6	51.2 20.1 15.2 7.1 2.7 2.1 1.6	36.6 • 28.8 18.8 8.8 3.6 1.8 1.5	41.5 26.8 17.8 8.2 3.0 1.6 1.1	51.5 20.6 15.3 6.9 2.6 1.8 1.3	37.4 29.3 18.8 8.7 3.2 1.6 1.0	32.2 21.6 17.9 9.5 7.3 5.0 6.4		30.0 24.0 18.7 9.2 7.6 4.3 6.2

¹ Percentage distribution is not shown where the number of cases is less than 100.

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Table 4a.--INCOME IN 1949 OF PRIMARY FAMILIES IN SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY NUMBER OF MINORS, TENURE, AND COLOR, FOR McKEESPORT, PENNSYLVANIA: 1950

Family income by		Total		ſ <u>.</u>	White			Nonwhite	
number of minors	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter
Total number of primary families	4,207	1,174	3,033	3,862	1,123	2,739	345	51	294
Percent of total	100.0	27.9	72.1	91.8	26,7	65.1	8.2	1.2	7.0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	1.00.0	(¹)	100.0
\$999 or less \$1,000 to \$1,249 \$1,250 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,749 \$1,750 to \$1,749	14.9 2.8 2.1 3.3 3.9	16.9 3.2 1.4 1.4 1.8	14.1 2.7 2.4 4.1 4.6	14.8 2.6 1.9 3.4 3.4	17.1 3.3 1.4 1.4 1.9	13.8 2.3 2.1 4.2 4.0	15.9 5.8 4.3 2.9 9.3		16.4 6.8 5.1 3.4 10.7
\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,749 \$2,750 to \$2,999	8.2 7.7 9.0 6.6	8,5 6,6 6,0 5,5	8.0 8.1 10.2 7.1	8.1 7.6 8.4 6.5	8.5 6.6 5.7 5,2	8.0 8.0 9.5 7.0	8.4 8.7 15.9 8.1		8.5 9.6 16.4 7.3
\$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 or more Not reported	20.8 8.0 6.8 6.0	21.6 9.0 11.2 7.0	20.5 7.6 5.1 5.6	21.8 8.4 7.2 6.1	21.3 9.0 11.4 7.1	22.0 8.1 5.5 5.7	9.6 3.8 2.3 4.9		6.8 2.8 1.1 5.1
No minors \$999 or less	42.6	54.5 12.2	38.0 7.3	<u>43.7</u> 9.0	55.0 12.3	39.0 7.6	30.4 4.9		<u>28.2</u> 4.5
\$1,000 to \$1,249 \$1,250 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,749 \$1,750 to \$1,999	0.7 1.0 1.4 1.0	1.8 0.9 0.4 0.9	0.3 1.0 1.7 1.1	0.7 1.0 1.3 0.8	1.9 0.9 0.5 0.9	0.2 0.9 1.7 0.8	1.0 1.0 1.9 3.4		1.1 1.1 2.3 4.0
\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,749 \$2,750 to \$2,999	2.9 3.1 3.2 3.2	4.7 3.3 3.1 3.6	2.1 2.9 3.2 3.1	2.7 3.0 3.2 3.2	4.7 3.3 2.8 3.3	1.9 2.8 3.4 3.2	4.6 4.1 2.3 2.6		4.5 4.0 1.1 1.7
\$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 or more Not reported	8.6 3.4 2.4 3.2	9.9 4.5 5.0 4.1	8.0 3.0 1.4 2.9	9.1 3.7 2.6 3.4	10.0 4.7 5.2 4.3	8.7 3.2 1.5 3.0	2.6 0.5 1.4		1.7 0.6 1.7
One minor	26.5	19.0	29.4	26.9	19.4	29.9	22.0		24.3
\$999 or less \$1,000 to \$1,249 \$1,250 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,749 \$1,750 to \$1,999	3.0 0.9 0.6 0.7 1.4	2.3 0.9 0.4 0.4 -	3.3 0.9 0.7 0.9 1.9	3.0 0.8 0.7 0.8 1.2	2.4 0.9 0.5 0.5	8.7 0.8 0.8 0.9 1.7	3.4 1.9 - 2.9		4.0 2.3 - 3.4
\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,749 \$2,750 to \$2,999	2.4 2.5 3.2 1.8	0.4 2.3 2.3 1.0	3.1 2.6 3.6 2.0	2.6 2.7 3.0 1.8	0.5 2.4 2.4 0.9	3.4 2.8 3.2 2.1	0.5 0.5 6.4 1.9		0.6 0.6 7.3 1.7
\$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 or more Not reported	4.8 2.4 1.5 1.2	4.3 2.3 0.9 1.4	5.0 2.4 1.8 1.2	5.1 2.4 1.6 1 .2	4.3 2.4 0.9 1.4	5.5 2.5 1.9 1.1	1.2 1.4 0.5 1.4		0.6 1.7 0.6 1.7
Two minors	15.3 2.0	12.9 1.5	16.2	14.9	12.3	15.9	1.9.7		<u>18.6</u> 4.5
\$1,000 to \$1,249 \$1,250 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,749 \$1,750 to \$1,999	0.7 0.4 0.6 0.6	0.4 0.4	2.1 0.9 0.5 0.7 0.7	1.8 0.7 0.3 0.7 0.5	1.4 - 0.5 0.5	1.9 0.9 0.4 0.8 0.6	4.5 0.5 1.4 - 1.4		0.6 1.7 1.7
\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,749 \$2,750 to \$2,999	1.3 0.8 1.0 0.8	1.5 0.4 0.9	1.3 0.9 1.4 0.8	1.3 0.7 0.8 0.8	1.4 0.5 0.9	1.3 0.8 1.1 0.8	1.1 1.9 3.4 1.0		0.6 2.3 4.0 1.1
\$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 or more Not reported	3.5 1.3 1.6 0.6	2.9 1.5 2.6 0.4	3.8 1.2 1.3 0.7	3.7 1.3 1.6 0.7	2.8 1.4 2.4 0.5	4.0 1.3 1.3 0.8	2.1 0.5 1.8 -		1.7 0.6

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

1 Percentage distribution is not shown where the number of cases in the sample is less than 100.

Table 4a.--INCOME IN 1949 OF PRIMARY FAMILIES IN SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY NUMBER OF MINORS, TENURE, AND COLOR, FOR MOKEESPORT, FENNSYLVANIA: 1950--Con.

Family income by		Total			White	na an seo		Nonwhite	
number of minors	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter
					1 1 1				
Three or four minors	11.0	7.2	12.5	10.7	7.1	18.1	15.4		16.4
\$999 or less	0.8	0.4	1.0	0.8	0.5	×0.,9	1.0		· 1.1
1,000 to \$1,249	0.3	-	0.4	0.3	-	0.4	0.5		0.6
1,250 to \$1,499	0.1	-	0.1		-		1.0	ta da sera da s	1.1
1,500 to \$1,749	0.6		0.8	0.5		0.8	1.0		1.1
1,750 to \$1,999	0.7	0.4	0.7	0.7	. 0.5	0.8	0.0		0.6
2,000 to \$2,249	1.0	0.4	1.1	0.8	0.5	0,9	2,4		2.8
2,250 to \$2,499	1.1	0.4	1.4	1.1	0.5	1.3	1.9	a second d	2,8
2,500 to \$2,749	1.4	0.7	1.7	1.3	0.5	1.7	2.6	58 °	2.8
\$2,750 to \$2,999	0.7	-	1.0	0.7		0.9	1.4	€, sa a	1.7
3,000 to \$3,999	2.6	8.9	2.5	2.7	2,8	2.7	1.6		1.1
4,000 to \$4,999	0.7	0,4	0.7	0.7	0.5	0.8	0.5		0.6
5,000 or more	0.5	1.3	0.1	0.5	1.4	0.2	1		
Not reported	0.6	-	0.8	0.5		0.8	1.0		1.1
				144	stg	d Burge			1997 - 1988 - 1988 - 1988 - 1988 - 1988 - 1988 - 1988 - 1988 - 1988 - 1988 - 1988 - 1988 - 1988 - 1988 - 1988 -
5 minors or more	4.6	6.5	4.0	3.9	6.8	8.0	18.5	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	12,4
\$999 or less	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.8	0.5	0.2	1,9		2.3
\$1,000 to \$1,249	0.8	0.4	0.8	0.1	0.5	-	1.9	Real Providence and American	2.9
\$1,250 to \$1,499	0.1	-	0.1	-			1.0		1.1
\$1,500 to \$1,749	-	-	. –	—				ga contente da la con	
\$1,750 to \$1,999	8.0		0.8	0.1	-	8.0	1.0		1.1
\$2,000 to \$2,249	0.6	1.3	0.3	0.7	1.4	0.4			_
2,250 to \$2,499	0.1	-	0.2	0.1	.55 🛏	8.0	0.5	1 *	0.6
2,500 to \$2,749	0.1		0.2	-		ran Já	1.4		1.7
\$2,750 to \$2,999	0.1	-	0.1	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1 a 13 🗖	1.0		ે ે ે 1.1
\$3,000 to \$3,999	1.3	1.5	1.8	1.2	1,4	1.1	8.1	a denisti den den den Recompensa den den	1.7
4,000 to \$4,999	0.3	0.2	0.8	0,8		0.4	0.6		an an 🗠 🐄
\$5,000 or more	0.8	1.3	0.5	0.8	1.4	0.6	1	di tendu interne	1444 - 367 - 1
Not reported	0.4	1.1	0.1	0.3	0.9	1 - 1 - 1 - T -	1.1	garage Zora	0.6

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

Table 5.--RENT AS PERCENT OF INCOME BY FAMILY INCOME IN 1949 OF PRIMARY FAMILIES WITH NO SUBFAMILY OR SECONDARY FAMILY IN RENTER-OCCUFIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY PRESENCE OF MINORS AND COLOR, FOR MCKEESPORT, FEMNSYLVANIA: 1950

Among mont of menors of in-		Total			White			Nonwhite	
Gross rent as percent of income- by family income	Total	No minòrs	With minors	Total	No minors	With minors	Total	No minors	With minors
	. 8,944	1,134	1,810	2,672	1,058	1,619	272	81	191
Number of families								2.8	
Percent of total	100.0	38.5	61,5	90 . 8	35.8	55.0	9.2	<u>4</u> ,0	6.5
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(1)	100.0
9 percent or less	17.8	21.8	15.3	18.8 25.2	22.7 23.2	16.3 26.6	7.3 19.5		6.1 20.9
10 percent to 14 percent 15 percent to 19 percent	24.7 17.7	22.7 18.7	26.0 17.1	16.5	17.7	15.7	29.3		28,7
20 percent to 24 percent	11.1	7.3	13.4	11.1	6.9	13.8	11.0		10,4
25 percent to 29 percent	5.7	4.4	6.5	. 5.6	8.9	6.7	6.1		4.9
30 percent to 34 percent	3.6	3.5	8.7	.3.3	3.4	3.2	6.7		7.8
35 percent or more	10.2	97	10.5	9.9	9.9	9.9	13.4		15.7
Not reported	9.3	12.0	7.5	9,5	12.3	7.7	6.7		6.1
\$1,499 or less	18.6	21.0	17.1	17.7	20.7	15.7	27.4		20,7
9 percent or less	4.4	6.4	3.2	4.5	6.4	9.2	4.3		3.5
10 percent to 14 percent	0.2	0.5	-	0.2	0.5	-	-		-
15 percent to 19 percent	0.4	0.5	0.8	0.4	0.5	0.8			
20 percent to 24 percent	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.2		0.9
25 percent to 29 percent	1.7	1.2	2.0	1.6	1.0	1.9	3.0 5.5		2,6 6,1
30 percent to 34 percent 35 percent or more	1.9	2.6	1.5	1.6	2.5	1.0	13.4		15.7
Jo percent of more	9.0	8.8	9.1	0.0	0.5	0.0	70.4		
\$1,500 to \$1,999	8.0	6.8	8.7	7.4	5.9	8,3	14.0		12.2
9 percent or less	0.4	-	0,6	0.4	· -	0.6	-		
10 percent to 14 percent	0.8	1.5	0.8	8.0	1.5	0.3	0.6	l.	1 . :
15 percent to 19 percent	1.6	1.4	1.8	1.2	1.0	1.8	6.1		6.1 3.5
20 percent to 24 percent	2.0	0.9	2.7	1.7	0.5	2.6	4.3 1.8		0.9
25 percent to 29 percent	1.6	2.1	1.2	1.6	2.0	1.3	1.2		1.3
30 percent to 34 percent 35 percent or more	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.8	1.0	0.6	1.1		
			1		1		_		1
\$2,000 to \$2,499	15.8	12,3	17.1	15.0	10,8	17.6	18.3	<u> </u>	13.0
9 percent or less	0.7	1.4	0.8	0.8	1.5	0.9		l[
10 percent to 14 p. cent	2.2	0.7	3.1	1.9		3.2	4.3		1.7
15 percent to 19 percent	5.6	6.5	5.0	5.2	5.9	4.8	9.1 3.7		5.5
20 percent to 24 percent	4.4 1.7	2.1	5.8	4.5 1.7	2.0 1.0	6.1	1.2		0.9
25 percent to 29 percent 30 percent to 34 percent	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.6			
35 percent or more	0.2	-	0.3	0.2		0.3			
\$2,500 to \$2,999	16.7	15.4	17.5	15.9	15.8	16.0	24.4		30.4
9 percent or less	2.2	2.9	1.8	2.3	8.0	1.9	1.2		0.9
10 percent to 14 percent	6.5	6.4	6.6	6.2	6.9	5,8	9.8		13.9
15 percent to 19 percent	4.9	4.2	5.4	4.8	3.9	4.5	11.6		13.0
20 percent to 24 percent		1.8	2.6	2.3	2.0	2.6	1.8		2.6
25 percent to 29 percent 30 percent to 34 percent	0.4	-	0.6	0.4		0.6	-		
35 percent or more	0.4		0.6	0.4		0.6	-		.
	U.T			0.2		0.0	1.		
\$3,000 or over	32.2	32.6	32.0	34.6	34.5	34.6	9.1		9.1
9 percent or less	10.0	11.1	9.4	10.9	11.8	10.3	1.8		1.1
10 percent to 14 percent	15.1	13.6	16.0	16.1	14.3	17.3	4.9	1	5.1
15 percent to 19 percent	5.2	6.1	4.6	5.4	6.4	4.8	2.4		2,
20 percent to 24 percent	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.6	1.5	1.6	-		
25 percent to 29 percent	0.4		0.6	0.4		0.6	-		
30 percent to 34 percent 35 percent or more	0.2	0.5	-	0.2	0.5				
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(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

¹ Percentage distribution is not shown where the number of cases in the sample is less than 100.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

1950 CENSUS OF HOUSING

SPECIAL TABULATIONS FOR LOCAL HOUSING AUTHORITIES

December 12, 1950

Washington 25; D. C.

Series HO-6, No. 135

OMAHA, NEBRASKA: APRIL 1950

This report is based on a transcription and tabulation of data from the 1950 Census of Population and Housing. The statistics relate to dwelling units considered substandard by the Public Housing Administration, in accordance with the contract. for these statistics between the Bureau of the Census and the Housing Authority of the City of Omaha.

A dwelling unit is considered substandard by the Public Housing Administration if it is either dilapidated or does not have the following plumbing facilities: flush toilet and bath inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use, and hot running water. The Public Housing Administration considers the absence of hot running water to be evidence generally of poor quality of the dwelling unit, but there may be some localities in which the absence of hot running water is not deemed to be a sufficient indication by itself of poor quality. In such localities, a revised count of substandard units may be obtained from table 1 by subtracting from the total the units which lack hot water only. If it is desired to eliminate the units lacking hot water only from the total count of substandard units, the distributions shown in the tables will not be materially affected.

The criteria used to define substandard units in these tabulations are not identical with the housing characteristics included in the published reports from the 1940 Census. Therefore, any comparison of data in this report with the 1940 results must be made with extreme care. A direct comparison cannot be made with the 1940 results because information on hot running water was not collected at that time. Further, the 1940 data on condition were collected showing dwelling units "needing major repairs," whereas in 1950 data on condition were collected showing units as "dilapidated." Because the definitions of these two terms differ significantly, the 1940 count of dwelling units needing major re-46335

pairs and the 1950 count of dilapidated dwelling units are comparable only in a general way.

In addition to the number of substandard units shown in the tables, there were 16 other units for which there was no report on either condition or the presence of one of the plumbing facilities. Had there been complete reporting on these items, some additional units might have been found to be substandard.

The data are presented in the series of attached tables. In table 1 the structural and occupancy characteristics are shown for all substandard dwelling units. Table 2 shows the rent paid for renter-occupied substandard units; table 3 shows the condition and plumbing facilities of these same units. Table 4 shows the characteristics of all families (both primary and secondary) living in the substandard units. Table 4a classifies the primary families by family income. Table 5 classifies primary families with no subfamily or secondary family present, by rent as a percent of family income.

In the contract rent tabulation, dwelling units occupied rent free are tabulated in the "\$9 or less" category. In the gross rent tabulations, however, such units are tabulated as "not reporting," except when utilities were reported.

DEFINITIONS

The definitions used in this special tabulation are generally the same as those used in the 1950 Census of Population and Housing. Some of the more important definitions are given below.

<u>Dwelling unit</u>...-In general, a dwelling unit is a group of rooms or a single room, occupied, or intended for occupancy, as separate living quarters by a family or other group of persons living together or by a person living alone. 2

<u>Primary family.--A primary family consists of</u> two or more persons including the head of the household and all (one or more) persons in the household who are related to the head by blood, marriage, or adoption. It may include a subfamily consisting of a married couple with or without children, or one parent with one or more children under 18 years of age, living in the household and related to but not including the head of the household or his wife. The subfamily is considered a part of the primary family for all tabulation purposes.

Secondary family.--A secondary family consists of two or more persons, such as a lodger or servant and his relatives, living in a household and related to each other but not related to the household head. The secondary family is considered a separate family for tabulation purposes.

Minor.--A minor is an unmarried person under 21 years of age other than the head of a family or his wife.

Dilapidation .-- A dwelling unit is considered to be dilapidated when it has serious deficiencies, is rundown or neglected, or is of inadequate original construction, so that it does not provide adequate shelter or protection against the elements or it endangers the safety of the occupants.

<u>Plumbing facilities.--The following</u> are the three plumbing facilities tabulated:

1. Flush toilet inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use;

 Installed bathtub or shower inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use; and
 3. Hot and cold running water inside the structure.

Exclusive use.---Equipment is for "exclusive use" if it is used only by the occupants of one dwelling unit.

Shared.---Equipment is "shared" when occupants of two or more units use the same equipment.

Family income.--Family income is the sum of the income received during 1949, by all members of the family. The following items were asked separately for the head of the family and for all other members of the family combined:

1. The amount of money wages or salary received in 1949;

2. The amount of net money income received from self-employment in 1949; and

3. The amount of other money income received in 1949, such as interest, dividends, veterans' allowances, pensions, or rents.

<u>Gross rent.--Monthly</u> gross rent is contract rent plus the reported average monthly cost of water, electricity, gas, and other fuel paid for by the renter. If furniture is included in the contract rent, the reported estimated rent of the dwelling unit without furniture is used for the computation instead of the contract rent.

SOURCE AND RELIABILITY OF THE DATA

The figures shown in this report are based on the transcribed data for all nonwhite-occupied substandard dwelling units and about one-fifth of the white-occupied substandard units. The transcribed data were supplemented by two types of additional information: (a) An actual count was made of the total number of white-occupied substandard units, even though the housing, farily, and income distributions were based on a sample; (b) a special supplementation of the census income data was made for nonwhite families. As part of the 1950 Census, family income data were obtained from about one-fifth of all For these tabulations, additional families. interviews of nonwhite families were made to increase the income sample above the 20 percent level. This was accomplished by a subsequent field enumeration of a sample of nonwhite families who were not in the original sample but were living in substandard dwelling units.

Although some of the figures in the tables are based on the same data as the forthcoming 1950 Census tabulations, they may differ from those to be published as part of the census. The present tables were obtained by tabulating directly the data as transcribed in the field offices of the Census Bureau and the figures, therefore, do not include all of the refinements that result from a careful examination of the schedules.

In addition, the data are subject to other biases due to errors of response and to nonreporting which cannot be corrected in editing. Factors affecting accuracy of reporting are the respondent's knowledge of the facts and the ability of the enumerator to obtain accurate information on such items as income, rent, dilepidation, and plumbing facilities. The regular 1950 tabulations are also subject to these biases.

Reliability of Estimates

Because of sampling variability, income data for nonwhite families and all data for total sti for white households may differ from the figures that would have been obtained from a complete count. (The numbers of occupied dwelling units, by race of occupant, are complete counts which are not subject to sampling variations.) The reliability estimates which follow give approximate measures of the sampling errors to be sipected in these sample data.

Reliability of percentages.--The allowance to be made for sampling variation in a percentage depends, in general, both on the value of the percentage and the size of the base on which it is determined. If two percentages are of the same magnitude, the one based on a large number of cases in the sample is, in general, less variable than the one based on a small number of sample cases. Estimates of reliability are shown in the following table for percentages with bases of dwelling units or families of the specified types. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the differences due to sampling variability between the percentages obtained from the sample and the percentages which would have been obtained from a complete census would be less than the sampling errors shown below.

To illustrate, for a figure of 10 percent based on white primary families living in substandard renter dwelling units, the sampling variability is 1.6 percent; the chances are about 19 out of 20 that the recentage obtained by a complete census would have been between 8.4 percent and 11.6 percent.

The sampling variability of a specified percentage of total families or dwelling units with

designated characteristics will vary according to the proportion of white families or whiteoccupied units making up this percentage. For example, consider the sampling variability of a figure of 10 percent based on total primary families. The maximum sampling error to be expected of such a figure would occur when the entire 10 percent includes only white primary families and the chances are about 19 out of 20 that this sampling error would not exceed 1.2 percent. The minimum sampling error would occur when the entire 10 percent includes only nonwhite primary families and the chances are about 19 out of 20 that this sampling error would not exceed 0.5 percent. For specific characteristics composed of 10 percent of total primary families the sampling variability may assume any value between these two figures.

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			San	pling vari	ability if	the base is-	-				
Percentage shown	All white-	All pr	imary familio dwelling		andard	All primary families with no subfamily or secondary family present, in sub- standard renter units					
in table	substandard dwelling	White		Nonwi	nite	Wh	ite	Nonwhite			
	units	Owner	Renter	Owner	Renter	No minors	With minors	No minors	With minors		
0.5 1.0 2.0 3.0 4.0 5.0 10.0 15.0 20.0 25.0 30.0 40.0 50.0	0.3 0.4 0.5 0.7 0.7 0.8 1.1 1.4 1.5 1.7 1.7 1.9 1.9	0.5 0.7 1.0 1.3 1.5 1.6 2.2 2.7 3.0 3.2 3.4 3.6 3.7	0.4 0.5 0.9 1.1 1.2 1.6 1.9 2.1 2.3 2.5 2.6 2.7	1.0 1.4 1.9 2.3 2.7 3.0 4.1 4.9 5.5 5.9 6.3 6.7 6.9	$\begin{array}{c} 0.7 \\ 1.0 \\ 1.5 \\ 1.8 \\ 2.0 \\ 2.3 \\ 3.1 \\ 3.7 \\ 4.2 \\ 4.5 \\ 4.5 \\ 4.8 \\ 5.1 \\ 5.2 \end{array}$	0.5 0.8 1.1 1.3 1.5 1.7 2.3 2.8 3.1 3.3 3.5 3.6 3.9	0.5 0.8 1.1 1.3 1.5 1.7 2.3 2.7 3.3 3.5 3.5 3.7 3.8	1.1 1.6 8.8 8.8 8.8 8.8 8.8 8.5 7.0 7.4 7.9 8.1	1.0 1.4 2.4 2.8 3.1 4.2 5.0 5.6 6.1 6.5 6.9 7.1		

Reliability of absolute figures.--The approximate sampling variability of the absolute figures for white households, tables 1 through 5, is shown below. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the differences between the numbers shown in the tables and the numbers that would have been obtained from a complete census would be less than the sampling errors which follow.

Size of abso-	Sampling	Size of abso-	Sampling
lute figure	variability ¹	lute figure	variability ¹
400	80	8,000	195
600	100	4,000	210
800	110	5,000	215
1,000	125	6,000	220
1,500	150	8,000	200
2,000	165	10,000	150

Applies to white families and white-occupied units, tables 1 through 5.

The following is the approximate sampling variability of the absolute figures for nonwhite families, table 5. (All other absolute figures for nonwhite households represent complete counts and are not subject to sempling variations.) The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the differences between the estimates and the figures that would have been obtained from a complete census would be less than the sempling errors shown below.

Classification	Absolute figures for nonwhite families, table 5	Sampling variability
Total No minors With minors	307	17 38 39

Reliability of differences.--The estimates of sampling variability in the above tables are not directly applicable to differences obtained by subtracting one figure from another. The sampling variability in an observed difference between two figures depends on the sampling variability of each of the figures and the correlation between them.

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Table 1.--STRUCTURAL AND OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS, CONDITION, AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY TENURE AND COLOR OF OCCUPANTS, FOR OMAHA, NEBRASKA: 1950

(A substandard dwelling unit is defined by the Public Housing Administration as a unit which is either dilapidated or does not have all of the following plumbing facilities: flush toilet and bath inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use, and hot running water)

		Total		ľ	White	- <u>14</u>	1	Nonwhite	
Characteristic	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter
Total number occupied substandard dwelling units	13,263	4,377	8,886	11,498	3,669	7,829	1,765	708	1,057
Percent of total	100.0	33.0	<u>67.0</u>	86,7	27.7	59.0	13.3	5,3	8.0
NUMBER OF ROOMS									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1 room	11.7	2.8 7.1	16.1 35.7	12.8 26.7	3.1 8.1	17.3 35.5	4.9 23.1	1.0 2.0	7.6 37.3
3 rooms	21.6	14.9	24.9	22.2	16.4	25.0	17.8	7,5	24.6
4 rooms	15.7	24.1 31.9	11.6	15.7	25.3	11.3 6.8	15.9	17.8	14.6 9.6
6 rooms	5.7	11.3	2.9	5.0	9.9	2.8	9.9	18.8	4.0
7 rooms	1.8	4.5	0.5	1.6	4.0	0.5	3,3	7.6	0.4
Not reported	1.3	3.0 0.4	0.4 0.7	0.9	2.3 0.3	0.3 0.7	3,5 0,8	7,1	1.1 0.8
CONDITION									
Total	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Not dilapidated	81.6	81.1	81.8	84.6	84.6	84.6	61.9	63.0	61.2
Dilapidated Not reported	18.0 0.4	18.6 0.3	17.8 0.4	15.0 0.4	15.1 0.3	15.0 0.5	37.7 0.4	36.4 0.6	38.5 0.9
WATER SUPPLY									i İ
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Hot and cold piped running water inside structure Only cold piped running water inside structure No piped running water inside structure Not reported	55.0 38.5 6.5 (¹)	31.0 59.0 9.9 0.1	66.8 28.3 4.8 -	58.6 34.7 6.6 (¹)	33.3 55.8 10.7 0.1	70.5 24.8 4.7	31,5 62.9 5.6 -	18.9 75.6 5.5 -	39,9 54.4 5.7 -
TOILET FACILITIES									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	200,0
Flush toilet inside structure, exclusive use Flush toilet inside structure, shared Other toilet facilities (including privy) Not reported	35.4 45.6 18.9 0.1	58.1 15.6 26.2 0.1	24.8 60.4 15.3 0.1	32.9 47.2 19.8 0.1	54.0 16.7 29.2 0.1	23.0 61.5 15.4 0.1	51.8 35.1 12.6 0.5		33.3 52.0 14.0 0.7
BATHING FACILITIES									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Installed bathtub or shower inside structure, exclusive use Installed bathtub or shower inside structure,	23.5	41.9	14.4	21,1	87.7	13.4	38.9	63.8	£2,£
shared	46.9	17.4	61.4	48.0	18.8	63.1	33.3	10.3	
Other or none	29.3 0.2	40.1 0.5	24.0 0.1	29.6 0.3	42.9 0.6	23.4 0.1	27.6 0.1		
NUMBER OF PERSONS									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0 23.4
l person2 persons	20.2	14.4 29.3	23.1 35.0	20.6 33.7	15.4	23.1 35.3	17.7	9.2 24,7	82.6
3 persons	19.4	18.1	20.0	19.6	17.8	20.5	17.9	19.5	16.8
4 persons	12.5 7.0	14.8 9.9	11.4 5.6	12.6	15.9 9.9	11,4 5.4	12.1 8.2	12.8 9.9	11.9 7.1
6 persons	3.4	5.6	2.3	3,1	5.1	2.1	5.7	8.5	3.9
7 persons	1.9 1.0	3.6 1.8	1.1 0.6	1.7 0.8	3.1 1.6	1.1	3.2 2.0	5.9 3.0	1.4 1,3
9 persons or more	1.4	2.6	0.8	1.0	1.0	0.7	3.7	7.1	1,5
NUMBER OF LODGERS									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
None	93,2	91.9	93.9	94.6	94.6	94.6	54.0		88.1
1 or more lodgers	6.8	8.1	6.1	5.4	5.4	5.4	16.0	22.0	11.9
¹ Less than 0.05 percent.	. ,		4	. 1	· · ·	. *	N	. 1	

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Table 1.--STRUCTURAL AND OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS, CONDITION, AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY TENURE AND COLOR OF OCCUPANTS, FOR OMAHA, NEBRASKA: 1950---Con.

(A substandard dwelling unit is defined by the Public Housing Administration as a unit which is either dilapidated or does not have all of the following plumbing facilities: flush toilet and bath inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use, and hot running water)

Characteristic		Total			White		N	lonwhite	
	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter
CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Not dilapidated; With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water	14.5	29.5	7.1	13.3	27.5	6.6	22.5	39.8	11.0
With private flush toilet, no private bath	11.4	16.3	8.9	12.0	17.7	9.3	7.3	9.3	6.0
With running water, no private flush toilet	51.3	27.8	63.0	54.7	31.1	65.7	29.7	10.6	42.6
No running water inside the structure	4.1	7.2	2.5	4.4	8.1	2.7	1.9	3.0	1.2
Dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet,									
hot and cold running water		5.4	3,7	4.0	4.7	3.6	6,2	9.2	4.2
no hot running water	2.6	3.9	1.9	1.6 2.0	2.1	1.4	8.7	13.3	5.7 6.4
With running water, no private flush toilet	2.6 6.1	3.5	7.4	2.0 5.1	2.0 3.4	6.0	12.3	4.2	17.7
No running water inside the structure	2.4	8.6	2.3	8.2	2.7	2.0	3.6	2.4	4.4
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.7	0,8	0.8	° 0 . 9
CONDITION BY NUMBER OF FLUMBING FACILITIES									
Total,	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Not dilapidated: Lacking 1 facility	21.0	\$8,1	12.6	20.5	87.4	12.5	24.5	41.8	13.0
Lacking 2 facilities Lacking 3 facilities	47.4 12.9	25.6 17.1	58.2 10.8	50.8 18.1	27.7 19.2	61.6 10.3	25.5 11.5	14.7 6.2	32.7 15.0
Dilapidated: With all facilities	4.3	5.4	8,7	4.0	4.7	3.6	6.2	9.2	4.2
Lacking 1 facility		4.5	8.3 5.8	2.1	2.5	1.8	9.2 10.1	18.8	6.1 11/7
Lacking 2 facilities Lacking 3 facilities	5.0 5.6	5.1	5.9	4.6	4.9	4,5	12.1	5.6	16.4
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.9
NUMBER OF DWELLING UNITS IN STRUCTURE	l								
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
<pre>1 dwelling unit</pre>	\$8.2 \$1.2 \$0.6	75.0 20,9 4.1	20.1 36.3 43.6	36.5 31.1 32.4	78.4 21.9 4.7	19,2 35.3 45.5		83.1 15.5 1.4	27.2 43.2 29.6

Table 2.--CONTRACT AND GROSS RENT OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY COLOR OF OCCUPANTS, FOR OMAHA, NEBRASKA: 1950

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

					1		
Monthly rent	Total	White	Nonwhite	Monthly rent	Total	White	Nonwhite
			·				
Total number renter-occupied	8,886	7,829	1,067	FURNITURE IN RENT	100.0	100.0	100.0
substandard dwelling units	0,000			Total	100.0	T00.0	
Percent of total	100.0	88.1	11.9	Furniture included in contract rent	47.8	50.4	28,5
				Furniture not included in contract	42.0	89.9	57.1
MONTHLY CONTRACT RENT				Not reported	10.8	9.7	14.4
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	MONTHLY GROSS RENT .			
LC (R.L. + +, + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +					100.0	100.0	100.0
\$9 or less	4.2	4.2	8.8	Total		1.7	1.4
\$10 to \$14	5.7	5.2	9,2		1.7		1.2
\$15 to \$19	8.6	7.9	13.7		2.4	2.6	6.3
\$20 to \$24	11.8	10.5	21.2	\$15 to \$19	5.2	5.0	14.8
\$25 to \$29	11.9	11.2	17.3	\$20 to \$24	11.4	10.9	18.7
				\$25 to \$29	12.7	11.8	17.2
\$30 to \$34	13.9	14.1	12.6	\$30 to \$34,	17.4	17.5	12.7
\$35 to \$39	11.8	12.1	9.5		13.5	13.6	15.4
\$40 to \$49	19.5		9.8	\$40 to \$49	19.6	20.1	5.9
\$50 or more	10.8		1.4	\$50 or more	11.0	11.6	6.4
Not reported	1.8	1.7	2.1	Not reported	5.2	5.0	

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Table 3.--CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY GROSS RENT, FOR OMAMA, NEBRASKA: 1950

					Monthly g	ross ren	6		
Condition and plumbing facilities	Total	1255 1.011 1.125 1.550 1.201 1.738 974 9.3 11.4 12.7 17.4 13.5 19.6 11.0 0.3 0.3 1.0 1.0 1.3 1.7 1.3 0.3 0.3 1.0 1.0 1.3 1.7 1.3 0.4 0.9 1.3 1.4 1.1 2.0 1.0 4.9 7.6 7.3 12.0 8.8 12.9 6.9 0.8 0.5 0.2 0.4 $ 0.2$ 0.1 0.4 0.2 0.3 0.4 $ 0.2$ 0.1 0.4 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.3 0.6 0.4 0.5 0.1 0.3 0.3 0.6 0.4 0.5 0.1 0.3 0.3 0.6 0.4	Not reported						
Total number renter-occupied substandard dwelling units	8,886	825	1,011	1,125	1,550	1,201	1,738	974	462
Percent of total	. 100.0	9,3	11.4	12.7	17,4	13.5	19,6	11.0	5.2
Not dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	7.1 8.9 63.0 2.5	0.3 0.6 4.9	0.9 7.6	1.3 7.3	1.4 12.0	1.1	2.0 12.9	1.0	0.2 0.7 2.6 0.4
 Dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, hot and cold running water With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure 	3.7 1.9 2.5 7.4 2.3	(¹)	0.1 0.3	0.2 0.6	0.3	0.4	0.5 0.4	0.1 0.2	0.2 0.2 0.1 0.4 0.3
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	0.7	(1)	_	0.2	(1)	0.3	0.1	(1)	0,1

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

¹ Less than 0.05 percent.

Table 3a.--CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY GROSS RENT, FOR WHITE HOUSEHOLDS, FOR OMAHA, NEBRASKA: 1950

		[Monthly (gross ren	t		
Condition and plumbing facilities	Total	\$19 or less	\$20 to \$24	\$25 to \$29	\$30 to \$34	\$35 to \$39	\$40 to \$49	\$50 or more	Not reported
Total number renter-occupied substandard dwelling units	7,829	731	855	927	1,368	1,067	1,575	912	394
Percent of total	100.0	9,8	10.9	11.8	17.5	13.6	20,1	11.6	5,0
Not dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	6.6 9.3 65.7 2.7	0.3 0.6 5.2 0.8	0.3 0.9 7.6 0.5	0.9 1.3 7.0 0.3	0.9 1.4 12.6 0.4	1.2 1.1 9.3	1.6 2.1 13.7 0.2	1.3 1.1 7.5 0.1	0.2 0.7 2.7 0.5
Dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, hot and cold running water	2.0 6.0	0.4 - 0.3 1.0 0.8	0.2 0.1 0.1 1.0 0.2	0.2 0.1 0.5 1.2 0.1	0.7 0.2 0.3 0.8 0.3	0.5 0.3 0.2 0.6 0.1	0.9 0.5 0.4 0.7 -	0.7 0.1 0.2 0.5 0.1	0.1 0.1 0.3 0.3
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities.	0.7			0.2		0.3	0.1	-	0,1

Table 3b.--CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY GROSS RENT, FOR NONWHITE HOUSEHOLDS, FOR OMAHA, NEBRASKA: 1950

7

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

	Total 1,057 100.0 11.0 6.0 42.6 1.2		·····	an an traite an the second	Monthly ,	troas ren	t.		
Condition and plumbing facilities	Total	\$19 or less	\$20 to \$24	\$25 to \$29	\$30 to \$34	\$35 to \$39	\$40 to \$49	\$50 or more	Not reported
Total number renter-occupied substandard dwelling units	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	94	156	198	182	134	163	62	68
Percent of total	100.0	8.9	14,8	18.7	17.2	12.7	15.4	5,9	6.4
Not dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	6.0 42.6	0.4 0.3 2,6 0.6	0.9 0.7 7.6 0.4	1.2 0.9 9.5 0.1	2.0 1.1 7.9 0.1	2.4 0.8 4.6	2.6 1.8 6.9	1.0 0.5 1.9	0.6 0.4 1.6 0.1
Dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, hot and cold running water With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	4.2 5,7 6.4 17.7 4.4	0.1 0.2 0.4 2.0 2.3	0.2 0.2 1.8 2.7 0.9	0.7 0.6 1.6 3.4 0.4	0.5 0.9 1.5 2.8 0.3	0.5 0.9 0.8 2.4 0.2	0.8 1,1 0.5 2.2 0.1	0.7 0.6 0.2 0.9	0.9 1.1 0.2 1.2 0.4
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	0.9	0.1	-	0.4	0.1	0.2	-	0.1	-

Table 4.---CHARACTERISTICS OF FAMILIES IN SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY TENURE AND COLOR, FOR OMAHA, NEBRASKA: 1950

Characteristic		Total			White			Nonwhite	·
	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter
Total number of families	10,271	3,653	6,618	8,876	3,031	5,845	1,895	622	773
Percent of total	100.0	85.6	64.4	86.4	29.5	56.9	18.6	6.1	7.5
TYPE OF FAMILY									
Total	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Primary family Secondary family	98.9 1.1	98.7 1.3	99.1 0.9	99.5 0.5	99.7 0.3	99.4 0.6	95.6 4.4	94.2 5.8	96.6 3.4
NUMBER OF PERSONS IN FAMILY									1
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2 persons 3 persons 4 persons	43.7 24.0 14.9	36.7 20.9 16.6	47.6 25.7 14.0	48.9 24.7 15.2	36.8 21.5 17.4	47.6 26.3 14.0	42.4 19.8 13.2	36.3 17.8 12.4	47.2 21.3 13.8
5 persons, 6 persons,	8.4 4.0	11.1 6.0	7.0 2.9	8.3 3.7	11.3 5.6	6.8 2.7	8.9 5.8	10.0 7.6	8.0 4.4
7 persons 8 persons or more	2.2 2.8	4.0 4.8	1.2 1.7	1.9 2.3	3.6 3.8	1.1 1.5	3.6 6.4	5.8 10.1	1.8 3.4
NUMBER OF PERSONS PER ROOM IN DWELLING UNIT									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
0.50 or less 0.51 to 0.75 0.76 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 to 2.00 2.01 or more Not reported	13.7 20.6 34.3 17.0 10.1 3.9 0.4	27.2 24.5 23.3 16.2 6.3 2.2 0.3	6.2 18.5 40.3 17.4 12.2 4.9 0.5	18.2 20.8 34.7 16.7 10.3 4.0 0.4	27.4 24.6 23.4 15.7 6.8 2.4 0.2	5.9 18.8 40.6 17.2 12.3 4.8 0.4	16.7 19.5 91.3 18.9 9.2 3.7 0.8	26.2 23.8 22.8 18.6 6.1 1.3 1.1	9.1 16.0 38.0 19.1 11.6 5.6 0.5
NUMBER OF MINORS IN FAMILY		0.5	0.0	0.4		0.4			
	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No minors 1 minor 2 minors 3 minors 4 minors	48.0 22.1 15.0 7.6 3.1	47.3 16.3 15.7 9.7 4.1	48.4 25.3 14.7 6.4 8.6	48.5 22.7 15.1 7.5 2.9	47.9 16.4 16.2 9.9 3.9	48.8 25.9 14.5 6.2 2.4	45.2 18.4 14.8 8.1 4.5	44.4 15.8 12.9 8.8 5.0	45.9 20.6 16.3 7.5 4.1
5 minors 6 minors or more	2.4 1.8	3.9 3.0	1.6	2.2 2.2 1.3	3.6 2.1	1.4 0.9	3.8 5.2	5.3 7.9	2.6 3.0

Table 4a.--INCOME IN 1949 OF PRIMARY FAMILIES IN SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY NUMBER OF MINORS, TENURE, AND COLOR, FOR OMAHA, NEBRASKA: 1950

							Nonubito			
Family income by number of minors		Total			White			Nonwhite		
	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	
Total number of primary families	10,163	3,607	6,556	8,830	3,021	5,809	1,333	586		
									717	
Percent of total	100.0	35.5	64.5	86.9	29.7	57.2	13.1	5,8	7.4	
Tota1	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.5	
\$999 or less	11.9	13.0	11.2 5.2	11.0 4.4	12.5 3.6	10.3	17.4	15.4	19.5	
\$1,000 to \$1,249 \$1,250 to \$1,499	4.8 2.9	4.1 2.6	3.0	2.5	2.2	4.8 2.7	7.6 5.1	5.4 4.5	8,5 5,6	
\$1,500 to \$1,749	4.4	4.8	4.5	4.2	3.8	4.5	5.8	6.4	5.5	
\$1,750 to \$1,999	5.3	4.5	5,8	4,4	3.1	5,1	11.4	11.5	11.3	
\$2,000 to \$2,249	9.1	8.0	9.6	8.9	7.7	9.5	10.3	9.6	10.9	
\$2,250 to \$2,499	6.2	5.8	6.4	6.1	5.7	6.3	6.7	6.4	6,9	
\$2,500 to \$2,749 \$2,750 to \$2,999	8.3 5.7	8.4	8.3 5.8	8.2 6.0	8.4 6.2	8.0 5.9	9.5 4.1	8.3 3.2	10,5 4,9	
	19.5	20.2	19.2	21.1	21.8	20.7	9.4	12.2		
\$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999	8.4	8.9	8.1	9.2	9.8	8.8	3.1	4.5	7,5 6,0	
\$5,000 or more	6.4	8.9	5.1	7.1	10.1	5.5	2.0	2.6	1,6	
Not reported	7.1	5.8	7.8	7.0	5.1	7.9	7.6	9.0	5,5	
No minors	48.0	48.1	48.0	48.3	47.7	48,6	46.2	50.0	<u></u>	
\$999 or less \$1,000 to \$1,249	7.5	10.1	6.1 2.3	7.6	10.3 1.9	6.2	7.3	9.0	6.7	
\$1,000 to \$1,249 \$1,250 to \$1,499	2.2 1.2	2.0 1.4	1.1	2.2	1.2	2.3	2.3 2.5	2.6 2.5	2,0 5,4	
\$1,500 to \$1,749	2.4	2.3	2.4	2.2	2.1	2.3	3.3	3.8		
\$1,750 to \$1,999	3.0	2.8	3.2	2.6	1.9	2.9	6.1	7,7	1.5	
\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499	4.1 2.7	4.0 2.5	4.1 2.8	4.0 2.6	3.8 2.6	4.1 2.6	4.5 3.3	5.1	4.0 4.4	
\$2,500 to \$2,7499	3.5	3.2	3.6	3.1	2.6	3.4	6,0	6.4	5.5	
\$2,750 to \$2,999	2.4	2.0	8.7	2.6	2.4	2.8	1.1	-	2,5	
\$3,000 to \$3,999	8,2	7.9	8,4	8.8	8.4	9.0	4.5	5,1	4,0	
\$4,000 to \$4,999	3.8	3.1	4.2	4.2	3.4	4.5	1.2	1.3	1.2	
\$5,000 or more	9.1 3.9	3.7 3.1	2.7 4.3	3.3 4.0	4.1 3.1	2.9 4.5	1.2 2.8	1.3 3.2	1.1	
Not reported										
One minor \$999 or less	21.7	15.7 1.3	24.9	22.7 1.9	16.5	25.9 2.3	<u>15.0</u> 3.1	11.5	<u>111</u> 16	
\$1,000 to \$1,249	0.9	0.4	ĩ.1	0.8	0.3	1.0	1.6	0.6	£4 ,	
\$1,250 to \$1,499	0.8	0.6	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.9	0.5	-	1.5	
\$1,500 to \$1,749 \$1,750 to \$1,999	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.0	0.9	1.1	1.7 1.9	1.9	니 대	
							0.7		1 1	
\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499	2.4 1.2	1.6 0.5	2.9 1.6	2.7 1.2	1.9	3.1 1.7	1.0	1.3	14	
\$2,500 to \$2,749	2.2	2.4	2.0	2.5	2.9	2.2	0.2		0.4	
\$2,750 to \$2,999	1.5	0.8	1.9	1.6	0.9	2.1	0.7	0.6	35	
\$3,000 to \$3,999	4.7	3.4	5.4	5.2	3.8	6.0	1.0	1.3	0.5	
\$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 or more	1.6	1.5	1.7	1.7	1.5	1.8	1.0 0.5	1.3	0,6 0,4	
Not reported	1.0 1.2	1.3	0.9 1.5	1.1	1.4 0.3	1.0 1.6	1.0	1.9	0.8	
Two minors	15.5	15.8	15.3	15.1	16.3	14.5	.17.9	13.5	E.4	
\$999 or less	1.4	1.1	1.6	0.9	0.9	1.0	4.7	2.6	3.5	
\$1,000 to \$1,249	1.0	1.2	1.0	0.8	1.0	0.7	2.4	1.9	0.5	
\$1,250 to \$1,499	0.5	0.4	0.7	0.4	0.2	0,5	1.5	1.3	1.4	
\$1,500 to \$1,749	0.6	0.3	0.7	0.6	0.3	0.7	0.5	0.6	8,9 2,4	
\$1,750 to \$1,999	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.5	0.7	0.4	1.6	1.3	2,9	
\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499	1.1	0.8	1.3 1.2	1.0	0.7	1.2	0.8	1.3	0.4	
\$2,500 to \$2,749	1.3	0.9	1.5	1.4	1.0	1.6	0.5	-	1	
\$2,750 to \$2,999	0.8	1.6	0.3	0.7	1.5	0.3	1.3	1.9	0 . 8	
\$3,000 to \$3,999	3.7	3.8	3.6	4.1	4.3	4.0	0.8	1.3	0,4	
\$4,000 to \$4,999	1.2	1.6	0.9	1.3	1.9	1.1	0.2	0.6		
\$5,000 or more Not reported	1.1 0.8	1.4	0.9	1.2	1.5	1.0	0.3		2,0	
• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	I	N 0.0		II 0.0				n	•	

Table 4a.--INCOME IN 1949 OF PRIMARY FAMILIES IN SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY NUMBER OF MINORS, TENURE, AND COLOR, FOR OMAHA, NEBRASKA: 1950--Con.

Family income by		Total.			White			Nonwhite	
number of minors	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter
Three or four minors	10,8	13.6	9.2	10.4	13.9	8,7	12.8	12.2	13.3
999 or less	0.6	0.2	0.8	0.5	0.2	0,6	1.6	0.6	2.4
\$1,000 to \$1,249	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.2	0.5	1.2	1.3	1.2
1,250 to \$1,499 1,500 to \$1,749	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.7	0.6	0.8
1,750 to \$1,999	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.6	0.4
	v. 1			··· ·			0.0	0.0	0.2
\$2,000 to \$2,249	0.9	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.9	0.7	£.0	1.9	2.0
\$2,250 to \$2,499	0.8	1.1	0.6	0.8	1.0	0.6	1.0	1.3	0.8
\$2,500 to \$2,749	1.1	1.3	1.0	1.0	1.5	0.7	1,6	-	2,8
\$2,750 to \$2,999	0.9	1.1	0.7	0.9	1.2	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.8
3,000 to \$ 3,999	8.0	3.4	1.2	2.1	3.6	1.2	1.8	2.6	1.2
4,000 to \$4,999	1.3	2.1	0.9	1.5	2.2	1.1	0.6	1.3	
\$5,000 or more	0.9	1.4	0.6	1.0	1.7	0.6	0,0		_
Not reported	0 . 8	0.8	0.9	0.8	0.7	0,9	1.0	1.3	0.8
5 minors or more	4.1	6.8	2.6	3.5	5.7	2.3	8.1	12.8	4.4
\$999 or less	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	_	0.2	0.6	1.3	
\$1,000 to \$1,249	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	-		-
1,250 to \$1,499	-	-			_	-	-	-	-
\$1,500 to \$1,749	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.6	-
1,750 to \$1,999	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.1	-	0.1	1.3	1.9	0.8
10 000 to 10 0/0					0.5	0.4	1.0	1.3	0.8
\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499	0.5	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.1	1.0 0.5	0.6	0.4
2,250 to \$2,499	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.1	1.3	1.9	0,5
2,750 to \$2,999	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.8	0.1	0.2	***	0.4
		,	~•#	3.					
\$3,000 to \$3, 999	0.9	1.7	0.5	0.9	1.7	0.4	1.3	1.9	0.8
\$4,000 to \$4,999	0.4	0.7	0.3	0,5	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.6	-
\$5,000 or more	0.4	1.1	-	0.5	1.4	-	-	-	-
Not reported	0.3	0.6	0.2	S*0	0,2	0.2	1.4	2.6	0.4

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

Table 5.--RENT AS PERCENT OF INCOME BY FAMILY INCOME IN 1949 OF PRIMARY FAMILIES WITH NO SUBFAMILY OR SECONDARY FAMILY IN RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY PRESENCE OF MINORS AND COLOR, FOR OMAHA, NEBRASKA: 1950

Nonwhite White Total Gross rent as percent of income by family income With No With No With No Total Total Total minors minors minors minors minors minors 2,798 2,886 711 807 404 3,290 5,684 6,395 3,105 Number of families..... 43.8 45.1 11.1 4.8 100.0 48.6 51.4 88,9 5.3 Percent of total..... 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 Total..... 100.0 100.0 12.7 12.1 14.2 16.5 12.0 12.3 11.8 16.0 14.0 9 percent or less..... 20.2 25.7 15.7 19.6 12.7 10 percent to 14 percent..... 20.1 24.1 23.0 22.2 15 percent to 19 percent..... 17.7 19.5 18.8 17.0 20.5 17.4 23,5 12,7 18.6 10.5 10.6 10,4 12.3 10.8 13.4 20 percent to 24 percent..... 10.7 10.6 10.8 7.6 25 percent to 29 percent..... 7.7 8.0 7.5 7.7 8.0 7.5 7.8 7.5 9.7 30 percent to 34 percent..... 4.3 3.3 5.1 3.8 3.1 4.5 4.9 9.5 20,1 35 percent or more..... 10.8 12.0 16.1 10.8 11,4 11.9 10.8 12.6 9.9 11.0 10.8 11.2 11.2 Not reported..... 11.2 12.4 10.0 30.1 36.6 18.9 21.6 \$1,499 or less..... 18.3 19.2 17.6 16.9 14.9 3.3 2.5 4.7 2.9 6.0 9 percent or less..... 3.3 2.9 2.9 3.1 0.2 0.7 10 percent to 14 percent..... 15 percent to 19 percent..... 0.3 0.2 0.4 0.3 0.4 0.4 0.4 0.2 0.5 0.7 0.2 0.5 2.1 2.9 1.5 1.3 1.7 0.9 20 percent to 24 percent..... 1.4 1.8 1.0 1.9 1.7 1.6 2.1 2.0 2.2 25 percent to 29 percent..... 1.5 1.4 30 percent to 34 percent..... 1.9 5.5 2.9 7.5 2.1 2.0 2.2 1.6 1.4 35 percent or more..... 9.8 7.9 17.9 8.8 14.8 9.5 9.9 9.1 10.8 10.3 9.2 9,6 10.7 8.4 15.7 16,7 11.3 14.9 \$1,500 to \$1,999..... 9 percent or less..... 0.2 0.4 0.2 0.4 0.4 1.0 10 percent to 14 percent..... 0.9 1.1 0.7 0.8 1.1 0.5 1.7 1.0 2.2 15 percent to 19 percent. 1.7 3.4 1.9 1.9 1.9 1.7 1.8 3.9 8.0 20 percent to 24 percent..... 2.6 2.4 2.7 2.1 2.2 1.8 4.2 3,9 4.5 25 percent to 29 percent..... 2.6 3,5 1.7 2.5 3.3 1.6 3.4 4.9 2.2 30 percent to 34 percent..... 1.1 0.7 1.5 1.1 0.6 1.6 1.3 2.0 0.7 35 percent or more..... 1.1 1,1 1.0 1.2 1.1 1.1 1.3 2.2 •• \$2,000 to \$2,499.... 15.3 13.8 16.8 14.9 13.1 16.7 18.2 19.6 17.2 0.5 9 percent or less..... 0.5 0.5 0.6 0.6 2,2 0.4 1.3 10 percent to 14 percent..... 2.6 2.2 3.0 2.5 1.9 3.1 3.4 4.9 2.2 15 percent to 19 percent..... 5.0 3.6 6.3 4.6 2,6 6,5 8.5 12.7 5,2 20 percent to 24 percent..... 3.7 4.2 3.1 3.7 4.4 8.1 3.0 2.0 8.7 25 percent to 29 percent..... 2.1 1.8 2.3 2.2 2.0 2.3 1.9 2.2 30 percent to 34 percent..... 35 percent or more..... 0.9 0.7 1.1 0.9 0.7 1.1 0.8 ... 1.5 0.6 0.8 0.8 0.6 0.9 0.4 -\$2,500 to \$2,999..... 13.9 13.0 14.8 13.8 12,4 15.1 15.3 18.6 12.7 9 percent or less..... 1.5 2,1 0.8 1.4 2.0 2.1 2.9 1.5 0.7 10 percent to 14 percent..... 4.5 4.1 4.8 4.3 9.7 7.8 4.5 4.8 5.9 15 percent to 19 percent..... 5.4 5.4 5.3 5.6 5.4 5.7 3.8 5.9 2.2 20 percent to 24 percent..... 1.6 0,9 2.2 1,5 0.9 2.0 2.5 1.0 8,7 25 percent to 29 percent..... 1.0 0.3 1.7 1.0 0.2 1.8 0.8 1.0 0.7 30 percent to 34 percent..... 35 percent or more..... 0.1 0.2 -0.1 0.2 -----\$3,000 or over..... 31.0 30.8 31.6 33.6 32.2 35,0 12.7 7.5 9.7 9 percent or less..... 8.7 9.7 7.8 9.3 10.2 8.4 3,8 4.9 3.0 10 percent to 14 percent..... 13.9 12.6 15.2 15.1 13.3 16.9 4.2 5.9 \$.0 15 percent to 19 percent..... 5.9 6.1 5.7 6.5 6.7 6.3 1.3 1.0 1,5 20 percent to 24 percent..... 1.7 0.9 2.4 1.8 0.9 2.7 0.4 1.0 25 percent to 29 percent..... 0.6 1.0 0.2 0.6 1.1 0.2 -30 percent to 34 percent..... 0.2 0.3 0.2 0.4 . ---35 percent or more..... 0.1 0.2 0.1 -0.2 -Not reporting income or rent 11.2 12.4 10.0 11.2 12.6 9.8 11.0 10.8 11.2

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

1950 CENSUS OF HOUSING

SPECIAL TABULATIONS FOR LOCAL HOUSING AUTHORITIES

December 28, 1950

Washington 25, D. C.

Series HC-6,

DURHAM, NORTH CAROLINA: APRIL 1950

This report is based on a transcription and tabulation of data from the 1950 Census of Population and Housing. The statistics relate to dwelling units considered substandard by the Public Housing Administration, in accordance with the contract for these statistics between the Bureau of the Census and the Housing Authority of the City of Durham, North Carolina.

A dwelling unit is considered substandard by the Public Housing Administration if it is either dilapidated or does not have the following plumbing facilities: flush toilet and bath inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use, and hot running water. The Public Housing Administration considers the absence of hot running water to be evidence generally of poor quality of the dwelling unit, but there may be some localities in which the absence of hot running water is not deemed to be a sufficient indication by itself of poor quality. In such localities, a revised count of substandard units may be obtained from table 1 by subtracting from the total the units which lack hot water only. If it is desired to eliminate the units lacking hot water only from the total count of substandard units, the distributions shown in the s tables will not be materially affected.

The criteria used to define substandard units in these tabulations are not identical with the housing characteristics included in the published reports from the 1940 Census. Therefore, any comparison of data in this report with the 1940 results must be made with extreme care. A direct comparison cannot be made with the 1940 results because information on hot running water was not collected at that time. Further, the 1940 data on condition were collected showing dwelling units "needing major repairs," whereas in 1950 data on condition were collected showing units as "dilapidated." Because the definitions of these two terms differ significantly, the 1940 count of dwelling units needing major re-

40---

pairs and the 1950 count of dilapidate units are comparable only in a generation of the second seco

In addition to the number of units shown in the tables, there were units for which there was no report condition or the presence of one of facilities. Had there been complete on these items, some additional unit; been found to be substandard.

The data are presented in the set tached tables. In table 1 the struoccupancy characteristics are shown : standard dwelling units. Table 2 shpaid for renter-occupied substandard 3 shows the condition and plumbing of these same units. Table 4 sho acteristics of all families (both secondary) living in the substan Table 4a classifies the primary fami ily income. Table 5 classifies prim with no subfamily or secondary fami by rent as a percent of family incom

DEFINITIONS

The definitions used in this special tabulation are generally the same as those used in the 1950 Census of Population and Housing. Some of the more important definitions are given below.

<u>Dwelling unit.--In general</u>, a dwelling unit is a group of rooms or a single room, occupied, or intended for occupancy, as separate living quarters by a family or other group of persons living together or by a person living alone. 2

<u>Primary family</u>.--A primary family consists of two or more persons including the head of the household and all (one or more) persons in the household who are related to the head by blood, marriage, or adoption. It may include a subfamily consisting of a married couple with or without children, or one parent with one or more children under 18 years of age, living in the household and related to but not including the head of the household or his wife. The subfamily is considered a part of the primary family for all tabulation purposes.

Secondary family.--A secondary family consists of two or more persons, such as a lodger or servant and his relatives, living in a household and related to each other but not related to the household head. The secondary family is considered a separate family for tabulation purposes.

<u>Minor</u>.--A minor is an unmarried person under 21 years of age other than the head of a family or his wife.

Dilapidation.--A dwelling unit is considered to be dilapidated when it has serious deficiencies, is rundown or neglected, or is of inadequate original construction, so that it does not provide adequate shelter or protection against the elements or it endangers the safety of the occupants.

Plumbing facilities.--The following are the three plumbing facilities tabulated:

1. Flush toilet inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use:

2. Installed bathtub or shower inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use; and

3. Hot and cold running water inside the structure.

Exclusive use.--Equipment is for "exclusive use" if it is used only by the occupants of one dwelling unit.

Shared .--- Equipment is "shared" when occupants of two or more units use the same equipment.

Family income.--Family income is the sum of the income received during 1949, by all members of the family. The following items were asked separately for the head of the family and for all other members of the family combined: 1. The amount of money wages or salary received in 1949:

2. The amount of net money income received from self-employment in 1949; and

3. The amount of other money income received in 1949, such as interest, dividends, veterans' allowances, pensions, or rents.

Gross rent. -- Monthly gross rent is contract rent plus the reported average monthly cost of water, electricity, gas, and other fuel paid for by the renter. If furniture is included in the contract rent, the reported estimated rent of the dwelling unit without furniture is used for the computation instead of the contract rent.

SOURCE AND RELIABILITY OF THE DATA

The figures shown in this report are based on the transcribed data for all white-occupied substandard dwelling units and about one-fifth of the nonwhite-occupied substandard units. The income distributions for both white families and nonwhite families were prepared from data collected on a sample basis since, in the 1950 Oensus, only one family in five was asked to report family income. The transcribed data were supplemented by an actual count of the total number of nonwhite-occupied substandard units, even though the housing, family, and income distributions were based on a sample.

Although some of the figures in the tables are based on the same data as the forthooning 1950 Census tabulations, they may differ from those to be published as part of the Census. The present tables were obtained by tabulating directly the data as transcribed in the field offices of the Census Bureau and the figures, therefore, do not include all of the refinements that result from a careful examination of the schedules.

In addition, the data are subject to other biases due to errors of response and to nonreporting which cannot be corrected in editing. Factors affecting accuracy of reporting are the respondent's knowledge of the facts and the ability of the enumerator to obtain accurate information on such items as income, rent, dilapidation, and plumbing facilities. The regular 1950 tabulations are also subject to these biases.

Reliability of Estimates

Because of sampling variability, income data for white families and all data for total and for nonwhite households may differ from the figures that would have been obtained from a complete count. (The numbers of occupied dwelling units, by race of occupant, are complete counts which are not subject to sampling variations.) The reliability estimates which follow give approximate measures of the sampling errors to be expected in these sample data.

Reliability of percentages.--The allowance to be made for sampling variation in a percentage depends, in general, both on the value of the percentages and the size of the base on which it is determined. If two percentages are of the same magnitude, the one based on a large number

of cases in the sample is, in general, less variable than the one based on a small number of sample cases.

Estimates of reliability are shown in the following table for percentages with bases of dwelling units or families of the specified types. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the differences due to sampling variability between the percentages obtained from the sample and the percentages which would have been obtained from a complete census would be less than the sampling error shown below.

To illustrate, for a figure of 10 percent based on nonwhite primary families living in substandard renter dwelling units, the sampling variability is 2.1 percent; the chances are about 19 out of 20 that the percentage obtained by a complete census would have been between 7.9 percent and 12.1 percent.

The sampling veriability of a specified percentage of total families or dwelling units with designated characteristics, tables 1 through 4, will vary according to the proportion of nonwhite families or honwhite-occupied units making up this percentage. The maximum sampling error to be expected of such a figure would occur when only nonwhite data are included. If the percentage includes only white data, no sampling error is present.

Percentage shown in table	All nonwhite occupied		All primary families with no sub family or secondary family pre- sent, in substandard renter units							
in table	substandard dwelling	То	Total White		ite	Nonw	hite		Na	With
	units	Owner	Renter	Owner	Renter	Owner	Renter		minors	minors
0,5	0.4	0.7	0.4	0.9	0.6	1.1	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.5
1.0	0.6	1.0	0,5	1.3	0.8	1.6	0,7	0.5	0,9	0.7
2.0	0.8	1.4	0.7	1,9	1.1.	2.3	1.0	0.8	1.2	1.0
3.0	1.0	1.8	0.9	2.3	1.8	2.8	1.2	0.9	1.5	1.2
4.0	1.2	2.0	1.0	2.6	1.5	8.8	1.4	1.1	1.7	1.4
5.0	1.3	2.3	1.1	8.9	1.7	3.5	1.5	1.2	1.9	1.5
10.0	1.8	3.1	1.6	4.0	2.3	4.9	2.1	1.7	2.7	2.1
15.0	2.1	3.7	1,9	4.8	2.8	5.8	8.5	2.0	3.2	2.5
20.0	2.3	4.1	2.1	5.4	8.1	6.5	2.8	8.2	3.6	2,8
25.0	2.5	4.5	2.3	5.8	8.4	7.0	8.0	8.4	3.9	8.0
30.0	2.7	4.7	2.4	6.2	S.6	7.4	3.2	2.5	4.1	3.2
40.0	2.8	51	ຂ,5	6.6	3.8	8.0	3.4	8.7	4.4	3.4
50.0	2,9	5.2	2.6	6.7	8.9	8.1	3.5	8.8	4.5	3.5

Reliability of absolute figures.--The approximate sampling variability of the absolute figures for nonwhite households, tables 1 through 5, is shown below. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the differences between the numbers shown in the tables and the numbers that would have been obtained from a complete census would be less than the sampling errors which follow.

Size of absolute figure	Sampling Variability ¹	Size of absolute figure	Sampling variability ¹
100	40	2,000	145
250	65	2,500	145
500	85	3,000	145
750	105	3,500	135
1,000	115	4,000	115
1,500	185	4,500	85

¹ Applies to nonwhite families and nonwhite-occupied units, tables 1 through 5.

The following is the approximate sampling variability of the absolute figures for white

41.000

families, table 5. (All other absolute figures for white households represent complete counts and are not subject to sampling variations.) The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the differences between the estimates and the figures that would have been obtained from a complete census would be less than the sampling errors shown below.

Classification	Absolute figures for white fami- lies, table 5	Sampling variability
Total		58
No minors	1,004 1,446	100 103

Reliability of differences.--The estimates of sampling variability in the above tables are not directly applicable to differences obtained by subtracting one figure from another. The sampling variability in an observed difference between two figures depends on the sampling variability of each of the figures and the correlation between them.

Table 1.--STRUCTURAL AND OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS, CONDITION, AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY TENURE AND COLOR OF OCCUPANTS, FOR DURHAN, NORTH CAROLINA: 1950

(A substandard dwelling unit is defined by the Public Housing Administration as a unit which is either dilapidated or does not have all of the following plumbing facilities: fluch toilet and bath inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use. and hot running water)

		Total			White	_	}	ionwh i te	
Characteristic	Total.	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter
Total number occupied substandard dwelling units	9,050	1,840	7,210	4,059	1,044	3,015	4,991	796	4,195
Percent of total	100,0	20.3	79.7	44,9	11.5	33.3	55.1	8,8	46,4
NUMBER OF ROOMS									
Tota1	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0
<pre>1 room 2 rooms 3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms 7 rooms 8 rooms or more Not reported</pre>	3.1 20.3 34.9 21.0 11.9 5.6 1.5 1.0 0.7	1.0 3.9 16.9 33.2 24.8 12.6 4.0 2.7 1.0	3.6 24.5 39.5 17.9 8.6 3.8 0.9 0.5 0.6	4.5 18.6 27.9 22.1 15.1 8.2 2.0 1.2 0.5	1.3 5.4 19.6 26.9 24.3 15.0 3.9 2.8 0.7	5.6 23.1 30.7 20.4 11.9 5.8 1.3 0.7 0.5	1.9 21.8 40.7 20.2 9.4 3.4 1.2 0.7 0.7	0.7 2.0 13.8 41.3 25.9 9.3 4.0 2.7 1.3	2.1 25.5 45.9 16.2 6.3 2.5 0.4 0.4
CONDITION									
Total	100.0	1.00.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Not dilapidated Dilapidated Not reported	61.9 36.7 1.4	73.7 24.5 1.8	58.9 39.8 1.3	71.1 28.0 0.9	75.5 23.9 0.6	69.6 29.4 1.1	54.4 43.7 1.8	71.3 25.3 3.3	51,8 47,3 1,5
WATER SUPPLY									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Hot and cold piped running water inside structure. Only cold piped running water inside structure No piped running water inside structure Not reported	16.3 80.6 3.1 (¹)	20.0 75.2 4.8 0.1	15.4 81.9 2.6 (¹)	28.4 70.3 1.3 0.1	27.6 71.0 1.3 0.1	28.7 70.0 1.2 0.1	6.5 88,9 4.6	10.0 80,7 9,3	5.6 90.3 5.1
TOILET FACILITIES			•						
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Flush toilet inside structure, exclusive use Flush toilet inside structure, shared Other toilet facilities (including privy) Not reportedP	42.0 23.8 33.8 0.3	61.1 15.8 23.1 0.1	87.1 25.8 86.6 0.5	50.4 42.2 7.2 0.2	64.5 26.8 8.6 0.1	45.5 47.5 6.8 0.3	85,2 8,8 55,4 0,5		31,1 10,4 38,0 0,4
BATHING FACILITIES									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0
Installed bathtub or shower inside structure, exclusive use Installed bathtub or shower inside structure.	21.2	34,9	17.7	33.4	44.7	29.4	11.9	22.0	9,9
shared Other or none Not reported	17.7 60.7 0.4	13.1 51.4 0.6	18.9 63.1 0.3	35.6 80.6 0.4	23.0 32.2 -	40.0 30.0 0,5	8.2 85.2 0.3	- 76.7 .1.9	3.6 86.9 0.1
NUMBER OF PERSONS									100.0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0
1 persons 2 persons 3 persons 4 persons 5 persons 6 persons 7 persons 8 persons 9 persons or more.	10.6 26.4 19.4 16.6 10.7 6.4 4.5 2.1 3.3	10.7 23.7 20.2 16.2 11.3 7.1 4.4 2.1 4.3	10.5 27.1 19.2 16.7 10.5 6.2 4.6 2.1 8.0	10.4 29.8 22.0 17.1 10.3 5.1 2.6 1.7 1.6	10.7 26.5 20.9 15.3 12.3 6.4 3.2 2.2 2.5	10.2 80.1 22.4 17.7 9.7 4.6 2.5 1.6 1.3	10.9 24.1 17.3 16.8 10.9 7.4 6.1 8.4	20.0 19.3 17.3 10.0 8.0 6.0	24,9 16,9 18,1 11,1 7,8 6,1
NUMBER OF LODGERS									
TotalNone	100.0 87.0	100,0 87,1	100.0 87.0	100.0 92.8	100.0 91.0	100.0 98.4	100.0 82.4	100.0 82.0	100.0 62.4
<pre>1 or more lodgers ¹ Less than 0.05 percent.</pre>	13.0	12,9	13.0	7.2	9.0	6.6	17.6	18.0	17,6

¹ Less than 0.05 percent.

##-5° #14

Table 1.--STRUCTURAL AND OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS, CONDITION, AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY TENUKE AND COLOR OF OCCUPANTS, FOR DURHAM, NORTH GRACHINA: 1950--Con.

5

(A substandard dwelling unit is defined by the Public Housing Administration as a unit which is either dilapidated or does not have all of the following plumbing facilities: flush toilet and bath inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use, and hot running water)

obaurahau dad da		Total			White		١	lonwhite	
Characteristic	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter
CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Not dilapidated:									
With private bath and private flush toilet,	10.7	00 1	10.0	22.1	00.0	10 F	= 0	30.0	
no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath	12.7 14.7	22.1 21.0	10.9	11.8	29.8 15.1	19.5 10.6	5.0 17.0	12.0	3.7 14.8
With running water, no private flush toilet	32.4	86.9	38.8	86.4	89.7	88.7	29.1	29.3	30.2
No running water inside the structure	1.7	8,4	1,3	0,6	0.9	0,5	2.7	6.7	1.9
Dilapidated:		-		7-					
With private bath and private flush toilet, hot and cold running water With private bath and private flush toilet,	8.4	6.6	2.6	5.5	9.1	4.8	1.7	3,3	1.4
no hot running water	2.6	3.1	8.4	3.6	3.4	8.7	1.7	2.7	1,5
With private flush toilet, no private bath	7.9	6.9	8.2	6.6	6.6	6.8	9.0	7.3	9.4
With running water, no private flush toilet	21.3	6.2	25.1 1.3	11.4	4.4 0.5	13.9	29.3 1.9	8.7 8.7	53.2
No running water inside the structure	1.4	1.4	1 1	0.8	1 N N				1,8
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	8*0	2.3	1.9	1.4	0.6	1.6	8.6	4.7	2.1
CONDITION BY NUMBER OF PLUMBING FACILITIES				-		e e e			
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Not dilapidated:									
Lacking 1 facility	15.0	25.1	12.4	23.9	31.6	21.2	7.8	16.7	6.1
Lacking 2 facilities Lacking 3 facilities	28.5 23.9	28.7 19.5	20.9 25.1	28.7 18.8	29.8 14.1	28.4 19.6	17.4	27.3	15.5 29.0
	20.5		NUST			TD 40	~~~~	~~••	~~.0
Dilapidated: With all facilities	3.4	6.6	2.6	5.5	9.1	4.2	1.7	3.8	1.4
Lacking 1 facility	2.9	3.4	2.8	4.2	4.0	4.8	1.9	2.7	1.8
Lacking 2 facilities	9.7	8.8	10.1	9.4	7.6	10.0	10,0	9.3	10.1
Lacking 3 facilities	80,5	5,9	84.8	8.7	3.3	10.6	80,1	9.8	34.0
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	2.0	2.8	1.9	1.4	0,6	1.6	2.6	4.7	2,1
NUMBER OF DWELLING UNITS IN STRUCTURE									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1 dwelling unit	48.5	77.9	84.8	43.0	65.6	35.2	44.0	94.0	84,5
2 to 4 dwelling units	52.8	21.8	60.7	51.8		57.9	58.7	6.0	62.7
5 or more dwelling units	3.6	0.8	4.5	5.8	0.5	6,9	8.3	· · •	2.8

Table 2.--CONTRACT AND GROSS RENT OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY COLOR OF OCCUPANTS, FOR DURHAM, NORTH CAROLINA: 1950

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

Monthly rent	Total	White	Nonwhite	Monthly rent	Total.	White	Nonwhite
Total number renter-occupied substandard dwelling units	7,E10	3,015	4,195	FURNITURE IN RENT Total	100.0	100.0	100.0
Percent of total	100.0	41.8	58.2	Furniture included in contract rent	6.5	1.3,9	1.1
MONTHLY CONTRACT RENT				Furniture not included in contract rent Not reported	87.6 6.0	80.9 5.8	98.4 6.4
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	MONTHLY GROSS RENT	ĺ		
\$9 or less	7.6	9.5	6.2	Total	100.0	100.0	100.0
\$10 to \$14	26.1	14.1	34.8	\$9 or less	0.9	1.3	0,6
\$15 to \$19 \$20 to \$24	23.0 18.8	18.8	30.0 17.0	\$10 to \$14 \$15 to \$19	5.0 12.8	5,5 8,7	4.6 14.7
\$25 to \$29	8.5	18.1	5.2		19.6	13.8	24.0
\$20 to \$21				\$25 to \$29	18.7	14.7	21.5
\$30 to \$34 \$35 to \$39	6.1 9.0	8.9 5.8	4.0		15.2		15.8
\$40 to \$49	3.0	8.4	1.0		9.2 10.6		7.0 7.0
\$50 or more	2.4	5.1	0.4		6.4		8.7
Not reported	0.7	0.6	0.8		2.2		1.8

Table 3.--CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY GROSS RENT, FOR DURHAM, NORTH CAROLINA: 1950

					Monthly g	ross rent	5		
Condition and plumbing facilities	Total	\$19 or less	\$20 to \$24	\$25 to \$29	\$30 to \$34	\$35 to \$39	\$40 to \$49	\$50 or more	Not reported
Total number renter-occupied substandard dwelling units	7,210	1,300	1,410	1,345	1,099	666	768	465	157
Percent of total	100.0	18.0	19.6	18.7	15.2	9.2	10,7	6.4	2.2
Not dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	10.3 13.0 33.8 1.3	1.2 0.6 5.5 0.4	0.7 8.0 7.1 0.2	1.2 3.3 6.1 0.2	1.6 2.7 5.1 0.2	1.7 1.3 3.1 0.1	2.1 1.0 3.7 0.1	1.5 0.9 2.4	0.3 0.4 0.7 0.1
 Dilapidated; With private bath and private flush toilet, hot and cold running water	2.6 2.4 8.2 25.1 1.3	0.1 0.1 1.3 7.7 0.6	0.2 0.4 1.6 5.8 0.3	0.1 0.4 2.1 4.9	0.6 0.4 1.3 3.2 (¹)	0.3 0.4 0.6 1.5 0.1	0:5 0.4 1.1 1.4 -	0.7 0.3 0.1 0.5	(1) 0.1 0.2 0.2
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	1.9	0,5	0 📢	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.8	0.1	0.2

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

¹ Less than 0.05 percent.

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Table 3a.--CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY GROSS RENT, FOR WHITE HOUSEHOLDS, FOR DURHAM, NORTH CAROLINA: 1950

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

					Monthly g	gross ren	t		
Condition and plumbing facilities	Total	\$19 or less	\$20 to \$24	\$25 to \$29	\$30 to \$34	\$35 to \$39	\$40 to \$49	10.3 2.6 0.5 4.3 1.6 0.6 0.1 0.6	Not reported
Total number renter-occupied substandard dwelling units	3,015	46B	402	444	457	874	476	811	63
Percent of total	100,0	15,5	13.3	14.7	15.2	12.4	15,8	10.3	2,8
Not dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	19.5 10.6 38.7 0.5	2.3 0.7 5.5 0.1	1.3 2.2 5.1 (¹)	2.4 2.7 5.4 0.1	3.8 2.2 5.4 (¹)	8.2 1.1 5.2 0.1	4.3 1.1 6.4 0.1	2.6 0.5 4.3	0.3 0.4 1.3 (¹)
Dilapidated: With private bath and private fluch toilet, hot and cold running water With private bath and private fluch toilet, no hot running water With private fluch toilet, no private bath With running water, no private fluch toilet No running water inside structure	4.2 3.7 6.6 13.9 0.7	0.3 1.3	0.2 0.2 1.9 2.2 0.1	0.8 0.6 1.4 2.0	0.5 0.7 0.9 1.8 0.1	0.5 0.7 0.5 1.1	1.1 0.8 0.3 1.4	1.6 0.5 0.1 0.6	(1) 0.2 0.4 0.1
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities.	1.6	0.3	3.0	(1)	0.3	0,1	0,4	0.1	0,1

1 Less than 0.05 percent.

Table 3b.--CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY GROSS RENT, FOR NONWHITE HOUSEHOLDS, FOR DURHAM, NO.TH C.ROLINA: 1950

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(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

					Monthly	gross ren	t		i tata i
Condition and plumbing facilities	Total	\$19 or less	\$20 to \$24	\$25 to \$29	\$30 to \$34	\$35 to \$39	\$40 to \$49	\$50 or more	Not reported
Total number renter-occupied substandard dwelling units	4,196	833	1,008	901	648	292	292	154	74
Percent of total	100.0	19.9	24.0	21,5	15.8	7.0	7.0	8.7	1.8
Not dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	8.7 14.8 90.2 1.9		0.3 3.5 8.6 0.3	0.3 3.8 6.6 0.4	0.4 3.0 4.9 0.3	0.6 1.4 1.6 0.1	0.5 0.9 1.8 0.1	0.8 1.1 1.0	0.8 0.4 0.3 0.1
Dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilst, hot and cold running water With private bath and private flush toilet; no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	1.4 1.5 9.4 S3.2 1.8	- 1.3 10.0 0.8	0.3 0.5 1.4 8.5 0.5	0.1 0.3 2.7 7.0	0.8 0.1 1.5 4.8	0.1 0.3 0.6 1.8 0.8	0.1 0.1 1.8 1.4	0.1 0.1 0.4	0.1 0.1 0.3
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	2.1	0.6	0,8	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.3	0,1	0.3

Table 4.---CHARACTERISTICS OF FAMILIES IN SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY TENURE AND COLOR, FOR DURHAM, NORTH CAROLINA: 1950

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

		Total			White	NY 2		Nonwhite	
Characteristic	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter
Total number of families	7,872	1,605	6,267	3,581	915	2,666	4,291	690	3,601
Percent of total	100.0	20,4	79.6	45.5	11.6	89.9	54.5	8.8	45.7
TYPE OF FAMILY	44 							6 . 364 	
Total	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Primary family Secondary family	97.6 2.4	96.9 3.1	97.7 2.3	98.9 1.1	98.6 1.4	99.1 0.9	96.4 3.6	94.6 5.4	96.8 3.2
NUMBER OF PERSONS IN FAMILY						1.50			1. F
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2 persons 3 persons 4 persons	33.1 21.6 17.2	81.4 22.8 15.3	38.5 21.3 17.8	94.2 24.9 18.2	91.8 29.7 15.7	85.0 25.4 19.1	82.1 18.8 16.4	90.8 21.5 14.6	92.4 18.3 16.8
5 persons 6 persons	11.1 6.9	12.7	10.7	11.6 5.1	14.2	10.7	10.8 8.4	10.8 9.2	10.8 8.2
7 persons 8 persons or more	4.7 5.4	8,7 6,3	5.0 5.1	2.6 3.3	8.0 4.6	8.5 8.9	6.4 7.0	4.6 8.5	6.8 6.8
NUMBER OF PERSONS PER ROOM. IN DWELLING UNIT									
Total	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
0.50 or less 0.51 to 0.75 0.76 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 to 2.00 2.01 or more Not reported	9.3 19.4 27.2 21.9 18.6 7.9 0.7	21.7 23.7 27.9 15.8 6.7 3.2 1.0	6.1 18.4 27.0 23.5 15.3 9.1 0.6	12.2 22.7 32.6 19.9 9.2 2.8 0.4	23.6 24.7 27.5 15.0 6.4 2.2 0.5	8.8 22.1 34.4 21.6 10.2 8.1 0.4	6.9 16.7 22.6 28.6 17.2 12.1 0.9	19.2 28.3 28.5 16.9 6.9 4.8 1.5	4.6 15.6 21.5 24.9 19.1 13.5 0.7
NUMBER OF MINORS IN FAMILY				н		2 .	1		i de s
Total	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No minors 1 minor. 2 minors. 3 minors 4 minors.	87.8 24.8 16.6 8.5 6.1	42.7 25.4 14.6 5.9 5.5	36.0 24.7 17.1 9.2 6.3	89.7 27.2 17.5 8.4 3.6	43.5 23.6 15.2 9.2 3.8	38.4 28.4 18.2 8.1 3.5	35.4 22.9 15.8 8.7 8.3	41.5 27.7 13.8 1.5 7.7	34.2 21.9 16.2 10.0 8.4
5 minors 6 minors or more	3.6 9.0	3.0 3.0	3.8 2.9	1,9 1.8	8.3 2.4	1.8 1.5	5.1 4.0	3.8 8.8	5.3 4.0

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Table 4a.--INCOME IN 1949 OF PRIMARY FAMILIES IN SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY NUMBER OF MINORS, TENURE, AND COLOR, FOR DURHAM, NORTH CAROLINA: 1950

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

Family.income by		Total			White			Nonwhite	
number of minors	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter
Total number of primary families	7,680	1,554	6,126	3,543	902	2,641	4,187	652	3,485
Percent of total	100.0	20.2	79.8	46.1	11.7	34.4	53,9	8,5	45,4
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0
\$999 or less. \$1,000 to \$1,249 \$1,250 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,749 \$1,750 to \$1,999	12.9 5.8 4.5 7.3 5.4	8.7 3.4 2.4 9.0 4.8	13.9 5.8 5.1 6.9 5.7	8.0 3.4 3.1 5.5 4.0	6.2 1.1 1.1 7.8 3.9	8.6 4.2 8.8 4.9 4.0	17.1 6.9 5.8 8.8 6.7	12.2 6.5 4.1 11.4 4.9	18.0 7.0 6.1 8.4 7.0
\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,749 \$2,750 to \$2,999	9.7 7.8 7.3 4.5	10.7 6.3 7.3 5.3	9.4 8.1 7.3 4.3	8.1 7.5 7.7 5.4	8.4 6.7 8.4 6.7	8.0 7.8 7.4 4.9	11.0 7.9 6.9 3.7	13,8 5,7 5,7 3,3	10,5 8,4 7,2 8,8
\$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 or more Not reported	15.0 8.7 5.8 6.0	18.2 10.9 8.5 5.1	14.2 8.1 5.1 6.2	19.5 12.9 10.2 4.7	21.3 14.0 12.4 2.2	18.8 12.5 9.5 5.5	11.2 5.0 1.9 7.1	18.8 · 6.5 3.3 8.9	1047 447 1,7 647
No minors \$999 or less	36.5 5.1	39,2 5,0	35.8 5.2	89.1 4.3	38.8	39.2 4.2	84.5 5.9	89.8 5.7	88.8 5.9
\$1,000 to \$1,249 \$1,250 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,749 \$1,750 to \$1,999	1.7 2.0 3.4 2.0	2.0 1.7 4.7 1.3	1.6 2.0 3.1 2.1	1.4 1.8 2.6 1.6	1.1 1.1 2.8 1.1	1.5 2.1 2.5 1.7	1.9 2.1 4.1 2.3	3.8 8.4 7.3 1.6	1,7 2,0 3,5 2,4
\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,749 \$2,750 to \$2,999	8.1 2.6 2.5 1.3	8.6 3.3 1.3 1.3	3.0 2.5 2.8 1.4	3.6 2.8 2.3 1.8	4.5 8.9 0.6 1.7	S.2 2.5 2.9 1.1	2.7 2.4 2.7 1.4	2.4 2.4 2.4 0.8	2.7 2.4 2.7 1.5
\$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 or more Not reported	5.0 3.7 2.0 2.2	6.6 3.9 2.3 2.0	4.5 5.6 1.9 2.3	6,4 5,1 4,0 2,0	7.9 5.6 8.4 0.6	5.9 4.9 4.2 2.5	3.7 2.4 0.3 2.4	4.9 1.6 0.8 4.1	8,5 2,6 0,2 2,1
One minor	24.9	25.0	. 24.8	27.4	29.0	28.9	22.7	27.6	21.8 5.2
\$999 or less \$1,000 to \$1,249 \$1,250 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,749 \$1,750 to \$1,999	3.8 1.6 1.1 1.9 1.4	1.3 0.3 0.3 2.0 0,7	3.8 1.9 1.3 1.9 1.6	1.6 1.3 0.9 1.7 0.7	0.6 	1.9 1.7 1.1 1.5 1.0	1.8 1.3 2.1 2.1	0.8 0.8	2.0 1.4 8.1 2.1
\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,749 \$2,750 to \$2,999	2.7 1.9 1.5 1.3	3.4 2.0 2.3 2.3	2.5 1.9 1.3 1.0	2.0 2.7 2.0 8.1	1.1 2.2 3.4 2.8	2.3 2.9 1.5 1.9	8.3 1.3 1.0 0.5	0,8	2.7 1.2 1.1 0.3
\$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 or more Not reported	4.2 1.5 1.5 1.0	4.3 2.0 2.3 1.7	4.2 1.4 1.3 0.8	6.7 2.4 2.7 . 0.7		7.2 2.7 2.5 0.8	2.1 0.8 0.5 1.3	0.8	1.8 0.5 0.5 0.9
Two minors	16.3	1.5,9	16.4	16.6	16.9	16.5	16.0		16.3
\$999 or less \$1,000 to \$1,249 \$1,250 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,749 \$1,750 to \$1,999	1.8 1.1 0.6 0.8 0.6	1.3 0.7 2.0 0.7	1.9 1.2 0.8 0.6 0.6		1.7	1.1 0.4 0.2 0.6	1.8	1.6 2.4	2.4 1.8 1.1 0.9 0.6
\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,749 \$2,750 to \$2,999	1.4 0.9 1.5 0.9	1.7	1.4 1.0 1.7 1.1	1.1 1.0 1.1	1.1 0.6 0.6	1.9	0.9	0.8 0.8 3 -	0.9 8.0 0.9
\$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 or more Not reported	1.1	2.0	0,8	3.1 2.0	. 3.4 2.6	3.0	0.8	8,0,8 0,8	0.8

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Table 4a.--INCOME IN 1949 OF PRIMARY FAMILIES IN SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY NUMBER OF MINORS, TENURE, AND COLOR, FOR DURHAM, NORTH CAROLINA: 1950--Con.

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Family income by		Total.			White			Nonwhite	
number of minors	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter
Three or four minors	15.8	14.9	16.1	13.8	1.8.5	12.2	17.6	9.8	19.0
9999 or less 1,000 to \$1,249 1,250 to \$1,499 1,500 to \$1,749 1,750 to \$1,999	1.8 0.7 0.7 0.7 1.0	0.7 0.3 - 0.8 1.3	2.1 0.8 0.9 0.8 0.9	0.7 0.4 0.1 0.4 1.0	0,6 0,6 1.7	0.8 0.6 0.2 0.4 0.8	2.7 0.9 1.2 0.9 1.0	0.8 0.8 - - 0.8	8.0 0.9 1.4 1.1 1.1
2,000 to \$2,249 2,250 to \$2,499 2,500 to \$2,749 2,750 to \$2,999	1.6 1.4 1.6 0.8	1.7 0.3 2.6 1.0	1.6 1.6 1.3 0.8	1.3 0.6 2.3 0.9	1.7 3.9 1.7	1.1 0.8 1.7 0.6	1.9 2.1 1.0 0.8	1.6 0.8 0.8	2.0 2.3 1.1 0.9
3,000 to \$3,999 4,000 to \$4,999 5,000 or more tot reported	2.4 1.1 0.7 1.4	3.0 1.6 1.3 0.7	2.2 0.9 0.6 1.6	8.7 1.4 1.3 0.7	3.4 2.2 2.2 0.6	2.5 1.1 1.0 0.8	2.1 0.8 0.3 2.1	2.4 0.8 0.8	2.0 0.8 2.3
5 minors or more	6.5	5.0	6.8	3.1	2.8	8.2	9.4	8.1	9.6
\$999 or less 1,000 to \$1,249 1,250 to \$1,499 1,500 to \$1,749 1,750 to \$1,999	0.9 0.3 0.2 0.5 0.4	0.3 - 0.3 - 0.3	1.0 0.3 0.8 0.6 0.4	0.4 		0.6	1.8 0.5 0.4 0.6 0.8	0.8 0.8 0.8	1.4 0.6 0.3 0.8 0.8
2,000 to \$2,249 2,250 to \$2,499 2,500 to \$2,749 2,750 to \$2,999	0,8 0.9 0.2 0,1	0.3 0.3 0.3	0.9 1.1 0.2 0.1	0.1 0.4 -		0.2 0.6 -	1.4 1.8 0.4 0.3	0.8 0.8 0.8	1.5 1.5 0.5 0.5
3,000 to \$3,999 4,000 to \$4,999 5,000 or more ot reported	0.7 0.5 0.5 0.4	1.3 1.0 0.7	0.6 0.4 0.4 0.5	0.6 0.9 0.8 0.1	1.1 1.1 0.6	0.4 0.8 0.2 0.2	0.9 0.8 0.6 0.6		0.8 0.1 0.6

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

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Table 5.--RENT AS PERCENT OF INCOME BY FAMILY INCOME IN 1949 OF PRIMARY FAMILIES WITH NO SUBFAMILY OR SECONDARY FAMILY IN RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DMELLING UNITS, BY PRESENCE OF MINORS AND COLOR, FOR DURHAM, NORTH CAROLINA: 1950

White Nonwhite Total Gross rent as percent of income No With No With No With by family income Total Total Total minors minors minors minors minors minora 3,029 1,093 3,382 2,450 1,004 1,446 1,936 5,479 2,097 Number of families..... 19.9 18.3 55,3 61.7 44.7 26.4 35.3 100.0 38.3 Percent of total..... 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 Total...... 23.5 25.3 13.7 13,8 18.8 18.4 24.6 14.6 9 percent or less..... 18.5 27,9 27.7 26.4 25,0 27.4 27.7 27.2 10 percent to 14 percent..... 27.1 26.1 15.3 14.1 12.5 15.3 16.1 17.5 15,9 15.1 15 percent to 19 percent..... 15.2 7.0 9.4 7.9 10.2 8.7 7.8 8.4 6.6 20 percent to 24 percent..... 8.1 6.4 8.5 4.9 7.9 6.3 8.8 7.4 7.1 25 percent to 29 percent..... 7.2 2.5 2.0 2.8 9.0 0.5 4.4 1.2 3.7 30 percent to 34 percent..... 2.7 16.3 16.0 16.4 13.9 12.7 9.2 11.5 7.6 35 percent or more..... 13.1 7.8 7.5 7.8 7.4 8.4 10.0 7.4 Not reported..... 7.9 8,8 19.0 12.8 31.2 29.1 \$2,3 \$1,499 or less..... 24.1 24.3 24.0 15.4 1.6 1.5 1.7 2,8 1.5 8.7 2.3 1.5 9 percent or less..... 2.0 0.9 1.0 0.8 0.5 0.5 10 percent to 14 percent..... 0.5 0.8 15 percent to 19 percent..... 1.2 2.0 0.8 0.8 1.5 1.0 8.8 4.4 8.7 3.5 2.0 1.6 2.5 20 percent to 24 percent..... 2.6 1.4 5.1 4.4 5.5 9.2 3.7 1.6 2.0 25 percent to 29 percent..... 3.5 3.6 2.1 2.9 30 percent to 34 percent..... 0.5 2.9 1.6 1.0 2.0 15.5 15,9 10.5 15,8 35 percent or more..... 12.3 13.1 11.8 8.0 6.2 10.5 7.9 15.6 18.0 14.8 \$1,500 to \$1,999..... 12,5 14.4 11.3 8.6 0.6 0.6 0.5 0.7 0.5 0.5 0,5 0.5 0.6 9 percent or less..... 5,8 3,3 2.3 1.8 8.0 1.0 4.0 4.2 10 percent to 14 percent..... 3.1 15 percent to 19 percent. 1.4 5.6 7,8 4,7 4,8 3.3 1.6 2.0 3.8 20 percent to 24 percent..... 2.0 1.7 2.1 2,4 1.9 2,2 1.8 1.8 2.0 1.4 1,5 1.7 2.0 1.6 2.0 2.1 2.5 25 percent to 29 percent..... 1.9 0.6 30 percent to 34 percent..... 0,5 0.6 0.5 0.7 0.2 0.5 0.7 0.8 0,5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.4 0.5 0.3 35 percent or more..... 0.5 21.9 15.0 19.3 14.6 16.7 \$2,000 to \$2,499..... 17.8 14.8 19.7 16.0 1,4 0,5 1.1 2.0 1.4 9 percent or less..... 1.3 1.2 1.4 1.6 5.6 9.6 7.3 11,0 5.0 10 percent to 14 percent..... 7.7 6.2 8.6 5,8 6.5 7.7 2.0 3.1 4.4 15 percent to 19 percent..... 4.8 3,2 5,7 2.7 1.9 1,4 20 percent to 24 percent..... 2.1 1.5 2.4 8.7 1.0 8.8 1.6 25 percent to 29 percent..... 0,5 2.1 0.5 0.5 2.9 4.0 1.6 2.2 1.2 30 percent to 34 percent..... 35 percent or more..... 0.2 0.5 0.1 0.2 0.7 0.2 0.3 0.6 0.5 ------н 0.8 18.9 11.0 19.1 9,9 \$2,500 to \$2,999..... 11.5 11.4 11.6 12.1 9.5 2.9 1.4 9 percent or less..... 1.7 2.2 1.4 1.4 1.5 1.4 1.9 6.6 4.9 3.5 5,9 6.7 6.3 10 percent to 14 percent..... 5.9 5.0 6.4 2,9 1,1 15 percent to 19 percent..... 2.9 8.0 2.9 4.3 3.0 5.2 1.8 1.0 0.\$ 1.4 0.5 20 percent to 24 percent..... 0.9 1,2 0.8 1.4 1.5 0,9 0.2 25 percent to 29 percent..... 0.1 0.2 ---------. 30 percent to 34 percent..... --*--35 percent or more..... -_ ----.... * -----39.5 36.0 42.0 15.4 17.5 14,8 \$3,000 or over..... 26.1 26.2 26.8 2.1 19,3 18-0 20.1 7.9 9.2 9 percent or less..... 18.4 12.7 18.0 10 percent to 14 percent..... 7.3 6.0 13.5 14.9 6,5 14.3 9.8 10.0 10.3 0.8 15 percent to 19 percent..... 0.7 0,5 2.7 4.7 4.0 5.2 2.2 2.5 0.3 0.4 0.5 20 percent to 24 percent..... 0.8 1.4 0.3 0.6 0.8 25 percent to 29 percent..... . 0.2 0.5 -0.1 0.2 . 30 percent to 34 percent..... -35 percent or more..... 0.3 -0.1 0.1 0.2 Not reporting income or rent 7.9 7.4 10.0 7.3 7.5 7.8 7.4 8.8 8.4

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

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1950 CENSUS OF HOUSING

SPECIAL TABULATIONS FOR LOCAL HOUSING AUTHORITIES

December 28, 1950

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Washington 25, D. C.

Series HC-6, No. 137

BRIDGEPORT, CONNECTICUT: APRIL 1950

This report is based on a transcription and tabulation of data from the 1950 Census of Population and Housing. The statistics relate to dwelling units considered substandard by the Public Housing Administration, in accordance with the contract for these statistics between the Bureau of the Census and the Bridgeport Housing Authority.

A dwelling unit is considered substandard by the Public Housing Administration if it is either dilapidated or does not have the following plumbing facilities: flush toilet and bath inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use, and hot running water. The Public Housing Administration considers the absence of hot running water to be evidence generally of poor quality of the dwelling unit, but there may be some localities in which the absence of hot running water is not deemed to be a sufficient indication by itself of poor quality. In such localities, a revised count of substandard units may be obtained from table 1 by subtracting from the total the units which lack hot water only. If it is desired to eliminate the units lacking hot water only from the total count of substandard units, the distributions shown in the tables will not be materially affected.

The criteria used to define substandard units in these tabulations are not identical with the housing characteristics included in the published reports from the 1940 Census. Therefore, any comparison of data in this report with the 1940 results must be made with extreme care. A direct comparison cannot be made with the 1940 results because information on hot running water was not collected at that time. Further, the 1940 data on condition were collected showing dwelling units "needing major repairs," whereas in 1950 data on condition were collected showing units as "dilapidated." Because the definitions of these two terms differ significantly, the 1940 count of dwelling units needing major repairs and the 1950 count of dilapidated dwelling units are comparable only in a general way.

In addition to the number of substandard units shown in the tables, there were 72 other units for which there was no report on either condition or the presence of one of the plumbing facilities. Had there been complete reporting on these items, some additional units might have been found to be substandard.

The data are presented in the series of attached tables. In table 1 the structural and occupancy characteristics are shown for all substandard dwelling units. Table 2 shows the rent paid for renter-occupied substandard units; table 3 shows the condition and plumbing facilities of these same units. Table 4 shows the characteristics of all families (both primary and secondary) living in the substandard units. Table 4a classifies the primary families by family income. Table 5 classifies primary families with no subfamily or secondary family present, by rent as a percent of family income.

In the contract rent tabulation, dwelling units occupied rent free are tabulated in the "\$9 or less" category. In the gross rent tabulations, however, such units are tabulated as "not reporting," except when utilities were reported.

DEFINITIONS

The definitions used in this special tabulation are generally the same as those used in the 1950 Census of Population and Housing. Some of the more important definitions are given below.

<u>Dwelling unit</u>...-In general, a dwelling unit is a group of rooms or a single room, occupied, or intended for occupancy, as separate living quarters by a family or other group of persons living together or by a person living alone. 2

<u>Primary family</u>.--A primary family consists of two or more persons including the head of the household and all (one or more) persons in the household who are related to the head by blood, marriage, or adoption. It may include a subfamily consisting of a married couple with or without children, or one parent with one or more children under 18 years of age, living in the household and related to but not including the head of the household or his wife. The subfamily is considered a part of the 'primary family for all tabulation purposes.

Secondary family.--A secondary family consists of two or more persons, such as a lodger or servant and his relatives, living in a household and related to each other but not related to the household head. The secondary family is considered a separate family for tabulation purposes.

Dilapidation.---A dwelling unit is considered to be dilapidated when it has serious deficien-cies, is rundown or neglected, or is of inadequate original construction, so that it does not provide adequate shelter or protection against the elements or it endangers the safety of the occupants.

<u>Plumbing facilities.--The following are the</u> three plumbing facilities tabulated:

1. Flush toilet inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use;

2. Installed bathtub or shower inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use; and

3. Hot and cold running water inside the structure.

Exclusive use.---Equipment is for "exclusive use" if it is used only by the occupants of one dwelling unit.

Shared.---Equipment is "shared" when occupants of two or more units use the same equipment.

Family income.--Family income is the sum of the income received during 1949, by all members of the family. The following items were asked separately for the head of the family and for all other members of the family combined:

1. The amount of money wages or salary received in 1949;

2. The amount of met money income received from self-employment in 1949; and

3. The amount of other money income received in 1949, such as interest, dividends, veterans' allowances, pensions, or rents.

Gross rent.--Monthly gross rent is contract rent plus the reported average monthly cost of water, electricity, gas, and other fuel paid for by the renter. If furniture is included in the contract rent, the reported estimated rent of the dwelling unit without furniture is used for the computation instead of the contract rent.

SOURCE AND RELIABILITY OF THE DATA

The figures shown in this report are based on the transcribed data for all nonwhite-occupied substandard dwelling units and about one-fifth of the white-occupied substandard units. The transcribed data were supplemented by two types of additional information: (a) An actual count was made of the total number of white-occupied substandard units, even though the housing, family, and income distributions were based on a sample; (b) a special supplementation of the census income data was made for nonwhite families. As part of the 1950 Census, family income data were obtained from about one-fifth of all families. For these tabulations, additional interviews of nonwhite families were made to increase the income sample above the 20 percent level. This was accomplished by a subsequent field enumeration of a sample of nonwhite families who were not in the original sample but were living in substandard dwelling units.

Although some of the figures in the tables are based on the same data as the forthcoming 1950 Census tabulations, they may differ from those to be published as part of the census. The present tables were obtained by tabulating directly the data as transcribed in the field offices of the Census Bureau and the figures, therefore, do not include all of the refinements that result from a careful examination of the schedules.

In addition, the data are subject to other biases due to errors of response and to nonreporting which cannot be corrected in editing. Factors affecting accuracy of reporting are the respondent's knowledge of the facts and the ability of the enumerator to obtain accurate information on such items as income, rent, dilapidation, and plumbing facilities. The regular 1950 tabulations are also subject to these biases.

Reliability of Estimates

Because of sampling variability, income data for nonwhite families and all data for total and for white households may differ from the figures that would have been obtained from a complete count. (The numbers of occupied dwelling units, by race of occupant, are complete counts which are not subject to sampling variations.) The reliability estimates which follow give approximate measures of the sampling errors to be expected in these sample data.

Reliability of percentages. -- The allowance to be made for sampling variation in a percentage depends, in general, both on the value of the percentage and the size of the base on which it is determined. If two percentages are of the same magnitude, the one based on a large number of cases in the sample is, in general, less variable than the one based on a small number of sample cases.

Estimates of reliability are shown in the following table for percentages with bases of dwelling units or families of the specified types. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the differences due to sampling variability between the percentages obtained from the sample and the percentages which would have been obtained from a complete census would be less than the sampling errors shown below.

To illustrate, for a figure of 10 percent based on white primary families living in substandard renter dwelling units, the sampling variability is 1.7 percent; the chances are about 19 out of 20 that the rercentage obtained by a complete census would have been between 8.3 percent and 11.7 percent.

The sampling variability of a specified percentage of total families or dwelling units with

designated characteristics will vary according to the proportion of white families or whiteoccupied units making up this percentage. For example, consider the sampling variability of a figure of 5 percent based on total primary families. The maximum sampling error to be expected of such a figure would occur when the entire 5 percent includes only white primary families and the chances are about 19 out of 20 that this sampling error would not exceed 1.1 percent. The minimum sampling error would occur when the entire 5 percent includes only nonwhite primary families and the chances are about 19 out of 20 that this sampling error would not exceed 0.3 percent. For specific characteristics composed of 5 percent of total primary families the sampling variability may assume any value between these two figures.

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	•	Sampling variability if the base is-											
	All white occupied	All pri	imary famili dwellin		tandard	All primary families with no subfamily or secondary family present, in sub- standard renter units							
in table	substandard dwelling	Whi	te	Nonwi	nite	Wh	ite	Nonw	nite				
units	Owner	Renter	Owner	Renter	No minors	With minors	No minors	With minors					
0,5	0.3	1.0	0.4	(1)	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.9	0.9				
1.0	0.5	1.4	0.6	•	0.9	0.9	0.8	1.8	1.3				
2.0	0.7	1.9	0.8		1.2	1.3	1.1	1.8	1.8				
3.0	0.8	2.4	1.0	-	1.5	1.5	1,9	2.2	2.2				
4.0	1.0	2.7	1.1		1.7	1.8	1.5	2.6	2.5				
5.0	1.1	3.0	1.3		1.9	8.0	1.7	2.8	2.8				
10.0	1.5	4.2	1.7		2.6	2.7	2.8	8.9	3.8				
15.0	1.7	5.0	2.1		8.1	3.2	2.7	4+7	4.5				
20.0	1.9	5.5	2.8		3.5	3.6	3.1	5.2	5.1				
25.0	2.1	6.0	2.5	· .	3.8	3.9	3.3	5.7	5.5				
30.0	2.2	6.4	2.7		4.0	4.8	8.5	6.0	5.8				
40.0	2.3	6,8	2.8		4.3	4.4	8.7	6.4	6,2				
50.0	2.4	6.9	2.9		4.4	4.5	8.8	6.5	6.8				

¹ Omitted because percentage distribution is not shown.

<u>Heliability of absolute figures.--The approx-</u> imate sampling variability of the absolute figures for white households, tables 1 through 5, is shown below. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the differences between the numbers shown in the tables and the numbers that would have been obtained from a complete census would be less than the sampling errors which follow.

Size of abso-	Sampling	Size of abso-	- Sampling
lute figure	variability ¹	lute figure	variability ¹
100	45	2,000	165
250	65	3,000	185
500	95	4,000	190
750	110	5,000	185
1,000	125	6,000	160
1,500	150	7,000	120

¹ Applies to white families and white-occupied units, tables 1 through 5.

The following is the approximate sampling variability of the absolute figures for nonwhite families, table 5. (All other absolute figures for nonwhite households represent complete counts and are not subject to sampling variations.) The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the differences between the estimates and the figures that would have been obtained from a complete census would be less than the sampling errors shown below.

Classification	Absolute figures for nonwhite families, table 5	Sampling variability
Total No minors With minors	282	11 22 22

Reliability of differences.--The estimates of sampling variability in the above tables are not directly applicable to differences obtained by subtracting one figure from another. The sampling variability in an observed difference between two figures depends on the sampling variability of each of the figures and the correlation between them. Table 1.--STRUCTURAL AND OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS, CONDITION, AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY TENÙRE AND COLOR OF OCCUPANTS, FOR BRIDGEFORT, CONNECTICUT: 1950

(A substandard dwelling unit is defined by the Public Housing Administration as a unit which is either dilapidated or does not have all of the following plumbing facilities: flush toilet and bath inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use, and hot running water)

	<u> </u>	Total		ľ	White		1	Vonwhite	
Characteristic .	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter
And the second		· · · · ·	<u> </u>			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Total number occupied substandard dwelling units	8,503	1,215	7,288	7,838	1,148	6,690	665	67	598
Percent of total	100.0	14.3	85.7	98.8	13.5	78.7	7,8	0.8	7.0
NUMBER OF ROOMS									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	1.00.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(1)	100.0
1 room	7.6	1.9	8.5	7.6	1.5	8.7	7.1		6,9
2 rooms	10.1 30.5	4.7 14.6	11.0 33.2	9.8 30.9	4,9 14.7	10.6 33.7	13.7 25.6		15.1 27.1
4 rooms	30.9 14.6	34.8 22.0	30.2 13.4	31.1 14.4	35,8 21,6	30.3 13.2	28.6 16.5		29.8
6 rooms	3.7	11.7	2.4	3.6	11.8	2.2	4.8	-	15.1
7 rooms	0.7	2.1 7.4	0.5 0.6	0.7	2.0 7.4	0.5	0.8		0.3
Not reported	0.4	0.8	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.3	õ.9		0.3
CONDITION									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(1)	100.0
Not dilapidated	72.6	72.5	72.6 27.2	75.7 24.0	74.5 25.0	75.9 83.9	35.0 64.1		34.8 64.4
Not reported	0.3	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.2	0.9		0.8
WATER SUPPLY									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(1)	100.0
Hot and cold piped running water inside structure Only cold piped running water inside structure	38.0 61.4	47.5 51.0	36.4 63.1	38.6 60.9	46.6	37.3 62.4	31.0 66.3		27.3 70.9
No piped running water inside structure	0.5	1.4	0.4	0.4	1.0	0.3	2.6		1.8
Not reported	0.1	0.1	0.1	0,1	-	0.1	0,2		
TOILET FACILITIES									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(¹)	100.0
Flüsh toilet inside structure, exclusive use Flush toilet inside structure, shared	71.7 28.2	76.5	70.9 24.3	72.3 22.8	77.0 16.7	71.5 23.9	65.3 27.4		64.9 28.4
Other toilet facilities (including privy)	4.7	6.6	4.4	4,6	6.4	4.3	£7.4 6.0		5.5
Not reported	0.4	0.2	0.4	0.3	-	0.3	1.4		1.2
BATHING FACILITIES									
Total	100.0	100.0	1.00.0	1.00.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(1)	100.0
Installed bathtub or shower inside structure, exclusive use Installed bathtub or shower inside structure,	33.2	49.1	30.5	38.7	49.0	31.1	26.8		24.1
shared	18.8	15.6	19.3	19.3	15.7	19.9	12.5		12.4
Other or none Not reported	47.2	35.2 0.2	49.8 0.9	46.2 0.7	35.3	48.1 0.8	59.2 1.5		62.2 1.3
NUMBER OF PERSONS		0.2	0.0	0.,					
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(¹)	100.0
l person	15.2	13.3	15.5	15.4	13.2	15.8	12.0		11.7
2 persons	28.1 22.8	27.5	28.3	28.4	27.9	28.4	25.7		26.4 18.9
4 persons	17.2	19.4 18.3	23.4 17.0	23.2 17.4	19.6	23.8 17.2	18.6 14.4		14.5
5 persons	8.8 4.1	8.6 4.6	-8.8	8.6 3.9	8.8	8.6	10.7 6.2		11.4
7 persons	1.7	4.6	4.0 1.3	1.5	4.4	3.9 1.0	4.4	1	4.0
8 persons 9 persons or more	1.0 1.0	2.5 1.2	0.8	0.8	2.0	0.6 0.7	3.9 4.1		3.0 4.0
NUMBER OF LODGERS									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	1.00.0	100.0	100.0	(¹)	100.0
Nonelogers	93,9 6.1	90.6 9.4	94.5 5.5	95.1 4.9	91.7 8.3	95.7 4.3	80.2 19.8		81.1 18.9
1 Percentage digestation is and	0	1			0.0	-#•0	10.0		

¹ Percentage distribution is not shown where the number of cases is less than 100.

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(a) the second s second sec Table 1.--STRUCTURAL AND OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS, CONDITION, AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING.UNITS, BY TENURE AND COLOR OF OCCUPANTS, FOR BRIDGEPORT, CONNECTICUT: 1950--Con.

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(A substandard dwelling unit is defined by the Public Housing Administration as a unit which is either dilapidated or does not have all of the following plumbing facilities: flush toilet and bath inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use, and hot running water)

		Total			White		ł	lonvhite	
Characteristic	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Cwner	Renter
CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES									
	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(1)	100.0
Total	100.0	T00.0	T00*0	100.0	100.0	700*0	70010		
Not dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet,					1				
no hot running water	18.6	28.6	16.9	19.7	29.9	18.0	5.1		Б.О
With private flush toilet, no private bath	30.1	24.7	\$1.0	31.4	25.5	32.4	15.0		15.6
With running water, no private flush toilet	22.9	18.6	23.6	28.8	.18.6	24,6	18.1		12.5
No running water inside the structure	0.8	0.5	0.8	0.9	0.5	0.3	0.5		0.8
Dilapidated:									
With private bath and private flush toilet,					15.7	8.9	18.8		11.7
hot and cold running water	10.2	16.6	9.1	9.9	TD'4 A	0,9	T0*0		TT 0 A
no hot running water	3.2	1.3	3.5	2.9	1.0	3.8	· 6.0		5,9
no hot running water	9.5	5.2	10.2	8.2	4.9	8.7	24.5		26.1
With running water, no private flush toilet	8.9	2.9	4,1	2.8	2.9	2.8	16.7		18.4
No running water inside the structure	0.2	C.9	0.1	0.1	0.5	-			*
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	" 1.1	0.7	1.2	0.9	0.5	1.0	3.2		\$.0
CONDITION BY NUMBER OF PLUMBING FACILITIES									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	(1)	100.0
Not dilapidated:							·		
Lacking 1 facility	27.4	43.1	24.8	28.9	44.6	26.2	9.2 19.4	1.1	8.4 19.7
Lacking 2 facilities	88.6 5.9	25.5	40.8	40.3	26.0 8.9	48.7	19.4		5.4
Lacking 3 facilities	5*8	5.9	0.0	0.0				{	
Dilapidated:	10.2	16.6	9.1	9.9	15.7	a.9	13.8		11.7
With all facilities Lacking 1 facility	4.5	3.1	4.8	4.8	2.5	4.5	7.8		7.2
Lacking 2 facilities	9.7	5.4	10.4	8.8	5.4	8.7	26.3		28.6
Lacking 3 facilities	2.8	1.8	8.7	1.5	1.5	1,5	15.2		16.1
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	1.1	0.7	1.2	0.9	0.5	1,0	8.2		8.0
NUMBER OF DWELLING UNITS IN STRUCTURE						a			
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(1)	100.0
1 dwelling unit	6.7	24.5	3.B	6.4	24.0	8.4	10.8		8.4
2 to 4 dwelling units	48.5	60.2	46.5	47.9	60.3	45.B	55.3		55.0
5 or more dwelling units	44.8	15.8	49.7	45.7	15.7	50.9	88.8		86.6

 1 Percentage distribution is not shown where the number of cases is less than 100.

Table 2.--CONTRACT AND GROSS RENT OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY COLOR OF OCCUPANTS, FOR BRIDGEPORT, CONNECTICUT: 1950

Monthly rent	Total.	White	Nonwhite	Monthly rent	fotal	White	Nonwhite
Total number renter-occupied substandard dwelling units	7,288	6,690	598	FURNITURE IN RENT	100.0	100.0	100.0
Percent of total	100.0	91.8	8.2	Furniture included in contract rent Furniture not included in contract	19.0	19.0	19.4
MONTHLY CONTRACT RENT				rent	77.3 3.6	77.5 3.5	75.8 4.8
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	MONTHLY GROSS RENT			
<pre>\$9 or less</pre>	1.4 11.2 28.6 18.2 12.5 5.0 4.1 7.6 9.5	1.9 11.2 28.5 18.8 12.8 5.9 4.0 7.0 9.7		\$40 to \$49 \$50 pr more	1.2 3.4 3.8 10.9 20.1 19.3 12.8 15.1 12.0	100.0 1.3 3.5 8.1 10.7 20.0 19.7 15.1 15.0 11.8 1.9	100.0 0.7 1.8 5.5 13.2 21.2 14.9 9.5 16.4 14.7 2.0

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Table 3.--CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY GROSS RENT, FOR BRIDGEFORT, CONNECTICUT: 1950

			<u> (</u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Monthly g	ross rent	t		
Condition and plumbing facilities	Total	\$19 or less	\$20 to \$24	\$25 to \$29	\$30 to \$34	\$35 to \$39	\$40 to \$49	\$50 or more	Not reported
Total number renter-occupied substandard dwelling units	7,288	577	793	1,466	1,406	985	1,099	876	136
Percent of total	100.0	7.9	10.9	20.1	19.3	12.8	15.1	12,0	1.9
Not dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	16.9 31.0 23.6 0.3	0.4 1.1 4.6 0.2	0.6. 3.5 3.4 0.1	1.6 9.3 4.1 -	2.5 8.7 2.9	3.0 4.0 1.8	5.0 2.7 2.2 -	3.5 1.2 4.1 (¹)	0.2 0.5 0.7 -
 Dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, hot and cold running water With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside g.ructure 	10.2 4.1	0.2 0.1 0.8 0.4 (¹)	0.3 0.9 -	0.2 0.6 2.9 1.2 (¹)	1.3 0.7 2.3 0.7	1.6 0.6 1.4 0.2 (¹)	3.0 0.9 1.0 0.3 (¹)	2.4 0.3 0.1 0.2 (¹)	0.1 (¹) (¹) 0.2
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	1.2	¢.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

1 Less than 0.05 percent.

Table 3a.--CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY GROSS RENT, FOR WHITE HOUSEHOLDS, FOR BRIDGEFORT, CONNECTICUT: 1950

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

					Monthly g	gross ren	t		
Condition and plumbing facilities	Total	\$19 or less	\$20 to \$24	\$25 to \$29	\$30 to \$34	\$35 to \$39	\$40 to \$49	\$50 or more	Not reported
Total number renter-occupied substandard dwelling units	6,690	529	714	1,339	1,317	878	1,001	768	124
Percent of total	100.0	7.9	10.7	20.0	19.7	13.1	15.0	11,8	1.9
Not dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	18.0 32.4 24.6 0.3	0.4 1.1 4.9 0.2	0.7 3.7 3.5 0.1	1.8 9.8 4.2 -	2.7 9.3 3.0	3.2 4.2 1.9	5.3 2.6 2.2	3.7 1.1 4.2	0.3 0.5 0.8 -
 Dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, hot and cold running water With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure 	8.9 3.3 8.7 2.8 -	0.2 0.1 0.7 0.3	0.3 0.2 1.4 0.7	0.1 0.6 2.5 0.8	1.3 0.7 2.0 0.5 -	1.7 0.6 1.3 0.1	3.0 0.9 0.8 0.2	2.3 0.3 0.1	0.1
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities.	1.0	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2		0.2	0.1

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Table 3b.--CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY GROSS RENT, FOR NONWHITE HOUSEHOLDS, FOR BRIDGEPORT, CONNECTICUT: 1950 (See vable 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

					Monthly g	ross ren	t		a shin settadir.
Condition and plumbing facilities	Total	\$19 or less	\$20 to \$24	\$25 to \$29	\$30 to \$34	\$35 to \$39	\$40 to \$49	\$50 or more	Not reported
Total number renter-occupied substandard dwelling units	598	48	79	127	89	57	98	88	18
Percent of total	100.0	8.0	18.2	21.2	14.9	9,5	16.4	14.7	2.0
Not dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	5.0 15.6 12.5 0.3	0.2 0.7 1.0 -	0.2 1.8 2.0 0.2	0.8 8.7 2.5 -	0.7 8.2 1.2	1.2 1.5 1.0 -	1.2 8.3 2.2	1.3 2.0 2.3 0.2	0.8
 Dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, hot and cold running water With private bath and private flush toilet; no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure 	11.7 5.9 26.1 18.4 1.5	0.8 - 2.0 2.3 0.5	0.2 1.7 4.0 2.8	1.2 0.5 7.5 4.8 0.3	1.8 1.8 4.8 8.8	1.0 0.5 2.5 1.5 0.2	3.0 1.0 3.3 1.5 0.2	9.5 0.8 1.7 2.0 0.8	0.7 0.2 0.2 0.2
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	3.0	0.5	0.8	0.3	0.8	8.0	0.7	0.5	0.2

Table 4.--CHARACTERISTICS OF FAMILIES IN SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY TENURE AND COLOR, FOR BRIDGEPORT, CONNECTICUT: 1950

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

		Total			White			Nonwhite	
Characteristic	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter
Total number of families	7,040	1,025	6,015	6,465	968	5,497	575	57	516
Percent of total	100.0	14.6	85.4	91.8	18.7	78.1	8.2	0.8	7.4
rerdent of totat		1.110							
TYPE OF FAMILY					and a second			at e	100.0
Total	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0	(1)	1999 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 -
rimary family	99.5	98,9	99.6	99.9	99.4	100.0	94.8		95. 4.
econdary family	0.5	1.1	0,4	0.1	0.6		5.2		
	•								
NUMBER OF PERSONS IN FAMILY				100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(1)	100.
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		33.9	86.9		87.
persons	83.9	32.5	34.2	38.7	32.6 23.8	28.5	20.7		20.
persons	27.2	23.8	27.8	27.8 20.8	22.1	20.6	16.8		16.
persons	20-4 9.8	21.7	9.8	9.8	9.9	9.8	9.0	1 1.1889	9.
persons	4.8	5.7	4.7	4.8	5.8	4.6	5.8	Sec. Post	5.
persona	1.8	8.1	1.6	1.6	2.9	1.8	4.8	i tata	4
persons or more	2.0	8.6	1.8	1.6	8.9	1.8	7.5		
	,							l i sa sa sa	
NUMBER OF PERSONS PER ROOM. IN DWELLING UNIT		l					100.0	(1)	100
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		11,
0.50 or less	16.4	\$1.0	14.0	16.9	82.0	1,4.8	11.5	1	19.
0.51 to 0.75	24.9	21.4	25.5	25.3	21.5	26.0	19.7 25.6	, ll i	24
0.76 to 1.00	80.5	29.8	30.7	\$1.0	29.7	81.2	17.7	" ·	18
1.01 to 1.50	16.8	10.1	17.4	16.2	9.9	17.3	15.5	· ·	15
L.51 to 2.00	8.1	5.2	8.6	7.5	4.7	3.2	9.0		10
2.01 or more	8.5	1.6	8.8	9.0 0.2	0.6	- 문양 가 감구하고 -	1.0	l i	0
lot reported	0.2	0.9	0.1	V.N			1		and the second
NUMBER OF MINORS IN FAMILY]						1	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(1)	100
io minors	44.1	57.3	41.8	43.9	58.1	41.4	46.8		40
l minor	25.1	14.4		25.6	14.0		19.8		1
2 minors	17.9	13.0		18.3	13.4				
3 minors	6.5	7.3		6.4	7.6		1	i de de te	2 - A.
4 minors	3.6	3,8		3.4	3.5				
5 minors	1.7	2.5		1.7	2.3			1	
6 minors or more	1.2	1.6	; 1.1	0.9	1.1	· · · · ·	±.,,		

¹ Percentage distribution is not shown where the number of cases is less than 100.

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Table 4a.--INCOME IN 1949 OF PRIMARY FAMILIES IN SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY NUMBER OF MINORS, TENURE, AND COLOR, FOR BRIDGEPORT, CONNECTICUT: 1950

<u>Internet in the second s</u>		m.t.7	<u> </u>			i	Nonubito			
Family income by number of minors		Total.			White			Nonwhite		
	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	
Total number of primary families	7,004	1,018	5,991	6,459	962	5,497	545	51		
Percent of total	100.0	14.5	85.5	92.2	13.7	78.5	7.8	0.7	7.	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(¹)	100.	
999 or less	11.4	16.9	10.5	11.5	17.0	10.5	10.5	,	9.	
1,000 to \$1,249 1,250 to \$1,499	3,5 2,8	4.1	3.4 3.2	3.3 2.9	4.1 0.6	3.2 3.3	5.3 1.8		5 2	
1,500 to \$1,749	3.9	8.9	8.9	4.0	4.1	4.0	2.5		2	
1,750 to \$1,999	4.5	8.5	4.7	4.4	8.5	4.5	6.0		6	
2,000 to \$2,249	9.0	6.0	9.5	8.8	5.2	9.4	11.2		10	
2,250 to \$2,499 2,500 to \$2,749	5.4 7.8	2.2 9.4	5.9 7.5	5.2 8.0	2.3 9.4	5.7 7.8	7.1 5.2	-		
2,750 to \$2,999	8.5	2.8	3.6	8.5	2.9	3.6	8.9		4	
3,000 to \$3,999	80.9	17.7	21.5	21.3	18.1	21.8	17.0		1	
4,000 to \$4,999	11.0	10.1	11.2	10.8	9.9	11.0	13.4		i	
5,000 or more ot reported	11.2	19.5	9.8	11.4	19.3	10.0	8.8			
or reported	5.2	8.3	5.5	5.0	8.5	.5.2	7.9		ŧ	
No minors	44.1	57.5	41.8	48.9	58.5	41.4	46.2		4	
999 or less	7.6	14.4	6.4	7.8	15.2	6.4	5.7			
1,000 to \$1,249 1,250 to \$1,499	2.0	3.3	1.8 1.7	2.0	8.5	1.7 1.8	2.1			
1,500 to \$1,749	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.6	1.1			
1,750 to \$1,999	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.6	1.2	1.6	8.5			
2,000 to \$2,249	4.0	2.0	4.3	8.8	1.8	4.2	6.0			
2,250 to \$2,499	2.2	.0.6	2.5	2.1	0.6	2.4	3.6			
2,500 to \$2,749 2,750 to \$2,999	2.5 1.2	4.6	2.1 1.2	2.4 1.0	4.7 1.2	2.0 1.0	8.2 2.9			
3,000 to \$3,999	7.9	9.4	7.0	7.6	9.9	7.2	4.6			
4,000 to \$4,999	4.5	5.5	4.4	4.4	5.9	4.8	5.6			
5,000 or more	5.1	11.4	4.1	5.2	11.1	4.2	4.1			
ot reported	2.8	2.2	2.9	2.7	2.3	2.8	3.9			
One minor	25.2	14.5	27.0	25.6	14.0	27.6	20.4		<u> </u>	
999 or less 1,000 to \$ 1,249	1.7 0.8	1,4	1.7	1.7	1.2	1.7	2.1			
1,250 to \$1,499	0.5	-	0,9	0.7		0.8 0.6	1.4 0.7			
1,500 to \$1,749	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	0.7			
1,750 to \$1,999	1.5	1.1	1.5	1.5	1.2	1.5	1.4			
2,000 to \$2,249	2.3	2.2	2.3	2.4	1.8	2.5	1.3			
2,250 to \$2,499 2,500 to \$2,749	1.6 2.8	. 0.6	1.8 2.9	1.7 2.9	0.6	1.8 3.1	1.4 1.3			
2,750 to \$2,999	1.2	0.6	ĩ.3	1.2	0.6	1.3	0.7			
3,000 to \$3,9 99	5.5	1.1	6.2	5.7	1.2	6.4	8,6			
4,000 to \$ 4,999 5,000 or more	2.4	0.6	2.7	2.4	0.6	2.7	8.2			
ot reported	2.8 1.0	3.3	2.7	.2.8	8.5	2.8	1.8			
		0.6	1.1	1.0	0.,6	1.1	0.7			
Two minors	17.9	12.9	18,8	18.3	19.5	19.1	13.9			
999 or less 1,000 to \$1,249	1.1	0.6	1.3	1.1	-	1.3	0.7			
1,250 to \$1,499	0.6	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.4 0.5	0.4			
1,500 to \$1,749	0.8	1.1	0.8	0.9	1.2	0.8	-		1	
1,750 to \$1,999	0.6	1.1	0.5	0.6	1.2	0,5	0.7			
2,000 to $$2,249$	1.5	0.2	1.7	1.5	-	1.7	1.6			
2,250 to \$2,499 2,500 to \$2,749	1.1 1.7	1.7	1.3 1.8	1.0	- 1.8	1.2 1.8	1.8 0.7			
2,750 to \$2,999	0.8	-	0.9	0.8	1.0	0.9	0.4			
3,000 to \$3,999	4.6	8.9	4.7	4.8	4.1	4.9	2.1			
4,000 to \$4,999	2.6	2.8	2.5	2.6	2.9	2.6	2.1			
5,000 or more ot reported	1.4	0.6	1.5	1.5	0.6	1.6	0.4			
¹ Percentage distribution is	0,8	0.6	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.7	1.8	t	•	

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

¹ Percentage distribution is not shown where the number of cases in the sample is less than 100.

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Table 4a.--INCOME IN 1949 OF PRIMARY FAMILLES IN SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY NUMBER OF MINORS, TENURE, AND COLOR, FOR BRIDGEPORT, CONNECTICUT: 1950-Con.

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Family income by		Total.			White			Nonwhite	
number of minors	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter
Three or four minors	10.0	11.0	9.8	9.7	10.5	9,5	18.6		19.0
999 or less	0.7	1.1	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	1.6	11. T	0.8
1,000 to \$1,249	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	-	0.1	1.4		1.2
1,250 to \$1,499	0.2	_	0.2	0.2	-	0.2			
1,500 to \$1,749	0.8	-	0.3	0.8		0.3	0.4		0.4
1,750 to \$1,999	0.6	-	0.7	0.6	-	0.7	-		-
2,000 to \$2,249	0.9	1.ľ	0.9	0.9	1.2	0,8	1.8	· .	2.0
2,250 to \$2,499	0.3	1.1	0.2	0.8	1.2	0.2	0.4		0.4
2,500 to \$2,749	0.7	1.1	0.7	0.8	1.2	0.7	-		· -
2,750 to \$2,999	0.2	0.6	0.2	0.8	0.6	0.2	-		· -
3,000 to \$3,999	2.7	1.8	2.9	2.5	1.8	8.7	5,8		5.5
14,000 to \$4,999	1.0	0.7	1.0	1.0	0.6	1.0	1.0		0.8
5,000 or more	1.6	8.8	1.3	1.7	8.5	1.8	0.7		0.8
lot reported	0.6	-	0.7	0.5	-	0.6	1.1		1.8
5 minors or more	2.8	4.0	2.6	2.5	8,5	2.4	5.9		5.1
999 or less	0.3	_	0.4	0.8	_	0.4	0.4		0.4
1,000 to \$1,249	0.1	-	0.1	0.1	-	0.1	-		
1,250 to \$1,499	0.1	i –	0.1	0.1	-	. 0.1	-	í i	
1,500 to \$1,749	(1)	-	(1)	-	-	-	0.4		0.4
1,750 to \$1,999	0 . 1	-	0.i	0.1] -	0.1	0.4		0.4
2,000 to \$2,249	0.8	0.6	0.2	0.8	0.8	0.2	0.4	•	0.4
2,250 to \$2,499	0.1	- 1	0.1	0.1	-	0,1	-		· · · · •
2,500 to \$2,749	0.1	-	0.1	0.1		0.1	-		-
2,750 to \$2,999	0.2	0.6	0.1	0.2	0.6	0.1	-		
3,000 to \$3,999	0.7	1.4	0.6	0.7	1.2	0.6	1.3		0.8
4,000 to \$4,999	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.4	1.4]	1.6
5,000 or more	0.8 (¹)	0,9	0,2	0.2	0.6	0.1	1.3	1	0.8
Not reported	(")	K '-	(1)		- 1	-	0.4		0.4

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

¹ Less than 0.05 percent.

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Table 5.--RENT AS PERCENT OF INCOME BY FAMILY INCOME IN 1949 OF PRIMARY FAMILIES WITH NO SUBFAMILY OR SECONDARY FAMILY IN RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY PRESENCE OF MINORS AND COLOR, FOR BRIDGEPORT CONNECTICUT: 1950

		Total			White			Nonwhite	1
Gross rent as percent of income- by family income	Total	No minòrs	With minors	Total	No minors	With minors	Total	No minors	With minors
Number of families	5.864	2,472	8,892	5,407	2,250	8,157	457	222	295
	100.0	42.2	57.8	92.2	88.4	58.8	7.8	3.8	4.0
Percent of total	100.0								
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	1(=).0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
9 percent or less	22.4	26.4 28.8	19.6 26.1	22.6 25.1	26.7 23.3	19.6 26.4	20.8 23.0	82.8 83.7	19.0
10 percent to 14 percent 15 percent to 19 percent	24.9	19.8	21.5	18.5	14.0	21.7	14.9	11.4	18.
20 percent to 24 percent	9.1	8.5	9.6	8.9	8.3	9.4	11.5	11.4	11,
25 percent to 29 percent	11	3.8	5.8	4.6	3.8	5.2	6.0	4.4	7.
30 percent to 34 percent	4.7	4.2	2.4	3.1	4.0	8.5	8.8	6.1	1.
35 percent or more	10.6	11.4	10.1	10.7	11.8	10.2	9.8	10.5	9,
Not reported	6.7	8.6	5.4	6,5	8.5	5.0	10.2	9.6	10.
		0.0	0.**					•	
\$1,499 or less	. 16.6	28.0	11.9	16.5	28,5	11.6	17.4	18.4	16.
9 percent or less	8.7	6.8	1.4	3.6	7.0	1.2	4.8	4.4	4.
10 percent to 14 percent	0.1	0.2	- 1	0,1	0.8	-			
15 percent to 19 percent	0.6	8.0	0.8	0.6	0.3	0.9			•
20 percent to 24 percent	0.6	1.0	0,4	0.6	1.0	0.4	0.8	0.8	0.
25 percent to 29 percent	1,3	1.8	0.8	1.1	1.8	0.7	2.6 1 0	2.6 1.8	В. 0,
30 percent to 34 percent	1.4	2.4	0.7	1.5	2.5 10.8	0.7 7.7	1.8. 8.5	8.8	8.
35 percent or more	8.9	10.6	7.7	6.9	10.0		0.0	0.0	
\$1,500 to \$1,999	8.4	8.0	8,8	8.3	7.8	8.7	9.8	10.5	9.
9 percent or less	0.8	1.4	0.8	0.8	1.5	0.4	-	-	
10 percent to 14 percent	0.5	1.0	0.1	0.4	1.0		1.3	0.9	1
15 percent to 19 percent	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.7	1,8	1.6	2.6	1.8	8.
20 percent to 24 percent	2.4	2.6	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.3	3.0	8.5	2
25 percent to 29 percent	1.3	0.5	1.9	1.4	0,5	2.0	0.9	-	1.
30 percent to 34 percent	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.5	0.9	1.8	2.6	
35 percent or more	0,9	0.2	1,5	0.9	-	1.6	0.9	1,8	
\$2,000 to \$2,499	15.3	15.8	14.9	1.5.0	15.9	14.8	18.7	21.9	15
D reveart on 1955.	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.2	-	0.4	0.4	0.9	
9 percent or less	4.2	6.2	2.8	4.2	6.0	2.9	4.7	7.9	1
15 percent to 19 percent	5.5	4.4	6.3	5.4	4.3	6.2	6.4	6.1	6
20 percent to 24 percent	3,0	3.0	2.9	2.8	2.8	2.9	4.7	5.3	4
25 percent to 29 percent	1.2	1.0	1.9	1.1	1.0	1.2	1.7	0.9	2
30 percent to 34 percent	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.5	0,5	0.5	0.9	0.9	j o
35 percent or more	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.7	-	-	
\$2,500 to \$2,999	11.1	7.8	13.5	11.2	7.3	14.1	9.4	18.2	5
	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.7	0.8	1.8	
9 percent or less		11		4.2	2.5	5.3	4.8		
10 percent to 14 percent		3.0	5.0	4.3	3.0	5.8	2.1	1.8	1 1
15 percent to 19 percent 20 percent to 24 percent	4.1.	0.5	1.9	1.4	0.5	2.0	0.8	0.9	
25 percent to 29 percent		0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.8	0.9	1 0
30 percent to 34 percent		0.5	0.3	0.8	0.3	0.4		-	
35 percent or more		-	0.1	-	-		0.4	-	
\$3,000 or over		36.7	45.6	42.5	\$7.8	45.8	84.5	26.3	4
			1.	17.3	17.8	16.9	15.8	15.8	1
9 percent or less		17.6	16.8		19.5	18.2	12.8		- î
10 percent to 14 percent		12.9	18.2	16.2	4.8	7.8	5.8		
15.percent to 19 percent		4.5	7.7	6.6	1.5	2.0	2.1		
20 percent to 24 percent		1.4	2.1	1.8	L.0	0.7	-	-	l
25 percent to 29 percent			0.7		0.3	1	0.4	0.9	1
30 percent to 34 percent		0.8		0.1	U.a	0.2			1
35 percent or more	0.1	-	0.2	0.1	1 -				,
3	6.7	8.6	5.4	6.5	8.5	5.0	10.2	9.6	1

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

1 Less than 0.05 percent.

1950 CENSUS OF HOUSING

SPECIAL TABULATIONS FOR LOCAL HOUSING AUTHORITIES

Lacember 28, 1950

Washington 25, D. C.

Series HC-6, No. 138

LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS: APRIL 1950

This report is based on a transcription and tabulation of data from the 1950 Census of Population and Housing. The statistics relate to dwelling units considered substandard by the Public Housing Administration, in accordance with the contract for these statistics between the Bureau of the Census and the Housing Authority of the City of Little Rock.

A dwelling unit is considered substandard by the Public Housing Administration if it is either dilapidated or does not have the following plumbing facilities: flush toilet and bath inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use, and hot running water. The Public Housing Administration considers the absence of hot running water to be evidence generally of poor quality of the dwelling unit, but there may be some localities in which the absence of hot running water is not deemed to be a sufficient indication by itself of poor quality. In such localities, a revised count of substandard units may be obtained from table 1 by subtracting from the total the units which lack hot water only. If it is desired to eliminate the units lacking hot water only from the total count of substandard units, the distributions shown in the tables will not be materially affected.

The criteria used to define substandard units in these tabulations are not identical with the housing characteristics included in the published reports from the 1940 Census. Therefore, eny comparison of data in this report with the 1940 results must be made with extreme care. A direct comparison cannot be made with the 1940 results because information on hot running water was not collected at that time. Further, the 1940 data on condition were collected showing dwelling units "needing major repairs," whereas

in 1950 data on condition were collected showing units as "dilapidated." Because the definitions of these two terms differ significantly, the 1940 count of dwelling units needing major repairs and the 1950 count of dilapidated dwelling units are comparable only in a general way.

The data are presented in the series of attached tables. In table 1 the structural and occupancy characteristics are shown for all substandard dwelling units. Table 2 shows the rent paid for renter-occupied substandard units; table 3 shows the condition and plumbing facilities of these same units. Table 4 shows the characteristics of all families (both primary and secondary) living in the substandard units. Table 4a classifies the primary families by family income. Table 5 classifies primary families with no subfamily or secondary family present, by rent as a percent of family income.

In the contract rent tabulation, dwelling units occupied rent-free are tabulated in the "\$9 or less" category. In the gross rent tabulations, however, such units are tabulated as "not reporting," except when utilities were reported.

DEFINITIONS

The definitions used in this special tabulation are generally the same as those used in the 1950 Census of Population and Housing. Some of the more important definitions are given below.

<u>Dwelling unit.--In general</u>, a dwelling unit is a group of rooms or a single room, occupied, or intended for occupancy, as separate living quarters by a family or other group of persons living together or by a person living alone. <u>Primary family</u>.--A primary family consists of two or more persons including the head of the household and all (one or more) persons in the household who are related to the head by blood, marriage, or adoption. It may include a subfamily consisting of a married couple with or without children, or one parent with one or more children under 18 years of age, living in the household and related to but not including the head of the household or his wife. The subfamily is considered a part of the primary family for all tabulation purposes.

Secondary family.--A secondary family consists of two or more persons, such as a lodger or servant and his relatives, living in a household and related to each other but not related to the household head. The secondary family is considered a separate family for tabulation purposes.

Minor.--A minor is an unmarried person under 21 years of age other than the head of a family or his wife.

Dilapidation.--A dwelling unit is considered to be dilapidated when it has serious deficiencies, is rundown or neglected, or is of inadequate original construction, so that it does not provide adequate shelter or protection against the elements or it endangers the safety of the occupants.

<u>Plumbing facilities.--The following are the</u> three plumbing facilities tabulated:

1. Flush toilet inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use;

2. Installed bathtub or shower inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use; and

3. Hot and cold running water inside the structure.

Exclusive use.--Equipment is for "exclusive use" if it is used only by the occupants of one dwelling unit.

Shared .--- Equipment is "shared" when occupants of two or more units use the same equipment.

Family income.--Family income is the sum of the income received during 1949, by all members of the family. The following items were asked separately for the head of the family and for all other members of the family combined:

1. The amount of money wages or salary received in 1949;

2. The amount of net money income received from self-employment in 1949; and

3. The amount of other money income received in 1949, such as interest, dividends, veterana[†] allowances, pensions, or rents.

<u>Gross rent</u>.--Monthly gross rent is contract rent plus the reported average monthly cost of water, electricity, gas, and other fuel paid for by the renter. If furniture is included in the contract rent, the reported estimated rent of the dwelling unit without furniture is used for the computation instead of the contract rent.

SOURCE AND RELIABILITY OF THE DATA

The figures shown in this report are based on the transcribed data for all white-occupied substandard dwelling units and about one-fifth of the nonwhite-occupied substandard units. The income distributions for both white families and nonwhite families were prepared from data collected on a sample basis since, in the 1950 Census, only one family in five was asked to report family income. The transcribed data were supplemented by an actual count of the total number of nonwhite-occupied substandard units, even though the housing, family, and income distributions were based on a simple.

Although some of the figures in the tables are based on the same data as the forthcoming 1950 Census tabulations, they may differ from those to be published as part of the Census. The present tables were obtained by tabulating directly the data as transcribed in the field offices of the Census Bureau and the figures, therefore, do not include all of the refinements that result from a careful examination of the schedules.

In addition, the data are subject to other biases due to errors of response and to nonreporting which cannot be corrected in editing. Factors affecting accuracy of reporting are the respondent's knowledge of the facts and the ability of the enumerator to obtain accurate information on such items as income, rent, dilapidation, and plumbing facilities. The regular 1950 tabulations are also subject to these biases.

Reliability of Estimates

Because of sampling variability, income data for white families and all data for total and for nonwhite households may differ from the figures that would have been obtained from a complete count. (The numbers of occupied dwelling units, by race of occupant, are complete counts which are not subject to sampling variations.) The reliability estimates which follow give approximate measures of the sampling errors to be expected in these sample data.

Reliability of percentages.--The allowance to be made for sampling variation in a percentage depends, in general, both on the value of the percentages and the size of the base on which it is determined. If two percentages are of the same magnitude, the one based on a large number of cases in the sample is, in general, less variable than the one based on a small number of sample cases.

Estimates of reliability are shown in the following table for percentages with bases of dwelling units or families of the specified types. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the differences due to sampling variability between the percentages obtained from the sample and the percentages which would have been obtained from a complete census would be less than the sampling error shown below.

To illustrate, for a figure of 10 percent based on nonwhite primary families living in substandard renter dwelling units, the sampling variability is 2.9 percent; the chances are about 19 out of 20 that the percentage obtained by a complete census would have been between 7:1 percent and 12.9 percent.

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The sampling variability of a specified percentage of total families or dwelling units with designated characteristics, tables 1 through 4, will vary according to the proportion of nonwhite families or nonwhite-occupied units making up this percentage. The maximum sampling error to be expected of such a figure would occur when only nonwhite data are included. If the percentage includes only white data, no sampling error is present.

				Samplin	g variabil	ity if bas	e 18			
Percentage	All nonwhite- occupied		All prin		ies in sub ng units	standard		family on	secondary	amily pre-
in table	substandard dwelling	To	tal	Wh	ite	Nonwhite		<u></u>	No	With
	wits	Owner	Renter	Owner	Renter	Owner	Renter	Total	y families w: r secondary : ubstandard r No minors 0.7 0.9 1.3 1.6 1.8 2.8 3.3 3.7 4.0 4.2 4.5 4.6	minors
0,5	0.4	0.5	0.4	1.0	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.4	0.7	.0 ∳6
1.0	0.6	0.8	0.6	1.4	0.B	1.0	1,0	0.6	0.9	0.9
2.0	0.9	1.2	0.9	2.0	1.1	1.4	1.4	0.9	1.3	1.8
3.0	1.1	1.4	1.0	2.5	1.3	1.7	1.6	1.1		1,5
4.0	1.2	1.6	1.3	2.8	1.5	8.0	1.9	1.2		1.7
5.0	1.3	1.8	1.3	3.2	1.7	2.2	2.1	1.4	N	1.9
10.0	1.8	2.5	1.8	4.8	2,4	8.0	8.9	1.9		2.6
15.0	2.2	2.9	2.2	5.2	2.8	3.6	8.4	2.2		3.1
20.0	2.5	3.3	2.4	5.8	3.1	4.0	8.9	245		3.4
25.0	2.7	3.6	2.6	6.3	3,4	4.3	4.2	2.7		3.7
30.0	2.8	3.8	8.8	6.6	3.6	4.6	4.4	2.9		3.9
40.0	3.0	4.0	3.0	7.1	3.8	4.9	4.7	8.1		4.2
50.0	3.1	4.1	3.0	7.2	3.9	5.0	4•B	3.1	4.₀6	4.3

Reliability of absolute figures.--The approximate sampling variability of the absolute figures for nonwhite households, tables 1 through 5, is shown below. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the differences between the numbers shown in the tables and the numbers that would have been obtained from a complete census would be less than the sampling errors which follow.

Size of absolute figure	Sampling variability ¹	Size of absolute figure	Sampling variability ¹
50	30	1,500	125
100	40	2,000	130
250	50	2,500	130
500	85	3,000	120
750	100	3,500	100
1,000	110	4,000	55

¹ Applies to nonwhite families and nonwhite-occupied units, tables 1 through 5.

The following is the approximate sampling variability of the absolute figures for white

families, table 5. (All other absolute figures for white households represent complete counts and are not subject to sampling variations.) The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the differences between the estimates and the figures that would have been obtained from a complete census would be less than the sampling errors shown below.

Classification	Absolute figures for white fami- lies, table 5	Sampling variability
Total No minors With minors	1,117	88 98 99

Reliability of differences.--The estimates of sampling variability in the above tables are not directly applicable to differences obtained by subtracting one figure from another. The sampling variability in an observed difference between two figures depends on the sampling variability of each of the figures and the correlation between them.

Table 1.--STRUCTURAL AND OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS, CONDITION. AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY TENURE AND COLOR OF OCCUPANTS, FOR LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS: 1950

(A substandard dwelling unit is defined by the Public Housing Administration as a unit which is either dilapidated or does not have all of the following plumbing facilities: flush toilet and bath inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use, and hot running water)

		Total			White		N	lonwhite	
Characteristic	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter
Total number occupied substandard dwelling units	8,647	3,043	5,604	4,388	1,100	3,288	4,259	1,943	2,316
Percent of total	100.0	35.2	0.110	50.7	12.1	0.0	49.3	CR.J	20,0
NUMBER OF ROOMS									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
<pre>1 room</pre>	10.2 21.0 32.6 18.8 10.5 4.0 1.1 1.0 0.8	2.0 7.4 28.3 29.4 19.4 8.7 2.0 2.2 0.5	14.7 28.4 35.0 13.0 5.6 1.4 0.6 0.4 1.0	14.8 31.4 26.0 14.9 8.2 2.5 0.8 0.8 0.6	4.7 11.5 26.2 29.2 16.1 7.2 2.3 2.1 0.8	18.1 38.1 25.9 10.1 5.6 0.9 0.4 0.3 0.5	5.6 10.3 39.5 22.8 12.8 5.6 1.3 1.3 0.9	0.5 5.2 29.5 29.5 21.2 9.6 1.8 2.3 0.3	9.8 14.6 47.8 17.2 5.7 2.2 0.9 0.4 1.5
CONDITION			-						
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Not dilapidated Dilapidated Not reported	53.7 45.4 0.9	51.0 48.2 0.9	55.2 44.0 0.9	63.0 36.3 0.7	61.4 38.1 0.5	63.6 35.7 0.7	44.1 54.8 1.1	45.1 53.9 1.0	43.3 55.7 1.1
WATER SUPPLY									
Tota1	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Hot and cold piped running water inside structure Only cold piped running water inside structure No piped running water inside structure Not reported	45.2 38.9 15.7 0.2	34.6 47.6 17.6 0.1	50.9 34.1 14.7 0.3	75.5 19.4 4.9 0.2	66.0 26.1 7.6 0.3	78.7 17.2 3.9 0.2	13.9 58.9 27.0 0.2	16.8 59.8 23.3	11.5 58.0 30.0 0.4
TOILET FACILITIES									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	1.00.0	1.00.0	100.0	100,0
Flush toilet inside structure, exclusive use Flush toilet inside structure, shared Other toilet facilities (including privy) Not reported?	38.0 35.5 26.1 0.3	52.9 18.5 28.4 0.3	30.0 44.8 24.9 0.3	27.3 62.4 10.1 0.3	41.0 43.7 15.0 0.3	22.7 68.6 8.4 0.2	49.1 7.9 42.7 0.4	59.6 4.1 36.0 0.3	40.2 11.1 48.3 0.4
BATHING FACILITIES		i i							
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0
Installed bathtub or shower inside structure, exclusive use Installed bathtub or shower inside structure,	21.6	28.8	17.7	22.4	33.5	18,7	20.8	26.2	16.3
shared. Other or none Not reported	33.5 44.3 0.5	17.1 53.5 0.6	42.5 39.3 0.5	61.7 15.7 0.3	43.1 23.1 0.4	67.9 13.2 0.2	4.5 73.9 0.8	2.3 70.7 0.8	6.3 76,5 0,9
NUMBER OF PERSONS									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
<pre>1 person. 2 persons 3 persons. 4 persons. 5 persons. 6 persons. 7 persons. 8 persons. 9 persons or more</pre>	17.3 32.3 19.5 12.8 7.6 4.5 2.2 1.6 2.2	15.2 31.1 17.4 11.9 8.3 6.2 3.9 1.9 4.1	18.5 32.9 20.7 13.2 7.2 3.5 1.3 1.5 1.2	19.1 34.4 20.3 13.4 7.0 3.6 1.1 0.6 0.5	19.3 31.6 17.4 14.7 8.4 4.7 2.0 1.0 0.9	19.0 35.3 21.2 12.9 6.5 3.3 0.9 0.5 0.4	15.5 30.1 18.8 12.2 8.2 5.3 3.3 2.6 4.0	13.0 30.8 17.4 10.4 8.3 7.0 4.9 2.3 6.0	17.6 29.6 20.0 13.7 8.0 3.9 2.0 2.8 2.8 2.4
Total	100.0	100-0	100.0	100 0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
None l or more lodgers	90.2 9.8	100.0 91.4 8.6	89.5 10.5	100.0 93.2 6.8	92.5 7.5	93.5 6.5	87.0 13.0	90.7 9,3	83.9 16.1

4

Table 1.--STRUCTURAL AND OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS, CONDITION, AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY TENURE AND COLOR OF OCCUPANTS, FOR LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS: 1950--Con.

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(A substandard dwelling unit is defined by the Public Housing Administration as a unit which is either dilapidated or does not have all of the following plumbing facilities: fluch toilet and bath inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use, and hot running water)

		Total			White		N	lonwhite	
Characteristic	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Tota1	Owner	Renter
CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES				·					
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Not dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside the structure	6.4 10.5 31.9 4.6	9.3 14.0 21.6 5.8	4.8 8.6 37.5 4.0	3,9 4.6 53.0 1,4	7.9	2.5 3.8 56.0 1.1	9.0 16.7 10.0 7.9	10.1 18.1 8.8 7.8	8.0 15.4 11.1 8.0
<pre>Dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, hot and cold running water With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside the structure</pre>	10.0 2.8 8.0 13.4 11.0	13.0 3.8 12.1 7.6 11.5	8.4 2.3 5.7 16.5 10.7	13.9 2.4 2.4 14.0 3.4	19.0 3.6 3.3 6.7 5.2	12.3 2.0 2.1 16.4 2.8	5.9 3.2 13.7 12.8 18.8	9.6 .3.9 17.1 8.0 15.0	2.8 2.6 10.9 16.7 22.0
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	1.5	1.4	1.6	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	1.6	2.4
CONDITION BY NUMBER OF PLUMBING FACILITIES	×								
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0
Not dilapidated: Lacking 1 facility Lacking 2 facilities Lacking 3 facilities	9.5 33.8 10,1	13.3 26.7 10.8	7.5 37.6, 9.7	7.3 49.6 6.0	12.5 41.7 7.0	5,5 52,2 5,7	11.8 17.5 14.3	13.7 18.1 13.0	10.2 17.0 15.4
Dilapidated: With all facilities Lacking 1 facility. Lacking 2 facilities Lacking 3 facilities	10.0 3.8 13.5 17.8	13.0 5.1 12.9 16.9	8.4 3.1 13.8 18.3	13.9 2.9 12.5 6.8	19.0 4.5 6.8 7,5	12.3 2.4 14.4 6.5	5.9 4.7 14.5 29.2	9.6 5.4 16.3 22.3	2.8 4.1 13.0 35.0
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	1.5	1.4	1.6	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	1.6	2.4
NUMBER OF DWELLING UNITS IN STRUCTURE									
Total	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0
1 dwelling unit 2 to 4 dwelling units 5 or more dwelling units	52.2 32.6 15.1	75.7 22.4 1.8	39.4 38.2 22.4	27.1 45.1 27.8	49.4 45.5 5.1	19.6 45.0 35.4	78.1 19.7 2.1	90.7 9.3 -	67.6 28.5 3.9

Table 2.--CONTRACT AND GROSS RENT OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY COLOR OF OCCUPANTS, FOR LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS: 1950

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

Monthly rent	Total	White	Nonwhite	Monthly rent	Total	White	Nonwhite
Total number renter-occupied substandard dwelling units Percent of total MONTHLY CONTRACT RENT	5,604	3,288 58.7	2,316	FURNITURE IN RENT Total Furniture included in contract rent Furniture not included in contract rent	35.5 59.4	100.0 55.9 38.6	100.0 6.5 88.9
Total \$9 or less \$10 to \$14	11.8 15.1	100.0 6.5 3.4	19.3 31.7	Not reported MONTHLY GROSS RENT Total \$9 or less	<u>100.0</u> 2.6	5,5 100.0 1.3 3.5	4.6 <u>100.0</u> 4.6 12.0
\$15 to \$19 \$20 to \$24 \$25 to \$29 \$30 to \$34 \$35 to \$39	12.0 9.5 11.4 8.4	5.9 10.6 11.2 17.1 13.3	21.1 14.1 7.2 3.3 1.5	\$10 to \$14 \$15 to \$19 \$20 to \$24 \$25 to \$29 \$30 to \$34 \$35 to \$39	13.1 17.5 17.6 13,7 8.8	7.1 13.0 17.1 17.6 12.8	21.7 23.9 18.5 8.0 3.0 3.5
\$40 to \$49 \$50 or more Not reported	14.2 5.0 0.4	23.4 8.3 0.5	1.1 0.2 0.4	\$40 to \$49 \$50 or more Not reported	4.1	15.7 6.6 5.4	0.7 4.1

Table 3.--CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY GROSS RENT, FOR LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS: 1950

					Monthly g	gross ren	t				
Condition and plumbing facilities	Total	\$19 or less	\$20 to \$24	\$25 to \$29	\$30 to \$34	\$35 to \$39	\$40 to \$49	\$50 or more	Not reported		
Total number renter-occupied substandard dwelling units	5,604	1,275	981	989	766	491	596	232	274		
Percent of total	100.0	22.8	17.5	17.6	13.7	8.8	10.6	4.1	4.9		
Not dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	8.6 37.5	0.6 1.1 4.3 2.0	0.4 1.9 5.6 0.9	1.5 2.4 7.5 0.5	0.9 1.2 6.4 0.2	0.6 0.4 4.7	0.4 0.7 5.5 -	0.2 0.3 1.9 -	0,3 0,6 1,6 0,4		
Dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, hot and cold running water With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	5.7 16.5	0.6 0.5 1.8 5.0 6.3	0.6 0.4 1.7 3.9 2.0	0.5 1.0 2.4 1.3	1.2 0.5 0.3 2.4 0.4	1.3 0.2 0.3 1.1 0.1	2.5 0.2 0.9 0.1	1.4 0.1 0.3	0.5 0.1 0.3 0.6 0.5		
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	1.6	0.7	0.2	0,2	0.3	0.1	0.1	-	-		

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

Table 3a.--CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY GROSS RENT, FOR WHITE HOUSEHOLDS, FOR LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS: 1950

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

					Monthly	gross ren	t		
Condition and plumbing facilities	Total.	\$19 or less	\$20 to \$24	\$25 to \$29	\$30 to \$34	\$35 to \$39	\$40 to \$49	\$50 or more	Not reported
Total number renter-occupied substandard dwelling units	3,288	389	427	561	580	421	515	217	178
Percent of total	100.0	11.8	13.0	17.1	17.6	12.8	15.7	6.6	5,4
Not dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water	2.5 [°] 3.8 56.0 1.1	0.2 0.5 4.8 0.5	0.1 0.4 7.4 0.1	0.5 0.6 10.9 0.1	0.6 0.5 10.4 0.2	0.5 0.5 7.9	0.3 0.4 9.2	0.1 0.4 3.2 -	0.2 0.6 2.2 0.3
 Dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, hot and cold running water With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure 	12.3 2.0 2.1 16.4 2.8	0,5 0.2 0.5 3.2 1.2	0,5 0.3 0.6 3.2 0.4	0.8 0.5 0.4 2.6 0.4	1.7 0.5 0.3 3.0 0.2	' 1.9 0.1 0.1 1.6 (¹)	3,8 0.2 0.1 1.5 0.1	2.3 0.1 0.5	0.7 0.1 0.1 0.7 0.5
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities.	1.0	0,1	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	-	-

¹ Less than 0.05 percent.

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Table 3b.--CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY GROSS RENT, FOR NONWHITE HOUSEHOLDS, FOR LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS: 1950

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(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

					Monthly (gross ren	t		, ,
Condition and plumbing facilities	Total	\$19 or less	\$20 to \$24	\$25 to \$29	\$30 to \$34	\$35 to \$39	\$40 to \$49	15 0.7 0.2 0.2 	Not reported
Total number renter-occupied substandard dwelling units	2,316	886	554	428	186	70	81	15	96
Percent of total	100.0	38.3	23,9	18.5	8.0	3,0	3,5	0.7	4.1
Not dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	8.0 15.4 11.1 8.0	1.1 2.0 3.7 4.1	0.9 4.1 3.0 2.0	· 3.0 4.8 2.6 1.1	1.3 2.2 0.7 0.2	0.7 0.4 0.2	0.4 1.1 0.2	0.2	0.4 0.7 0.7 0.7
Dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, hot and cold running water With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	2.8 2.6 10.9 16.7 22.0	0.2 0.9 3.7 7.6 13.5	0.7 0.4 3.3 4.8 4.3	- 0.4 2.0 2.0 2.6	0.4 0.4 0.2 1.5 0.7	0.4 0.2 0.7 0.2 0.2	0.7 0.2 0.4 0.2 U.2	-	0.2 0.7 0.4 0.4
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	2.4	1.5	0.4	-	0.4	-	-	-	-

Table 4.--CHARACTERISTICS OF FAMILIES IN SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY TENURE AND COLOR, FOR LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS: 1950

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

Characteristic		Total.			White			Nonwhite	
Gnaracteristic	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter
Total number of families	6,906	2,521	4,385	3,397	860	2,537	3,509	1,661	1,848
Percent of total	100.0	36.5	63.5	49.2	12.5	36.7	50.8	24.1	26.8
TYPE OF FAMILY	j)						
Total	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Primary family Secondary family	97.3 2.7	98.2 1.8	96.9 3.1	99.2 0.8	99.3 0.7	99.2 C.8	95,6 4.4	97.6 2.4	93.7 6.3
NUMBER OF PERSONS IN FAMILY									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2 persons. 3 persons. 4 persons. 5 persons. 6 persons.	41.4 23.3 15.0 8.0 5.1	39.7 19.8 14.0 7.8 7.1	42.4 25.4 15.6 8.1 4.0	42.8 25.3 16.7 8.2 4.2	42.0 20.6 17.7 9.4 5.5	43.1 27.0 16.3 7.7 3.8	40.0 21.4 13.5 7.9 6.0	38.5 19.4 12.1 7.0 7.9	41.4 23.2 14.7 8.7 4.4
7 persons 8 persons or more NUMBER OF PERSONS PER ROOM.	2.6 4.4	4.4	1.6 2.8	1.4 1.4	2.4	1.0 1.1	3.9 7.3	5.5 9.7	2,5 5.2
IN DWELLING UNIT Total	100.0	100:0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
0.50 or less. 0.51 to 0.75. 0.76 to 1.00. 1.01 to 1.50. 1.51 to 2.00. 2.01 or more. Not reported.	12.1 20.5 29.3 16.0 14.3 7.0 0.8	24.3 23.8 24.1 12.5 10.0 4.9 0.4	5.1 18.6 32,3 18.0 16.8 8,1 1.0	8.5 17.4 34.7 19.0 14.1 5.7 0.6	22.1 24.1 29.1 13.7 7.6 2.8 0.7	3.9 15.1 36.6 20.9 16.3 6.7 0.5	15.6 23.5 24.1 13.1 14.5 8.2 1.0	25.5 23.6 21.5 11.8 11.2 6.1 0.3	6.8 23.4 26.4 14.2 17.4 10.1 1.6
NUMBER OF MINORS IN FAMILY								ll i	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No minors 1 minors 2 minors 3 minors 4 minors 5 minors	44.8 22.8 14.8 7.6 4.5 2.2 3.4	45.2 18.9 13.3 8.2 5.3 3.2 5.9	44.5 25.1 15,6 7.2 4.0 1.6 1.9	44.8 25.5 17.0 7.2 3.5 1.2 0.8	48.3 19.2 17.2 8.1 4.4 1.7 1.0	43.6 27.7 16.9 6.9 3.2 1.1 0.7	44.8 20.2 12.6 7.9 5.5 3.2 5.9	43.6 18.8 11.2 8.2 5.8 3.9 8.5	45.8 21.5 13.9 7.6 5.2 2.5 3.5

Table 4a.--INCOME IN 1949 OF PRIMARY FAMILIES IN SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY NUMBER OF MINORS, TENURE, AND COLOR, FOR LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS: 1950

Family income by		Total			White			Nonwhite	
number of minors	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter
Total number of primary families	6,723	2,475	4,248	3,370	854	2,516	3,353	1,621	1,732
Percent of total	100.0	36.8	63.2	50.1	12.7	37.4	49.9	24.1	25.8
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	1,00,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
\$999 or less \$1,000 to \$1,249 \$1,250 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,749 \$1,750 to \$1,749	26.7 8.4 5.1 10.1 6.4	27.5 10.1 5.2 10.8 6.5	26.3 7.3 5.0 9.7 6.3	18.7 5.9 3.9 7.7 6.3	22.4 4.5 3.2 7.1 7.7	17.4 6.4 4.1 7.9 5.8	34.8 10.8 6.3 12.5 6.5	30.1 13.0 6.2 12.7 5.9	39.2 8.7 6.4 12.2 7.0
\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,749 \$2,750 to \$2,749	7.9 5.8 5.9 4.5	5.4 5.4 5.2 5.7	9.4 6.0 6.2 3.8	9.1 5.9 7.7 6.1	5.1 3.8 5.8 7.7	10.5 6.6 8.3 5.6	6.8 5.7 4.1 2.9	5.6 6.2 5.0 4.7	7.8 5.2 3.2 1.2
\$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 or more Not reported	10.2 4.0 2.5 2.5	9.4 3.9 2.0 2.9	10.7 4.0 2.8 2.3	15.2 7.2 4.0 2.2	16.7 9.0 5.1 1.9	14.7 6.6 3.7 2.3	5,3 0.8 0,9 2,9	5.6 1.2 0.3 3.4	4.9 0.3 1.5 2,3
No minors \$999 or less	45.3 13.1	46.2	44.8 12.1	46.3 9.8	51.3 14.7	44.6 8.1	44.3	43.5	45.1
\$1,000 to \$1,249 \$1,250 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,749 \$1,750 to \$1,799	4.2 2.7 4.3 3.2	6.2 2.3 4.6 3.0	3.0 2.9 4.1 3.3	3.3 2.2 3.1 3.0	4.5 1.3 3.2 3.8	2.9 2.5 3.1 2.7	16.4 5.1 3.2 5.4 3.3	14.9 7.1 2.8 5.3 2.5	17.7 3.2 3.5 5.5 4.1
\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,749 \$2,750 to \$2,999	3.1 2.5 2.4 1.7	1.3 2.5 2.3 2.8	4.2 2.6 2.4 1.0	3.9 2.7 3.1 2.3	1.3 1.9 2.6 4.5	4,8 2,9 3,3 1,6	2.3 2.4 1.7 1.1	1.2 2.8 2.2 1.9	3.2 2.0 1.2 0.3
\$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 or more Not reported	3.8 2.0 1.1 1.4	2.4 2.0 0.4 1.7	4.6 2.0 1.5 1.2	5.6 3.8 2.1 1.4	5.1 5.1 1.3 1.9	5.8 3.3 2.3 1.2	2.0 0.2 0.2 1.4	0.9 0.3 1.6	2.9 0.3 1.2
One minor	22.3 5.8	17.3 5.2	25.2 6.1	24.7. 4.5	14.7 4.5	28.1	19.8	18.6	20.9
\$1,000 to \$1,249 \$1,250 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,749 \$1,750 to \$1,999	1.7 1.2 1.6 1.5	1.2 0.8 1.2 1.3	2.0 1.4 1.9 1.6	1.0 0.9 1.9 1.6	- 0.6 0.6 1.3	4.5 1.4 1.0 2.3 1.7	7.1 2.4 1.5 1.4 1.4	5.6 1.9 0.9 1.6 1.2	8.4 2.9 2.0 1.2 1.5
\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,749 \$2,750 to \$2,749 \$2,750 to \$2,999	2.1 1.0 1.3 1.2	0.4 0.8 1.0 0.8	3.1 1.2 1.5 1.4	2.9 1.5 1.8 1.6	0,6 0,6	3.9 1.7 2.1 2.1	1.4 0.6 0.9 0.8	0.6 0.9 1.2 1.2	2.0 0.3 0.6 0.3
\$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 or more Not reported	2.8 0.8 0.5 0.7	2.8 0.2 0.4 1.0	2.9 1.2 0.5 0.6	4.5 1.5 0.8 0.4	4.5 0.6 1.3 -	4.5 1.7 0.6 0.6	1.2 0.2 0.2 1.1	1.9 - 1.6	0.6 0.3 0.3 0.6
Two minors	13.9	11.8	15,1	15.3	13.5	15.9	12.5	10,9	14.0
\$999 or less. \$1,000 to \$1,249 \$1,250 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,749 \$1,750 to \$1,749	2.8 1.0 0.4 2.0 1.3	1.7 0.6 0.6 2.3 1.7	3.5 1.3 0.2 1.9 1.2	2.2 1.2 1.6 1.3	1.9 - 1.9 1.3	2.3 1.6 - 1.6 1.4	3.5 0.9 0.8 2.4 1.4	1.6 0.9 0.9 2.5 1.9	5.2 0.9 0.6 2.3 0.9
\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,749 \$2,750 to \$2,999	1.2 1.1 1.0 0.8	1.3 0.6 0.8 0.7	1.2 1.4 1.2 0.8	1.3 1.5 1.3 1.4	1.3 1.3 1.3 1.9	1.4 1.6 1.4 1.2	1.1 0.8 0.8 0.2	1.2 0.3 0.6	0.9 1.2 0.9 0.3
\$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 or more, Not reported	1.0 0.5 0.4 0.2	0.6 0.2 0.4 0.2	1.3 0.7 0.3 0.2	1.5 1.0 0.8 0.1	0.6 0.6 1.3	1.7 1.2 0.6 0.2	0.6	0.6	0,6

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(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

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Table 4a.--INCOME IN 1949 OF PRIMARY FAMILIES IN SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY NUMBER OF MINORS, TENURE, AND COLOR, FOR LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS: 1950--Con.

Family income by		Total			White			Nonwhite	
number of minors	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter
Three or four minors	12.8	15.5		11.6	17.9	9,5	14.0	14.3	19.0
mile of four minors	12.8	12.2	11.2	11.0	1/.7	9.7	14.0	14.5	13.7
99 or less	3.4	3.5	3.3	1.6	1.3	1.7	5.1	4.7	5.5
,000 to \$1,249	0.8	1.0	0.7	0.4	_	0.6	1.2	1.6	0.9
,250 to \$1,499	0.5	0.8	0.3	0.6	1.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.3
,500 to \$1,749	1.5	1.5	1,5	1.0	1.3	1.0	2.0	1.6	2.3
,750 to \$1,999	0.4	0.6	0.2	- 0.3	1.3	-	0.5	0,3	0.6
,000 to \$2,249	1.0	1,3	0.8	0.6	1.3	0.4	1.4	1.2	, 1,5
1250 to \$2,499	0.6	0.8	0.5	0.3		0.4	0.9	1.2	0,6
,500 to \$2,749	0.8	0.6	0,9	1.2	1,3	1.2	0,5	0.3	0,6
2,750 to \$2,999	0.6	1.1	0,3	0.8	1,3	0.6	· 0 •5	0.9	-
1,000 to \$3,999	2.1	2.8	1.7	3.3	5.8	2.5	0.9	1.2	0.6
,000 to \$4,999	0.5	1.1	0.2	0.9	2.6	0,4	0,2	0,3	· · · · · · -
,000 or more	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.6	0.2	0.5	0.3	0.6
t reported	0.1		0.2	0.1	-	0.2	0,2	-	0,3
5 minors or more	5.8	9.2	3.8	2.1	2.6	1.9	9.5	12.7	6.4
999 or less	1.7	2.2	1.4	0.6	· ·	0.8	2.9	3.4	2.3
,000 to \$1,249	0.6	1.0	0.4	_	-	-	1.2	1.6	0.9
1,250 to \$1,499	0.3	0.6	0,1	0,1	- 1	0.2	0.5	0.9	
1,500 to \$1,749	0.7	1.2	0.4	-	-	-	1.4	∶1 . 9	0,9
l,750 to \$1,999	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	•
2,000 to \$2,249	0.5	1.3	0.1	0.3	1.3	- 1	0.8	1.2	0.3
2,250 to \$2,499	.0,5	0.6	0.5		-	-	1.1	0.9	1.2
2,500 to \$2,749	0.3	0.4	0.2	0.3	- 1	0.4	0.3	0.6	
2,750 to \$2,999	0,3	0.4	, 0,2	0.1	-	0.2	0.5	0,6	0.3
3,000 to \$3,999	0,5	0.8	0.2	0.3	0.6	0.2	0.6	0.9	0.3
4,000 to \$4,999	0.1	0.4	-			-	0.3	0.6	
,000 or more	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.6		0.2	-	0,3
ot reported	0.1		0.1	0,1	- 1	0.2	- 1		1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 -

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

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Table 5. --RENT AS PERCENT OF INCOME BY FAMILY INCOME IN 1949 OF PRIMARY FAMILIES WITH NO SUBFAMILY OR SECONDARY FAMILY IN RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY PRESENCE OF MINORS AND COLOR, FOR LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS: 1950

Total. White Nonwhite Gross rent as percent of income by family income No With No With No With Total 'Total Tota1 minors minors minors minors minors minors 2,443 1,117 1,326 1,530 725 805 3,973 1,842 2,131 Number of families..... 61.5 33.4 38.5 18.2 Percent of total..... 100.0 46.4 53.6 28.1 20,3 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100,0 100.0 100.0 Total..... 18.2 15.0 18.4 20.1 16.9 13.5 15.3 11.9 16.5 9 percent or less..... 17.8 15.1 20,5 19.5 21.3 22.2 22.3 22.1 15,3 20.0 10 percent to 14 percent..... 15 percent to 19 percent..... 16.7 13.8 16.9 15.8 17.8 18.0 15.3 20.2 9.9 8.3 11.3 20 percent to 24 percent..... 10.7 9.4 11.8 11.2 10.0 12.1 7.2 25 percent to 29 percent..... 8.6 6.7 7.8 7.4 8.1 10.4 4.4 7.6 8.1 30 percent to 34 percent..... 5.1 5.1 5.1 3.8 4.4 7.2 6.2 12.7 11.8 23.4 20.8 25.6 16.5 15.9 17.0 12.2 35 percent or more..... 7.9 5.5 5.9 6.9 5.0 6.3 7.5 5.3 6.6 Not reported..... 27.5 23.9 51.6 50,0 53.1 35.6 34.9 25.5 \$1,499 or less..... 36.4 9 percent or less..... 10 percent to 14 percent..... 15 percent to 19 percent..... 5,1 3.5 4.4 4.4 4.4 3.9 6.2 1.9 4.2 0.2 0.4 2.0 0.7 3.1 0.5 1.2 0.9 1,3 0.7 2.8 5.6 1.9 2.6 1.0 4.3 2.3 20 percent to 24 percent..... 5.6 6,9 4.4 3.6 4.4 2.9 6.2 4.8 4.6 25 percent to 29 percent..... 2.8 3.1 2.6 6.2 9.0 3,8 3.0 4.1 3.7 5.4 30 percent to 34 percent..... 4.9 6.3 4.0 3.5 3.5 1.8 5.6 2.6 35 percent or more..... 10.5 11.4 23.4 20.8 25.6 16.8 11.0 15.7 14.6 13.2 18.7 20.8 16.9 \$1,500 to \$1,999..... 14.8 15.1 14.6 12.4 11.4 1.3 2.0 1.4 5.6 9.7 2.5 1.32.71.2 0.8 0.4 1.3 9 percent or less..... 10 percent to 14 percent..... 15 percent to 19 percent. 1.0 1,1 4,4 5.0 5.2 4.9 3.8 2.2 5.1 6.9 2.1 3.8 2.9 2.9 2.4 3.2 2.8 2,6 3.0 20 percent to 24 percent..... 0.7 0.6 25 percent to 29 percent..... 1.8 1.8 2.6 2.6 2.6 0.7 1.8 1.4 1.9 30 percent to 34 percent..... 0.8 1.4 0.8 0.4 1.1 1.6 1.1 35 percent or more..... 0.4 0.8 0.6 1.3 --17.0 12.2 11.8 12.5 15.0 16.8 16.5 \$2,000 to \$2,499..... 15.0 15.0 3.5 1.9 2.2 1.3 2.2 2.6 9 percent or less..... 2.1 2.1 1.8 8.1 3.3 4.2 10 percent to 14 percent..... 15 percent to 19 percent..... 6.2 3.8 3.9 4.6 4.0 5,1 4.4 5.9 3.5 1.9 6.2 6.6 2.6 5.3 4.8 3.3 0,6 20 percent to 24 percent..... 0.3 1.3 2.2 1.8 2.3 2.8 25 percent to 29 percent..... 1.3 1.7 0.7 1.8 1.8 0.3 1.2 1.1 30 percent to 34 percent..... 35 percent or more..... _ 0.3 0.2 0.4 0.1 -----~ 0.2 ----------3.5 6,3 \$2,500 to \$2,999..... 13.6 10.5 16.2 4.9 10.2 7.7 12.4 0.6 0.7 0.3 -0.6 0.5 0.7 0.8 0.9 9 percent or less..... 2.1 0.7 0.7 4.4 10 percent to 14 percent..... 5.3 4.3 6.2 6.6 5.7 7.4 3,3 4.4 2.2 0.7 1.3 15 percent to 19 percent..... 3.2 3.1 1.0 2.7 2.1 3.8 20 percent to 24 percent..... 1.6 25 percent to 29 percent 0.2 0.5 0.4 -• -.... 30 percent to 34 percent..... 0.4 -----0.1 -0.2 0.2 _ 35 percent or more..... -----0,4 -0.1 -0.2 0.2 6.9 6,3 17.7 25.1 25.8 24.6 6.6 \$3,000 or over..... 18.0 18.4 5.0 10.6 12.2 9.2 4.6 4.2 9 percent or less..... 8.3 9.1 7.6 0.6 10 percent to 14 percent..... 10.8 11.4 10,3 1.6 2.8 8.0 6.6 7.3 0.6 15 percent to 19 percent..... 4.0 0.3 1.3 3.2 2.2 -2.8 2.1 20 percent to 24 percent..... 0.4 0.7 -0.5 0.2 -----25 percent to 29 percent..... 0.4 -_ •• 0.2 0.2 -0.1 -30 percent to 34 percent..... --** -----35 percent or more..... _ -.... _ ---6.9 5,0 7.9 5.5 5.9 7.5 5.3 Not reporting income or rent 6.3 6.6

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(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

1950 CENSUS OF HOUSING

SPECIAL TABULATIONS FOR LOCAL HOUSING AUTHORITIES

December 28, 1950

Washington 25, D. C.

Series HC-6, No. 139

YORK, PENNSYLVANIA: APRIL 1950

This report is based on a transcription and tabulation of data from the 1950 Census of Population and Housing. The statistics relate to dwelling units considered substandard by the Public Housing Administration, in accordance with the contract for these statistics between the Bureau of the Census and the Housing Authority of the City of York.

A dwelling unit is considered substandard by the Public Housing Administration if it is either dilapidated or does not have the following plumbing facilities: flush toilet and bath inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use, and hot running water. The Public Housing Administration considers the absence of hot running water to be evidence generally of poor quality of the dwelling unit, but there may be some localities in which the absence of hot running water is not deemed to be a sufficient indication by itself of poor quality. In such localities, a revised count of substandard units may be obtained from table 1 by subtracting from the total the units which lack hot water only. If it is desired to eliminate the units lacking hot water only from the total count of substandard units, the distributions shown in the tables will not be materially affected.

The criteria used to define substandard units in these tabulations are not identical with the housing characteristics included in the published reports from the 1940 Census. Therefore, any comparison of data in this report with the 1940 results must be made with extreme care. A direct comparison cannot be made with the 1940 results because information on hot running water was not collected at that time. Further, the 1940 data on condition were collected showing dwelling units "needing major repairs," whereas in 1950 data on condition were collected showing units as "dilapidated." Because the definitions of these two terms differ significantly, the 1940 count of dwelling units needing major repairs and the 1950 count of dilapidated dwelling units are comparable only in a general way.

In addition to the number of substandard units shown in the tables, there were 21 other units for which there was no report on either condition or the presence of one of the plumbing facilities. Had there been complete reporting on these items, some additional units might have been found to be substandard.

The data are presented in the series of attached tables. In table 1 the structural and occupancy characteristics are shown for all substandard dwelling units. Table 2 shows the rent paid for renter-occupied substandard units; table 3 shows the condition and plumbing facilities of these same units. Table 4 shows the characteristics of all families (both primary and secondary) living in the substandard units. Table 4a classifies the primary families by family income. Table 5 classifies primary families with no subfamily or secondary family present, by rent as a percent of family income.

In the contract rent tabulation, dwelling units occupied rent free are tabulated in the "\$9 or less" category. In the gross rent tabulations, however, such units are tabulated as "not reporting," except when utilities were reported.

DEFINITIONS

The definitions used in this special tabulation are generally the same as those used in the 1950 Census of Population and Housing. Some of the more important definitions are given below.

<u>Dwelling unit</u>.--In general, a dwelling unit is a group of rooms or a single room, occupied, or intended for occupancy, as separate living quarters by a family or other group of persons living together or by a person living alone. 2

Primary family.--A primary family consists of two or more persons including the head of the households and all (one or more) persons in the household who are related to the head by blood, marriage, or adoption. It may include a subfamily consisting of a married couple with or without children, or one parent with one or more children under 18 years of age, living in the household and related to but not including the head of the household or his wife. The subfamily is considered a part of the primary family for all tabulation purposes.

Secondary family.--A secondary family consists of two or more persons, such as a lodger or servant and his relatives, living in a household and related to each other but not related to the household head. The secondary family is considered a separate family for tabulation purposes.

<u>Minor</u>.--A minor is an unmarried person under 21 years of age other than the head of a family or his wife.

<u>Dilapidation.--A</u> dwelling unit is considered to be dilapidated when it has serious deficiencies, is rundown or neglected, or is of inadequate original construction, so that it does not provide adequate shelter or protection against the elements or it endangers the safety of the occupants.

<u>Plumbing facilities.--The following are the</u> three plumbing facilities tabulated:

1. Flush toilet inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use;

2. Installed bathtub or shower inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use; and

3. Hot and cold running water inside the structure.

Exclusive use.--Equipment is for "exclusive use" if it is used only by the occupants of one dwelling unit.

Shared.--Equipment is "shared" when occupants of two or more units use the same equipment.

Family income.--Family income is the sum of the income received during 1949, by all members of the family. The following items were asked separately for the head of the family and for all other members of the family combined: 1. The amount of money wages or salary received in 1949;

2. The amount of net money income received from self-employment in 1949; and 3. The amount of other money income received in 1949, such as interest, dividends, veterans' allowances, pensions, or rents.

<u>Gross rent</u>.--Monthly gross rent is contract rent plus the reported average monthly cost of water, electricity, gas, and other fuel paid for by the renter. If furniture is included in the contract rent, the reported estimated rent of the dwelling unit without furniture is used for the computation instead of the contract rent.

SOURCE AND RELIABILITY OF THE DATA

The data in tables 1 through 4 are based on complete counts, including all dwelling units and families with the specified characteristics. The distributions involving income in tables 4a and 5, however, were prepared from data collected As part of the 1950 Census, on a sample basis. family income data were obtained from about one-For these tabulations, fifth of all families. additional interviews were made among nonwhite families to increase the income sample above the 20 percent level. This was accomplished by a subsequent field enumeration of a sample of nonwhite families who were not in the original sample but were living in substandard dwelling units.

Although the figures shown in tables 1 through 4 are based on the same data as the forthcoming 1950 Census tabulations of these items, they may differ from those to be published as part of the Census. The present tables were obtained by tabulating directly the data as transcribed in the field offices of the Census Bureau and the figures, therefore, do not include all of the refinements that result from a careful examination of the schedules.

In addition, the data are subject to other biases due to errors of response or nonreporting which cannot be corrected in editing. Factors affecting the accuracy of enumeration include the respondent's knowledge of the facts and the ability of the enumerator to obtain accurate information on such items as income, rent, dilapidation, and plumbing facilities. The regular 1950 tabulations are also subject to these biases.

Reliability of Estimates in Tables 4a and 5

Because of sampling variability, percentage distributions shown in table 4a and all figures in table 5 may differ from those that would have been obtained from a complete count. (The absolute figures in table 4a represent complete

counts and are not subject to sampling variations.) The reliability estimates which follow give approximate measures of the sampling errors to be expected in these sample data.

Reliability of the percentages in tables 4a and 5.--The allowance to be made for sampling variation in a percentage depends, in general, both on the value of the percentage and the size of the base on which it is determined. If two percentages are of the same magnitude, the one based on a large number of cases in the sample is, in general, less variable than the one based on a small number of sample cases.

Estimates of reliability are shown in the following table for percentages with bases of primary families of the specified types. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the differences due to sampling variability between the percentages obtained from the sample and the percentages which would have been obtained from a complete census would be less than the sampling errors shown below.

		Sampling variability if the base is											
Percentage	All p	orimary familie dwelling		dard	All primary i family p	or secondary er units							
in table	ble White		Nonwhite		Wh	lte	Nonwhite						
	Owner	Renter	Owner	Renter	No minors	With minors	No minors	With minors					
0.5	0.8	0.6	(1)	0.7	0.9	0.8	(1)	0.9					
1.0	1.1	0.8	• •	1.0	1.3	1,1	· ·	1.3					
2.0	1.6	1.1		1.4	1,8	1,5		1.8					
3.0	2.0	1.4		1.7	2.2	1.8		2.2					
4.0	2.3	1.6		1,9	2,5	2.1		2.5					
5.0	2.5	1,8		2.2	2.8	2.4		2,8					
10.0	3.4	2.4		3.0	3.9	3,2		3.8					
15.0	4.1	2.9		3,5	4.6	3.9		4.6					
20.0	4.6	3.3		4.0	5.1	4.3		5.1					
25.0	5.0	8.5		4.3	5.6	4.7		5.5					
30.0	5.3	3.7		4.6	5.9	5.0		5.9					
40.0	5.6	4.0		4.9	6.3	5.3		6.3					
50.0	5.7	4.1		5.0	6.4	5.4		6.4					

To illustrate, for a figure of 10 percent based on white primary families living in substandard renter dwelling units, the sampling variability is 2.4 percent; the chances are about 19 out of 20 that the percentage obtained by a complete census would have been between 7.6 percent and 12.4 percent.

The sampling variability of a specified percentage of total primary families with designated characteristics will vary according to the proportion of white families and nonwhite families making up this percentage. For example, consider the sampling variability of a figure of 5 percent based on total primary families. The maximum sampling error to be expected of such a figure would occur when the entire 5 percent includes only white primary families and the chances are about 19 out of 20 that this sampling error would not exceed 1.4 percent. The minimum sampling error would occur when the entire 5 percent includes only nonwhite primary families and the chances are 19 out of 20 that this sampling error would not exceed 0.4 percent. For other specific characteristics com~ posed of 5 percent of total primary families the sampling variability may assume any value between these two figures.

Reliability of absolute figures in table 5.--The approximate sampling variability of the absolute figures in table 5 is shown below. The chances are 19 out of 20 that differences between the numbers shown in table 5 and the numbers that would have been obtained from a complete census would be less than the sampling errors which follow.

Classification	Sampling variability of absolute figures in table 5								
	Total	White	Nonwhite						
Total	40	38	10						
No minors	110	110	1.3						
With minors	112	111	14						

Reliability of differences...-The estimates of sampling variability in the above tables are not directly applicable to differences obtained by subtracting one figure from another. The sampling variability in an observed difference between two figures depends on the sampling variability of each of the figures and the correlation between them.

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Table 1.--STRUCTURAL AND OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS, CONDITION, AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY TENURE AND COLOR OF OCCUPANTS, FOR YORK, PENNSYLVANIA: 1950

(A substandard dwelling unit is defined by the Public Housing Administration as a unit which is either dilapidated or does not have all of the following plumbing facilities: flush toilet and bath inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use, and hot running water)

		Total			White		N	lonwhite	
Characteristic	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Rente
Total number occupied substandard									
dwelling units	5,423	1,668	3,755	4,968	1,563	3,405	455	105	3
Percent of total	100.0	30.8	69.2	91.6	28.8	62.8	8.4	1.9	6
NUMBER OF ROOMS									
Tot al	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100
room	3.3	0.4	4.6	3.5	0.4	4.9	1.3	-	-
rooms	13.0	3.2	17.3	13.8	3.4	18.6 29.6	4.0 5.9	1.0	-
rooms	23.0 19.5	12.8 18.6	27.5 19.9	24.6 19.4	13.6	19.6	20.0	11.4	2
rooms.	18.2	28.7	13.6	17.1	28.5	11.9	30.3	31.4	3
rooms	13.7	21.3	10.3	12.5	20.2	9.0	26.2	37.1	2
rooms	3.9	5.8	3.0	3.7	5.6	2.8	6.4	9.5	
rooms or more	4.5 0.9	8.2	2.9	4.4	8.2 1.1	2.7 0.9	5.7 0.2	8.6	
-	0.9		0.0	1.0		017		2.0	
CONDITION							100.0	100.0	10
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	1,00.0	100.0	100.0	10
ot dilapidated	89.0 10.5	90.6	88.2 11.1	92.5 7.0	95.2 4.6	91.3 8.1	61.3 37.8	70.5	54
st reported	0.5	0.2	0.7	0.5	0.2	0.6	0.9	1.0	
WATER SUPPLY									
WAILA SOFFLI	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	10
ot and cold piped running water inside structure	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0 68.0	100.0 63.2	<u>100.0</u> 12.5	21.9	
ily cold piped running water inside structure	60.3 38.8	65.1 34.7	58.2 40.7	64.7 34.4	31.7	35.6	87.3	78.1	g
piped running water inside structure	0.8	0.2	1.1	0.9	0.3	1.1	0.2		
ot reported	0.1	-	0.1	0.1	-	0.1	-	-	
TOILET FACILITIES									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	1(
Lush toilet inside structure, exclusive use,	31.9	38.2	29.1	29.1	36.9	25.5	63.1	58.1	ϵ
ush toilet inside structure, shared	55.9	51.6	57.9	60.2	54.4	62,8	9.2	8.6	
ther toilet facilities (including privy)	12.1 0.1	10.1	12.9 0.1	10.6 0.1	8.6	11.6 0.1	27.7	33.3	2
BATHING FACILITIES		. 0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1			
Total						100.0	100.0	100.0	10
stalled bathtub or shower inside structure,	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	10
xclusive use	9.5	10.9	8.9	9,3	10.9	8,6	11.9	10.5	1
stalled bathtub or shower inside structure, thared						4.0.1			
her or none	54.5 35.6	50.8 37.9	56.2 34.5	59.0 31.3	53.7 34.9	61.4 29.7	6.4 81.3	7.6	8
t reported	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.2	_	
NUMBER OF PERSONS									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	10
person	15.6	15.3	15.7	16.3	15.9	16.4	7.9	5.7	,
persons	31.1	28.3	32.4	31.7	29.0	32.9	24.6	17.1	. :
persons	22.5	20.9	23.2	23.1	21.0	24.1	16.0	19.0]
persons	13.5	16.1	12.3	13.6	16.1	12.5	11.9	15.2]]
persons	7.6 4.4	9.1 4.6	6.9 4.3	7.2 3.8	8.8	6.4 3.6	11.6 10.3	13.3]
persons.,	2.0	1.8	2.1	1.6	1.7	1.5	6.4	3.8	'
persons	1.4	1.6	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.5	2.9		
persons or more	2.0	2.3	1.9	1.4	1.7	1.3	8.4	10.5	
NUMBER OF LODGERS									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	10
	1				1				6
ne or more lodgers	92.6 7.0	92.4 7.6	92.6 7.4	93.8 6.2	93.4 6.6	93.9 6.1	79.6 20.4	78.1	

Table 1.--STRUCTURAL AND OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS, CONDITION, AND FLUMBING FACILITIES OF OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY TENURE AND COLOR OF OCCUPANTS, FOR YORK, PENNSYLVANIA: 1950--Con.

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(A substandard dwelling unit is defined by the Public Housing Administration as a unit which is either dilapidated or does not have all of the following plumbing facilities: flush toilet and bath inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use, and hot running water)

Characteristic		Total			White		1	Vonwhite	
	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter
CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES								94. 1	·
Total	1.00.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Not dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside the structure	6.0 21.0 62.2 0.4	7.1 27.3 58.8 0.1	5.4 18.2 63.8 0.5	5.8 20.1 65.8 0.4	7.2 26.7 60.9 0.1	5.2 17.2 68.0 0.5	7.5 30.5 23.1	6.7 37.1 26.7	7.7 28.6 22.0
Dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, bot and cold running water With private bath and private flush toilet,	0.9	1.1	0,8	0.8	1.1	0.7	1.5	1.9	1.4
no hot running water With private fluch toilet, no private bath With running water, no private fluch toilet No running water inside the structure	0.5 3.2 4.3 0.4	0.4 2.1 2.2 0.1	0.6 3.8 5.3 0.6	0.4 1.6 3.5 0.5	0.4 1.5 1.3 0,1	0.5 1.6 4.5 0.6	1.5 21.3 13.2 0.2	1.0 11.4 14.3	1.7 24.3 12.9 0.3
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	1.0	0.7	1.1	1.0	0.7	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.1
CONDITION BY NUMBER OF PLUMBING FACILITIES									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	1.00.0
Not dilapidated: Lacking 1 facility Lacking 2 facilities Lacking 3 facilities	14.1 64.5 11.0	20.7 64.9 7.7	11.2 64.3 12.4	14.4 67.3 10.5	56.6	11.3 67.6 12.0	11.2 33.4 16.5	14.3 40.0 16.2	10.3 31.4 16.6
Dilapidated: With all facilities Lacking 1 facility Lacking 2 facilities Lacking 3 facilities	0.9 0.8 3.9 3.8	1.1 1.0 1.9 2.0	0.8 0.7 4.8 4.6	0.8 0.7 2.3 3.0	0.8	0.7 0.6 2.8 3.9	1.5 2.4 21.5 12.3	1.9 2.9 10.5 13.3	1.4 2.3 24.9 12.0
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	1.0	0.7	1.1	1.0	0.7	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.1
NUMBER OF DWELLING UNITS IN STRUCTURE									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	1,00.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
<pre>1 dwelling unit 2 to 4 dwelling units 5 or more dwelling units</pre>	36.5 56.2 7.4	42.6 55.9 1.4	33.7 56.3 10.0	32.1 59.9 8.0	39.4 59.1 1.5	28.7 60.3 11.0	84.4 14.9 0.7	90.5 8.6 1.0	82.6 16.9 0.8

Table 2.--CONTRACT AND GROSS RENT OF RENTRR-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY COLOR OF COCUPANTS, FOR YORK, PENNSYLVANIA: 1950

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

Monthly rent	Total	White	Nonwhite	Monthly rent	Total	White	Nonwhite
Total number renter-occupied substandard dwelling units	3,755	3,405	350	FURNITURE IN RENT Total	100.0	100.0	100.0
Percent of total,	100.0	90.7	9.3	Furniture included in contract rent.	10.1	11.0	1.7
MONTHLY CONTRACT RENT				Furniture not included in contract rent Not reported	83. 9 6.0	83.4 5.6	88.0 10.3
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	MONTHLY GROSS RENT			×
\$9 or less	4.2	4.4	2.3	Total	100.0	100.0	100.0
\$10 to \$14	11.4	9.6	28.3	\$9 or less	1.5	1.5	1.1
\$15 to \$19	19.7	17.5	41.1	\$10 to \$14	1.7	1.8	1.4
\$20 to \$24	16.2	15.9	18.6	\$15 to \$19	5.6	5.5	6,3
\$25 to \$29	11.3 j	12.0	4.3	\$20 to \$24	11.0	11.0	11.7
\$20 +- \$2/	70.4			\$25 to \$29	18.5	17.1 21.3	31.4 25.1
\$30 to \$34	10.6	11.5	1.4	\$30 to \$34	21.6 14.4	14.6	12.3
\$35 to \$39	8.6	9.4	0.9	\$35 to \$39	16.3	17.3	6.9
\$40 to \$49, \$50 or more	11.7 5.6	12.7	1.7	\$40 to \$49 \$50 or more	6.5	7.0	2.0
Not reported	0.8	0.8	1.1		2.8	2.9	1.7

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Table 3.--CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY GROSS RENT, FOR YORK, PENNSYLVANIA: 1950

					Monthly	gross ren	t		
Condition and plumbing facilities	Total	\$19 or less	\$20 to \$24	\$25 to \$29	\$30 to \$34	\$35 to \$39	\$40 to \$49	\$50 or more	Not reported
Total number renter-occupied substandard dwelling units	3,755	331	414	693	812	541	613	245	106
Percent of total	100.0	8.8	11.0	18.5	21.6	14.4	16.3	6.5	2.8
Not dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	5.4 18.2 63.8 0.5	0.2 0.9 5.5 0.2	0.3 1.9 • 7.0 0.1	0.8 4.5 9.9 0.1	1.6 5.7 12.5	1.2 2.6 9.3	0.9 1.7 12.4 (¹)	0.3 0.6 5.2	0.1 0.4 1.9 0.1
Dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, hot and cold running water With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	0.8 0.6 3.8 5.3 0.6	(¹) 0.3 1.1 0.5	0.1 0.1 0.5 1.0 -	0.1 0.2 1.2 1.4 (¹)	0.1 0.2 0.8 0.6 (¹)	0.1 0.1 0.6 0.4	0.2 0.1 0.2 0.5	0.2	0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	1.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.1	0,1

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

¹ Less than 0.05 percent.

Table 3a.--CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY GROSS RENT, FOR WHITE HOUSEHOLDS, FOR YORK, PENNSYLVANIA: 1950

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

					Monthly	gross ren	t		
Condition and plumbing facilities	Total	\$19 or less	\$20 to \$24	\$25 to \$29	\$30 to \$34	\$35 to \$39	\$40 to \$49	\$50 or more	Not reported
Total number renter-occupied substandard dwelling units	3,405	300	373	583	724	498	589	238	100
Percent of total	100.0	8.8	11.0	17.1	21.3	14.6	17.3	7.0	2.9
Not dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	17.2	0.9	0.4 1.9 7.3 0.1	0.7 4.1 10.3 0.1	1.6 5.3 13.1	1.1 2.4 10.1	0.9 1.6 13.5 (¹)	0.3 0.6 5.7	0.1 0.4 2.1 0.1
 Dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, hot and cold running water With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure 	0.7 0.5 1.6 4.5 0.6	(¹) 0.1 0.9	0.1 0.3 0.9	0.1 0.1 0.4 1.1 (¹)	0.1 0.1 0.3 0.5 (¹)	0.1 0.1 0.4 0.3	0.2 (¹) 0.2 0.5	0.1 0.1 0.1	0.1
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities.	1.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.1

¹ Less than 0.05 percent. 445

Table 3b. -- CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF RENTER-OCOUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY GROSS RENT, FOR NONWHITE HOUSEHOLDS, FOR YORK, PENNSYLVANIA: 1950

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					Monthly g	ross rent	¢.		
Condition and plumbing facilities	Total	\$19 or less	\$20 to \$24	\$25 to \$29	\$30 to \$34	\$35 to \$39	\$40 to \$49	\$50 or more	Not reported
Total number renter-occupied Bubstandard dwelling units	350	31	41	110	88	43	24	7	6
Percent of total	100.0	8.9	11.7	31.4	25.1	12.3	6.9	2.0	1.7
Not dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	7.7 28.6 22.0	0.6 1.1 1.4 -	2.6 3.4 -	2.3 8.9 5.7 -	1.1 9.1 6.9	1.7 3.7 2.0 -		0.3 0.6 0.6 -	0.6
Dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, hot and cold running water	1.4 1.7 24.3 12.9 0.3		- 0.6 2.0 2.3 -	- 0.3 9.7 4.3	0.3 6.0 1.4	0.3 0.3 3,1 1.1	0.6 0.3 0.9 0.3	0.3 - - 0.3 -	
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	1.1	-	0,9	0.3				-	

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

Table 4.--CHARACTERISTICS OF FAMILIES IN SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY TENURE AND COLOR, FOR YORK, PENNSYLVANIA: 1950

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

		Total			White			Nonwhite	
Characteristic	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter
Total number of families	4,448	1,383	3,065	4,053	1,289	2,764	395	94	301
Percent of total	100.0	31.1	68.9	91.1	29.0	62.1		2.1	6.8
TYPE OF FAMILY	1								
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(1)	100.0
Primary family Secondary family	99.0 1.0	98.8 1.2	99.1 0.9	99.3 0.7	98.9 1.1	99.4 0.6	96.7 3.3		96.3 3.7
NUMBER OF PERSONS IN FAMILY									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(1)	100.0
2 persons	37.9 26.5 16.1 8.5 4.8 2.3 3.9	35.9 23.9 18.5 10.1 5.3 2.0 4.3	38.8 27.7 15.0 7.8 4.6 2.4 3.7	38.7 27.4 16.5 8.2 4.2 1.9 3.1	36.8 24.1 18.8 10.0 5.0 1.9 3.4	39.6 28.9 15.4 7.3 3.9 1.9 3.0	30.1 17.2 12.2 11.6 10.4 6.3 12.2		31.9 16.3 11.3 12.0 11.0 7.0 10.6
NUMBER OF PERSONS PER ROOM. IN DWELLING UNIT									100.0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	· (¹)	100.0
0.50 or less 0.51 to 0.75 0.76 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 to 2.00 2.01 or more Not reported	23.2 28.0 29.1 12.6 4.9 1.3 0.9	35.5 26.8 25.1 9.2 2.0 0.3 1.2	17.7 28.5 31.0 14.1 6.2 1.8 0.8	23.0 28.7 29.6 11.8 4.6 1.2 1.0	36.2 27.2 24.9 8.6 1.6 0.3 1.2	16.9 29.4 31.7 13.3 6.0 .1.7 0.9	24.8 20.5 24.8 20.3 7.3 2.0 0.3		24.3 20.3 23.9 21.3 7.6 2.7
NUMBER OF MINORS IN FAMILY								(1)	100.0
Total	100-0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	<u></u>	
No minors 1 minor 2 minors 3 minors 4 minors 5 minors 6 minors or more	39.9 27.8 15.8 8.1 3.9 1.8 2.7	44.0 22.3 16.8 9.3 4.0 1.4 2.3	38.0 30.3 15.4 7.5 3.9 2.0 2.8	40.9 28.4 16.0 7.6 3.4 1.5 2.1	45.1 22.3 16.8 9.2 3.6 1.2 1.9	39.0 31.3 15.6 6.9 3.3 1.7 2.2	29.4 21.5 14.4 12.4 8.9 4.8 8.6		29.6 21.3 13.6 13.0 9.0 5.0 8.6

¹ Percentage distribution is not shown where the number of cases is less than 100.

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Table 4a.--INCOME IN 1949 OF PRIMARY FAMILIES IN SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY NUMBER OF MINORS, TENURE, AND COLOR, FOR YORK, PENNSYLVANIA: 1950

Family income by		Total			White			Nonwhite	
number of minors	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter
Total number of primary families	4,405	l,367	3,038	4,023	1,275	2,748	382	92	290
Percent of total	100.0	31.0	69.0	91.3	28.9	62.4	8.7	2.1	6.6
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(1)	100.0
\$999 or less \$1,000 to \$1,249 \$1,250 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,749 \$1,700 to \$1,749	11,5 2.7 3.5 4.5 4.7	10.8 1.9 3.2 4.2 6.0	11.9 3.0 3.6 4.7 4.1	10.4 2.8 3.2 4.2 4.3	9.8 2.0 3.3 4.1 5.7	10.7 2.4 3.2 4.2 3.6	23,3 6.7 5.8 8.0 8.8		23.1 8.9 7.1 8.9
\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,749 \$2,750 to \$2,999	6.1 5.7 8.2 6.8	5.8 5.2 9.5 5.3	6.2 5.9 7.7 7.5	5.8 5.5 8.4 7.1	6.1 5.3 9.4 5.3	5.7 5.7 7.9 7.9	9.0 7.1 7.0 4.4		8,3 11,2 8,3 5,9 4,1
\$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 or more Not reported	22.1 11.2 6.7 6.2	21.5 10.9 9.5 6.4	22.4 11.4 5.5 6.2	23.3 12.0 7.2 6.2	21.6 11.4 9.8 6.1	24.0 12.3 6.1 6.3	9.5 2.6 1.2 6.5		6.5 2.4 5.5
No minors	40.3	41.8	39,6	41.3	42.4	40.8	89.0		87.8
\$999 or less \$1,000 to \$1,249 \$1,250 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,749 \$1,750 to \$1,999	4.7 1.2 2.2 1.8 1.5	6.9 1.1 2.0 1.5 2.4	3.7 1.3 8.2 1.9 1.1	4.6 1.2 2.0 1.9 1.5	6.5 1.2 2.0 1.6 2.4	3.6 1.2 2.0 2.0 1.0	6.5 1.3 3.6 0.9 2.2		4.7 1.8 4.1 1.8 2.4
\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,749 \$2,750 to \$2,999	2.3 2.5 2.3 2.6	3.0 1.9 2.3 2.4	1.9 2.8 2.3 2.7	2.3 2.6 2.3 2.8	3.3 2.0 2.4 2.4	1.8 2.8 2.2 3.0	2.2 2.2 2.2 0.4		3.0 3.0
\$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 or more Not reported	7.9 4.8 3.2 3.1	7.4 3.8 3.2 3.8	8,2 5,2 3,3 2,8	8.4 5.2 3.5 3.1	7.3 4.1 3.3 3.7	8,9 5.7 3.6 2.8	3.0 0,9 0.4 3.0		1.2 1.2 2.4
One minor	28 . 2	21,6	31.2	28,7	21.6	31.9	23.4		24.5
\$999 or less \$1,000 to \$1,249 \$1,250 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,749 \$1,750 to \$1,999	2.8 0.6 0.9 1.7 1.4	1.1 0.4 0.8 1.3 1.6	3.6 0.7 0.9 1.9 1.3	2.5 0.5 0.8 1.6 1.5	0.8 0.4 0.8 1.2 1.6	3.2 0.6 0.8 1.8 1.4	6.6 1.3 1.3 2.7 0.9		7.1 1.6 1.6 8.0 0.6
\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,749 \$2,750 to \$2,999	1.0 1.6 2.5 2.4	- 1.5 2.3 0.6	1.5 1.6 2.6 3.2	1.0 1.6 2.7 2.3	- 1.6 2.4 0.4	1.4 1.6 2.8 3.2	1.8 1.3 0.5 0.5		2.4 1.8 0.6 3.0
\$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 or more Not reported	6.5 3.6 1.9 1.2	4,5 3.0 2.8 1.6	7.4 3.9 1.5 1.0	6.9 8.9 2.0 1.2	4.5 3.3 2.9 1.6	8.1 4.2 1.6 1.0	3.1 1.7 0.5 1.3		0,6 0,6 1,2
Two minors	14.0	17.2	12.6	14.4	17.6	12.9	10,1		9,6
\$999 or less \$1,000 to \$1,249 \$1,250 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,749 \$1,750 to \$1,999	1.6 0.4 0.2 0.4 0.9	2.0 	1.4 0.5 0.2 0.2 0.9	1.6 0.8 0.3 0.4 0.8	2.0 	1.4 0.4 0.2 0.2 0.8	1.8 1.3 		1.8 1.8
\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,749 \$2,750 to \$2,999	1.7 0.7 1.5 0.7	2.0 0.8 2.3 0.8	1.6 0.6 1.2 0.7	1.8 0.7 1.6 0.8	2.0 0.8 2.4 0_8	1.6 0.6 1.2 0.8	1.3 0.5 0.5		1.2 0.6 0.6
\$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 or more Not reported	4.1 0.9 0.2 0.7	4.3 2.0 0.4 0.6	4.0 0.4 0.2 0.7	4.3 0.9 0.3 0.7	4.5 3.0 0.4 0.4	4.2 0.4 0.2 0.8	1.3 0.4 		1.2

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

¹ Percentage distribution is not shown where the number of cases in the sample is less than 100.

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Table 4a.--INCOME IN 1949 OF PRIMARY FAMILIES IN SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY NUMBER OF MINORS, TENURE, AND COLOR, FOR YORK, PENNSYLVANIA: 1950--Gon.

Total Family income by White Nonwhite number of minors Total Owner Renter Total Owner Renter Total Owner Renter Three or four minors..... 11.9 14.1 11.0 10.9 13.9 9.5 23.0 24.9 \$999 or less..... 1.3 0.1 1.9 1.0 1.4 5.4 6.5 \$1,000 to \$1,249.... \$1,250 to \$1,499.... \$1,500 to \$1,749.... \$1,750 to \$1,999.... 0.3 0.4 0.4 0.1 0.1 2.7 0.4 3.6 0.2 0.2 0.6 0.4 0.5 0.4 0.3 0.4 0.2 2.2 2.4 0.6 0.7 0.6 3.0 0.4 0.4 0.4 2.4 \$2,000 to \$2,249..... 0.7 0.8 0.7 0.7 0.8 0.6 1.3 1.8 \$2,250 to \$2,499.... \$2,500 to \$2,749.... 0.4 0.8 0.3 0.4 0.8 0.2 0.9 1.2 1.3 1.8 1.0 1.2 1.6 1.0 1.7 1.2 \$2,750 to \$2,999..... 0.9 1.5 0.7 0.9 1.6 0.6 0.9 1.2 \$3,000 to \$3,999..... \$4,000 to \$4,999..... \$5,000 or more..... 3.2 4.8 2.5 3.2 4.9 2.4 3.1 3.0 0.9 0.8 0,9 0.9 0.8 1.0 4 0.8 1.6 0.4 0.8 1.6 0.4 0.4 Not reported..... 0.8 0.4 1.0 0.8 0.4 1,0 0.9 1.2 5 minors or more..... 5.6 13.6 5.3 5.7 4.7 4.5 4.8 14.5 \$999 or less..... 1.0 3.1 3.0 1.0 0.6 1.2 0.8 0.4
 1,000 to \$1,249.

 1,250 to \$1,249.

 1,500 to \$1,749.

 1,500 to \$1,749.

 1,750 to \$1,999.
 0.2 0.2 0.1 (¹) 0.1 -0.5 0.6 ---••• ò.í 1.3 1.8 0.2 -0.5 0.1 0.1 0.4 _ 1.3 1.2 0.2 \$2,000 to \$2,249.... \$2,250 to \$2,499.... \$2,500 to \$2,749.... \$2,750 to \$2,999.... 3.0 0.3 0.5 0.1 -0.2 2.2 1.8 2.2 0.4 0.2 0.5 0.3 0.4 0.6 0.6 8.7 0.8 0.6 0.5 0.4 ÷ 0.5 0.6 0.4 \$3,000 to \$3,999..... \$4,000 to \$4,999..... \$5,000 or more..... 0.4 0.4 0.4 0.4 0.4 1.0 0.9 0.6 1.1 1.1 1.3 1.0 1.2 0.2 1.6 0.6 1.5 0.2 0.6 0.5 0.4 0.6 Not reported..... 0.4 0.6 ----

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

1 Less than 0.05 percent.

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Table 5.--RENT AS PERCENT OF INCOME BY FAMILY INCOME IN 1949 OF PRIMARY FAMILLES WITH NO SUBFAMILY OR SECONDARY FAMILY IN RENTÉR-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY PRESENCE OF MINORS AND COLOR, FOR YORK, PENNSYLVANIA: 1950

Number of families Percent of total Total 9 percent or less 10 percent to 14 percent	Total 2,919 100.0 100.0 15.8 26.0	No minors 1,184 40.6 100.0	With minors 1,735 59.4	Tota ¹ . 2,665	No minors	With minors	Total	No minors	With minors
Percent of total Total 9 percent or less 10 percent to 14 percent	100.0 100.0 15.8	40.6		2,665					
Total 9 percent or less 10 percent to 14 percent	100.0 15.8		59,4	11	1,105	1,560	254	79	175
9 percent or less 10 percent to 14 percent	15.8	100.0	1	. 91.3	37.9	53.4	8.7	2.7	6.0
10 percent to 14 percent			100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(¹)	100.0
15 percent to 19 percent 20 percent to 24 percent 25 percent to 29 percent 30 percent to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not reported	19.1 9.2 4.7 2.1 11.5 11.7	19.0 25.3 16.6 10.6 5.1 2.3 9.6 11.5	13.5 26.5 20.8 8.2 4.4 2.0 12.7 11.7	17.1 26.9 18.5 9.0 4.6 1.7 10.6 211.7	20.1 26.1 15.6 10.6 5.0 2.0 9.0 11.6	14.9 27.4 20.6 7.8 4.3 1.4 11.7 11.7	2.0 16.9 25.0 11.5 6.1 6.8 20.3 311. 5		1.0 18.6 22.5 11.8 5.9 6.9 21.6 11.8
\$1,499 or less	15.0	15.6	14.7	13.1	14.1	12.5	35.1		34.3
9 percent or less 10 percent to 14 percent 15 percent to 19 percent 20 percent to 24 percent 25 percent to 29 percent 30 percent to 34 percent 35 percent or more	- 0.2 0.6 1.2 1.7 1.5 9.8	- 1.4 1.7 2.2 2.3 8.0	- 0.3 0.1 0.9 1.4 0.9 11.0	- 0.2 0.4 1.0 1.5 1.0 9.0	- 1.0 1.5 2.0 2.0 7.5	0.4 0.7 1.1 0.4 10.0	- 2.7 3.4 4.1 6.1 18.9		- 1.0 2.9 3.9 5.9 20.6
\$1,500 to \$1,999	8.7	7.4	9.5	7.7	7.0	8.2	18.9		21.6
9 percent or less 10 percent to 14 percent 15 percent to 19 percent 20 percent to 24 percent 25 percent to 29 percent 30 percent to 34 percent 35 percent or more	0.4 1.2 1.7 2.9 1.3 0.1 1.1	1.1 0.5 0.9 3.0 1.4 - 0.6	1.8 2.2 2.9 1.2 0.1 1.4	0.4 1.0 1.2 2.7 1.2 1.0	1.0 0.5 3.0 1.5 - 0.5	1.4 1.8 2.5 1.1 -	0.7 3.4 6.1 5.4 1.4 0.7 1.4		4.9 5.9 6.9 2.0 1.0 1.0
\$2,000 to \$2,499	11.5	11.8	11.4	10.8	11.1	10.7	18.9		17.6
9 percent or less 10 percent to 14 percent 15 percent to 19 percent 20 percent to 24 percent 25 percent to 29 percent 30 percent to 34 percent 35 percent or more	0.4 2.8 5.1 2.1 1.0 0.2	0.5 3.1 5.6 2.0 0.6	0.3 2.5 4.1 1.3 0.9	0.4 2.7 4.4 2.1 1.0 0.2	0.5 3.0 5.0 2.0 0.5 -	0.4 2.5 3.9 2.1 1.4 0.4	3.4 12.8 2.0 0.7 -		2.9 12.7 2.0
\$2,500 to \$2,999	15.0	12.9	16.4	15.6	13.1	17.4	8.1		6.9
9 percent or less 10 percent to 14 percent 15 percent to 19 percent 20 percent to 24 percent 25 percent to 29 percent 30 percent to 34 percent 35 percent or more	0.6 5.3 5.6 2.3 0.6 0.4 0.2	0.1 5.0 3.4 3.4 0.9 -	1.0 5.5 7.0 1.6 0.3 0.6 0.3	0.6 5.4 5.8 2.5 0.6 0.4 0.2	5.0 3.5 3.5 1.0 -	1.1 5.7 7.5 1.8 0.4 0.7	0.7 4.1 2.7 0.7 - - -		- 3.9 2.9 - - -
\$3,000 or over	38.1	40.8	36.3	41.0	43.2	39.5	7.4		7.8
9 percent or less 10 percent to 14 percent 15 percent to 19 percent 20 percent to 24 percent 25 percent to 29 percent 30 percent to 34 percent 35 percent or more	14.3 16.5 6.1 0.6 0.2 - 0.4	17.4 16.7 5.3 0.5 - - 0.9	12.3 16.4 6.7 0.6 0.3 -	15.6 17.5 6.7 0.6 0.2 - 0.4	18.6 17.6 5.5 0.5 - _ 1.0	13.5 17.4 7.5 0.7 0.4 -	0.7 6.1 0.7 -		1.0 6.9 - - -
Not reporting income or rent	11.7	11.5	11.7	211.7	. 11.6	11.7	311.5	2	11,8

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

¹ Percentage distribution is not shown where the number of cases in the sample is less than 100. ² Of the 11.7 percent 2.7 represents families reporting zero income in 1949. ³ Of the 11.5 percent 5.4 represents families reporting zero income in 1949.

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BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

1950 CENSUS OF HOUSING

SPECIAL TABULATIONS FOR LOCAL HOUSING AUTHORITIES

December 28, 1950

Washington 25, D. C.

Series HC-6, No. 140

HOBOKEN, NEW JERSEY: APRIL 1950

This report is based on a transcription and tabulation of data from the 1950 Census of Population and Housing. The statistics relate to dwelling units considered substandard by the Public Housing Administration, in accordance with the contract for these statistics between the Bureau of the Census and the Housing Authority of the Oity of Hoboken.

A dwelling unit is considered substandard by the Public Housing Administration if it is either dilapidated or does not have the following plumbing facilities: flush toilet and bath inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use, and hot running water. The Public Housing Administration considers the absence of hot running water to be evidence generally of poor quality of the dwelling unit, but there may be some localities in which the absence of hot running water is not deemed to be a sufficient indication by itself of poor quality. In such localities, a revised count of substandard units may be obtained from table 1 by subtracting from the total the units which lack hot water only. If it is desired to eliminate the units lacking hot water only from the total count of substandard units, the distributions shown in the tables will not be materially affected.

The criteria used to define substandard units in these tabulations are not identical with the housing characteristics included in the published reports from the 1940 Census. Therefore, any comparison of data in this report with the 1940 results must be made with extreme care. A direct comparison cannot be made with the 1940 results because information on hot running water was not collected at that time. Further, the 1940 data on condition were collected showing dwelling units "needing major repairs," whereas in 1950 data on condition were collected showing units as "dilapidated." Because the definitions of these two terms differ significantly, the 1940 count of dwelling units needing major repairs and the 1950 count of dilapidated dwelling units are comparable only in a general way.

The data are presented in the series of attached tables. In table 1 the structural and occupancy characteristics are shown for all substandard dwelling units. Table 2 shows the rent paid for renter-occupied substandard units; table 3 shows the condition and plumbing facilities of these same units. Table 4 shows the characteristics of all families (both primary and secondary) living in the substandard units. Table 4a classifies the primary families by family income. Table 5 classifies primary families with no subfamily or secondary family present, by rent as a percent of family income.

In the contract rent tabulation, dwelling units occupied rent-free are tabulated in the "\$9 or less" category. In the gross rent tabulations, however, such units are tabulated as "not reporting," except when utilities were reported.

DEFINITIONS

The definitions used in this special tabulation are generally the same as those used in the 1950 Census of Population and Housing. Some of the more important definitions are given below.

<u>Dwelling unit</u>.--In general, a dwelling unit is a group of rooms or a single room, occupied, or intended for occupancy, as separate living quarters by a family or other group of persons living together or by a person living alone. 2

Primary family.--A primary family consists of two or more persons including the head of the household and all (one or more) persons in the household who are related to the head by blood, marriage, or adoption. It may include a subfamily consisting of a married couple with or without children, or one parent with one or more children under 18 years of age, living in the household and related to but not including the head of the household or his wife. The subfamily is considered a part of the primary family for all tabulation purposes.

Secondary family.--A secondary family consists of two or more persons, such as a lodger or servant and his relatives, living in a household and related to each other but not related to the household head. The secondary family is considered a separate family for tabulation purposes.

Minor.---A minor is an unmarried person under 21 years of age other than the head of a family or his wife.

<u>Dilapidation.</u>--A dwelling unit is considered to be dilapidated when it has serious deficiencies, is rundown or neglected, or is of inadequate original construction, so that it does not provide adequate shelter or protection against the elements or it endangers the safety of the occupants.

<u>Plumbing facilities.--The following are the</u> three plumbing facilities tabulated:

1. Flush toilet inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use;

 Installed bathtub or shower inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use; and
 Hot and cold running water inside the

structure.

Exclusive use.--Equipment is for "exclusive use" if it is used only by the occupants of one dwelling unit.

Shared. -- Equipment is "shared" when occupants of two or more units use the same equipment.

Family income.--Family income is the sum of the income received during 1949, by all members of the family. The following items were asked separately for the head of the family and for all other members of the family combined:

1. The amount of money wages or salary received in 1949;

2. The amount of net money income received from self-employment in 1949; and 3. The amount of other money income received in 1949, such as interest, dividends, veterans' allowances, pensions, or rents.

Gross rent.--Monthly gross rent is contract rent plus the reported average monthly cost of water, electricity, gas, and other fuel paid for by the renter. If furniture is included in the contract rent, the reported estimated rent of the dwelling unit without furniture is used for the computation instead of the contract rent.

SOURCE AND RELIABILITY OF THE DATA

The data in tables 1 through 4 are based on complete counts, including all dwelling units and families with the specified characteristics. The distributions involving income in tables 4a and 5, however, were prepared from data collected from about 20 percent of the primary families living in substandard units, since in the 1950 Census only one family in five was asked to report family income.

Although the figures in the tables are based on the same data as the forthcoming 1950 Census tabulations of these items, they may differ from those to be published as part of the census. The present tables were obtained by tabulating directly the data as transcribed in the field offices of the Census Bureau and the figures, therefore, do not include all of the refinements that result from a careful examination of the schedules.

In addition, the data are subject to other biases due to errors of response or nonreporting which cannot be corrected in editing. Factors affecting the accuracy of enumeration include the respondent's knowledge of the facts and the ability of the enumerator to obtain accurate information on such items as income, rent, dilapidation, and plumbing facilities. The regular 1950 tabulations are also subject to these biases.

Reliability of Estimates in Tables 4a and 5

Because of sampling variability, percentage distributions shown in table 4a and all figures in table 5 may differ from those that would have been obtained from a complete count. (The absolute figures in table 4a represent complete counts and are not subject to sampling variation.) The reliability estimates which follow give approximate measures of the sampling errors to be expected in these sample data.

Reliability of the percentages in tables 4a and 5.--The allowance to be made for sampling variation in a percentage depends, in general, both on the value of the percentage and the size of the base on which it is determined. If two Dercentages are of the same magnitude, the one based on a large number of cases in the sample is, in general, less variable than the one based on a small number of sample cases.

Estimates of reliability are shown in the following table for percentages with bases of primary families of the specified types. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the differences due to sampling variability between the percentages obtained from the sample and the percentages which would have been obtained from a complete census would be less than the sampling errors shown below.

	Sampling variability if the base is										
Percentage shown in table		7 families in a lwelling units		All primary families with no subfamily or secondary family present, in sub- standard renter units							
	Total	Owner	Ranter	Total	No minors	With minors					
0.5 1.0 2.0 3.0 4.0 5.0 10.0 15.0 25.0 25.0 30.0 40.0 50.0	0.5 0.6 0.9 1.1 1.3 1.4 1.9 2.3 2.6 2.6 2.8 3.0 3.2 8.2	(1)	0.5 0.7 0.9 1.1 1.3 1.5 2.0 2.4 2.7 2.9 3.1 3.3 3.3 3.3	0.6 0.7 0.9 1.1 1.3 1.5 2.0 2.4 2.7 2.9 3.1 3.3 3.4	0.8 1.1 1.6 1.9 2.2 2.4 3.8 4.0 4.4 4.6 5.1 5.4 5.4	0.6 0.8 1.2 1.4 1.7 1.8 2.5 3.0 5.4 3.7 3.9 4.1 4.2					

¹ Omitted because percentage distribution is not shown.

To illustrate, for a figure of 10 percent based on all primary families living in substandard renter dwelling units, the sampling variability is 2.0 percent; the chances are about 19 out of 20 that the percentage obtained by a complete census would have been between 8.0 percent and 12.0 percent.

Reliability of absolute figures in table 5.---The approximate sampling variability of the absolute figures in table 5 is shown below. The thences are 19 out of 20 that differences between the numbers shown in table 5 and the numbers that would have been obtained from a complete census would be less than the sampling proops which follow. 44552

Classification	Absolute figure in table 5	Sampling variability
Total	3,788	28
No minors	1,891	123
With minors	2,391	184

Reliability of differences.--The estimates of sampling variability shown in the above tables are not directly applicable to differences obtained by subtracting one figure from another. The sampling variability in an observed difference between two figures depends on the sampling variability of each of the figures and the correlation between them. Table 1.--STRUCTURAL AND OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS, CONDITION, AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY TENURE, FOR HOBOKEN, NEW JERSEY: 1950

(A substandard dwelling unit is defined by the Public Housing Administration as a unit which is either dilapidated or does not have all of the following plumbing facilities: flush toilet and bath inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use, and hot running water)

			_				
Characteristic	Total	Owner	Renter	Characteristic	Total	Owner	Renter
Total number occupied				NUMBER OF LODGERS			
substandard dwelling units	4,847	254	4,593				
Percent of total	100.0	5.2	94+8	Total	100.0	100.0	100.0
NUMBER OF ROOMS				None	97.0	95.3	97.1
Total	100.0	100,0	100.0	l or more lodgers	3.0	4.7	2.9
•	1.1	0.4	1,1				
l room	4.1	2.8	4.1	CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES			
3 rooms	24.7	19.3	25.0				
4 rooms	57.4	44.1	58.1		100.0	100.0	100.0
5 rooms	9.5 2.3	14.2	9.3 1.9	Total	100.0	100.0	100.0
7 rooms	0.5	4.7	0.2	Not dilapidated:			
8 rooms or more	0.4	4.3	0.2	With private bath and private flush			
Not reported	-	-	-	toilet, no hot running water	8.6	21.7	7.9
CONDITION				With private flush toilet, no private bath	39.9	40.6	39.8
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	With running water, no private	7 - 7	40.0	39.0
				flush toilet	34.5	31.9	34.7
Not dilapidated Dilapidated	83.2 16.6	94.5 5.5	82.6	No running water inside the structure	0.1	-	0.1
Not reported	0.1	-	0.1	Dilapidated:			
				With private bath and private flush			
WATER SUPPLY				toilet, hot and cold running water.	1.7	1.2	1.8
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water	0.9	0.8	
Hot and cold piped running water inside				With private flush toilet, no	0.9	0.0	0.9
structure	24.1	29.9	23.8	private bath	2.5	2.4	2.5
Only cold piped running water inside structure	75.8	70.1	76.1	With running water, no private flush toilet	11.5	1.2	12.1
No piped running water inside structure	0.1	,01	0.1	No running water inside the structure			
Not reported	-	-					
TOILET FACILITIES				Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	0.3	0.4	0.3
	100.0	100.0	100.0	1401110168	0.5	0.44	0.5
Total		10010	20010				
Flush toilet inside structure, exclusive use	53.7	66.5	53.0	CONDITION BY NUMBER OF PLUMBING FACILITIES			
Flush toilet inside structure, shared	31.1	25.2	31.4				
Other toilet facilities (including					100.0	100.0	100.0
privy) Not reported	15.1	8.3	15.4	Total	100.0	100.0	100.0
Not reported	0.1	-	0.2	Not dilapidated:			
BATHING FACILITIES				Lacking 1 facility	22.0	40.2	20.9
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	Lacking 2 facilities	36.7	34.3	36.9
Installed bathtub or shower inside				Lacking 3 facilities	24.4	19.7	24.7
structure, exclusive use	13.3	26.8	12.6	Dilapidated:			
Installed bathtub or shower inside		•		With all facilities	1.7	1.2	1.8
structure, shared	5.4	6.3	5.3	Lacking 1 facility	1.5	1.2	1.5
Other or none Not reported	81.3	66.5 0.4	82.1	Lacking 2 facilities Lacking 3 facilities	2.1	2.4	2.1 11.8
NOT TEPOT BEALTING THE TEPOT BEALT AND THE THE TEPOT BEALT AND THE	(1)	0.4	-	monthe 5 trout around the	11.2	0,0	
NUMBER OF PERSONS				Not reporting condition or plumbing			0.3
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	facilities	0.3	0•4	0.3
1 person	15.1	14.6	15.1				
2 persons	25.1	26.4	25.0	NUMBER OF DWELLING UNITS IN STRUCTURE			
3 persons	23.1	23.6	23.1				
4 persons 5 persons	18.3	16.5	18.4	Total	100.0	100.0	100.0
6 persons	4.7	5.5	4.6		_ , ,	·	1.0
7 persons	2.0	2.4	2.0	1 dwelling unit	1.4	8.7	15.3
8 persons	0.8	0.8	0.8	2 to 4 dwelling units	16.8 81.8	43.7	83.7
9 persons or more	0.9	0.8	0.9	> or more amerituk murta	01.0		

Less than 0.05 percent.

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Table 2.--CONTRACT AND GROSS RENT OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, FOR HOBOKEN, NEW JERSEY: 1950

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

Monthly contract rent	Total	Furniture in rent	Total	Monthly gross rent	Total
Total number renter-occupied substandard dwelling units. Total, percent. 9 or less	4,593 100.0 3.4	Total, percent Furniture included in contract rent Furniture not included in contract rent Not reported	100.0 2.2 97.0 0.8	Total, percent \$9 or less \$10 to \$14 \$15 to \$19 \$20 to \$24 \$25 to \$29 \$30 to \$34 \$35 to \$39 \$40 to \$49 \$50 or more Not reported	100.0 0.8 1.2 3.8 11.2 23.0 25.3 19.3 11.5 2.9 0.8

Table 3.--CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY GROSS RENT, FOR HOBOKEN, NEW JERSEY: 1950

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

					Monthly	gross ren	t	••••	
Condition and plumbing facilities	Total	\$19 or less	\$20 to \$24	\$25 to \$29	\$30 to \$34	\$35 to \$39	\$40 to \$49	\$50 or more	Not reported
Total number renter-occupied substandard dwelling units	4,593	272	516	1,058	1,163	885	528	133	38_
Percent of total	100.0	5.9	11.2	23.0	25.3	19.3	11,5	2.9	0.8
Not dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water	7.9 39.8 34.7 0.1	0.1 2.0 2.2 0.1	(¹) 3.2 4.3	0.5 8.1 8.8 (1)	1.6 10.4 9.9	2.3 9.4 6.2	2.5 5.4 2.4	0.8 1.1 0.5	0.1 0.4 0.2
Dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, hot and cold running water With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	-	0.1 (¹) 0.1 1.3	0.5	0.1 0.2 0.6 4.7	0.5	0.1 0.2 0.4 0.6	0.5 0.3 0.2 0.2 -	0.3 (¹) 0.1 -	(¹) 0.1 (¹)
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	0.3	-	(¹)		0.1	0.1	-	-	(-)

¹Less than 0.05 percent.

Table 4.--CHARACTERISTICS OF FAMILIES IN SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS BY TENURE, FOR HOBOKEN, NEW JERSEY: 1950

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

Characteristic	Total	Cwner	Renter	Characteristic	Total	Owner	Renter
Total number of families	4,046	211	3,835	NUMBER OF PERSONS PER ROOM IN DWELLING UNIT			
Percent of total	100.0	5.2	94.8	Total	100.0	100.0	100.0
TYPE OF FAMILY				0.50 or less 0.51 to 0.75 0.76 to 1.00	19.3 28.9 26.3	29.4 28.0 27.5	18.7 29.0 26.3
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	1.01 to 1.50	18.6	13.3	18.9
Primary family Secondary family	99.8 0.2	99.5 0.5	99.8 0.2	1.51 to 2.00 2.01 or more Not reported	5.6 1.2	0.9 0.9 -	5.9 1.2
NUMBER OF PERSONS IN FAMILY				NUMBER OF MINORS IN FAMILY			
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	Total	100.0	100.0	100.0
 2 persons	30.0 27.1 21.4 11.7 5.5 2.3 2.0	30.8 28.9 19.0 11.4 6.2 1.9 1.9	29.9 27.0 21.5 11.7 5.5 2.3 2.0	No minors 1 minors 2 minors 3 minors 4 minors 5 minors 6 minors or more	39.4 25.4 18.8 9.2 4.2 1.6 1.4	54.5 20.4 14.7 5.7 4.3 	38.6 25.7 19.0 9.4 4.2 1.7 1.4

Table 4a.--INCOME IN 1949 OF PRIMARY FAMILLES IN SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY NUMBER OF MINORS AND TENURE, FOR HOBOKEN, NEW JERSEY: 1950

Family income by number of minors	Total	Owner	Renter	Family income by number of minors	Total	Owner	Renter
Total number of primary				Two minors	19.4		19.5
families	4,039	210	3,829	IWO MILHOFB			
Percent of total	100.0	5.2	94.8	\$999 or less \$1,000 to \$1,249	1.7 0.4		1.8
				\$1,250 to \$1,499	0.2		0.1
Total	100.0	(1)	100.0	\$1,500 to \$1,749 \$1,750 to \$1,999	0.8		0.8
\$999 or less	13.8		13.9				
\$1,000 to \$1,249	2.2		2.1	\$2,000 to \$2,249	1.8		1.8
\$1,250 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,749	1.5		1.2	\$2,250 to \$2,499	0.9		1.0
\$1,750 to \$1,999	3.2 2.5		3.3 2.5	\$2,500 to \$2,749 \$2,750 to \$2,999	1.7		1.5
\$2,000 to \$2,249	9.8		9.8				
\$2,250 to \$2,499	7.9		3.9	\$3,000 to \$3,999	6.0		6.1
\$2,500 to \$2,749	10.9		10.9	\$4,000 to \$4,999	1.3		1.2
\$2,750 to \$2,999	4.0	1	3.9	\$5,000 or more	2.6		2.8
\$3,000 to \$3,999	23.8		23.9	Not reported	0.4		0.3
\$4,000 to \$4,999	9.5	(9.6				
\$5,000 or more	11.6		11.7	Three or four minors	15.6		16.1
Not reported	3.4		3.4	\$999 or less	1.3		1.4
No minors	37.3		36.3	\$1,000 to \$1,249	0.1	1	0.1
				\$1,250 to \$1,499	0.1		0.1
\$999 or less	8.1		7.8	\$1,500 to \$1,749	0.1		0.1
\$1,000 to \$1,249	1.0	· ·	0.8	\$1,750 to \$1,999	0.4	1	0.4
\$1,250 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,749	0.6		0.6				1
\$1,750 to \$1,999	1.3		1.2	\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499	1.7		1.8
			0.8	\$2,500 to \$2,749	0.3		0.3
\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499	3.5 1.0		3.3 1.0	\$2,750 to \$2,999	1.0		0.8
\$2,500 to \$2,749	3.9	1	4.1		200		
\$2,750 to \$2,999	0.8		0.7	\$3,000 to \$3,999	4.3		4.5
\$3,000 to \$3,999				\$4,000 to \$4,999	1.6		1.7
\$4,000 to \$4,999	6.7 3.6	-	6.3 3.7	\$5,000 or more Not reported	1.6	ĺ	1.7
\$5,000 or more	4.8		4.7	Not reported	0.7		0.9
Not reported	1.2		1.2				1
And advert	25.5)	1	5 minors or more	2.2		2.2
One minor	2313	k	25.9	\$999 or less	0.4		0.4
\$999 or less	2.3		2.5	\$1,000 to \$1,249	0.1		0.1
\$1,000 to \$1,249	0.5		0.6	\$1,250 to \$1,499	0.1		0.1
\$1,250 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,749	0.4		0.3	\$1,500 to \$1,749	0.1	1	0.1
\$1,750 to \$1,999	0.9		1.0	\$1,750 to \$1,999	0.1	1	0,1
				\$2,000 to \$2,249	0.1	Ű	0.1
\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499	2.7 1.7		2.8	\$2,250 to \$2,499		1	1 -
\$2,500 to \$2,749	2.4		2.3	\$2,500 to \$2,749	0.4		0.4
\$2,750 to \$2,999	1.0	ľ	1.1	\$2,750 to \$2,999		5	1 -
\$3,000 to \$3,999	6.6		6.9	\$2 000 to \$2 000		H	1
\$4,000 to \$4,999	2.7		2.8	\$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999	0.2		0.1
\$5,000 or more	2.7	5	2.6	\$5,000 or more	0.3	۶	1
Not reported	0.9	11	1.0	Not reported.	0.3	6	0.3

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

¹Percentage distribution is not shown where the number of cases in the sample is less than 100.

Table 5.--RENT AS PERCENT OF INCOME BY FAMILY INCOME IN 1949 OF PHIMARY FAMILIES WITH NO SUBFAMILY OR SECONDARY FAMILY IN RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY PRESENCE OF MINORS, FOR HOBOKEN, NEW JERSEY: 1950

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Gross rent as percent of income by family income	Total	No minors	With minors	Gross rent as percent of income by family income	Total	No minors	With minors
Number of families	3,782	1,391	2,391	\$2,000 to \$2,499	13.5	11.4	14.8
Percent of total	100.0	36.8	63.2	9 percent or less	_	- 1	
				10 percent to 14 percent	2.8	3.0	2.6
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	15 percent to 19 percent	7.1	5.3	8.1
9 percent or less	20.8	21.2	19.8	20 percent to 24 percent	2.8	2.3	3.1
10 percent to 14 percent	31.3	29.5	32.4	25 percent to 29 percent	0.7	0.4	0.9
15 percent to 19 percent	18.5	12.9	21.8	30 percent to 34 percent	0.1	0.4	-
20 percent to 24 percent	6.7	5.7	7.3	35 percent or more	-	-	-
25 percent to 29 percent	1.9	0.8	2.6				,
30 percent to 34 percent	1.9	2.3	1.8	\$2,500 to \$2,999	14.2	13.3	14.8
35 percent or more	8.5	11.7	6.6				
Not reported	110,7	15,9	7.7	9 percent or less	0.8	1.1	0.7
				10 percent to 14 percent	7.1	8.3	6.4
\$1,499 or less	10,7	14.0	8₊8	15 percent to 19 percent	5.4	3.0	6.8
9 percent or less	-		-	20 percent to 24 percent	0.7	0,8	0.7
10 percent to 14 percent	-	_	- 1	25 percent to 29 percent	0.1	-	0,2
15 percent to 19 percent	0.6	0.8	0.4	30 percent to 34 percent 35 percent or more	-	-	-
20 percent to 24 percent	0.7	0.4	0.9	55 percent or more	-	-	-
25 percent to 29 percent	0.3	0.4	0.2				
30 percent to 34 percent	1.3	1.5) 1.1	\$3,000 or over	45.0	39.8	48.0
35 percent or more	7.9	11.0	6.2				
				9 percent or less	19.4	20.1	18.9
\$1,500 to \$1,999	5.8	5.7	5.9	10 percent to 14 percent	20.8	17,0	22.9
9 percent or less	0.1		0.2	15 percent to 19 percent	4.6	2.7	5.7
10 percent to 14 percent	0.7	1.1	0.4	20 percent to 24 percent	0.1		0.2
15 percent to 19 percent	0.8	1.1	0.7	25 percent to 29 percent	. •		-
20 percent to 24 percent	2.4	2.3	2.4	30 percent to 34 percent	0.1	-	0.2
25 percent to 29 percent	0.8	_	1.3	35 percent or more	0.1	-	0.2
30 percent to 34 percent	0.6	0.4	0.7				
35 percent or more	0.4	0.8	0.2	Not reporting income or rent	10.7	15.9	.7.7

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dvelling unit)

¹ Of the 10.7 percent 6.0 represents families reporting zero income in 1949. 46556

1950 CENSUS OF HOUSING

SPECIAL TABULATIONS FOR LOCAL HOUSING AUTHORITIES

December 28, 1950

Washington 25, D. C.

Series HC-6, No. 141

CAMDEN, NEW JERSEY: APRID 1950

This report is based on a transcription and tabulation of data from the 1950 Census of Population and Housing. The statistics relate to dwelling units considered substandard by the Public Housing Administration, in accordance with the contract for these statistics between the Bureau of the Census and the Housing Authority of the City of Camden.

A dwelling unit is considered substandard by the Public Housing Administration if it is either dilapidated or does not have the following plumbing facilities: flush toilet and bath inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use, and hot running water. The Public Housing Administration considers the absence of hot running water to be evidence generally of poor quality of the dwelling unit, but there may be some localities in which the absence of hot running water is not deemed to be a sufficient indication by itself of poor quality. In such localities, a revised count of substandard units may be obtained from table 1 by subtracting from the total the units which lack hot water only. If it is desired to eliminate the units lacking hot water only from the total count of substandard units, the distributions shown in the tables will not be materially affected.

The criteria used to define substandard units in these tabulations are not identical with the housing characteristics included in the published reports from the 1940 Census. Therefore, any comparison of data in this report with the 1940 results must be made with extreme care. A direct comparison cannot be made with the 1940 results because information on hot running water was not collected at that time. Further, the 1940 data on condition were collected showing dwelling units "needing major repairs," whereas in 1950 data on condition were collected showing units as "dilapidated." Because the definitions of these two terms differ significantly, the 1940 count of dwelling units needing major repairs and the 1950 count of dilapidated dwelling units are comparable only in a general way.

The data are presented in the series of attached tables. In table 1 the structural and occupancy characteristics are shown for all substandard dwelling units. Table 2 shows the rent paid for renter-occupied substandard units; table 3 shows the condition and plumbing facilities of these same units. Table 4 shows the characteristics of all families (both primary and secondary) living in the substandard units. Table 4a classifies the primary families by family income. Table 5 classifies primary families with no subfamily or secondary family present, by rent as a percent of family income.

In the contract rent tabulation, dwelling units occupied rent-free are tabulated in the "\$9 or less" category. In the gross rent tabulations, however, such units are tabulated as "not reporting," except when utilities were reported.

DEFINITIONS

The definitions used in this special tabulation are generally the same as those used in the 1950 Census of Population and Housing. Some of the more important definitions are given below.

Dwelling unit.--In general, a dwelling unit is a group of rooms or a single room, occupied, or intended for occupancy, as separate living quarters by a family or other group of persons living together or by a person living alone. 2

Primary family.--A primary family consists of two or more persons including the head of the households and all (one or more) persons in the household who are related to the head by blood, marriage, or adoption. It may include a subfamily consisting of a married couple with or without children, or one parent with one or more children under 18 years of age, living in the household and related to but not including the head of the household or his wife. The subfamily is considered a part of the primary family for all tabulation purposes.

Secondary family.--A secondary family consists of two or more persons, such as a lodger or servant and his relatives, living in a household and related to each other but not related to the household head. The secondary family is considered a separate family for tabulation purposes.

<u>Minor</u>. \rightarrow A minor is an unmarried person under 21 years of age other than the head of a family or his wife.

<u>Dilapidation.--A</u> dwelling unit is considered to be dilapidated when it has serious deficiencies, is rundown or neglected, or is of inadequate original construction, so that it does not provide adequate shelter or protection against the elements or it endangers the safety of the occupants.

Plumbing facilities. -- The following are the three plumbing facilities tabulated:

1. Flush toilet inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use;

Installed bathtub or shower inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use; and
 3. Hot and cold running water inside the structure.

Exclusive use.--Equipment is for "exclusive use" if it is used only by the occupants of one dwelling unit.

<u>Shared.--</u>Equipment is "shared" when occupants of two or more units use the same equipment.

Family income.--Family income is the sum of the income received during 1949, by all members of the family. The following items were asked separately for the head of the family and for all other members of the family combined: 1. The amount of money wages or salary

received in 1949; 2. The amount of net money income re-

ceived from self-employment in 1949; and

3. The amount of other money income received in 1949, such as interest, dividends, veterans' allowances, pensions, or rents.

<u>Gross rent</u>.--Monthly gross rent is contract rent plus the reported average monthly cost of water, electricity, gas, and other fuel paid for by the renter. If furniture is included in the contract rent, the reported estimated rent of the dwelling unit without furniture is used for the computation instead of the contract rent.

SOURCE AND RELIABILITY OF THE DATA

The data in tables 1 through 4 are based on complete counts, including all dwelling units and families with the specified characteristics. The distributions involving income in tables La and 5, however, were prepared from data collected on a sample basis. As part of the 1950 Census, family income data were obtained from about onefifth of all families. For these tabulations, additional interviews were made among nonwhite families to increase the income sample above the 20 percent level. This was accomplished by a subsequent field enumeration of a sample of nonwhite families who were not in the original sample but were living in substandard dwelling units.

Although the figures shown in tables 1 through 4 are based on the same data as the forthcoming 1950 Census tabulations of these items, they may differ from those to be published as part of the Census. The present tables were obtained by tabulating directly the data as transcribed in the field offices of the Census Bureau and the figures, therefore, do not include all of the refinements that result from a careful examination of the schedules.

In addition, the data are subject to other biases due to errors of response or nonreporting which cannot be corrected in editing. Factors affecting the accuracy of enumeration include the respondent's knowledge of the facts and the ability of the enumerator to obtain accurate information on such items as income, rent, dilapidation, and plumbing facilities. The regular 1950 tabulations are also subject to these biases.

Reliability of Estimates in Tables 4a and 5

Because of sampling variability, percentage distributions shown in table 4a and all figures in table 5 may differ from those that would have been obtained from a complete count. (The absolute figures in table 4a represent complete

counts and are not subject to sampling variations.) The reliability estimates which follow give approximate measures of the sampling errors to be expected in these sample data.

Reliability of the percentages in tables 4a and 5.--The allowance to be made for sampling variation in a percentage depends, in general, both.on the value of the percentage and the size of the base on which it is determined. If two percentages are of the same magnitude, the one based on a large number of cases in the sample is, in general, less variable than the one based on a small number of sample cases.

Estimates of reliability are shown in the following table for percentages with bases of primary families of the specified types. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the differences due to sampling variability between the percentages obtained from the sample and the percentages which would have been obtained from a complete census would be less than the sampling errors shown below.

		Sampling variability if the base is											
Percentage shown	ן ווא	orimary familie dwelling		ndard	All primary families with no subfamily or seconda family present, in substandard renter units								
in table	Wr	nite	Non	white		lte	Nonwhite						
	Owner	Renter	Owner	Renter	No minora	With minors	No minors	With minors					
0,5	0.9	0.7	1.1	0.7	1.2	0.9	(1)	1.0					
1.0	1.2	1.0	1.6	1.0	1.7	1.2		1.4					
2.0	1.7	1.4	2.3	1.4	2.4	1.7		2.0					
3.0	2.1	1.7	2.7	1.7	3.0	2.1		2.4					
4.0	2.4	1.9	3.2	2.0	3.4	2.4		2,.8					
5.0	2.7	2.1	3.5	2.2	3.8	2.7		3.1					
10.0	3.7	2.9	4.8	8.0	5.2	3.7		4.2					
15.0	4.4	3.5	5.7	3.6	6.2	4.4		5.0					
20,0	4.9	3.9	6.4	4.0	6.9	5.0		5.6					
25.0	5.4	4.2	7.0	4.4	7.5	5.4		6.1					
30.0	5.7	4.5	7.4	4.6	8.0	5.7		6.4					
40.0	6.1	4.8	7.9	4.9	8.5	° ⊶ 8 .1		6.9					
50.0	6.2	4.9	8.0	5.0	8.7	6.2	1. N	7.0					

To illustrate, for a figure of 10 percent based on white primary families living in substandard renter dwelling units, the sampling variability is 2.9 percent; the chances are about 19 out of 20 that the percentage obtained by a complete census would have been between 7.1 percent and 12.9 percent.

The sampling variability of a specified percentage of total primary families with designated characteristics will vary according to the proportion of white families and nonwhite families making up this percentage. For example, consider the sampling variability of a figure of 10 percent based on total primary families. The maximum sampling error to be expected of such a figure would occur when the entire 10 percent includes only white primary families and the chances are about 19 out of 20 that this sampling error would not exceed 1.8 percent. The minimum sampling error would occur when the entire 10 percent includes only nonwhite primary families and the chances are 19 out of 20 that this sampling error would not exceed 1.4 percent. For other specific characteristics composed of 10 percent of total primary families the sampling variability may assume any value between these two figures.

Reliability of absolute figures in table 5.--The approximate sampling variability of the absolute figures in table 5 is shown below. The chances are 19 out of 20 that differences between the numbers shown in table 5 and the numbers that would have been obtained from a complete census would be less than the sampling errors which follow.

Classification	Sampling variability of absolute figures in table 5							
* • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Total	White	Nonwhite					
Total	63	45	44.					
No minors	100	83	56					
With minors	105	87	60					

Reliability of differences...-The estimates of sampling variability in the above tables are not directly applicable to differences obtained by subtracting one figure from another. The sampling variability in an observed difference between two figures depends on the sampling variability of each of the figures and the correlation between them. Table 1.--STRUCTURAL AND OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS, CONDITION, AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY TENURE AND COLOR OF OCCUFANTS, FOR CAMDEN, NEW JERSEY: 1950

(A substandard dwelling unit is defined by the Public Housing Administration as a unit which is either dilapidated or does not have all of the following plumbing facilities: flush toilet and bath inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use, and hot running water)

(h		Total			White		· · •	lonwhite	
Characteristic	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter
Tetal such as accurated substandard									4
Total number occupied substandard dwelling units	5,783	1,919	3,864	3,604	1,284	2,320	2,179	635	1,544
Percent of total	100.0	33.2	66,8	62.3	22.2	40.1	37.7	11.0	26.7
NUMBER OF ROOMS									
Total	100.0	100.0	.100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1 room	4.2	1.5	5.5	5.4	2.0	7.2	2.2	0.5	2,9
2 rooms	13.6	3.6	18.6	18.2	5.1	25.4	6.1	0.6	8.4
3 rooms	12.1	8.3 17.0	14.0 15.5	15.4 16.2	11.0 19.0	17.8 14.6	6.7	2.8 12.9	8.4
5 rooms	16.0 29.3	31.8	28.1	32.2	26,1	20.1	41.0	43.3	16.
5 roams	17.3	25.1	13.4	15.5	24.6	10.5	20.3	26.1	17,
7 rooms	4.6	7.7	3.1	4.0	7.1	2.2	5.6	8.8	4.
Not reported	2.8 0,1	5.0 0.1	1.8 0.1	3.1 0.1	5.0 0.1	2.1 0.1	2.3	4.9	1.
CONDITION	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1		0.1	_		
	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0					
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,
Not dilapidated Dilapidated	70.8 29.7	71.9	69.5 30.5	78.3 21.7	77.3 22.7	78.9 21.1	57.1 42.9	61.1 38.9	55. 44.
Not reported		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
WATER SUPPLY									
Total	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100
Hot and cold piped running water inside structure	42.3	42.5	42.3	55.5	50.0	58.7	20.5	27.9	17
only cold piped running water inside structure	55.9	55.4	56.2	42.7	47.7	40.0	77.7	70.7	80
No piped running water inside structure	1.7	2.1	1,5	1,7	2.5	1,2	1.7	1.3	1
Not reported,	(1)	-	(¹)	(1)	-	(1)	-	-	
TOILET FACILITIES									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	1.00.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100
Flush toilet inside structure, exclusive use	41.3	54.7	34.7	43.7	57.3	36.4	37.1	49.3	32
Flush toilet inside structure, shared	23.8	12.6	29.3	33.8	17.4	42.8	7.2	2.8	8
Not reported	34.9 0.1	32.8	35.9 0.1	22.3 0.1	25.3	20.6 0.1	55.8	47.9	59,
BATHING FACILITIES									1
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100
Installed bathtub or shower inside structure,	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	700
exclusive use Installed bathtub or shower inside structure,	30.8	39,6	26.5	32.4	41.4	27.5	28.2	36.1	25.
shared	23.9	13.5	29.1	34.2	18.9	42.6	7.0	2.8	8
Other or none	45.1	48.7	44.3	33.3	39.6	29.8	64.7	61.1	66
	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0,1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0
NUMBER OF PERSONS									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100
l person 2 persons	14.7	12.3	15.8	16.5	14.3	17.8	11.6	8.3	13
3 persons	26.7 18.9	26.3 18.6	26.9 19.0	29.1 19.5	28.7 18.0	29.3	22.8	21.4	29
4 persons	14.9	15.8	14.4	19.0	16.0	20.3 14.0	17.9 15.1	19.8 15.3	17 15.
5 persons	8.9	9.7	8.5	8.3	9.3	7.7	10.0	10.6	13.
5 persons	5.9	6.1	5.8	5.1	5.5	4.9	7.2	7.4	7.
8 persons	4.2 2.4	4.1 3.4	4.2 1.8	3.2 1.7	3.4 2.7	3.1	5,7	5.4	5.
9 persons or more	3.5	3.8	3.4	1.9	2.7	1.2	3.4 6.3	4.9	26
NUMBER OF LODGERS									
Total	· 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	.00
	85.5	85.8	85.4	90.6	89.4	91.2	77.1	78.4	76
1 Tora there 0 of many 1	14.5	14.2	14.6	9.4	10.6	8.7	22.9	21.6	- 23
¹ Less than 0.05 percent.					•	,	,	•	

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Table 1.--STRUCTURAL AND OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS, CONDITION, AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY TENURE AND COLOR OF OCCUPANTS, FOR CAMDEN, NEW JERSEY: 1950-Con.

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(A substandard dwelling unit is defined by the Public Housing Administration as a unit which is either dilapidated or does not have all of the following plumbing facilities: flush toilet and bath inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use, and hot running water)

Characteristic		Total			White		1	Vonwhite	
Charge Serve CTR	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total.	Owner	Renter
CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES						,			
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Not dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath	13.4	18.3 17.0	11.0 10.5	15.2	20.3	12.3 12.0	10.6 9.5	14.3	9.0 8.2
With running water, no private flush toilet	49.6	35.9	47.5	47.9	37.0	53.9	86.6	\$8.5	97.8
No running water inside the structure	0.6	0.6	,0.4	0,5	0.6	0.5	0.4	0,5	0.4
Dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, hot and cold running water With private bath and private flush toilet,	9.4	14.1	7.1	10,7	14.3	8.7	7.•2	13,5	4.6
no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside the structure	2.8 3.0 13.2 1.2	2.4 2.7 7.3 1.5	3.0 8.2 16.2 1.1	1,9 1.6 6.4 1.8	1.9 1.5 3.1 1.9	1.8 1.6 8.2 0.8	4.4 5.4 24.6 1.3	3.5 5.2 15.9 0.8	4.8 5.5 28.2 1.5
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	0.1	0.1	0.8	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1
CONDITION BY NUMBER OF PLUMBING FACILITIES									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Not dilapidated: Iacking 1 facility Iacking 2 facilities Lacking 3 facilities	20.8 31.8 17.6	28.2 27.5 16.1	17.1 33.9 18.4	24.4 41.5 12.2	32.2 33.5 11.5	20.2 46.0 12.5	14.7 15.6 26.6	20.3 15.4 25.2	12.4 15.7 27.8
Dilapidated: With all facilities Lacking 1 facility Lacking 2 facilities Lacking 3 facilities	9.4 3.8 5.4 11.1	14.1 3.4 3.6 6.9	7.1 8.9 6.8 13.1	10.7 2.6 4.0 4.4	14.8 2.7 2.2 5.5	8.7 2.6 5.0 4.8	7.2 5.6 7.9 22.2	13.5 4.9 6.6 13.9	4.6 5.9 8.4 25.5
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.8	0.1	0.8	0.1	0.2	0.1
NUMBER OF DWELLING UNITS IN STRUCTURE				e.					n.
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1 dwelling unit 2 to 4 dwelling units 5 or more dwelling units	69.0 23.9 7.7	83.2 16.3 0.6	62.0 26.7 11.8	57.6 31.0 11.4	77.8 82.0 0.7	46.6 36.0 17.3	87.9 10.4 1.7	95.0 4.7 0.9	85.0 12.8 2.2

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Table 2.--CONTRACT AND GROSS RENT OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY COLOR OF OCCUPANTS, FOR OANDEN, NEW JERSEY: 1950

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

Monthly rent	Total	White	Nonwhite	Monthly rent	Total	White	Nonwhite
Total number renter-occupied substandard dwelling units	3,864	2,320	1,544	FURNITURE IN RENT	100.0	100.0	100.0
Percent of total	100.0	60.0	40.0	Furniture included in contract rent	12.1	18.9	1 1.
MONTHLY CONTRACT RENT				Furniture not included in contract rent Not reported	86.0 2.0	78.9 8.2	96. 1.
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	MONTHLY GROSS RENT			
9 or less	4.5	8.7	5.7	Total	100.0	100.0	100
LU TO \$14	14.9	8.4	24.5	\$9 or less	1.8	2.2	1
15 ta \$19 20 to \$24	26.0	18.5	37.1	\$10 to \$14	2.8	1.9	4
25 to \$29	13.7	12.9	15.0	\$15 to \$19	5,8	3.4	9 19
	9.7	10.6	8.5	\$20 to \$24 \$25 to \$29	13.4	9.3	J
30 to \$34	6.6	8.8	3.3	\$30 to \$34	16.6 18.1	13.3	21 20
37 to \$39	5.0	7.2	1.9		18.1	15.7	10
40 το \$49	12.8	18.4	3.2	\$40 to \$49	18.2	24.1	2
JU OF MOTE	7.0	11.2	0.8	\$50 or more	8.6	12.5	
ot reported	0.2	0.3	0.1	Not reported	0.9	1.2	

Table 3.--CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY GROSS RENT, FOR CAMDEN, NEW JERSEY: 1950'

					Monthly g	ross ren	t		
Condition and plumbing facilities	Total	\$19 or less	\$20 to \$24	\$25 to \$29	\$30 to \$34	\$35 to \$39	\$40 to \$49	\$50 or more 332 8.6 1.1 0.8 4.9 0.1 1.2 0.2 (¹) 0.3 -	Not reported
Total number renter-occupied	3,864	405	517	641	700	529	704	332	36
substandard dwelling units	100.0	10.5	13.4	16.6	18,1	13.7	18.2		0.9
Not dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	11.0 10.5 47.5 0.4	0.3 0.9 3.6 0.1	0.8 1.2 5.9 0.2	1.4 2.0 7.8 0.1	2.8 2.3 8.2 -	2.1 1.5 6.4 -	2.4 1.6 10.1	0.8	0.1 0.1 0.5
<pre>Dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, hot and cold running water With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure</pre>	7.1 3.0 3.2 16.2 1.1	0.2 0.2 0.4 3.9 0.8	0.4 0.4 0.8 3.4 0.2	0.8 0.6 0.6 3.2 0.1	0.8 0.5 2.7 (¹)	1.4 0.5 0.5 1.3 (¹)	2.3 0.4 0.3 1.2 -	0.2 (¹)	0.1
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	0.2	-	-	0.1	0.1	-	· -	(1)	-

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

¹ Less than 0.05 percent.

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Table 3a.--CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY GROSS RENT, FOR WHITE HOUSEHOLDS, FOR CAMDEN, NEW JERSEY: 1950

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

			-		Monthly	gross ren	t				
Condition and plumbing facilities	Total.	\$19 or less	\$20 to \$24	\$25 to \$29	\$30 to \$34	\$35 to \$39	\$40 to \$49	\$50 or more	Not reported		
Total number renter-occupied											
substandard dwelling units	2,320	172	215	309	384	364	558	290	28		
Percent of total	100.0	7,4	9.3	13.3	16.5	15.7	24.1	12.5	1.2		
Not dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water	12.3 12.0 53.9 0.5	0.3 1.2 3.6 0.1	0.7 1.2 5.3 0.2	1.3 2.2 7.1 0.1	2.6 2.9 7.6 -	2.8 1.9 7.5 -	3.1 1.6 14.2 -	1.4 0.9 7.7 -	0.1 0.1 0.8		
Dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, hot and cold running water With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet	8.7 1.8 1.6 8.2	0.3 0.1 0.2 1.1	0.1 0.2 0.2 1.2	0.6 0.3 0.2 1.5	1.0 0.5 0.3 1.5	1.9 0.3 0.4 0.9	3.0 0.3 0.2 1.6	1.6 0.3 (¹) 0.4	0.1		
No running water inside structure	0,8	0.6	.0.1	0.1	-	(1)	-	-	-		
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities.	0.2	-	-	0.1	0.1	-		(1)	-		

¹ Less than 0.05 percent.

Table 3b. ---CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF REWTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWFLATING UNITS BY GROSS RENT, FOR NONWHITE HOUSEHOLDS, FOR CAMDEN, NEW JERSEY: 1950

					Monthly a	ross ren	t		
Condition and plumbing facilities	Total.	\$19 or less	\$20 to \$24	\$25 to \$29	\$30 to \$34	\$35 to \$39	\$40 to \$49	\$50 or more	Not reported
Total number renter-occupied substandard dwelling units	1,544	233	302	332	316	165	146	42	. 8
Percent of total	100.0	15.1	19.6	21.5	20.5	10.7	9.5	2.7	0.5
Not dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water	9.0 8.2 37.8 0.4	0.4 0.6 3.6 0.1	0.9 1.3 6.7 0.3	1.6 1.7 8.9 -	3.0 1.4 9.1	1.2 0.9 4.6 -	1.2 1.6 3.8	0.6 0.6 0.9	0.1 0,1 0.2
Dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, hot and cold running water With private bath and private flush toilet; no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With private flush toilet No running water inside structure	4.5 4.8 5.5 28.2 1.5	0.1 0.5 0.7 8.1 1.1	0.7 0.7 1.7 6.9 0.3	1.0 1.2 1.2 5.9	0.5 1.2 0.7 4.6 0.1	0.7 0.8 0.6 1.8	1.2 0.5 0.5 0.8	0.5 0.1 0.1	0.1
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	0.1		-	0.1	-	_		-	-

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

Table 4.---CHARACTERISTICS OF FAMILIES IN SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY TENURE AND COLOR, FOR CAMDEN, NEW JERSEY: 1950

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

Characteristic		Total			White			Nonwhite	
	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter
Total number of families	4,758	1,636	8,122	2;916	1,064	1,852	1,842	572	1,270
Percent of total	100.0	34.4	65.6	61.3	22.4	38.9	38.7	12.0	26.7
TYPE OF FAMILY							,		
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Primary family Secondary family	96.4 3.6	96.5 3.5	96.3 3.7	98.3 1.7	97.9 2.1	98.4 1.6	93.4 6.6	93.7 6.3	93.3 6.7
NUMBER OF PERSONS IN FAMILY									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	_ 100.0	1.00.C
2 persons. 3 persons. 4 persons. 5 persons. 5 persons. 7 persons. 8 persons or more.	34.8 22.3 16.1 9.6 6.3 4.5 6.5	33.7 21.2 16.1 10.5 6.3 4.5 7.6	35.4 22.9 16.0 9.1 6.2 4.5 5.9	36.2 23.8 17.2 9.3 5.6 3.9 4.0	35.7 20.4 18.0 10.0 6.4 4.3 5.3	36.6 25.8 16.8 8.9 5.1 3.6 3.3	32.5 20.1 14.3 10.0 7.4 5.5 10.3	29.9 22.7 12.8 11.5 6.3 4.9 11.9	33.6 18.9 15.0 9.3 7.9 5.7 9.6
NUMBER OF PERSONS PER ROOM. IN DWELLING UNIT									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
0.50 or less 0.51 to 0.75 0.76 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 to 2.00 2.01 or more Not reported	20.3 22.2 36.5 11.2 7.4 2.3 0.1	28.6 25.1 32.3 9.4 4.0 0.6 0.1	15.9 20.6 38.8 12.2 9.2 3.1 0.1	20.3 22.1 37.8 11.0 6.7 2.1 0.1	30.3 25.5 32.7 8.1 3.0 0.4 0.1	14.6 20.1 40.7 12.6 8.7 3.1 0.1	20.2. 22.3 34.6 11.7 8.7 2.5	25.5 24.3 31.5 11.7 5.9 1.0	17.9 21.3 36.1 11.7 9.9 3.1
NUMBER OF MINORS IN FAMILY	. (a						
Total	100.0	100.0	1 0 0.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
o minors minors minors minors minors minors or more	38.9 22.7 16.0 9.0 5.4 3.4 4.5	41.9 21.2 15.5 8.4 5.1 3.5 4.5	37.3 23.5 16.3 9.3 5.6 3.4 4.6	40.1 24.1 16.5 8.9 4.7 2.7 2.9	44.5 19.9 16.9 8.3 4.1 2.7 3.6	37.6 26.6 16.3 9.3 5.0 2.8 2.5	37.0 20.5 15.1 9.0 6.6 4.6 7.2	37.1 23.6 12.8 8.6 6.8 5.1 6.1	36.9 19.1 16. 9.2 6.4 4.2 7.6

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Table 4a.--INCOME IN 1949 OF PRIMARY FAMILIES IN SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY NUMBER OF MINORS, TENURE, AND COLOR, FOR CAMDEN, NEW JERSEY: 1950

Family income by		Total			White		<u></u>	Nonwhite	
number of minors	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter
fotal number of primary families	4,586	1,578	3,008	2,865	1,042	1,823	1,781	536	1,185
Percent of total,,	100.0	34.4	65.6	62.5	22.7	39,8	37.5	11.7	25.8
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
\$999 or less \$1,000 to \$1,249	17.3	15.3 4.5	18.3	14.2 4.8	12.0 3.8	15.5 5.3	22.3 8.5	21.7 5.8	22.6 9.8
\$1,250 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,749	3.7 5.9	2.7 4.6	4.3	3.1	1.9 5.3	3.8 6.7	4.8 5.4	4.2 3.3	5.1 6.4
\$1,750 to \$1,999	5.4	3.1	6.7	5.5	4.3	6.2	5.4	0.8	7,4
\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499	10.5	80 5.2	11.8 4.8	9.2 5.6	5.7 6.8	11.1 5.3	12.7 8.8	12.5 9.3	12.8 4.0
\$2,500 to \$2,749	8.2	10.6	7.0	7.B	9.6	6.7	9.0	12.5	7.4
\$2,750 to \$2,999 \$3,000 to \$3,999	4.1 16.8	2.7	4.8	4.2 19.4	2.4 20.6	5.3 18.8	8.8 12.6	3.3 15.0	4.0
\$4,000 to \$4,999	7.5	18.7	15.9 6.0	9.4	12.9	7.3	4.3	5.0	4.0
\$5,000 or more Not reported	6.9 2.5	11.1	4.7 2.1	8.2 2.4	13.4 1.9	5.3 2.6	4.8 2.7	6.7 5.8	3.7 1.3
No minors	35.7	87.6	34.7	35.3	40.2	32.6	36.3	52.5	38,0
\$999 or less	7.7	7.2	8,0	6.4	6.2	6.5	10.0	9.2	10.4
\$1,000 to \$1,249 \$1,250 to \$1,499	2.2 1.4	1.8 1.2	2.3 1.4	1.5 0.9	1.4	1.5 0.6	3.3 2.1	2.5 0.8	8.7
\$1,500 to \$1,749 \$1,750 to \$1,999	8.2 2.0	3.3 1.5	1.6 2.3	2.3 2.0	8.3 1.9	1.8 2.1	2.0 2.1	. 3.3 0.8	1.3 2.7
\$2,000 to \$2,249	3.2	0.9	4.4	3.1	1.0	4.4	8.3	0.8	4,4
\$2,250 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,749	1.5 2.0	1.5 3.0	1.4 1.5	1.6 1.8	1.9 2.9	1.5 1.2	1.2 2.4	0.8	1.3 2.0
\$2,750 to \$2,999	1.3	0.9	1.5	1.6	1.4	1.8	0.7	-	1,0
\$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999	6.3 2.9	7.6 4.3	5.6 2.2	6.9 3.4	8.1 5.3	6.2 2.3	5.9 2.2	6.7 2.5	4.7 2.0
\$5,000 or more	2.4 0.6	3.2 0.9	2.0	3.2	4.8	8.3	0.9	1.7	1.3 0.3
Not reported			0,5	0.5	0,5	0,6	0.8		
One minor \$999 or less	23.5 3.7	28,5 3.9	29.5 3.6	24.6	20.6	27.0	<u>21.6</u> 5.1	29.2	18,2
\$1,000 to \$1,249	1.8	1.5	1.9	1.3	1.4	1.2	2.6	1.7	3,0
\$1,250 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,749	0.4	0.8	0.5 2.1	0.6	0.5	0.9	0.3	0.8	1.7
\$1,750 to \$1,999	1.0	0.3	1.4	0.9	0,5	1.2	1.2	-	1.7
\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499	2.7	3.2 0.9	2.5 1.0	2.2 1.3	1.9	2.3	3.7 0.5	5,8	2.7
\$2,500 to \$2,749 \$2,750 to \$2,999	1.6	1.8 0.8	1.6 1.5	2.0 1.3	1.4	2.3	1.0	2.5 2.5	0,3
\$3,000 to \$3,999	4.3	4.3	4.3	5.5	4.3	6.2	2.2	4.2	1,3
\$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 or more	1.6 1.8	1.5 3.7	1.6 0.8	2.2 2.1	1.9 3.8	2.9 1.2	0.5	0.8 3.3	0.3
Not reported	0.8	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.5	0.9	1.0	1.7	0.7
Two minors	17.8	16.1	17.7	19.1	20.1	18.5	15.8	14,2	16.5
\$999 or less \$1,000 to \$1,249	2.8	1.2	3.6 0.9	2.8 0.7	1.0 0.5	3.8 0.9	2,8	1.7 0.8	3,4 1,0
\$1,250 to \$1,499	0.8	0.9	0.7	0.9	0.5	1.2	0.5	1.7	(-
\$1,500 to \$1,749 \$1,750 to \$1,999	0.7	0.6 0.6	0.8	0.9	1.0 1.0	0.9	0.5		0.7
\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499	1.8	1.8 1.2	1.8	1.5 0.9	1.4	1.5	2.4	2.5	2.4
\$2,500 to \$2,749	1.8	2.7	1.3	1.2	1.0 2.4	0.9 0.6	1.0		2.4
\$2,750 to \$2,999 \$3,000 to \$3,999	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	0.9	1.0	0.8	1,0
\$4,000 to \$4,999	1.3	2.5	0.7	3.8 2.1	4.3 3.8	3.5 1.2	2.4	1.7	
\$5,000 or more Not reported	0.8 0.5	0.9 0.6	0.8	0.9	1.4	0.6	0.7		1.0

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

Table 4a. -- INCOME IN 1949 OF PRIMARY FAMILIES IN SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY NUMBER OF MINORS, TENURE, AND COLOR, FOR CAMDEN, NEW JERSEY: 1950--Con.

Family income by		Total			White			Nonwhite	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
number of minors	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter
Three or four minors	14.3	11.8	15.6	14.1	11.0	15.8	14.6	13.3	15.2
\$999 or less \$1,000 to \$1,249 \$1,250 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,749 \$1,750 to \$1,999	2.1 1.3 0.6 0.8 0.9	2.1 0.6 - 0.6	2.2 1.7 0.9 1.2 1.1	1.8 1.3 0.6 0.9 0.9	1.4 0.5 1.0	2.1 1.8 0.9 1.5 0.9	2.7 1.4 0.7 0.5 0.9	3.3 0:8 - - -	2.4 1.7 1.0 0.7 1.3
\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,749 \$2,750 to \$2,999	1.6 0.6 1.5 0.4	1.2 0.6 1.8 -	1.8 0.5 1.4 0.6	1.7 0.7 1.5 0.2	1.0 0.5 1.4	2.1 0.9 1.5 0.3	1.4 0.3 1.7 0.7	1.7 0.8 2.5 -	1.3 1.3 1.0
\$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 or more Not reported	1.9 1.0 1.2 0.4	0.9 0.9 2.4 0.6	2.4 1.0 0.5 0.4	2.0 0.9 1.2 0.4	1,4 1.4 2.4 -	2.3 0.6 0.6 0.6	1.6 1.2 1.0 0.5	2.5 1.7	2.4 1.7 0.3
5 minors or more	8.7	9.1	8.5	6.9	8.1	6.2	11.7	10.8	12.1
\$999 or less \$1,000 to \$1,249 \$1,250 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,749 \$1,750 to \$1,999	0.9 0.1 0.6 0.7 0.2	0.9 - 0.3 0.3	0.8 0.1 0.7 1.0 0.3	0.4 0.2 0.4	0.5	0.3 0.3 0.3	1.7 0.2 1.2 1.4 0.5	1.7 0.8 -	1.7 0.3 1.3 2.0 0.7
\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,749 \$2,750 to \$2,999	1.2 1.0 1.2 0.2	0.9 0.9 1.2	1.3 1.1 1.2 0,3	0.7 1.1 1.3 0.2	0.5 1.4 1.4	0.9 0.9 1.2 0.3	1.9 0.9 1.2 0.2	1.7 0.8	2.0 1.3 1.3 0.3
\$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 or more Not reported	1.2 0.7 0.7 0.1	2.4 0.9 0.9 0.3	0.5 0.5 0.6	1.2 0.7 0.7	2.4 0.5 1.0	0.6 0.9 0.6	1.0 0.5 0.7 0.3	2.5 1.7 0.8 0.8	0.3 0.7

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

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e No ^{de} Table 5.--RENT AS PERCENT OF INCOME BY FAMILY INCOME IN 1949 OF PRIMARY FAMILIES WITH NO SUBFAMILY OR SECONDARY FAMILY IN RENTER-OCCULIED SUBSTANDARD DUELLING UNITS, BY TRESENCE OF HINORS AND COLOR, FOR CANDEN, NEW JERSEY: 1950

A		Total			White		•	Nonwhite	
Gross rent as percent of income by family income	Total	No minors	With minors	Total	No minors	With minors	Total	No minors	With minors
Number of families	2,693	964	1,789	1,700	577	1,123	993	387	606
Percent of total	100.0	55.3	.64.2	63.1	21.4	41.7	36.9	14.4	22,5
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(1)	100.0
9 percent or less	9.8	10.0	9.7	9.4	11,1	3,6	10,4		11.8
10 percent to 14 percent	81.2	17.3	23.4	20.4	15.7	22.9	22.5	1	84.3
15 percent to 19 percent	17.5	17.3	17.6	17.6	18.5	17.1	17.3		18.4
20 percent to 24 percent	12.3	14.0	11.3	11.9	15.7	10.0	12.9	ļ	19,8
25 percent to 29 parcent	7.0	5.4	8.8	8.5	5.6	10.0	6.0	1 1	6.6
30 percent to 34 percent	6.1	8.8	4.9	6.0	8.3	4.8	6.4		5.3
35 percent or more Not reported	15.2	16.4	14.4	15.1 211.0	13.0	16.2	15.3		11,2
Not reported the sector of the	10.4	11 .3	9.8	~11.0	12.0	10,5	³ 9 •2		8.6
\$1,499 or less	22.2	24.9	20.7	17.3	16.7	17.6	30.5		26.3
9 percent or less	0,5	0.6	0.5	0 . 3	0.9		0,8		1.3
10 percent to 14 percent 15 percent to 19 percent	1.1	1.8	0.7	0.3	0.9	-	3.4		2.0
20 percent to 24 percent	1.4	0.8	1.7	0.3		0.5	3.2		3,9
25 percent to 29 percent	2.4	1.7	2.9	1.3	-	1.9	4.4		4.6
30 percent to 34 percent	3.6	5.7	2.4	2.8	4.6	1.9	4.8		3.3
35 percent or more	13.2	14.4	12.6	12.3	10.2	13.3	14.9		11.2
\$1,500 to \$1,999	12.8	10,9	18.9	12.6	12.0	13.9	13.3		15,8
9 percent or less					1 · · · ·	ļ			
10 percent to 14 percent	0.9	-	1.5	0,3	-		-		
15 percent to 19 percent	3.5	1.9	4.4	3.5	1.9	0.5	2.0	· ·	3,3
20 percent to 24 percent	3.4	3.9	3.2	2.8	3.7	2.4	3.6 4.4		4.6
25 percent to 29 percent	2.6	2.1	2,9	3.1	2.8	3.3	1.6		2.0
30 percent to 34 percent	1.0	· 1.5	0.8	0.9	1.9	0,5	1.2	1	1,3
35 percent or more	1.3	1.5	1.2	1.9	1.9	1,9	0.4		-
\$2,000 to \$2,499	16.7	16.3	16.9	16.4	17.6	15.7	17.3		19,1
9 percent or less	0.2		0.3	0.3		0.5			
10 percent to 14 percent	4.1	4.4	3.9	1.6	1.9	1.4	8.4		8.6
15 percent to 19 percent	4.3	3.6	4.7	3.8	4.6	3.3	5.2		7,2
20 percent to 24 percent	5.3	6.1	4.9	6.3	7.4	5.7	3.6	 	9.9
25 percent to 29 percent	1.6	0.6	2.2	2.5	0.9	3.3			1
30 percent to 34 percent	0.6	1.1	0.3	0.9	1.9	0.5	-	1	
35 percent or more	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.9	0.9	1.0	-		-
\$2,500 to \$2,999	12.1	8.4	14,1	12.6	9.3	14.3	11.2		13.8
9 percent or less	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.3		0.5	0.8		0.7
10 percent to 14 percent	4.6	1.1	6.5	4.4	1.9	5.7	4.8	1 ·	7.9
15 percent to 19 percent	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.8	2.8	4.3	3.6	4	2.6
20 percent to 24 percent		2.6	1.0	1.6	3.7	0.5	1.6		2.0
25 percent to 29 percent	0.8	0.6	0.9	1.3	0.9	1.4	-		
30 percent to 34 percent 35 percent or more	0.9		1.5	1.3		1.9	0.4		0.7
\$3,000 or over	25.9	28.1	24.6	30.2	32.4	29.0	195		16.4
				00.2	00.4	1.0.0	18.5		16,4
9 percent or less	8.6	9.0	8.4	8.5	10.2	7.6	8,8))	9.9
10 percent to 14 percent	11.6	11.8	11.5	14.2	12.0	15.2	7.2		4.6
15 percent to 19 percent	4.9	6.2	4.1	6.3	8.3	5.2	2.4		2.0
20 percent to 24 percent 25 percent to 29 percent	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.9	0.9	1.0	-		-
30 percent to 34 percent	0.2	0.6	-	0.3	0.9			1	-
35 percent or more	-	∥ · -	-			{ -	(-		-
		-	-	-	-	-	-	H. C.	-
Not reporting income or rent	10.4	11,3	9.8	g11.0	12,0	10,5	⁸ 9,2		8.6

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

¹ Percentage distribution is not shown where the number of cases in the sample is less than 100. ² Of the 11.0 percent 6.9 represents families reporting zero income in 1949. ³ Of the 9.2 percent 6.8 represents families reporting zero income in 1949. (44.5%)

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1950 CENSUS OF HOUSING

SPECIAL TABULATIONS FOR LOCAL HOUSING AUTHORITIES

December 28, 1950

Washington 25, D. C.

Series HC-6, No. 142

MACON, GEORGIA: APRIL 1950

This report is based on a transcription and tabulation of data from the 1950 Census of Population and Housing. The statistics relate to dwelling units considered substandard by the Public Housing Administration, in accordance with the contract for these statistics between the Bureau of the Census and the Housing Authority of the City of Macon.

A dwelling unit is considered substandard by the Public Housing Administration if it is either dilapidated or does not have the following plumbing facilities: flush toilet and bath inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use, and hot running water. The Public Housing Administration considers the absence of hot running water to be evidence generally of poor quality of the dwelling unit, but there may be some localities in which the absence of hot running water, is not deemed to be a sufficient indication by itself of poor quality. In such localities, a revised count of substandard units may be obtained from table 1 by subtracting from the total the units which lack hot water only. If it is desired to eliminate the units lacking hot water only from the total count of substandard units, the distributions shown in the tables will not be materially affected.

The criteria used to define substandard units in these tabulations are not identical with the housing characteristics included in the published reports from the 1940 Census. Therefore, any comparison of data in this report with the 1940 results must be made with extreme care. A direct comparison cannot be made with the 1940 results because information on hot running water was not collected at that time. Further, the 1940 data on condition were collected showing dwelling units "needing major repairs," whereas in 1950 data on condition were collected showing units as "dilapidated." Because the definitions of these two terms differ significantly, the 1940 count of dwelling units needing major repairs and the 1950 count of dilapidated dwelling units are comparable only in a general way.

In addition to the number of substandard units shown in the tables, there were 15 other units for which there was no report on either condition or the presence of one of the plumbing facilities. Had there been complete reporting on these items, some additional units might have been found to be substandard.

The data are presented in the series of attached tables. In table 1 the structural and occupancy characteristics are shown for all substandard dwelling units. Table 2 shows the rent paid for renter-occupied substandard units; table 3 shows the condition and plumbing facilities of these same units. Table 4 shows the characteristics of all families (both primary and secondary) living in the substandard units. Table 4a classifies the primary families by family income. Table 5 classifies primary femilies with no subfamily or secondary family present, by rent as a percent of family income.

In the contract rent tabulation, dwelling units occupied rent free are tabulated in the "\$9 or less" category. In the gross rent tabulations, however, such units are tabulated as "not reporting," except when utilities were reported.

DEFINITIONS

The definitions used in this special tabulation are generally the same as those used in the 1950 Census of Population and Housing. Some of the more important definitions are given below.

<u>Dwelling unit</u>.--In general, a dwelling unit is a group of rooms or a single room, occupied, or intended for occupancy, as separate living quarters by a family or other group of persons living together or by a person living alone.

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<u>Primary family</u>.--A primary family consists of two or more persons including the head of the household and all (one or more) persons in the household who are related to the head by blood, marriage, or adoption. It may include a subfamily consisting of a married couple with or without children, or one parent with one or more children under 18 years of age, living in the household and related to but not including the head of the household or his wife. The subfamily is considered a part of the primary family for all tabulation purposes.

Secondary family.--A secondary family consists of two or more persons, such as a lodger or servant and his relatives, living in a household and related to each other but not related to the household head. The secondary family is considered a separate family for tabulation purposes.

<u>Minor</u>.--A minor is an unmarried person under 21 years of age other than the head of a family or his wife.

Dilapidation.--A dwelling unit is considered to be dilapidated when it has serious deficiencies, is rundown or neglected, or is of inadequate original construction, so that it does not provide adequate shelter or protection against the elements or it endangers the safety of the occupants.

Plumbing facilities.--The following are the three plumbing facilities tabulated: 1. Flush toilet inside the structure for

the unit's exclusive use;

 Installed bathtub or shower inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use; and
 3. Hot and cold running water inside the structure.

Exclusive use. -- Equipment is for "exclusive use" if it is used only by the occupants of one dwelling unit.

Shared. -- Equipment is "shared" when occupants of two or more units use the same equipment.

Family income.--Family income is the sum of the income received during 1949, by all members of the family. The following items were asked separately for the head of the family and for all other members of the family combined:

1. The amount of money wages or salary received in 1949;

2. The amount of net money income received from self-employment in 1949; and

3. The amount of other money income received in 1949, such as interest, dividends, veterans allowances, pensions, or rents.

<u>Gross rent</u>.--Monthly gross rent is contract rent plus the reported average monthly cost of water, electricity, gas, and other fuel paid for by the renter. If furniture is included in the contract rent, the reported estimated rent of the dwelling unit without furniture is used for the computation instead of the contract rent.

SOURCE AND RELIABILITY OF THE DATA

The figures shown in this report are based on the transcribed data for all white-occupied substandard dwelling units and about one-fifth of the nonwhite-occupied substandard units. The income distributions for both white families and nonwhite families were prepared from data collected on a sample basis since, in the 1950 Census, only one family in five was asked to report family income. The transcribed data were supplemented by an actual count of the total number of nonwhite-occupied substandard units, even though the housing, family, and income distributions were based on a sample.

Although some of the figures in the tables are based on the same data as the forthcoming 1950 Census tabulations, they may differ from those to be published as part of the Census. The present tables were obtained by tabulating directly the data as transcribed in the figures, therefore, do not include all of the refinements that result from a careful examination of the schedules.

In addition, the data are subject to other biases due to errors of response and to nonreporting which cannot be corrected in editing. Factors affecting accuracy of reporting are the respondent's knowledge of the facts and the ability of the enumerator to obtain accurate information on such items as income, rent, dilepidation, and plumbing facilities. The regular 1950 tabulations are also subject to these biases.

Reliability of Estimates

Because of sampling variability, income data for white families and all data for total and for nonwhite households may differ from the fifures that would have been obtained from a complete count. (The numbers of occupied dwelling units, by race of occupant, are complete counts which are not subject to sampling variations.) The reliability estimates which follow give approximate measures of the sampling errors to be expected in these sample data.

Reliability of percentages, -- The allowance to be made for sampling variation in a percentage depends, in general, both on the value of the percentages and the size of the base on which it is determined. If two percentages are of the same magnitude, the one based on a large number

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of cases in the sample is, in general, less variable than the one based on a small number of sample cases.

Estimates of reliability are shown in the following table for percentages with bases of dwelling units or families of the specified types. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the differences due to sempling variability between the percentages obtained from the sample and the percentages which would have been obtained from a complete census would be less than the sampling error shown below.

To illustrate, for a figure of 10 percent based on nonwhite primary families living in substandard renter dwelling units, the sampling variability is 1.8 percent; the chances are about 19 out of 20 that the percentage obtained by a complete census would have been between 8.2 percent and 11.8 percent.

The sampling variability of a specified percentage of total ramilies or dwelling units with designated characteristics, tables 1 through 4, will vary according to the proportion of nonwhite families or honwhite-occupied units making up this percentage. The maximum sampling error to be expected of such a figure would occur when only nonwhite data are included. If the percentage includes only white data, no sampling error is present.

			ı	Sampling	g variabili	ty if base	9 is			
Percentage shown	All nonwhite- occupied		All prim	ary famili dwellir	All primary families with no sub- family or secondary family pre- sent, in substandard renter units					
in table	substandard dwelling	To	tal	Wh:	ite	Nonw	hite	Total	No	With
	unita	Owner	Renter	Owner	Renter	Owner	Renter	10041	minors	minors
3.5 1.0 2.0 3.0 4.0 5.0 10.0 15.0 25.0 25.0 25.0 30.0 40.0 50.0	* 0.3 0.5 0.7 0.9 1.0 1.4 1.7 1.9 3.1 2.0 2.1 2.0 2.1	0.6 0.8 1.2 1.4 1.6 1.8 2.5 0.0 3.6 3.6 3.6 5.8 4.0 4.1	0.3 0.5 0.7 0.8 0.9 1.0 1.4 1.7 1.9 2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4	0.9 1.3 1.9 2.8 2.9 4.0 4.8 5.4 5.4 5.4 5.4 5.8 6.1 5.6 6.7	0.5 0.8 1.1 1.3 1.5 1.7 2.3 2.7 3.0 3.3 3.5 3.7 3.8	$\begin{array}{c} 0.7\\ 1.0\\ 1.5\\ 1.8\\ 2.1\\ 2.3\\ 3.2\\ 3.8\\ 4.2\\ 4.5\\ 4.8\\ 5.1\\ 5.3\end{array}$	0.4 0.6 0.8 1.0 1.2 1.3 1.8 2.2 2.4 2.6 2.8 3.0 3.0	0.3 0.5 0.7 0.8 1.0 1.1 1.5 1.8 2.0 2.1 2.3 2.4 2.5	0.5 0.7 1.0 1.2 1.4 1.6 2.2 2.6 2.9 3.1 3.3 3.5 3.6	0.5 0.7 0.9 1.2 1.3 1.5 2.0 2.4 2.7 2.9 3.1 3.3 3.4

Reliability of absolute figures.--The approximate sampling variability of the absolute figures for nonwhite households, tables 1 through 5, is shown below. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the differences between the numbers shown in the tables and the numbers that would have been obtained from a complete census would be less than the sampling errors which follow.

Size of absolute figure	Sampling variability ¹	Size of absolute figure	Sampling variability ¹
50	30	2,000	155
100	40	2,000	170
350	65	4,000	170
500	90	5,000	160
1,000	1:20	3,000	130
1,500	140	7,000	60

¹ Applies to nonwhite families and nonwhite-occupied units, tables 1 through 5.

The following is the approximate sampling variability of the absolute figures for white families, table 5. (All other absolute figures for white households represent complete counts and are not subject to sampling variations.) The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the differences between the estimates and the figures that would have been obtained from a complete census would be less than the sampling errors shown below.

Classification	Absolute figures for white fami- lies, table 5	Sampling variability
Total No minors With minors	1 690	41. 89 90

<u>Reliability of differences.--The estimates</u> of sampling variability in the above tables are not directly applicable to differences obtained by subtracting one figure from another. The sampling variability in an observed difference between two figures depends on the sampling variability of each of the figures and the correlation between them. Table 1.--STRUCTURAL AND OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS, CONDITION, AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY TENURE AND COLOR OF OCCUPANTS, FOR MACON, GEORGIA: 1950

(A substandard dwelling unit is defined by the Public Housing Administration as a unit which is either dilapidated or does not have all of the following plumbing facilities: flush toilet and bath inside the stru^ture for the unit's exclusive use, and hot running water)

		Total			White		Nonwhite			
Characteristic	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Rent	
•	TOPAT	OWIGI								
Total number occupied substandard	10 050	0 000	۳00 م	3,713	1,017	2,696	7,237	1,706	5,5	
dwelling units	10,950	2,723	8,227 75,1	33.9	9,8	24.6	66.1	15,6	50	
Percent of total	100.0	D'te7	<u>(</u>	<u> </u>						
NUMBER OF ROOMS										
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	10	
room	5.7 81.2	1.3 7.7	7.2 39.0	7.2 29.0	2.5 10.6	9.0 86.0	5.0 32.3	0.6 6.0	4	
MOOMS	35.3	26.4	38.2	31.6	24.4	34.3	37.2	27,6	4	
TOOMS	15.3	31.0	10.2	17.2	28.0	18.1	14.4	32.7	ļ.	
70000A	7.7	20.4	3,5	9.2	20.4 9.6	5.0 1.3	6.9 2.7	20.4		
rooms	3.0 0.7	9.4 2.1	0.9	1.1	2.7	0.4	0.5	1.8	1	
rooms	0.5	0.7	0.2	P	1.4	0.1	0.2	0.3		
ot reported	0.7	0.9	0.7	0.7	0,5	0.7	0.8	1.2	1.	
CONDITION										
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	<u> </u>	
ot dilapidated	50.2	63.8	45.6		68.6	66.1	41.6	61.0 38.7		
tinnidated	48.6 1.2	35.4	53.0	11	29.9	38.9 1.6	57.3	0.3		
ot reported	(A									
WATER SUPPLY		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	1.00.0	100.0	100.0		
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0		51.1	51.8				
ot and cold piped running water inside structure	19.0	28.4	17.5		45.6	42.6	-			
mly cold piped running water inside structure	41.3	22.9	45.2				1			
to piped running water inside structure	0.1	0.1	(¹)				1	-	-	
TOILET FACILITIES		1								
	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0	<u>)</u>	
Fluen toilet inside structure, exclusive use	27.5	48.1	20.6		42.1					
Flush toilet inside structure, shared	24.3	21.3	25.3							
Other toilet facilities (including privy)	48.0	30.4 0.2							-	
Not reported							ļ			
BATHING FACILITIES			200	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	0	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	,	100.0		1	
Installed bathtub or shower inside structure, exclusive use	15.0	25,6	11.6	27.0	34.9	84.0	8.1	20.1	1	
Installed bathtub or shower inside structure, shared		1.9.2	21.9			61.			- L	
Cher or none	63.4	54.8	66.8	3 15.1				- 11	. 1	
Not reported	0.3	0.8	0.8	0.2	0.8	0.1	8 0.8	B 0.8	8	
NUMBER OF PERSONS										
Total										
1 person	18.1	10.9		- H						
2 persons	19.8						7 17.8	18.		
A mensions	• 14 _• L		18.8	3 1.5.6						
5 newsons	• U•-i	9.4								
6 neverne	. 0.3									
17 nangong	. 3.4						9 2,	8 2.	7	
8 persona	. 3.0						8 4.1	0 В.	1	
NUMBER OF LODGERS										
Total	. 100.0	100.0	100.	0 100.0	100,0	<u>0 100.</u>	0 100,			
None		90.	3 98.	4 95.4	1 92.	9 96.	4 91.	8 69.	2	
None 1 or more lodgers	7.5		4 6.	- B				7 10.	al -	

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Table 1.--STRUCTURAL AND OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS, CONDITION, AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY TENURE AND COLOR OF OCCUPANTS, FOR MACON, GEORGIA: 1950--Con.

(A substandard dwelling unit is defined by the Public Housing Administration as a unit which is either dilapidated or does not have all of the following plumbing facilities: flush toilet and bath inside the structure for the unit's exclusive use, and hot running water)

		Total			White		. Þ	lonwhite	
Oharacteristic	Total.	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter
CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES									
	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Total	100.0	100+0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Not dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet,						. • .		1	
no hot running water	7.8	14.9	5.4	12.4	16.6	10,9	5.4	18.8	2.8
With private flush toilet, no private bath		16.4	6.0	4.5	5.6	4.1	10.7	22.8	6,9
With running water, no private flush toilet	21.3	21.8	21.1 12.9	48.0 1.7	44.8 1.3	49.1 1.9	7,6	8.1 16.2	7.5 18.3
No running water inside the structure	12.4	10.6	15.9	1.7	1.0	₽	17.0	10.5	70*9
Dilapidated:									
With private bath and private flush toilet, hot and cold running water	3.2	5.4	2.4	7.5	8.8	7.0	0.9	8.3	0.2
With private bath and private flush toilet,									
no hot running water	8.7	3.4	2.4	4.4	6.1 4.2	3.7 1.9	1.8 6.2	1.8 9.6	1.8
With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet	5.0 10.9	7.6	4.1 12.3	2.5 13.7	8.9	15.5	9.4	5.4	10.0
No running water inside the structure		12.1	91.5	3.0	1.6	9.6	38.9	18.3	45
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	1.6	1,1	1.7	ົຂ.ຂ	2.0	2.2	1.3	0.6	1,5
CONDITION BY NUMBER OF PLUMBING FACILITIES									
Total	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0
Not dilapidated;							· · · ·		
Lacking 1 facility	9.0	17.3	6.3	15.1	20.2	13.2	5.9	15,6	3.0
Lacking 2 facilities		28.9	17.2	87.5		37.5	11.1	23.4	7.8
Lacking 3 facilities	20.9	17.6	22.0	14.0	10.4	15,4	84.5	21.9	25.3
Dilspidated:				7.5			0.9	3.3	0.2
Vith all facilities Lacking 1 facility	3.2	5.4	2.4 2.5	4,8		7.0 4.1	1.8	8.1	1.8
Lacking 2 facilities		9.1	6.7	8.5		8.6	6.7	9.6	5.7
Lacking 3 facilities	85.1	16.9	41.1	10.4	5.9	12.1	47.8	23.4	55.8
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	1.6	1.1	1.7	2,.2	2.0	2.2	1.3	0.6	1.8
NUMBER OF DWELLING UNITS IN STRUCTURE					•				
Total	· 100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1 dwelling unit	47.7	72.6	39.5	84.5	43.2	17.4	69.7	90,1	50,8
2 to 4 dwelling units	46.0	26.0	52.6	61.7	54.0	64.7	87.9	9.8	46.8
5 or more dwelling units	6.3	1.4	7.9	18.8	· 2,9	18.0	2.4	0.6	S_(

Table 2.--CONTRACT AND GROSS RENT OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY COLOR OF COCUPANTS, FOR MACON, GEORGIA: 1950

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

Monthly rent	Total	White •	Nonwhite	Monthly rent	Total	White	Nonwhite
Total number renter-occupied				FURNITURE IN RENT			· .
substandard dwelling units	8,227	2,696	5,531	Total	100,0	100.0	100.0
Percent of total	100.0	32.8	67.2	Furniture included in contract rent Furniture not included in contract	9.0	26.1	0.6
MONTHLY CONTRACT RENT				rent Not reported	84.1 6.9	67,4 6.5	92.2 7.1
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	MONTHLY GROSS RENT			
\$9 or less	48.4	12.3	66.0	Total	100,0	100.0	100.0
\$10 to \$14	18.2	12.5		\$9 or less	5,5	2.1	7.2
\$15 to \$19 \$20 to \$24	8.5	12.3		\$10 to \$14 \$15 to \$19	17.8 24.7	6.5 12.3	29.8 30.7
\$25 to \$29	6.5 5.3	11.8	3.9 1.1	\$20 to \$24	19.5	16,9	20,8
•				\$25 to \$29	12.0	17.2	9.4
\$30 to \$34 \$35 to \$39	8.9	10.7	0.6		7.5	15.2	1 3. 8
\$40 to \$49	3.3 4.2	9.8	• • 0 . 2	\$35 to \$39 \$40 to \$49	4.2 4.0	9.8 10.7	1.5
PJU OF more	1.1	3.3	· · · · -	\$50 or more	1.5	4.2	0.2
Not reported	0.8	0.8	. 0.7	Not reported	8.1	5.0	2.2

Table 3.--CONDITION AND PLUMBING FAGILITIES OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY GROSS RENT, FOR MACON, GEORGIA: 1950

\$20 to \$24	\$25 to \$29	\$30 to \$34	\$35 to \$39	\$40 to \$49	\$50 or more	Not
					more	reported
1,608	987	621	346	830	123	259
19.5	12.0	7.5	4.2	4.0	1.5	3.1
1.0 1.6 3.9 3.4	0.9 0.9 - 3.8 1.6	0.8 0.8 3.1 0.4	0.4 0.4 2.0 0.1	0.3 0.3 2.0 0.1	0.1 0.2 0.7	0+2 0+2 0+9 0+5
0.8 0.8 0.9 2,0 5,5	0.3 0.6 0.8 1.5 1.8	0.6 0.5 0.4 0.8 0.1	0.2 0.3 0.4	0.1 (1) 0.4 0.1	0.8 (1) (1) 0.2	(1) (1) (1) 0.1
	1.0 1.6 3.9 3.4 0.2 0.8 0.9 2.0 5.5	1.0 0.9 1.6 0.9 3.9 3.8 3.4 1.6 0.2 0.3 0.8 0.6 0.9 0.8 2.0 1.5 5.5 1.3	1.0' 0.9 0.8 1.6 0.9 0.8 3.9 3.8 3.1 3.4 1.6 0.4 0.2 0.3 0.6 0.8 0.6 0.5 0.9 0.8 0.4 2.0 1.5 0.8 5.5 1.8 0.1	1.0' 0.9 0.8 0.4 1.6 0.9 0.8 0.4 3.9 3.8 3.1 2.0 3.4 1.6 0.4 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.6 0.4 0.8 0.6 0.5 0.2 0.9 0.8 0.4 0.3 2.0 1.5 0.8 0.4 5.5 1.3 0.1 -	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

1 Less than 0.05 percent.

Table 3a.--CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY GROSS RENT, FOR WHITE HOUSEHOLDS, FOR MACON, GEORGIA: 1950

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

					Monthly g	ross ren	t		
Condition and plumbing facilities	Total	\$19 or less	\$20 [°] to \$24	\$25 to \$29	\$30 to \$34	\$35 to \$39	\$40 to \$49	\$50 or more	Not reported
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	`				
Total number renter-occupied ; substandard dwelling units	2,696	562	456	465	411	264	289	113	136
Percent of total	100.0	20.8	16.9	17.2	15.2	9.8	10.7	4.2	5.0
Not dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet,					· ·		•		
no hot running water	10.9		2.0	1.4	1.3	0•6	0.6	0.1	0.4
With private flush toilet, no private bath	4.1		0.8	0.6	0.4	0.4	0,6	0.3	0.9
With running water, no private flush toilet	49.1		.7.6	9.7	8.4	6.0	6.0	2.2	
No running water inside structure	1.9	0,7	0.6	0,9	. 0.1	0.1	-	++	0,1
Dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet,									
hot and cold running water	7.0	0.1	0.3	0.8	1.8	1.1	8.0	0.9	
no hot running water	3• 7	0.3	1.1	0.9	0.6	0.3	0.3	0,1	·(¹)
With private flush toilet, no private bath		0.5	0.7	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	(1)	0.1
With running water, no private flush toilet		4.5	2.B	2.6	2.2	1.0	1.0	0,5	1.0
No running water inside structure	3.6	2.2	• 0 . 6	0,9	0.1	-		-	0.4
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	2.2	0.7	0.4	0.5	• 0.2	0.2	0.2	·	. (1)

1 Less than 0.05 percent.

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Table 3b.--CONDITION AND PLUMBING FACILITIES OF RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY GROSS RENT, FOR NONWHITE HOUSEHOLDS, FOR MACON, GEORGIA: 1950'

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

					Monthly g	roas ren	t		
Condition and plumbing facilities	Total	\$19 or less	\$20 to \$24	\$25 to \$29	\$30 to \$34	\$35 to \$39	\$40 to \$49	\$50 or more	Not reported
Total number renter-occupied substandard dwelling units	5,581	8,891	1,152	522	210	82	41	10	128
Percent of total	· 100.0	61.3	20.8	9.4	8.8	1,5	0.7	0.2	2,2
Not dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	2.8 6.9 7.5 18.3	0.2 2.2 3.7 10.4	0.5 1.9 2.1 4.7	0.7 1.0 0.9 2.2	0.6 0.9 0.5 0.5	0.8 0.4 0.1 0.2	0.2 0.8 0.1 0.1	0.1 0.1 	0.2 0.2 0.1 0.3
Dilapidated: With private bath and private flush toilet, hot and cold running water With private bath and private flush toilet, no hot running water With private flush toilet, no private bath With running water, no private flush toilet No running water inside structure	0.2 1.8 5.2 10.6 45.2	0.1 2.1 7.1	0.1 0.6 1.0 1.7 8.0	0.1 0.5 1.1 0.9 1.9	0.4 0.6 0.1 0.1	0.1 0.4 0.1	- - 0.1 0.1	-	0.1 0.6 0.6
Not reporting condition or plumbing facilities	1.5	0.9	0.2	·0.1	0.2			·	0.1

Table 4.--CHARACTERISTICS OF FAMILIES IN SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY TENURE AND COLOR, FOR MACON, GEORGIA: 1950

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

Characteristic	Total				White		Nonwhite		
CHATAG CET 18 CIC	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter
Total number of families	9,889	2,414	6,925	8,234	867	2,367	6,105	1,547	4,558
Percent of total	100.0	25,8	74.2	34.6	9.8	25.3	65.4	16.6	48.6
TYPE OF FAMILY	,								
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
rimary family Secondary family	98.4 1.6	97.4 2.6	98.8 1.2	99.8 0.17	98.7 1.3	99.5 0.5	98.0 2.0	96.7 3.3	98.4 1.6
NUMBER OF PERSONS IN FAMILY									
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2 persons 3 persons 4 persons 5 persons 5 persons 7 persons 8 persons or more.	39.0 21.3 15.7 9.0 6.0 3.7 5.4	84.5 19.2 17.3 10.2 6.0 4.1 8.7	40.5 22.0 15.1 8.6 6.0 3.5 4.3	37.1 26.8 17.3 9.6 4.6 2.2 2.4	83.3 24.0 18.0 12.5 5.5 2.7 4.0	88.5 27.8 17.0 8.5 4.3 2.0 1.9	89.9 18.4 14.8 8.7 6.7 4.4 7.0	35.1 16.6 16.9 8.9 6.3 5.0 11.3	41. 19. 14. 8. 6. 4. 5.
NUMBER OF PERSONS PER ROOM IN DWELLING UNIT			н ж						
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	1.00.
0.50 or less 0.51 to 0.75 0.76 to 1.00 0.01 to 1.50 1.51 to 2.00 2.01 or more 1.51 to 2.00	7.9 17.7 30.7 18.1 15.4 9.8 0.5	20.3 20.4 25.8 15.4 11.4 6.0 0.7	S.6 16.7 32.4 19.0 16.7 11.1 0.4	8.8 19.2 88.9 19.9 13.1 5.2 0.4	19.8 25.0 28.1 15.6 8.1 3.1 0.2	4.0 17.1 86.0 21.4 15.0 6.0 0.5	7.7 16.9 29.0 17.1 16.5 12.2 0.5	20.5 17.9 24.5 15.2 13.2 7.6 1.0	3.4 16.1 30.4 17.4 17.4 15.4 0.1
NUMBER OF MINORS IN FAMILY								•	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	1.00.0	100.0	1.00.0	100.0	100.
o minors minor. minors minors minors minors minors or more	44.6 21.9 18.7 7.5 4.8 3.5 4.0	45.6 19.0 14.0 8.7 3.0 4.1 5.6	44.3 23.0 13.6 7.0 5.5 3.3 3.4	41.6 28.8 15.9 6.8 4.0 1.7 1.2	43.7 24.6 15.2 8.8 4.2 2.1 1.5	40.8 30.4 16.1 6.1 3.9 1.5 1.1	46.2 18.3 12.5 7.8 5.3 4.4 5.5	46.7 15.9 13.2 8.6 2.3 5.3 7.9	46. 19. 12. 7. 6. 4. 4.

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Table 4a.--INCOME IN 1949 OF PRIMARY FAMILIES IN SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY NUMBER OF MINORS, TENURE, AND COLOR, FOR MACON, GEORGIA: 1950

Family income by		Total.	·		' White		Nonwhite		
number of minors	Total.	Owner:	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter
Total number of primary families	9,194	2,352	6,842	3,212	856	2 ,3 56	5,982	1,496	4,486
Percent of total	100.0	25.6	74.4	34.9	9.8	25,6	65.1	16.3	48.8
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
\$999 or less \$1,000 to \$1,249	28.3 8.8	20.7	24.2 9.2	11.4 4.0	11.9 5.1	11.3 3.6	29.7 11.4	25.7 8.9	31.1 12.2
\$1,250 to \$1,499	7.7	7.7	7.7	4.8	5,6	4.5	9.2	8.9	9.4
\$1,500 to \$1,749 \$1,750 to \$1,999	10.1. 7.6	9.2 6.9	10.4 7.9	6.2 5.4	7.3 2.8	5.8 6.4	12.2 8.8	10.3 9.2	12,8 8,7
\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499	7.4 4.7	7.3 4.5	7.5 4.8	6.6 6.2	6.2 5.6	5.8 6.4	7.9 3.9	7.9 3.8'	7.9 4.0
\$2,500 to \$2,749 \$2,750 to \$2,999	5.2 3.4	5.8	5.0 8.8	7.4	5.6 2.8	8.1 6.6	4.0 2.3	5.8 2.1	8.4 2.4
\$3,000 to \$3,999	10.1	12.5	9.8	18.4	16.9	18.9	5.7	9,0	4.2
\$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 or more	3.1 2.6	3.4 4.1	3.0 2.0	7.2 6.6	6.2 10.2	7.5 5.3	0.9 0.4	1.7 C.7	0.6
Not reported	5,9	8.2	5.1	10.2	13.6	9 . C	3.6	5.1	3,1
No minors \$999 or less	<u>44.6</u> 11.8	43.6	44.9 11.9	41.9 6.6	89.5 6.8	42.8 6.6	46.0 14.6	45.9 14.4	46.0
\$1,000 to \$1,249	. 4.1	3.4	4.3	1.7	2.8	· 1.3	5.3	3.8	5.8
\$1,250 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,749	3.1 4.9	2.6 5.6	3.2 4.7	2.2 3.1	1.7	2.4	3.5 5.8	3.1 5.8	8.7 5.8
\$1,750 to \$1,999 \$2,000 to \$2,249	3.5 3.4	.3.2 3.2	3.6 8.5	2,4 2 . 5	1.1 2.8	2.8 2.4	4.1 3.9	45 3.4	4.0
\$2,250 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,749	1.9 1.9	1.7 1.7	1,9 2,0	2.0 2.7	1.7 2.3	2.1 2.8	1,8 1,5	1.7 1.4	1.8 1.6
\$2,750 to \$2,999	1.8	0.7	1.6	1.9	-	2.6	L.0	1.0	1.0
\$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999	3.7 1.3	8.4 1.5	8.8 1.2	7.7 3.1	4.0 2.8	9.0	1.6 0.3	3.1 0.7	1,1
\$5,000 or more Not reported	1.0 2.7	1.5 3.6	0.8 2.4	2.4 3.6	8.4 5.1	2.1 3.0	0.2 2.2	0.3 2.7	0,1 2,1
One minor	22.3	19.5	23.3	30.3 ⁻	26.0	31.9	18.1	15.8	18.8
\$999 or less \$1,000 to \$1,249	4.7 1.6	3.6 1.9	5.0 1.5	3.1 0.7	3.4 1.1	3.0 0.6	5.5 2.1	9.3 2.4	6.1 1.9
\$1,250 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,749	1.8	1.3	1.9	1.8 2.0	2.3	1.7	1.7	0.7	. 2,1
\$1,750 to \$1,999	1.5	1.1	1.4	1.8	0.6	2.1 2.8	2.5 1.4	0.7	8.1 1.0
\$2,000 to \$2,249 \$2,250 to \$2,499	1.4 1.3	0.4 1.5	1.7 1.3	2.4 2.3	0.6	3.0 2.3	0.9	0.3	1.0
\$2,500 to \$2,749 \$2,750 to \$2,999	1.5 1.0	1.3 0.6	1.6	3.2 1.8	2.3 1.1	3.6 2.1	0.6	0.7	· 0.6 0.7
\$3,000 to \$3,999	. 8.2	3.0	1.9	4.0	4.5	3.8	1.2	2.1	0.9
\$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 or more	1.0	0.8	1.1	2.4 1.6	1.7 2.3	2.6 1.3	0.3 0.2		0.2 0.1
Not reported	1.5 13.5	1.3	1.5	3.4	2.3	3.8	0.4	0.7	0.3
Two minors \$999 or less	3.2	14.9	13.0	15.1	17.5	14.3	.12.6	13.4	12.3
\$1,000 to \$1,249 \$1,250 to \$1,499	0.9	0.2 1.1	1.1	0.7		0.9	0.9		1.1
\$1,500 to \$1,749 \$1,750 to \$1,999	1.1	1.3 0.9	1.1 1.2	0.8	0.6	0.9	1.3	1.7	1.1
\$2,000 to \$2,249	1.1	1.5	1.0	1.3	2.3	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0
\$2,250 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,749	0.6	0.6 0.9	0.5	1.3		1.3	0.2	0.3	0.1
\$2,750 to \$2,999 \$3,000 to \$3,999	0.4	8	0.5	0,8	.0.6	0.9	0.2		0.2
\$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 or more	0.4	0.4	1.5	11 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0.6	3.4 1.1	0.7	0.3	0,6
Not reported	0.9		0.4	1.0		0.9	0.1		0.1

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

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Table 4a. -- INCOME IN 1949 OF PRIMARY FAMILIES IN SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY NUMBER OF MINORS, TENURE, AND COLOR, FOR MACON, GEORGIA: 1950--Con.

Family income by number of minors	Total				White		Nonwhite			
	Total.	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	Total	Owner	Renter	
			1			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Three or four minors	12.4	12.1	12.6	10.9	19.6	9.9	13.3	11.8	18.9	
999 or less	2.4	1.7	2.6	0.8	0.6	0.9	3.3	2.4	8.5	
1,000 to \$1,249	1.4	1.1	1.5	0.7	1,1	0.6	1.8	1.0	2.1	
1,250 to \$1,499	1.2	1.7	1.0	0.4	1.1	0.2	1.6	2.1	1.5	
1,500 to \$1,749	1.1	0.4	1.8	0.3		0.4	1.5	0.7	1.8	
1,750 to \$1,999				0.6	0.6	0.6	1.3			
1,790 10 \$1,999	1.0	0.6	1.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.0	0,7	, 1 ,5	
2,000 to \$2,249	0.8	1.1	0.7	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.9	1.4	. 0.8	
2,250 to \$2,499	0.7	0.2	0.9	0.7	0.6	0.8	0.7	-	0.9	
2,500 to \$2,749	0.5	0.7	0.5	0.4	-	0.6	0.6	1.0	0.5	
2,750 to \$2,999	0.6	0.6	0.5	1.0	1.1	0.9	0.3	0.3	0.8	
-,	0.0	•••								
3,000 to \$3,999	1.7	2.5	1.4	3.0	4,0	2.6	· 1.0	1.7	0.8	
4,000 to \$4,999	0.3	0.4	0.2	0.6	1.1	0.4	0.1	_	0.1	
5,000 or more	0.4	0.6	0.3	1.0	1.7	0.8	· -	-	-	
at reported	0.4	0.4	0.4	1.0	1.1	0.9	0.1	-	0.1	
	Ŭ									
5 minors or more	7.2	9.9	6.2	1.8	3.4	1.1	10.1	19.7	8.9	
999 or less	, 1.2	0.7	1.4	·		-	1.9	1.0	2.2	
1,000 to \$1,249	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.1	-	0.2	1.3	1.4	1.8	
1,250 to \$1,499	0.8	1.1	0.7		i		1.2	1.7	1.0	
1,500 to \$1,749	0.7	0.9	0.6				1.0	1.4	0.9	
1,750 to \$1,999	0.5	0.4	0.5				0.8	0.7	0.8	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	0.0	0.1	, ven	-	-) -1	0.0	· · · ·		
2,000 to \$2,249	0.8	1.1	0.7.		-	· 🔒	1.2	1.7	1.0	
2,250 to \$2,499	0.3	0.4	0.2	· -	-	· •	0.4	0.7	0.8	
2,500 to \$2,749	0.4	1.3	0.1	0,3	1.1	-	0.4	1.4	0.	
2,750 to \$2,999	0.1	0.2	0.1	-	-	-	0.2	0.3	0.	
					1				-	
3,000 to \$3,999	0.8	1.3	0.6	0.1	-	0.8	1.1	8.1	- Q . I	
4,000 to \$4,999	0.1	S.0.2	. 0,1	0,1	-	2.0	0.1	0.8	•	
5,000 or more	0.2	0.6	0,1	0.6	1.7	0,2	- · · -	_		
lot reported	0.5	0.9	0.4	0.4	0,6	0.4	0,5	1.0	0.	

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit)

Table 5 .-- RENT AS PERCENT OF INCOME BY FAMILY INCOME IN 1949 OF PRIMARY FAMILIES WITH NO SUBFAMILY OR SECONDARY FAMILY IN RENTER-OCCUPIED SUBSTANDARD DWELLING UNITS, BY PRESENCE OF MINORS AND COLOR, FOR MACON, GEORGIA: 1950

	Total				White		Nonwhite			
Gross rent as percent of income- by family income	Total	No minors	With minors	Total	No minors	With minors	Total	No minors	With minors	
Number of families	6,310	2,966	3,344	2,223	994	1,229	4,087	1,972	2,115	
Percent of total	100.0	47.0	53.0	35.2	. 15.8	19.5	64.8	31.3	38,5	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
ſ	17.9	18,6	17.3	.20.9	20.4	21.2	16,3	17.7	15.0	
9 percent or less 10 percent to 14 percent	25.3	23.8	26.6	28.0	29.8	26.6	23.8	20 . B	26.6	
15 percent to 19 percent	13.7	14.2	13.2	12.5	12.9	12.2	14.3	14.B	13.8	
20 percent to 24 percent	10.0	8.8	11.1 5.2	9,9	7.1 4.9	12.2 2.9	10.0	9.6 7.8	6,5	
25 percent to 29 percent 30 percent to 34 percent	5.8 4.2	6.5 3.0	5.3	3.0	8.2	3.6	4.9	3.4	6.3	
35 percent or more	12.3	13.7	11.1	79	8.4	6.1			14.0	
Not reported	10.8	11.5	10.1	¹ 14.7	14.2	15,1	15.2 8.6	16.4 10.1	7.3	
\$1,499 or less	36.9	38.7	35,3	16.1	19.1	13.7	48.2	48.6	47.9	
9 percent or less	0.9	0,8	1.1	0.6	0.9	0.4	1,1	0.8	1.5	
10 percent to 14 percent	4.6	4.3	5.0	1.2	0.9	1.4'	6,5	6.0	7.0	
15 percent to 19 percent	5.3	6.6	4.1	1.2	2.2	0.4	7.5	8,8	6.3	
20 percent to 24 percent	5.6	5.6	5.7	2.6	2.7	2.5	7.8	7.0	7.5	
25 percent to 29 percent 30 percent to 34 percent	4.6 3.6	5.3	3.9 4.5	2.4	3.6 0.9	1.4 1.4	5.8 4.9	6.2 3.4	5.8	
35 percent or more	12.3	1.3.6	11.1	7.0	8.0	6.1	15.2	16.4	14.0	
\$1,500 to \$1,999	1.7.9	17.5	18.3	11.7	12.0	11.5	21.8	20.3	22,9	
9 percent or less	.2.6	3.5	· 1.8	0.4	-	0.7	S.8	5,2	2.4	
10 percent to 14 percent	7.0	6.2	7.8	3.4	4.4	2.5	9.0	7.0	10.9	
15 percent to 19 percent	4.5	4.2	4.7	3.0	3.1	2.9	5.3	4.7	5.8	
20 percent to 24 percent	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.4	1.8	2.9	2.1	2.3	1.9	
25 percent to 29 percent 30 percent to 34 percent	1.1 0.5	1.0	1.2	1.0	0.9	1.1 1.4	1.1	1.0	1.2	
35 percent or more	0.1	0,1	-	0.2	0.4		-	-	-	
\$2,000 to \$2,499	12.2	11.7	12.6	12.7	10.2	14.7	11.9	12,5	11.4	
9 percent or less	3.9	4.1	2.7	1.2	0.9	1.4	4,5	5.7	3.4	
10 percent to 14 percent	5.7	5.7	5.6	6.2	6.2	6,1	5.4		5,8	
15 percent to 19 percent	1.7	1.1	2.3	2.4	1,3	3.2	1.4		1.1	
20 percent to 24 percent 25 percent to 29 percent	1.2	0.6	1.8	2.4	1.3	3.2	0.6	0.3	1.0	
30 percent to 34 percent	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.4	0.4		-		
35 percent or more		-	~	-		-	_	_		
ha raa 1 ha aaa						3.4.7				
\$2,500 to \$2,999	8,8	7.5	9.9	14.3	11.6	16.5	5.8	5.5	6.1	
9 percent or less	3.4	3.1	3.6	3.2	2.7	3.6	5.6	3.4	8.	
10 percent to 14 percent	3.4	3.0	3.8		5.3	6.1	2.1	1.8	. 8.	
15 percent to 19 percent 20 percent to 24 percent	1.3	1.1	1.6 0.9	3.6 1.8	2.7	4.3 2.5	0.1	0.8		
25 percent to 29 percent				, 1, 0		×				
30 percent to 34 percent	L	-	_				-	-	· · ·	
35 percent or more	-	-		-	-	· +	-	-	•	
\$3,000 or over	13.4	13.1	13.7	30,4	32.9	28.4	4.1	3.1	5.	
9 percent or less	7.7	. 7.1	8.2	15.5	16.0	15.1	3.4	2.6	4.	
10 percent to 14 percent	4.5	4.7	4.4	11.5		10,4	0.8	0.5	1,	
15 percent to 19 percent	0.8	1.2	0.5	2.4		1.4			· ·	
20 percent to 24 percent 25 percent to 29 percent	0.3	0.1	0,4	0,8	0,4	1.1	-	-		
30 percent to 34 percent	0.1		0.1	0.2		0.4		11		
35 percent or more		1 -		-						
					1				1	
Not reporting income or rent	10,8	11.5	10,1	114.7	14.2	15.1	² 8.6	10,1	7.	

(See table 1 for the Public Housing Administration definition of substandard dwelling unit) .

 1 Of the 14.7 percent 2.2 represents families reporting zero income in 1949. 2 Of the 3.6 percent 4.4 represents families reporting zero income in 1949.

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