REPORTS FOR INDUSTRIES

.

127185-33----17

.

251

MINES AND QUARRIES—COAL

INTRODUCTION

Scope of the report.—This report gives the results of the census of mines and quarries for 1929 for the coal-mining industries comprising the production of coal of all kinds-anthracite, bituminous coal, lignite, and intermediate varieties. It shows the progress of the industries by comparison of the results of the census for 1929 with those for the last three preceding censuses of mines and quarries; the geographic distribution of the industries by States and by principal producing counties; the size of operating enterprises; power equipment, by kind, number, and capacity; time in operation for enterprises and length of working week for wage earners; the numbers of persons engaged in the industry, classified as proprietors and firm members, salaried officers and employees, and wage earners; fuel consumption, by kind; and marketing channels through which coal moved from the producing enterprises. It includes also a table presenting statistics in detail for the United States as a whole and for those States for which separate figures can be given without disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises.

Nonproducing and small mines.-Nonproducing mines (development only) operated as separate enterprises represented an insignificant part of the coalmining industries. Only 19 such enterprises were reported, and these expended a total of \$281,519 on development work. The number and total production of mines too small to fall within the scope of the census (producing less than 1,000 tons) are not ascertainable for 1929. However, based upon special studies made for certain earlier years by the Bureau of Mines, there is a large number (probably as many as 1,000) of these supplying coal for local domestic consumption and small manufacturing enterprises. The total annual production of such mines has been roughly estimated from onehalf million tons to as high as 1,000,000 tons for different years. Data for these nonproducing and small mines are not included in any of the tables of this report.

Development work and preparation operations.— The statistics given include data for development work performed to advance the mining operations, as well as those for washing, crushing, screening, and other processes of preparation of the product.

Other operating income reported.—Segregated returns for coal mining were secured in most cases in which coal and clay or other minerals were produced by the same enterprise, usually in connection with the manufacture of clay products. Data for products other than coal included in the statistics of this report are shown in the following statement:

	OTHER OPERATING INCOME REPORTED									
ind ustry	Total	Electric energy sold	Services performed for others	Miscella- neous receipts						
Total	\$1, 086, 772	\$490, 501	\$330, 463	\$265, 808						
Anthracite (Penusylvania) Bituminous coal	100, 289 936, 483	47, 596 442, 905	42, 474 287, 989	10, 219 255, 589						

Varieties of coal.—Statistics are presented for the two main classes of coal produced in the United States—anthracite and bituminous coal. The statistics for anthracite relate only to its production in Pennsylvania by collicries, washeries, and dredges. The statistics for the bituminous-coal industry cover all other coal-mining activity, without regard to kind or quality of the product. Moreover, statistics by kinds of coal could not be satisfactorily presented for a number of States, however desirable such presentation might be, on account of the necessity to avoid disclosure of data for individual operations.

Method of reporting quantity and value of products.—The schedules used in this census called for data on the quantities of coal mined in 1929, to which other statistics given in the report apply. Data for coal consumed by mining enterprises themselves, as well as that supplied to miners and otherwise locally consumed, are included in the production figures.

Differences in the United States Bureau of Mines and the Bureau of the Census reports.-Table 1 gives figures for production of coal as reported by the United States Bureau of Mines and by the Bureau of the Census. The differences in the bituminous-coal figures are accounted for principally as follows: (1) Differences in the figures reported to the two bureaus by the operators, either in error, or for different periods (calendar year versus fiscal year); (2) certain reports were obtained by visits of field representatives of the Census Bureau to operators who did not report to the Bureau of Mines. The differences in the figures for anthracite are accounted for as explained in (1) for bituminous coal and, further, by some duplication due to the sale or transfer by some producers to other operators who prepared (cleaned, sized, etc.) the coal for market. This duplication was eliminated, it is believed, in all except a few cases, but these accounted for approximately one-half of the difference shown.

In general the two sets of figures agree very closely, and as they were obtained independently, each confirms the other. Thus, for bituminous coal, which is the largest of the mineral industries, the discrepancy

between the two records is less than one-half of 1 per cent in tonnage and 1.4 per cent in value. These differences were quite uniformly distributed among the various States. For anthracite, the differences are 1 per cent in tonnage and two-tenths of 1 per cent in value.

TABLE 1.—COMPARISON OF PRODUCTION AND VALUE AS REPORTED BY BUREAU OF THE CENSUS AND BY BUREAU OF MINES, FOR THE UNITED STATES: 1929

	BUREAU OF	THE CENSUS	BUREAU OF MINES 1			
INDUSTRY	Coal p	roduced	Coal produced			
	Quantity (tons, 2,000 pounds)	Value	Quantity (tons, 2,000 pounds)	Value		
United States	611, 988, 395	\$1, 350, 461, 299	608, 816, 788	\$1, 338, 424, 000		
Anthracite (Pennsylvania)Bituminous coal	74, 545, 900 537, 442, 495	384, 754, 011 965, 707, 288	73, 828, 195 534, 988, 593	385, 643, 000 952, 781, 000		

¹ Mineral Resources of the United States, 1929.

PRINCIPAL STATISTICS

Summary for the United States: 1929 (Table 2) .--This table presents, for the United States as a whole, the principal statistics for anthracite and bituminouscoal mines, separately, and the combined totals for all coal mines. The number of enterprises, 5,174, represents the number of individual returns received, not the number of individual operators. Operators were permitted to make combined returns covering two or more mines within a single county, and in other cases individual returns for each mine operated were received. The number of individual operators is, therefore, considerably smaller than the number of enterprises shown.

TABLE	2SUMMARY	FOR	THE	UNITED	STATES:	1929
	and the second	-				

		ANTHRACITE (Pen	nsylvania)	BITUMINOUS CO	AL
	Total	Number or amount	Per cent of total	Number or amount	Per cent of total
Number of enterprises ¹	5, 174 5, 923	198 2 303	3.8 · 5.1	4, 976 5, 620	96. 2 94, 9
Persons engaged, total	633, 035	150, 494	23, 8	482, 541	76.2
Proprietors and firm members	3, 021 28, 481 001, 533	38 7, 655 142, 801	$1.3 \\ 26.9 \\ 23.7$	2, 983 20, 826 458, 732	98. 7 73. 1 76. 2
Power equipment, total horsepower	4, 165, 652	1, 041, 465	25.0	3, 124, 187	75.0
Principal expenses, total *	\$1, 083, 637, 347	\$313, 400, 536	28, 9	\$770, 236, 811	71.
Salaries ⁵ Wages Oontract work Supplies Fucl Purchased electric energy	\$804, 767, 131 \$8, 691, 435	\$220, 907, 059 \$6, 801, 808 \$43, 367, 491	28. 428. 678. 329. 049. 617. 5	\$48, 840, 030 \$574, 800, 072 \$1, 889, 627 \$106, 438, 390 \$7, 529, 305 \$30, 739, 381	71.4 21. 71.6 50.4
Expenditures for development (included above in "Principal expenses")		\$7, 902, 000	32, 2	\$16, 646, 000	67.5
Value of products, total ^a	\$1, 351, 548, 071	\$384, 854, 300	28. 5	\$966, 693, 771	71.
Coal- Quantity (tons, 2,000 pounds) Value at mine Other products ?	611, 988, 395	74, 545, 900 \$384, 754, 011 \$100, 289	28, 5	537, 442, 495 \$066, 707, 288 \$986, 483	71.

Soc GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—The Enterprise.
 Includes 241 collieries (which also operated 11 washeries), 42 dredges, and 9 washeries operated independently.
 Not including data for salaried officers and employees of "Central Administrative" offices. (See Table 20.)
 See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—Persons Engaged.
 See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—Value of Products.
 Miscellancous secondary products, and receipts for services performed for others and for power sold.

The bituminous-coal industry ranked first in the value of products among the mining industries canvassed in the census for 1929. The total value of products reported (\$966,693,771) was 40.4 per cent of the total value of products of all mining industries (\$2,392,831,178) in 1929; and the number of wage earners employed (458,732) constituted 56.9 per cent of the total number of wage earners (806,418) employed in all mining enterprises in the United States.

The anthracite industry ranked second in value of products, being exceeded only by the bituminous-coal industry. The total value of products reported by the 198¹ enterprises (\$384,854,300) was 16.1 per cent of the total for all industries, and the number of wage earners employed (142,801) constituted 17.7 per cent of the total employed in all mining enterprises in the United States.

¹ Number of collieries, washeries, and dredges reported for the anthracite indus-try.—The term "colliery" is used in this report to designate a single unit producing fresh-mined authracite. If coal from several mine openings was propared at one breaker, this has been counted as one colliery. A few enterprises which did not operate breakers in connection with their mining operations are also counted as collieries. The total number of collieries thus defined was 241. In addition to the breaker in connection with their mining operations are also counted as collieries. The total number of collieries thus defined was 241. In addition to the included with those for collieries. There were also 42 dredges, and 9 culleries, dredges, and washeries (333) is distributed, therefore, as follows: Col-lieries; 241 (with which were reported 11 washeries); dredges, 42; and independ-ently operated washeries, 9. (See GENERAL EXTANATIONS—The Enterprise.). In Table 5, the number of collieries. The number is comparable with 361 for 1919, 420 for 1909, and 334 for 1902. Similarly, the number of collieries porated by collieries and is done include in Tables 10 and 16, does not include the count of washeries operated by collieries and is comparable with the number (261) shown for 1919.

Rank of States.—Table 3 gives the rank of coalproducing States according to the total value of products. The four leading States contributed 71.4 per cent of the total for bituminous coal, while the remainder was reported from 25 States. Pennsylvania contributed 47.9 per cent of the total value of products for the coal-mining industries, while the next ranking State, West Virginia, accounted for 16.1 per cent of the total.

Table 4 gives the rank of coal-producing States according to the quantity produced for 1929 and 1919.

TABLE 3.-STATES RANKED ACCORDING TO VALUE OF PRODUCTS: 1929

STATE	Number of enter- prises	Number of mincs 1	Wage earners (average for the year)	Value of products	STATE	Number of enter- prises		Wage earners (average for the year)	Value of products
United States	5, 174	5, 923	601, 533	\$1, 351, 548, 071	Wyoming Utah	35 36	50 40	4, 693 3, 452	\$17, 118, 580 13, 145, 832
Anthracite (Pennsylvania) Bituminous coal	198 4, 976	303 5, 620	$\begin{array}{c} 142,801\\ 458,732 \end{array}$	384, 854, 300 966, 693, 771	Iowa Oklahoma	167	172 113	5, 942 4, 716	\$17, 118, 580 13, 145, 832 11, 832, 816 10, 789, 776
Pennsylvania	1, 349	1, 690	263, 801	647, 310, 957	Missouri Tennessee	65	190 78 38	4,657	9, 667, 708 9, 369, 074
Anthracite Bituminous coal	198 1,151	303 1, 387	142, 801 121, 000	384, 854, 300 262, 456, 657	Washington New Mexico	32 28	38 43	2,835 3,120	8, 639, 739 8, 324, 312
West Virginia Illinois Kentucky Alabama	686 384 434 157	830 401 500 180	99, 217 49, 817 54, 904 24, 781	217, 022, 962 114, 617, 799 95, 647, 618 38, 564, 531	Montana Kansas Arkausas Maryland	150	68 155 86 63	1, 983 3, 405 3, 651 3, 042	7, 448, 138 6, 952, 829 6, 172, 710 4, 745, 279
Ohio Indiana Oolorado Virginia	222 173	561 235 176 88	21, 739 12, 860 10, 420 11, 956	36, 916, 271 31, 501, 936 26, 553, 407 21, 162, 036	North Dakota Texas Oregon Other States ²	1 22	115 20 3 22	994 1, 235 33 1, 458	3, 206, 931 1, 674, 171 85, 003 3, 077, 656

For anthracite, includes collieries, washeries, and dredges. See footnote, p. 254.
 Arizona, 4 enterprises; Georgia, 1; Michigan, 7; North Carolina, 1; South Dakota, 8. See headnote, Table 27.

TABLE 4.—LEADING STATES RANKED ACCORDING TO QUANTITY OF BITUMINOUS COAL PRODUCED: 1929 AND 1919

		1929		1919			1929	1919		
STATE	Rank	Coal produced, tons (2,000 pounds)	Rank	Coal produced, tons (2,000 pounds)	STATE	Rank	Coal produced, tons (2,000 pounds)	Rank	Coal produced, tons (2,000 pounds)	
Pennsylvania West Virginia Kentucky Illinois	1 2 3 4	144, 111, 440 139, 031, 057 60, 894, 039 60, 705, 123	1 2 5 3	$\begin{array}{c} 150,029,687\\77,617,115\\29,426,018\\60,330,650\end{array}$	Iowa Missouri Oklahoma Montana	13 14 15 10	4, 285, 368 3, 963, 458 3, 795, 174 3, 442, 518	11 15 16 17	5, 474, 240 3, 783, 714 3, 782, 704 3, 211, 719	
Ohio Indiana Alabama Virginia	5 0 7 8	24, 091, 756 18, 624, 508 18, 189, 453 12, 745, 100	4 6 7 9	35, 140, 541 20, 504, 791 15, 411, 436 9, 334, 786	Kansas Maryland New Mexico Washington	17 18 19 20	$\begin{array}{c} 2,986,190\\ 2,638,216\\ 2,631,512\\ 2,602,030 \end{array}$	12 19 18 20	5, 204, 388 2, 997, 336 3, 185, 484 2, 986, 910	
Colorado Wyoming Tennessee Utah	9 10 11 12	9, 832, 839 6, 700, 272 5, 405, 023 5, 131, 634	8 10 13 14	10, 182, 512 7, 212, 006 5, 132, 167 4, 592, 847	Arkansas Texas	21 22 23	1, 853, 604 1, 823, 524 1, 106, 397	24 22 21	767, 695 1, 440, 493 1, 588, 240	

PROGRESS OF THE INDUSTRY

Summary for the United States, 1902–1929, and for selected States, 1929 and 1919 (Table 5).—This table presents, for coal mines as a whole, and for anthracite and bituminous-coal mines, the principal statistics as reported at the last four censuses of mines and quarries, and by States for 1929 and 1919. For the periods 1902–1909 and 1909–1919 practically all items in the table show substantial increases, while the figures for 1929 show decreases as compared with 1919 for most of the items shown for the coal-mining industries. The decrease in the number of mines represents mainly the elimination of a considerable number of smaller and high-cost mines, many of which came into existence during the war period or were the result of abnormal conditions which prevailed in the bituminous-coal industry in 1919. The decreases in the principal items of expense are due principally to the lower price levels in 1929. The anthracite industry suffered a decline of 15.5 per cent from the production in 1919 to 74,545,-900 short tons in 1929, or 7.5 per cent less than the average annual production as reported by the United States Bureau of Mines for the decade 1919-1928. The production of bituminous coal in 1929, however, was 5.3 per cent greater than the average annual output for 1920-1929, while that for 1919 was exceptionally low on account of abnormal conditions. The figures, therefore, while reflecting the activities in the industries for the years specified, do not represent the true trend of change. (See Table 7 for production by years.)

TABLE 5.—SUMMARY FOR THE UNITED STATES AND FOR THE ANTHRACITE AND THE BITUMINOUS-COAL INDUSTRIES, 1929, 1919, 1909, AND 1902, AND FOR STATES, 1929 AND 1919

INDUSTRIES, 1929, 1919, 1909, AND 1902, AND FOR STATES, 1929 AND 1919												
STATE	Census year	Num- ber of enter- prises ¹	Num- ber of mines ²	Wage earners (average for the year) ³	Wages	Supplies, fuel, and purchased electric energy	Contract work	Value of prod- ucts 4	Coal pro- duced, tons (2,000 pounds)	A verage value per ton s	Horse- power rating of power equip- ment	
United States	1929 1919 1909 1902	5, 174 6, 890 4, 716 4, 528	5, 912 8, 643 6, 436 5, 986	601, 533 693, 170 657, 175 350, 329	\$804, 767, 131 892, 890, 541 374, 696, 545 220, 198, 401	\$202, 002, 821 253, 087, 366 72, 043, 898 37, 539, 702	\$8, 691, 435 4, 413, 811 3, 911, 186 1, 650, 535	\$1, 351, 548, 071 1, 510, 061, 707 550, 940, 828 367, 032, 069	611, 988, 395 548, 596, 344 457, 833, 640 301, 590, 439		4, 165, 652 3, 054, 848 1, 904, 154 955, 385	
crease (-): 1919-1929 1900-1919 1902-1909		-24.9 46.1 4.2	-31.6 34.3 7.5	-13.2 5.5 87.6	9.9 138.3 70.2	20.2 251.3 91.9	96. 9 12. 9 137. 0	-10.5 174.1 50.1	11, 6 19, 8 51, 8		36, 4 60, 4 99, 3	
Anthracite (Pennsylvania)	1929 1919 1909 1902	198 254 359 6 119	7292 361 420 334	142, 801 147, 372 169, 175 69, 691	229, 967, 059 210, 289, 473 92, 169, 906 38, 716, 113	57, 295, 739 73, 477, 646 26, 602, 088 12, 740, 780	6, 801, 808 1, 557, 845 1, 701, 514 406, 421	\$ 384, 854, 300 \$ 364, 084, 142 148, 957, 894 76, 173, 586	74, 545, 900 88, 170, 508 80, 881, 106 41, 373, 595	\$5. 16 \$4. 13 \$1. 84 \$1. 84	1, 041, 465 899, 783 676, 128 434, 220	
Per cont of increase or de- crease (-): 1919-1929. 1909-1919. 1909-2009.			-19, 1 -14, 0 25, 7	-3.1 -12.9 142.8	9.4 128.2 138.1		$ \begin{array}{r} 336.6 \\ -8.4 \\ 318.7 \end{array} $	5.7 144.4 95.6	-15.5 9.0 95.5	91. 84 24. 9 124. 5	15. 7 33. 1 55. 7	
Bituminous coal		4, 976 6, 636 4, 357 6 4, 409	5, 620 8, 282 6, 016 5, 652	458, 732 545, 798 488, 000 280, 638	574, 800, 072 682, 601, 068 282, 526, 639 181, 482, 288	144, 707, 082 179, 609, 720 45, 381, 810 24, 798, 922	· ·	⁸ 966, 693, 771 ⁸ 1, 145, 977, 565 ⁸ 401, 982, 934 290, 858, 483	537, 442, 495 460, 425, 836 376, 952, 534 260, 216, 844	\$1. 80 \$2. 49 \$1. 07 \$1. 12	3, 124, 187 2, 155, 065 1, 228, 026 521, 165	
Per cent of increase or de- crease (): 1919-1929 1909-1919 1902-1909	1902	-25.0 52.3 -1.2	3, 002 	-16.0 11.8 73.9		24, 798, 922 	-33.8 29.2 77.6		16. 7 22. 1 44. 9	\$1. 12 27. 7 132. 7 4. 5	45. 0 75. 5 135. 6	
Alabama Per cent of increase or decrease (—)	1929 1919	157 188 -16.5	180 260 30, 8	24, 781 24, 048 0. 5	23, 666, 802 28, 327, 420 -16, 5	7, 245, 609 7, 348, 551 -1, 4	91, 317 88, 373 3, 3	38, 564, 531 45, 359, 441 -15, 0	18, 189, 453 15, 411, 436 18. 0	\$2.12 \$2.94 27.9	186, 873 97, 039 92. 6	
Colorado	1919	173 161 7. 5	176 164 7.3	10,420 11,252 -7.4	15, 700, 860 16, 833, 313 —6, 7	3, 673, 530 4, 117, 212 	251, 306 16, 381 1434. 1	26, 553, 407 28, 342, 195 6. 3	9, 832, 839 10, 182, 512 -3, 4	\$2, 70 \$2, 78 -2, 9	77, 174 62, 916 22. 7	
Illinois Per cont of increase or decrease ()	1919	384 447 14.1	$ \begin{array}{r} 401 \\ 499 \\ -10.6 \end{array} $	49, 817 73, 780 - 32, 5	68, 922, 106 87, 796, 328 -21, 5	16, 281, 473 20, 168, 384 -19, 3	204, 107 68, 942 196, 1	114, 617, 709 138, 767, 835 	60, 705, 123 60, 330, 650 0, 6	\$1. 88 \$2. 30 -18. 3	343, 128 247, 142 38, 8	
Indiana Per cent of increase or decrease (-) Iowa	1919	$222 \\ 295 \\ -24.7 \\ 167$	235 317 -25, 9 172	12, 860 24, 479 47. 5 5, 942	18, 101, 859 27, 877, 669 -35, 1 7, 820, 575	5, 218, 931 6, 993, 669 -25, 4	43, 245 103, 826 -58, 3 2, 170	31, 501, 936 45, 492, 726 	18, 624, 508 20, 504, 791 -9, 2 4, 285, 368	\$1, 69 \$2, 22 -23, 9 \$2, 76	106, 809 99, 585 7. 3 25, 763	
Per cent of decrease (-)	1919 1929	167 434	195 11, 8 500	10, 584 43. 9 54, 904	11, 687, 918 -33, 1 60, 155, 095	$\begin{array}{c c} 1, 337, 606\\ 2, 328, 388\\ -42.6\\ 14, 465, 906\end{array}$	33, 464 93, 5 41, 408	$\begin{array}{c} 11,832,816\\ 16,903,358\\30,0\\ 95,647,618\\ \end{array}$	5, 474, 249 -21. 7 60, 894, 039	\$3.09 10.7 \$1.57	26, 118 -1, 4 290, 985	
Por cont of increase or decrease () Missouri	1929 1019	$ \begin{array}{r} 635 \\ -31.7 \\ 186 \\ 179 \end{array} $	742 -32.0 190 196	39, 769 38, 1 4, 657 7, 285	45, 615, 853 31, 9 5, 150, 487 8, 156, 952	14, 465, 906 13, 066, 433 10, 7 1, 524, 430 1, 879, 962	199, 012 	72, 432, 840 32. 1 9, 667, 708 12, 077, 845 -20. 0	29, 426, 018 106, 9 3, 963, 458 3, 783, 714	\$2,40 30,2 \$2,44 \$3,19	126, 804 129, 5 34, 812 28, 385	
Per cent of increase or decrease (-) Ohio Per cont of decrease (-)	1029	3, 9 530 788 -32, 0	-3.1 561 898 -37,5	-36, 1 21, 739 40, 452 -46, 3	8, 156, 952 -36, 9 24, 446, 839 47, 748, 648 -48, 8	1, 879, 962 	305, 081 -92, 7 89, 095 371, 663 -76, 0	-20.0 36, 916, 271 77, 988, 602 -52.7	4.8 24,091,756 35,140,541 -31.4	$ \begin{array}{c} -23.5 \\ \$1.53 \\ \$2.21 \\ -30.8 \end{array} $	28, 385 22. 6 112, 977 136, 025 16, 9	
Okiahoma Per cent of increase or decrease ()	1029 1919	97 94 (?)	-37.3 113 131 -13.7	4, 716 7, 040 -33, 0	6, 392, 491 8, 789, 936 -27, 3		-76.0 1,824 58,140 -90.9	10, 789, 776	3, 795, 174 3, 782, 794 0, 3	\$2.84 \$3.82 -25.7	27, 789 36, 483 -23, 8	
Pennsylvania Per cent of increase or decrease (-)	1929 1919	1, 151 1, 038 -40. 6	1, 387 2, 584 -46, 3	$\begin{array}{c} 121,000\\ 154,992\\ -21,9\end{array}$	157, 730, 207 211, 346, 693 -25, 4	38, 304, 770 56, 034, 727 —31, 6		262, 456, 657 362, 973, 952 27, 7	144, 111, 440 150, 029, 687 —3. 9	\$1.82 \$2.41 24.5	937, 157 658, 898 42, 2	
Tennessee Per cent of increase or decrease (-)	1	65 107 39.3	78 143 -45.5	6, 822 9, 556 -28, 6	5, 999, 623 8, 699, 951 -30, 3	1, 202, 478 2, 423, 723 -50, 4	-92.2	9, 369, 074 14, 024, 432 -33. 2	1	\$1.73 \$2.72 36.4	30, 684 22, 940 33. 7	
Utah Per cent of increase or decrease (-) Virginia	1929 1919 	80 27 (9) 75	40 34 (%) 88	3, 452 3, 647 -5, 3 11, 956	6, 635, 673 7, 598, 767 -12, 7 11, 846, 453	1, 833, 999 14. 8		18, 145, 832 12, 632, 035 4. 1 21, 162, 036	5, 131, 634 4, 592, 847 11, 7 12, 745, 100	\$2.55 \$2.75 -7.3 \$1.66	35, 386 24, 029 47, 3 72, 126	
Per cent of increase or decrease (-)	1919 1929	$ \begin{array}{r} 108 \\ -30.6 \\ 686 \end{array} $	118 -25.4 830	11, 215 6, 6 99, 217	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	4, 155, 507 	-98, 9	23, 763, 440 -10. 9 217, 022, 962	12, 745, 100 9, 334, 786 36, 5 139, 031, 057	\$2.55 34.9 \$1.56	41, 630 73, 3 042, 878	
Per cent of increase or decrease (-) Wyoming	1919 1929 1919	926 25, 9 35 46	1, 287 35. 5 50 65	87, 095 13, 9 4, 693 7, 091	105, 761, 150 19, 5 8, 716, 950 10, 545, 034	5. 0 - 2, 407, 826	-28.0	193, 108, 343 12, 4 17, 118, 580 18, 723, 451			355, 422 80, 9 45, 406 47, 075	
Per cent of increase or decrease () Other States 10	1929 1919	(⁹) 572 530	(9) 619 649	-33, 8 21, 756 32, 913	17, 3	19, 5	2, 4(8, 8	8.6			8, 4	

See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—The Enterprise.
For anthracite, includes collicries, washeries, and dredges. See footnote, p. 254.
See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—Persons Engaged.
Based on value of coal only.
Bused on value of coal only.
Number of operators; not comparable with figures for later years. See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—The Enterprise.
See footnote, p. 254.
Includes value of products other than coal for; Anthracite, \$100,289 for 1929 and \$139,368 for 1919; bituminous coal, \$986,483 for 1929, \$1,654,918 for 1919, and \$426,962 for 1909.
For cont not computed where base is less than 100.
For 1929, see Table 27.

COAL

Increase in population and in production of coal (all kinds): 1829-1929 (Table 6).—The production of coal per capita increased appreciably for each decade up to 1909. The figures for 1909, 1919, and 1929 represent substantially the same output per capita,

and reflect the influence of competitive sources of fuel and power supplies (principally petroleum and natural gas), as well as the increase of efficiency in coal utilization upon the rate of growth of the bituminous-coal industry.

TABLE 6.-INCREASE IN POPULATION AND IN PRODUCTION OF COAL, FOR THE UNITED STATES: 1829-1929

1	FOPULATI	ON	COAL				POPULATI	ON	COAL		
YEAR	Number 1	Per cent of in- crease over preced- ing census	Tons ² (2,000 pounds)	Per cent of in- crease over preced- ing decade	Tons per capita	YEAR	Number 1	Per cent of in- crease over preced- ing census	Tons ² (2,000 pounds)	Per cent of in- crease over preced- ing decade	Tons per capita
1829 1839 1849 1859 1859 1869 1869	12, 866, 020 17, 069, 453 23, 191, 876 31, 443, 321 38, 558, 371 50, 155, 783	32. 7 35. 9 35. 6 22. 6 30. 1	240, 086 1, 560, 360 6, 448, 831 15, 633, 175 32, 904, 360 68, 105, 799	549.9 313.3 142.4 110.5 107.0	0, 02 0, 09 0, 28 0, 50 0, 85 1, 36	1889 1869 1909 1910 1929	62, 947, 714 75, 994, 575 91, 972, 266 105, 710, 620 122, 775, 046	25.5 20.7 21.0 14.9 16,1	253, 741, 192	107. 4 79. 7 81. 6 20. 2 9. 9	2, 24 3, 34 5, 01 5, 24 4, 96

¹ As enumerated in following year. ² Mineral Resources of the United States, published by U. S. Geological Survey, 1829-1919, and by U. S. Bureau of Mines, 1929. Statistics for Alaska included.

Production of coal: 1829-1929.-Table 7, compiled from the reports of the United States Geological Survey for the period 1829-1923, and from those of the | tuminous coal in the United States.

United States Bureau of Mines for the years from 1924 to 1929, shows the production of anthracite and bi-

TABLE 7.--PRODUCTION OF COAL: 1829-1929 1

	COAL PROD	UCED, TONS (2,000) POUNDS)		COAL PROD	UCED, TONS (2,000	POUNDS)
YEAR	Total	Anthracite	Bituminous	YEAR	Total	Anthracite	Bituminous
1829 1830 1849 1859 1869	240, 086 1, 560, 360 6, 448, 831 15, 633, 175 32, 904, 360	138, 086 1, 008, 322 3, 995, 334 9, 619, 771 17, 083, 134	$\begin{array}{c} 102,000\\ 552,038\\ 2,453,497\\ 6,013,404\\ 15,821,226\end{array}$	1907 1908 1909 1910 1911	415 842 698	85, 604, 312 83, 208, 754 81, 070, 359 84, 485, 236 90, 464, 007	394, 759, 112 332, 573, 944 379, 744, 257 417, 111, 142 405, 907, 059
1879 1889 1890 1891 1892	141, 229, 513 157, 770, 963	30, 207, 793 45, 546, 970 46, 468, 641 50, 665, 431 52, 472, 504	37, 898, 006 95, 682, 543 111, 302, 322 117, 901, 238 126, 856, 567	1012 1913 1014 1916 1910	513, 525, 477 531, 619, 487	84, 361, 508 91, 524, 922 90, 821, 507 88, 995, 061 87, 578, 493	450, 104, 982 478, 435, 297 422, 703, 970 442, 624, 426 502, 519, 682
1893 1894 1895 1896 1896	170, 741, 526 193, 117, 530 191, 986, 357	53, 967, 543 51, 921, 121 57, 999, 337 54, 346, 081 52, 611, 680	128, 385, 291 118, 820, 405 135, 118, 193 137, 640, 276 147, 617, 519	1917 1918 1919 1920 1921	678, 211, 904 553, 952, 259 658, 264, 932 506, 395, 401	99, 611, 811 98, 826, 084 88, 002, 201 89, 598, 249 90, 473, 451	551, 790, 563 579, 385, 820 465, 860, 058 568, 666, 683 415, 921, 950
1898 1809 1900 1901 1902	253,741,192 269,684,027	53, 382, 644 60, 418, 005 57, 867, 915 67, 471, 667 41, 373, 595	166, 593, 623 193, 323, 187 212, 316, 112 225, 828, 149 260, 216, 844	1922 1923 1924 1925 1926	571, 613, 400 581, 869, 890	54, 683, 022 93, 339, 009 87, 920, 862 61, 817, 149 84, 437, 452	422, 268, 099 564, 564, 662 483, 686, 538 520, 052, 741 573, 366, 985
1903 1904 1905 1906	367, 356, 416 351, 816, 398 392, 722, 635 414, 157, 278	74, 607, 068 73, 156, 709 77, 659, 850 71, 282, 411	282, 749, 848 278, 659, 689 315, 062, 785 342, 874, 867	1920 1927 1928 1929	597, 858, 916 576, 093, 039	80, 095, 564 75, 348, 009 73, 828, 195	517, 763, 352 500, 744, 970 534, 988, 593

Mineral Resources of the United States, published by U. S. Geological Survey, 1829-1923, and by U. S. Bureau of Mines, 1924-1929. Statistics for Alaska included.

GEOGRAPHIC DISTRIBUTION

Summary, by States, for selected counties: 1929 (Table 8).—This table gives principal statistics for all counties in which the production of coal in 1929 was 100,000 tons or more, for which figures can be shown without disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data for individual operations.

TABLE 8 .--- SUMMARY FOR LEADING STATES AND COUNTIES: 1929

14	BLE 8	DU	MMAR	I FOR L	MADING	OTATOO	AND CO	UNITES:	1949		
<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>			Wage								POWER DF POWER MENT
STATE AND COUNTY	Num- ber of enter- prises ¹	Num- ber of mines ²	earners (average for the year) ³	Wages	Cost of sup- plies	Cost of fuel	Cost of pur- chased elec- tric energy	Coal pro- duced, tons '	Value of all products	Prime movers	Electric motors driven by purchased energy
Anthracite (Pennsylvania), total	198	303	142, 801	\$229, 967, 059	\$43, 367, 491	\$7,419,721	\$6, 508, 527	66, 558, 839	\$384, 854, 300	818, 042	423, 423
Counties Lackawanna Luzorne Northumberland Schuylkill Other countles	85 69 20 37 87	65 102 28 67 41	34, 765 58, 558 10, 220 30, 886 8, 372	58, 180, 886 91, 407, 431 17, 190, 220 50, 854, 814 12, 333, 658	9, 509, 923 10, 213, 023 3, 722, 403 10, 909, 832 3, 012, 220	1,453,1792,704,514640,4742,167,506454,048	$1,083,258\\1,975,708\\721,918\\2,385,444\\342,199$	15, 473, 778 26, 777, 178 5, 382, 052 15, 122, 264 8, 803, 567	93, 866, 799 162, 744, 565 27, 707, 963 81, 703, 590 18, 831, 383	132, 570 237, 985 43, 617 157, 633 40, 237	62, 585 150, 629 39, 662 134, 597 35, 950
Bituminous coal, total	4,976	5, 620	458, 732	574, 800, 072	100, 438, 396	7, 529, 305	30, 739, 381	587, 442, 495	966, 693, 771	721, 687	2, 402, 500
Alabama, total	- 157	180	24, 781	23, 666, 802	5, 449, 568	242, 057	1, 553, 984	18, 189, 453	38, 564, 581	22, 941	163, 932
Counties Bibb Blount Jefferson St. Clair Stabler		13 9 66 9	1, 816 681 12, 195 1, 140	1, 465, 505 495, 458 12, 217, 070 1, 093, 119	370, 133 90, 807 3, 161, 451 152, 116	36, 698 10, 844 104, 369 65, 292	134, 081 1, 871 769, 904 18, 960	1, 041, 783 398, 460 9, 080, 246 800, 838	2, 478, 625 865, 917 18, 959, 692 1, 766, 206	3, 325 877 6, 799 7, 980 1, 089	5, 908 244 97, 202 3, 404 9, 109
Shelby. Tuscaloosa Walker Other counties	- 11 - 13 - 44 - 9	14 13 47 9	1, 281 829 6, 093 737	1, 163, 336 792, 710 5, 741, 399 698, 205	267, 571 266, 502 1, 005, 748 135, 240	1,836 1,152 21,506 860	117, 926 74, 769 393, 365 43, 108	776, 104 586, 923 5, 026, 374 478, 665	$\begin{array}{c} 2, 241, 288\\ 1, 416, 946\\ 9, 618, 692\\ 1, 217, 165 \end{array}$	1,035 180 2,671 20	4, 404 39, 254 4, 407
Arkansas, total	- 83	86	3, 651	3, 630, 148	548, 991	48, 346	202, 644	1, 823, 524	6, 172, 710	6,357	14, 301
Counties Franklin Johnson Logan Sebastian Other counties	- 10 - 18 - 23 - 26 - 6	$ \begin{array}{c} 11 \\ 18 \\ 25 \\ 26 \\ 6 \end{array} $	444 903 628 1, 365 311	382, 109 924, 677 878, 010 1, 226, 884 218, 468	49, 158 120, 909 151, 840 175, 616 51, 408	12, 620 15, 605 3, 822 12, 942 3, 357	19, 982 40, 437 48, 365 75, 975 17, 885	271, 108 342, 882 321, 425 765, 862 122, 187	$739, 466 \\1, 425, 807 \\1, 512, 183 \\1, 809, 242 \\596, 012$	1,615 2,360 071 1,583 178	1, 015 3, 828 4, 307 3, 817 1, 334
Colorado, total		176	10, 420	15, 700, 860	2, 616, 787	333, 088	723, 655	9, 832, 839	26, 553, 407	25, 230	51, 944
Counties Boulder	- 8 - 17 - 10	17	547 270 822 779 2, 044	698, 204 519, 642 1, 224, 156 863, 279 8, 316, 971	120, 715 95, 214 233, 775 96, 617 455, 283	35, 901 12, 845 13, 312 11, 344 10, 600	61,040	474, 559 358, 520 527, 211 516, 862 1, 689, 339	$\begin{array}{c} 1,180,709\\ 913,599\\ 1,946,598\\ 1,319,594\\ 5,631,112 \end{array}$	2, 225 1, 068 735 2, 155 3, 005	5,608
Las Animas Mesa. Routt Weld Other counties	- 10 - 13	10 15 12	2,028 130 1,113 1,536 245	$\begin{array}{r} 4,103,981\\180,214\\1,669,870\\2,502,476\\622,058\end{array}$		78, 563	- 2,618 66,447	2, 566, 719 113, 240 1, 008, 206 2, 197, 413 385, 770	$\begin{array}{c} 6,355,193\\ 250,853\\ 3,529,127\\ 4,380,071\\ 1,046,551 \end{array}$	4,772 278 5,250 3,773 1,969	2, 837 3, 701
Illinois, total		401	49, 817	68, 922, 106	12, 115, 662	1, 574, 287	2, 501, 524	60, 705, 123	114, 617, 799	138,157	204, 971
Counties Christian Clinton Franklin Fulton Jackson		18 31	2,827 566 10,872 1,063 604	4, 087, 345 634, 136 16, 470, 592 1, 556, 047 1, 117, 200	3. 866, 345	47, 509 33, 075 268, 020 21, 560 17, 524	758, 400 160, 620	640 949	6, 931, 499 872, 002 29, 842, 287 2, 908, 830 2, 410, 205	3, 995 4, 020 29, 195 2, 585 2, 244	76,853
La Sallo Macoupin Madison Marion Montgomery	8 5 16 3	10	893 3, 463 2, 742 616 1, 256	900, 323	706, 418 529, 017 206, 809	188, 368 78, 243 61, 949	00'024	942,802	3, 220, 888		1,194 8,115
Peoria Perry Randojph. St. Clair Saline	10 10 40	16 10 48	1, 335 1, 817 834 2, 317 3, 804	2, 701, 757 5, 214, 767	757, 584 98, 087 320, 362 612, 125	107,670 21,318 124,460	150,742 423 106,043	2, 039, 032 556, 860 2, 800, 248 4, 120, 700	3, 083, 250 4, 866, 959 1, 048, 645 4, 330, 140 8, 264, 510	663 6,450 2,785 8,82 7,02	9,825 2 23 7 6,107
Sangamon Tazəwell Vermilion Williamson Other counties	22 7 23 41 82	7 23 43	478 3, 231 4, 448	776, 050 3, 794, 343 5, 998, 780	508,632 78,300 596,067 1,101,012 697,230	2 . 191,988	30, 578 2 191, 68 3 176, 23	4, 324, 300 503, 253 5, 021, 776 5, 253, 584 7 2, 350, 350	7, 961, 243 1, 053, 507 6, 328, 637 10, 061, 946 5, 177, 163	8, 244 12 3, 64 17, 06 8, 75	0 14,482 3 15,194
Indiana, total Counties		2 235	12, 860	18, 101, 859	3, 718, 90	510, 38	7 989, 64			38, 51	2 68, 207
Clay Gibson Greene ⁸ Knox Pike	20 20 10 10	$\begin{array}{ccc} 8 & 8 \\ 3 & 28 \\ 3 & 13 \\ \end{array}$	537 1, 129 1, 016	994, 36 1, 697, 49 1, 246, 70	2 375,06 310,010 394,08	1 92 80	1 52,70 7 92,76 9 97,72	1,095,736 2,037,350 2,1,483,859	2, 079, 273 1, 732, 302 3, 298, 230 2, 241, 839 3, 376, 285	4, 09 2, 08 3, 21 1, 12 5, 33	51 8.965
Sullivan ⁶ Vermillion Vigo Wartick Other counties See foctnotes at end of table.) 10 7 42 3 27	1, 737 3, 043 740	4,607,24	479, 08 3 371, 71 3 639, 35 3 301, 60	7 67,50 7 55,38 3 157 03	6 152, 29 7 143, 17 0 152, 74 5 90, 38	5 2, 467, 617 3 2, 209, 045 9 3, 926, 413 7 1, 327, 217	4, 626, 711 4, 026, 495 7, 245, 121		7 9,106 1 9,769 5 10,833

TABLE 8 .--- SUMMARY FOR LEADING STATES AND COUNTIES: 1929-Continued

			Wage							HORSEF RATING O EQUIP	F POWER
STATE AND COUNTY	Num- ber of enter- prises	Num- ber of mines	(average for the year)	Wages	Cost of supplies	Cost of fuel	Cost of pur- chased elec- tric energy	Coal pro- duced, tons	Value of all products	Prime movers	Electric motors driven by purchased energy
Iowa, total	167	172	5,942	\$7, 820, 575	\$989, 425	\$121,069	\$227, 112	4, 285, 368	\$11, 832, 816	7,120	18, 643
Counties A ppanoose Bone Dallas Marion Monroe Polk Other counties	11	44 9 4 17 11 12 75	1, 050 763 532 881 667 779 1, 270	1, 114, 144 1, 040, 085 732, 041 1, 381, 013 850, 324 1, 061, 878 1, 640, 190	87, 951 115, 804 105, 008 169, 470 151, 760 145, 904 213, 408	$1, 140 \\ 10, 974 \\ 3, 102 \\ 38, 772 \\ 6, 523 \\ 19, 065 \\ 41, 493$	35, 692 39, 713 35, 582 31, 138 24, 535 41, 466 20, 986	$572, 934 \\487, 879 \\421, 112 \\795, 144 \\514, 588 \\519, 450 \\974, 755 \\$	$\begin{array}{c} 1, 621, 603\\ 1, 510, 228\\ 1, 156, 669\\ 1, 957, 311\\ 1, 258, 347\\ 1, 552, 039\\ 2, 767, 019 \end{array}$	346 724 100 1, 747 780 535 2, 888	2, 535 2, 715 3, 479 1, 832 1, 035 3, 452 2, 695
Kansas, total	150	155	3, 405	3, 617, 171	710, 406	121, 730	135, 487	2, 986, 190	6, 952, 829	11, 237	7, 311
Counties Cherokee Crawford Other counties	46 80 24	46 84 25	388 2, 641 376	468, 201 2, 812, 586 336, 384	90, 337 555, 185 64, 884	28, 600 77, 859 15, 271	11, 967 112, 795 10, 725	489, 898 2, 353, 519 142, 773	1, 045, 196 5, 372, 242 535, 391	1, 513 9, 126 598	1, 017 5, 225 1, 069
Kentucky, total 7	434	500	54, 904	00, 155, 095	10, 923, 814	564, 584	2, 977, 508	60, 894, 039	95, 647, 618	59,022	231, 963
Counties Bell Breachitt Clay Daviess Floyd	36 6 7 7 36	40 7 7 7 43	3, 400 283 173 116 4, 310	3, 036, 362 216, 741 147, 100 107, 861 5, 031, 242	384, 387 19, 132 10, 220 13, 945 839, 159	23, 252 3, 800 6, 858 755 55, 006	187, 9725, 7634, 200100251, 376	$\begin{array}{r} \textbf{2, 871, 507} \\ \textbf{204, 523} \\ \textbf{112, 954} \\ \textbf{131, 145} \\ \textbf{4, 887, 509} \end{array}$	4, 688, 160 308, 091 199, 152 191, 822 8, 025, 641	1, 745 550 457 228 3, 062	10, 325 222 50 5 16, 614
Harian Henderson Hopkins Johnson Knott	1	57 12 39 10 4	$10,743 \\ 330 \\ 4,248 \\ 1,289 \\ 399$	$14,721,770\\296,591\\3,552,057\\1,465,497\\408,660$	$\begin{array}{c} 3, 101, 077\\ 38, 872\\ 845, 464\\ 240, 685\\ 35, 084\end{array}$	47, 156 10, 174 10, 674 12, 610	742, 134 3, 443 241, 619 75, 660 30, 317	$\begin{matrix} 14,087,721\\ 317,747\\ 4,371,696\\ 1,238,712\\ 425,170 \end{matrix}$	24, 878, 087 449, 410 5, 223, 468 2, 730, 497 620, 267	8, 224 2, 016 2, 445 1, 658	41, 559 137 52, 599 7, 140 2, 033
Knox Letcher McCreary Martin	81 9 4	9 35 10 4	421 6, 232 882 287	270, 865 6, 996, 409 989, 427 276, 323	29, 930 1, 308, 153 282, 143 32, 105	105, 361	9,827 275,032 61,154 17,355	266, 288 6, 578, 139 1, 011, 360 353, 717	$\begin{array}{r} 404,406\\11,237,501\\1,786,332\\440,415\end{array}$	764 6, 872 350	925 26, 220 6, 276 940
Muhlenberg Ohio Perry. Pike †		36 10 48 47	4, 570 1, 181 5, 264 5, 714	4, 212, 505 846, 571 5, 809, 223 7, 258, 443	$\begin{array}{c} 634,988\\ 135,910\\ 747,115\\ 1,459,693\end{array}$	110, 181 15, 726 70 49, 483	140, 133 51, 305 419, 532 322, 245	5, 017, 254 953, 635 5, 831, 770 7, 217, 863	5, 886, 523 1, 122, 616 9, 288, 733 12, 002, 126	8, 353 2, 166 8, 845	7, 912 3, 830 22, 660 17, 418
Union Webster Whitley Other counties	10 10 27	11 25 11 28	1, 013 2, 483 848 768	956, 737 2, 117, 393 849, 985 581, 833	173, 669 373, 032 98, 357 120, 094	44, 649 19, 931 18, 635 25, 289	27, 167 102, 241 200 8, 733	1,073,088 2,583,602 528,472 830,172	$\begin{array}{c}1,233,204\\2,916,611\\1,113,069\\901,487\end{array}$	2, 585 2, 455 2, 858 2, 789	5, 234 9, 005 14 845 8, 080
Maryland, total	<u> </u>	63	3,042	3, 114, 226	540, 026	24,869	129, 680	2, 638, 216	4,745,279	3, 364	
Allogany Garrett	41	52 11	2, 317 725	2, 324, 327 789, 899	395, 764 144, 262	7, 237 17, 682	94, 680 35, 000	1, 843, 312 794, 904	3, 473, 910 1, 271, 363	1, 039 2, 325	5, 885 2, 395
Missouri, total	186	190	4, 657	5, 150, 487	1, 145, 658	136, 956	241, 816	.3, 963, 458	9,667,708	12, 725	-
Counties Adair Barton Batos Henry Latayette	14 22 17 9 17	23 18 9	289 782 234 126 835	246, 070 1, 163, 503 204, 802 170, 597 921, 923	502, 417 80, 398 109, 489	32,901 11,772 16,462	133, 969 5, 744 17, 376	1, 595, 113 295, 982 269, 147	564, 439 1, 215, 900	1,754 831 1,854	6, 899 881 1, 415 923
Macon Randolph Ray Other countles	- 11 14 - 21 61	14	038	407, 342 302, 122 900, 453 773, 070	58, 65 33, 58 107, 316 126, 126	1 6,398	7, 014 38, 701	444, 244	437, 423	1,155 230 503 1,889	7,304
Montana, total	- 66	68	1, 983	3, 420, 551	813, 64	37, 462	156, 490	3, 442, 518	7, 448, 138	8,941	19,955
Counties Carbon Cascade Musselshell Other counties	9 - 17 - 11 - 29	18	238 778	1, 134, 836 377, 621 1, 512, 31 395, 775	5 (52, 28) 7 232, 34	20, 116	16, 185 65, 583	265, 004 1, 102, 846	693, 632 2, 573, 168	3, 46/ 8(3, 412 2, 033	2,509
New Mexico, total	28	43	3, 120	4, 587, 01	7 859, 31	2 90, 96	9 167, 294	2, 681, 512	8, 324, 312	0, 59	14, 218
Counties McKinley Other counties	19		1, 165 1, 955	1, 762, 75 2, 824, 26	1 370, 29 5 489, 01	5 60, 59 7 30, 37	1 17, 33 8 149, 95	7 934, 306 7 1, 697, 206	3, 029, 801 5, 294, 511	2,79	12,743

See footnotes at end of table. 127185-33-18

TABLE 8.-SUMMARY FOR LEADING STATES AND COUNTIES: 1929-Continued

			Wage							HORSEI RATING C EQUIP	F POWER
STATE AND COUNTY	Num- ber of enter- prises	Num- ber of mines	earners (average for the year)	Wages	Cost of sup- plies	Cost of fuel	Cost of pur- chased elec- tric energy	Coal pro- duced, tons	Value of all products	Prime movers	Electric motors driven by purchased energy
Ohio, total	536	561	21, 739	\$24, 446, 839	\$3, 894, 114	\$244, 611	\$1, 173, 371	24, 091, 756	\$36, 916, 271	81, 751	81, 226
Counties A thens * Belmont Carroll Columbiana Coshocton	37 49 23 23 27	44 52 25 23 27	3, 521 6, 182 355 328 199	3, 491, 163 6, 986, 877 415, 643 307, 040 197, 220	592, 796 1, 126, 792 45, 853 55, 010 25, 504	36, 520 36, 732 513 1, 261 384	163, 321 306, 041 22, 375 20, 267 9, 541	3, 145, 211 7, 284, 721 392, 336 267, 077 180, 201	4, 506, 620 10, 419, 870 660, 052 488, 653 311, 224	6, 100 8, 183 300 1, 027 638	11, 002 23, 044 1, 214 1, 221 525
Guernsey Harrison Hocking ^e Jackson	29 22 27 14	30 24 27 15	1, 337 1, 310 630 204	$\begin{array}{c} 1,803,682\\ 1,948,591\\ 529,343\\ 218,265 \end{array}$	285, 306 519, 801 74, 098 20, 280	11, 703 40, 326 8, 901	$109,301 \\118,919 \\24,608 \\1,500$	$\begin{array}{c} 1,730,009\\ 2,718,648\\ 505,990\\ 127,472 \end{array}$	2, 599, 383 3, 648, 001 764, 171 303, 913	1, 426 3, 247 580 401	5,062 8,482 1,102 186
Jefferson. Lawrence. Meigs. Muskingum	47 16 21 36	50 18 21 36	3, 393 146 727 311	3, 762, 805 173, 350 677, 925 283, 610	489, 843 32, 811 112, 464 15, 463	43, 494 8, 991	107, 375 31, 568 15, 012	3, 592, 003 132, 371 689, 301 245, 078	5, 984, 599 289, 711 1, 029, 245 477, 407	4, 331 16 368 185	13, 400 2, 716 541
Perry Stark Tuscarawas Other counties	30 35 57 37	36 36 60 37	600 446 1,035 1,015	595, 578 512, 092 1, 319, 400 1, 224, 249	105, 828 59, 705 165, 025 166, 935	488 8, 929 28, 931 17, 438	80, 716 33, 309 60, 151 20, 369	550, 786 374, 005 1, 103, 810 1, 052, 742	816, 916 990, 706 1, 866, 289 1, 749, 415	402 523 1, 629 2, 395	6, 394 1, 907 3, 363 1, 067
Oklahoma, total	97	113	4, 716	6, 392, 491	1, 384, 565	125, 131	293, 373	3, 795, 174	10, 789, 776	11, 623	16, 166
Counties Haskell LatimerLe Flore Okmulgee Pittsburg Tulsa Other counties	4 10 31 15 17 6 14	8 10 32 16 24 7 16	159 395 905 894 1, 692 307 364	174, 592 399, 678 1, 191, 637 1, 249, 348 2, 580, 957 334, 792 461, 487	64, 930 71, 308 155, 297 161, 530 414, 576 131, 400 385, 434	5, 015 20, 016 13, 068 13, 803 45, 815 -7, 126 20, 289	6, 274 18, 535 53, 577 41, 650 146, 393 15, 288 11, 656	156, 650 201, 725 695, 537 708, 206 1, 323, 195 234, 510 415, 351	$\begin{array}{c} 402,700\\ 639,569\\ 1,957,452\\ 1,923,018\\ 4,082,898\\ 664,043\\ 1,120,090\end{array}$	1, 002 455 973 890 3, 246 2, 155 2, 902	390 1, 060 3, 323 2, 303 6, 986 1, 302 802
Pennsylvania, total	1, 151	1, 387	121,000	157, 730, 207	27, 914, 503	1, 815, 514	8, 574, 753	144, 111, 440	262, 458, 657	180, 855	756, 302
Counties Allegheny Armstrong. Benver. Bedford. Blair.	117 56 14 20 9	133 60 14 23 12	12, 809 4, 289 187 791 437	18, 246, 787 4, 914, 362 197, 198 850, 200 303, 741	3, 364, 764 708, 597 25, 453 70, 785 30, 610	134,7776,9472,7424,2834,503	878, 702 387, 835 8, 840 14, 318 14, 044	$\begin{array}{c} 16, 058, 177\\ 4, 474, 255\\ 138, 387\\ 572, 661\\ 299, 251 \end{array}$	$28,721,732 \\7,202,931 \\308,483 \\1,153,931 \\603,882$	17,622 1,524 300 724 825	80, 860 37, 763 617 5, 581 1, 375
Butler Cambria Centre Clarion Clearfield	146 29 34 116	41 190 30 36 134	1,770 16,262 1,081 1,463 4,805	1, 671, 305 20, 431, 014 949, 793 1, 734, 284 4, 754, 232	260, 517 3, 120, 642 174, 262 250, 207 670, 761	38, 879 239, 474 2, 170 18, 058 33, 359	104, 516 1, 230, 783 63, 868 61, 832 300, 120	1, 357, 001 17, 618, 936 785, 534 1, 517, 585 3, 872, 309	2, 468, 125 35, 900, 889 1, 386, 323 2, 557, 428 6, 958, 050	1, 696 30, 290 430 2, 005 5, 838	5, 188 105, 700 4, 904 4, 902 26, 129
Clinton Elk Fayetta Greena Huntingdon	. 13	10 16 122 19 11	199 1, 177 21, 862 4, 035 831	243, 041 1, 378, 035 32, 786, 627 6, 630, 586 844, 619	$\begin{array}{c} 18,460\\ 154,979\\ 8,018,756\\ 1,274,743\\ 106,962\end{array}$	8,855 25,140 640,697 71,937 11,042	2,000 52,869 1,337,223 361,641 51,865	186, 193 1, 031, 523 31, 434, 647 6, 350, 049 524, 493	320, 871 1, 766, 935 59, 667, 175 11, 076, 353 1, 187, 404	700 710 40, 175 8, 279 350	360 4, 857 110, 889 35, 436 2, 771
Indiana Jefferson Lawrence Mercer Somerset	9	79 54 11 17 144	7, 730 2, 500 304 367 8, 240	9, 102, 180 2, 791, 967 359, 200 426, 109 9, 892, 297	338, 064 90, 036 93, 349 1, 654, 759	59, 738 19, 519 26, 120 20, 557 104, 089	613, 670 191, 492 1, 000 75 762, 795	8, 254, 491 2, 506, 228 220, 202 275, 373 8, 869, 714	14, 807, 854 4, 426, 792 594, 561 710, 720 16, 077, 688	3, 777 2, 117 007 825 9, 569	65, 485 18, 870 47 17 63, 020
Tioga. Washington Westmoreland Other counties	69 100	12 83 130 6	390 15, 463 13, 749 253	378, 842 20, 860, 220 17, 627, 360 206, 109	37, 351 3, 418, 846 2, 820, 171 35, 823	8, 985 139, 346 280, 697 13, 600	12, 630 1, 205, 672 906, 141 20, 822	240, 130 10, 424, 322 17, 255, 619 154, 270	609, 383 33, 410, 669 30, 057, 431 382, 047	I, 741 18, 098 34, 501 92	168 103, 749 76, 611 984
Tennessee, total	65	78	6, 822	5, 999, 623	785, 744	99, 135	317, 599	5, 405, 023	9, 369, 074	9, 763	20, 921
Counties Anderson Campbell Claiborae Featress Grundy Marion Other counties	18 9 4 4 5	14 20 11 4 7 5 17	1,035 1,052 1,058 428 592 556 1,501	889, 761 1, 291, 445 1, 036, 927 403, 149 533, 316 310, 992 1, 534, 033	127, 888 165, 517 115, 498 43, 829 71, 064 85, 215 176, 788	4, 800 14, 531 19, 602 11, 787 6, 409 9, 185 32, 821	84,976 64,493 82,082 20,673 19,016 46,359	933, 978 1, 038, 142 1, 047, 661 403, 056 497, 571 251, 438 1, 233, 177	$\begin{array}{c} 1,549,132\\ 1,930,910\\ 1,763,616\\ 562,851\\ 834,869\\ 472,344\\ 2,255,862 \end{array}$	575 2, 544 43 1, 570 753 1, 857 2, 421	4, 177 4, 815 6, 303 1, 210 1, 990 2, 480
Utah, total	36	40	3, 452	6, 635, 673	1, 640, 510	27, 655	428, 784	5, 131, 634	13, 145, 832	1, 030	34, 356
Counties Carbon Other counties See features at and of tabl	23 13	27 13	3, 070 382	5, 859, 147 776, 528	1, 488, 832 151, 678	23, 624 4, 031	388, 249 40, 535	4, 523, 467 608, 167	11, 470, 417 1, 675, 415	960 70	31, 551 2, 805

See footnotes at end of table.

COAL

TABLE 8 .--- SUMMARY FOR LEADING STATES AND COUNTIES: 1929-Continued

	Num-		Wage	· · ·						RATING C	POWER DF FOWER PMENT
STATE AND COUNTY	ber of enter- prises	Num- ber of mines	earners (average for the year)	Wages	Cost of sup- plies	Cost of fuel	Cost of pur- chased elec- tric energy	Coal pro- duced, tons	Value of all products	Prime movers	Electric motors driven by purchased energy
Virginia, total	75	88	11, 956	\$11, 846, 453	\$2, 564, 208	\$62, 729	\$1,061,402	12, 745, 100	\$21, 162, 036	2, 082	70, 044
Counties Dickenson Lee Montgomery Russell Tazewell Wise Other counties	10 13 8 6 12 23 3	10 15 8 7 13 32 3	721 1, 833 351 1, 223 2, 542 5, 071 - 215	740, 079 2, 098, 265 260, 274 1, 349, 198 2, 481, 775 4, 742, 944 183, 918	$142, 305 \\ 428, 646 \\ 36, 936 \\ 317, 556 \\ 558, 361 \\ 1, 060, 244 \\ 20, 170$	2, 180 4, 545 3, 672 6, 210 3, 459 34, 203 8, 464	66, 536 144, 794 41, 323 158, 339 233, 857 379, 407 37, 146	832, 300 2, 140, 805 155, 432 1, 358, 744 2, 782, 710 5, 356, 777 118, 332	$\begin{array}{c} 1,158,447\\ 3,650,407\\ 441,818\\ 1,904,025\\ 4,975,489\\ 8,740,845\\ 285,005 \end{array}$	175 395 367 9 	2, 170 13, 317 4, 075 10, 363 12, 900 25, 776 1, 443
Washington, total	32	38	2, 835	4, 698, 325	696, 688	60, 858	232, 900	2, 602, 030	8, 639, 739	3, 767	23, 535
Counties King Other counties	15 17	16 22	746 2, 089	1, 257, 742 3, 440, 583	230, 719 465, 969	3, 526 57, 332	70, 859 162, 541	646, 104 1, 955, 926	2, 051, 734 6, 588, 005	300 3,467	7, 573 15, 962
West Virginia, total 10	686	830	99, 217	126, 350, 696	24, 293, 487	735, 159	8, 124, 326	139, 081, 657	217, 022, 962	98, 300	544, 578
Counties Barbour Boone Branton Brooke Clay	22 21 4 13 7	27 23 4 16 7	1, 800 2, 503 101 1, 408 742	1, 802, 948 3, 301, 926 95, 912 2, 051, 742 832, 628	264, 751 815, 790 11, 308 281, 491 211, 945	3,651 7,370 4,916 1,000 15,419	94, 804 222, 849 1, 000 146, 376 6, 142	2, 460, 224 3, 522, 437 122, 977 1, 909, 425 868, 632	2, 955, 793 5, 420, 906 163, 422 3, 243, 801 1, 487, 075	530 1,025 230 6,555	4, 414 10, 774 65 10, 208 365
Fayétte Greenbrier Harrison Kanawha Logan	30 53	92 9 51 49 72	11, 481 1, 593 4, 095 5, 624 10, 952	$\begin{array}{c} 15,318,776\\ 1,793,782\\ 4,456,960\\ 6,800,982\\ 14,882,417 \end{array}$	2, 390, 794 283, 736 760, 142 949, 804 2, 611, 599	49, 126 24, 674 3, 029 9, 662 38, 892	1, 116, 461 96, 779 206, 387 480, 129 1, 142, 780	13, 224, 928 1, 928, 624 6, 126, 030 7, 061, 835 19, 871, 189	23, 963, 811 3, 093, 088 7, 714, 790 10, 668, 819 27, 208, 520	6,267 1,600 607 1,539 1,930	80, 531 3, 673 17, 287 34, 834 88, 941
McDowell Marion Marshall Mercer Mineral		101 24 10 19 15	17, 954 5, 804 1, 687 3, 518 398	23, 551, 004 8, 083, 735 1, 930, 208 4, 076, 448 323, 191	5, 514, 788 1, 640, 974 208, 810 730, 389 47, 695	233, 915 59, 233 16, 818 21, 442 1, 121	1, 183, 999 407, 032 147, 629 339, 327 15, 791	25, 411, 276 9, 259, 992 1, 940, 815 4, 165, 255 280, 812	44, 145, 100 13, 808, 303 2, 996, 565 7, 127, 716 478, 833	42, 627 4, 650 1, 977 472 86	74, 834 35, 871 5, 743 20, 323 1, 190
Mingo ¹⁴ Monongalia Nicholas Ohlo Preston		34 59 6 10 37	4, 334 4, 727 176 1, 867 1, 843	5, 180, 927 6, 198, 532 171, 795 2, 275, 064 2, 069, 820	$\begin{array}{r} 1, 125, 059 \\ 1, 217, 430 \\ 55, 721 \\ 538, 650 \\ 369, 844 \end{array}$	5, 590 494 12, 589 9, 990 29, 671	391, 374 423, 160 114, 811 85, 414	6, 131, 410 8, 411, 375 130, 055 2, 485, 286 1, 988, 313	8, 370, 743 9, 651, 706 305, 081 3, 564, 139 3, 127, 868	555 308 654 855 6, 726	20,903 33,540 110 6,227 6,101
Raleigh Randolph Taylor. Tucker		66 10 11 8	11, 310 382 643 785	15, 436, 020 377, 455 509, 992 1, 058, 471	2, 862, 015 64, 301 190, 818 198, 107	104, 681 14, 454 3, 919	$1, 124, 118 \\576 \\30, 584 \\164, 900$	15, 695, 419 430, 829 840, 801 1, 046, 769	27, 793, 436 570, 342 1, 015, 127 1, 914, 513	7, 298 1, 040 80 525	67, 191 170 2, 553 8, 837
Upshur Webster Wyoming Other counties	9 8 15 26	9 8 19 25	316 271 1, 808 1, 095	263, 575 221, 014 2, 298, 899 936, 473	83, 514 30, 593 872, 290 151, 114	5, 841 6, 461 25, 477 25, 744	6, 838 129, 018 46, 048	362, 709 183, 858 2, 255, 272 909, 110	410, 249 351, 368 4, 021, 306 1, 444, 452	1, 270 560 6, 425 1, 909	427 6, 676 2, 700
Wyoming, total	35	50	4, 693	8, 716, 950	1, 750, 139	366, 141	291, 546	8, 700, 272	17, 118, 580	26, 807	18, 659
Counties Lincoln	5 6 9 15	9 6 18 17	877 341 2, 510 965	1, 775, 438 441, 247 4, 620, 749 1, 879, 516	250, 114 127, 270 904, 586 408, 160	115, 661 2, 928 85, 528 162, 024	58, 064 91, 226 137, 971 3, 685	1, 020, 732 774, 723 3, 047, 553 1, 248, 264	2, 732, 110 1, 525, 597 9, 295, 706 3, 565, 167	3, 095 148 14, 865 8, 709	4, 033 7, 869 6, 562 195

See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—The Enterprise.
For anthracite, includes collieries, washeries, and dredges. See footnote, p. 254.
Gee GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—Persons Engaged.
Tons, for anthracite, 2,240 pounds; for bituminous coal, 2,000 pounds.
Includes 1 enterprise on Greene-Sullivan County line.
Exclusive of 1 enterprise on Greene-Sullivan County line, reported in Greene County, W. Va.
Includes 1 enterprise on Athens-Hocking County line, reported in Mingo County, W. Va.
Exclusive of 1 enterprise on Athens-Hocking County line.
Exclusive of 1 enterprise on Athens-Hocking County line.
Includes 1 enterprise on Kentucky-West Virginia State line.

261

SCALE OF OPERATION

Size of mines and enterprises.-Statistics relating to the scale of operation and production in coal mining are presented in two ways; First, based on individual mines, and second, based on enterprises. (See GEN-ERAL EXPLANATIONS-The Enterprise.) They might well also be presented in a third wav-based on the activities of individual operators-but at the census of 1929 it was impossible to consolidate, for individual operators, the returns on their several enterprises, so that statistics for 1929 can not be presented as they were at the census of 1909, showing the size of operation and scale of production as measured by the combined activities of each operator. Unfortunately, moreover, the fact that many operators rendered combined reports for several or for all of their minesalthough of course stating the number of mines covered—instead of a separate report for each, made it impossible to completely classify individual mines according to wage earners employed, quantity or value of products, or other measure of operation. In Table 9, however, enterprises have been classified according to type of operation (underground, open-pit, washery, and dredge), for 1-mine and for 2-or-moremine enterprises, by size, based upon tonnage produced during 1929. Table 10 gives the average size of mines based upon the total number of wage earners, total output, and total number of mines, by States.

Enterprises classified according to type of mining operation and quantity of product (Table 9).—This table presents statistics for bituminous-coal mines classified as underground or open-pit, and for anthracite enterprises classified as colliery (underground), washery, dredge, or open-pit. (See footnote 1, p. 254, and footnote 6, Table 9.) In addition, enterprises operating underground mines are classified according to the number of mines reported—one mine and two or more mines—as well as by the number of tons produced in 1929. In the case of open-pit enterprises, similar data are given except that no classification based upon the number of mines operated is presented.

For the anthracite industry statistics are given for all dredge operations reported within the scope of the census and for those washery (culm bank) and openpit operations for which separate reports were received. Statistics for underground anthracite enterprises include data for 11 washeries, as well as the data for open-pit or stripping operations carried on by 36 underground enterprises, for which separate returns were not made by the operators. These washeries produced 211,580 tons, while the product of these open-pits amounted to 1,591,234 tons, according to figures supplied by the United States Bureau of Mines.

To facilitate comparisons among the several groups, classes, and States shown, the following average factors are shown: (1) Wages per ton, (2) other expenses (cost of supplies, fuel, and electric energy) per ton, (3) value per ton, and (4) number of tons produced per wage earner for the year. In a number of cases where the average figures appear to be inconsistent, analysis has revealed that the unusual results were due to the prevalence of abnormal conditions, wide variations in time of operation, or other factors. However, the figures represent only the results obtained during the year, and do not reflect potential results of operation at full capacity and with other conditions correspondingly favorable.

According to figures compiled by the United States Bureau of Mines, mines and breakers produced 64,174,655 long tons of fresh-mined anthracite. The production of reclaimed coal (culm-bank and river) was relatively small as compared with fresh-mined coal, amounting to 2.6 per cent of the total for 1929. The total quantity recovered from culm-banks was 1,103,247 tons, or 1.7 per cent.

Data for open-pit (or stripping) operations carried on in connection with underground anthracite collieries were included in the returns for the latter by operators. According to figures supplied by the United States Bureau of Mines, which collects segregated production data for underground and open-pit operations, the census figures for underground collieries include data for the production of 1,591,234 tons of anthracite by open-pit or stripping methods, distributed among the various size classes in Table 9, as follows:

1-COLLIERY ENTERPRISES	Tons (2,240 pounds)	ENTERPRISES OPERATING 2 OR MORE COLLIERIES	Tons (2,240 pounds)
10,000 to 24,009	7, 578 27, 008 51, 237 33, 696 766, 298 54, 470	200,000 to 499,909 500,000 to 999,999 1,000,000 to 1,999,999 2,000,000 and over	68, 970 5, 891 333, 007 243, 084

COAL

TABLE 9.—SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO TYPE OF MINE AND QUANTITY OF PRODUCT, BY STATES: 1929

	10									RATI POWER	CPOWER NG OF L EQUIP- ENT	AVERA	GE PER	TON	
STATE, TYPE OF MINE, AND QUANTITY OF PRODUCT PER ENTERPRISE (TONS ¹)	Number of enterprises	Number of mines	Wage earners (aver- age for the year)	Wages	Cost of supplies	Cost of fuel	Cost of purchased electric energy	Coal pro- duced, tons ¹	Value of all prod- ucts	Prime movers	Electric motors driven by pur- chased energy	Wages	Sup- plies, fuel, and pur- chased elec- tric energy	Value of prod- ucts	Tons per wage earn- er
ANTHRACITE (Pennsylva- nia), total	198	2 303	142, 801	\$229, 967, 059	\$43, 367, 491	\$7, 419, 721	\$6, 508, 527	66, 558, 839	\$384, 854 , 300	618, 042	423, 423	\$3.46	\$0. 86	\$5, 78	466
Underground mines: 1-colliery enterprises, total	118	118	39, 408	62, 539, 429	12, 547, 623	1, 796, 269	3, 308, 701	³ 19, 139, 620	109, 180, 001	132, 859	203, 263	3. 27	. 92	5.70	486
Less than 5,000 5,000 to 9,999 10,000 to 24,999 25,000 to 49,999 100,000 to 199,999 200,000 to 499,999 200,000 to 499,999	14	13 17 19 14	625 1, 372 3, 471 4, 130	738, 094 2, 067, 902 4, 674, 598 6, 448, 024	41, 314 139, 579 347, 692 1, 051, 265 1, 234, 978 8, 328, 505 1, 404, 290	23, 492 29, 616 76, 503 115, 552	16, 441 36, 753 104, 094 281, 374 481, 425 2, 052, 244 336, 370	\$ 222, 421	7, 575, 730 11, 041, 390	1 4 990	2, 995 0, 817 21, 210 24, 953 125, 161	3, 32 3, 47 3, 43 3, 27 3, 27 3, 27	. 91 . 90 . 81 1. 04 . 98 . 91 . 97	5.61	281 356 435 302 477 495 588
Enterprises operating 2 or more collieries, total		۵ <u>129</u>	102, 655	166, 080, 889	30, 552, 225	5, 566, 105	3, 048, 838	³ 46, 119, 689	272, 098, 233	481, 024	212, 307	3, 60	. 85	5, 90	440
25,000 to 49,999 50,000 to 99,999 200,000 to 499,999	1 1 8			4, 394, 039	808, 280			³ 1, 333, 083	7, 569, 306	5, 165			. 97	5.68	439
500,000 to 999,999 1,000,000 to 1,999,999 2,000,000 and over	4 7 8	\$ 10 \$ 30 \$ 77	23, 275	11, 351, 292 39, 607, 400 110, 727, 658	1, 858, 760 7, 219, 668 20, 665, 517	310, 062 1, 128, 631 3, 932, 363	563, 493 1, 642, 409 559, 755	⁸ 3, 017, 596 ⁸ 10, 580, 965 ³ 31, 238, 045	17, 340, 519 60, 947, 192 186, 241, 216	36, 030 87, 783 352, 046	26, 402 119, 760 47, 879	3, 76 3, 76 3, 54	. 91 . 95 . 81	5, 75 5, 79 5, 96	444 452 449
Dredges, total			269 	386, 093 16, 956	78, 744	43, 508	17, 383		827, 025 38, 215	3, 064 351	1, 193 	. 59	. 21	1, 27 1, 73	2, 419
Less than 5,000. 5,000 to 9,999. 10,000 to 24,999. 25,000 to 49,999. 50,000 to 99,999. 100,000 to 199,999.	10 16 3 1	16	100	31, 557	9, 372 26, 575 40, 897	2, 213 6, 373 18, 895 16, 027	1, 890 2, 431 10, 911 2, 101	22, 139 72, 134 280, 131 276, 414	84, 857 348, 525 355, 428	477 1, 082 1, 154	470 515 132	. 44	. 27 . 25 . 20 . 21	1, 73 1, 18 1, 24 1, 29	1
Other: Washeries Open-pit ^g	9 5	9 5	269 200	547, 767 413, 381	131, 815 57, 084	2, 829 11, 010	120, 795 12, 860	510, 667 138, 045	1, 867, 764 881, 277	509 586	6, 031 629	1, 07 2, 99	. 50 . 59	3.66 6.38	1, 898 690
BITUMINOUS COAL, total				·	7 107, 303, 220]	2, 402, 500	1.07	. 27	1.80	
Underground mines ⁸ Open-pit mines ⁸ Underground mines:	4, 857 139	5, 467 153	450, 513 8, 219 	12, 608, 990	7 102, 011, 588 5, 291, 632	666, 460	⁷ 28, 763, 288 1, 338, 758	21, 182, 687	933, 845, 052 33, 348, 719	661, 759 59, 928	2, 313, 195 89, 305	1.00	. 27 . 34	1.81 1.57	1, 146 2, 577
1-mine enterprises, total	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	300, 195		7 05, 134, 010				599, 380, 374		1, 484, 615	1.00	. 26	1.80	<u> </u>
Less than 5,000 5,000 to 9,999 10,000 to 24,999 25,000 to 40,999 50,000 to 199,999 100,000 to 199,999 200,000 to 499,590 500,000 to 999,990 1,000,000 to 1,999,999 1,000,000 to 1,999,999	$\begin{array}{c} 611 \\ 431 \\ 413 \\ 399 \\ 385 \\ 114 \\ 15 \end{array}$	611 431 413 899 385 114 15	12, 394	79, 401, 436 19, 535, 633	16, 182, 571 3, 672, 893	501 4736	(*) (*) 1, 131, 279 2, 398, 906 4, 214, 320 7, 030, 102 3, 699, 184 857, 775	$\begin{array}{c} 3,027,994\\ 4,376,709\\ 9,851,240\\ 15,676,141\\ 29,904,199\\ 56,707,131\\ 119,042,673\\ 75,729,014\\ 18,645,578\\ \end{array}$	8, 589, 366 9, 315, 730 19, 591, 866 30, 132, 292 55, 276, 268 101, 528, 826 206, 041, 346 134, 837, 860 34, 066, 811	15, 014 15, 516 26, 559 35, 184 30, 935 69, 189 124, 420 87, 390 28, 043	21, 658 50, 634 79, 398 160, 080 277, 592 482, 791 305, 009	1, 48 1, 43 1, 28 1, 25 1, 18 1, 12 1, 04 1, 05 1, 05	21 24 25 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28	2.37 2.13 1.99 1.92 1.85 1.79 1.73 1.78 1.83	1, 225
Alabama, total Less than 5,000	138 	138	18, 620 137	17, 986, 030	4, 055, 613 21, 739	(P)		13, 873, 621 82, 021	29, 193, 215	10, 008 248	121, 189 1. 619	1, 30 1, 52	. 39	2, 10	745 599
Less than 5,000 5,000 to 9,999 25,000 to 24,999 50,000 to 99,999 100,000 to 99,999 200,000 to 499,999 500,000 to 499,999	85 16 14 15 17 22 13 0	35 16 14 15 17 22 13 6	173 417 882 2, 420 4, 601 5, 121 4, 869	124, 650 148, 332 280, 864 693, 640 1, 915, 264 4, 328, 931 5, 322, 684 5, 171, 665	21, 739 22, 359 59, 924 144, 109 408, 774 794, 397 1, 108, 801 1, 495, 510	(*) (*) 3, 184 69 16, 064 50, 833 51, 456	(9) 52, 231 171, 108 338, 357 388, 363 255, 954	82, 021 113, 862 236, 637 513, 684 1, 354, 963 3, 133, 424 4, 095, 852 4, 343, 178	194, 256 251, 923 475, 417 1, 026, 937 3, 098, 083 7, 297, 150 8, 317, 276 8, 532, 173	484 45 1, 117 50 1, 118 3, 521 3, 425	1, 619 252 1, 831 3, 571 15, 055 26, 958 33, 503 38, 400	1, 52 1, 30 1, 19 1, 85 1, 41 1, 38 1, 30 1, 19	20 25 39 43 37 38 42	2. 87 2. 21 2. 01 2. 00 2. 29 2. 33 2. 03 1. 96	658 567 582 560 681 800 892
Colorado, total	171	171	9, 936	14, 824, 946	2, 534, 032	317, 476	(9)	9, 330, 141	24, 964, 366	23, 330	51, 239	1, 59	. 38	2.68	939
Less than 5,000 5,000 to 9,999 25,000 to 24,999 25,000 to 49,999 50,000 to 99,999 100,000 to 19,999 200,000 to 499,999	58 25 16 17 25 16 14	58 25 16 17 25 16 14	257 395 897 1, 946 2, 448 3, 782	260, 663 314, 365 518, 752 1, 190, 189 2, 820, 868 3, 915, 372 5, 804, 737	40, 253 56, 512 95, 846 137, 616 546, 699 572, 881 1, 084, 225	(*) (*) 45, 092 74, 673 83, 548 114, 163	(°) (°) 80, 314 179, 365 181, 572 221, 367	136, 660 169, 610 262, 420 641, 728 1, 745, 347 2, 276, 125 4, 098, 251	426, 606 492, 359 786, 540 1, 919, 980 4, 806, 736 6, 456, 040 10, 076, 105	579 899 357 2, 165 3, 948 7, 150 8, 232	460 1, 183 2, 166 4, 319 11, 546 14, 438 17, 127	$\begin{array}{c} 1,91\\ 1,85\\ 1,98\\ 1,85\\ 1,62\\ 1,72\\ 1,72\\ 1,42 \end{array}$. 29 . 33 . 37 . 41 . 46 . 37 . 35	3. 12 2. 90 3. 00 2. 99 2. 75 2. 84 2. 46	648 660 664 715 897 930 1, 084
Illinois, total	357 125	357 125	41, 0 79 47 7	56, 717, 693 532, 670	9, 478, 149 84, 291	1, 147, 016		47, 519, 855	92, 082, 143	104, 531	166, 084	1. 19	. 26	1.94	1, 157
Less than 5,000	123 49 36 21 29 29 37 25 7	125 49 35 21 29 29 37 25 7	477 435 634 838 2, 226 5, 040 11, 068 13, 883 6, 478	532, 670 496, 894 684, 349 903, 425 2, 657, 627 5, 737, 994 14, 994, 969 20, 785, 737 9, 834, 028	84, 291 75, 918 98, 600 83, 382 286, 534 867, 032 2, 324, 418 8, 632, 370 2, 025, 514	(°) (°) 20,137 53,695 169,609 409,606 360,361 133,608	(%) (%) 115, 052 184, 380 471, 544 692, 403 414, 004	316, 272 340, 069 512, 988 767, 356 1, 980, 471 4, 312, 227 12, 287, 670 17, 952, 786 9, 050, 116	806, 940 771, 912 1, 165, 107 1, 442, 961 3, 733, 743 8, 229, 136 23, 021, 356 34, 514, 353 18, 386, 635	3, 096 1, 576 3, 133 2, 587 6, 679 13, 176 30, 152 30, 045 14, 087	809 1, 265 1, 421 3, 567 7, 620 13, 208 37, 221 55, 729 45, 244	1.68 1.46 1.33 1.29 1.34 1.33 1.22 1.16 1.09	. 27 . 22 . 19 . 23 . 28 . 26 . 26 . 28	2,55 2,27 2,27 1,88 1,89 1,91 1,87 1,92 2,03	663 782 809 916 890 856 1, 110 1, 293 1, 397

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 9.—SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO TYPE OF MINE AND QUANTITY OF PRODUCT, BY STATES: 1929—Continued

					·										
										HORSE RATIN POWER MF	EQUIP-	AVERA	GE PER	TON	
STATE, TYPE OF MINE, AND QUANTITY OF PRODUCT PER ENTERPRISE (TONS)	Number of enterprises	Number of mines	Wage earners (aver- age for the year)	Wagos	Cost of supplies	Cost of fuel	Cost of purchased electric energy	Coal pro- duced, tons	Value of all prod- ucts	Prime movers	Electric motors driven by pur- chased energy	Wages	Sup- plies, fuel, and pur- chased elec- tric energy	Value of prod- ucts	Tons per wage earn- er
Underground mines—Contd. 1-mine enterprises—Contd. Indiana, total	193	193	8, 860	\$11, 963, 125	\$2, 256, 752	\$257, 652	\$488, 715	10, 750, 068	\$19, 097, 346	21, 429	31, 658	\$1, 11	\$0. 28	\$1.78	1, 213
Less than 5,000 5,000 to 9,999 25,000 to 94,999 50,000 to 94,969 100,000 to 99,999 200,000 to 499,999 500,000 to 499,999	89 34 15 19 7 10 15 4	80 34 15 19 7 10 15 4	230 217 268 638 752 1, 141 3, 853 1, 762	256, 789 247, 333 253, 980 696, 932 697, 102 1, 540, 250 5, 502, 690 2, 768, 049	34, 827 46, 690 50, 563 107, 666 77, 330 415, 730 925, 252 598, 604	(9) (9) 15, 697 21, 912 33, 575 105, 348 81, 120	(9) (0) (1) 34, 198 19, 358 62, 050 241, 009 132, 040	563, 151 1 405 792	427, 226 406, 203 418, 327 1, 003, 286 963, 196 2, 634, 547 8, 722, 230 4, 527, 331	1, 656 1, 229 1, 204 1, 597 770 2, 324 9, 115 3, 534	2, 392 737 5, 284 13, 877	1.01 1.24 1.10	.16 .20 .21 .23 .21 .36 .26 .31	1, 91 1, 75 1, 74 1, 45 1, 71 1, 87 1, 81 1, 75	934 1,069 919 1,081 749 1,232 1,240 1,467
Iowa, total	163	163	4, 715	6, 215, 742	. 845, 091	78,962	147, 308	3, 434, 141	9, 373, 643	6, 020	14, 671	1.81	. 31	2, 73	728
Less than 5,000 5,000 to 9,999 10,000 to 24,999 25,000 to 49,999 50,000 to 99,999 100,000 to 199,999 200,000 to 499,999	23 17	94 23 17 12 7 3	367 587 701 688 1, 205 890	411, 654 322, 888 501, 155 846, 743 898, 335 1, 754, 003 1, 390, 964	45, 119 53, 782 102, 324 124, 629 101, 146 251, 723 166, 368	(*) (*) 21, 252 724 50, 839 6, 147	(*) (*) 20, 517 31, 168 36, 933 49, 690	$\begin{array}{c} 231,045\\ 154,070\\ 284,704\\ 425,034\\ 535,652\\ 992,306\\ 811,330\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 669,732\\ 496,695\\ 865,000\\ 1,293,871\\ 1,524,745\\ 2,507,858\\ 2,016,236\end{array}$	1, 185 600 550 785 300 2, 400 200	2, 379 2, 798 3, 760	1,78 2,10 2,08 1,99 1,68 1,77 1,71	. 41 . 25 . 34	3, 22 3, 04 3, 04	485 606 779 823
Kansas, total		127	1,940					1, 183, 386	2, 954, 123	3, 530	3, 723	1.58	. 25	2.50	610
Less than 5,000 5,000 to 9,999 10,000 to 24,990 25,000 to 49,999 100,000 to 199,999	. 13	79 26 13 7 2	290	283, 252			(?) (?) 18,835	201, 562 193, 668 216, 015 572, 141	451, 878 528, 958		1, 016	11	. 28 . 25		745
Kentucky, total	. 385	385	36, 260							42, 917	129, 652	. 98			1,095
Less than 5,000 5,000 to 9,099 10,000 to 24,899 25,000 to 49,999 50,000 to 99,999 100,000 to 199,999 200,000 to 499,999 500,000 to 999,999	35 60 51 64 56 59	51 32 60 51 64 56 59 6	337 1, 357 2, 461 5, 051 7, 483	955, 769 1, 707, 265 4, 206, 586 7, 591, 803 18, 182, 507	1. 246, 169	(*) 36,065 50,462 89,676 109,218	302, 679 422, 432 960, 088	135, 553 248, 221 1, 009, 309 1, 938, 212 4, 527, 644 8, 071, 209 18, 491, 368 5, 291, 071		3, 414 5, 374 6, 750 6, 893 10, 289	3, 314 6, 057 18, 224 25, 352 60, 029	1, 18 .95 .93 .93 .94 .94	.17 .21 .22 .21 .22 .21 .22	1.60	744 788 806 1,070 1,203
Missouri, total	. 162	162	8, 267	3, 231, 041	438, 880	30, 903	51, 995	1, 704, 582	4, 762, 610	5, 025	13, 719	1, 90	. 31	2. 79	522
Less than 5,0005,000 to 9,99925,000 to 24,99925,000 to 40,99925,000 to 40,99925,000 to 40,999100,000 to 199,999	- 31 - 19 - 15	93 31 19 15 2 2	430	409, 376 658, 818 1, 050, 867	62, 349 128, 649 121, 662	(9) (9) 12, 659		1 .	610, 506 961, 483 1, 466, 568	871 1,776 417	2, 313 4, 300 5, 295	1, 87 2, 09 1, 97		3.08 2.75	508 5 420 5 511
North Dakota, total		110	734	913, 279	193, 365	5, 934	30, 32	1, 007, 730	1, 766, 221	2, 157	2, 200	. 91	. 28		- <u> </u>
Less than 5,000 5,000 to 9,069 10,000 to 24,999 25,000 to 49,999 200,000 to 499,999	- 90 - 8 - 8 - 2 - 2		40	52, 945 150, 200	16, 514 47, 048	(1)	(⁰) (⁰) (¹) 30, 324	198, 450 56, 148 140, 630 617, 502	103, 104 259, 907	101 542	241	.94 1,07	1 . 29 7 . 31	1,84 1,81	1, 278
Ohio, total		504	16, 474					17, 082, 693	1 2 2		59, 600	1.04	. 25	1, 59	1,037
Less than 5,000 5,000 to 9,909		71	661 1, 291 1, 554 1, 765 2, 757 4, 462	668, 259 1, 330, 570 1, 480, 060 1, 910, 329 2, 955, 812 4, 792, 925	83, 69 100, 72 266, 53 210, 27 313, 14 458, 97 678, 19 751, 62	(9) 5 (9) 2 27,903 3 504 4 20,214 1 21,548 7 41,048	(*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*)	563, 294 534, 56 1, 147, 02 1, 344, 227 1, 724, 130 5, 2, 824, 611 3, 958, 350 2, 986, 480	$\begin{array}{c} 1, 150, 137\\ 981, 188\\ 2, 2, 118, 283\\ 5, 2, 249, 816\\ 0, 2, 917, 837\\ 5, 4, 519, 608\\ 0, 7, 199, 146\\ 8, 5, 961, 009\\ \end{array}$	1,880 1,803 2,480 2,066 240 5,254 3 1,940 2 2,850	1, 018 6, 657 5, 296	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	4 800 5 888 7 865 7 977
Oklahoma, total	- 79						·	(··· ·	6, 013, 192	3, 896	8, 281	1.7	. 38		
Less than 5,000 5,000 to 9,999 10,000 to 24,999 26,000 to 49,999 50,000 to 99,999 100,000 to 199,999	- 19 - 16 - 17 - 14 - 11	19 10 11 14 11		228, 728 510, 224 861, 44	156,78	5 (9) 6 (9) 2 20, 593	1		322, 452 848, 89 8 1, 545, 30	5 73(51(1,56) 2,44	$ \begin{array}{ccc} 1, 9 \\ 1, 8 \\ 2 & 1, 7 \\ 1, 7 \\ \end{array} $	5 .3 1 .4 5 .4	3 2.7 1 3.0 8 3.1	
Pennsylvania, total	1, 025	I						8 70, 197, 06	123, 008, 65	11 .			8.2	9 1.7	5 1, 150
Less than 5,000 5,000 to 9,999 25,000 to 49,999 50,000 to 49,999 100,000 to 199,999 200,000 to 999,999 500,000 to 999,999 1,000,000 to 1,999,999 500,000 to 1,999,999 500,000 to 1,999,999 500,000 to 1,999,999 500,000 to 1,999,999 500,000 to 1,999,999	287 - 169 - 182 - 105 - 97 - 91 - 64 - 25	10 9 9 6	2 3,73 5 4,45 7 7,28 1 11,87 1 15 34	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	7 142, 58 246, 32 665, 34 550, 60 1, 126, 04 2, 205, 16 3, 203, 65 3, 1, 080, 97	1 (*) 2 (*) 8 (*) 7 24, 78 2 79, 44 9 226, 01 4 331, 77 4 56, 08 2 56, 30	(*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*)	737, 04 1, 231, 17 2, 881, 35 2 3, 690, 13 0 6, 842, 64 6 12, 801, 30 0 18, 912, 39 3 16, 875, 11 7 6, 225, 91	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1,841 2,687 5,060 4,884 0,4,884 1,2,921 1,2,921 1,2,921 2,6,484 1,3,450	3, 500 6, 921 13, 333 4 21, 160 3 44, 566 9 77, 855 98, 443 101, 440 36, 716	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	4 .2 2 .2 3 .2 6 .2 6 .2 7 .2 3 .2	9 2.1 1.9 1.8 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.7 1.8	1 781 3 778 0 772 0 820 1 940 3 1,078 4 1,233 4 1,440 3 1,634

See footnotes at end of table.

264

TABLE 9.—SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO TYPE OF MINE AND QUANTITY OF PRODUCT, BY STATES: 1929—Continued

					<u></u>	~~									
	8									RATI POWEF	EPOWER NG OF EQUIP- ENT	AVERA	GE PER	TON	
STATE, TYPE OF MINE, AND QUANTITY OF PRODUCT PER ENTERPRISE (TONS)	Number of enterprises	Number of mines	Wage earners (aver- age for the year)	Wages	Cost of supplies	Cost of fuel	Cost of purchased electric energy	Coal pro- duced, tons	Value of all prod- ucts	Prime movers		Wages	Sup- plies, fuel, and pur- chased	Value of prod-	Tons per wage earn- er
	Numbe	Numbe									chased energy		elec- tric energy	ucts	
Underground mines—Contd. 1-mine enterprises—Contd. Tennessee, total	55		5, 017	\$4, 303, 467	\$618, 783	\$71, 953	\$236, 541	3, 888, 629	\$6, 822, 7 85	6, 862	16, 590	\$1. 11	\$0. 24	\$1. 75	775
Less than 5,000 5,000 to 9,999 10,000 to 24,999 25,000 to 49,999 50,000 to 69,999 100,000 to 109,999 200,000 to 499,999	10 3 9 13 8 4	13	597 1, 369 1, 487	41, 405 31, 035 159, 695 410, 291 1, 154, 172 1, 332, 288 1, 174, 581	5, 622 13, 443 31, 000 45, 128 156, 901 186, 865 179, 824	6, 520) 31, 724 15, 453	(⁰) (⁰) 11, 234 60, 458 113, 247 42, 602	20, 823 21, 486 136, 851 345, 748 1, 006, 300 1, 186, 264 1, 105, 148	51, 446 87, 306 240, 631 602, 238 1, 785, 670 2, 231, 510 1, 867, 984	300 107 651 1, 379 2, 975 1, 450	425 1,230 1,036 8,768	1.54 1.44 1.17 1.19 1.15 1.12 1.01	. 21 . 63 . 23 . 18 . 26 . 27 . 21	1,80 1,74	471 488 520 579 735 798 971
Utah, total				5, 877, 538	1, 047, 124	25, 262	329, 597	4, 303, 114	10, 988, 041	730		1,25	. 33		
Less than 5,000 5,000 to 9,999 26,000 to 49,999 26,000 to 49,999 50,000 to 99,999 100,000 to 99,999 200,000 to 499,999 500,000 to 909,999	8 8 1 3 4 5 7 1	8 3 1 3 4 5 7 1) 106 232	24, 455 59, 359 128, 788 537, 477 785, 788 3, 841, 671	3, 697 13, 874 29, 398 65, 596 101, 814 832, 745	5, 001 9, 116 2, 565	(?) 8, 387 27, 593 73, 308 220, 309		58, 850 66, 995 237, 763 867, 448 1, 430, 407 8, 326, 588	130 300 300	1.055	1, 42 1, 95 1, 24 1, 43 1, 44 1, 19	, 21 , 45 , 41 , 27 , 33 , 33	2, 30 2, 30 2, 62	782 977 1, 624 1, 062
Virginia, total	68	68	6, 554	6, 578, 844	1, 217, 265	27, 997	597, 767	6, 966, 941	11, 884, 352	1, 212	35, 901	. 94	. 26	1.71	1,063
Less than 5,000 5,000 to 9,999 10,000 to 24,999 25,000 to 49,909 50,000 to 99,909 100,000 to 199,999 200,000 to 499,999 500,000 to 999,999	13 7 10 12 7 11 3 5	13 7 10 12 7 11 3 5	53 55 225 617 625 1, 496 953 2, 530	42, 388 48, 302 198, 086 529, 289 555, 494 1, 498, 473 877, 508 2, 829, 244	2, 491 4, 202 34, 998 119, 306 47, 396 204, 530 154, 267 590, 075	(0) (0) (0) 8, 257 9, 589 4, 361 5, 460 330	(*) (*) 75, 094 63, 870 145, 811 84, 878 228, 114	26, 173 47, 256 178, 740 495, 598 453, 984 1, 496, 083 936, 663 3, 334, 444	$\begin{array}{c} 66,689\\ 73,945\\ 296,590\\ 985,085\\ 889,891\\ 2,327,559\\ 1,431,816\\ 5,812,777\end{array}$	440	1,713 4,607	$\begin{array}{c} 1.\ 62\\ 1.\ 02\\ 1.\ 11\\ 1.\ 07\\ 1.\ 22\\ 1.\ 00\\ .\ 94\\ .\ 85\end{array}$, 10 , 09 , 20 , 41 , 27 , 28 , 26 , 25	2, 55 1, 56 1, 66 1, 99 1, 96 1, 56 1, 53 1, 74	494 859 794 803 720 999 982 1, 318
West Virginia, total	· 601	601	67, 115	83, 104, 888	16, 457, 219	575, 865	5, 326, 816	90, 026, 072	138, 514, 394	80, 777	841, 956	, 92	. 25	1, 54	1, 341
Less than 5,000 5,000 to 9,999 10,000 to 24,969 50,000 to 49,969 100,000 to 99,969 200,000 to 499,999 200,000 to 999,999 500,000 to 999,999	75 37 76 63 79 101 137 80 3	76 - 63 79 101 137 30	230 1, 483 2, 321 5, 249 11, 733 31, 223 12, 846	224, 050 233, 812 1, 274, 256 2, 294, 950 5, 376, 007 13, 766, 891 38, 754, 524 18, 361, 069 2, 819, 329	28,000 31,900 278,789 365,688 845,078 2,442,261 7,640,705 4,258,376 566,407	(*) (0) 61, 239 30, 592 64, 892 233, 392 164, 960 12, 290	(*) (*) 97, 214 433, 043 1, 134, 708 2, 042, 887 876, 970 141, 994	14, 367, 120 42, 777, 844	342,085 351,268 1,915,056 3,444,483 8,418,185 21,620,232 66,230,494 31,897,210 4,289,381	$\begin{array}{r} 312\\ 1,527\\ 1,530\\ 7,588\\ 5,523\\ 8,410\\ 26,750\\ 28,037\\ 1,100\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 1,358\\5,495\\8,909\\27,972\\66,708\\162,914\end{array}$. 98 . 93 . 96 . 91 . 93	$\begin{array}{c} .14\\ .12\\ .22\\ .22\\ .23\\ .25\\ .25\\ .25\\ .27\\ .21\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1.\ 70\\ 1.\ 35\\ 1.\ 53\\ 1.\ 47\\ 1.\ 45\\ 1.\ 51\\ 1.\ 55\\ 1.\ 62\\ 1.\ 27\end{array}$	871 1,009 1,103 1,225 1,370
Wyoming, total	26			2, 279, 114	437, 354	68, 199	175, 541		4, 821, 998	5, 112			. 34	<u> </u>	
Less than 5,000 5,000 to 9,099 10,000 to 24,699 50,000 to 39,999 100,000 to 199,999 200,000 to 499,999	2 2 4 5		4 55 243 605	35, 589 70, 299 490, 765 957, 046 725, 415	12, 114 13, 070 86, 824 146, 773 178, 573	(9) 86, 782 8, 854	(*) (?) 4,965 84,315 86,261	21, 249 50, 136 297, 482 706, 888 943, 813	71, 574 130, 467 765, 526 1, 839, 220 2, 016, 221	320	135 532 4,066	1.40	. 57 . 26 . 43 . 34 . 30	2.60 2.57 2.60	912 1, 224 1, 168
Enterprises reporting 2 or more mines, total	861	991	150, 318	196, 899, 015	30, 877, 578	2, 283, 049	9, 431, 632	182, 639, 129	333, 964, 678	222, 309	828, 580	1.08	. 27	1, 83	1, 215
5,000 to 9,999	1 27 41 44 52 100 59 18 19	90 102 117 251 169 64	2, 263 4, 076 9, 820 31, 817 34, 617	10, 947, 591 38, 669, 875 43, 907, 002	134, 649 324, 373 511, 865 2, 131, 486 6, 766, 780 7, 642, 600 3, 829, 684 15, 536, 141	12, 190 50, 824 44, 700 152, 392 672, 823 355, 780 176, 068 818, 272	25, 247 105, 908 306, 131 714, 433 2, 219, 783 2, 327, 113 1, 164, 358 2, 568, 659	1, 535, 815 3, 329, 250 7, 406, 539 34, 019, 127 40, 124, 937	1, 027, 530 3, 008, 320 6, 208, 438 17, 784, 343 62, 217, 355 73, 267, 563 36, 391, 396 184, 059, 733	5, 222 5, 045 14, 071 50, 986 30, 022 10, 642 104, 725	7, 033 21, 143 46, 919 1,52, 682 230, 866 118, 545 248, 818	$\begin{array}{c} 1.36\\ 1.21\\ 1.48\\ 1.14\\ 1.09\\ .95\\ 1.03\end{array}$	40 28 26 22 26	1, 96 1, 86 2, 40 1, 83 1, 83 1, 52 1, 87	679 817 795 1,069 1,159 1,812 1,458
Alabama, total	15		5, 972	5, 510, 161	1, 354, 189	105, 178	325, 845	4, 164, 682	9, 011, 388	12, 180	42, 619	1.32	. 43	2.16	697
25,000 to 49,999 50,000 to 99,999 100,000 to 199,999 200,000 to 499,909 500,000 to 999,999	5	2 2 12 14 8	1	1, 243, 423 4, 266, 738	325, 146 1, 029, 043		118, 901 206, 944						.48 .41		622 723
Illinois and Indiana, total	16	43	9, 154	11, 959, 396	1, 561, 991	311, 576	224, 963	9, 759, 367	17, 997, 075	25, 721	19, 534	1, 23	, 22	1.84	1, 066
25,000 to 49,999 200,000 to 499,999 500,000 to 999,999 1,000,000 to 1,999,999 2,000,000 and over	2	$\begin{array}{c}12\\17\\4\\6\\4\end{array}$	6, 229	254, 145 3, 247, 192 8, 458, 059		75, 623		2, 515, 807	4, 621, 000	11 -	1			1, 84	946
2,000,000 and over		l; ∙∙4 ∵	Uger en l V	l stand and	k polici	L start	l		1. 1.1.1	β¦ :	, I	II : . !	La de Carlos	л	4

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 9.—SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO TYPE OF MINE AND QUANTITY OF PRODUCT, BY STATES: 1929---Continued

	50						-			RATII POWER	FOWER 19 OF EQUIP- ENT	AVERA	GE PER	TON	
STATE, TYPE OF MINE, AND QUANTITY OF PRODUCT PER ENTERPRISE (TONS)	er of enterprises	Number of mines	Wage earners (aver- age for the year)	Wages	Cost of supplies	Cost of fuel	Cost of purchased electric energy	Coal pro- duced, tons	Value of all prod- ucts	Prime movers	Electric motors driven by pur- chased	Wages	Sup- plies, fuel, and pur- chased	Value of prod- ucts	Tons per wage earn- er
	Number	Numbe									energy		elec- tric energy	ucis	
Underground mines—Contd. Enterprises reporting 2 or more mines—Continued. Kentucky, total	42	106	18, 221	\$20, 822, 628	\$4, 004, 938	\$129, 397	\$853, 661	20, 555, 208	\$31, 819, 688	15, 840	99, 996	\$1.01	\$0.24	\$1.55	1, 128
10,000 to 24,999		2 10		248, 594	31, 073	4, 900	11, 531	227, 782	330, 642	300	864	1.09	. 21	1.45	
25,000 to 49,999 50,000 to 99,999 100,000 to 199,999	1 5 4 5	10 8 10	348	300, 860	42, 113 70, 724	1, 845 4, 800	18, 566	309, 065 649, 638	400, 050 924, 298	400 293	1, 077 2, 557	.97			888 1,041
200,000 to 499,099 500,000 to 999,999	10 13 2 2	24 34	3, 019	597, 977 3, 434, 072 8, 642, 147	612, 856 1, 399, 927	18, 951 49, 738	32, 701 229, 178 433, 105	3, 587, 833	5, 367, 493	1, 270 3, 406	14, 586 64, 052	.96 1,02	. 20 . 18 . 24 . 22	1, 50	1, 188
1,000,000 to 1,999,999 2,000,000 and over	2 2	10 8	145 029	7, 598, 978	1, 839, 245	49, 163	128, 580	7, 322, 723	11, 767, 025	10, 171	16, 860	1.04	. 28	1.61	1, 233
Ohio, total	19	43	4, 607	5, 630, 183	836, 849	49, 480	237, 211	5, 295, 776	7, 800, 476	8, 170	17, 610	1.06	. 21	1, 47	1, 150
5,000 to 9,999 10,000 to 24,999 25,000 to 49,999 60,000 to 99,999	1 8 4 1	2	(262, 716	56, 973	3, 173	19, 061	249, 039	469, 059	300	1, 395	1.05	. 32	1.88	1, 004
200,000 to 499,999		47	} 4 1, 204	1, 246, 852	154, 474	10, 109	62, 930	1, 166, 241	1, 607, 866	1, 245	2, 778	1.07	, 20	1.38	969
500,000 to 999,999 1,000,000 to 1,999,999	4	10 2	} 4 3, 155	4, 120, 615	625, 402	36, 198	155, 220	3, 880, 496	5, 723, 551	6, 625	18, 437	1.06	. 21	1, 47	1, 230
Pennsylvania, total		351	·	81, 058, 024	15, 485, 418	983, 522	3, 755, 660	73, 467, 713	138, 855, 807	101, 075	352, 044	1, 11	. 28	1.89	1, 231
10,000 to 24,099 25,000 to 49,999 60,000 to 99,999 200,000 to 199,999 200,000 to 490,999 500,000 to 999,999 1,000,000 to 1,099,999 2,000,000 and over	12 12 6	59 30 18	$\begin{array}{c}1,777\\2,616\\6,886\\7,302\\6,877\end{array}$	2, 828, 644 8, 022, 428 9, 679, 665 9, 296, 857	1, 124, 388 1, 680, 651 1, 713, 993	4, 000 1, 269 11, 969 6, 787 160, 848 128, 039 108, 618 561, 992	51, 697 163, 387 255, 105 530, 561 350, 684 378, 836	2, 477, 271 7, 476, 915 8, 558, 352 8, 533, 333	2, 767, 268 4, 531, 479 13, 406, 111	1, 455 2, 980 13, 303 13, 261	1, 708 3, 218 9, 221 18, 075 38, 980 39, 546 43, 770 197, 526	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$.37 .23 .28 .25 .24 .25 .26 .20	1,82	1, 241
West Virginia, total	80	224	81, 571		7, 836, 313	^	2, 711, 513			17, 338		. 88	. 22	1, 61	1, 526
10,000 to 24,699 25,000 to 49,999 100,000 to 199,999 200,000 to 199,999 500,000 to 499,999 1,000,000 to 1,509,099 2,000,000 and over	6 33 19 6	14 82 51	805 743 9, 395 9, 126 4, 870	700, 182 748, 055 11, 404, 736 12, 575, 478 6, 982, 368	11, 726 136, 425 106, 188 2, 173, 118 2, 352, 176 1, 002, 300 2, 054, 380	13, 638 1, 086 35, 059 37, 989 1, 560	59, 691 69, 227 838, 732 952, 623 455, 140	704, 188 797, 402 11, 370, 463 13, 522, 026 7, 616, 119	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	410 250 6, 346 1, 990	5, 599 3, 271 54, 149 64, 168 39, 022	. 92 . 99 . 94 1. 00 . 93 . 92 . 72	.10	1. 61 1. 58 1. 61 1. 65 1. 49	$ \begin{array}{r} 875 \\ 1,073 \\ 1,210 \\ 1,482 \\ 1,664 \end{array} $
Wyoming, total	8	28	3, 238	6, 406, 537	1, 277, 661	288, 417	112, 820	4, 608, 455	5 12, 206, 136	19, 595	6, 529	1. 30	. 36	2.65	1, 423
100,000 to 199,999 200,000 to 499,999 500,000 to 999,999 2,000,000 and over	. 1	124	'n		82, 920 1, 194, 741			1			1			1	
Iowa Oklahoma Tennessee Utah Virginia	4 10 8 4 7	24 21	1, 313 1, 682 618	2, 223, 357 1, 536, 364 1, 258, 135	181, 608 383, 797 159, 506 596, 921 1, 362, 895	30, 153 33, 768 18, 476 2, 323 32, 482	127,724 67,590 95,722	1, 214, 730 1, 384, 350 2 828, 520	3 464 806	2,730 1,558 300) 6, 644 3 4, 103) 8, 634	1.82 1.11 1.55	. 4/	$\begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 2.85 \\ 3 \\ 1.71 \\ 2.60 \end{bmatrix}$	925 823 1, 341
Open-pit mines, total			·	12, 608, 990	5, 291, 632	666, 460	1, 338, 758	3 21, 182, 683	7 33, 348, 719	59, 928	89, 305	. 60	. 34	1.57	2, 577
5,000 to 9,999 10,000 to 24,699 25,000 to 44,699 100,000 to 99,699 100,000 to 199,999 200,000 to 499,999 500,000 to 999,999 1,060,000 to 1,999,999	24 29 27 25	23 20 32 32 20	952 1, 187 1, 698 2, 515	1, 031, 950 1, 560, 425 2, 772, 422 3, 977, 455	464, 330 619, 128 982, 938 1, 791, 038	42, 96 102, 54 185, 39 207, 94	68, 491 129, 655 187, 355 7 518, 900	1 961, 250 5 2, 015, 760 8, 789, 47 5 7, 414, 04	1,826,702 5,649,158 7,5875,212 5,11,275,722	7, 440 11, 53 11, 844 15, 75	5, 544 9, 076 4 14, 225 5 81, 957	1.0 .7 .7 .5	- 5 - 4 - 3 - 3 - 3	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1, 010 1, 098 2, 232 2, 948
Illinois, total	. 18	20	1, 747	3, 135, 862	1, 542, 264	161, 06	8 532, 32	2 5, 546, 67	3 8, 519, 27	10, 69	0 27, 800	5 . 5'	.4	0 1.5	3, 175
25,000 to 49,999 50,000 to 99,999 100,000 to 199,999 200,000 to 499,999 500,000 to 999,999			j 701	1, 235, 645	574, 592	92, 43	186,78	0 2,248,57	0 3, 453, 89	4, 19	1 7, 907	.5	5 .3		4 3, 208
Indiana, total		1.1	1.1.1.1					1						1	11
10,000 to 24,999	2	2		·							·				
25,000 to 49,999 50,000 to 99,999 100,000 to 199,999 200,000 to 499,999 500,000 to 999,999	1 2		8 358 621	657, 869 954, 506	237, 96	47, 29 55, 52	8 50, 57 7 164, 06	6 1, 085, 30 2 1, 863, 34	9 1, 509, 76 4 2, 764, 79	1 3.25	5 2, 35 3 14, 19	5.6	1.3		5 1, 611 9 3, 032 8 3, 001 6 3, 615
See footnotes at end of t	_			, .,, .,,	,				- 0, r00, 07	- U, 14	51 9,67	0 .5	.2	o. 1.4	010,610

TABLE 9SUMMARY FOR	ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO TYPE OF MINE AND QUANTITY OF	
· · ·	PRODUCT, BY STATES: 1929—Continued	

										RATIN POWER	POWER VG OF EQUIP- INT	AVERA	GE PER	TON	
STATE, TYPE OF MINE, AND QUANTITY OF PRODUCT PER ENTERPRISE (TONS)	Number of enterprises	Number of mines	Wage earners (aver- age for the year)	Wages	Cost of supplies	Cost of fuel	Cost of purchased electric energy	Coal pro- duced, tons	Value of all prod- ucts	Prime movers	Electric motors driven by pur- chased energy		Sup- plies, fuel, and pur- chased elec- tric energy	Value of prod- ucts	Tons per wage earn- er
	ñ	ñ													
Open-pit mines—Continued. Ransas, total	20	21	425	\$697, 66 4	\$386, 063	\$56, 973	\$69, 622	1, 053, 308	\$2, 201, 043	5, 797	2, 702	\$0. 66	\$0. 49	\$2. 09	2, 478
5 ,000 to 9,999 10,000 to 24,999 25 ,000 to 49,999 50,000 to 99,999 100,000 to 199,999	1 5 4 7 3	1 5 4 8 3	<pre></pre>	81, 249 95, 491 317, 198 203, 726	22, 552 30, 962 235, 444 97, 105	11, 766 19, 120	4,808 46,042	148, 831 463, 045	199, 774 273, 264 937, 123 790, 882	1, 487 2, 765	427 1, 382	.64	. 47 . 32 . 65 . 35	1, 84 2, 02 2, 20	1, 341 2, 523 2, 424 3, 155
Missouri, total	22	23	794	1, 227, 150	692, 848	73, 179	153, 697	1, 914, 087	4, 035, 695	6 , 0 00	8, 368	. 64	. 48	2.11	2, 411
5,000 to 9,099 10,000 to 24,099 25,000 to 49,099 50,000 to 99,999 100,000 to 199,999 200,000 to 499,999	1 2 8 3 5 3	1 2 8 3 6 3	<pre></pre>	264, 466 153, 103 427, 282	7, 906 92, 912 94, 646 206, 170 291, 214	13, 688 22, 450 30, 262	15, 983 7, 500 41, 954	292, 423 220, 680 615, 531	618, 865 488, 475 1, 262, 181 1, 551, 215	2, 295 936 2, 665	538 363 2, 244 4, 795	3 . 90 3 . 69 4 . 69 5 . 46	. 42 . 56 . 45 . 51	2. 12 2. 21 2. 05 2. 09	1, 507 2, 373 2, 230 3, 899
Ohio, total	13	14	658	1, 071, 969	280, 268	57,707	35, 242	1, 713, 283	2, 018, 792	5, 068	4,010	3 , 63	. 22	1.18	2,604
10,000 to 24,99025,000 to 49,99950,000 to 99,999 50,000 to 99,999 100,000 to 199,999	122	122	{ • 115 299					1 · · · · ·	· ·	IL I	1	. 6	1.1	3 1.29	2, 144 2, 319 3, 169
100,000 to 199,999 200,000 to 499,999	. 2								819,766	1	1 .				H
Alabama Kentucky North Dakota Oklahoma Pennsylvania West Virginia			$ \begin{array}{c} 423 \\ 5 \\ 260 \\ 423 \end{array} $	483, 734 376, 097 500, 451 386, 529	167, 020 432, 300 67, 069	5 24, 23 37, 43 8 25, 80 9 20, 60	0 31, 319 7 31, 914 3 15, 382 2 7, 883	026, 247 845, 874 505, 974 446, 658	809,29 1,440,71 1,311,77 594,19	6 2,44	5 2, 31 1 3, 08 7 1, 23 0 31	5 7' 6 4 7' 7' 7' 7' 7' 7' 7' 7' 7' 7' 7' 7' 7'	7 - 30 4 - 20 7 - 9 7 - 2	$ \begin{bmatrix} 1, 29 \\ 8 \\ 1, 70 \\ 4 \\ 2, 50 \\ 1 \\ 1, 35 $	0 1,480 0 3,253 9 1,196

¹ Tons, for anthracite, 2,240 pounds; for bituminous coal, 2,000 pounds. ² See footnote, p. 254. ³ See footnote, p. 254. ⁴ Combined to avoid disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises. ⁴ Combined to avoid disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises. ⁵ Includes 11 washories distributed in size classes as follows: 200,000 to 499,999, 2; 500,000 to 999,900, 2; 1,000,000, to 1,999,909, 1; 2,000,000 and over, 6. ⁵ Includes 11 washories distributed in size classes as follows: 200,000 to 499,999, 2; 500,000 to 599,900, 2; 1,000,000, to 1,999,909, 1; 2,000,000 and over, 6. ⁶ Does not include data for open-pit or stripping operations carried on by enterprises operating underground mines. See text for Table 9, p. 262. ⁶ Does not include data for open-pit enterprise and the figure for cost of supplies for those 1-mine underground enterprises whose production was less than ⁷ Data for cost of fuel and purchased electric energy included at less than \$20,000 for the year included in the statistics for underground mines. In those cases ⁸ Data for bituminous open-pit enterprises whose product was valued at less than \$20,000 for the year included with those for underground enterprises. ⁹ Data for cost of fuel and purchased electric energy included in the figure for cost of supplies.

.

Average size of coal mines: 1929 and 1919 (Table 10).-The size of both anthracite and bituminous-coal mines varies widely, but Table 10, in which the average number of wage earners per mine and the average output in tons per mine are given by States, shows that viewed broadly, the anthracite mines are much larger than bituminous-coal mines. Moreover, the average for the latter would be much lower if the very small local mines (less than 1,000 tons annual production) not within the scope of the census were taken into consideration. The average size of the bituminous-coal mines in 1929 (based on tonnage) shows an increase of 72 per cent over that for 1919, while the average size of anthracite collieries decreased 8.5 per cent.

TABLE 10.—NUMBER OF MINES, NUMBER OF WAGE EARNERS, COAL PRODUCTION, AVERAGE NUMBER OF WAGE EARNERS PER MINE, AND AVERAGE OUTPUT PER MINE, BY STATES: 1929 AND 1919

	Number			WAGE EAD (average for 1				COAL PRODUC (tons, 2,000 por		
STATE	ies and	mines	То	tal	Per 1	nine	To	tal	Per n	lino
	1929	1919	1929	1919	1929	1919	1929	1919	1929	1919
Anthracite (Pennsylvania) Bituminous coal	¹ 241 5, 620	261 8, 282	142, 263 458, 732	146, 582 545, 798	590 82	502 66	73, 245, 036 537, 442, 495	86, 708, 461 460, 425, 836	303, 921 95, 890	332, 210 55, 594
Alabama Arkansas Colorado Illinois Indiana	180 86 176 401 235	260 91 164 499 317	24, 781 3, 651 10, 420 49, 817 12, 860	24, 648 2, 787 11, 252 73, 780 24, 479	138 42 59 124 55	95 31 69 148 77	18, 189, 453 1, 823, 524 9, 832, 839 60, 705, 123 18, 624, 508	15, 411, 436 1, 440, 493 10, 182, 512 60, 830, 650 20, 504, 791	$\begin{array}{r} 101,053\\21,204\\55,868\\151,384\\79,253\end{array}$	59, 275 15, 830 62, 088 120, 903 64, 684
Iowa Kansas Kentucky Maryland Missouri	172 155 500 63 190	195 166 742 92 196	5, 942 3, 405 54, 904 3, 042 4, 657	10, 584 8, 084 39, 769 4, 826 7, 285	85 22 110 48 25	54 49 54 52 37	4, 285, 368 2, 986, 190 60, 894, 039 2, 638, 216 3, 963, 458	5, 474, 249 5, 204, 388 29, 426, 018 2, 997, 336 3, 783, 714	$\begin{array}{r} 24,915\\19,206\\121,788\\41,876\\20,860\end{array}$	28, 073 31, 353 39, 058 32, 580 19, 308
Montana New Mexico North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma	43	76 34 79 898 131	1, 983 3, 120 994 21, 739 4, 716	8, 797 3, 564 774 40, 452 7, 040	29 73 9 39 42	50 105 10 45 54	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{3, 442, 518} \\ \textbf{2, 631, 512} \\ \textbf{1, 853, 604} \\ \textbf{24, 091, 756} \\ \textbf{3, 795, 174} \end{array}$	$egin{array}{c} 3,211,719\ 3,185,484\ 767,695\ 35,140,541\ 3,782,794 \end{array}$	50, 625 61, 198 16, 118 42, 944 33, 586	42, 25(93, 69) 9, 71(39, 13) 28, 87(
Pennsylvanja Tonnessoo Toxas Utah Virginia	26	2, 584 143 42 34 118	121,0006,8221,2353,45211,956	154, 992 9, 556 2, 711 3, 647 11, 215	87 87 48 86 136	60 67 65 107 95	$144, 111, 440 \\ 5, 405, 023 \\ 1, 106, 397 \\ 5, 131, 634 \\ 12, 745, 100$	$\begin{array}{c} 150,029,687\\ 5,132,167\\ 1,588,240\\ 4,592,847\\ 9,334,780\end{array}$	103,90269,29542,554128,291144,831	58, 06 35, 88(37, 81) 135, 08 79, 10
Washington West Virginia Wyoming Other States ²	830	43 1, 287 65 26	2, 835 99, 217 4, 693 1, 491	4,413 87,095 7,091 1,957	75 120 94 60	103 68 109 75	2, 602, 030 139, 031, 657 6, 700, 272 851, 660	2, 986, 910 77, 617, 115 7, 212, 006 1, 088, 258	68, 474 167, 508 134, 005 34, 066	69, 46 60, 30 110, 95 41, 85

¹ See footnote, p. 254. ² For 1929: Arizona, Georgia, Michigan, North Carolina, Oregon, and South Dakota; for 1919: California, Georgia, Idaho, Michigan, North Carolina, Oregon, and South Dakota.

268

COAL

,

TABLE 11.—CONDENSED SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO VALUE OF PRODUCTS, FOR THE ANTHRACITE AND THE BITUMINOUS-COAL INDUSTRIES, FOR THE UNITED STATES AND FOR SELECTED STATES: 1929

	Num		Wage		VALUE OF PR	ODUCTS				Wage		VALUE OF PRO	ODUCTS
STATE AND VALUE OF PRODUCTS PER ENTERPRISE	ber of enter- prises	ber of	(aver-	Wages	Amount	Per cent of total	STATE AND VALUE OF PRODUCTS PER ENTERPRISE	Num- ber of enter- prises	ber of	earners (aver-	Wages	Amount	Per cent of total
ANTHRACITE (Pennsyl- vania), total	198	303	142, 801	\$229, 967, 059	\$384, 854, 300	100.0	Indiana, total		235	12, 860	\$18, 101, 859	\$31, 501, 936	100.0
Less than $$20,000$. \$20,000 to $$40,999$. \$50,000 to $$90,099$. \$100,000 to $$249,099$. \$250,000 to $$249,099$. \$250,000 to $$499,099$. \$1,000 co0 to $$2499,099$. \$1,000 co0 to $$4,999,099$. \$2,500,000 to $$4,999,099$. \$5,000,000 to $$4,999,099$.	$35 \\ 19 \\ 13 \\ 23 \\ 23 \\ 18 \\ 40 \\ 12 \\ 15$	35 19 13 20 23 19 42 20 100	$ \begin{array}{r} 179\\335\\435\\1,648\\3,610\\4,410\\25,028\\14,334\\92,822\end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} 171, 501\\ 441, 207\\ 567, 639\\ 2, 343, 922\\ 4, 991, 469\\ 7, 015, 869\\ 40, 135, 554\\ 23, 964, 780\\ 150, 338, 058\\ \end{array}$	324, 648 678, 068 938, 727 3, 709, 836 8, 658, 153 12, 863, 185 70, 551, 092 40, 042, 183 247, 188, 408	$\begin{array}{c} 0.1 \\ 0.2 \\ 0.2 \\ 1.0 \\ 2.2 \\ 3.3 \\ 18.3 \\ 10.4 \\ 64.2 \end{array}$	Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,909 \$60,000 to \$249,909 \$200,000 to \$249,999 \$200,000 to \$499,999 \$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999 \$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999	173	125 25 19 19 13 29 5 176	¹ 460 528 608 1,587 1,875 6,012 1,784 10,420	¹ 521, 897 530, 710 706, 671 1, 915, 321 2, 744, 627 8, 660, 515 3, 022, 118 15, 700, 860	858, 715 798, 645 937, 000 3, 336, 963 4, 719, 290 15, 675, 356 5, 175, 961 26, 553, 407	2.7 2.5 3.0 10.6 15.0 49.8 16.4 100.0
BITUMINOUS COAL, total	4, 976	5, 620	458, 732	574, 800, 072	966, 693, 771	100.0	Loss than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999	74 17	74 17	$\begin{smallmatrix}1&332\\&254\end{smallmatrix}$	¹ 403, 389 338, 125	671, 164	2,5
Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$99,909 \$100,000 to \$249,909 \$260,000 to \$499,909 \$00,000 to \$499,909 \$1,000,000 to \$3,499,099 \$2,500,000 to \$4,909,099 \$5,000,000 and over	2, 156 669 508 085 442 322	2, 156 706 552 784 522 453	¹ 11,021 16,190 24,854 66,738 81,572 100,800	¹ 11, 781, 796 14, 247, 103 23, 739, 627 71, 193, 246 96, 482, 553 131, 266, 203 135, 248, 665 37, 347, 100 53, 403, 719	$\begin{array}{c} 17,742,149\\ 21,963,554\\ 36,007,917\\ 111,800,222\\ 2168,899,282\\ 221,279,398\\ 234,002,566\\ 64,085,538\\ 100,223,145\\ \end{array}$	1.8 2.3 3.8 11.6 16.5 22.9	Loss than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,909 \$50,000 to \$49,909 \$200,000 to \$240,009 \$260,000 to \$249,909 \$600,000 to \$590,909 \$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999 Virginla, total		13 35 15 20 2 88	481 2, 481 1, 978 }² 4, 894	338, 125 338, 125 016, 938 3, 478, 789 3, 129, 964 7, 733, 655	534, 871 928, 246 5, 679, 811 5, 196, 425 18, 542, 890	8,5 21,4 19,6 51,0
\$1,000,000 to \$2,499,099 \$2,500,000 to \$4,999,999 \$5,000,000 and over	165 18	287 81	96, 502 25, 895 34, 560	135, 248, 665 37, 347, 100	234,002,560 64,085,538	24.2 6.6			22	11,956 1153	11, 846, 453 1 130, 044	21, 162, 036	100.0
Pennsylvania, total	1, 151	79 1, 387 490	121, 000	157, 730, 207	262, 456, 657	10.4	Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999. \$50,000 to \$49,999. \$200,000 to \$240,999 \$500,000 to \$496,999 \$500,000 to \$099,999 \$1,000,000 to \$24,99,999 \$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999 \$5,000,000 and over	$9 \\ 10 \\ 17 \\ 7 \\ 4$	9 10 18 9 7	221 478 1, 842 1, 537 1, 732	193, 105440, 2371, 636, 5791, 415, 6961, 765, 888	310,009 747,116 2,741,523 2,352,588 2,688,049	1, 5 3, 5 13, 0 11, 1 12, 7
Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$49,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$499,999 \$00,000 to \$499,999 \$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999 \$2,500,000 to \$4,999,999 \$5,000,000 and over	189 129 153 85	204 150 191 107	4,655 6,260 14,727	¹ 3, 100, 482 4, 008, 581 5, 853, 123 15, 799, 544 18, 662, 297 21, 965, 226 32, 156, 613 22, 121, 251 24, 003, 090	4, 432, 007 6, 164, 604 9, 136, 655 24, 733, 830 29, 028, 665 36, 881, 831 54, 100, 299	2.3 3.5 9.4 11.4	\$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999 \$5,000,000 and over Wyoming, total	í I	6 7 50	1, 732 }25, 998 4, 603	6, 264, 904 8, 716, 950	2, 088, 049 12, 145, 716 17, 118, 580	12,7 57.4
\$1,000,000 to \$200,999 \$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999 \$2,500,000 to \$4,999,909 \$5,000,000 and over	53 37 10 5	83 61 61 40	15, 478 17, 239 21, 030 16, 326 21, 374	21, 965, 226 32, 156, 613 22, 121, 251 34, 003, 090	36, 881, 831 54, 199, 322 37, 002, 127 59, 977, 016	14, 1 20, 7 14, 1 22, 9			12 1 2	1 44 } 2 65	¹ 56, 559 80, 628	103, 672	0.6
West Virginia, total	686	830	99, 217	126, 350, 690	217, 022, 962	100. 0	\$100,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$499,999	1 2 3 8 5	3 11	160 947	282, 170 1, 615, 980	489, 507 2, 883, 684	2.9
Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$39,999 \$26,000 to \$399,999 \$260,000 to \$499,909 \$500,000 to \$499,909 \$1,000,000 to \$24,499,909 \$1,000,000 to \$24,499,909	141 79 82	141 85 85	1 804 2, 005 4, 054	1 807, 697 1, 827, 526 2, 002, 042	1, 140, 977 2, 714, 093 6, 029, 347 22, 442, 828	0, 5 1, 3 2, 8	Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999. \$50,000 to \$49,999 \$200,000 to \$249,969 \$250,000 to \$249,969 \$500,000 to \$249,969 \$500,000 to \$24,99,999 \$1,000,000 to \$2,409,999 \$6,000,000 and over	5 8 1	6 7 8	962 }2, 515	1, 498, 597 5, 183, 016	3, 476, 757 9, 976, 155	20, 3 58, 3
\$100,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$409,990	131 119	$ 149 \\ 136 $	13, 110 22, 472 27, 681	14, 591, 514 26, 099, 620	44,013,900	10.3 20.3	Utah, total	36	40	8,452	6, 635, 673	13, 145, 832	100.0
40,000,000 mill 0 vol	6	129 85 20	22, 515 6, 516	$\begin{array}{r} 1 & 807, 697 \\ 1, 827, 526 \\ 3, 902, 942 \\ 14, 591, 514 \\ 26, 099, 620 \\ 36, 295, 445 \\ 32, 625, 245 \\ 10, 110, 707 \end{array}$	61, 014, 432 56, 686, 856 22, 980, 463	28, 1 26, 1 10, 6	Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999	11 1 3 6	$\begin{array}{c} 11\\1\\3\\7\end{array}$	$\left. \begin{array}{c} 1 38 \\ 2 125 \\ 358 \end{array} \right $	¹ 53, 199 159, 403 758, 843	97, 579 266, 019 1, 206, 693	0.7 2.0 9.2
Illinois, total		401	49, 817	68, 922, 106	114, 617, 799 1, 420, 579	100.0	\$250,000 to \$409,999 \$500,000 to \$999,999 \$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999	7 1	9 2 7	}°1,190	2, 185, 503	4,011,795	30.5
\$20,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$09,009 \$100,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$249,999	41 30 41 31	41 32 41	796 1,359 4,226 6,381 9,344	¹ 969, 930 784, 928 1, 596, 507 4, 772, 033 7, 878, 541 13, 784, 882	1, 309, 117 2, 236, 992 6, 603, 301 11, 657, 369 22, 709, 682	1.2 1.1 2.0 5.8 10.2	Iowa, total	167	172 108	1, 741 5, 942 1 487	8, 478, 725 7, 820, 575	7, 563, 746	57.5
Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,099 \$50,000 to \$00,009 \$100,000 to \$249,990 \$250,000 to \$499,990 \$500,000 to \$2499,999 \$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999 \$2,600,000 to \$4,999,999 \$5,000,000 and over		38 35	9, 344 19, 195 } ² 7, 664	13, 784, 882 27, 160, 013 11, 975, 272	22, 709, 682 47, 695, 998 20, 984, 761	19.8 41.6 18.3	Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,900 \$50,000 to \$39,903 \$100,000 to \$249,909 \$250,000 to \$499,909 \$1,000,000 to \$249,909 \$1,000,000 to \$2,499,909	20 11 12 11 4	20 11 13 13	406 568 913 1,622	$^{1} 556, 115 506, 510 564, 350 1, 131, 970 2, 351, 418 $	898, 606 730, 703 796, 736 1, 761, 467 3, 572, 697	$7.6 \\ 0.2 \\ 6.7 \\ 14.9 \\ 30.2$
Kentucky, total		500 108	54, 904 1 770	60, 155, 095	95, 647, 618 978, 472	100.0	\$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999 Oklahoma, total		52	}*1,886	2, 710, 212	4,066,607	34,4
Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$40,009 \$50,000 to \$99,099 \$100,000 to \$249,099 \$250,000 to \$499,909 \$500,000 to \$999,909 \$1,000,000 to \$2,498,999 \$2,500,000 to \$4,999,999 \$2,500,000 to \$2,900 to \$4,999,999 \$2,500,000 to \$4,999,990 to \$4,999,999 \$2,500,000 to \$4,999,990 to \$4,999,990 to \$4,999,990 to \$4,999,990 to \$4,990,990 to \$4,990 to \$4,	69 64 85 51 41 14 2	72 68 95 56 58	2,321 3,980 9,800 10,422 14,190 213,421	1, 531, 496 3, 143, 282 8, 876, 679 11, 380, 862 17, 568, 506 16, 950, 507	2, 279, 472 4, 723, 860 13, 422, 112 18, 497, 466 28, 853, 255 26, 892, 975	1. 0 2. 4 4. 9 14. 0 19. 8 30. 2 28. 1	CK attorna, total. Less than \$20,000. \$50,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$49,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$249,999 \$00,000 to \$2499,999	97 30 21 12 24 7 2 1	113 30 23 14 30 10 3 3	4,716 ¹ 217 445 521 1,686 987 2860	6, 392, 491 ¹ 218, 890 457, 069 533, 747 2, 219, 214 1, 304, 085 1, 669, 486	10, 789, 776 338, 061 730, 209 838, 108 3, 743, 773 2, 181, 177 2, 949, 448	100.0 3.1 6.9 7.8 34.7 20.2 27.3
Alabama, total	157		24,781	23, 666, 802	38, 564, 531	100.0	Missouri, total	186	190	4,657	5, 150, 487	9, 667, 708	100.0
Less than \$20,000. \$20,000 to \$40,969. \$50,000 to \$40,969. \$100,000 to \$240,969. \$250,000 to \$420,969. \$500,000 to \$490,999. \$1,000,000 to \$2,409,969	52 15 15 23 25 20 7	52 15 16 24 33 30 10	1 310 469 872 3, 056 5, 568 8, 090 6, 416	1 280, 916 305, 663 674, 347 2, 387, 979 5, 030, 902 8, 394, 952 6, 589, 043	451, 217 537, 247 998, 027 3, 849, 332 8, 584, 109 13, 534, 902 10, 609, 697	1.2 1.4 2.6 10.0 22.3 35.1 27.5	Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$49,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$499,999 \$600,000 to \$999,999	114 24 26 14 6 2	114 25 26 15 6 4	¹ 621 611 1, 186 953 21, 286	¹ 584, 617 565, 133 1, 190, 624 1, 159, 920 1, 650, 193	954, 094 822, 102 1, 940, 718 2, 283, 177 3, 667, 617	9.9 8.5 20.1 23.6 37.9
Ohio, total	536		21, 739	24, 446, 839	36, 916, 271	100.0	Tennessee, total	65	78	6,822	5, 999, 623	9, 369, 074	100.0
Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$499,999 \$260,000 to \$999,999 \$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999	339 75 38 43 26 12 3	339 81 41 48 28 18 6	¹ 1, 666 1, 486 1, 657 4, 016 5, 426 5, 371 2, 117	${}^{1} 1, 591, 677 \\ 1, 446, 983 \\ 1, 694, 428 \\ 4, 309, 810 \\ 6, 275, 916 \\ 6, 266, 341 \\ 2, 862, 684 \\ \end{array}$	2, 366, 443 2, 344, 556 2, 675, 275 0, 745, 466 9, 303, 788 9, 068, 089 4, 412, 654	6, 4 6, 4 7, 2 18, 3 25, 2 24, 6 12, 0	Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$39,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$499,999 \$500,000 to \$999,999	14 9 11 18 11 2	14 9 11 25 16 3	¹ 110 364 710 2,209 ² 3,429	¹ 78, 162 219, 758 542, 152 1, 888, 974 3, 270, 577	106, 098 298, 282 857, 259 2, 781, 351 5, 326, 084	1.1 3.2 9.1 29.7 56.8

¹ Includes data for salaried employees and wage earners, which were not reported separately for enterprises whose value of products was less than \$20,000. ² Combined to avoid disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises.

TYPE OF OWNERSHIP

Corporations operated 63 per cent of the total number of mines, reported 96 per cent of the total value of products, and employed 95 per cent of the total number of wage earners in the bituminous-coal industry in 1929. Other forms of organization include partnerships, enterprises operated by individuals, etc. While the number of enterprises in this class remained large (2,042 in 1929 as compared with 2,311 in 1919), their value of products decreased from 5.3 per cent of the total in 1919 to 4 per cent in 1929.

In the anthracite industry, corporations contributed 97 per cent of the total value of products in 1929, or practically the same proportion contributed in 1919, 97.6 per cent.

TABLE 12.—CONDENSED SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO TYPE OF OWNERSHIP, FOR THE ANTHRACITE AND THE BITUMINOUS-COAL INDUSTRIES, FOR THE UNITED STATES AND FOR SELECTED STATES: 1929

FOR SELECTED STA.	1 1002 1	949					<u>.</u>		
STATE AND TYPE OF OWNERSHIP	Number of enter- prises	Number of mines	Wage earners (average for the year)	Value of products	STATE AND TYPE OF OWNERSHIP	Number of enter- prises	Number of mines	Wage earners (average for the year)	Value of products
United States, total	5, 174	5, 923	601, 533	\$1, 351, 548, 071	Montana, total	66	68	1, 983	\$7, 448, 13
Corporate Other 1	3,076 2,098	3, 788 2, 135	574, 844 26, 689	1, 301, 135, 430 50, 412, 641	Corporate Other	17 49	19 49	1, 784 199	7, 047, 63 400, 50
Anthracite (Pennsylvania), total	198	303	142, 801	384, 854, 300	New Mexico, total	28	43	3, 120	8, 324, 31
Corporate Other 1	142 58	246 57	139, 033 3, 768	373, 371, 684 11, 482, 616	Corporate Other	11	25 18	2, 991 129	8, 017, 20 307, 11
Bituminous coal, total	4, 976	5, 620	458, 732	966, 693, 771	North Dakota, total	115	115	994	3, 206, 98
Corporate Other 1	2, 934 2, 042	3, 542 2, 078	$\frac{435,811}{22,921}$	927, 763, 746 38, 930, 025	Corporate Other 1	17 98	17 98	641 353	2, 433, 09 77 3 , 84
labama, total	157	180	24, 781	38, 564, 531	Ohio, total	536	561	21, 739	36, 916, 27
Corporate Other 1	122 35	144 36	23, 914 867	37, 444, 272 1, 120, 259	Corporate Other 1	208 328	229 332	19, 094 2, 645	32, 774, 01 4, 142, 20
rkansas, total	83	86	3, 651	6, 172, 710	Oklahoma, total	97	113	4, 718	10, 789, 7
Corporate Other 1	55 28	57 29	3, 128 523	5, 442, 960 729, 750	Corporate Other ¹	67 30	81 32	4, 021 605	9, 186, 6 1, 603, 1
colorado, total	173	176	10, 420	26, 553, 407	Pennsylvania, total	1, 151	1, 387	121,000	262, 456, 6
Corporate	111 62	114 62	9, 998 422	25, 553, 968 999, 439	Corporate	669 482	887 500	112, 704 8, 296	248, 545, 6 13, 911, 0
llinois, total	384	401	49, 817	114, 617, 799	Tennessee, total	65	78	6, 822	9, 369, 0
Corporate Other 1	221 163	237 164	48, 531 1, 286	112, 150, 892 2, 466, 907	Corporate Other 1	52 13	65 13	6, 652 170	9, 215, 5 153, 5
ndiana, total	222	235	12,860	31, 501, 936	Texas, total		26	1, 235	1, 674, 1
Corporate	101 121	114 121	12, 175 685	30, 293, 739 1, 208, 197	Corporate	16	19 7	1, 158 79	1, 587, 4 86, 7
owa, total	167	172	5, 942	11, 832, 816	Utah, total	. 36	40	3, 452	13, 145, 8
Corporate Other 1	53 114	58 114	5, 092 850	10, 141, 299 1, 691, 517	Corporate Other 1	- 28	32 8	3, 437 15	13, 079, 9 05, 8
Cansas, total	. 150	155	3, 405	6, 952, 829	Virginia, total	- 75	88	11, 956	21, 162, (
Corporate	48	40 106	2,363 1,042	5, 202, 341 1, 750, 488	Corporate	56	69 19	11, 821 135	20, 967, 1 194, 9
Kontucky, total	434	500	54, 904	95, 647, 618	Washington, total	- 82	38	2, 835	8, 639, 7
Corporate	344	408 92	63, 351 1, 553	93, 384, 875 2, 262, 743	Corporate	21	27 11	2,656 179	8, 258, 0 381, 0
Maryland, total	52	63	3, 042	4, 745, 279	West Virginia, total	ſ,		99, 217	217, 022, 9
Corporate	34 18	45 18	2, 839 203	4,452,159 293,120	Corporate Other 1	582	724	97, 639 1, 578	214, 411, (2, 611, 2
Missouri, total	186	190	4, 657	9, 667, 708	Wyoming, total	1.1.1		4,693	17, 118,
Corporate Other 1	64 122	67 123	3, 738 919	8, 077, 905 1, 589, 803	Corporate Other !	- 24 - 11		4,651 42	17, 024, 0 94, 8

¹ Partnerships, enterprises operated by individuals, etc.

DISTRIBUTION OF SALES

Distribution of sales, by marketing channels through which coal was sold by producers, by States: 1929 (Table 13).—This report gives statistics showing the distribution channels through which coal was delivered or sold by mine operators, compiled from data reported to the census of mines and quarries for 1929. The statistics refer only to the first stage in distribution, and do not include data for subsequent marketing outlets.

For the bituminous-coal industry as a whole main offices of mining companies sold directly to consumers (and retailers) more coal than was handled through any other channel, or 35.6 per cent of the total. These sales, together with those of separate or branch sales offices and affiliated selling companies, constituted 60.1 per cent of the total. Captive tonnage (shown under "a" in Table 13) comprised 21.3 per cent of the total, while sales to independent wholesalers and jobbers, and sales through nonaffiliated agents on commission amounted to 18.2 per cent.

The statistics also show the relative importance of the different channels, by States. These reflect local or sectional developments in respect to integration of coal production with other industries, the consolidation of producing and selling interests, the distance to markets, and other factors. Pennsylvania and Alabama, for example, indicate high proportions of controlled or "captive" tonnage, due to large coking and other industrial enterprises which mine their own coal. Conversely, Indiana and Virginia show small proportions of "captive" tonnage, while "sales by the main offices of mining companies" rank particularly high for Colorado, Iowa, and Tennessee.

TABLE 13.—DISTRIBUTION OF SALES, BY MARKETING CHANNELS THROUGH WHICH COAL WAS SOLD BY PRODUCERS, FOR THE ANTHRACITE AND THE BITUMINOUS-COAL INDUSTRIES, BY STATES: 1929¹

MARKETING CHANNELS	Anthracite (Pennsylvania)	Per cent of total	Bituminous coal, total	Per cent of total	Pennsylvania	Per cent of total	West Virginia	Per cent of total
Total sales: 'Tons ² Value	61, 367, 350 \$377, 036, 392	100. 0 100. 0	523, 407, 350 \$939, 937, 222	100. 0 100. 0	140, 610, 002 \$256, 002, 707	100. 0 100. 0	137, 055, 763 \$214, 570, 871	100.0 100.0
(a) Deliveries direct to consumers who own or control the mine through direct ownership, and sales to affiliated	The Contract of Co	·						
consumers:	594, 581	1.0	111, 342, 626	21.3	49, 996, 872	. 35.6	18 318 098	13.3
Value	\$2, 113, 277	0.6	\$218, 241, 284	23.2	98, 974, 570	38.6	18, 318, 098 \$31, 467, 138	14.6
invoiced by main offices of the mining companies: (Tons ²	17, 210, 258	28.0	186, 320, 092	35.6	51, 837, 907	36.8	30, 710, 717	22, 3
Value. (c) Sales arranged and involced by separate or branch	\$100, 297, 654	26.6	186, 320, 092 \$347, 966, 564	37. 0	\$91, 617, 452	35.8	30, 710, 717 \$46, 907, 658	21.9
 consumers: Tons?	396, 356	0.6	23, 359, 870 \$37, 973, 359	4.5	1, 813, 901 \$3, 519, 119	1. 3	12, 161, 935	8.8 8.2
(d) Sales through a separately incorporated selling com- pany owned by the same interests as the mining	\$1, 935, 150	0.5	\$37, 973, 359	4, 1	\$3, 519, 119	1,4	\$17, 484, 966	8.2
pany owned by the same interests as the mining company:			· .				44 00% 501	32. ô
'Tons ² Value	21, 490, 679 \$135, 496, 171	35.0 35.9	105, 126, 876 . \$176, 564, 076	20.0 18.8	20, 792, 051 \$35, 379, 501	14.8 13.8	44, 865, 521 \$71, 513, 074	33.3
(c) Sales to independent wholesalers or jobbers, and sales through nonaffiliated agents on commission:	01 707 000	9# 1	05 179 999	18, 2	16, 061, 933	11.4	30, 961, 983	22.5
Value	21, 565, 603 \$136, 613, 014	35, 1 36, 2	95, 173, 332 \$155, 347, 499	16. 5	\$26, 379, 287	10.3	\$46, 355, 044	22.5 21.6
company: 'Tons ²	109,873 \$581,126	0.2 0.2	2, 084, 554 \$3, 844, 440	0.4 0.4	107, 338 \$192, 778	0.1 0.1	637, 509 \$842, 991	0.5
· (111)								
Production reported by enterprises whose value of prod- uct was less than \$20,000:1 Tons 2			9, 061, 699		2, 415, 896		845, 291	
Value Quantity consumed at the mines for power and hent, ¹ tons ²	5,044,989		9, 061, 699 \$17, 727, 085 4, 524, 467		2, 415, 896 \$4, 432, 607 1, 045, 805		\$1, 140, 977 511, 284	
	 					1 	I	1
MARKETING CHANNELS	Illinois	Per cent of total	Kentucky	Per'cent of total	Alabama	Per cent of total	Ohio	Per cent of total
MARKETING CHANNELS	Illinois	Per cent of total	Kentucky	Per'cent of total	Alabama		Ohio	Per cent of total
		of total		of total		of total 100, 0		of total
Total sales: Tons ² Value	58, 947, 143 \$111, 501, 957	of total	Kentucky 59, 713, 203 \$03, 811, 378	of total	Alabama 17, 837, 326 \$37, 753, 758	of total	Ohio 22, 583, 942 \$34, 328, 331	of total
Total sales: Tons ² Value	58, 947, 143 \$111, 501, 957	of total		of total		of total 100, 0		of total
Total sales: Tons ² Value (a) Deliveries direct to consumers who own or control the mine through direct ownership, and sales to affiliated	58, 947, 143 \$111, 501, 957	of total	59, 713, 203 \$03, 811, 378	of total	17, 837, 326 \$37, 753, 758	of total 100, 0 100, 0 44, 1	22, 583, 942 \$34, 328, 331	of total
Total sales: Tons ² Value (a) Deliveries direct to consumers who own or control the mine through direct ownership, and sales to affiliated	58, 947, 143 \$111, 501, 957	of total		of total		of total 100.0 100.0		of total
Total sales: ¹ Tons ²	58, 947, 143 \$111, 501, 957 9, 096, 613 \$17, 085, 383 31, 530, 583	of total 100. 0 100. 0 15. 4 15. 3 53. 0	50, 713, 203 \$03, 811, 378 9, 804, 566 \$17, 697, 201	of total 100. 0 100. 0 16. 4 18. 9	17, 837, 226 \$37, 763, 768 7, 862, 658 \$16, 466, 803	of total 100. 0 100. 0 44. 1 43. 6	22, 583, 942 \$34, 328, 831 3, 104, 020 \$5, 385, 676	of total 100. 0 100. 0 14. 0 15. 7 38. 4
Total sales: ¹ Tons ²	58, 947, 143 \$111, 501, 957 9, 096, 613 \$17, 085, 383 31, 530, 583	of total 100. 0 100. 0 15. 4 15. 3 53. 0	59, 713, 203 \$03, 811, 378	of total 100. 0 100. 0 16. 4 18. 9	17, 837, 326 \$37, 763, 758 7, \$62, 658 \$16, 406, 803 6, 128, 776	of total 100. 0 100. 0 44. 1 43. 6	22, 583, 942 \$34, 328, 331	of total 100. 0 100. 0 14. 0 15. 7 38. 4 39. 3
Total sales: Tons ² Value (a) Deliveries direct to consumers who own or control the mine through direct ownership, and sales to affiliated consumers: Tons ² Value (b) Sales direct to other consumers (including retailers) invoiced by main offices of the mining companies: Tons ² Value (c) Sales arranged and invoiced by separate or branch sales offices of the mining company: Tons ²	58, 947, 143 \$111, 501, 957 0, 096, 613 \$17, 085, 383 \$17, 085, 383 \$42, 408, 648 1, 693, 096	of total 100. 0 100. 0 15. 4 15. 4 15. 3 53. 0 56. 0 2. 9	50, 713, 203 \$03, 811, 378 9, 804, 566 \$17, 697, 201 20, 274, 706 \$32, 796, 026	of total 100. 0 100. 0 16. 4 18. 9 34. 0 34. 9	17, 837, 326 \$37, 763, 768 7, 862, 658 \$16, 466, 803 6, 128, 776 \$13, 856, 563 64, 763	of total 100, 0 100, 0 44, 1 43, 6 34, 4 36, 7 0, 4	22, 583, 942 \$34, 328, 831 3, 104, 020 \$5, 385, 670 8, 602, 702 \$13, 500, 888 301, 798	of total 100. 0 100. 0 14. 0 15. 7 38. 4 39. 3
 Total sales:¹ Tons ² Value (a) Deliveries direct to consumers who own or control the mine through direct ownership, and sales to affiliated consumers: Tons ² Value (b) Sales direct to other consumers (including retailers) invoiced by main offices of the mining companies: Tons ² Value (c) Sales arranged and invoiced by separate or branch sales offices of the mining company: Tons ² Value (d) Sales through a separately incorporated selling com-	58, 947, 143 \$111, 501, 957 	of total 100. 0 100. 0 15. 4 15. 4 15. 3 53. 0 56. 0 2. 9	50, 713, 203 \$03, 811, 378 9, 804, 566 \$17, 697, 201	of total 100. 0 100. 0 16. 4 18. 9 34. 0 34. 9	17, 837, 226 \$37, 763, 768 7, 862, 658 \$16, 466, 803 6, 128, 776 \$13, 856, 568 64, 763	of total 100, 0 100, 0 44, 1 43, 6 34, 4 36, 7 0, 4	22, 583, 942 \$34, 328, 831 3, 104, 020 \$5, 385, 070 8, 602, 702 \$13, 500, 888 301, 708	of total 100. 0 100. 0 14. 0 15. 7 38. 4
 Total sales:¹ Tons ² Value (a) Deliveries direct to consumers who own or control the mine through direct ownership, and sales to affiliated consumers: Tons ² Value (b) Sales direct to other consumers (including retailers) invoiced by main offices of the mining companies: Tons ² Value (c) Sales arranged and invoiced by separate or branch sales offices of the mining company: Tons ² Value (d) Sales through a separately incorporated selling com-	58, 947, 143 \$111, 501, 957 	of total 100. 0 100. 0 15. 4 15. 3 53. 0 56. 0 2. 9 2. 3	50, 713, 203 \$03, 811, 378 9, 804, 566 \$17, 697, 201 20, 274, 706 \$32, 796, 026 1, 637, 038 \$2, 282, 234	of total 100.0 100.0 16.4 18.9 34.0 34.9 2.7 2.4	$\begin{array}{c} 17, 837, 326\\ \$37, 753, 758\\ 7, 862, 658\\ \$16, 460, 803\\ 6, 128, 776\\ \$13, 856, 568\\ 6, 128, 776\\ \$13, 856, 568\\ 64, 763\\ \$164, 850\\ \end{array}$	of total 100.0 100.0 44.1 43.6 34.4 36.7 0.4 0.5	22, 583, 942 \$34, 328, 331 3, 104, 020 \$5, 385, 670 8, 662, 702 \$13, 500, 888 301, 708 \$471, 101 5, 918, 570	of total 100.0 100.0 14.0 15.7 38.4 39.3 1.3 1.4 26.2
 Total sales:¹ Tons ² Value (a) Deliveries direct to consumers who own or control the mine through direct ownership, and sales to affiliated consumers: Tons ² Value (b) Sales direct to other consumers (including retailers) invoiced by main offices of the mining companies: Tons ² Value (c) Sales arranged and invoiced by separate or branch sales offices of the mining company: Tons ² Value (d) Sales through a separately incorporated selling com-	58, 947, 143 \$111, 501, 957 	of total 100. 0 100. 0 15. 4 15. 3 53. 0 56. 0 2. 9 2. 3	50, 713, 203 \$03, 811, 378 9, 804, 566 \$17, 697, 201 20, 274, 766 \$32, 796, 026 1, 637, 038 \$2, 282, 234 10, 636, 592	of total 100. 0 100. 0 16. 4 18. 9 34. 0 34. 0 34. 9 2. 7 2. 4 17. 6	$\begin{array}{c} 17, 837, 226\\ \$37, 763, 768\\ 7, 862, 658\\ \$16, 406, 803\\ 6, 128, 776\\ \$18, 856, 668\\ 64, 768\\ \$164, 850\\ 649, 661\\ 649, 661\\ \end{array}$	of total 100.0 100.0 44.1 43.6 34.4 36.7 0.4 0.5 3.6	22, 583, 942 \$34, 328, 831 3, 104, 020 \$5, 385, 676 8, 602, 702 \$13, 500, 888 301, 708 \$471, 101 5, 918, 570	of total 100.0 100.0 14.0 15.7 38.4 39.3 1.3 1.4
 Total sales:¹ Tons ² Value (a) Deliveries direct to consumers who own or control the mine through direct ownership, and sales to affiliated consumers: Tons ² Value (b) Sales direct to other consumers (including retailers) invoiced by main offices of the mining companies: Tons ² Value (c) Sales arranged and invoiced by separate or branch sales offices of the mining company: Tons ² Value (d) Sales through a separately incorporated selling com-	58, 947, 143 \$111, 501, 957 	of total 100. 0 100. 0 15. 4 15. 3 53. 0 58. 0 2. 9 2. 3 17. 2 17. 0	59, 713, 203 \$03, 811, 378 9, 804, 565 \$17, 697, 201 20, 274, 706 \$32, 796, 026 1, 637, 038 \$2, 282, 234 10, 636, 592 \$16, 552, 818	of total 100.0 100.0 16.4 18.9 34.0 34.9 2.7 2.4 17.6 16.6	$\begin{array}{c} 17, 837, 326\\ \$37, 763, 768\\ 7, 862, 658\\ \$16, 406, 803\\ 6, 128, 776\\ \$13, 856, 508\\ 647, 763\\ \$164, 850\\ 8164, 850\\ 649, 661\\ \$1, 144, 140\\ \end{array}$	of total 100.0 100.0 44.1 43.6 34.4 36.7 0.4 0.5 3.6 3.0	22, 583, 942 \$34, 328, 331 3, 164, 020 \$5, 385, 676 8, 602, 702 \$13, 500, 888 301, 708 \$471, 101 5, 918, 570 \$8, 779, 124	of total 100.0 100.0 14.0 15.7 38.4 39.3 1.4 26.2 26.2 25.6
 Total sales:¹ Tons ² Value (a) Deliveries direct to consumers who own or control the mine through direct ownership, and sales to affiliated consumers: Tons ² Value (b) Sales direct to other consumers (including retailers) invoiced by main offices of the mining companies: Tons ² Value (c) Sales arranged and invoiced by separate or branch sales offices of the mining company: Tons ² Value (d) Sales through a separately incorporated selling com-	58, 947, 143 \$111, 501, 957 	of total 100. 0 100. 0 15. 4 15. 3 53. 0 56. 0 2. 9 2. 3 17. 2 17. 0 0 10. 6 0. 1 10. 0 10.	50, 713, 203 \$03, 811, 378 9, 804, 566 \$17, 697, 201 20, 274, 706 \$32, 796, 026 1, 637, 038 \$2, 282, 234 10, 636, 592 \$16, 552, 815 17, 310, 756 \$25, 205, 285	of total 100.0 100.0 16.4 18.9 34.0 34.9 2.7 2.4 17.6 16.6 10.6 2.7 2.4 17.6 10.6 10.0 2.7 0 2.7 0 2.4 10.0 0 10.0 0 10.0 0 10.0 0 10.0 1	17, 837, 326 \$37, 753, 758 7, 862, 658 \$16, 460, 803 6, 128, 776 \$13, 856, 568 64, 763 \$164, 850 649, 661 \$1, 144, 149 2, 996, 647 \$5, 854, 846	of total 100. 0 100. 0 44. 1 43. 6 34. 4 36. 7 0. 4 0. 5 8. 6 3. 0 16. 8 15. 5	22, 583, 942 \$34, 328, 331 3, 164, 020 \$5, 385, 670 8, 662, 702 \$13, 500, 888 301, 708 \$471, 101 5, 918, 570 \$8, 779, 124 4, 511, 531 \$6, 142, 933	of total 100.0 100.0 14.0 15.7 38.4 39.3 1.3 1.4 26.2 25.6 20.0 17.9
 Total sales:¹ Tons ² Value (a) Deliveries direct to consumers who own or control the mine through direct ownership, and sales to affiliated consumers: Tons ² Value (b) Sales direct to other consumers (including retailers) invoiced by main offices of the mining companies: Tons ² Value (c) Sales arranged and invoiced by separate or branch sales offices of the mining company: Tons ² Value (d) Sales through a separately incorporated selling com-	58, 947, 143 \$111, 501, 957 	of total 100. 0 100. 0 15. 4 15. 3 53. 0 56. 0 2. 9 2. 3 17. 2 17. 0 0 10. 6 0. 1 10. 0 10.	50, 713, 203 \$03, 811, 378 9, 804, 566 \$17, 697, 201 20, 274, 706 \$32, 796, 026 1, 637, 038 \$2, 282, 234 10, 636, 592 \$16, 552, 815 17, 310, 756 \$25, 205, 285	of total 100.0 100.0 16.4 18.9 34.0 34.9 2.7 2.4 17.6 16.6 10.6 2.7 2.4 17.6 10.6 10.0 2.7 0 2.7 0 2.4 10.0 0 10.0 0 10.0 0 10.0 0 10.0 1	$\begin{array}{c} 17, 837, 226\\ \$37, 763, 768\\ 7, 862, 658\\ \$16, 406, 803\\ 6, 128, 776\\ \$18, 856, 563\\ 64, 763\\ \$164, 850\\ 644, 763\\ \$164, 850\\ 649, 661\\ \$1, 144, 149\\ 2, 996, 647\\ \$5, 854, 846\\ 134, 821\\ \end{array}$	of total 100.0 100.0 44.1 43.6 34.4 36.7 0.4 0.5 0.4 0.5 0.4 0.5 0.7 0.7	22, 583, 942 \$34, 328, 331 3, 164, 020 \$5, 385, 670 8, 662, 702 \$13, 500, 888 301, 708 \$471, 101 5, 918, 570 \$8, 779, 124 4, 511, 531 \$6, 142, 933	of total 100.0 100.0 14.0 15.7 38.4 39.3 1.4 26.2 26.2 25.6
Total sales:1 Tons ? Value (a) Deliveries direct to consumers who own or control the mine through direct ownership, and sales to affiliated consumers: Tons ? Value (b) Sales direct to other consumers (including retailers) invoiced by main offices of the mining companies: Tons ? (c) Sales direct to other consumers (including retailers) invoiced by main offices of the mining companies: Tons ? (c) Sales arranged and invoiced by separate or branch sales offices of the mining company: Tons ? (d) Sales through a separately incorporated selling company: Tons ? Yalue (c) Sales independent wholesalers or jobbers, and sales through nonafiliated agents on commission: Tons ? (d) Sales the independent wholesalers or jobbers, and sales through nonafiliated agents on commission: Tons ? (e) Sales to independent wholesalers or jobbers, and sales through nonafiliated agents on commission: Tons ? Value (f) Other sales (unspecified): Tons ? Value Value	58, 947, 143 \$111, 501, 957 9, 096, 613 \$17, 085, 383 31, 580, 583 \$62, 405, 642 1, 093, 096 \$2, 580, 287 10, 122, 540 \$18, 904, 146 6, 220, 896 \$10, 167, 210 283, 42: \$416, 383	of total 100. 0 100. 0 15. 4 15. 3 53. 0 56. 0 2. 9 2. 3 17. 2 17. 0 0 10. 6 0. 1 10. 0 10.	50, 713, 203 \$03, 811, 373 9, 804, 566 \$17, 697, 201 20, 274, 766 \$32, 796, 026 1, 637, 038 \$2, 282, 234 10, 636, 592 \$15, 552, 815 17, 310, 765 \$25, 295, 285 149, 485	of total 100.0 100.0 16.4 18.9 34.0 34.9 2.7 2.4 17.6 16.6 10.6 2.7 2.4 17.6 10.6 10.0 2.7 0 2.7 0 2.4 10.0 0 10.0 0 10.0 0 10.0 0 10.0 1	$\begin{array}{c} 17, 837, 226\\ \$37, 763, 768\\ 7, 862, 658\\ \$16, 406, 803\\ 6, 128, 776\\ \$18, 856, 563\\ 64, 763\\ \$164, 850\\ 644, 763\\ \$164, 850\\ 649, 661\\ \$1, 144, 149\\ 2, 996, 647\\ \$5, 854, 846\\ 134, 821\\ \end{array}$	of total 100.0 100.0 44.1 43.6 34.4 36.7 0.4 0.5 0.4 0.5 0.4 0.5 0.7 0.7	22, 583, 942 \$34, 328, 331 3, 164, 020 \$5, 385, 670 8, 662, 702 \$13, 500, 888 301, 708 \$471, 101 5, 918, 570 \$8, 779, 124 4, 511, 531 \$6, 142, 933	of total 100.0 100.0 14.0 15.7 38.4 39.3 1.3 1.4 26.2 25.6 20.0 17.9 0,1
Total sales:1 Tons ? Value (a) Deliveries direct to consumers who own or control the mine through direct ownership, and sales to affiliated consumers: Tons ? Value (b) Sales direct to other consumers (including retailers) invoiced by main offices of the mining companies: Tons ? Value (c) Sales arranged and invoiced by separate or branch sales offices of the mining company: Tons ? Value (d) Sales through a separately incorporated selling company: Tons ? Value (c) Sales to independent wholesalers or jobbers, and sales offices of independent wholesalers or jobbers, and sales through nonaffiliated agents on commission: Tons ? Value (f) Other sales (unspecified); Tons ? Value (f) Other sales (unspecified); Yalue Value Value Value Yalue Yalue Yalue Yalue Yalue Tons ? Yalue Yalue Yalue Yalue	58, 947, 143 \$111, 501, 957 9, 009, 613 \$17, 085, 383 31, 580, 583 \$62, 408, 642 1, 693, 096 \$2, 530, 237 10, 122, 540 \$18, 904, 140 6, 220, 890 \$10, 157, 211 233, 42; \$416, 333	of total 100. 0 100. 0 15. 4 15. 3 53. 0 56. 0 2. 9 2. 3 17. 2 17. 0 10. 6 0. 1 1. 4 1. 5 3 53. 0 56. 0 1. 5 1. 5	50, 713, 203 \$03, 811, 378 9, 804, 566 \$17, 697, 201 20, 274, 766 \$32, 796, 026 1, 637, 038 \$2, 282, 234 10, 636, 592 \$15, 652, 815 17, 310, 756 \$26, 205, 285 149, 485 \$187, 816	of total 100. 0 100. 0 16. 4 18. 9 34. 0 34. 0 34. 9 2. 7 2. 4 17. 6 16. 6 10. 6 29. 0 27. 0 20. 0 21. 0 21. 0 21. 0 22. 0 23. 0 23. 0 24. 0 24. 0 24. 0 25. 0 26. 0 27. 0 27. 0 28. 0 29. 0	$\begin{array}{c} 17, 837, 226\\ \$37, 763, 768\\ 7, 862, 658\\ \$16, 406, 803\\ 6, 128, 776\\ \$18, 856, 508\\ 64, 763\\ \$164, 850\\ 644, 763\\ \$164, 850\\ 649, 661\\ \$1, 144, 149\\ 2, 996, 647\\ \$5, 854, 846\\ 134, 821\\ \$206, 640\\ 200, 633\\ \end{array}$	of total 100.0 100.0 44.1 43.6 34.4 36.7 0.4 0.5 3.6 3.0 16.8 15.5 0.7 0.7	22, 583, 942 \$34, 328, 331 3, 104, 020 \$5, 385, 070 8, 602, 702 \$13, 500, 888 301, 708 \$471, 101 5, 918, 570 \$8, 779, 124 4, 511, 531 \$6, 142, 933 25, 222 \$48, 609 1, 345, 691	of total 100.0 100.0 14.0 15.7 38.4 39.3 1.3 1.4 26.2 25.6 20.0 17.9 0,1 0,1 0,1
Total sales:1 Tons ? Value (a) Deliveries direct to consumers who own or control the mine through direct ownership, and sales to affiliated consumers: Tons ? Value (b) Sales direct to other consumers (including retailers) invoiced by main offices of the mining companies: Tons ? (c) Sales direct to other consumers (including retailers) invoiced by main offices of the mining companies: Tons ? (c) Sales arranged and invoiced by separate or branch sales offices of the mining company: Tons ? (d) Sales through a separately incorporated selling company: Tons ? Yalue (c) Sales independent wholesalers or jobbers, and sales through nonafiliated agents on commission: Tons ? (d) Sales the independent wholesalers or jobbers, and sales through nonafiliated agents on commission: Tons ? (e) Sales to independent wholesalers or jobbers, and sales through nonafiliated agents on commission: Tons ? Value (f) Other sales (unspecified): Tons ? Value Value	58, 947, 143 \$111, 501, 957 9, 009, 613 \$17, 085, 383 31, 580, 583 \$62, 408, 642 1, 693, 096 \$2, 530, 237 10, 122, 540 \$18, 904, 140 6, 220, 890 \$10, 157, 211 233, 42; \$416, 333	of total 100. 0 100. 0 15. 4 15. 3 53. 0 56. 0 2. 9 2. 3 17. 2 17. 0 0 10. 6 0 0 17. 2 17. 0 0 10. 0 10. 0 15. 3 53. 0 56. 0 17. 2 17. 0 10. 0 1	50, 713, 203 \$03, 811, 373 9, 804, 566 \$17, 697, 201 20, 274, 766 \$32, 796, 026 1, 637, 038 \$2, 282, 234 10, 636, 592 \$15, 552, 815 17, 310, 756 \$25, 295, 285 149, 485 \$187, 816	of total 100.0 100.0 16.4 18.9 34.0 34.9 2.7 2.4 17.6 10.6 9 29.0 27.0 2.7 0.3 0.2 0.3 0.2 10.2 10.0	17, 837, 326 \$37, 753, 758 7, 862, 658 \$16, 466, 803 6, 128, 776 \$13, 856, 568 643, 661 \$11, 144, 140 2, 996, 647 \$5, 854, 846 134, 821 \$266, 544	of total 100.0 100.0 44.1 43.0 34.4 36.7 0.4 0.5 3.6 3.0 16.8 15.5 0.7 0.7 0.7	22, 583, 942 \$34, 328, 331 3, 164, 029 \$5, 385, 670 8, 602, 702 \$13, 500, 888 301, 708 \$471, 101 5, 918, 570 \$8, 779, 124 4, 511, 531 \$0, 142, 933 25, 522 \$48, 600 1, 345, 601 \$2, 300, 443	of total 100.0 100.0 14.0 15.7 38.4 39.3 1.3 1.4 26.2 25.6 20.0 17.9 0.1 0.1

de s

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 13.—DISTRIBUTION OF SALES, BY MARKETING CHANNELS THROUGH WHICH COAL WAS SOLD BY PRODUCERS, FOR THE ANTHRACITE AND THE BITUMINOUS-COAL INDUSTRIES, BY STATES: 19291—Contd.

MARKETING CHANNELS	Indiana	Per of to	eent stal	Colo	ado	Per cent of total	Virgini	la	Per cer of tota	it y	yoming	Per cont of total
Total sales:1 Tons ⁴ Value	17, 766, 57 \$30, 056, 44	0 1(7 1(10. 0 10. 0	9, \$25,	408, 437 502, 837	100. 0 100. 0	12, 59 \$21, 09	9, 705 6, 647	100. 100.	0	6, 469, 350 \$16, 569, 395	100. 0 100. 0
(a) Deliveries direct to consumers who own or control the mine through direct ownership, and sales to affiliated			<u>.</u>					,				
consumers;	377, 84 \$492, 02	5.	2, 1 1, 6	1, \$3,	4ŏ0, 244 128, 471	15.4 12.3	44 \$78	1, 356 4, 616	3. 3.	57	3, 135, 871 \$7, 874, 126	48.5 47.5
(b) Sales direct to other consumers (including retailers) invoiced by main offices of the mining companies: Trons ²	5, 636, 96 \$9, 663, 66	1 . 1	31.7	6,	711, 936	71.3	4, 46 \$7, 62	0, 804	35. 36.	4	2, 908, 334	45, 0 45, 6
(c) Sales arranged and involced by separate or branch sales offices of the mining company: Tons ³			32.2		485, 612	72.5			30. 13.		\$7, 560, 114 20, 200	0.3
(d) Sales through a separately incorporated selling com-	1, 888, 37 \$3, 272, 83		10.6 10.9	\$	46, 600 139, 800	0.5 0.5	1, 70 \$2, 91	9, 808	13.	8	\$97, 672	0.6
pany owned by the same interests as the mining com- pany: Tons ²	2, 756, 08 \$4, 453, 39	0	15.5 14.8	\$2,	656, 076 176, 276	7.0 8.5	2, 89 \$4, 47	9, 432 8, 438	23. 21.	02	195, 507 \$538, 385	3.0 3.2
(c) Sales to independent wholesalers or jobbors, and sales through nonafiliated agents on commission: Tons ²	6, 971, 43	1	39. 2		512, 239	5, 4	2, 92 \$5, 02	8,000	23.	2	209, 638 \$499, 098	3, 2
·Value. (f) Other sales (unspecified): Tons ²	\$11, 904, 59 135, 87	5	39. 6 0. 8		480, 448 30, 742 \$92, 230	5.8 0.3	16	5, 198	23.	8		3.0
Value Production reported by enterprises whose value of prod-	\$269, 94	.0	0.9		\$92, 230	0.4		6, 051	1.	3		
Production reported by enterprises whose value of prod- uct was less than \$20,000: 1 Tons 4	487, 25 \$858, 71 354, 23	7		\$	238, 591 671, 164 187, 875		\$17	18, 416 17, 035 18, 092		· · · ·	37, 525 \$103, 672 174, 827	
MARKETING CHANNELS	Utah	Per cent of total	Ic	owa	Per cent of total	Oklahom	a Per cent of total	Ten	nessee	Per cent of total	Other State	Per cent o total
Total sales: 1 Tons ² Value	5, 048, 611 \$12, 929, 784	100. 0 100. 0	3, 9 \$10, 8	915, 067 300, 569	100. 0 100. 0	3, 602, 36 \$10, 312, 66	6 100.0 1 100.0	5, 2 \$9, 1	285, 675 179, 402	100. 0 100. 0	21, 964, 19 \$55, 460, 47	0 100.0 8 100.0
(a) Deliveries direct to consumers who own or control the mine through direct ownership, and sales to affil- lated consumers;		<u> </u>			*********							
iated consumers: Tons ² Value (b) Sales direct to other consumers (including retailors) involced by main offices of the mining companies: Tons ² Tons ²	565, 842 \$1, 609, 375	11, 2 12, 4		769, 231 001, 005	19, 6 18, 5	894, 36 \$2, 419, 80	4 24.8 5 23.5	, 2 - \$6	82, 129 196, 250	$\begin{array}{c} 7.2 \\ 7.6 \end{array}$	5, 083, 10 \$12, 158, 84	08 23.1 0 21,9
invoiced by main offices of the mining companies: Tons ² Value. (c) Sales arranged and invoiced by separate or branch sales offices of the mining company: Tons ²	2, 598, 345 \$0, 373, 810	51. 5 49. 3	2, 2 \$7, 0	701, 413 887, 716	69. 0 71. 2	766, 25 \$2, 302, 30	0 21. 3 2 22. 3	3, 8 \$6, 1	506, 228 141, 064	66, 3 66, 9	7, 834, 28 \$21, 042, 58	30 35.7 35 37.0
	7, 308 \$29, 635	$0.1 \\ 0.2$	\$	46, 509 148, 341	1, 2 1, 4	30, 00 \$107, 98	0 0.8	1	102, 698 189, 196	$1.0 \\ 2.1$	1, 840, 72 \$4, 615, 58	26 8. 6 31 8. 8
 (d) Sales through a separately incorporated selling company owned by the same interests as the mining company; 		0.2		110,011		·		φ.		2. 1		
pany owned by the same interests as the mining com- pany: Tons ² . Value. (e) Sales to independent wholesalers or jobbers, and sales through nonaffiliated agents on commission: Tons ² . Value. (f) Other sales (unspecified): Tons ² . Value. Dependention same to be compared when a be of and	1, 620, 290 \$4, 281, 235	32, 1 33, 1	\$	205, 861 487, 840	5.3 4,5	324, 24 \$819, 46	6 9.0 3 7.9	\$	241, 573 435, 650	4.6 4.7	3, 342, 23 \$7, 620, 58	76 15.2 30 13.7
Tons ²	256, 826 \$635, 729	5.1 4.9	 \$	175, 794 419, 936	4, 5 8, 9	1, 440, 03 \$4, 250, 10	40.0 8 41.2	1, (\$1,	053, 047 717, 242	19. 9 18. 7	3, 562, 56 \$9, 230, 4	80 16.5 12 16.6
Value.				16, 259 \$55, 731	0.4 0.5	147, 47 \$412, 93	72 4.1 34 4.0				301, 2 \$792, 4	20 1. 50 1.
Production reported by enterprises whose value of prod- uct was less than \$20,000:1 Tons ²				919 470		190.10	27		50 587		1, 532, 7	77
Value. Quantity consumed at the mines for power and heat, ¹ tons ² .	28, 297 \$82, 515 16, 460		\$	313, 479 898, 606 56, 762		129, 12 \$338, 06 63, 15	31 25	\$	58, 567 106, 098 52, 745		\$3, 700, 9	24

¹ The statistics given in the table under classes "a" to "t" do not include data for (1) mines whose output was less than 1,000 ions, as this group was not included in the census canvas; (2) those enterprises whose production was valued at less than \$20,000 for the year, these being permitted to report on an abbreviated schedule which did not call for distribution information (the total production of this group was 9,061,069 tons, reported by 2,155 bituminous-coal enterprises); (3) tonnage consumed at the mines for power and heat. Items (2) and (3) are shown below the distributed figures for each State.
³ Tons, for anthraeite, 2,240 pounds; for bituminous coal, 2,000 pounds.

POWER

Power equipment: 1929 (Table 14).—A classification of motive power according to the nature of its use, whether stationary or mobile, is given in Table 14. The latter class embraces power equipment of mine locomotives, portable cutting and loading machines, fans, and other machinery and equipment moved from place to place in the course of operations, as contrasted with power equipment of fixed installations, such as central power plants, hoisting, preparation and tipple equipment, etc. The small proportion of mobile equipment in the anthracite industry reflects the limited extent to which mining machinery has been found practical in that industry.

The total rating of power equipment in the anthracite industry in 1929 was 33.3 per cent of that for the bituminous-coal industry, while the quantity of anthracite produced was only 13.9 per cent of the quantity of bituminous coal produced.

TABLE 14.—POWER EQUIPMENT, STATIONARY AND MOBILE—NUMBER AND RATED CAPACITY OF PRIME MOVERS, MOTORS, AND GENERATORS, FOR THE UNITED STATES: 1929

Enterprises whose value of product in 1929 was less than \$20,000 were permitted to report on an abbreviated schedule which called for the total number and horsepower rating of prime movers, but not by kinds. Therefore, data for all prime movers reported by enterprises of this size are included with those for stationary steam engines. See Table 11 for statistics showing the relative importance of this class of enterprises]

		ANTHR	LCITE (P	ennsylva	nia)				BITUMIN	OUS COAL		
ТУРЕ	Т	otal	Stat	onary	M	obile	Т	otal	Stat	ionary	M	obile
	Num- ber	Capac- ity	Num- ber	Capac- ity	Num- ber	Capac- ity	Num- ber	Capac- ity	Num- ber	Capac- ity	Num- ber	Capac- ity
Prime movers and electric motors driven by purchased energy, aggregate	10, 264	Horse- power 1, 041, 465	7,811	Horse- power 892, 391	2, 453	Horse- power 149, 074	71, 752	Horse- power 3, 124, 187	38, 029	Нотве- power 1, 777, 043	33, 723	Ног зе- рожет 1, 347, 144
Prime movers, total	3, 666	618, 042	3,027	552, 275	639	65, 767	5, 171	721, 687	4,027	630, 966	1, 144	90, 721
Steam engines Steam turbines Internal-combustion engines Water wheels and water turbines	3, 286 282 98	455, 327 160, 424 2, 291	2,702 282 43	390, 723 160, 424 1, 128	584 55	64, 604 1, 163	4, 542 199 425 5	544, 015 145, 008 28, 004 4, 660	3, 544 199 279 5	461, 837 145, 008 19, 461 4, 660	908 140	82, 178 8, 543
Horsepower rating of inactive prime movers, in- cluded above	6, 598	28, 595 423, 423	4, 784	28, 110 340, 116	1, 814	485 83, 307	66, 581	61, 791 2, 402, 500.	34, 002	57, 943 1, 146, 077	32, 579	3, 848 1, 256, 423
Electric motors driven by energy generated by enter- prises reporting	9, 917	464, 164	7, 117	311, 609 <i>Kilo-</i>	2, 800	152, 555	14, 379	429, 970	7, 281	198, 677	7,098	231, 293
Electric generators	139	Kilowatts 128, 395	139	watis			978	Kilowalts 271, 072	973	Kilowatis 271, 072		

Summary: 1909-1929 (Table 15).—The aggregate rating of power equipment (prime movers and electric motors driven by purchased energy) used in the coalmining industries increased 118.8 per cent between 1909 and 1929, while the number of wage earners employed decreased 8.5 per cent and the tonnage produced increased 33.7 per cent. In 1909, practically all power equipment in use consisted of steam engines (including turbines) while in 1929 the total rating of motors driven by purchased electric energy was more than twice as great as that for all prime movers combined. Moreover, a large proportion of the primemover equipment was used for driving electric generators, and the total rating of motors driven by these was nearly one-third as great as the rating of motors driven by purchased energy. The increased use of electric energy reflects the progress of mechanical methods in the mining of coal—in cutting coal at the mine face, in loading, in underground haulage, in hoisting, in preparation of coal, and in mine ventilation.

TABLE 15.—POWER EQUIPMENT—NUMBER AND RATED CAPACITY OF PRIME MOVERS AND MOTORS FOR THE ANTHRACITE AND THE BITUMINOUS-COAL INDUSTRIES, FOR THE UNITED STATES, 1929, 1919, AND 1909, AND FOR SELECTED STATES, 1929 AND 1919

[Enterprises whose value of product in 1929 was less than \$20,000 were permitted to report on an abbreviated schedule which called for the total number and horsepower rating of prime movers, but not by kinds. Therefore, data for all prime movers reported by enterprises of this size are included with those for steam engines. See Table 11 for statistics showing the relative importance of this class of enterprises]

			PRIM	ie move	RS AND ELE	CTRIC M	DTORS DR	IVEN BY	PURCHA	SED EI	ERGY				
					Prim	e movei	8				÷ .	Tilest	a motore	Electric driven b genera	y energy
STATE	Cen- sus year	Aggregate horse- power	Total horse- power	Stear	n engines	Steam 1	urbines		al-com- engines	and	wheels water oines	driv pure	c motors ven by chased ergy	enterj repor	prises
			of prime movers	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Horse- power
United States	1929 1919 1909	4, 165, 652 3, 054, 848 1, 904, 154	1, 339, 729 2, 166, 024 1, 877, 450	7, 828 14, 475 2 19,318	999, 342 1, 897, 003 2 1,874, 001	481 358 (3)	305, 432 246, 444 (³)	523 1,319 374	30, 295 22, 503 3, 101	5 9 9	4, 660 74 348	73, 179 23, 067 872	2, 825, 923 888, 824 26, 704	24, 296 24, 845 10, 869	894, 134 893, 084 875, 380
Per cent of increase or decrease (): 1919-1929- 1909-1919-		36.4 60.4	38. 1 15. 4	-45, 9 (1)	-47. 3 (4)	34.4	23.9	60.3 252.7	34. 6 625. 7	(4) (*)	(⁴) 78.7	217. 2 2545. 3	20, 701 217, 9 3228, 4	2, 2 128. 6	0. 1 137. 9
Anthracite (Pennsylvania) Percent of increase or decrease (-):	1929 1919 1909	1, 041, 465 899, 783 676, 128	618, 042 782, 090 674, 718	3, 286 5, 298 2 7, 567	455, 327 730, 141 ? 673, 946	282 45 (³)	160, 424 50, 665 (³)	98 73 25	2, 291 1, 284 772			6, 598 1, 881 32	423, 423 117, 693 1, 410	9, 917 3, 801 1, 152	464, 164 185, 723 46, 088
1919-1929 1909-1919		15.7 38.1	-21.0 15.9	38.0 (1)	-37.6 (4)	(1)	216.6		78.4 66.3			250. 8 (⁴)	259, 7 8247, 0	160. 9 229. 9	149. 9 303. 0
Bituminous coal	1929 1919 1909	3, 124, 187 2, 155, 065 1, 228, 026	721, 687 1, 383, 934 1, 202, 732	4, 542 9, 177 2 11,751	544, 015 1, 166, 862 2 1,200, 055	199 313 (³)	145, 008 195, 779 (³)	$^{425}_{1,246}_{349}$	28, 004 21, 219 2, 329	5 9 9	4, 660 74 348	66, 581 21, 186 840	2, 402, 500 771, 131 25, 294	14, 379 21, 044 9, 717	429, 970 707, 341 329, 208
Per cent of increase or decrease (-): 1919-1929. 1909-1919.		45.0 75.5	-47.9 15.0	-50, 5 (4)	-53.4 (⁴)		25. 9	65. 9 257. 0	32. 0 811. 1	(4)	(1) -78, 7	214. 3 2422. 1	211. 6 2948. 7	-31.7 116.6	39, 2 114, 8
Alabama Per cent of increase or decrease (→)_	1929 1919	186, 873 97, 039 92, 6	22, 941 59, 017 —61. 1	99 415 76.1	15, 554 56, 802 —72. 7	(1) ⁷	5, 450 1, 367 298, 7	22 30 (⁴)	1, 937 774 150. 3	9	74	3, 069 868 322. 7	163, 932 38, 022 331. 2	139 671 79, 3	6, 148 25, 311 75, 7
Colorado Per cent of increase or decrease ()_	1929 1919	77, 174 62, 916 22, 7	25, 230 31, 461 19, 8	$ \begin{array}{r} 174 \\ 274 \\ -36.5 \end{array} $	18, 668 30, 327 	14 2 (1)	6,405 1,050 510.0	6 4	157 84 (4)			1, 476 785 88, 0	51, 944 31, 455 65, 1	420 253 66, 0	$13,585 \\ 10,481 \\ 29,6$
Illinois	1929 1919	343, 128 247, 142 38. 8	138, 157 205, 777 -32, 9	780 1,609 51,5	114, 095 186, 926 	30 36 (4)	19,801 17,725 11,7	63 88 (4)	4, 261 1, 126 278, 4			5, 847 1, 070 446. 4	204,971 41,365 395.5	3,084 3,165 -2.6	76, 394 95, 916 20, 4
Indiana	1929 1919	106, 809 99, 585	38, 512 81, 158	366 678	36, 997 78, 912	6 15	980 1,902	23 64	535 344			2, 095 407	68, 297 18, 427 270, 6	295 817	0, 308 41, 890
Iowa	1929 1919	7. 3 25, 763 26, 118	-52, 5 7, 120 15, 885	-46.0 320 214	53. 1 7, 020 13, 389	(*) . 4	-48.5	(4) 6 85	55.5 100 806			414, 7 543 288	270, 6 18, 643 10, 233	-63. 9 37 67	-77.8 1,436 4,119
Per cent of increase or decrease (-). Kentucky	1929 1919	-1.4 290, 985 126, 804		49.5 295 442	-47.6 37,624 57,005	80 43	20, 583 23, 786 	(4) 24 64	-87.6 815 462			88.5 7,261 1,143	82. 2 231, 963 45, 551	(4) 1, 971 1, 925	65. 1 48,605 53,222
Per cent of increase or decrease (-). Missouri	1920 1919	129, 5 34, 812 28, 385	-27.4 12,725 25,435	33. 3 221 362	34.0 12,467 24,394	. (4) 5	-13.5	(4) 10 92	76.4 258 706			535.3 602 140	409.2 22,087 2,950	2.4 49 130	53, 222 8, 7 1, 605 3, 123
Per cent of increase or decrease (-). Ohio	 1929 1019	22, 6 112, 977 136, 025	50.0 31,751 84,578	-39, 0 258 650	-48, 9 27, 633 79, 949	4	3, 275	(4) 46 120	-63.5 4,118 1,354			330.0 2,346 1,647	648.7 81,226 51,447	-62.3 472 1,498	-48.6 14,587 38,145
Per cent of increase or decrease ()_ Oklahoma	1929 1919		62.5 11,623 30,140	-60.3 118 277	-65.4 11,492 29,187	4	700	-61. 7	204.1 131 253			42, 4 599	57.9	-68.5 14	-61.8 425
Per cent of increase or decrease (-)_ Pennsylvania	1929 1919		-61.4 180.855	57, 4 952	-60.6 131, 243	47	41, 135	97	-48.2 8,327		150	207 189.4 21,017	6, 343 154, 9 756, 302 214, 208	142 -90, 1 3, 104	5, 159 91. 8 100, 037
Per cent of increase or decrease ()_ Tennessee	1919	658, 898 42, 2 30, 684	444, 690 	2, 194 56. 6 50	348, 402 -62, 3 6, 547	100 53.0 3	86, 273 52, 3 2, 675	319 -69.6 21	10, 015 -16. 9 541			5, 953 253. 0 588	253, 1	8,045 61.4 59	278, 780 -64. 1
Per cent of increase or decrease (-)_ Utah	1919	22, 946 33. 7	20, 743 	146 65.8	19, 093 65. 7	(4)2	928 188.3	49 (1)	722 -25.1			(⁴) ⁷³	20, 921 2, 203 849. 7	263 -77.6	2,667 10,520 74.6
Per cent of increase or decrease (-)_	1929 1919 	35, 386 24, 029 47, 3	1,030 9,840 —89.5	(1) (1) (1)	970 7, 755 —87. 5	4	2, 085	. 1 	60			768 276 178.3	34, 356 14, 189 142. 1	$ \begin{array}{c} 4 \\ 143 \\ -97, 2 \end{array} $	280 7,764 -96,4
Virginia Per cent of increase or decrease ().	1929 1919	72, 126 41, 630 73, 3	2,082 10,016 —79.2	(4) 26 91 (4)	1, 692 9, 228 81. 7	1	150 800 75, 0	4 19 (4)	240 188 27, 7			1, 811 944 91. 8	70, 044 31, 614 121, 6	$ \begin{array}{c} 66 \\ 256 \\ -74.2 \end{array} $	2,227 9,775 —77,2
West Virginia. Per cent of increase or decrease (-).	1929 1919	642, 878 355, 422 80, 9	98, 300 144, 240 31, 8	285 778 —63, 4	59, 409 123, 212 51. 8	38 40 (f)	32, 119 18, 969 69, 3	30 136 77.9	2, 272 2, 059 10. 3	3	4, 500	14, 331 6, 008 138. 5	544, 578 211, 182 157, 9	2, 786 2, 500 11. 4	91, 839 87, 256 5, 3
Wyoming Per cent of increase or decrease (-)_	1929 1919	45, 466 47, 075 —3, 4	26, 807 83, 135 19, 1	44 88 (4)	16, 637 14, 850 12. 0	12 16 (4)	10, 170 18, 240 44, 2	2	45			549 355 54.6	18, 659 13, 940 33, 9	1, 268 92 (4)	40, 505 3, 966 921, 3

Figures for electric generators shown in Table 27 for 1929; not available for 1919 and 1909,
 Includes data for steam turbines.
 Included with data for steam engines.
 Per cent not computed where base is less than 100 or where figures are not comparable.

Horsepower per mine, per wage earner, and per thousand tons of coal mined, by States: 1909-1929 (Table 16).—During the period 1909-1929 the total horsepower rating of power equipment increased 154.4 per cent while the number of wage earners decreased

10.4 per cent in the bituminous-coal industry. Accordingly, the average power used per wage earner nearly trebled, while the average output of coal per wage earner increased from 736 tons in 1909 to 1,172 tons in 1929.

TABLE 16.—RATED CAPACITY OF POWER EQUIPMENT IN USE—AVERAGES PER MINE, PER WAGE EARNER, AND PER THOUSAND TONS OF COAL PRODUCED, FOR SELECTED STATES: 1929, 1919, AND 1909

				Coal pro-	HORSEF(POWF	OWER 1 2R EQU							Coal pro-	HORSEI PO WI		RATINO IPMEN	
STATE	Cen- sus year	ber of col- liories and	Wage earners (aver- age for the year) 1	duced, tons (2,000 pounds) ox- pressed in thou- sands	Total	Per mine	Per wage earn- or	Per 1,000 tons of coal pro- duced	STATE	Cen- sus year	Num- ber of col- licries and mines	earners (aver- age for the	duced, tons (2,000 pounds) ox- pressed in thou- sands	Total	Per mine	Per wage earn- er	Per 1,000 tons of coal pro- duced
Anthrasite (Penn- sylvania)	1929 1919 1909	261	142, 263 146, 582 167, 298	73, 245 86, 708 76, 786	889, 974	4, 277 3, 410 2, 113	7.2 6.1 4.0	14. 1 10. 3 8. 6	Missouri	1929 1919 1909	190 196 220	4, 657 7, 285 7, 594	3, 963 3, 784 3, 597	34, 812 28, 385 11, 898	183 145 54	7.6 3.9 1.6	8.8 7.5 3.3
Bituminous coal	1919	8.282	545.798	460.426	3, 124, 187 2, 155, 065 1, 228, 026	556 260 204	6.8 3.9 2.4	5.8 4.7 3.3	Ohio	1929 1919 1909	561 898 640	21, 739 40, 452 39, 678	$24,092 \\ 35,141 \\ 27,519$	112, 977 136, 025 97, 422	201 151 152	5.2 3.4 2.5	4.7 3.9 3.5
Alabama	1929 1919	180	24, 781 24, 648	18,189 16,411	186, 873 97, 039	1, 038 373	7.5	10.3 6.3	Oklahoma	1929 1919 1909	113 181 104	4, 716 7, 040 7, 434	3, 795 3, 783 3, 113	27, 789 36, 483 26, 316	240 278 253	5.9 5.2 3.5	7.3 9.6 8.5
Colorado	1909 1929 1919	203 176 164	21, 635 10, 420 11, 252	13, 677 9, 833 10, 183	54, 084 77, 174 62, 916	266 438 384	2.5 7.4 5.6	4.0 7.8 6.2	Pennsylvania	1919	2, 584 1, 509	168, 166	150, 030 137, 305	937, 157 058, 898 404, 654	676 255 268	7.7 4.3 2.4	6.5 4.4 2.9
Illinois	1909 1929 1919	157 401 499	13, 334 49, 817 73, 780	10, 705 60, 705 60, 331	84, 410 343, 128 247, 142	219 850 495	2.6 6.9 3.3	3, 2 5, 7 4, 1	Tennessee	1929 1919 1909 1929	78 143 142 40	6, 822 9, 556 10, 519 3, 452	5,405 5,132 5,973 5,132	30, 684 22, 946 16, 075 35, 386	893 160 113 885	4, 5 2, 4 1, 5 10, 3	5.7 4.5 2.7 6.9
Indiana	1909 1929 1919 1909	631 235 317 322	64, 942 12, 860 24, 479 19, 070	50, 570 18, 625 20, 505 14, 723	166, 174 106, 809 99, 585 45, 910	263 455 314 143	2.6 8.3 4.1 2,4	3.3 5.7 4.9 3.1	Utah Virginia	1919 1909 1929 1919	40 34 22 88 118	3, 647 2, 683 11, 956 11, 215	4, 593 2, 260 12, 745 9, 335	24,029 6,929 72,126 41,630	707 315 820 353	6.6 2.6 6.0 3.7	6.9 5.2 3.1 5.7 4.5
Iowa	1929 1919 1909	172 195 311	5, 942 10, 584 15, 361	4, 285 5, 474 7, 726	25, 763 26, 118 19, 118	150 134 61	4, 3 2, 5 1, 2	6.0 4.8 2.5	West Virginia	1909	85 830 1,287 661	9, 084 99, 217 87, 095 65, 228	4, 949 139, 032 77, 617 51, 496	16, 630 642, 878 355, 422 155, 576	196 775 276 235	$ \begin{array}{c c} 1.8\\ 0.5\\ 4.1\\ 2.4 \end{array} $	3, 4 4, 6 4, 6 3, 0
Kentucky	1929 1919 1909	500 742 310	54, 904 39, 769 16, 471	60, 894 29, 426 10, 561	290, 985 126, 804 44, 314	582 171 143	5.3 3.2 2.7	4, 8 4, 3 4, 2	Wyoming	1929 1919 1909	50 65 65	4, 693 7, 091 7, 134	6, 700 7, 212 6, 295	45, 466 47, 075 28, 071	909 724 432	9, 7 6, 6 3, 9	6.8 6.5 4.5

¹ Figures for 1909 are not comparable with those for 1919 and 1929 due to the fact that data relating to the manufacture of coke at the mine are included in the figures for 1909. ³ See footnote, p. 254.

TABLE 17.—NUMBER AND RATED CAPACITY OF PRIME MOVERS, MOTORS, AND GENERATORS, FOR ENTER-PRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO TOTAL RATING OF POWER EQUIPMENT, FOR THE UNITED STATES: 1929

	(Date) - T	RATING	of powei	equipme:	NT FOR EN	TERFRISES I	NDIVIDUA	LLY REPOR	ING TOTAL	L HORSEPC	WER OF-
TYPE	Total, all sizes	Less than 25	25 to 99	100 to 249	250 to 499	500 to 999	1,000 to 2,499	2,500 to 4,999	5,000 to 9,999	10,000 to 24,999	25,000 o more
		<u> </u>	<u></u>	•	ANTHRACI	TE (PENNS	YLVANIA)	1	·	<u>.</u>	
fumber of enterprises reporting power equipment 1 rime movers and electric motors driven by purchased energy, aggregate horsepower	190	4	32	18	21	17	25	24	26	11	
Prime movers, total horsepower	1,041.465	62	1,975	2,480	7,893	11,852	43, 236	82, 219	186,968	184, 861	519, 9
Steam engines:	618 042	42	1 203	1 451	2 605	2,644	12, 503	37, 121	69,900	93, 367	397.2
Number Horsepower Steam turbines:	$3,286 \\ 455,327$	5 32	82 768	32 980	96 2, 468	34 2, 640	127 12, 114	376 36, 016	448 68, 268	461 61,178	1, 6' 270, 80
Number Horsepower Internal-com bustion engines: Number	282 160, 424		5 83				$11 \\ 165$	7 805	7 1, 182	43 31, 921	20 126, 20
Horsepower rating of inactive prime merrors in	98 2, 291	10	17 352	15 471	137	1 4	3 224	26 300	11 450	17 268	· •
Electric motors driven by nurchosed energy	28, 595		. 43	35	40		81	972	5, 824	1,893	20, 20
Horsepower	$ \begin{array}{c} 6.598 \\ 423,423 \end{array} $	4 20	64 772	64 1,029	$\begin{smallmatrix}&166\\5&288\end{smallmatrix}$	218 9, 208	857 30, 733	773 45, 098	1,686 117,068	1,157 91,494	1, 8 122, 7
lectric motors driven by energy generated by enter- prises reporting: Number	9,917			6	3	27	250	. 222	137	0.504	
lectric generators	464, 164			80	23	1, 176	10, 687	9,314	5, 820	2, 564 122, 053	6, 7 315, 0
Number Kilowatts	$\begin{smallmatrix}&139\\128,395\end{smallmatrix}$			1 125	1 20	7 410	35 3, 620	16 3,070	18 4,770	26 27,050	89, 3
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		BITU	MINOUS CO)AL	I		1	<u> </u>
umber of enterprises reporting power equipment 1 rime movers and electric motors driven by purchased	3, 709	466	775	635	535	520	488	191	64	23	<u> </u>
anorabili approprio noraebow et	3, 124, 187	5, 896	41, 054	100, 210	192, 490	370, 512	776, 855	657, 667	491, 583	317,462	170, 4
Prime movers, total horsepower	721,687	3, 761	17,606	31,616	53, 168	101,499	178,635	130, 321	112, 762	82,744	9,5
Steam engines: Number Horsepower	4,542	373	572	445	479	683	966	407		010	
	544,015 199	3,490	16, 182	27,798	47, 920	93,097	145, 323	100, 899	248 59, 337	350 42, 084	7,8
Number Horspower Internal-combustion engines: Number Horsporer	145,008		75	8 880	1, 310	10 3,550	49 28, 581	$\begin{array}{c}35\\21,407\end{array}$	50, 585	31 37, 120	1,8
Water wheels and water turbines:	425 28,004	33 271	$\begin{smallmatrix}&54\\1,349\end{smallmatrix}$	2, 788	52 3,938	67 4,852	83 4, 731	31 3, 505	18 2, 840	21 3,540	1
Horsepower rating of inactive prime	4,660			1 150				4 4,510			
Electric motors driven by purchased anony	61,791	22	73	786	1, 853	5,665	12, 652	11,009	10, 448	16, 163	3, 1
Horsepower	66, 581 2, 402, 500	338 2,135	$1,523 \\ 23,448$	3,040 68,594	5, 187 139, 322	8, 329 269, 013	17, 101 598, 220	13,150 527,346	8, 477 378, 821	6, 729 234, 718	2, 7 160, 8
lectric motors driven by energy generated by enter- prises reporting: Number		_				1					
Number Horsepower	$14,879 \\ 429,970$	2 15	75 2, 244	542 14,007	886 23, 235	2,516 69,150	4, 222 120, 957	2, 180 64, 931	2,008 67,053	1,948 68,378	
lectric generators: Number Kilowatts	973 271,072	1 12	25 1, 815	83 10, 866	133 17, 528	219 37,073	242 66, 237	134	82	54	

¹ No power equipment was reported by 8 enterprises in the anthracite industry, and 1,207 in the bituminous-coal industry, 1,114 of which reported a value of product of less than \$20,000.

TIME IN OPERATION

Days per year in operation (Table 18).—Only approximately one-half of the total production of anthracite and bituminous coal was contributed by enterprises working substantially full time, or 250 or more days during the year. Attention is called to the fact that the number of wage earners given in this table represents those on the pay roll on *December 14*, or nearest representative day and differs from the

average number given in other tables. Accordingly, any attempt to derive average output per wage earner would result in considerable variation among the classes shown, as the numbers employed may have varied very markedly during the period in which enterprises were in operation. Table 9 presents such averages, based on average number of wage earners, although no account is taken of the length of the working year in that table.

TABLE 18.—CONDENSED SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO NUMBER OF DAYS IN OPERATION IN 1929, FOR THE ANTHRACITE AND THE BITUMINOUS-COAL INDUSTRIES, FOR THE UNITED STATES AND FOR SELECTED STATES

This table does not include data for 2,155 bituminous-coal enterprises whose value of product was less than \$20,000. Such enterprises were permitted to report on an abbraviated schedule, which did not call for information pertaining to time in operation. These enterprises reported a combined value of products of \$17,727,085. However, data for 1 such enterprise are included in this table. The table covers data for all enterprises in the anthracite industry]

			·										
STATE AND DAYS IN OPERATION	Number of enter- prises	Number of mines	Wage earners, Dec. 14 or nearest repre- senta- tive day	Wages	Coal produced, tons 1	Value of products	STATE AND DAYS IN OPERATION	Number of enter- prises	nin	Wage sarners, Dec. 14 or nearost repre- senta- tive day	Wages	Coal produced, tons ¹	Value of products
ANTHRACITE (Pennsyl- vania), total		303	² 147,260	\$229, 967, 059	66, 558, 839	\$384, 854, 300	Alabama, total		128	25, 113			\$38, 113, 314
Less than 50 50 to 74 75 to 99 100 to 149 150 to 199 200 to 249 250 to 299 800 and over	3 2 5 26 47 55 53	3 2 5 20 82 81 93 11	1.281	154, 765 881, 087 2, 919, 496 48, 086, 947 61, 748, 832 107, 154, 967 9, 020, 965	43, 597 236, 253 913, 237 18, 434, 237 18, 541, 295 30, 805, 031 2, 585, 180	244, 533 1, 207, 272 4, 406, 380 73, 877, 057 107, 184, 561 182, 150, 308 15, 784, 183	Less than 50	1 3 9 23 27 33 6	4 10 24 39 41	409	53, 507 330, 959 799, 088 3, 314, 092 4, 822, 391 12, 331, 242 1, 734, 607	59, 394 254, 823 576, 922 2, 731, 347 4, 269, 630 8, 940, 593 1, 150, 111	104, 936 598, 731 1, 481, 858 5, 554, 404 8, 439, 466 19, 167, 111 2, 766, 808
BITUMINOUS COAL, total4_				563, 040, 468			Ohio, total		222	22, 620	22, 855, 162	22, 746, 065	34, 549, 828
Less than 50		24 51 85 338 714 1,028 1.015	$\begin{array}{r} 2, 699 \\ 3, 980 \\ 8, 065 \\ 28, 593 \\ 82, 350 \\ 142, 441 \\ 174, 556 \end{array}$	779, 462 1, 787, 835 5, 753, 294 24, 014, 576 87, 477, 829 177, 961, 443 226, 181, 695	573, 062 1, 411, 849 4, 915, 305 20, 187, 056 76, 186, 480 163, 830, 629 221, 320, 529	1, 020, 757 2, 722, 371 9, 077, 787 37, 341, 810 142, 831, 050 299, 955, 439	Less than 50		46 65 62 18	691 2, 082 4, 725	93, 507 301, 547 1, 709, 783 3, 994, 065 6, 644, 400 8, 208, 483 1, 903, 377 17, 579, 962	4,000,489 6,614,965 8,077,250 1,995,386	105, 721 430, 477 2, 299, 201 5, 705, 400 10, 074, 808 13, 051, 941 2, 882, 190 30, 643, 221
Pennsylvania, total		897	100.014	154 600 705	141 605 544	958 094 050	Indiana, total		- 9	700	217.410	127, 391	228, 316
Less than 50		3 11 20 95 159 281 208	3 1,006 1,451 6,666 15,930 37,128 49,615	348, 800 1, 037, 170 5, 644, 220 17, 774, 406 49, 919, 968	946, 291 4, 563, 318 15, 428, 538	565, 953 1, 710, 835 8, 272, 238	Less than 50	. 0	3 4 12 25 80 21 6	451 1, 237 2, 944 4, 779 2, 363 893	6, 890, 488 3, 749, 942 1, 501, 645	367, 534 1, 120, 934 4, 086, 119 6, 123, 800 4, 045, 078 2, 188, 997	1, 885, 019 6, 442, 069 11, 122, 480 6, 809, 668 3, 384, 640
West Virginia, total									6 2 9	} 3785	520, 060	241, 499	777, 393
50 to 74			267 544 3,806 6,002 25,364 56,076	103, 897 274, 800 2, 804, 968 5, 523, 009 31, 154, 593 74, 022, 306	109.949	128, 123 428, 700 4, 581, 779 8, 594, 116	50 to 74	. 58	28 37 16 4	3, 149 5, 225 1, 532 197	4, 138, 104 6, 963, 850 2, 345, 825 331, 660	2, 622, 350 4, 274, 395 1, 613, 861 188, 384	7,091,438 11,764,904 3,903,717 591,294
Illinois, total			·			113, 197, 220	Less than 50	- 1	1	} 3 278			
Less than 50 50 to 74 75 to 90 100 to 149 150 to 199 200 to 249 200 to 249	1	11 11	747	585,942 2,304,146 5,420,430	444, 451	555, 239 841, 689 3, 273, 586 8, 483, 943 36, 037, 249	Less than 50 100 to 149 150 to 109 200 to 249 250 to 299 300 and over		5 18 8 80 1 1	8 8, 024	2, 440, 189 7, 966, 915	8, 980, 922	3,776,007 15,136,880
150 to 199 200 to 249	- 3 - 6 - 5	7 60	18 828	21, 674, 678	18, 587, 828 24, 882, 907	36, 037, 249 46, 565, 926 14, 764, 053	Wyoming, total						
250 to 299 300 and over Kentucky, total							100 to 149 150 to 199 200 to 249 250 to 299 300 and over	-	11 11 12 12 1	11			
		1 1	b} 3 518	106,222	123, 210		Utah, total		5 3 0	4,26	5 6, 604, 666	5, 103, 337	13, 063, 317
Less than 50	2 6 12 8	$ \begin{array}{cccc} 9 & 11 \\ 2 & 2^{4} \\ 7 & 8^{4} \\ 3 & 13^{4} \\ 6 & 10^{4} \\ 6 & 10^{4} \\ \end{array} $	1,003 1,1,898 5,10,948 9,19,043 9,20,352	420, 396 1, 339, 452 8, 550, 370 19, 281, 982 23, 967, 478	434, 009 1, 496, 014 9, 682, 068 19, 593, 010 3, 366, 531	1, 970, 068 12, 152, 271 30, 663, 644	75 to 99 100 to 149 150 to 199 200 to 249		1 1 3 1 9 9	$\left\{\begin{array}{c}3\\5\\5\\2\\2\\3\\2\\1\\0\end{array}\right\}$ $\left\{\begin{array}{c}3\\7\\7\\2\\1\\2\\3\\1\\0\\2\\1\\0\\2\\1\\0\\2\\1\\0\\2\\1\\0\\2\\1\\0\\2\\1\\0\\2\\0\\2$	5 646, 140 1, 126, 93	854, 26 5 2, 894, 03	3 2,305,514

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 18CONDENSED SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES C	LASSIFIED ACCORDING TO NUMBER OF DAYS IN
OPERATION IN 1929, FOR THE ANTHRACITE AND	THE BITUMINOUS-COAL INDUSTRIES, FOR THE
UNITED STATES AND FOR SELECTED STATES-Conti	inued

1.2					[[See note at he	ad of this table)					·	
STATE AND DAYS IN OPERATION	Number of enter- prises	Number of mines	Wage earners, Dec. 14 or nearest repre- senta- tive day	Wages	Coal produced, tons	Value of products	STATE AND DAYS IN OPERATION	Number of enter- prizes	Number of mines	Wage earners, Dec. 14 or nearest repre- senta- tive day	Wages	Coal produced, tons	Value of products
Iowa, total	59	64	6, 449	\$7, 264, 460	3, 971, 889	\$10, 934, 210	New Mexico, total	12	27	2, 964	\$4, 498, 752	2, 578, 512	\$8, 165, 793
100 to 149 150 to 199 200 to 249 250 to 239	7 27 17 6	9 29 18	659 2, 345 2, 504	582, 704 2, 307, 226 3, 123, 501	• •	824, 671 8, 564, 775 4, 541, 416	150 to 199 200 to 249 250 to 299	4 3 5	$10 \\ 5 \\ 12$	3 2, 964	4, 498, 752	2, 578, 512	8, 165, 793
250 to 299 300 and over	2	6 2	} 3941	1, 251, 029	785, 189	2, 003, 348	Montana, total	18	20	1, 943	3, 232, 498	8, 330, 564	7, 126, 071
Oklahoma, total	67	83		6, 173, 601	3, 666, 047	10, 451, 715	100 to 149 150 to 199	6	4 8	313 894	383, 523 1, 384, 871	244, 209 986, 034	625, 738 2, 679, 692
75 to 99 100 to 149 150 to 199 200 to 249	17	26	} * 889 1,963 1,409	702, 289 2, 024, 631 1, 416, 761	321, 822 1, 196, 092 800, 743	1, 058, 982 3, 347, 704 2, 345, 234	200 to 249 250 to 299 300 and over	3 2	3	·		1, 278, 355	1, 823, 721 1, 996, 920
250 to 299 300 and over	16 7 1	11 1	} [∎] 1, 224	2, 029, 920	1, 347, 890	3, 699, 795	Kansas, total			3, 293	3, 043, 308	2, 601, 084	6, 045, 961
Tennessee, total	51	64	7, 235	5, 921, 461	5, 346, 456	9, 262, 976	60 to 74 75 to 99 100 to 149	. 3	1 3 13	} ³ 168 554	76, 101 452, 221	146, 970 353, 986	290, 582 853, 470
75 to 99 100 to 149 150 to 199 200 to 249	1 3 10 91	1 3 10 26	} 3 656 1,056 2,691		211, 864 627, 086 1, 982, 750	400, 620 1, 043, 092 3, 454, 634	150 to 199 200 to 249 250 to 299 800 and over	18	21 21 3 2	2, 214 287 3 70	2, 040, 607 363, 470 110, 909	1, 534, 973 400, 070	3, 643, 174 871, 648 387, 087
250 to 299 300 and over	21 15 1	20	1 1 0 000	2, 222, 750 2, 729, 652		4, 364, 630	Arkansas, total	55		4, 332	3, 368, 986	1, 714, 172	5, 849, 988
Missouri, total.	72	76	4, 548	4, 565, 870	3, 610, 310	8, 713, 614	50 to 74	4	4	253	105, 165	52, 857	189, 166 314, 725
50 to 74	3 6 20	2 3 6 21 28 10	223	223, 180 1, 222, 618	186, 603 841, 675 1, 417, 275	268, 789 413, 604 2, 110, 050 3, 630, 154 1, 458, 111	75 to 09 100 to 149 150 to 109 200 to 249 250 to 209 300 and over	14 22 4		335 1, 128 2, 152 198 3 266	778, 569 1, 787, 908	109, 678 350, 113 957, 695 128, 542 115, 287	1, 230, 508 3, 210, 460
800 and over	6	0	292		387, 051	832, 906	Maryland, total	81	42	2, 998	2, 981, 202	2, 537, 857	4, 546, 842
Washington, total		27	8, 111	4, 614, 160	2, 558, 995	8, 526, 997	100 to 149 150 to 199	3	37	} \$ 411			
100 to 149 150 to 199 200 to 249 250 to 299	1	1 1 11 14	1 -,	• • •			200 to 249] 11	12	1.102	1, 078, 993 900, 037 675, 109	752, 917	1,717,465 1,360,500 987,643

¹ Tons, for anthracite, 2,240 pounds; for biturninous coal, 2,000 pounds, ² This total differs considerably from that for "Wage earners (average for the year)," 142,801 for anthracite and 447,125 for bituminous coal, given in certain other tables of this report. See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—Persons Engaged. ⁸ Combined to avoid disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises. ⁴ See headnote.

278

PERSONS ENGAGED

Persons engaged, by class and sex (Table 19).— Approximately 95 per cent of all persons employed in the coal-mining industries were wage earners, which class includes foremen, enginemen, hoistmen, electricians, miners and helpers, timbermen, trackmen, laborers and all others employed on a tonnage or day basis. "Other salaried employees" which includes superintendents, managers, technical employees, clerical and other office employees comprised 4 per cent of the total number of persons engaged. Female employees, mainly office workers, represented less than fourtenths of 1 per cent of the total number engaged, Propriétors and firm members are those reported by unincorporated enterprises, practically all of which were small producers.

TABLE 19 .- PERSONS ENGAGED, BY SEX: 1929

[This table does not include data for salaried officers and employees of "Central Administrative" offices. See Table 20]

INDUSTRY	. 1	ALL CLASSES		PROPRIETO: FIRM MEN		PRINCIPAL ARIED O OF CORPOI	SAL. FFICERS AATIONS	OTHER SA OFFICERS EMPLOY	AND	WAGE EAR (AVERA) FOR THE Y	G IE
	Total	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
United States	633, 035	630, 778	2, 257	3, 002	19	2, 770	75	23, 609	2, 027	601, 397	136
Anthracite (Pennsylvania) Bituminous coal	150, 494 482, 541	150, 047 480, 731	447 1, 810	36 2, 966	2 17	158 2, 612	5 70	7, 054 16, 555	438 1, 589	142, 799 458, 598	2 134

Central-administrative-office employees (Table 20).— This table was compiled from data reported separately on special schedules and not included in the returns for the operating enterprises. It gives the number of employees reported by offices maintained independently of mine offices and usually at a distance from the mining operations, as in New York City, Cleveland, or Chicago. Figures for these employees are included only in this table. In the cases of companies whose mining operations are incidental to manufacturing (coke, gas, etc.), public utility operations, or other activities, the data for central-administrativeoffice employees have been omitted from this table and included in the data for the census of manufactures, if within the scope of that census—in other words, attributed to the final producing activities of such companies.

TABLE 20.—CENTRAL-ADMINISTRATIVE-OFFICE EMPLOYEES—NUMBER, BY SEX, AND SALARIES, FOR THE UNITED STATES: 1929

	۲ ۲	IUMBER				1	UMBER		
CLASS	Total	Male	Fe- male	SALARIES	CLASS	Total	Male	Fe- male	SALARIES
United States, total	3, 575	2, 834	741	\$11, 752, 181	Bituminous coal. total	2,860	2, 189	671	\$9, 806, 570
Principal salaried officers of corporations	492 3, 083	480 2, 354	12 729	4, 882, 234 6, 869, 947	Principal salaried officers of corporations Other central-administrative-office employees	429 2, 431	417 1, 772	12 659	4, 277, 691 5, 528, 879
Anthracite (Pennsylvania), total	715	645	70	1, 945, 611					
Principal salaried officers of corporations Other contral-administrative-office employees	63 652	63 582	70	604, 543 1, 341, 068					

Size of enterprises according to number of wage earners. (Table 21).--Of the total number of enterprises (4,976) in the bituminous-coal industry, more than one-half employed 20 or fewer wage earners each, and accounted for only 3.6 per cent of the total number of wage earners and 3 per cent of the total value of products. Enterprises employing from 101 to 500 wage earners accounted for slightly more than onehalf of the total number of wage earners. In the anthracite industry 90.1 per cent of the wage earners were employed in 58 enterprises reporting 501 or more while only 1.6 per cent were employed by enterprises reporting 100 or fewer.

TABLE 21.—CONDENSED SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO NUMBER OF WAGE EARNERS, FOR THE ANTHRACITE AND THE BITUMINOUS-COAL INDUSTRIES, FOR THE UNITED STATES AND FOR SELECTED STATES: 1929

<u></u>			<u></u>			وفد مع فيعف معد				<u> </u>			
STATE AND NUMBER OF WAGE EARNERS PER	Num- ber of	Num- ber	Wage c (avera the y	ge for	Wages	Value of	STATE AND NUMBER OF WAGE EARNERS PER	Num- ber of	Num- ber	Wage e (avera the y	ge for	Wages	Value of
ENTERPRISE	enter- prises	of mines	Num- ber	Per cent of total		products	ENTERPRISE	enter- prises	of mines	Num- ber	Per cent of total		products
ANTHRACITE (Pennsyl- vania), total	198	303	142, 801	100. 0	\$ 229, 967, 0 59	\$384, 854, 300	Ohio, total 1 to 5	536 234	561 234	21, 739 631	100.0	\$24, 446, 830 598, 461	\$36, 916, 271
1 to 5	21 17 32 19	31 21 21 18 34 19 36 24 99	84 221 710 1,113 5,052 6,983 23,291 17,256	0.1 0.2 0.5 0.8 3.5 4.9 16.3 12.1	$\begin{array}{r} 133, 120\\ 305, 699\\ 1, 008, 401\\ 1, 929, 131\\ 7, 365, 876\\ 11, 818, 793\\ 36, 788, 252\\ 28, 634, 747\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 340,570\\ 635,445\\ 2,015,351\\ 4,157,503\\ 12,391,226\\ 20,309,355\\ 65,445,514\\ 46,256,128\end{array}$	6 to 20	158 52 34 36 15 7 222	163 55 38 39 17 15 235	$1,771 \\ 1,721 \\ 2,409 \\ 5,490 \\ 5,109 \\ 4,608 \\ 12,860$	8.1 7.9 11.1 25.3 23.5 21.2 100.0	$\begin{array}{c} 1,926,988\\ 2,017,342\\ 2,559,341\\ 6,152,328\\ 5,869,696\\ 5,322,683\\ 18,101,859\end{array}$	2, 954, 103 3, 243, 833 4, 174, 652 9, 301, 374 8, 787, 923 7, 390, 689 31, 501, 936
2,501 and over	13		88,091	61, 7	141, 983, 040	46, 256, 128 233, 303, 210	1 to 5 6 to 20 21 to 50 51 to 100	98 39 27	98 39 28 25	268 354 924	2.1 2.8 7.2	288, 152 444, 631 1, 081, 654	509, 636 702, 043 2, 029, 670
BITUMINOUS COAL, total 1 to 5 6 to 20 21 to 50		5, 620 1, 384 1, 123	458, 732 3, 979 12, 310	100.0 0.9 2.7	574, 800, 072 4, 085, 903 13, 028, 802 24, 360, 921	966, 693, 771 7, 463, 210 21, 454, 276	51 to 100 101 to 250 501 to 1,000 251 to 500	20 19 2 17	$ \begin{array}{c} 25 \\ 20 \\ 3 \\ 22 \end{array} $	1,477 }13,930 5,907	11.5 30.6 45.9	2, 203, 437 5, 880, 132 8, 203, 853	4,068,235 11,333,681 12,858,671
21 to 50	619	720 692 830 472	23, 169 45, 624 114, 505 116, 890	5.1 9.9 25.0 25.5	24, 360, 921 50, 637, 241 137, 277, 417 150, 100, 319	$\begin{array}{c} 7,403,210\\ 21,454,276\\ 40,831,155\\ 84,438,106\\ 235,169,035\\ 045,872,828\end{array}$	Virginia, total	75	88	11,956	100.0	11, 846, 453 52, 989	21, 162, 036
501 to 1,000 1,001 to 2,500 2,501 and over	34	196 142 61	67, 093 47, 404 27, 752	14.6 10.3 .6.0	88, 961, 042 64, 027, 533 41, 720, 894	245, 678, 628 245, 678, 628 145, 588, 095 108, 148, 409 77, 922, 857	1 to 5 6 to 20 21 to 60 51 to 100 101 to 250 55 to 500	11 12 11	11 12 11	145 421 834 2, 249 2, 537	1,2 3,5 7,0	142, 423 375, 245 788, 592	219, 178 710, 177 1, 267, 955
Pennsylvania, total	1, 151	1, 387	121,000	100. 0	157, 730, 207	262, 456, 657	251 to 500	14 7 3	15 12 3 2 7	2, 537	18.8 21.2 47.8	2, 060, 218 2, 838, 816 5, 588, 170	3, 334, 161 5, 195, 091 10, 353, 185
1 to 5 6 to 20 21 to 50 21 to 100	269 300 189 149	269 305 211 179	798 3, 295 6, 417 11, 088	0.7 2.7 5.3 9.2	816, 723 3, 551, 957 6, 133, 629 11, 298, 912	1,457,198 5,267,408 9,627,396 17,920,233	Colorado, total	173	176	10, 420	100.0	15, 700, 860	26, 553, 407
1 to 5 6 to 20	148 54 23 15 4	184 86 42 75 36	23, 946 19, 304 14, 199 22, 100 19, 853	19. 8 16. 0 11. 7 18. 3 16. 4	28, 314, 032 26, 008, 238 20, 093, 828 30, 193, 719 31, 319, 169	47, 106, 944 42, 910, 770 32, 433, 287 50, 816, 205 54, 857, 216	1 to 5 6 to 20 21 to 50 51 to 100 101 to 250 251 to 500	50 39 19 33 25 7	50 39 19 33 26 9	149 384 634 2, 459 4, 373 2, 421	1.4 3.7 6.1 23.6 42.0 23.2	183, 550 553, 897 897, 895 3, 675, 315 6, 768, 094 3, 622, 109	346, 467 832, 608 1, 472, 918 6, 175, 937 12, 002, 406 5, 723, 071
West Virginia, total	686	830	99, 217	100.0	126, 350, 696	217, 022, 962	Tennessee, total	85	78	6, 822	100.0	5, 999, 623	9,369,074
1 to 5	83 95 103	92 87 96 112 214 152 44 15 18	278 1,005 3,291 7,653 30,164 35,210 12,915 18,641	$\begin{array}{c} 0.3\\ 1.1\\ 3.3\\ 7.7\\ 30.4\\ 35.5\\ 13.0\\ 8.7 \end{array}$	283, 087 1, 157, 901 3, 435, 123 8, 602, 307 36, 260, 368 45, 810, 710 17, 905, 087 12, 827, 104	491, 157 1, 868, 707 5, 251, 620 13, 830, 694 60, 870, 727 77, 724, 375 29, 578, 899 27, 406, 783	1 to 5 6 to 20 21 to 50 10 to 250 251 to 500 251 to 500 Iowa, total	167	6 7 12 15 28 10 172	23 64 434 1,068 3;052 2,181 5,942	0, 3 0, 9 6, 4 15, 7 44, 7 32, 0 100, 0	17, 024 44, 961 322, 298 915, 414 2, 912, 288 1, 787, 688 7, 820, 575	27, 617 61, 767 482, 646 1, 343, 066 4, 679, 292 2, 774, 686 11, 832, 816
Kentucky, total		500	54, 904	100.0	60, 155, 095	95, 647, 618	6 to 20 21 to 50	84 32 18	84 32 18	267 338 576	4.5 5.7 9.7	309, 902 411, 988 657, 705	562, 227 584, 919 1, 203, 356
1 to 5 6 to 20 21 to 50 51 to 100	69 67 92	53 69 71 99	161 794 2,424 6,844	0.3 1.4 4.4 12.5	147, 681 748, 584 1, 924, 379 6, 118, 862	254,990 1,158,260 2,897,509 9,659,878	1 to 5	$ 17 \\ 11 \\ 4 \\ 1 \\ 1$	18 13 5 2	1, 156 1, 710 } ¹ 1, 880	19.5 28.9 31.7	1, 409, 649 2, 321, 119 2, 710, 212	1, 203, 356 2, 125, 171 3, 290, 530 4, 066, 607
101 to 250 251 to 500 501 to 1,000 1,001 to 2,500	90	90 64 23 22	14,941 16,415 6,249 7,076	27.2 29.9 11.4 12.9	15, 241, 169 20, 325, 310 6, 986, 460 8, 662, 660	24,786,141 32,658,725 10,826,965 13,405,034	Oklahoma, total	97	113 11 30	4, 716 38 342	100.0	6, 392, 491 39, 367	10, 789, 776 62, 228
Illinois, total	384	401	49, 817	100. 0	68, 922, 106	114, 617, 799	6 to 20. 21 to 50. 51 to 100.	1 21	27	833 1,508	7.3 17.7 32.0	407, 677 939, 503 1, 924, 763	652, 645 1, 511, 050 3, 303, 204
1 to 5 6 to 20 21 to 50 51 to 100 101 to 250		114 84 42 30	338 876 1,445 1,962 9,119	0.7 1.8 2.9 3.9	$\begin{array}{r} 377,942\\ 1,063,671\\ 2,038,679\\ 2,541,608\\ 12,749,454\\ 15,956,504\\ 23,960,315\\ 10,233,933\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 662,032\\ 1,698,911\\ 3,424,855\\ 4,693,229\\ 22,059,773\\ 24,572,794\\ 40,213,579\\ 17,292,626\end{array}$	101 to 250 501 to 1,000 Wyoming, total 1 to 5	. 35	. 8 50	} ¹ 1, 995 4, 693 15		3, 081, 181 8, 716, 950 18, 841	5, 260, 649 17, 118, 580
1 to 100	54 33 25 δ	84 42 30 57 34 28 12	9,110 11,686 17,133 7,258	18.3 23.5 34.4 14.6	12, 749, 484 15, 956, 504 23, 960, 315 10, 233, 933	22, 059, 773 24, 572, 794 40, 213, 579 17, 292, 626	1 to 5	- 3	5 3 7 10		1 0.9	18, 841 55, 821 94, 511 972, 297 1, 838, 082	47, 034 97, 147 249, 901 1, 575, 075 4, 252, 538
Alabama, total		180	24, 781	100.0	23, 666, 802	38, 564, 531	251 to 500 1,001 to 2,500	4	10 9 8	} ¹ 2, 835	60.4	5, 737, 398	10, 896, 885
1 to 5 6 to 20 21 to 50 51 to 100 101 to 250 251 to 600 501 to 1,000 1,001 to 2,600	27 30 17 16 30 29 5 3	27 30 17 17 35 41 9 4	77 321 625 1, 328 4, 919 10, 353 } ¹ 7, 158	0. 8 1. 3 2. 5 5. 4 19. 8 41. 8 28. 9	69, 016 293, 354 441, 830 1, 218, 228 4, 203, 186 10, 240, 617 7, 200, 502	131, 743 483, 518 825, 176 1, 908, 725 7, 241, 781 16, 573, 923 11, 399, 665	Missouri, total 1 to 5 6 to 20 21 to 50 51 to 100 101 to 260 501 to 1,000	72	72 55 30 27 3	4, 657 222 596 949 1, 749 } ¹ 1, 141		5, 150, 487 206, 511 612, 003 1, 080, 298 1, 965, 731 1, 285, 944	9, 667, 708 395, 804 1, 082, 275 2, 234, 647 4, 220, 554 1, 734, 428

¹ Combined to avoid disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises.

Prevailing hours of labor (Table 22).—The wage earners of each enterprise were classed as a unit in accordance with the hours reported as prevailing for the majority, regardless of the fact that some worked more or fewer hours. The inquiry for these data requested the "normal number of hours per week for the individual wage earners." Undoubtedly most of the enterprises reporting less than 40 hours would have adopted a longer working week if the additional product could have been disposed of. Likewise, many of the enterprises reporting 48 hours or more found it necessary to curtail operations for a portion of the year, thus reducing the number of hours per week for wage earners during such time.

TABLE 22.—CONDENSED SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO PREVAILING HOURS OF LABOR PER WEEK, FOR THE ANTHRACITE AND THE BITUMINOUS-COAL INDUSTRIES, FOR THE UNITED STATES AND FOR SELECTED STATES: 1929

[This table does not include data for 2,155 bituminous-coal enterprises whose value of product was less than \$20,000. Such enterprises were permitted to report on an abbreviated schedule, which did not call for information pertaining to prevailing hours of labor. These enterprises reported a combined value of products of \$17,727,085. However, data for 1 such enterprise are included in this table. The table covers data for all enterprises in the anthracite industry]

			·······								
STATE AND PREVAILING HOURS OF LABOR PER WEEK	Num- ber of enter- prises	Num- ber of mines	Wage earners (average for the year)	Wages	Value of products	STATE AND PREVAILING HOURS OF LABOR PER WEEK	Num- ber of enter- prises	Num- ber of mines	Wage earners (average for the year)	Wages	Value of products
ANTHRACITE (Pennsylvania), total	198	303	142.801	\$229, 967, 059	\$384, 854, 300	Ohio, total	197	222	22, 073	\$22, 855, 162	\$34, 549, 828
Under 25.	34	34	460 451	401, 182 560, 154 68, 240 5, 421, 847	538 288	Under 25 25 and over but under 36 36 and over but under 40	5 6 2 13	5 6 2	254 } 1 294	185, 036 328, 608	255, 585 467, 629
40 44 and over but under 48	4 5	47	30 3, 186	68, 240 5, 421, 847	950, 709 128, 039 8, 492, 478 373, 564, 928	40 Over 40 but under 44 44 and over but under 48		13	} 1 949	1,030,102	1, 737, 466
48 Over 48 but under 54	151	254	138, 226	222, 860, 290 17, 407	373, 564, 928 40, 807	48	13 140	13 168	768 17, 240	1, 020, 146 19, 415, 001	1, 849, 639 28, 493, 885 1, 745, 624
Over 48 but under 54	26 2	26 2	} 1 437	637, 989	1, 141, 053	54 and over but under 63	11	14 110	568	876, 269 17, 579, 962	1, 745, 624 30, 643, 221
BITUMINOUS COAL, total ?		3, 465	447, 125	563, 040, 468	948, 966, 686	Indiana, total			12, 394 383	524, 183	931, 663
Under 25	111 226	119 209	9, 911 39, 691	8, 826, 904	14, 319, 838	Under 25. 25 and over but under 36 36 and over but under 40	8 9 2	3 9 2	1, 234	1, 580, 143	2, 560, 241
25 and over but under 36 36 and over but under 40	46	55	5,587	44, 606, 136 6, 742, 933	71, 422, 605 10, 815, 825 59, 075, 055	40 44 and over but under 48	1 2	$\overline{2}$	1 423	811, 721	1, 321, 617
40 Over 40 but under 44 44 and over but under 48	19 89	253 20 103	26, 842 3, 075 11, 514	34, 059, 833 4, 268, 903 13, 422, 751	8, 037, 411 22, 140, 214	48		93	10, 354	14, 663, 965	25, 820, 700
49	1 1 441	2, 398	320, 718 3, 672	1 416 003 901	699, 431, 016 5, 331, 360	Virginia, total		66	11, 803	11, 716, 409	20, 985, 001
Over 48 but under 54	138	173	25,755	3, 426, 101 31, 107, 056 485, 860	57, 505, 258 888, 106	Under 25. 25 and over but under 36 36 and over but under 40 40.	26	2	} ¹ 1, 410	1, 492, 285	2, 165, 054
Pennsylvania, total		897	117, 989	154, 629, 725	258, 024, 050	36 and over but under 40	2	57	} 1, 422	1, 400, 846	2, 186, 570
Under 25	31	32	2,030	1, 750, 760	3, 108, 983	48 54 and over but under 63	34	42 3	8, 619 352	8, 532, 859 290, 419	16, 165, 777 467, 600
25 and over but under 36	50	67	5, 695 916	6, 086, 617 1, 215, 098	$ \begin{array}{c} 9,895,682\\ 1,871,239 \end{array} $	Colorado, total	99	102	10, 088	15, 297, 471	25, 882, 243
40 Over 40 but under 44	52	64 8	8,343 108	11, 290, 733 108, 757	20, 510, 231 200, 687	Under 25. 25 and over but under 36 36 and over but under 40	5	5 5	465	574, 471 729, 237	929, 112 1, 572, 089
44 and over but under 48	461	28 652 18	1, 563 95, 855	1, 591, 407 127, 866, 471	2, 340, 928 212, 428, 765	1 40	. I. D.	25	137		361, 189
Over 48 but under 54	20	18	887 2, 586	932, 216 3, 787, 666	1, 341, 876 6, 325, 659	48. 54 and over but under 63	70	72 13	8,009 892	204, 879 12, 257, 106 1, 531, 778	20, 464, 948 2, 554, 905
West Virginia, total		689	98, 413	125, 542, 009	215, 881, 985	Tennessee, total	. 51	64	6, 712	5, 921, 461	9, 262, 976
Under 25. 25 and over but under 36	9 20		610 3, 930	521, 908 4, 512, 460	850, 424 7, 118, 148	Under 25 25 and over but under 36 36 and over but under 40		17	1 1,033	839, 979	1, 425, 260
36 and over but under 40	4	41	300 6, 224	339, 556 8, 595, 900	466, 198 15, 699, 568	36 and over but under 40 40	1	2	1, 381	1, 219, 465	1, 747, 223
Over 40 but under 44		13	1, 323 2, 001	1, 740, 156 2, 881, 668	10, 099, 508 2, 936, 227 4, 289, 142	44 and over but under 44		1 2	1 547	436, 298	716, 428
40 Over 40 but under 44 44 and over but under 48 48 54 and over but under 63	447		79,433	100, 353, 089 6, 598, 262	171, 124, 388 13, 397, 890	48	20 5		3, 140 611	2, 991, 802 433, 917	4, 708, 647 665, 418
63 and over			۲.			Iowa, total	59		5, 455	7, 264, 460	10, 934, 210
Kentucky, total	326		54,134	59, 451, 332	94, 669, 146	25 and over but under 36 40	. 2	22	1 277	351, 202	530, 603
25 and over but under 36	. 8	72	10,138	9, 422, 571 988, 989	13, 832, 227 1, 442, 339	44 and over but under 48	_ 2	2	5, 178	6, 913, 258	10, 403, 607
40 Over 40 but under 44	52	1 1	1 6, 845	1		Wyoming, total	23	At t	1 1 1	8, 600, 391	17, 014, 908
44 and over but under 48	176	196	1, 683 28, 451	1, 714, 513	2, 657, 785 52, 299, 112	40	2	2	} 1482	843, 431	1, 569, 510
Over 48 but under 54 54 and over but under 63	- - - 15		149 4, 517	104, 218 5, 981, 004	133, 140 9, 936, 969	48	- 18	33		7, 816, 960	15, 445, 398
Illinois, total	- 215		48, 965			Oklahoma, total	- 67			6, 173, 601 63, 349	10, 451, 715
Under 25 25 and over but under 36	_ 23	26	3, 085 7, 759	2, 969, 608 10, 555, 864	4, 444, 424 17, 061, 254	Under 25 25 and over but under 36		4 6 2	331		773, 985
36 and over but under 40		18	<pre>} 1 977</pre>	1, 452, 693	2, 217, 189	36 and over but under 40 40. 44 and over but under 48	- 2			282, 941	526, 076
Over 40 but under 44 44 and over but under 48	- 24	2 4	1 322	525, 552		48	49	60		-	8, 010, 039
4854 and over but under 63	_ 159	171	36, 285	51,676,855	85, 962, 084 1, 770, 778	63 and over but under 63			1 .940		1, 049, 635
Alabama, total	. 105				38, 113, 314	Missouri, total	72		-	4, 565, 870	8, 713, 614
Under 25. 25 and over but under 36	- 5 - 15 - 9	5 18 11	565 2,784	378, 820 2, 670, 433	619,085 4,559,480	Under 25 25 and over but under 36	8		1,272	1, 397, 123	402, 408 2, 004, 834 161, 831 1, 399, 778
36 and over but under 40	. 5	5	1, 344 698	1, 149, 190	2,061,106 1,171,793	36 and over but under 40 40. Over 40 but under 44	1		537	634,604	1, 399, 778
44 and over but under 48 48.	15	21	2,661	4, 271, 468	6, 785, 679 3, 932, 635	Voer 40 but under 44			1, 640		
Over 48 but under 54. 54 and over but under 63	. 11	18	2,300 10,108	2, 193, 316 9, 660, 361	619,085 4,559,480 2,061,106 1,171,793 6,785,679 3,682,249 15,401,287	48		3 34	1, 040	1, 840, 213 209, 375	3, 542, 57 634, 02
	<u> </u>	1					<u> </u>		<u></u>		

¹ Combined to avoid disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises.

² See headnote.

Days per week in operation (Table 23).-The schedule used in the canvass for 1929 presented the following inquiry:

"Does the number of hours (per week for individual wage earner) refer to a 6-day, a 5½-day, or a 5-day week, or to some other basis (specify)?" The number of days reported, therefore, represents what the operators considered normal for the year. Those who reported

less than 5 days would undoubtedly have operated more days per week had it been necessary to supply any increase in the demand for coal. On the other hand, those who reported six and seven days per week include a number of enterprises which found it necessary to work fewer days per week for a considerable part of the year, due to slack demand. See explanation preceding Table 18, pertaining to derived averages.

TABLE 23.—CONDENSED SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO NUMBER OF DAYS IN OPERATION PER WEEK, FOR THE ANTHRACITE AND THE BITUMINOUS-COAL INDUSTRIES, FOR THE UNITED STATES AND FOR SELECTED STATES: 1929

[This table does not include data for 2,155 bituminous-coal enterprises whose value of product was less than \$20,000. Such enterprises were permitted to report on an abbre-viated schedule, which did not call for information pertaining to time in operation. These enterprises reported a combined value of products of \$17,727,085. However, data for 4 such enterprise are included in this table. The table covers data for all enterprises in the anthracite industry]

	,												
STATE AND DAYS PER WEEK	Number of enter- prises	Number of mines	Wage earners, Dec. 14 or near- est rep- resenta- tive day	Wages	Coal pro- duced, tons ¹	Value of products	STATE AND DAYS PER WEEK	Number of enter- prises	Number of mines	Wage earners, Dec. 14 or near- est rep- resenta- tive day	Wages	Coal pro- duced, tons ¹	Value of products
ANTHRACITE (Pennsyl- vania), total	198	303	² 147, 260	\$229, 967, 059	66, 558, 839	\$384, 854, 300	Illinois, total	215	232	<u>`</u>			\$113, 197, 220
Three or under Three and one-half Four and one-half Seven	2 1 1	2 1 1 3	3 714	601, 897	165, 904	839, 905	Three or under Three and one-half Four Four and one-half Five	16 3 14 2 10	17 3 17 2 11	1,896	3, 047, 504 2, 445, 630 7, 203, 937 2, 262, 132	2, 472, 371 1, 968, 478 6, 449, 356 2, 128, 099	4, 544, 141 4, 044, 199 11, 478, 473 3, 629, 711
Four Five Five and one-half Six	. 3	6 16	475 86 3, 429 142, 556	5, 461, 584	165, 992 61, 773 1, 625, 531 64, 539, 579	186, 993 8, 529, 593	Five and one-half Six Seven	163 3	4 175 3	215 39, 721 814	377, 389 52, 083, 345 532, 239	752, 188 45, 298, 567 1, 003, 316	86, 893, 280 1, 436, 618
BITUMINOUS COAL, total 4_	2, 821	3, 465	² 472, 965	563, 040, 468	528, 380, 796	948, 966, 686	Alabama, total	105	128		23, 385, 886	17, 982, 820	
Three or under Three and one-half Four and one-half Five and one-half Five and one-half Six	124 33 159 40 269 84 2, 101	204	13, 277 5, 397 28, 376 7, 858 40, 437 8, 453 368, 774 393	11, 039, 617 5, 727, 775 30, 963, 586 8, 742, 060 46, 937, 039 9, 815, 204 449, 167, 086 647, 201	10, 339, 674 4, 480, 254 28, 239, 088 8, 076, 584 43, 602, 672 0, 748, 726 422, 730, 286	9, 012, 723 49, 199, 860 14, 075, 921 80, 190, 041 17, 291, 716 759, 747, 731	Three or under Three and one-half Four Four and one-half Five and one-half Six Ohio, total	$11 \\ 4 \\ 11 \\ 2 \\ 26 \\ 5 \\ 46 \\ 197$	12 4 15 2 34 5 56 222	909 3 2, 023 6, 970 550 13, 064	$1, 186, 891 \\ 1, 033, 026 \\ 1, 680, 526 \\ 7, 058, 659 \\ 528, 082 \\ 11, 898, 702 \\ 22, 855, 162 \\ 12, 033, 025 \\ 11, 033, 025 \\ 12, 033, 025 \\ 11, 035, 025 \\ 11, 035, 025$	1, 095, 610 650, 429 1, 665, 642 5, 468, 123 439, 629 8, 663, 387 22, 746, 065	2, 245, 540 1, 517, 667 2, 920, 185 11, 132, 057 935, 434 19, 362, 425 84, 549, 828
Pennsylvania, total	661	897	120, 944	154. 629. 725	1, 163, 512		Three or under		56		185,036	183, 270	255, 585
Three or under Four and one-balf Four and one-balf Five Five	31 10 37 57 84	33 16 42 13 71 42	2, 369 885 4, 073 1, 484 9, 258 2, 260	1, 994, 398 714, 938 4, 361, 133 1, 907, 442 11, 715, 963 2, 271, 856	1, 845, 808 628, 687 3, 600, 649 1, 930, 237 10, 929, 389 1, 878, 608	3,201,403 1,105,299 7,274,792 3,186,369 21,086,189	Four and one-half Four and one-half Five and one-half Six Indiana, total	6 2 14 12 158 97	6 2 14 12 183 110	∫ 230 1,013 750 20,211	273, 674 1, 030, 102 948, 899 20, 417, 451	220, 004 1, 070, 363 939, 277 20, 333, 151 18, 137, 251	416, 036 1, 737, 466 1, 757, 775 30, 382, 966 30, 643, 221
Six West Virginia, total	485 545	080 089	100, 615	131, 664, 495	120, 792, 166	218, 752, 721	Three or under Three and one-half	3 1 6	3	353 } 3883	524, 133 1, 124, 233	520, 463 978, 868	931, 663 1, 722, 208
Three or under Three and one-half Four	13 2 11 7	14 14 13 14 46	$ \frac{100,798}{1,578} \\ 3 1,764 \\ 1,548 \\ 7,204 $	125, 542, 999 1, 359, 010 1, 987, 114 1, 999, 562 9, 924, 045	138, 186, 366 1, 705, 659 2, 186, 231 2, 123, 892 10, 663, 106	2, 080, 033 3, 010, 343 3, 298, 878	Four Four and one-half Five Six Virginia, total	2 3 82 53	6 2 3 95 66	} ³ 619 11, 770 12, 029	1, 027, 919 14, 903, 677 11, 716, 409	876, 609 15, 761, 311 12, 646, 684	1, 848, 189 26, 141, 161 20, 985, 001
Five and one-half Six	9 465 326	14 586 392	2, 417 86, 287 57, 895	3, 259, 478 107, 013, 790 59, 451, 332	3, 484, 218 118, 023, 260 60, 202, 635	5, 403, 571 184, 609, 670	Three or under Four	3 5 1 7	8 6 3 9	255 1, 184 3 1, 504	245, 747 1, 246, 538 1, 400, 846	232, 946 1, 243, 647 1, 409, 715	378, 990 1, 786, 064 2, 186, 570
Three or under		19	1,608		1, 207, 028	1, 562, 506	Six	- 37 99	45 102	- /	8, 823, 278 15, 297, 471	9, 760, 376 9, 594, 248	16, 633, 377 25, 882, 243
Three and one-half Four and one-half Five and one-half Five and one-half Six	3 35 10	4 52 13 70 7 227	376 8, 280 1, 677 8, 921 817	1, 061, 624 248, 404 7, 463, 601 1, 371, 357 9, 144, 023 730, 044 39, 432, 279	8, 248, 428 1, 348, 684 8, 800, 158 778, 919 39, 498, 472	$\begin{array}{r} 350,781\\ 10,692,052\\ 2,113,378\\ 14,744,276\\ 1,094,731\end{array}$	Three or under Four Five Six Seven	4 4 6 84 1	4 4 6 87 1	656 379 224	651, 476 550, 129 255, 725	9, 594, 248 476, 233 378, 964 176, 604 8, 562, 447	20, 882, 243 1, 075, 971 1, 229, 032 479, 702 23, 096, 938

¹ Tons, for anthracite, 2,240 pounds; for bituminous coal, 2,000 pounds. ² This total differs considerably from that for "Wage earners (average for the year)," 142,801 for anthracite and 447,125 for bituminous coal, given in certain other tables of this report. See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—Persons Engaged. ³ Combined to avoid disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises.

Wage earners employed, by months (Tables 24 and 25).—Table 24 gives statistics for wage earners employed below ground and on the surface. (See head-note, Table 24.) For bituminous underground mines reporting these data, 86.5 per cent and 13.5 per cent of wage earners were employed underground and on the surface, respectively. These percentages vary from State to State, due to the differences in mining conditions as well as to the nature and extent of processing of coal in preparation plants. Open-pit bituminous mines employed 8,489 wage earners (average for the year) or 1.9 per cent of the total number.

Underground mines employed practically all the wage earners in the anthracite industry. Of these 78 per cent were employed underground and 22 per cent on the surface. The higher percentage of wage earners on the surface for anthracite mines as compared with bituminous mines reflects the relative requirements of preparation of the mined products.

Table 25 shows the degree of regularity in the coalmining industries for 1929, 1919, and 1909 for the United States as a whole and for principal States for 1929. The number given for each month represents the number on the pay roll on the 15th of the month and does not take into account the fluctuations in the numbers employed that occur within the month or part-time employment. In the bituminous-coal industry, the ratios of minimum to maximum employment for the three leading States—Pennsylvania, West Virginia, and Kentucky—and Alabama appreciably raise the combined ratio for all States, since some of the other States show wide fluctuations in employment during the year.

TABLE 24.-WAGE EARNERS, BY MONTHS, FOR UNDERGROUND MINES, EMPLOYED BELOW GROUND AND ON THE SURFACE, AND FOR OPEN-PIT MINES, FOR THE ANTHRACITE AND THE BITUMINOUS-COAL INDUSTRIES, BY STATES: 1929

[This table does not include data for 2,155 bituminous-coal enterprises whose value of product was less than \$20,000. Such enterprises were permitted to report on an abbreviated schedule, which did not call for information as to kind of operation or below-ground and surface employees. These enterprises employed a total of 11,607 wage earners. However, data for 1 such enterprise are included in this table. The table covers data for all enterprises in the anthracite industry. The month of maximum employment is indicated by **bold-faced** figures and that of minimum employment by *italic* figures]

	Average number		NU	MBER EM	PLOYED O	N 15TH D	AT OF MO	NTH OR I	VEAREST	REPRESEN	NTATIVE I	лү		Per cent mini-
STATE AND CLASS OF MINE AND WAGE EARNER	em- ployed during year	January	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	mum is of maxi- mum
ANTHRACITE (Pennsylvania), total	142, 801	151, 783	1 4 7, 181	139, 468	145, 788	144, 770	132, 159	127, 103	140, 835	144, 195	146, 303	146, 792	147, 241	83.7
Underground mines, total	142, 063	151, 244	146, 719	138, 767	144, 985	143, 871	131, 275	126,360	140, 088	143, 507	145, 466	140, 007	146, 469	83.5
Below ground Surface	110, 857 31, 206	118, 005 33, 239	114, 565 32, 154	108, 365 30, 402	113, 379 31, 606	112, 528 31, 343	102, 332 28, 943	97,092 28,368	109, 297 30, 791	111, 912 31, 595	113, 514 31, 952	113, 932 32, 075	114, 468 32, 001	83. 0 85. 3
Washeries, dredges, and open-pit mines	738	539	462	701	803	899	884	743	747	688	837	785	772	51.4
BITUMINOUS COAL, total	447, 125	466, 779	470, 383	462, 662	433, 182	424, 457	422,015	425, 558	434, 086	444, 24 1	456, 358	461, 759	464,020	89.7
Underground mines, total	438, 636	457, 551	460, 746	453, 558	424, 918	416,300	418,609	417,793	426, 285	436, 330	447, 987	453, 159	455, 414	89,8
Below ground	379, 437 59, 199	397, 301 60, 250	400, 082 60, 664	393, 826 59, 732	367, 762 57, 156	359,580 56,720	356,759 50,850	359, 845 57, 948	367, 413 58, 872	376, 837 59, 493	387, 245 60, 722	392, 247 60, 912	304, 349 61, 065	89.2 92.9
Open-pit mines 1	8, 489	9, 228	9, 637	9, 104	8, 264	8,157	8,406	7,765	7, 801	7,911	8, 391	8, 600	8,606	80.6
Underground mines:														
Alabama, total	24, 284	24, 649	24, 635	24, 518	24, 264	24,056	24,067	25,987	23,952	23,991	24, 207	24, 524	24,605	97.1
Below ground Surface	20, 853 3, 931	20, 619 4, 030	20, 684 3, 951	20, 545 3, 973	20, 298 3, 966	$20,172 \\ 3,884$	20, 212 3, 855	20,040 3,897	20,064 3,888	20,084 3,907	20, 303 3, 904	20, 572 3, 952	20, 645 3, 960	96.9 95,7
Colorado, total	10,088	12,045	11,805	11, 055	8, 810	8,222	8,006	8,226	8,738	10, 193	10, 922	11, 410	11, 621	66.5
Below ground Surface		10, 208 1, 837	10,008 1,797	9, 303 1, 752	7,347	6,814 1,408	6, 621 1, 385	$ \begin{array}{r} 0,779 \\ 1,447 \end{array} $	7, 196 1, 542	8,535 1,658	9,162 1,760	9, 640 1, 761	9,835 1,786	64.9 75,4
Illinois, total	47, 219	54, 306	53, 605	53, 131	43, 114	40,683	\$9,455	41,471	44, 050	47, 184	49, 427	50, 286	49,911	72.7
Below ground Surface	43,075 4,144	49, 862 4, 444	49,095 4,510	48, 721 4, 410	39, 478 3, 636	37,120 3,563	35,913 3,542	37,722 3,749	40, 063 3, 987	42, 921 4, 203	44, 982 4, 445	45,726 4,560	45, 292 4, 619	72.0 76.7
Indiana, total	10, 557	11,750	11,677	11, 304	10, 167	10, 134	9,951	9,816	9,498	10, 065	10, 587	10, 671	11,063	80, 8
Below ground Surface	9, 490 1, 067	10, 547 1, 203	10, 476 1, 201	10, 143 1, 161	9, 150 1, 017	9,133 1,001	8,949 1,002	8, 818 998	8,550 948	9, 078 987	9,533 1,054	9, 573 1, 098	9,929 1,134	81. 1 78. 8
Iowa, total	5, 455	6, 164	6, 283	6,068	5,012	4, 364	4,260	4, 464	4, 546	5, 522	6, 013	6, 249	6, 510	65.4
Below ground Surface	5,044 411	5, 708 456	5,828 455	5, 620 442	4, 640 372	4,015 349	3, 927 333	4, 120 344	4, 182 364	5, 092 430	5, 553 460	5,776 478	6,047 463	64.9 70.4
Kentucky, total		54,866	55, 307	54, 607	52, 567	51,726	51, 321	51,837	52, 951	53, 548	-55, 102	55, 110	55, 581	92.3
Below ground. Surface	46, 330 7, 380	47, 369 7, 497	47, 806 7, 501	47, 150 7, 457	45, 318 7, 249	44,635 7,091	44,200 7,121	44, 632 7, 205	45, 508 7, 443	46, 146 7, 402	47, 567 7, 535	47,606 7,504	48, 020 7, 561	92, 0 93, 8
Missouri, total	3, 238	3, 670	8, 683	3, 456	2,962	2,810	2, 706	2,689	3, 031	3, 244	3, 389	3, 545	3, 678	73.0
Below ground Surface		3, 389 281	3, 397 286	3, 200 256	2, 733 229	2, 577 233	2, 486 220	2,467 222	2, 795 230	3, 004 240	3, 124 265	3, 275 270	3, 404 274	72.5 76.9
Ohio, total		19, 572	20,079	20, 024	17,880		17, 968	18, 350	19, 216	19, 717	20, 356	20,683	20, 708	83.8
Below ground Surface	17,200 2,125	17,476 2,096	17,966 2,113	17,863 2,161	15,949 1,931	15,461 1,886	16,005 1,963	16, 266 2, 084	17,078	17, 485 2, 232	18, 058 2, 298	18,372 2,311	18,412	84,0 81,6

Data for 2 mines having both open-pit and underground operations are included in the figures for open-pit mines in this table, while these data are included in the figures for underground mines in Table 9.

127185-33-----19

TABLE 24.—WAGE EARNERS, BY MONTHS, FOR UNDERGROUND MINES, EMPLOYED BELOW GROUND AND ON THE SURFACE, AND FOR OPEN-PIT MINES, FOR THE ANTHRACITE AND THE BITUMINOUS-COAL INDUSTRIES, BY STATES: 1929—Continued

	Average number		NUMBER EMPLOYED ON 15TH DAY OF MONTH OR NEAREST REPRESENTATIVE DAY											Per cent mini-
STATE AND CLASS OF MINE AND WAGE EARNER	om- ployed during year	January	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	mum is of maxi- mum
BITUMINOUS COAL-Continued.						·								
Underground mines-Continued								1						
Oklahoma, total	4, 077	4, 893	4, 988	3, 649	2, 874	2,599	3, 019	3, 502	4,099	4, 475	4, 915	4, 936	4, 974	52, 1
Below ground Surface	1 1	4, 388 505	4, 475 513	3, 267 382	2, 556 318	2, 326 273	2, 703 316	3, 133 369	3, 681 418	4, 004 471	4, 405 510	4, 436 500	4, 460 514	52, 0 53, 1
Pennsylvania, total	117, 684	119, 073	121, 196	121, 537	118, 537	116, 666	115, 283	115,006	115, 123	115, 342	116, 633	118, 283	119, 533	94.6
Below ground Surface	102, 558 15, 126	103, 943 15, 130	105, 903 15, 293	106, 316 15, 221	103, 585 14, 952	101,766 14,900	100, 333 14, 950	<i>99,968</i> 15,038	100, 067 15, 056	100, 232 15, 110	101, 294 15, 339	102, 962 15, 321	104, 324 15, 209	94, 0 97, 1
Tennessee, total	6, 588	6, 452	8, 500	6, 464	6,148	6, 529	6, 417	6, 460	6, 537	6, 748	6, 900	8, 979	6, 988	88. 0
Below ground Surface	$5,548 \\ 1,040$	5, 429 1, 023	5, 461 1, 039	5, 397 1, 067	5,174 969	5, 497 1, 032	5, 417 1, 000	5, 423 1, 037	5, 506 1, 031	5, 713 1, 035	5, 837 1, 063	5,908 1,071	5, 820 1, 11 3	87.6 87.1
Virginia, total	11, 803	12, 382	12, 325	12, 220	11, 694	11,634	11, 631	11,484	11, 550	11, 726	.11, 870	11, 556	11, 569	92.7
Below ground Surface	9,926 1,877	10,478 1,904	10,420 1,905	10, 318 1, 902	9,861 1,833	9,793 1,841	9,755 1,876	9,595 1,889	9,644 1,906	9,880 1,840	9, 967 1, 903	9,675 1,881	9,716 1,853	91.6 96.2
West Virginia, total		97,686	98, 388	97, 946	97, 115	96,531	96, 671	97, 035	98,056	97, 538	99, 267	99, 627	98, 728	96, 9
Below ground Surface	82, 555 15, 327	82,680 15,006	83,251 15,137	82, 901 15, 045	82,017 15,098	81, 332 15, 199	81, 421 15, 250	81, 501 15, 534	82, 419 15, 637	82,082 15,456	83, 386 15, 581	84, 110 15, 517	83, 264 15, 464	96.7
Wyoming, total		4, 829	5, 015	4, 791	4, 339	4,031	3,953	4,009	4, 392	4,905	4, 943	5, 178	5, 121	76.3
Below ground	3, 811 815	3, 998 831	4, 063 952	3, 957 834	8, 552 787	3, 289 742	3, 225 728	3, 275 734	3,636	4,086	4,089	4, 309	4, 251 870	74.8
Other States, total	22,100	25, 214	25, 260	22, 788	19, 440	18,968	18,901	19, 507	20, 546	22, 132	23, 436	24, 122	24, 884	74.8
Below ground Surface	18, 452 3, 648	21, 207 4, 007	21, 249 4, 011	19, 119 3, 669	16, 104 3, 336	15,650 3,818	15,592 3,309	16, 106 3, 401	17,024 3,522	18, 489 3, 643	19, 685 3, 751	20, 208 3, 824	20, 930 3, 954	73. 4 82. 5

TABLE 25.—WAGE EARNERS, BY MONTHS, FOR THE UNITED STATES AND FOR THE ANTHRACITE AND THE BITUMINOUS-COAL INDUSTRIES, 1929, 1919, AND 1909, AND FOR THE BITUMINOUS-COAL INDUSTRY, BY STATES, 1929

The month of maximum employment is indicated t	y bold-faced figures and t	hat of minimum employment by <i>italic</i> figures]

	Average		N	UMBER E	MPLOYED	ON 15TH I	AT OF MC	NTH OR N	EAREST R	EPRESEN	TATIVE DA			Per
STATE	number employ- ed dur- ing year		Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	cent mini- mum is of maxi- mum
United States: 1929 1919 19091	601, 533 693, 170 681, 090	630, 946 736, 105 691, 244	630, 087 707, 846 686, 322	614, 265 693, 563 679, 791	589, 839 675, 373 649, 870	579, 782 680, 035 646, 592	564, 681 686, 657 652, 894	<i>563, 985</i> 715, 294 659, 434	586, 014 732, 340 667, 146	600, 082 742, 826 685, 234	614, 774 750, 397 704, 939	620, 864 458, 860 720, 341	623, 685 738, 744 729, 27 3	89.3 61.1 88.7
Anthracita (Pennsylvania); 1020 1919 1909 Bituminous coal; 1029 1019 1909 1	142, 801 147, 372 169, 175	161, 788 146, 241 172, 679	147, 181 145, 985 172, 417	139, 468 143, 437 172, 906	145, 788 142, 691 167, 928	144, 770 144, 925 168, 007	132, 159 145, 010 168, 715	<i>127, 108</i> 148, 397 167, 166	140, 835 149, 220 <i>165, 486</i>	144, 195 149, 522 165, 760	146, 303 150, 847 169, 729	146, 702 150, 594 170, 358	147, 241 151, 595 168, 943	83.7 94.1 95.7
1929 1919 1909 1	458, 732 545, 798 511, 915	479, 163 - 589, 864 - 518, 565	482, 906 561, 861 513, 905	474, 797 550, 126 506, 885	444, 051 532, 682 481, 942	435, 012 535, 110 478, 585	<i>482, 522</i> 541, 647 484, 179	436, 280 566, 897 492, 268	445, 179 583, 120 501, 660	455, 887 593, 304 519, 474	408, 471 599, 550 535, 210	474, 072 308, 266 549, 983	476, 444 587, 149 560, 330	89, 6 51, 4 85, 4
Alabama Arkansas Oolorado Tilinois Indiana	24, 781 3, 651 10, 420 49, 817 12, 860	25, 221 4, 388 12, 443 56, 809 14, 197	25, 210 4, 333 12, 195 56, 266 14, 168	24, 989 2, 666 11, 418 55, 811 13, 774	24, 727 2, 014 9, 101 45, 635 12, 435	24, 523 2, 448 8, 403 43, 219 12, 298	24, 569 2, 813 8, 269 41, 932 12, 295	24, 434 3, 404 8, 497 44, 057 12, 039	24, 410 3, 850 9, 025 46, 693 11, 628	24, 469 4, 281 10, 528 49, 770 12, 288	24, 743 4, 452 11, 281 52, 095 12, 862	25,009 4,572 11,784 52,974 12,924	25, 074 4, 592 12, 003 52, 548 13, 410	96.8 43.9 66.5 73.8 81.0
fowa Kansas Maryland Missouri	5,9423,40554,9043,0424,657	6, 713 4, 169 56, 243 3, 173 5, 276	6, 844 4, 186 56, 696 3, 213 5, 269	6, 611 4, 000 55, 745 3, 172 4, 931	5, 462 2, 524 53, 570 2, 993 4, 305	4,756 2,880 52,755 2,842 4,131	4, 640 2, 459 52, 340 2, 784 3, 973	4, 861 2, 684 52, 865 2, 949 <i>5, 945</i>	4, 949 3, 203 54, 065 2, 893 4, 421	6, 013 3, 555 54, 665 2, 974 4, 677	6, 551 3, 846 56, 462 3, 134 4, 796	6,810 3,887 56,473 3,176 4,986	7,089 3,969 56,971 3,207 5,175	65.5 50.9 91.9 86.6 74.8
Indrana Iowa Kansas Kentucky Maryland Missouri Montana New Mexico North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma Oregon Pennsylvania Tennessee Texas Utah	1, 983 3, 120 994 21, 739 - 4, 716	2, 338 3, 449 1, 230 21, 933 5, 678	2,323 3,469 1,142 22,746 5,791	2, 197 3, 470 1, 044 22, 670 4, 313	1, 879 3, 296 699 20, 263 3, 377	1,590 3,244 605 19,555 3,079	1,532 3,120 689 20,196 3,557	1, 567 3, 082 708 20, 621 4, 084	1, 692 2, 936 743 21, 596 4, 715	1, 988 2, 758 1, 095 22, 052 5, 123	2, 230 2, 842 1, 277 22, 866 5, 570	2, 261 2, 830 1, 327 23, 211 5, 630	2, 196 2, 947 1, 303 23, 162 5, 673	05.5 79.5 50.1 84.2 53.2
Oregon. Pennsylvania Tonnessee Texas	33 121, 000 6, 822 1, 235 3, 452	39 122, 450 6, 808 1, 262 4, 060	38 124, 629 6, 860 1, 229 3, 938	37 124, 980 6, 818 1, 227 3, 486	32 121, 875 <i>6</i> , 474 1, 219 3, 078	30 119,971 6,888 1, <i>210</i> 2,819	31 118, 519 6, 727 1, 221 2, 733	28 118, 223 6, 590 1, 232 2, 764	30 118, 316 6, 683 1, 215 2, 991	30 118, 570 6, 859 1, 214 3, 423	33 119,900 7,013 1,232 3,771	34 121, 615 7, 094 1, 274 4, 037	34 122, 953 7, 048 1, 286 4, 827	71. 8 94. 6 91. 3 94. 1 63. 2
Virginia Washington West Virginia Wyoming Other States	11, 956 2, 835 99, 217 4, 693 1, 458	12, 542 3, 030 99, 248 4, 901 1, 563	12, 485 8, 095 99, 959 5, 092 1, 730	12, 378 3, 007 99, 500 4, 862 -1, 691	11,846 2,909 98,639 4,401 1,298	11, 785 2, 755 98, 044 4, 089 1, 445	11, 782 2, 681 98, 190 <i>4, 014</i> 1, 456	11, 635 2, 658 98, 042 4, 073 1, 240	11, 699 2, 574 99, 073 4, 460 1, 319	11, 878 2, 675 98, 610 4, 980 1, 412	12, 024 2, 760 100, 360 5, 016 1, 355	11, 706 2, 877 100, 925 5, 253 1, 403	11, 719 2, 995 100, 013 5, 172 1, 578	92. 8 83. 2 97. 1 76. 4 71. 7

i Figures for 1909 are not comparable with those for 1919 and 1929 due to the fact that data relating to the manufacture of coke at the mine are included in the figures for 1909.

COAL

GENERAL TABLES

relating to the coal-mining industries for the United States as a whole and for each State for which separate | enterprises.

Tables 26 and 27 present in detail, for 1929, statistics | figures can be given without disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual

TABLE 26 .-- CONSUMPTION OF FUEL AND ELECTRIC ENERGY, BY STATES: 1929

[This table does not include data for 2,155 bituminous-coal enterprises whose value of product was less than \$20,000. Such enterprises were permitted to report on an abbreviated schedule, which did not call for information pertaining to fuel and electric energy consumed. These enterprises reported a combined value of products of \$17,727,085, or 1.8 per cent of the total. However, the table covers data for all enterprises in the anthracite industry]

	FUEL AND ELECTRIC ENERGY CONSUMED										
、 .				FUEL				ELECTRIC	ENERGY		
STATE	CO.	AL .			Gasoline	GAS			Generated by enterprises reporting		
	Anthracito	Bituminous	Coke	Fuel oils	and kero- sene	Manufac- tured Natural		Purchased			
United States	Tons, 2,240 pounds 5,044,989	Tons, 2,000 pounds 4, 553, 300	Tons, 2,000 pounds 30, 301	Gallons 748, 871	Gallons 847, 007	M cubic feet 56,471	M cubic feet 246, 529	Kwhours 2, 514, 596, 840	<i>Kwhours</i> 942, 969, 494		
Anthracite (Pennsylvania) Bituminous	5, 044, 989	28, 833 4, 524, 467	80, 301	36, 930 711, 941	92, 033 754, 974	56, 471	246, 529	470, 248, 027 2, 044, 348, 813	478, 428, 569 464, 540, 925		
Alabama Arkansas Colorado Illinois Indiana		120, 628 17, 925 187, 875 950, 260 354, 237	8,015	5, 344 164, 499 3, 600				$\begin{array}{r} 152, 287, 482\\ 8, 613, 640\\ 35, 147, 016\\ 140, 223, 808\\ 56, 144, 832 \end{array}$	21, 580, 610 7, 455, 402 38, 204, 585 2, 035, 985		
Iowa Kansas. Kentucky. Maryland. Missouri		$50,762 \\ 50,611 \\ 432,028 \\ 12,531 \\ 72,588$	25 750	21, 100 820 2, 080 39, 000	2, 400 9, 200 29, 134 19, 855 15, 717		102, 345 600	$\begin{array}{c} 12,902,539\\ 5,143,373\\ 171,280,702\\ 8,395,839\\ 10,823,140 \end{array}$	162, 200 52, 660, 156 1, 492, 456 27, 080, 000		
Montana New Mexico. North Dakota Ohio Oklahoma		39, 367 42, 614 38, 716 151, 544 63, 125	600	4, 500 425, 825 187	72, 140 73, 440 13, 508		12, 375	$\begin{array}{c} 12,619,106\\9,856,080\\1,727,350\\50,620,755\\10,704,762\end{array}$	2, 009, 140 13, 567, 960 24, 500 3, 701, 030 40, 800		
Oregon Pennsylvania Tannessee Taxas Utah		$\begin{array}{r} 460\\ 1,045,805\\ 52,745\\ 17,671\\ 16,460 \end{array}$	20, 911	32, 024 3, 402	22, 030 500		88, 525	83, 498 068, 536, 799 25, 953, 521 626, 313 33, 065, 901	118, 857, 256 7, 692, 000 081, 404		
Virginia. Washington West Virginia. Wyoming. Other States.		29, 760			15, 568 5, 574	1, 144		$\begin{array}{c} 62, 098, 714\\ 29, 551, 356\\ 515, 737, 656\\ 0, 917, 668\\ 2, 436, 303\end{array}$	201, 600 113, 529, 744 50, 305, 945 3, 278, 092		

TABLE 27.-DETAILED STATISTICS FOR THE INDUSTRY, BY STATES: 1929 1

[This table presents statistics for each State for which it is possible to give separate figures without disclosing data for individual enterprises. Certain of the "Other States," however, were of greater importance in the industry than some of the States shown separately]

•		Coal		611, 988, 395	74, 545, 900 537, 442, 495	18, 189, 453 1, 823, 524 9, 832, 839 60, 705, 123 18, 624, 508	4, 285, 368 2, 956, 190 60, 894, 039 2, 638, 216 3, 963, 458 3, 458	3, 442, 518 2, 631, 512 1, 853, 604 24, 091, 756 3, 795, 174	16, 368 144, 111, 440 5, 405, 023 1, 106, 397 5, 131, 634	12, 745, 100 2, 602, 030 139, 031, 657 6, 700, 272 835, 292
	Ex- pendi-	tures for de- velop- ment	(un- cluded in prin- dipal ex- penses) (thou- sends)	Dollars 24, 548	7,902 16,646	871 182 703 2,668 275	305 266 1, 559 91 135	479 177 199 59 59	4, 564 12 12 618	2, 660 138 61 61
		1 purchased	Purchased electric energy	Dollars 37, 247, 908	6, 508, 527 30, 739, 381	1, 553, 984 202, 644 723, 655 2, 591, 524 989, 641	227, 112 135, 487 2, 977, 508 129, 680 241, 816	156, 490 167, 294 67, 931 1, 173, 371 293, 373	1, 912 8, 574, 753 317, 599 24, 374 428, 784	1, 061, 402 232, 900 8, 124, 326 291, 546 50, 275
	ЧŦ	iies, fuel, and ectric energy	Fuel	Dollars 14, 949, 026	7, 419, 721 7, 529, 305	242, 057 48, 346 333, 088 333, 088 1, 574, 287 510, 387	121, 069 121, 730 564, 584 24, 569 136, 956	$\begin{array}{c} 37,462\\90,969\\49,615\\244,611\\125,131\end{array}$	$1, \begin{array}{c} 1, 990\\ 1, 815, 514\\ 99, 135\\ 18, 037\\ 18, 037\\ 27, 655\end{array}$	62, 729 60, 858 735, 159 366, 141 116, 926
	DEVELOPME	Cost of supplies, fuel, and purchased electric energy	Supplies	Dollars 149, 805, 887	43, 367, 491 106, 438, 396	$\begin{array}{c} 5, \frac{449}{548}, 568\\ 2, 548, 991\\ 2, 616, 787\\ 12, 115, 662\\ 3, 718, 903\\ 3, 718, 903 \end{array}$	989, 425 710, 406 540, 026 1, 145, 658	813, 641 859, 312 859, 312 348, 451 384, 114 1, 384, 565	27, 914, 503 735, 744 120, 193 1, 640, 510	2, 564, 208 696, 638 24, 293, 487 1, 750, 139 1, 750, 139 (09, 331
	RATION AND		Contract work	Doltars 8, 691, 435	6, 801, 808 1, 889, 627	91, 317 15, 235 251, 306 204, 107 43, 245	2, 170 7, 097 41, 408 22, 216	196, 676 8, 746 89, 095 1, 824	1, 474 464, 748 5, 693 115, 657	2, 344 292, 028 31, 771 1, 470
	PRINCIPAL EXPENSES OF OPERATION AND DEVELOPMENT	ages	Wage carners	Dollars 804, 767, 131	229, 967, 059 574, 800, 072	23, 666, 802 3, 630, 148 15, 700, 860 68, 922, 100 18, 101, 859	7, 820, 575 3, 617, 171 60, 155, 095 3, 114, 226 5, 1160, 487 5, 150, 487	3, 420, 551 4, 587, 017 1, 289, 376 24, 446, 839 6, 392, 491	51, 871 157, 730, 207 5, 999, 623 946, 990 6, 635, 673	11, 846, 453 4, 698, 325 4, 698, 325 126, 350, 696 8, 716, 950 1, 807, 681
- francia	NCIPAL EXPE	Salaries and wages	Other selaried officers and em- ployecs	Dollars 57, 323, 265	18, 481, 914 38, 841, 351	$\begin{array}{c} 2, 185, 063\\ 189, 145\\ 862, 378\\ 3, 905, 612\\ 1, 082, 369\end{array}$	430, 226 161, 361 4, 538, 113 240, 006 273, 444	249,660 425,977 135,558 1,074,065 387,892	6, 720 9, 783, 029 624, 023 74, 517 74, 517 580, 199	988, 099 254, 584 9, 790, 425 447, 161 151, 725
C TT M OTTC C2/12	PRI	53	Principal officers of corpora- tions 4	Dollars 10, 852, 695	854.016 9,998,679	572, 261 136, 727 336, 372 906, 551 419, 330	209, 952 65, 350 1, 247, 304 85, 324 207, 791	$\begin{array}{c} 70,838\\51,825\\32,825\\32,320\\404,575\\189,210\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 331, 855, 377\\ \mathbf{1, 885}, 377\\ 331, 997\\ 331, 997\\ 38, 979\\ 245, 049 \end{array}$	205, 046 41, 775 2, 178, 617 86, 023 39, 786
רביאים אבתבה ה שטורה כאובו כי שוויו זע שוווטה המווא ע האטוווו			Total	Dollars 1, 083, 637, 347	313, 400, 536 770, 236, 811	33, 761, 052 4, 771, 236 20, 824, 446 90, 219, 849 24, 865, 734	9, 800, 529 4, 818, 602 80, 447, 826 4, 144, 131 7, 178, 368	4, 945, 318 6, 182, 394 1, 931, 997 31, 326, 670 8, 774, 486	68, 537 208, 168, 131 8, 163, 814 1, 223, 090 1, 223, 090 9, 673, 527	16, 730, 251 5, 985, 130 171, 764, 738 11, 689, 731 2, 777, 194
172714 Å 149	STRY		Wage earners (aver- age for the year)	601, 533	142, 801 458, 732	24, 781 3, 651 10, 420 49, 817 12, 860	54, 35, 342 54, 304 605 17 167 17 10 17 10 10 17 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	1, 983 3, 120 3, 120 21, 739 4, 716	$\substack{33\\6,822\\1,235\\3,452\\3,452\end{cases}$	11, 956 2, 835 99, 217 4, 693 1, 458
	PERSONS ENGAGED IN INDUSTRY		sala- ried officers and em- ploy- ees '	25, 636	7, 492 18, 144	1, 101 1, 101 365 1, 902 1, 565	201 79 2,461 109 161	97 176 60 514 203	4, 147 4, 147 370 47 245	438 111 4, 426 73 73
	4GAGED		sala- ried off- cers of cor- tions	2,845	2, 682	118 66 87 87	65 419 30 74	18 9 111 55	20 23 ¹ 23 ¹	56 17 545 20 20 7
	SONS EN		pric- pric- tors firm bers bers	3, 021	38 2, 983	1988-3233 1998-3233	52222 23228	561156 571956	13 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	28 19 12 12 12 13 14 18 19 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
	HER		Total (all classes)	633, 035	150, 494 482, 541	26, 039 3, 880 3, 880 10, 957 52, 196 13, 711	6, 368 3, 716 3, 716 3, 202 5, 066	2, 154 3, 324 3, 324 22, 868 5, 016	40 7, 287 1, 287 1, 309 3, 746	12, 478 2, 977 104, 349 4, 903 1, 547
			Num- ber of mines ³	5, 923	303 5, 620	180 86 176 401 235	172 500 63 63 190	88 501 113 113 113 113 113 113 113 113 113 1	1, 387 78 26 40	38 83 88 39 00 83 88
		-min M	prises ²	5, 174	198 4, 976	157 83 173 384 222	167 150 434 52 186	536 536 97	1, 151 1, 151 22 36	52 88 33 22 58 83 32
			a TATA	United States	Anthracite (Pennsylvania) Bituminous			cioo. kota.	ania 3-	on
				Uni		A labama. Arkansas. Colorado Illinois Indiana.	Iowa Kansas Kentucky Maryland Missouri	Montana. New Mexico North Dakota. Ohio	Oregon Pennsylvania Tennessee Texas	Virginia Washington West Virginia Woming Other States 7

286

MINES AND QUARRIES

	Electric		n- Kilo- watts	3 399, 467	128, 395 3 6 271, 072	25 1 9, 354 1 9, 898 65 43, 911 85 7, 105	6 1,000 5 32,309 6 1,500 8 1,500 1,600	2 3 4 5 9 9 5 5 6 5 5 6 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	7 68, 377 6 1, 455 3 3, 300 7 614	6 1, 150 3 540 9 54, 032 4 17, 525 0 1, 915
		۵ 	Num- ber	1, 112	973 973	165 165 38 38	125 4 6 125 4 6		217	103 169 10 10 10
	Electric motors driven by energy generated by	enterprises reporting	Horse- power	894, 134	464, 164 429, 970	6, 148 13, 585 76, 394 9, 308	1, 436 48, 605 1, 605 1, 605	2, 787 10, 554 1403 14, 587 425	100, 037 2, 667 339 280	$\begin{array}{c} 2, 227 \\ 91, 839 \\ 40, 505 \\ 3, 030 \end{array}$
	Electri driven 1 gener	ente	Num- ber	24, 296	9,917 14,379	139 420 3, 084 295	37 1,971 104 49	282 283 283 283 283 283 283 283 283 283	3, 104 59 19 4	66 2, 786 1, 268 1, 268
		purchased energy	Horse- power	2, 825, 923	$\begin{array}{c} 423,423\\ 2,402,500\end{array}$	163, 932 14, 301 51, 944 204, 971 68, 297	$\begin{array}{c} 18, 643\\7, 311\\231, 963\\8, 080\\22, 087\end{array}$	19, 955 14, 218 5, 292 81, 226 16, 166	756, 302 20, 921 1, 800 34, 356	70, 044 23, 535 544, 578 18, 659 3, 789
2	E C	purcha.	Num- ber	73, 179	6, 598 66, 581	3, 669 603 1, 476 5, 847 2, 095	543 377 7, 261 321 602	424 368 188 2, 346 2, 346	21, 017 588 84 768	1, 811 602 14, 331 549 106
D ENERGY		Water wheels and water turbines	Horse- power	4, 660	4,660				150	4, 500
CHASE		Wate and tu	Num- ber	ۍ م	cu					2 FT 10
BY PUR		Internal- combustion engines	Horse- power	30, 295	2, 291 28, 004	$1, 937\\270\\157\\4, 261\\535$	100 815 573 258	1, 875 70 1, 126 4, 118 131	8, 327 541 178 60	240 2,272 8 8
I NHAIR		Inte comb eng	Num- ber	523	425 425	89°°88	64420 <u>0</u>	0 61 80 P. P. O	25 15 ⁸⁰	410g H
IOTORS DI	Prime movers	Steam turbines	Horse- power	305, 432	160, 424 145, 008	5, 450 6, 405 19, 801 19, 801	20, 583	4, 710	41, 135 2, 675	150 32,119 10, 170
CTRIC 1	Prime	Steam	Num- ber	481	282 199	7 14 30 6	30.33	61 G	47 3	138 1
PRIME MOVERS AND ELECTRIC MOTORS DRIVEN BY PURCHASED ENERGY		Steam engines	Horse-	999, 342	455, 327 544, 015	15, 554 6, 087 18, 668 114, 095 36, 997	$\begin{array}{c} 7, 020\\ 11, 105\\ 37, 624\\ 2, 791\\ 12, 467\end{array}$	6, 266 4, 815 3, 892 27, 633 11, 492	40 6, 547 6, 547 2, 988 970	1, 692 3, 707 59, 409 16, 637 4, 276
MOVERS		Steam	Num- ber	7, 828	3, 286 4, 542	99 82 174 366 366	320 159 295 295 295	71 258 118 118	F 22 22 22 7	82844
PRIME		Total horse- power of	prime	s 1, 339, 729	s 618, 042 s 721, 687	22, 941 5, 357 138, 157 38, 512 38, 512	7, 120 59, 023 3, 364 12, 725	8, 941 9, 595 5, 018 31, 751 11, 623	180, 855 9, 763 3, 166 1, 030	2, 082 98, 3767 26, 807 4, 284
		Aggregate horse- power		4, 165, 652	1, 041, 465 3, 124, 187	186, 873 20, 658 77, 174 343, 128 363, 128 106, 809	25, 763 18, 548 19, 985 11, 444 34, 812	28, 896 23, 813 10, 310 112, 977 27, 789	170 937, 157 30, 684 4, 966 35, 386	72, 126 27, 302 642, 878 45, 466 8, 073
	Machinery and other	equipment purchased during the year (total cost)		Dollars 40, 527, 144	5, 579, 720 34, 947, 424	1, 504, 760 179, 573 179, 573 7, 491, 521 1, 072, 936	146, 011 263, 794 263, 794 50, 339 907, 225	591, 057 125, 667 80, 478 1, 043, 889 234, 841	$\begin{array}{c} 7,911,803\\ 1,911,803\\ 178,446\\ 47,683\\ 753,511\end{array}$	752, 956 183, 352 7, 745, 887 321, 201 11, 800
	: t	Value of products		Dollars , 351, 548, 071	384, 854, 300 966, 693, 771	38, 564, 531 6, 172, 710 26, 553, 407 114, 617, 799 31, 501, 936	11, 832, 816 6, 952, 829 95, 647, 618 4, 745, 279 9, 667, 708	$\begin{array}{c} 7,\underline{448},138\\ 8,324,312\\ 8,206,931\\ 3,206,931\\ 36,916,271\\ 10,789,776\\ 10,789,776 \end{array}$	85,003 262,456,657 9,369,074 1,674,171 13,145,832	21, 162, 036 8, 639, 739 217, 022, 962 17, 118, 680 3, 077, 656
		SUTAT		United States1	Anthracite (Pennsylvania) Bituminous	Alabama. Arkansas. Colorado	Iowa Kansas Kentucky Maryand Missouri	Montana. New Mexico. North Dakota. Otio	Oregon. Pennsylvania. Pennssee. Teanessee. Utah.	Virginis. Washington. West Virginis. Wyoming.

1 See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—Freparation of Products. See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—Freparation of Products. 5 For authrastic, includes conflexics, wesheries, and dredges. See footnote, p. 254. 4 Not including data for salaried officers and employees of "Central Administrative" offices. (See Table 20.) 4 Not including data for salaried officers and employees of "Central Administrative" offices. (See Table 20.) 5 For includes 0.386 horseptore reported for inactive prime movers (25, 386 for the antihratile industry and 99, 685 for the bituminous-coal industry). 6 Includes 0.428 kilowatepower reported for inactive generators (11,776 for the antihratile industry and 99,665 for the bituminous-coal industry). 7 Arizona, 4 enterprises; Georgia, 1; Michigan, 7; North Carolina, 1; South Dakota, 8.

MINES AND QUARRIES-GOLD, SILVER, COPPER, LEAD, AND ZINC

INTRODUCTION

Scope of the report.—This report gives the results of the census of mines and quarries for 1929 for the metalmining industries, which comprise, as used for convenience in this report, enterprises engaged principally in the mining and milling of materials valuable for their content of one or more of the following metals: Gold, silver, copper, lead, and zinc. It shows the progress of the industries by comparison of the results of the census for 1929 with those for the last two preceding censuses of mines and quarries; the geographic distribution of the industries by States; the size of operating enterprises; power equipment, by kind, number, and capacity; time in operation for enterprises and length of working week for wage earners; the numbers of persons engaged in the industries, classified as proprietors and firm members, salaried officers and employees, and wage earners; and fuel consumption. by kind. It includes also a table presenting statistics in detail for the United States as a whole, for each industry, and for those States for which separate figures can be given without disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises. However, special permission to present State statistics was given in a number of instances by individual operators whose production constituted practically all of the production of an industry within the State, thus making possible more detailed presentation than otherwise would have been permitted under census limitations.

Statistics for the production of placer gold are shown separately from those for the production from lode mines, mine dumps, and old tailings.

The statistics in this report are presented separately for six mining industries; namely, gold (lode), silver, copper, lead, zinc, and gold (placer). The assignment of the mining enterprises to these industries was based on the metal of chief value in the ores, concentrates, bullion, etc., produced during 1929. This classification is necessarily arbitrary because most mines produce ores which contain two or more metals, although some mines produce ores which are distinctly or solely valuable for gold, or silver, or copper, or lead, or zinc. This method of classification is similar to that used in the previous census except that for 1919 but four industry classes were used—gold and silver, copper, lead and zinc, and placer gold. By combining the statistics for 1929 for the gold and the silver, and for the lead and the zinc industries, respectively, the results are comparable to the figures given for 1919. Any classification of enterprises based on the value of the metal content of the ores would necessarily change from time to time because of price changes, because the relative proportion of metals contained in the ores varies at different depths and portions of the mines, and because of changes in technique which permit higher percentages of recovery from the ores. Thus, certain enterprises which were classified as silver mines in 1919 (due largely to the high price of silver) were classified as zinc or lead mines in 1929.

The statistics relating to nonproducing enterprises (development only) in the metal-mining industries are presented for this group as a whole. Classification by industry was not possible because no product was reported. The statistics for this class are not considered complete because of the intermittent nature of operations, which resulted in failure of contact with the operators, either by mail or field canvass, in many instances.

Beneficiation operations, including concentration, amalgamation, cyanidation, leaching and precipitation, etc., whether conducted at the mine or by independently operated plants, are classified by the census as mining operations and the data for these are, therefore, included in the statistics given in this report. The statistics for the metal-mining industries also include data for operations on mine dumps and old tailings.

On the other hand, the final processes in the extraction of the metals in smelters and refineries, including electrolytic refineries, are classified as manufacturing operations and statistics for these are excluded from this report (as was also done in the report for the census of mines and quarries for 1919). The data for these operations are covered by the statistics for the smelting and refining industries (nonferrous metals), census of manufactures, as are also those for roasting and other beneficiating processes performed at smelting plants. However, data for the reduction of gold and silver ores or concentrates to bullion at mines or mills are included in the statistics given in this report.

Classification of enterprises and determination of net mine values.—The schedules for metal mines requested the character, quantity, and value of products. In addition, operators were requested to report the mine value of the different metals contained in the ore or concentrates produced. If these data were not a matter of record, estimates were accepted. The following excerpt from a census request for this information addressed to a producer of a complex ore containing copper as the principal metal indicates the method of estimating the net value at the mine suggested as a guide in those cases in which operators found it difficult or impossible to compile the data directly from their mill, smelter or refinery settlement returns:

In Inquiry 10, *Products*, care should be taken to report the *net* value at your mill of your products; that is, the smelter value of the product, less transportation to smelter and all smelter charges (or estimated cost). The net value so ascertained should be apportioned among the metals contained in the concentrates. If apportionment of the net value is not a matter of record or should it be difficult or impossible to determine from your records, it should be prorated on the basis of the proportionate smelter value of each of the metals recovered. The following specifically indicates the method of calculating and reporting the figures desired for your products—

Gross smelter return (or value) of pounds of	8
Gross smelter return (or value) of ounces of	
gold derived from concentrates	
Gross smelter return (or value) of ounces of	
silver derived from concentrates	
Gross smelter return (or value) of pounds of	
lead derived from concentrates	
Gross smelter return (or value) of pounds of	
zinc derived from concentrates	
Gross smelter value of other products	
Total smelter value of metals derived from your	

concentrates Less smelter, transportation, and all other charges applicable to product after milling	
Net value of metals in concentrates at your mill_	
which is made up as follows:	
Value at mill of copper derived from concentrates.	
Value at mill of gold derived from concentrates	****
Value at mill of silver derived from concentrates	

				concentrates	
Value at	t mill of	f zinc deriv	ed from	concentrates	·
Value at	t mill of	f other proc	lucts		
		•			

Total net value of concentrates at mill_____

In many cases operators reported as the net value of gold and silver their full refined market value, and charged the principal metal produced with all the costs of transportation, smelting, etc. In such cases the figures were revised so that gold and silver products should carry their proportionate share of these costs, as indicated in the preceding paragraphs. Some operators were able to report net mine or mill values for each of the metals in the ore or concentrates produced, each metal carrying the actual charges ascribable to it. In these instances, the figures were not revised to the basis suggested (i. e., proportionate to the smelter or refined values) but were tabulated as reported. In still other cases, where the total net value only of the ore or concentrates was reported, the net value for each metal in the ore or concentrates sold was apportioned on the basis of the gross value of each, which value was obtained by multiplying the New York average prices for each of the refined metals for the year by the quantity of each produced by the enterprise. This method applied mainly to relatively small producers. The figures given in this report, therefore, represent the results based upon methods as outlined, and are presented with the view to indicate, as closely as possible, the separate contribution of each of the metals.

This information served as a basis on which to classify enterprises according to the metal of principal value in the ores or concentrates produced, as well as a basis for checking, and for estimating when necessary, the net value of receipts to the operator, which was the value of products required by the census schedule, and which has been tabulated by the Census Bureau. Moreover, this procedure has made possible the presentation of the net value of mineral products for each of the several mining industries (excluding the added value resulting from smelting and refining operations), by States, apportioned among the metals produced according to the net value of the contribution of each.

Differences in the value of products as reported by the Bureau of the Census and the Bureau of Mines.— The values of products reported by the Bureau of the Census for the metal-mining industries are based on the net amounts received f. o. b. mines or mills by the operators for ore, concentrates, precipitates, and bullion, or the estimated equivalent of sales values of such products when these were further treated (smelted or refined) by the mining company. The values so reported are not the values of the metals produced or recoverable from these materials by smelting and refining, but are less by at least the costs of transportation to and treatment at smelters and refineries, and the cost of marketing the metals.

On the other hand, the figures reported by the Bureau of Mines represent somewhat different objectives from those of the Bureau of the Census. The primary purpose of the former is to record the physical volume of production-in ounces, pounds, and tons. The Bureau of Mines has tabulated the total quantity of ore mined and the quantities of concentrates and other materials produced, as well as the quantities of recoverable metal, but has not tabulated the actual value of these products to the mine operators. It shows as value of product of the metal mines the full market value (based on New York average prices for the year) of the metals produced or recoverable from the mine and mill products. Moreover, no classification of metal mines based upon the quantity or value of metallic content of ores or concentrates is undertaken by the Bureau of Mines. The quantities and values, as reported by that bureau, comprise the products of all mines without regard to major product or other possible basis of classification, except for placer-gold mines, the data for which are shown separately. There is, therefore, no simple or uniform relation between the value of metals mined, as reported by the Bureau of Mines, and the value of the products of the metal-mining industries, as reported by the Bureau of the Census, but each set of figures supplements the other.

PRINCIPAL STATISTICS

General summary for the United States: 1929 (Table 1).—This table presents summary statistics for 1929 for the copper, lead, zinc, gold (lode and placer), and silver mining industries: (See explanation, Classification of enterprises, page 1.) Considered as a group, these metal-mining industries ranked second among the mining industries in the United States on the basis of value of products, and third in number of wage earners employed, being exceeded only by the bituminous-coal industry in value of products, and by bituminous-coal and anthracite industries in number of wage earners. Considered separately, however, on the basis of value of products, these metal-mining industries ranked among the mining industries in the United States, as follows: Copper, third; lead, seventh; zinc, eighth; gold (lode), eleventh; silver, seventeenth; gold (placer), twenty-seventh. The copper industry contributed 66.6 per cent of the value of products of this group, and the others contributed as follows: Lead, 15.9 per cent; zinc, 10.5 per cent; gold (lode), 4.1 per cent; silver, 2 per cent; gold (placer) ninetenths of 1 per cent.

The value of products includes, in addition to the amounts received for products indicated by the industry designation, receipts for other mineral products, for other products not specified, for custom milling and other treatment of ores, etc., for power sold, and for work or miscellaneous services for other enterprises. The amount of such receipts from various sources in each of the metal-mining industries is shown in Table 3.

TABLE 1.-SUMMARY FOR THE METAL-MINING INDUSTRIES, FOR THE UNITED STATES: 1929

		0	Tend	Rino	Gol	d	Silver
	Total	Copper	Lead	Zinc	Lode	Placer	511761
Number of enterprises ¹	2 719 850	143 180	155 171	148 204	174 184	32 37	67 74
Persons engaged, total ³	85, 255	48, 048	15, 004	12, 799	5, 885	686	2, 838
Proprietors and firm members Salaried officers and employees 4 Wage earners (average for the year) 8		76 3, 405 44, 502	58 944 14, 007	25 874 11, 900	89 443 5, 353	18 90 578	25 220 2, 593
Power equipment, total horsepower	1, 178, 580	701, 791	194, 380	163, 357	69, 829	20, 280	28, 943
Principal expenses, total ³	\$242, 695, 804	\$145. 163, 728	\$41, 287, 387	\$30, 593, 469	\$15, 724, 187	\$2, 427, 091	\$7, 499, 442
Salaries 4 Wages Contract work 4 Supplies Fuel Purchased electric energy Expenditures for development (included above in "Princi- pal expenses") Value of products 4	68, 862, 558 11, 305, 357 14, 051, 015	$\begin{array}{c} 10, 136, 354\\ 78, 199, 785\\ 2, 594, 908\\ 43, 995, 305\\ 9, 210, 052\\ 6, 027, 234\\ 22, 151, 000\\ 283, 517, 373 \end{array}$	2, 546, 150 22, 917, 435 1, 032, 085 10, 377, 787 680, 700 3, 733, 230 5, 666, 000 67, 501, 778	2, 507, 204 16, 274, 339 621, 478 7, 965, 885 855, 305 2, 809, 108 2, 506, 000 44, 866, 026	$\begin{array}{c} 1, 181, 247\\ 8, 655, 505\\ 556, 148\\ 4, 112, 489\\ 436, 181\\ 832, 617\\ 3, 739, 000\\ 17, 650, 174\end{array}$	259, 841 970, 010 1, 708 590, 173 1, 421 603, 938 76, 000 3, 779, 241	607, 428 4, 326, 719 137, 970 1, 820, 829 121, 608 484, 708 1, 902, 000 8, 457, 203

See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS--The Enterprise.
 Includes 30 enterprises operating as custom mills, or on dumps and old tailings.
 See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS-Persons Engaged.
 Not including data for salaried officers and employees of "Central Administrative" offices. (See Table 17.)
 See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS-Expenses.
 See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS-Value of Products.

Nonproducing mines (Table 2).-Nonproducing mines (development only) operated as separate enterprises represented a small part of the metal-mining industries. The statistics relate to metal mines considered as a group since no classification of enterprises by industries was possible because no products were reported. The number of wage earners employed was less than 7 per cent of the number employed in producing enterprises, while the expenditures for development work by these enterprises was 31.9 per cent of the corresponding expenditures of producing enterprises and 4.7 per cent of the aggregate of "Principal expenses" reported for producing enterprises. The statistics for nonproducing enterprises are not included in any of the other tables in this report.

TABLE 2.-SUMMARY FOR NONPRODUCING ENTERPRISES, FOR THE UNITED STATES: 1929

[No data for nonproducing metal-mining enterprises are included in any other table in this report]

Number of enterprises Number of mines Persons engaged, total	783 826 5, 889	\$11, 503, 564 \$1, 802, 116	
Salaried officers and employees	637 5, 252	cost Prime movers and electric motors driven by purchased energy, total horsepower	\$1, 802, 110 62, 602
Principal expenses, total Salaries. Wages. Optract work. Supplies, fuel, and purchased electric energy	\$13, 127, 768 \$1, 253, 376 \$7, 204, 957 \$803, 457 \$3, 860, 978	Prime movers Electric motors driven by purchased energy	33, 386 29, 216

DETAIL OF PRODUCTS

Mine value of products of metal mines, by industries: 1929.—Table 3 gives statistics showing the total value of products for each of the metal-mining industries apportioned among the metals contained in the products on the basis of the contribution of each. (See "Classification of enterprises and determination of net mine values," page 1.) For example, for copper enterprises as a whole, the value of copper represented 93.5 per cent of the mine value of principal metals produced; silver, 2.7 per cent; etc.

	METAL-MINING IN- DUSTRIES, TOTAL		COFFER INDUSTRY		LEAD INDUSTRY		2INC INDUSTRY		GOLD (LODE) IN- DUSTRY		GOLD (PLACER) IN- DUSTRY		SILVERINDUSTRY	
PRODUCT	Amount	Per cent of total	Amount	Per cent of total	Amount	Per cent of total	Amount	Per cent of total	Amount	Per cent of total	Amount	Per cent of total	Amount	Per cent of total
Total value of products	\$425, 831, 855		\$283, 517, 373		\$67, 561, 778		\$44, 866, 026		\$17, 650, 174		\$3, 779, 241		\$8, 457, 263	
Mine value of principal metals recoverable from ore, concen- trates, precipitates, or bullion produced, total.	420, 443, 363	100. 0	282, 058, 143	100. 0	65, 531, 210	100. 0	43, 849, 754	100. 0	16, 894, 808	100. 0	3, 771, 765	100. 0	8, 337, 593	100. 0
Copper Lead Zinc Gold Silver	265, 884, 902 58, 390, 160 45, 577, 207 29, 254, 745 21, 336, 349	63.2 • 13.9 10.8 7.0 5.1	263, 766, 958 1, 357, 095 2, 491, 519 6, 837, 863 7, 604, 708	93.5 0.5 0.9 2.4 2.7	$1, 336, 122 \\ 48, 513, 905 \\ 7, 560, 963 \\ 1, 171, 155 \\ 6, 949, 965$	$\begin{array}{r} 2.0 \\ 74.0 \\ 11.5 \\ 1.8 \\ 10.6 \end{array}$	436, 802 7, 637, 831 34, 843, 815 260, 668 670, 548	1.0 17.4 79.5 0.6 1.5	127,51108,79390216,175,283522,400	0.8 0.4 (¹) 95.7 3.1	3, 770, 317 1, 448	100.0 (¹)	$\begin{array}{r} 217,419\\812,536\\680,008\\1,039,459\\5,588,171\end{array}$	2.6 9.7 8.2 12.5 67.0
Mine value of manganese, py- rites, cadmium, and platinum.	891, 616	 	874, 053								7, 376		10, 187	
Custom milling	2, 374, 749				1, 188, 965		349, 800		736, 691	}			99, 293	
Other products and miscella- neous service	2, 122, 127		585, 177		841,603		666, 472		18, 585		100		10,190	

¹ Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

Mine value of principal products of metal mines, by States: 1929.—Table 4 gives statistics, by States, showing the total mine values of gold, silver, copper, lead, and zinc derived from metal-mining enterprises as classified by the census. (See "Classification of enterprises and determination of net mine values," page 1.) As no similar compilation of data for these industries, as given in this and the preceding table, has ever been made by the Census Bureau or other Federal agency, no comparisons can be made with earlier years. However, any material shifting in the relative prices of the metals would naturally affect the classification of many enterprises as well as the relative significance of the several products for most of them, and therefore the results as a whole. These tables indicate the degree of inter-relationship which exists among the producing activities of enterprises engaged in the production of gold, silver, copper, lead, and zinc, and presents in

127185-33-20

quantitative terms the joint-product nature of the metal-mining industries.

In addition to the values given as compiled from census reports, the quantities of recoverable metals mined as reported by the United States Bureau of Mines for the several States and the United States are also shown. The two sets of figures (value and quantity) permit the calculation of average mine values per unit of measure, which are also shown. The variations in average values from State to State accord with variations in the nature of ores, treatment costs, transportation costs, and other factors which affect the net mine or realization value of the mined product.

In a few cases, figures can not be shown for certain industries in a State, or for a State as a whole, as to do so would result in disclosure of data for individual enterprises. These data are included under the caption "Other States" unless otherwise indicated.

TABLE 4.-MINE VALUE OF PRINCIPAL PRODUCTS OF METAL-MINING INDUSTRIES, BY STATES: 1929

[In some industries, in order to avoid disclosing data for individual enterprises, the figures for certain States have been combined. In such cases an (x) is placed in the column from which the figures have been omitted, and the figures have been combined with those for "Other States." The totals for States, however, are correct as given]

	UNITED STA	tes						-	
	Amount	Per cent of total	Arizona	California	Colorado	Idaho	Kansas	Michigan	Missouri
Total	\$420, 443, 363		\$114, 636, 213	\$12, 417, 869	\$8, 864, 438	\$19, 809, 083	\$11, 033, 861	\$29, 683, 859	\$23, 434, 646
Mine value of COPPER produced	² 205, 884, 902	100.0	107, 650, 037	4, 332, 366	925, 569	532, 607		29, 683, 859	
By copper-mining enterprises By lead-mining enterprises By zinc-mining enterprises	1 226 199	99.2 0.5 0.2	107, 517, 030 97, 615 1, 022	4, 329, 700 154	709, 263 136, 497 5, 637	460, 805 (x)		29, 683, 859	
By zinc-mining enterprises By gold-mining (lode) enterprises By silver-mining enterprises	217, 419		11, 965 22, 405	1, 211 1, 301	71, 802 2, 370	(x)			
Quantity produced			830, 628, 411 \$0, 130	33, 218, 994 \$0, 130	8, 905, 074 \$0, 104	5, 131, 438 \$0. 104		186, 402, 218 \$0. 158	
Mine value of LEAD produced	⁶ 58, 390, 160	100.0	550, 381	35, 211	1, 710, 360	12, 739, 150	2, 854, 587		22, 503, 136
By copper-mining enterprises By lead-mining enterprises By zinc-mining enterprises By gold-mining (lode) enterprises By silver-mining enterprises	1, 357, 095 48, 513, 905 7, 637, 831 68, 793	2, 3 83, 1 13, 1 0, 1	119, 127 410, 596 721 4, 034	34, 681 530	$\begin{array}{r} 295,391\\ 1,112,756\\ 194,544\\ 48,564\end{array}$	12, 211, 564 416, 568	670, 890 2, 183, 697		22, 408, 230 8, 906
By silver-mining enterprises Quantity produced spounds Average value at mineper pound	1	1.4	15, 903 16, 054, 000	1, 430, 000	59, 105 48, 890, 000	111, 018 297, 390, 000			
			\$0.034	\$0.025	\$0.035	\$0,043	\$0.054		\$0, 057
Mine value of zINC produced		100,0	98, 016		1, 434, 922	2, 955, 848	8, 179, 274		901, 062
By copper-mining enterprises By lead-mining enterprises By zinc-mining interprises By gold-mining (lode) enterprises By silver-mining enterprises	2, 491, 519 7, 560, 963 34, 843, 815 902	5.5 16.6 76.5 (⁴) 1.5	(X) (X)		35, 769 773, 176 618, 800 902	2, 216, 230 739, 618	451, 010 7, 728, 264		(⁸) 9 901, 062
		1.5			6, 275				
Quantity produced 4poundspoundspoundsper pound	1		2, 458, 000 \$0. 040		58, 862, 000 \$0, 024	91, 350, 000 \$0, 032	219, 700, 000 \$0. 037		22, 034, 000 \$0. 041
Mine value of GOLD produced		100.0	3, 368, 450	7, 687, 902	3, 344, 450				
By copper-mining enterprises By lead-mining enterprises By zinc-mining enterprises By gold-mining (lode) enterprises	1, 171, 155	$23.4 \\ 4.0 \\ 0.9$	3,057,479 52,221 722	268, 557 71	62, 645 177, 463 9, 893	(X) 174, 367 9			
By gold-mining (lode) enterprises By gold-mining (placer) enterprises By silver-mining enterprises	16, 175, 283	55.3 12.9 3.5	235, 331 2, 428 20, 269	3, 926, 706 3, 461, 648 30, 920	3, 050, 119 38, 496 5, 834	(X) 45, 789			
Quantity produced ^s fine ouncesfine ouncesfine ouncesfine ounces	¹⁵ 1, 682, 536. 81 \$17. 39		202, 318, 14 \$16, 65	412, 479. 25 \$18. 64	213, 680. 69 \$15. 65				
Mine value of SILVER produced	¹⁸ 21, 336, 349	100.0	2, 969, 329	362, 390	1, 449, 137	3, 057, 119			30, 449
By copper-mining enterprises By lead-mining enterprises By anc-mining enterprises By gold-mining (lode) enterprises By gold-mining (blacer) enterprises By sold-mining enterprises	6, 949, 065 670, 548 522, 409	35.6 32.6 3.1 2.4 (1) 26.2	2, 673, 266 (X) 722 13, 825 101 (X)	150, 168 16, 446 12, 478 835 182, 463	503, 983 404, 101 71, 159 152, 778 232 226, 884	(x)			30, 448
Quantity produced &fine ounces Average value at mineper ounce	1		7, 543, 283 \$0. 394	1, 176, 895 \$0, 308	4, 397, 377 \$0, 330	9, 414, 403 \$0. 325			

See footnotes at end of table.

GOLD, SILVER, COPPER, LEAD, AND ZINC

TABLE 4.-MINE VALUE OF PRINCIPAL PRODUCTS OF METAL-MINING INDUSTRIES, BY STATES: 1929-Contd.

[See note at head of this table]

	Montana	Nevada	New Mexico	Oklahoma	South Dakota	Utah	Wisconsin	Other States 1
Total	\$55, 369, 733	\$24, 494, 588	\$17, 136, 849	\$17, 915, 377	\$6, 591, 144	\$66, 211, 777	\$1, 330, 312	\$11, 518, 614
Mine value of COPPER produced	43, 076, 022	18, 619, 520	13, 247, 289			44, 922, 410		\$ 2, 895, 223
By copper-mining enterprises. By lead-mining enterprises. By zinc-mining enterprises. By gold-mining (lode) enterprises.	42, 847, 368 49, 637 109, 718	18,604,6654,9606793,507	7,502			1,001,628 436		2, 889, 321 1 38, 129
By silver-mining enterprises	19, 287 50, 012	5,709	2, 072		·····	19, 739 93, 975		1 39, 575
Quantity produced spounds Average value at mineper pound	297, 725, 973 \$0. 145	140, 138, 809 \$0, 133	97, 717, 262 \$0. 136			318, 282, 523 \$0. 141		
Mine value of LEAD produced	1, 754, 003	619, 481	660, 252	4, 477, 101	***********	9, 549, 662	164, 195	7 772, 641
By copper-mining enterprises. By lead-mining enterprises. By zinc-mining enterprises. By gold-mining (lode) enterprises. By silver-mining enterprises.	560, 648 788, 645 334, 695 4, 182	145, 122 260, 996 177, 821 1, 014	2,064 82,712 575,476	3, 557, 303		234, 743 8, 833, 810 2, 055 10, 469	(8) 9 164, 195	687, 077 28, 000
	i .	34, 528		•	Í	468, 585		57, 564
Quantity produced spounds Average value at mineper pound	39, 214, 000 \$0. 045	19, 692, 000 \$0. 031	22, 260, 000 \$0. 030	93, 026, 000 \$0. 048		298, 754, 000 \$0. 032	3, 072, 000 \$0, 053	7 1, 968, 000
Mine value of ZINC produced	4, 865, 599	537, 643	2, 432, 595	13, 438, 276		2, 627, 194	1, 166, 117	11 6, 940, 661
By copper-mining enterprises By lead-mining enterprises By zinc-mining enterprises By gold-mining (lode) enterprises	¹² 2, 358, 488	(13) (13)	(⁸) ¹⁴ 2, 432, 595	588, 326 12, 849, 950		(X) 2,059,021 (X)	1, 166, 117	¹ 37, 711 ¹ 713, 133 ¹ 6, 334, 537
By silver-mining enterprises	152, 264					521, 469		
Quantity produced £s Average value at mineper pound	136, 352, 000 \$0. 036	16, 920, 000 \$0.032	68, 910, 000 \$0. 035			103, 020, 000 \$0, 026	33, 972, 000 \$0. 034	11 311, 214, 000
Mine value of GOLD produced	904, 323	2, 848, 207	515, 611		6, 546, 124	3, 139, 330		18 375, 989
By copper-mining enterprises By lead-mining enterprises By zinc-mining enterprises	409, 020 28, 995 35, 059	1,024,712 20,963 11,108	294, 422 1, 467			1, 676, 140 715, 608 124		1 44, 888
By gold-mining (lode) enterprises By gold-mining (placer) enterprises By silver-mining enterprises	391, 808 39, 441	1, 388, 705 402, 719	203, 703 2, 500 13, 469		6, 546, 124	(X) (X)		¹ 636, 490 219, 456
Quantity produced \$fine ouncesfine ouncesf		· 163,711.22 \$17.40	35, 176. 46 \$14. 66		316, 836. 85	240, 419, 63 \$13, 06		16 22, 900. 43
Mine value of SILVER produced		1, 869, 737						
By copper-mining enterprises	3, 801, 810	210, 411 138, 108 24, 649	76, 740 (x) 180, 727			471, 961 3, 707, 048 1, 202		¹ 66, 369 1 120, 096
By zinc-mining onterprises. By gold-mining (lode) enterprises. By gold-mining (placer) enterprises.	28, 529	175, 472			45,020	77, 541		1 16, 766
Dy shyor-mining enterprises	108, 029	1, 321, 097	(x)			1, 715, 429		
Quantity produced ^s fine ounces Average value at mineper ounce	12, 716, 977 \$0. 375	4, 923, 526 \$0, 380	1, 121, 546 \$0. 251	 	85, 182 \$0, 529	17, 592, 396 \$0, 340		19 1, 182, 272

See headnote.

See headnots.
Not including data for Alaska, Missouri, and Pennsylvania.
Comprises data for North Carolina, Oregon, Tennessee, Texas, Vermont, Washington, and Wyoming.
Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.
As reported by U. S. Bureau of Mines for continental United States.
Not including data for Alaska, Illinois, Kentucky, and Oregon. However, data for Virginia is included in value but not in quantity figures; this exclusion is not sufficient to alter results for average value as shown.
Comprises data for Arkansas, Texas, and Washington. In addition, data for Virginia is included in value.
Included with data for alconsas, the average value as shown.
Comprises data for Arkansas, Texas, and Washington. In addition, data for Virginia is included in value.
Included with data for lead-mining enterprises.
Included ata for Alaska, Illinois.
Not including data for Newas, and Washington.
Included with data for Novada.
Included with data for Novada.
Included with data for Montana.
Included at for Alasha, Alaska, Georgia, Pennsylvania, Wyoming, and the Philippine Islands.
Omprises data for North Carolina, Oregon, Tennessee, Texas, and Washington.
Comprises data for North data for solve established value for gold, due to differences in reports received by the Census Bureau and the Bureau of Mines.
Not including data for Alaska, Illinois, Michigan, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, and the Philippine Islands.
Comprises data for Oregon, Tennessee, Texas, Yermont, and Washington.

PROGRESS OF THE INDUSTRIES

Summary for the United States: 1909-1929 (Table 5).—This table presents, for metal-mining industries as a whole, and separately for the copper, lead and zinc, gold and silver, and placer-gold mining industries, the principal statistics as reported at the last three censuses of mines and quarries. It shows a pronounced increase in the value of production for the industries as a whole, while the number of enterprises and mines has decreased very materially.

In those instances in 1909 in which an enterprise conducted at the same time mining and smelting (and refining) operations, data for both were included in the mining statistics. The extent of the inclusion of smelting (and refining) data is not now ascertainable. Accordingly, the figures for 1909 are not strictly comparable with those for 1919 and 1929.

TABLE 5 .--- SUMMARY FOR THE METAL-MINING INDUSTRIES, FOR THE UNITED STATES: 1909-1929

[This and all other tables except Table 2 cover producing enterprises only]

	1929	1919	1909 1	PER CENT OF DECREA	
				1919-1929	1909-1919
METAL-MINING INDUSTRIES					
Tumber of enterprises ² Tumber of mines	3 719 850	1, 479 1, 630	3, 459	51.4	-5
Persons engaged, total	85, 255	90, 211	5, 235 111, 247	-47.9	
Proprietors and firm members	286	1, 349	4, 988	-78.8	-7
Proprietors and firm members- Salaried officers and employees 4	6, 036 78, 933	6, 445 82, 417	5, 297	6. 3	2
Power equipment, total horsepower	1, 178, 580	936, 559	100, 962 715, 267	-4.2 25.8	-1
Principal expenses, total 6	\$242, 695, 304	\$231, 019, 856	\$173, 333, 908	5,1	3
Salaries 4 Wages	17, 188, 284 126, 343, 793	15, 317, 235 122, 830, 242	9, 034, 747	12.2	6
Contract work	4 044 207 1	2, 655, 074	93, 398, 581 4, 545, 387	2.9 86.2	3
Supplies	$ \begin{array}{c} 68, 862, 558 \\ 11, 305, 357 \\ 14, 051, 015 \\ \end{array} $	64, 872, 542 15, 737, 317	44, 849, 457	6.2	4
Purchased electric energy	14, 051, 015	9,607,446	21, 505, 786	$\begin{cases} -28.2 \\ 46.3 \end{cases}$	} 1
Value of products 7	425, 831, 855	\$318, 435, 927	241, 107, 623	33. 7	3
COPPER					
Number of enterprises ² Number of mines	143 180	195 226	188 368	-26.7	
Persons engaged, total	48, 043	46, 999	53, 758	-20, 4 2, 2	-3
Proprietors and firm members	76	103	79	-26.2	(9)
Salaried officers and employees 4	3,465 44,502	3, 179	2,036	9,0	5
Wage earners (average for the year) ⁵ Power equipment, total horsepower	701, 791	43, 717 522, 420	51, 643 376, 464	1.8 34.3	-1
Principal expenses, total 4	\$145, 163, 728	\$123, 993, 072	\$90, 784, 099	17.1	3
Salaries 4	10, 136, 354 78, 199, 785	8,039,741	3, 714, 028	26, 1	
Wages Contract work	78, 199, 785 2, 594, 908	66, 390, 194 421, 753	49, 382, 979 644, 562	10.8	
Supplies Fuel	43, 995, 395	34, 275, 369	23, 718, 373	515.3	4
Purchased electric energy	9, 210, 052 6, 027, 234	11, 310, 485 3, 555, 530	} 13, 324, 157		} 1
alue of products ?	283, 517, 373	\$ 179, 730, 031	124, 020, 023	57.7	4
LEAD AND ZINC					
Number of onterprises 2	303	432	977	-29.9	-5
Vumber of mines ersons engaged, total	375 27, 803	473	1, 142	-20.7	-5
	27,803	24, 030	19, 601	15.7	2
Proprietors and firm members Salaried officers and employees 4 Wage earners (average for the year) 5	1,818	412 1, 734	1, 947 847		-7
Power equipment, total horsepower	25, 907 357, 737	21, 884	16,807	18.4	
Principal expenses, total 4	\$71, 880, 856	229, 401 \$56, 093, 433	110, 559 \$19, 004, 229	55. 9 28. 1	10
Salaries 4	5, 053, 414		1, 092, 566	31.8	25
Wages Contract work	39, 191, 774 1, 653, 563	3, 834, 940 30, 708, 319	10, 477, 657	27, 6	19
Supplies	18, 343, 672	863, 471 15, 311, 548	197, 259 4, 836, 023	91. 5 19. 8	33 21
Fuel Purchased electric energy	1, 536, 005 6, 102, 428	2, 783, 249 2, 591, 906	2, 400, 724	f -44.8	} 12
Purchased electric energy	112, 427, 804	\$ 75, 173, 298	29, 416, 047	135.4 49.6	15
GOLD AND SILVER, LODE	241	240	1 010		-
vumper of mines	258	740 799	1, 616 2, 845	-67.4 -67.7	-5
Persons engaged, total	8, 723	17, 531	33, 567	-50.2	
Proprietors and firm members Salaried officers and supplyings 4	114 663	. 712	2, 011 2, 128		-6
Salaried officers and employees 4	7,946	1, 383 15, 436	2, 128 29, 428	-52.1 -48.5	
Principal expenses, total forsepower	98,772	149, 100	200, 966	-33.8	-2
Selection 4	\$23, 223, 629	\$45, 060, 618	\$57, 475, 605	-48.5	-2
Salaries 4 Wages Contract work Supplies Fuel Purchased electric energy Plue of moducts 1	1, 738, 675 12, 982, 224 694, 118 5, 933, 318 557, 879 1, 317, 415	3,005,761 23,817,657 1,237,043 13,040,807 1,623,124 2,336,136 854,124	3, 797, 380 30, 868, 371 3, 603, 984	-42.2 -45.5	-2 -2
Contract work	694, 118	1, 237, 043	3, 603, 984	-43.9	<u> </u>
Fuel	557, 879	13, 040, 897 1, 623, 124	14, 100, 617	54, 5 65, 6	
function of products 7	1, 317, 415 26, 107, 437	2, 336, 136 \$ 54, 164, 039	5, 105, 253	-43.6	} -2
GOLD, PLACER	,, ,	· 04, 104, 000	77, 434, 301	-51.8	
umber of enterprises ²	32 37	112	678	71.4	8
ersons engaged, total	020	132	880	-72.0	-8
Proprietors and firm members	18	1, 651 122	4, 321	-58.4	
Salaried officers and employees '	90	149	951 286	-85.2 -39.6	
Proprietors and firm members Salaried officers and employees 4 Wage earners (average for the year) 4 ower equipment, total horsepower	578 20, 280	1, 380 85, 632	3, 084	58.1	
rincipal expenses, total ⁶	\$2, 427, 091	\$5, 872, 733	27, 278 \$6, 069, 975	-43, 1 -58.7	-
Salaries 4 Wages Contract work	259,841	436, 793	480.773	-40.5	
Contract work	970, 010 1, 708	1, 914, 072	2, 669, 574	-49.3	-2
Subbites	590, 173	132, 807 2, 244, 728	99, 582 2, 194, 444	98.7 73.7	1
Fuel Purchased electric energy	1, <u>421</u> 603, 938	20, 459 1, 123, 874	675, 602	$\begin{cases} -93.1 \\ -46.3 \end{cases}$	} c
alue of products 7	3, 779, 241	1, 123, 874 9, 368, 561	10, 237, 252	-46.8	ľ

Figures for 1909 are only roughly comparable with those for 1919 and 1929. See explanation preceding table, p. 293.
See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—The Enterprise.
Includes 30 enterprises operating as custom mills, or on dumps and old tailings.
Not including data for salarled officers and employees of "Central Administrative" offices for 1929. (See Table 17.) However, these data are included in the figures for 1919 and 1909.
See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—Persons Engaged.
See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—Expanses.
See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—Expanses.
See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—Expanses.
See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—Evanses.
See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—Evanses.
See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—Evanses.
See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—Evanses.
Figures for 1919 have been revised to make them comparable with 1929 by exclusion of cost of ore purchased as material.
Per cent not computed where base is less than 100.

Principal statistics, by States (Table 6).-Although statistics may be given separately for most States for 1929 because of permission given by operators in those cases where the question of disclosure of data for individual enterprises arose, similar statistics are not available for a number of important producing States for 1919. Therefore, it is necessary to show comparative figures, by States, on the basis of the presentation for 1919. The total value of products of the metal-mining industries was 33.7 per cent greater in 1929 than in 1919. In this connection, attention is called to the comparative average New York values of refined metals, as published by the United States Bureau of Mines, as follows: For 1919—silver \$1.12 per ounce; copper 18.6 cents, lead 5.3 cents, and zinc 7.3 cents, per pound; for 1929-silver 53.3 cents, copper 17.6 cents, lead 6.3 cents, and zinc 6.6 cents. It is significant that the increased activity of the metal-mining industries as reported for 1929 was coincident with a decrease of 47.9 per cent in the number of mines large enough to come within the scope of the census. Most of this decrease occurred in the gold and silver mining industries, which also show a marked decline in the total value of products, due in large measure to the fall in the price of silver during the decade, which fact also changed the classification of a number of enterprises included in the silver industry for 1919 to other industry classifications for 1929.

TABLE 6 .- SUMMARY, BY INDUSTRIES AND STATES: 1929 AND 1919

INDUSTRY AND STATE	Cen- sus year	Num- ber of enter- prises ¹	Num- ber of mines	Wage earners (aver- age for the year) ²	Wages	Cost of supplies	Cost of fuel	Cost of purchased electric energy	Contract work	Value of products ³	Horse- power rating of power equip- ment
United States Per cent of increase or decrease (-)	1929 1919	719 1,479 51,4	850 1, 630 -47. 9	78, 933 82, 417 -4, 2	\$126, 343, 793 \$122, 830, 242 2. 9	\$68, 862, 558 \$64, 872, 542 6. 2	\$11, 305, 357 \$15, 737, 317 -28. 2	\$14, 051, 015 \$9, 607, 440 40. 3	\$4, 944, 297 \$2, 655, 074 86, 2	\$425, 831, 855 4 \$318,435, 927 33. 7	1, 178, 580 936, 559 25. 8
COPPER Per cont of increase or decrease ()	1919	$ \begin{array}{r} 143 \\ 195 \\ -26.7 \end{array} $	$180 \\ 226 \\ -20.4$	44, 502 43, 717 1. 8	\$73, 199, 785 \$66, 390, 194 10. 3	\$43, 995, 395 \$34, 275, 309 28. 4	\$9, 210, 052 \$11, 310, 485 —18. 6	\$6, 027, 234 \$3, 555, 530 69. 5	\$2, 594, 908 \$421, 753 515. 3	\$283, 517, 373 \$179,730, 031 57. 7	701, 791 522, 426 34. 3
Arizona Per cent of increaso	1919	63 75 (⁴)	68 89 (⁸)	15, 564 14, 237 9, 3	\$26, 947, 217 \$24, 855, 574 8. 4	\$16, 919, 123 \$13, 454, 473 25. 8	\$4, 055, 402 \$4, 034, 605 0. 5	\$1, 488, 400 \$1, 161, 670 28, 1	\$1, 129, 548 \$292, 123 286. 7	\$113, 980, 541 4 \$82, 689, 085 37. 8	192, 753 157, 599 22, 3
California Per cent of increase or decrease (-)	1919	10 15 (³)	11 16 (⁵)	994 1,055 —5,8	\$1, 756, 846 \$1, 550, 430 13. 3	\$1,106,824 \$1,078,351 2.6	\$26, 310 \$119, 255 -77, 9	\$237, 032 \$271, 298 —12. 6	\$ 38, 320	\$4, 748, 996 \$2, 397, 610 98. 1	14, 293 12, 648 13, 0
Colorado Per cent of increase	1 194194	3 5 (1)	4 5 (^b)	513 35 (5)	\$774, 844 \$43, 032 1, 700. 6	\$314, 080 \$17, 448 1, 700. 1	\$37, 112 \$85 (⁶)	\$131, 692 \$490 26, 775. 9	\$97, 274	\$1, 697, 051 \$26, 723 6, 250. 5	6, 491 25 (⁵)
IdahoPer cent of increase or decrease (-)	1 1919	(⁵) ⁴	(⁵) ⁸	163 87 (⁵)	\$279, 307 \$159, 033 . 75. 6	\$126, 400 \$72, 515 74, 3	\$39, 782 \$7, 603 419. 1	\$6, 931 \$11, 295 —38. 6	\$48, 518 \$3, 514 1, 280. 7	\$523, 014 \$340, 309 53. 7	1,971 985 100.1
Michigan Per cent of increase or decrease (—)	1919	9 22 (*)	18 28 (⁵)	7,834 12,235 -36.0	\$9, 838, 442 \$14, 608, 804 —32. 7	\$4,692,488 \$5,612,077 16.4	\$2, 397, 922 \$4, 146, 775 -42. 2	\$168, 474 \$114, 048 47. 7	\$32,962	\$29, 683, 859 \$34, 476, 336 —13. 9	131, 593 109, 580 22, 4
Montana, Oregon, and Washington Per cent of increase or decrease (-)	1818	10 30 (⁸)	29 32 (⁵)	$\begin{array}{c} 10,574\\ 8,509\\ 23.0\end{array}$	\$18, 843, 248 \$13, 486, 350 39. 7	\$5, 987, 482 \$5, 036, 185 18. 9	\$348, 427 \$755, 257 —53. 9	\$1,415,315 \$1,127,257 25.6	\$19, 248 \$7, 725 149, 2	\$50, 364, 318 \$28, 365, 290 77. 6	145,690 84,765 71.9
Nevada, New Mexico, and Utah	1919	36 35 (⁸)	37 40 (⁵)	8, 116 6, 924 17. 2	\$13, 750, 294 \$10, 989, 694 25. 1	\$14, 224, 432 \$8, 720, 510 63. 1	\$2, 261, 110 \$2, 199, 533 2. 8	\$2, 449, 597 \$806, 203 203. 8	\$1, 267, 358 \$80, 071 1, 482. 8	\$79, 506, 317 \$30, 209, 748 162, 7	202, 344 90, 044 124.
Other States ^a	. 1929 1919	8 5	9 8	744 545	\$1,009,587 \$697,277	\$624, 566 \$283, 810	\$43, 987 \$47, 312	\$129, 793 \$63, 269		\$3, 013, 277 \$1, 164, 930	
LEAD AND ZINC		303 432 29. 9	$375 \\ 473 \\ -20.7$	25, 907 21, 884 18, 4	\$39, 191, 774 \$30, 708, 319 27. 6	\$18, 343, 672 \$15, 311, 548 19, 8	\$1,536,005 \$2,783,249 -44,8	\$6, 102, 428 \$2, 591, 906 135, 4	\$1,653,563 \$863,471 91.5	\$112, 427, 804 4 \$75, 173, 296 49. 6	857, 737 229, 401 55. 9
Arizona Per cont of increase	1919	13 15 (⁵)	13 16 (⁵)	309 101 205. 9	\$398, 348 \$114, 051 247. 4	\$219, 764 \$89, 344 146. 0	\$23,636 \$10,896 116,9		\$22, 143 \$17, 490 26, 6	\$770, 543 \$127, 843 502. 7	1, 917 634 202. 4
Colorado	1919	27 27 (⁵)	80 37 (⁵)	971 936 3.7	\$1, 814, 745 \$1, 435, 521 26. 4	\$708, 943 \$523, 492 35. 4		\$267, 324 \$191, 572 39, 5	\$4, 827 \$31, 838 84. 8	\$3, 852, 674 4 \$2, 311, 198 66, 7	10, 920 12, 384 —11. 8
Idaho Per cent of increase or decrease (-)	1919	34 20 (⁵)	39 21 (⁵)	3, 648 1, 820 100. 4	\$6, 480, 491 \$3, 251, 942 99, 3	\$2, 952, 036 \$1, 558, 866 89. 4			\$69, 659 \$156, 759 55. 6	\$18, 641, 423 \$9, 529, 723 95. 6	59, 579 25, 429 134, 3
Kansas Per cent of increase or decrease (-)	1919	30	52 30 (⁵)	2, 710 1, 141 137. 5	\$3, 490, 048 \$1, 760, 200 98, 3	\$1,945,695 \$977,212 99.1	\$135, 323 \$261, 020 48, 2	\$707, 910 \$107, 797 556. 7	\$138, 282 \$68, 092 103. 1	\$11, 035, 153 4 \$4, 802, 340 127. 0	87, 399 11, 496 225, 3

TABLE 6.-SUMMARY, BY INDUSTRIES AND STATES: 1929 AND 1919-Continued

INDUSTRY AND STATE	Census year	Num- ber of enter- prises ¹	Num- ber of mines	Wage earners (aver- age for the year) ²	Wages	Cost of supplies	Cost of fuel	Cost of purchased electric energy	Contract work	Value of products ³	Horse- power rating of power equip- ment
LEAD AND ZINC-Continued									-		•
Missouri	1920	24 93	29	4, 039 4, 793	\$6, 232, 834 \$5, 955, 929	\$2, 696, 532	\$325, 461	\$1, 742, 624 \$98, 415	\$55, 513 \$65, 798	\$23, 593, 448 4 \$15, 878, 508	84, 888 56, 998
Per cent of increase or decrease (-)	1919 	(⁸)	96 (5)	4,793 	40, 900, 929 4. 6	\$2, 567, 624 5. 0	\$1, 106, 807 —70, 6	1, 670. 7	-15.6	48, 6	48.9
Oklahoma	1929 1919	63 111	93 123	4, 507 5, 253	\$6, 037, 369 \$6, 908, 259	\$3, 528, 772 \$4, 218, 142	\$353, 083 \$733, 285	\$904, 593 \$743, 944	\$242, 088 \$228, 399	\$18, 027, 077 \$18, 979, 726	61, 839 55, 182
Per cent of increase or decrease $(-)$		-43.2		-14.2	-12.6	-16.3	51.8	21. 6	6.0	-5,0	12.1
Wisconsin	⁸ 1929 1919	9 23	9 84	284 1,078	\$363, 961 \$1, 390, 349	\$202, 521 \$930, 990	\$5, 817 \$31, 143	\$151, 108 \$405, 839	\$24, 252 \$96, 027	\$1, 326, 162 4 \$3, 733, 109	4, 523 9, 758
Per cent of decrease ()		23 (*)	ଡ଼ୖ	-73.7	\$1, 390, 349 73. 8	-78.2	-81.3	\$405, 839 -62. 8	~74.7	-64.5	
Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Utah, and Washington	1929	79	88	7,002	\$11, 333, 918	\$5, 172, 847	\$248,950	\$1, 178, 545	\$959, 144	\$27,003,126	61, 568
Per cent of increase	•1919	72 (⁵)	73 ()	3, 647 92. 0	\$6, 038, 184 87, 7	\$3, 003, 626 72. 2	\$237,669 4.7	\$465, 305 153. 3	\$115, 219 732, 5	\$12, 800, 842 110, 9	27, 612 123. 0
New Jersey, New York, and Tennessee	1020	67	8	• 1, 914	\$2, 464, 391	\$714, 362	\$279,014	\$198, 367	\$137,655	\$6, 782, 411	29, 398
Per cent of increase or decrease ()	101919	(8)7	8	2, 733 	\$2, 464, 391 \$3, 362, 939 —27. 0	\$714, 362 \$1, 237, 974 42. 3	\$233, 561 19. 5	\$199, 503 —0. 6	\$48, 260 185, 2	\$6, 782, 411 \$6, 052, 662 12. 1	26, 557 10. 7
Other States 8	1929 1919	11 34	14 35	523 382	\$585, 669 \$490, 345	\$202, 200 \$204, 278	\$25, 652 \$15, 894	\$183, 267 \$99, 219	\$35, 589	\$1, 395, 787 \$897, 345	5, 708 3, 351
GOLD AND SILVER, LODE	1929	241	258	7,946	\$12, 082, 224 \$23, 817, 057	\$5, 933, 318	\$557, 879	\$1, 317, 415 \$2, 336, 130	\$694, 118	\$26, 107, 437	98,772
Per cent of decrease ()	1919	740	700 67.7	15, 436 	\$23, 817, 057 45. 5	\$13, 040, 897 —54, 5	\$1,623,124 -65.6	\$2, 330, 130 43, 0	\$1, 237, 043 	⁴ \$54, 164, 089 —51. 8	149, 100 33. 8
California	1929 1919	61 99	61 109	1, 691 2, 881	\$2, 584, 143 \$3, 870, 121	\$1,056,182 \$2,172,364	\$25, 219	\$346,973 \$572,413	\$381, 812 \$20, 507	\$4, 155, 609 4 \$8, 439, 544	24, 377 33, 412
Per cent of increase or decrease ()	1918	(5)	-44.0	-41.3		φ <i>z</i> , 172, 304 51.4	\$150, 402 	-39.4	1,761.9		-27.0
Colorado	1929 1919	55 198	69 234	1, 649 3, 495	\$2, 618, 332 \$5, 675, 926	\$1, 068, 435 \$3, 259, 774	\$234, 592 \$517, 290	\$343, 915 \$679, 716	\$173, 355 \$177, 130	\$4, 360, 311 4 \$12, 821, 315	13, 293
Per cent of decrease (-)		-72.2	-70.5	-52.8	53.9	-67.2	-54.6	-49.4	-2.1	-66.0	32, 421 59. 0
Montana	. 1929 1919	21 116	23 121	488	\$780, 771 \$2, 033, 815	\$294, 972 \$679, 786	\$11,663 \$88,255	\$80, 853 \$100, 273	\$24, 982 \$30, 434	\$1, 474, 428 4 \$2, 754, 857	5, 026 9, 121
Per cent of decrease (-)		-81.9	-81.0	-55, 9	-61. 6	-56.6	\$88, 255 	-19.4	-17.9	-46.5	-38.3
Nevada	1919	45 148	46 148	973 2,084	\$1, 705, 026 \$3, 808, 482	\$954, 796 \$2, 696, 091	\$77, 872 \$265, 463	\$354,600 \$534,707	\$95,019 \$177,312	\$3, 432, 044 \$9, 687, 431	20, 446 32, 605
Per cent of decrease (-)	ļ	- 69.6	-68.9	- 53, 8	-55. 2	-64.6		-33.7	-46.4	-64.6	
Arizona and Utah	1919	88 100	38 101	1, 256 2, 809	\$2, 227, 513 \$4, 285, 121	\$772, 923 \$2, 277, 825	\$34,079 \$224,216	\$143, 871 \$326, 381 —55. 9	\$16, 250 \$799, 210	\$4, 170, 422 4 \$11, 674, 992	7, 425 21, 191
Per cent of decrease (-)		62.0	-62.4	-55.3	-48.0	-66.1			-98.0	-64.3	-65,0
Oregon, South Dakota, and Texas	1929 11 1919	6	19	1, 527 2, 169	\$2, 514, 547 \$2, 890, 959	\$1, 450, 960 \$1, 257, 045	\$270,440	\$4,174 \$47,072	\$3, 612	\$7, 188, 018 \$6, 024, 460 19, 3	22, 620 14, 412 57, 0
Per cent of increase or decrease (-) Other States ⁶	1929	- (*)	(*)	-29.6	-13.0	15.4	1	91, 1	#D 700		
Other States	1929	15 65	15	891	\$551, 892 \$1, 253, 233	\$335, 050 \$698, 012	\$14, 479 \$107, 058	\$43, 029 \$75, 574	\$2, 700 \$28, 838	\$1, 326, 605 \$2, 761, 440	5, 938
GOLD, PLACER	- 1929 1919	32 112	37 132	578 1,380	\$970, 010 \$1, 914, 072	\$590, 173 \$2, 244, 728	\$1, 421 \$20, 459	\$603,938 \$1,123,874	\$1,708 \$132,807	\$3, 779, 241 \$9, 368, 561	20, 280
Per cent of decrease (-)		-71.4	-72.0	-58.1	-49.3	73.7	-93.1	-46.3	-98.7		-43.
California	1929 1919	22 60	27	491 1,102	\$839, 212 \$1, 475, 406	\$547,903 \$1,941,920	\$5, 571	- \$560, 799 \$946, 936	\$126,970	\$3, 469, 595 \$7, 937, 654 56, 3	17, 67 29, 48 40.
Per cent of decrease (-)		- ()))	(0)	-55, 4	-43.1	\$1,941,920 -71.8	φο, στι		<i>\\</i>	- 56.3	
Other States ⁸	- 1929 1919	10 52	10 54		\$130, 798 \$438, 666		\$1,421 \$14,888	\$43, 139 \$176, 938	\$1,708 \$5,837	\$309, 640 \$1, 430, 907	

1 See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—The Enterprise.
2 See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—The Enterprise.
3 See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—The Enterprise.
3 See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—Value of Products.
4 Figures for 1910 have been revised to make them comparable with 1929 by exclusion of cost of ore purchased as material.
6 Per cent not computed where base is less than 100.
7 See Table 23 for States not shown separately for 1929.
7 Not including data for 1 small enterprise in the lead industry, to avoid disclosure of data for individual enterprises.
9 Includes data for 1 small enterprise in the lead industry, to avoid disclosure of data for individual enterprises.
10 Includes data for 1 enterprise in Pennsylvania.
11 Includes data for 1 enterprise in Georgia.

TYPE OF OWNERSHIP

As shown in Table 7, corporations operated 616 mines, or 72.5 per cent of the total number, employed 96.4 per cent of the total number of wage earners, and contributed 97.6 per cent of the total value of products. The average value of products per enterprise for unincorporated enterprises (individuals, partnerships, etc.) was only \$46,637, and of the total number (217) only 18 reported a value of products exceeding \$100,000. The larger enterprises in this class were principally those in the zinc-mining industry in Oklahoma and those in the mining industries in Colorado.

TABLE 7.—CONDENSED SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO TYPE OF OWNERSHIP, BY INDUSTRIES, FOR SELECTED STATES: 1929

		AI	LL CLASSES			C	ORPORATE			c	THER 1	
INDUSTRY AND STATE	Num- ber of enter- prises	Num- ber of mines	Wage earners (average for the year)	Value of prod- ucts	Num- ber of enter- prises	Num- ber of mines	Wage earners (average for the year)	Value of prod- ucts	Num- ber of enter- prises	Num- ber of mines	Wage earners (aver- age for the year)	Value of products
United States, total	719	850	78, 933	\$425, 831, 855	502	616	76, 094	\$415, 711, 560	217	234	2, 839	\$10, 120, 295
Copper 	143 155 148 174 67 32	180 171 204 184 74 37	44, 502 14, 007 11, 900 5, 353 2, 593 578	$\begin{array}{c} 283, 517, 373 \\ 67, 561, 778 \\ 44, 866, 026 \\ 17, 650, 174 \\ 8, 457, 263 \\ 3, 779, 241 \end{array}$	92 112 118 113 47 20	$ \begin{array}{r} 128 \\ 127 \\ 162 \\ 122 \\ 52 \\ 25 \end{array} $	44, 047 13, 671 10, 636 4, 900 2, 332 508	$\begin{array}{c} 282,226,806\\ 66,817,826\\ 39,280,478\\ 16,461,007\\ 7,313,286\\ 3,606,157\end{array}$	51 43 30 61 20 12	52 44 42 62 22 12	455 336 1, 264 453 261 70	1, 290, 567 743, 952 5, 579, 548 1, 189, 167 1, 143, 977 173, 084
Dopper: Arizona Montana Utah	7	68 26 10	15, 564 10, 508 3, 160 7, 834	$113,980,541 \\ 50,154,473 \\ 46,227,987 \\ 29,683,859$	35 4 8 9	39 23 9 18	15, 339 2 10, 508 2 3, 160 7, 834	113, 404, 780 2 50, 154, 473 2 46, 227, 987 29, 683, 859	28 3 1	29 3 1	225 (³) (³)	575, 761 (³) (³)
Michigan Novada New Mexico California	13 14	18 13 14 11	2, 698 2, 258 994	10, 984, 910 13, 293, 420 4, 748, 996	7777	18 7 7 8	2, 652 2, 147 977	19, 695, 036 13, 041, 478 4, 708, 396	6 7 3	6 7 3	46 111 17	289, 874 251, 942 40, 600
Lead: Missouri Idaho Utah	28	$15 \\ . 32 \\ .34$	3, 773 3, 189 4, 083	22, 955, 417 17, 400, 861 17, 249, 862	9 24 29	11 28 34	3, 764 3, 172 4, 083	22, 937, 482 17, 356, 515 17, 249, 862	4 4	4 4	9 17	17, 935 44, 346
Colorado Montana Oklahoma Kansas	18 16	20 17 6 7	733 379 390 282	2, 946, 136 1, 581, 577 1, 508, 124 1, 122, 822	24 29 13 8 6 4	15 9 6 4	653 334 390 222	2,772,207 1,364,596 1,508,124 1,027,265	5 8 3	5 8 3	80 45 60	173, 929 216, 981 95, 557
Zine: Oklahoma Kansas New Mexico Wisconsin Udaho	57 30 8 9	87 45 9 9 7	4, 117 2, 428 1, 036 284 459	$16, 518, 953 \\ 9, 912, 331 \\ 4, 046, 072 \\ 1, 326, 162 \\ 1, 240, 562 \\ \end{cases}$	46 28 7 8 6	67 40 8 8 7	3, 253 2, 428 1, 036 284 459	12, 699, 272 2 9, 912, 331 2 4, 046, 072 3 1, 326, 162 1, 240, 562	11 2 1 1	20 5 1 1	864 (3) (3) (3) (3)	3, 819, 681 (^a) (³) (³)
Gold, lode: South Dakota Colorado California. Nevada	44 58	2 53 58 82	1, 304 1, 497 1, 627 363	6, 591, 144 4, 057, 060 3, 940, 925 1, 568, 698	2 37 34 14	2 46 34 14	1, 304 1, 234 1, 562 282	6, 591, 144 3, 421, 114 3, 756, 519 1, 374, 484	7 24 17	7 24 18	263 65 81	635, 946 184, 406 194, 214
Silver: Utah Nevada Montana	11 14 12	11 14 14	939 610 292	3, 305, 749 1, 863, 346 1, 030, 622	8 10 8	8 10 10	860 559 243	2, 652, 058 1, 718, 311 936, 412	3 4 4	3 4 4		653, 691 145, 038 94, 210
Gold, placer: California	22	27	491	3, 469, 595	13	18	447	3, 312, 519	9	9	44	157, 076

products.

¹ Partnerships, enterprises operated by individuals, etc. ² Includes data for "Other" types of ownership.

SCALE OF OPERATION

Enterprises classified according to value of products (Table 8).—Of the total number of enterprises (719), only 33, or 4.6 per cent, whose value of products was \$2,500,000 or more, contributed 74.1 per cent of the

total value and employed 59.1 per cent of the total number of wage earners. Conversely 417, or 58 per cent of all enterprises, in the smallest two groups shown, contributed only 1.5 per cent of the total value of

TABLE 8.—CONDENSED SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO VALUE OF PRODUCTS, BY INDUSTRIES, FOR SELECTED STATES: 1929

	Num-	Num	Wage		VALUE PRODUC			Num-		Wage		VALUE C PRODUCT)F CS
INDUSTRY, STATE, AND VALUE OF PRODUCTS PER ENTERPRISE	ber of enter- prises	ber	(aver- age for	Wages	Amount	Per cent of total	INDUSTRY, STATE, AND VALUE OF PRODUCTS PER ENTERPRISE	ber of enter- prises	Num- ber of mines	earners (aver- age for the year)	Wages	Amount	Per cent of total
United States, total	719	850	78, 933	\$126, 343, 793	\$425, 831, 855	100.0	LEAD-Continued						
Less than \$20,000	302 115 54 81 71 40 23 12	315 127 57 88 86 56 59	2,276 1,949 1,628 3,764 6,840 7,281 8,684	2, 984, 520 2, 780, 154 2, 178, 635 5, 515, 402 10, 358, 509 10, 568, 679 14, 012, 209	$\begin{array}{c} 2, 367, 415\\ 3, 911, 840\\ 4, 003, 486\\ 12, 791, 889\\ 24, 897, 000\\ 26, 249, 076\\ 36, 142, 224\\ 39, 726, 619\\ 275, 742, 306\\ \end{array}$	0.6 0.9 0.9 3.0 5.8 6.2 8.5	Missouri, total Less than \$20,000. \$20,000 to \$49,999. \$260,000 to \$499,999. \$2,500,000 to \$499,999. \$2,500,000 to \$4,999,999.	1	15 6 1 1 1	3, 773	\$5, 909, 659 5, 909, 659	\$22, 955, 417 22, 955, 417	100.0 100.0
\$2,500,000 to \$4,999,999 \$5,000,000 and over	12 21	14 	8, 257 38, 354	13, 286, 513 64, 659, 082	39, 726, 619 275, 742, 306	9.3 64.8	\$5,000,000 and over Idaho, total	2 28	2 4 32	3, 189	5, 787, 889	17, 400, 861	100.0
COPPER, total		180	44, 502	73, 199, 785	283, 517, 373	100, 0				83	133, 439	93, 211	0.5
Less than \$20,000	57 22 10 9 9 10 5	57 24 12 10 11 14 7	403 474 338 484 1, 176 2, 746 1, 859	$\begin{array}{r} 452, 102\\ 648, 730\\ 378, 786\\ 702, 037\\ 1, 890, 067\\ 3, 996, 369\\ 3, 007, 936\end{array}$	465, 918 735, 207 756, 757 1, 379, 003 3, 400, 830 6, 842, 012 9, 401, 716	0.2 0.3 0.5 1.2 2.4 3.3	Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,909 \$50,000 to \$99,909 \$100,000 to \$249,909 \$250,000 to \$499,909 \$500,000 to \$499,909 \$2,500,000 to \$4,909,909 \$5,000,000 and over	4 2 5 2 2 1	4 2 3 5 2 2 8	43 1 200 448 12, 415	91, 166 360, 172 795, 621 4, 407, 491	133, 730 774, 753 1, 805, 281 14, 593, 886	0.8 4.5 10.4 83.9
\$2,500,000 to \$4,999,999 \$5,000,000 and over	4 17	5 40	2, 956 34, 066	4, 800, 154 57, 323, 604	12, 155, 149 248, 379, 185	4.3 87.0	Utah, total	29	34	4, 083	6, 691, 787	17, 249, 862	100.0
Arizona, total Less than \$20,000 \$20.000 to \$49,999	63 32 8	68 32 9	15, 564 184 242	26, 947, 217 205, 065 325, 116	113, 980, 541 233, 874 257, 983	100.0	Less than \$20,000	4 7 2 1	4 7 2 1 9 3 6 2	$29 \\ 130 \\ 1 156 \\ \end{bmatrix}$	30, 456 184, 150 160, 363	15, 422 224, 690 353, 775	0, 1 1, 3 2, 1
Less than \$20,000	6 1 1 3	8 2 1 3	} 1 329	326, 110 444, 995	257, 983 894, 911	0, 2 0, 8	\$250,000 to \$499,999 \$500,000 to \$999,999 \$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999 \$2,500,000 to \$4,999,909	6 3 4 2	9 3 6 2	512 579 }12,677	725, 244 987, 701 4, 603, 873	1, 902, 004 1, 807, 658 12, 946, 313	11.0 10.5 75.1
\$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999 \$2,500,000 to \$4,999,999	1 1	$^{2}_{1}$	¹ 1, 550	2, 782, 904	6, 715, 670	5.9	Colorado, total	18	20	. 783	1, 449, 608	2, 946, 136	100.0
\$5,000,000 and over Montana, total	10	10 26	13, 259 10, 508	23, 189, 137 18, 731, 854	105, 878, 103 50, 154, 473	92, 9 100, 0	Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999	11	13 1	114	181, 579	65, 722	2.2
Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,909 \$30,000 to \$09,999 \$250,000 to \$400,009 \$500,000 to \$999,909 \$5,000,000 and over	1 1 2 1 1 1	1 1 2 2 1 19	110,508	18, 731, 854	50, 154, 473	100.0	Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$50,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$499,999 \$1,000,000 to \$4,409,099 ZINC, total	1 2 2 1 148	1 2 2 1 204	<pre> 1 127 1 492 11,900 </pre>	208, 259 1, 059, 770 16, 274, 339	373, 005 2, 507, 409 44, 866, 026	12.7 85.1 100.0
Utah, total		10	, 3, 160	5, 455, 417	46, 227, 987	100. 0	Less than \$20,000	24 21	27 21	139 297	143, 453	198, 815 752, 159 1, 001, 317	0.4
Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,909 \$260,000 to \$499,909 \$5,000,000 and over	5 1 1 2	5 1 1 3	} ¹ 3, 160	5, 455, 417	46, 227, 987	100, 0	Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$99,099 \$250,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$499,999 \$500,000 to \$499,999 \$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999 \$2,500,000 to \$4,999,999	21 14 38 25 17 7 2	21 14 43 33 29 34 3	455 1, 840 1, 902 2, 543 }14, 724	$143, 453 \\ 367, 308 \\ 544, 717 \\ 2, 405, 846 \\ 2, 568, 331 \\ 3, 357, 155 \\ 6, 867, 469 \\ \end{cases}$	1,001,317 6,313,994 8,264,040 10,675,909 17,659,792	2.2 14.1 18.4 23.8 39.4
Michigan, total		18 1	7,834	9, 838, 442	29, 683, 859	100. 0	Oklahoma, total	57	87	4, 117	5, 509, 272	16, 518, 953	100.0
\$100,000 to \$249,909 \$260,000 to \$499,999 \$000,000 to \$309,909 \$1,000,000 to \$2,499,009 \$2,500,000 to \$4,999,009 \$5,000,000 and over	1 1 2 1 2 2	1 5 2	¹ 1, 356	1, 641, 663 8, 196, 779	1, 888, 558 27, 795, 301	6.4 93.6	Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$69,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$499,999 \$100,000 to \$899,999 \$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999	8 11 5 17 11 7	3 11 5 20 12 13	11 143 97 707 805 1, 126	8, 685 194, 113 122, 194 954, 576 1, 109, 186 1, 343, 319	$\begin{array}{r} 28,212\\ 408,971\\ 340,121\\ 2,916,702\\ 3,450,708\\ 4,339,663\end{array}$	0.2 2.5 2.1 17.7 20.9 26.3
Nevada, total		13	2, 698	4, 885, 398	19, 984, 910	100.0			23	1, 228	1, 777, 199	5, 034, 576	30.5
Less than \$20,000	4 3 1 2 1 1	4 3 1 2 1 1	} ¹ 2, 698	4, 885, 398	19, 984, 910	100, 0	Kansas, total Less than \$20,000. \$20,000 to \$49,999. \$50,000 to \$99,999. \$100,000 to \$249,999. \$250,000 to \$499,999. \$100,000 to \$499,999. \$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999.	30 1 1 13 8 4	45 1 1 14 14 11 0	$\left.\begin{array}{c} 2,428\\ 1 53\\ 621\\ 644\end{array}\right)$	3, 140, 236 70, 315 772, 331 864, 890	9, 912, 331 136, 732 1, 996, 708 2, 860, 239	100.0 1.4 20.1 28.9
New Mexico, total		14	2, 258	3, 409, 479	13, 293, 420	100. 0		A	Ŭ.,	}1 1, 110	1, 432, 700	4, 918, 652	49.0
Less bhan \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,990 \$100,000 to \$249,999 \$500,000 to \$299,999 \$5,000,000 and over	6 4 2 1 1	6 4 2 1 1	1 2, 258	3, 409, 479	13, 293, 420	100. 0	New Mexico, total \$20,000 to \$49,909 \$50,000 to \$99,909 \$250,000 to \$249,909 \$250,000 to \$499,999 \$500,000 to \$999,999	8 1 1 2 1 1 2 1	9 2 1 1 8 1 1	1,036 1 196 1 840	1, 429, 239 205, 058 1, 163, 581	4, 046, 072 375, 637 3, 670, 435	100.0 9.3 90.7
LEAD, total	155	171	14, 007	22, 917, 435	67, 561, 778	100. 0				1			
Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999	64 27 9 12 21 6 7 6 3	70 28 9 12 24 6 9 0 7	442 485 266 497 2,007 1,125 2,622 } ¹ 6,563	588, 369 647, 294 347, 323 828, 688 2, 976, 673 1, 799, 450 4, 809, 350 11, 120, 290	464, 998 850, 638 691, 231 1, 955, 665 7, 374, 022 4, 062, 766 10, 286, 131 41, 876, 427	0.7 1.3 1.0 2.9 10.9 6.0 15.2 62.0	GOLD (lode), total Less than \$20,000. \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$49,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$490,999 \$500,000 to \$249,999 \$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999 \$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999	174 110 26 12 11 11 11 2 1 1	184 113 31 12 11 13 2 1 1 1	5, 353 739 446 307 588 1, 332 }1, 941	8, 655, 505 954, 902 717, 490 476, 845 974, 490 2, 162, 228 3, 369, 550	$\begin{array}{r} 17,650,174\\ \hline 865,110\\ 866,643\\ 845,124\\ 1,501,548\\ 4,246,596\\ 9,325,153\end{array}$	100.0 4.9 4.8 8.5 24.1 52.8

¹ Combined to avoid disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises.

GOLD, SILVER, COPPER, LEAD, AND ZINC

TABLE 8.—CONDENSED SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO VALUE OF PRODUCTS, BY INDUSTRIES, FOR SELECTED STATES: 1929—Continued

	Num-	Num-	Wage earners		VALUE O PRODUCI			Num-	Num-	Wage		VALUE O PRODUCT	
	of	ber of mines	(aver- age for the year)	Wages	Amount	Per cent of total		ber of enter- prises	ber of mines	(a ver- age for the year)	Wages	Amount	Per cent of total
GOLD (lode)—Continued							SILVER-Continued						
South Dakota, total	2	2	1, 304	\$2, 269, 107	\$6, 591, 144	100.0	Utah, total	11	11	939	\$1, 628, 964	\$3, 305, 749	100.0
\$50,000 to \$99,999 \$5,000,000 and over	1	1 1	} ¹ 1, 304	2, 269, 107	6, 591, 144	100.0	Less than \$20,000 \$50,000 to \$90,999 \$100.000 to \$249,999	5 1 1	5 1 1	78	150, 763 413, 669	53, 405 534, 931	1.6 16.2
Colorado, total	44	53	1, 497	2, 418, 321	4, 057, 060	100.0	\$100,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$499,999 \$500,000 to \$499,999	121	1 2 1	1 603	1, 064, 532	2, 717, 413	82.2
Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$99,999	20 9 6 3 5	22 14 6	$195 \\ 224 \\ 105$	283,610 377,942 169,149	· 180, 938 307, 764 443, 573	4.6 7.6 10.9	\$1,000,000 to \$2,499,909 Nevada, total	14	14	, 610	1, 124, 830	1, 863, 346	100.0
\$100,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$499,999	35	37	180 } 1793	293, 715 1, 293, 905	411, 010 2, 707, 775	10, 1 66, 7	T and them \$20,000	5 3	5 3	153 23	227, 504 32, 970	42, 708 92, 069	2.3 4.9
\$500,000 to \$999,999	1		J	2, 483, 593	3, 940, 925	100.0	\$20,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$49,999 \$100,000 to \$249,090 \$250,000 to \$499,990 \$500,000 to \$499,990	$\begin{array}{c} 1\\ 2\end{array}$	1 2	194	185, 574	430, 324	23.1
California, total		58	1, 627		278,482	7.1	\$250,000 to \$499,999 \$500,000 to \$999,999	221	221	} 1340	698, 782	1, 298, 245	69.7
Less than \$20,000\$20,000 to \$49,099\$50,000 to \$99,999	42 8 1	42 8	260 103	$324,748 \\ 142,244$	250, 601	6.4	Montana, total		14	292	509, 840	1, 030, 622	100.0
\$100,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$499,999	24	1 2 4 1	} . ¹ 170 } ¹ 1. 094	271, 380 1, 745, 221	357, 164 3, 054, 678	9.1 77.5	Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999		4 1 5	58 } 1140	99, 986 256, 378	26, 546 331, 229	2, 6 32, 1
\$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999 Nevada, total		32	363	580, 196	1, 568, 698	100.0	\$100,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$499,999	$\tilde{2}$ 1	3	<pre> 1 94 </pre>	153, 476	672, 847	65. 3
Less than \$20,000	21	22 5	121 52	160, 102 80, 574	174, 403 159, 506	11, 1 10, 2	GOLD (placer), total	32	87	578	970, 010	3, 779, 241	100. 0
\$50,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$249,999	2	2	1 190	339, 520	1, 234, 789	78.7	Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$99,999	. 6	18 6 1	113 61	140, 330 106, 882	143, 571 244, 335	
\$500,000 to \$999,999)				\$100,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$499,999	4	4	1 . 99	155, 315 567, 533	655, 432 2, 735, 903	
SILVER, total	. 67	74	2, 593	4, 326, 719	8, 457, 263	100.0	\$1,000,000 to \$2,499,900				839, 212	3, 469, 595	100.0
Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999	20	30 17	440 186	705, 364 272, 440	229, 003 462, 858	2.7	California, total	12	12	70	99, 601	97, 204	
\$20,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999		9	237	401, 190	620, 671 1, 074, 043	7.3	\$20,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$99,999	$\begin{vmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \end{vmatrix}$	8	1 + 01	85, 823	221, 795	
\$100,000 to \$249,999 \$260,000 to \$499,999 \$500,000 to \$999,999 \$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999	- 4	8 4 5 1	381	688, 180 1, 780, 653	1, 330, 550 4, 740, 138	15.7 56.0	\$100,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$499,999 \$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999	_ 3	1 3	55 305	86, 255 567, 533	414, 693 2, 735, 903	1

¹ Combined to avoid disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises.

POWER

Power equipment in use in 1929 (Table 9).-This table gives statistics for power equipment, by kinds as well as by the nature of installation, whether stationary or mobile, for the metal-mining industries for 1929. The data for electric motors driven by electric energy generated in the reporting enterprises are not included in the "aggregate horsepower," as shown in this and other tables, because such inclusion would result in duplication of the figures for the horsepower of the prime movers used in driving the generators. For the industries as a whole, approximately 34 per cent of the stationary prime-mover power was used directly and about 66 per cent was employed in driving generators. The use of electric power equipment dominated in each of the industries, and in the copper and lead mining industries the generator capacity was more than two-thirds of the total horsepower rating of the stationary prime-mover equipment. In a number of

instances, although prime movers and generators have been displaced by purchased electric energy, they are maintained by the enterprises for use in emergencies. This accounts for the high ratios of generator capacity to rating of motors reported as driven by energy generated in the enterprises, which appear in several instances in the following table.

In the classification as to the nature of installation, the mobile equipment class embraces the power equipment of shovels, mine locomotives, and other machinery moved from place to place in the course of operations, as contrasted with fixed installations, such as central power plants, hoisting and mill equipment, etc.

The number and horsepower of the several types of prime movers and the number and rating of electric motors and generators used by all enterprises in 1929 are given, by industries and by States, in Table 23.

TABLE 9.—POWER EQUIPMENT, STATIONARY AND MOBILE—NUMBER AND RATED CAPACITY OF PRIME MOVERS, MOTORS, AND GENERATORS, BY INDUSTRIES: 1929

[Enterprises whose value of product in 1929 was less than \$20,000 were permitted to report on an abbreviated schedule which called for the total number and horsepower rating of prime movers, but not by kind. Therefore, data for prime movers reported by 172 enterprises of this size are included with those for stationary steam engines. See Table 8 for statistics showing the relative importance of this class of enterprises]

		PI	AIME M	OVERS AN	ND ELE	CTRIC MO	TORS I	RIVEN 1	3Y PUR	CHASED	ENERGY						
					Pri	me move	rs				Horse-	Flootel	e motors	driv	ic motors ven by y gener- y enter-		etric
INDUSTRY AND TYPE	Aggre- gate horse- power	Total horse- power	Stean	n engines	Stean	1 turbines	com	ernal- oustion gines	and	r wheels water bines	power rating of in- active prime	driven	by pur- energy	prises	report- ing		
		of prime movers	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Horse- power	movers1	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Kilo- watts
Metal-mining industries, total	1, 178, 580	502, 550	510	179, 420	115	231, 681	602	70, 686	61	20, 763	53, 932	17, 154	676, 030	6, 634	328, 733	203	230, 078
Stationary Mobile	1, 093, 326 85, 254	465, 941 36, 609	424 86	147, 836 31, 584	115	231, 681	456 146	65, 661 5, 025	61	20, 763	53,400 532	15, 086 2, 068	627, 385 48, 645	6, 234 400	305, 999 22, 734	203	230, 678
Copper, total	701, 791	366, 863	326	156, 639	94	189, 123	142	19, 726	8	1, 375	32, 298	8, 038	334, 928	4, 726	270, 205	108	173, 765
Stationary Mobile	642, 406 59, 385	334, 581 32, 282	249 77	125, 945 30, 694	94	189, 123	78 64	18, 138 1, 588	8	1, 375	32, 192 106	6, 578 1, 460	307, 825 27, 103	4, 418 308	249, 934 20, 271	108	173, 765
Lead, total	194, 380	38, 234	43	7, 618	9	19, 336	84	7, 813	12	3, 467	4, 719	4, 370	156, 146	411	16, 422	27	20, 703
Stationary Mobile	176, 941 17, 439	37, 494 740	37 6	7, 428 190	0	19, 336	75 9	7, 263 550	12	3, 407	4,719	3, 869 501	139, 447 16, 699	343 68	14, 150 2, 272	27	20, 703
Zinc, total	163, 357	55, 829	33	6, 019	7	18, 252	263	30, 758	5	800	11, 501	2, 577	107, 528	740	17, 206	25	19, 687
Stationary Mobile	157, 438 5, 919	53, 000 2, 829	31 2	5, 619 400	7	18, 252	204 59	28, 329 2, 429	5	800	11, 501	2, 512 65	104, 438 3, 090	716 24	17, 015 191	25	19, 687
Gold, lode, total	69, 829	31, 486	80	7, 586	4	4, 870	63	4, 309	31	14, 721	1,308	1, 119	38, 343	614	22, 211	24	14, 472
Stationary Mobile	68, 413 1, 416	30, 953 533	79 1	7, 286 300	4	4,870	54 9	4, 076 233	31	14, 721	982 326	1,088 31	37, 460 883	614	• 22, 211	24	14, 472
Silver, total	28, 943	9, 549	12	1, 169	1	100	50	8,080	1	200	4, 106	6 2 7	19, 394	138	2, 664	16	2, 021
Stationary Mobile	27, 848 1, 095	0, 324 225	12 	1, 169	1	100	45 5	7,855 225	1	200	4,006 100	616 11	18, 524 870	138	2, 664	16	2, 021
Gold, placer, total	20, 280	589	16	389					4	200		423	19, 691	5	25	3	30
Stationary	20, 280	589	16	389					4	200		423	19, 691	5	25	3	30

¹ Included in "Total horsepower of prime movers."

Summary: 1909-1929 (Table 10).—Although the aggregate horsepower increased 64.8 per cent during the period covered by the table, that of prime movers decreased 12.7 per cent, while that of electric motors driven by purchased energy increased 385.3 per cent.

Horsepower of motors driven by energy generated within the reporting enterprises also increased greatly, 508.9 per cent. It should be noted that, for 1909, data for steam turbines are included in the figures for steam engines.

GOLD, SILVER, COPPER, LEAD, AND ZINC

TABLE 10.—POWER EQUIPMENT—NUMBER AND RATED CAPACITY OF PRIME MOVERS AND MOTORS, BY INDUSTRIES: 1929, 1919, AND 1909

[See headnote, Table 9, for explanation of totals for steam engines]

			PRIME	MOVER	S AND EL	ECTRIC	MOTORS	DRIVEN	BY PUR	CHASED	ENERG	Y		Electric	motors
		l				Prin	le movers	i				Electric	motors	drive energy ated	n by gener- by
INDUSTRY	Cen- sus year	Aggre- gate horse- power	Total horse- power	Steam	engines	Steam	turbines	Inter combu engi	istion	Water and v turb	vater	driven	by pur- energy	enteri repor	prises ting 1
			of prime movers	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Horse- power
Metal-mining industries	1919	1,178,580 930, 559 715, 267	502, 550 557, 828 575, 956	510 1, 437 2 3, 931	179, 420 308, 392 2483, 021	115 104 (³)	231, 681 163, 393 (³)	602 948 714	70, 686 63, 610 25, 008	61 200 722	20, 763 22, 433 67, 927	17, 154 9, 183 3, 020	676, 030 378, 731 139, 311	6, 634 4, 393 1, 471	328, 733 203, 401 53, 990
Per cent of increase or decrease (): 1919-1929 1909-1919		25.8 30.9	-9.9 -3.1	-64.5 (1)	-41. 8 (1)	10.6	41.8	-36.5 32.8	11. 1 154. 4	-69.5 -72.3	-7.4 -67.0	86. 8 204. 1	78.5 171.9	51.0 198.6	61, 6 276, 7
Copper	1919	701, 791 522, 426 376, 404	366, 863 386, 458 324, 178	326 842 2 699	158, 639 245, 398 2303, 848	94 79 (3)	189, 123 123, 223 (³)	142 129 71	19, 726 16, 327 2, 325	8 10 15	1, 375 1, 510 18, 005	8, 038 3, 647 819	334, 928 135, 968 52, 286	4, 726 3, 252 536	270, 205 161, 024 25, 888
Per cent of increase or decrease (): 1919-1929 1909-1919		34.3	-5.1	-61.3 (4)	-36.2 (⁴)	(4)	53. 5	10.1 (*)	20. 8 602. 2	(4) (4)	8.9 91.6	120. 4 345. 3	146.3 160.0		67.8 522.0
Lead and zinc	1919	110,559	94, 063 117, 527 107, 276	76 411 2, 158	13, 637 42, 821 2 94, 220	16 21 (³)	37, 588 35, 420 (³)	347 433 214	35,415	17 30 3	4, 267 3, 871 69	6, 947 2, 389 59	111, 874	1, 151 625 861	33, 628 22, 884 12, 048
Per cent of increase or decrease (): 1919-1929 1909-1919		55.9 107.5	-20.0 9.0	81. 5 (1)	-68.2 (1)	(4)	8, 1	-19.9 102.3	8.9 172.7	(4)	10.2 (4)	190.8 (*)	135. 7 3, 307. 7	84. 2 73. 1	46, 9 89, 9
Gold and silver, lode	1919	149,100 200,966	41, 035 50, 437 136, 094	92 182 1,003	20, 133	4	4, 970 4, 750 (³)	113 370 394	11, 149	135	14, 921 14, 405 44, 606	$1,746 \\ 2,523 \\ 1,662$	57, 737 98, 663 64, 872	752 494 538	
Per cent of increase or decrease (): 1910-1929 1909-1919			$-18.6 \\ -62.9$		-56.5 (4)	(4)	4. 6	-69.5	11. 1 21. 3	-76.3 -77.0	3.6 -67.7	-30.8 51.8	41, 5 52, 1	52.2 8.2	81.7 26.9
Gold, placer	1 1909	35.632	3,406	2	- 40				719 503	- 4 25 117	200 2, 647 5, 247	624	32, 220	5 22 36	601
Per cent of increase or decrease (-): 1919-1929		-43.1 30.6	-82.7	(1)	(4) -98.5	i		(1)	42.0		-92. 8 -49. 6	5 -32.2 30.0		8	-95.9 -48.3

Figures for electric generators shown in Table 23 for 1929; not available for 1919 and 1909.
Includes data for steam turbines.
Included with data for steam engines.
Per cent not computed where base is less than 100 or where figures are not comparable.

Horsepower per mine and per wage earner: 1909-1929 (Table 11).—Although appreciable increases in the aggregate rating of power equipment are shown for the industries as a whole, the marked increase per

mine is due mainly to the decrease in the number of small mines. The horsepower per wage earner more than doubled during the period from 1909 to 1929.

TABLE 11.—RATED CAPACITY OF POWER EQUIPMENT—AVERAGES PER MINE AND PER WAGE EARNER, BY INDUSTRIES: 1929, 1919, AND 1909

			Wage	HORSEPOV POWER	VER RATII EQUIPME				27	Wage	HORSEFOW FOWER	ER RATIN EQUIPME	IG OF
INDUSTRY	SUS	Num- ber of mines	earners (average for the year)	Total	Per mine	Per wage earn- er	INDUSTRY	Cen- sus year	Num- ber of mines	(average for the year)	Total	Per mine	Per wage earn- er
Metal-mining industries Per cent of increase or decrease (); 1010-1929	1929 1919 1909	850 1,630 5,235 -47.9	78, 933 82, 417 100, 962 4. 2 18, 4	1, 178, 580 936, 559 715, 267 26, 8 30, 9	1, 386, 6 574, 6 136, 6 141, 3 320, 6	14.9 11.4 7.1 30.7 60.6	Lead and zinc-Continued. Per cent of increase or de- crease (-): 1919-1929	1929	20. 7 58. 6 258	18. 4 30. 2 7, 946	55. 9 107. 5 98, 772	96, 7 401, 0 382, 8	31. 4 59. 1 12. 4
1909-1919 Copper Per cent of increase or de-	1929 1919 1909	-68.9 180 226 368	44, 502 43, 717 51, 643	701, 791 522, 426 376, 464	3, 898. 8 2, 311. 6	15,8	Gold and silver, lode Per cent of increase or de- crease (): 1919-1929	1919 1909	799 2,845	15, 436 29, 428 48, 5	149, 100 200, 966 	186.6 70.6 105.1	9,7 6,8 27,8
crease (~): 1919-1929. 1909-1919		-20.4	1.8 -15.3	34. 3 38. 8	68, 7 126, 0 954, 0	64, 4	1909-1919	1929 1919 1909	132	578 1, 380	-25.8 20,280 35,632 27,278	164, 3 548, 1 269, 9 31, 0	35. 1 25. 8
Lead and zinc	1929 1919 1909	375 473 1, 142	25, 907 21, 884 16, 807	357, 737 229, 401 110, 559	984.0 485.0 96.8	10.5 6.6	Per cent of increase or de- crease (-): 1910-1929			-58.1 -55.3	-43. 1 30, 6	103. 1 770. 6	

Size of enterprises according to total rating of power equipment (Table 12).—Those enterprises, 41 in number, having power rating of 5,000 or more horsepower accounted for 72.4 per cent of the aggregate employed in the metal-mining industries. In the largest two horsepower classes a large proportion of the primemover equipment (practically all of the steam-turbine capacity) was used for driving electric generators while in the classes ranging up to 2,500 horsepower either the proportion was much smaller or none whatever was used in this manner. In the latter classes, also, nternal-combustion engines were particularly significant in the prime-mover group.

TABLE 12.—NUMBER AND RATED CAPACITY OF PRIME MOVERS, MOTORS, AND GENERATORS, FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO TOTAL RATING OF POWER EQUIPMENT, BY INDUSTRIES: 1929

[In some industries, in order to avoid disclosing data for individual enterprises, the figures for certain groups have been combined. In such cases an (x) is placed in the column from which the figures have been omitted, and the figures for the group with which they have been combined are printed in *italics*. In compiling the totals for all industries combined, each enterprise has been classified in its proper group]

	Total, all		RATING C	F POWER	EQUIPMEN	T FOR ENT HORSEPO	ERPRISES I	NDIVIDUAL	LY REPOR	TING TOTA	L
INDUSTRY AND TYPE	Sizes	Less than 25	25 to 99	100 to 249	250 to 499	500 to 999	1,000 to 2,499	2,500 to 4,999	5,000 to 9,999	10,000 to 24,999	25,000 or more
METAL-MINING INDUSTRIES											
Number of enterprises reporting power equipment 1 Prime movers and electric motors driven by purchased energy, aggregate horsepower	603 1, 178, 580	43 576	108 5, 831	122 19,697	90 32, 611	106 74, 484	69 102, 746	24 89, 773	15 105, 675	17 257, 891	9 489, 206
Prime movers, total horsepower	502, 550	499	3, 617	6, 723	11, 404	26, 378	20, 796	13, 968	35, 447	136, 209	247, 509
Steam engine 2 Number		29 258	68 1, 787	44 1, 832	40 4, 165	30 4, 092	12 2, 070	19 5, 910	42 14, 230	111 60, 577	115 84, 499
Number Horsepower	115 231, 681		4 85	1 100			6 4, 050	6, 000	8 7, 542	24 51, 479	68 162, 425
Horsepower Internal-combustion engines— Number Horsepower Water wheels and water turbines—	602 70, 686	20 221	60 1, 621	87 3, 876	69 6, 789	161 19, 222	112 18, 676	53 2, 058	8 11, 975	22 11, 163	1 85
Number Horsepower	61 20, 763	1 20	6 124	14 915	8 450	16 3, 064	1, 000		1, 700	11 12, 990	2 500
Horsepower rating of inactive prime movers, in- cluded above	53, 932	20	55	556	619	2, 050	747	2, 870	4, 800	22, 590	19, 625
Number	17, 154 676, 030	8 77	108 2, 214	377 12, 974	596 21, 207	1, 455 48, 106	2, 120 81, 950	1, 803 75, 805	1, 700 70, 228	4, 012 121, 682	4, 975 241, 787
prises reporting: Number Horsepower	6, 634 328, 733			28 628	62 1, 560	287 5, 648	298 10, 638	223 5, 800	505 15, 878	1, 895 80, 522	3, 336 208, 059
Electric generators: Number Kilowatts		[15 683	1, 500 7 1, 520	39 5, 319	10, 038 17 4, 600	5, 000 5, 000	10, 878 33 13, 670	50, 522 50 68, 941	203, 005 29 130, 945
COPPER											
Number of enterprises reporting power equipment ¹ Prime movers and electric motors driven by purchased energy, aggregate horsepower	108 701, 791	10 153	20 977	18 2, 887	2, 606	10 7, 167	10 18, 469	9 31, 794	7 48, 456	9 133, 146	8 456, 146
Prime movers. Electric motors driven by purchased energy Electric motors driven by energy generated by enter- prises reporting, horsepower. Electric generators, kilowatts.	306, 803 384, 928	108 45	977	1,905	1, 100 1, 506	4, 204 2, 953	3, 560 14, 909	8, 370 23, 424	24, 172 24, 284	74, 958 58, 188	247, 509 208, 037
Electric generators, kilowatts	270, 205 173, 765			. 8		. 959 1,218	3, 563 2, 200	3, 000 1, 750	11, 412 8, 870	43, 204 28, 780	208, 059 130, 945
LEAD			1	1			an an an an a	÷ .	e e la composition de		1.1.1
Number of enterprises reporting power equipment 1 Prime movers and electric motors driven by purchased	120	10	. 19	25	17	17	18	6	2	5	1
energy, aggregate horsepower	194, 380	145	960	4, 232	5, 921	11,871	25, 452	22, 716	(x)	123,083	(x)
Prime movers Electric motors driven by purchased energy Electric motors driven by energy generated by enter- prises reporting, horsepower Electric generators, kilowatts	38, 234 156, 146 16, 422	145	615 345	1, 202 3, 030	2, 493 3, 428 410	4,846 7,025 1,350	4, 127 21, 325 1, 450	665 22, 051	(x) (x)	24, 141 98, 942 13, 095	(x)
	20, 703			132	375	1, 170	000			18, 126	
ZINC Number of enterprises reporting power equipment 1,	144	6	10	10		48		8	2	2	
Prime movers and electric metors driven by purchased energy, aggregate horsepower	163, 357	70	707	10 1, 490	11, 127	33, 378	28 40, 387	32, 340	(x) ²	43,858	
Prime movers	55 000	48 22	328	365 1, 125	4, 893		10, 659 29, 728	4, 933 27, 407		24,735	
Electric motors driven by energy generated by enter- prises reporting, horsepower Electric generators, kilowatts	17, 206 19, 687			- 35 - 112		20 20	1, 125 600	2, 800 3, 250	(X) (X)	12,956 15,435	
GOLD, LODE	a dan sara										
Number of enterprises reporting power equipment 1 Prime movers and electric motors driven by purchased energy, aggregate horsepower	145 69, 829	14 174		1 1 1	19 6, 409	16 12, 044	9 12, 563	1 (x)	1 (x)	1 30,000	
Prime movers. Electric motors driven by purchased energy. Electric motors driven by energy generated by enter-	31, 486 38, 343	164	1, 243	1, 999 4, 151	1, 520 4, 880	8, 700 8, 344	2, 410 10, 153	(X)	(X)	20, 450 9, 550	
prises reporting, horsepower Electric generators, kilowatts	22, 211 14, 472			- 203 - 223	220 325	1, 555 1, 624	4, 500 900			15, 733 11, 400	

See footnotes at end of table.

GOLD, SILVER, COPPER, LEAD, AND ZINC

TABLE 12.—NUMBER AND RATED CAPACITY OF PRIME MOVERS, MOTORS, AND GENERATORS, FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO TOTAL RATING OF POWER EQUIPMENT, BY INDUSTRIES: 1929—Continued

INDUSTRY AND TYPE	Total, all		RATING C	F POWER	EQUIPMEN	T FOR ENI HORSEP(ERPRISES		LLY REPOR	TING TOTA	L
INDUSIRI AND TITE	sizes	Less than 25	25 to 99	100 to 249	250 to 499	500 to 999	1,000 to 2,499	2,500 to 4,999	5,000 to 9,999	10,000 to 24,999	25,000 or more
METAL-MINING INDUSTRIES—Continued SILVER											
Number of enterprises reporting power equipment ¹ Prime movers and electric motors driven by purchased energy, aggregate horsepower	58 28, 943	2 (X)	10 578	23 3, 838	9 3, 197	10 7, 343	8 (x)		1 13,992		
Prime movers	9, 549 19, 394	(X)	<i>329</i> 244	822 3, 016	1, 398 1, 799	3, 760 3, 583	(x) (x)		3, 240 10, 752		
prises reporting, horsepower	2, 664 2, 021			240 184	660 550	1, 764 1, 287					
GOLD, PLACER Number of enterprises reporting power equipment ¹ Prime movers and electric motors driven by purchased	28	1	б	6	8	5	1		2		
energy, aggregate horsepower	20, 280	(x)	159	1, 100	3, 351	2, 691	(X)		12,979		
Prime movers Electric motors driven by purchased energy Electric motors driven by energy generated by enfer-	589 19, 691	(x)	159	430 670	3, 351	2, 691	(x)		12,979		
prises reporting, horsepower Electric generators, kilowatts	25 30			25 30							

[See note at head of this table]

¹ No power equipment was reported by 116 enterprises in industries as follows: Copper, 35; lead, 35; zinc, 4; gold, lode, 29; silver, 9; gold, placer, 4. ² See headnote, Table 9, for explanation of totals for steam engines.

CHARACTER OF OPERATIONS

Summary for metal mines, with and without concentrating or beneficiating plants, and for concentrating and beneficiating plants only (Table 13).—Of the total number of enterprises (523) accounted for in this table, 299, or 57.2 per cent, operated beneficiating or concentrating plants in connection with their mining operations. These enterprises contributed 85.2 per cent of the total value of products and employed 83.6 per cent of the total number of wage earners reported for all enterprises represented in this table. Enterprises without beneficiating plants accounted for 13.9 per cent, while those engaged in milling only (including operations on dumps and old tailings) accounted for only eight-tenths of 1 per cent, of value of products. (See table headnote.)

TABLE 13.—SUMMARY FOR METAL MINES, WITH AND WITHOUT CONCENTRATING OR BENEFICIATING PLANTS, AND FOR CONCENTRATING AND BENEFICIATING PLANTS ONLY: 1929

[This table does not include data for 172 enterprises whose value of product was less than \$20,000. Such enterprises were permitted to report on an abbreviated schedule, which did not call for information pertaining to character of operation. These enterprises (with total value of products, \$1,205,022) were distributed as follows: Copper, 42 (\$287,334); lead, 35 (\$236,221); zinc, 10 (\$86,703); gold, lode, 60 (\$430,115); silvor, 17 (\$129,349); gold, placer, 8 (\$35,800); nor does it include data for 24 placer-mining enterprises]

	NT		Wage				Cost of		POWER F POWER MENT	VALUE OF I UCTS	
INDUSTRY AND CHARACTER OF OPERATION	Num- ber of enter- prises		earners (aver- age for the year)	Wages	Cost of supplies	Cost of fuel	purchased electric energy	Prime movers	Electric motors driven by pur- chased energy	Amount	Per cent of total
Metal-mining industries, total	523	649	77, 456	\$124, 325, 418	\$67, 914, 710	\$11, 303, 936	\$13, 447, 077	497, 171	651, 725	\$420, 882, 892	100.0
Mines with concentrating plants	² 299 196	396 223	64, 742 12, 159	102, 819, 067 20, 646, 299	59, 212, 246 7, 450, 107	10, 449, 179 640, 690	11, 458, 724 1, 659, 982	470, 331 23, 210	$569, 110 \\73, 338$	358, 603, 152 58, 713, 104	85.2 13.9
Reduction mills only (including mills operating on dumps and old tailings) ¹	28	30	555	860, 052	1, 252, 357	214, 067	330, 371	3, 630	9, 277	3, 566, 636	0.8
Copper, total	101	138	44, 234	72, 917, 249	43, 912, 167	9, 210, 052	6, 027, 234	365, 566	334, 321	283, 230, 039	100, 0
Mines with concentrating plants	45 56	76 62	38, 524 5, 710	62,929,944 9,987,305	40, 102, 637 3, 809, 530	8, 780, 709 429, 343	5, 238, 276 788, 958	348, 620 16, 946	300, 185 34, 136	248, 140, 946 35, 089, 093	87.6 12.4
Lead, total	120	136	13, 831	22, 706, 576	10, 292, 220	680, 700	3, 733, 230	37, 603	155, 391	67, 325, 557	100.0
Mines with concentrating plants	63 53	75 57	11, 297 2, 423	18, 576, 893 3, 924, 117	8, 550, 560 1, 547, 847	582, 593 92, 128	3, 311, 900 310, 848	34, 983 2, 620	138, 747 13, 932	55, 508, 911 10, 952, 224	82. 4 16. 3
Reduction mills only (including mills operating on dumps and old tailings)	4	4	111	205, 566	193, 813	5, 979	110, 482		. 2, 712	864, 422	1.3
Zinc, total	138	194	11, 861	16, 237, 378	7, 940, 358	855, 305	2, 369, 198	55, 605	106, 685	44, 779, 323	100.0
Mines with concentrating plants Mines without concentrating plants Reduction mills only (including mills operating on	103 17	154 20	9, 955 1, 660	13, 143, 005 2, 727, 154	6, 333, 036 888, 111	760, 810 53, 599	1, 953, 480 244, 146	52, 413 812	86, 280 15, 925	38, 064, 873 5, 136, 587	85.0 11, 5
dumps and old tailings)	18	20	246	367, 219	719, 211	40, 896	171, 572	2, 380	4, 480	1, 577, 863	3.5
Gold, lode, total	114	124	5, 079	8, 339, 052	4, 003, 612	436, 181	832, 617	29, 252	36, 768	17, 220, 059	100.0
Mines with concentrating plants Mines without concentrating plants Reduction mills only (including mills operating on	69 39	71 47	3, 884 997	6, 384, 223 1, 667, 562	3, 239, 153 425, 126	238, 253 30, 736	615, 121 169, 179	26, 245 1, 757	30, 671 4, 012	13, 238, 939 2, 856, 769	76, 9 16, 6
dumps and old tailings)	6	6	198	287, 267	339, 333	167, 192	48, 317	1, 250	2, 085	1, 124, 351	6. 5
Silver, total	50	57	2, 451	4, 125, 163	1, 766, 353	121, 698	484, 798	9, 145	18, 560	8, 327, 914	
Mines with concentrating plants ²	19 31	20 37	1, 082 1, 369	1, 785, 002 2, 340, 161	986, 860 779, 493	86, 814 34, 884	337, 947 146, 851	8,070 1,075	13, 227 5, 333	8, 649, 483 4, 678, 431	43, 8 56, 2

¹ Includes flotation, amalgamation, cyanidation, and other types of reduction plants.

* Includes data for 2 milling enterprises for silver.

TIME IN OPERATION

Days per week in operation (Table 14).—The classification of an enterprise for this table is based upon the number of days per week for wage earners most representative of operations for the year as a whole and does not take into account those variations in weekly operations due to market changes or other factors. Enterprises in which the 6-day week prevailed employed 56.9 per cent of the total number of wage earners, and accounted for 49.8 per cent of the total value of products of the metal-mining enterprises covered by this table, while those operating on the 7-day basis employed 38.9 per cent of wage earners and produced 46 per cent of the total value of products. Enterprises operating six and one-half days accounted for practically all of the remaining wage earners and value of products.

TABLE 14.—CONDENSED SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO NUMBER OF DAYS IN OPERATION PER WEEK, BY INDUSTRIES: 1929

[This table does not include data for 172 enterprises whose value of product was less than \$20,000. Such enterprises were permitted to report on an abbreviated schedule, which did not call for information pertaining to time in operation. These enterprises (with total value of products, \$1,205,022) were distributed as follows: Copper, 42 (\$287,334); lead, 35 (\$236,221); zinc, 10 (\$86,703); gold, lode, 60 (\$430,115); silver, 17 (\$129,349); gold, placer, 8 (\$35,300)]

INDUSTRY AND DAYS PER WEEK	Num- ber of enter- prises	ber of	Wage earners, Decem- ber 14 or nearest represen- tative day 1	Wages	Value of products	INDUSTRY AND DAYS FER WEEK	Num- ber of enter- prises.	ber of	Wage earners, Decem- ber 14 or nearest represen- tative day ¹	Wages	Value of products
Metal-mining industries, total ²	547	678	78, 934	\$125, 254, 413	\$424, 626, 833	Zinc, total ²	138	194	12, 757	\$16, 237, 378	\$44, 779, 323
Not reported Three or under Four Fivo Five and one-half Six	2		3 354	382, 376	1, 315, 792	Five Five and one-half Six and one-half Six Seven	1 1 105 30 114	1 4 153 35 124	8,962 3,371 5,492	475, 215 11, 105, 925 4, 656, 238	I, 777, 991 31, 527, 736 11, 473, 596
Six and one-balf Seven	248	369 20 279	44, 917 2, 925 30, 738	08, 053, 720 5, 142, 256 51, 676, 061	211, 486, 515 16, 606, 343 195, 218, 183	Gold, lode, total ² Three or under Five and one-half Six and one-half		 1	3 74	8, 339, 052 121, 166	17, 220, 059 131, 808
Four Six and one-half Six Seven	1 101	138 1 5 77	43, 162 3 750	72, 917, 249	283, 230, 030 7, 483, 334	Six Seven	50 60	2 54 66	2, 457 2, 961	3, 624, 920 4, 592, 966	5, 850, 853 11, 237, 398
Seven Lead, total ²		55 136	25, 496 16, 916 14, 330	41, 105, 639 30, 407, 961 22, 706, 576	132, 338, 198 143, 408, 509 67, 325, 557	Silver, total ² Six Six and one-half Seven	19	57 14 2		4, 125, 103	8, 327, 914 2, 083, 646
Not reported Four Six	1 1 58 8	1 1 67 10	\$ 7,888	12, 045, 578	41, 229, 928	Gold, placer, total 2	24	41 29	1, 998 601	3, 060, 478 928, 995	6, 244, 268 3, 743, 941
Six Six and one-balf Seven		10 57	1, 518 4, 924	2, 594, 450 8, 066, 548	6, 918, 753 10, 176, 876	Six. Sovon	4 20	25 4	33 568	37, 125 891, 870	66, 405 3, 677, 536

¹ Figures differ from those for "Wage carners (average for the year)," given in certain other tables of this report. See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—Persons Engaged. ² See headnote. ³ Combined to avoid disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises.

Days per year in operation (Table 15).—Compared with enterprises in other mining industries canvassed by the census, metal mines operated on the whole for a considerably larger part of the year. Operating time of 300 days and over prevailed in 61.2 per cent of metal-mining enterprises covered by this table, and these accounted for 84.1 per cent of the total number of wage earners and 90.9 per cent of the total value of products. Moreover, 42.3 per cent of the value of products of these industries came from enterprises which were in operation 350 days or more, indicating practically maximum year-round operating time for large portions of these industries.

GOLD, SILVER, COPPER, LEAD, AND ZINC

TABLE 15.—CONDENSED SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO NUMBER OF DAYS IN OPERATION IN 1929, BY INDUSTRIES

		_			[See headnot	ie, Table 14]					÷
INDUSTRY AND DAYS IN OPERATION	Num- ber of enter- prises	Num- ber of mines	Wage earners, Decem- ber 14 or nearest repre- senta- tive day 1	Wages	Value of products	INDUSTRY AND DAYS IN OPERATION	Num- ber of enter- prises	Num- ber of mines	Wage earners, Decem- ber 14 or nearest repre- senta- tive day 1	Wages	Value of products
Metal-mining industries,	547	678	78, 934	\$125, 254, 413	\$424, 026, 833	Gold, lode, total 2	114	124	5, 492	\$8, 339, 052	\$17, 220, 059
Not reported Less than 50 56 to 74 75 to 99 100 to 149 180 to 190 200 to 249 260 to 299 300 to 324 325 to 349	57 69 134 49	1 8 8 14 24 35 74 105 178 58	<pre> *289 198 1, 013 707 984 3, 718 5, 613 31, 010 8, 519 </pre>	36, 541 73, 903 405, 671 615, 510 786, 273 4, 428, 104 7, 363, 765 50, 309, 728 15, 141, 594	116, 833 147, 859 936, 767 1, 064, 467 2, 029, 450 10, 083, 860 24, 300, 061 157, 723, 493 48, 427, 837	Less than 50	3 2 6 10 10 11 34 7 81 50	4 2 6 12 10 15 38 7 32 57	<pre>3 101 143 116 399 197 1,629 319 2,588 2,592</pre>	15, 672 182, 786 79, 800 432, 714 232, 217 2, 567, 347 536, 454 4, 201, 972 4, 125, 163	40, 722 159, 203 220, 942 955, 206 217, 759 4, 249, 314 448, 917 10, 927, 993 8, 327, 914
350 and over Copper, total ²	152	173	20, 883	46, 093, 324	179, 796, 207 283, 230, 039	75 to 99	2	2	1		.
75 to 99 100 to 149 150 to 109 200 to 249 250 to 209 300 to 324 325 to 349 350 and over Load, total ²	2 9 8 35 7 30	2 2 2 11 8 65 7 41 136	3 062 988 378 23, 199 3, 801 14, 134 14, 330	305, 432 1, 016, 072 465, 230 37, 755, 962 7, 240, 576 26, 127, 977 22, 706, 576	579, 415 1, 232, 521 874, 419 121, 684, 747 29, 060, 074 120, 798, 863 67, 325, 557	100 to 149 150 to 199 200 to 249 200 to 289 300 to 824 325 to 349 350 and over Gold, placer, total 2	1 2 9 11 22	1 2 2 12 13 24 29	<pre>\$ 192 } \$ 128 175 805 1,232 601</pre>	90, 634 164, 813 180, 363 1, 035, 831 2, 053, 522 928, 905	342, 764 705, 423 568, 193 3, 524, 714 3, 186, 820 3, 743, 941
Not reported	$ \begin{array}{c} 1\\ 1\\ 1\\ 5\\ 10\\ 5\\ 12\\ 26\\ 17\\ 42\\ \end{array} $	1 1 5 11 5 12 82 22 46	* 16 180 174 277 1,093 4,030 2,732 5,828	4, 912 165, 391 137, 081 437, 835 1, 491, 472 6, 493, 014 4, 739, 894 9, 236, 977	25, 406 217, 730 360, 114 783, 768 6, 184, 003 22, 916, 775 12, 471, 986 24, 365, 775	50 to 74 75 to 99 100 to 149 150 to 109 200 to 249 250 to 299 300 to 324 325 to 340 350 and over	$ \begin{array}{c} 2 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 1 \end{array} $	2 2 3 2 1 4 4 1 10	<pre> } * 44 40 3 32 156 3 72 257 </pre>	25, 307 24, 885 31, 730 310, 121 120, 117 407, 745	69, 087 58, 560 77, 455 1, 324, 758 395, 602 1, 818, 479
Zinc, total ³ Less than 50 50 to 74 150 to 109 160 to 109 200 to 249 250 to 299 300 to 324 325 to 349 350 and over	4 3 7 7 30 32 26 0		12, 757 195 170 271 259 603 2, 011 3, 097 1, 917 790 2, 844		44,779,323 88,904 102,061 292,982 426,737 1,244,289 7,037,340 15,057,725 8,093,805 2,737,203 9,608,277			1			Eugened

¹ Figures differ from those for "Wage earners (average for the year)," given in certain other tables of this report. See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—Persons Engaged. ² See headnote, Table 14. ³ Combined to avoid disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises.

PERSONS ENGAGED

Persons engaged, by class and sex (Table 16).----Wage earners constituted 92.6 per cent of the total number of persons engaged in the metal-mining industries. Female employees constituted only six-tenths of 1 per cent of the total number. The number of employees of central-administrative offices are not included in the figures given in this table, but are shown separately in Table 17. Also, the figures for employees do not include the numbers employed in connection with expenditures for contract work, as no record is normally kept for those persons engaged by contractors in the fulfillment of a particular contract. Such contractual arrangements, when made, are ordinarily restricted to the sinking of shafts, driving of tunnels, construction of surface plants, etc., and only infrequently do they involve the actual mining of ore.

TABLE	16	-PERSONS	ENGAGED,	BY	SEX,	BY	INDUSTRIES:	1929
1. 11 10 10 10					1999 - C.	· ·		
			and the second	1.2			3	(las (1)able 17]

This table does not in	clude data for salaried officers a	ind employees of '	" Central ad	ministrative" onces.	266 T.SDIG 11
-[THIS MUSIC GOOS HOU IN					and the second se
				and the second se	the second se

CLASS	Metal- mining indus- tries, total	Cop- por	Lead	Zinc	Gold, lode	Silver	Gold, placer	CLASS	Metal- mining indus- tries, total	Cop- per	Lead	Zinc	Gold, lode	Silver	Gold, placer
Total (all classes) Male Female	85, 255 84, 723 532	48, 043 47, 760 283	15, 004 14, 896 108	12, 799 12, 749 50	5, 885 5, 881 54	2, 838 2, 814 24	686 673 13	Other salaried officers and em- ployees, total Male Female	5, 690 5; 286 405			800 755 45		175 158 17	
Proprietors and firm members, total Male Female	286 285 1							Wage earners (average for the year), total	78, 933	44, 502			·		
Principal salaried officers of cor- porations, total Male Female	346 336 10	61						Male Female	78,817	44, 468	13, 967 40	11, 896 4	5, 328	2, 589	574 4

Central-administrative-office employees (Table 17).—This table was compiled from data reported separately on special schedules and not included in the returns for the operating enterprises. It gives the number of employees reported by offices maintained independently of mine offices and usually at a distance from the mining operations, as in New York City or Boston. Figures for these employees are included only in this table. In the cases of companies whose operations include smelting and refining as well as mining, the data for central-administrative-office employees have been omitted from this table, and included in the statistics for the census of manufactures—in other words, attributed to the final producing activities of such companies.

TABLE 17.—CENTRAL-ADMINISTRATIVE-OFFICE EMPLOYEES—NUMBER, BY SEX, AND SALARIES, FOR THE UNITED STATES: 1929

		NUMBER		Salaries
CLASS	Total	Male	Female	Salaries
Total	301	243	58	\$1, 598, 498
Principal salaried officers of corporations Other central-administrative-office amployees	54 247	53 190	1 57	853, 020 745, 478

Size of enterprises according to number of wage earners (Table 18).—Of the 708 enterprises covered by this table, 497, or 70.2 per cent, employing 50 or fewer wage earners, accounted for only 8.3 per cent of the total number, and contributed only 4.7 per cent of the total value of products. Conversely, the largest 17 enterprises which operated 43 mines accounted for 45.9 per cent of all wage earners and contributed 57.8 per cent of the total value of products.

TABLE 18.—CONDENSED SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO NUMBER OF WAGE EARNERS, BY INDUSTRIES: 1929

INDUSTRY AND NUMBER OF	Num- ber	Num- ber	Wage ea (averag the ye	e for		Value of	INDUSTRY AND NUMBER OF	Num- ber	Num-	Wage ea (averag the ye	e for		
WAGE EARNERS PER EN- TERFRISE	of enter- prises	of	Num- ber	Per cent of total	Wages	products	WAGE EARNERS PER EN- TERPRISE	of enter- prises	of mines	Num- ber	Per cent of total	Wages	Value of products
Metal-mining indus- tries, total 1	708	839	78, 933	100. 0	\$126, 343, 793	\$425, 784, 812	Zinc, total	148	204	11, 900			\$44, 866, 026
Not reported	14	6 184 226 117 96 88 61 18 19 24	527 2, 508 3, 446 6, 352 9, 280 10, 264 10, 301 } 2 36, 255	4.4 8.0 11.8 13.0 13.1	3, 542, 409 5, 175, 064 9, 239, 243 14, 212, 196 16, 157, 328 17, 080, 116	82, 896, 153 48, 467, 947	1 to 5 8 to 20	18 32 29 42 18 6 2 1 169	19 35 31 40 36 33 2 2 179	60 415 960 2, 983 2, 739 2, 176 ³ 2, 567 5, 353	$\begin{array}{c} 0.5\\ 3.5\\ 8.1\\ 25.1\\ 23.0\\ 18.3\\ 21.6\\ 100.0 \end{array}$	59, 558 551, 596 1, 331, 994 3, 907, 911 3, 702, 338 2, 644, 056 3, 986, 886 8, 655, 505	8, 638, 331
Copper, total Not reported 1 to 5	$ \begin{array}{r} 143 \\ 2 \\ 33 \\ 40 \\ 14 \\ 12 \\ 11 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ \end{array} $	180	<pre> 2 104 496 898 877 1, 859 3, 393 </pre>	0.2 1,1 0.9 2,0 4.2 7,6	125, 553 695, 767 478, 095 1, 180, 777 3, 094, 149 5, 413, 749	1, 409, 286 839, 918 2, 149, 213 5, 740, 668 19, 844, 290	Not reported 1 to 5	3 66 62 15 13 8 1 1 1 66	13 10 1 1	183 676 496 894 2 3, 104 2, 593	12, 6 9, 3 16, 7	233, 423 948, 647 826, 020 1, 490, 005 5, 158, 410 4, 326, 719	
501 to 1,000 1,001 to 2,500 2,501 and over Lead, total 1 1 to 5	11 3 150	166]• 32, 278 14, 007	72.5 100.0	53, 934, 062	224, 918, 119 07, 541, 816	Not reported	23	1 15 24 19 7	<pre></pre>	11.3 19.7 17.5	422, 022 878, 769	946, 783 1, 132, 122
1 00 0	38 32 16 13	88 42 32 17 16 11 7 3	990 1, 144 2, 170	3.1 7.1 8.2 15.5 27.0	618, 816 1, 528, 295 1, 746, 630 3, 356, 852 6, 526, 132	858, 928 3, 284, 171 5, 251, 619 7, 862, 014 18, 005, 058	101 to 250	32		31 192	100. 0 5. 4 33. 2	305, 561	3, 779, 241 91, 774 734, 987

¹ Exclusive of 11 enterprises employing no wage carners in industries as follows: Lead, 5; gold, lode, 5; silver, 1 ³ Combined to avoid disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises.

306

Prevailing hours of labor (Table 19).-For the metalmining industries as a whole, approximately one-half of the wage earners were employed in enterprises in which the prevailing hours per week were 48, while

most of the remainder were reported by enterprises whose working hours were 54 or more. (See Table 14. Days per week in operation.)

TABLE 19.-CONDENSED SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO PREVAILING HOURS OF LABOR PER WEEK, BY INDUSTRIES: 1929

[This table does not include data for 172 enterprises whose value of product was less than \$20,000. Such enterprises were permitted to report on an abbreviated schedule, which did not call for information pertaining to prevailing hours of labor. These enterprises (with total value of products, \$1,205,022) were distributed as follows: Oopper, 42 (\$287,334); lead, 35 (\$236,221); zino, 10 (\$86,703); gold, lode, 60 (\$430,115); silver, 17 (\$129,349); gold, placer, 8 (\$85,300). Also, data for 2 enterprises (lead, 1; gold, lode, 1) employing no wage earners are not included in this table]

	Num- ber of enter- prises	ber of mines	Wage earners (aver- age for the year)	Wages	Value of products	INDUSTRY AND PREVAILING HOURS OF LABOR PER WEEK	Num- ber of enter- prises	Num- ber of mines	Wage earners (aver- age for the year)	Wages	Value of products
Metal-mining industries, total ¹	545	676	77, 990	\$125, 254, 413	\$424, 617, 055	Zine, total ¹	138	194	11, 861	\$16, 237, 378	\$44, 779, 323
Under 25. 25 and over but under 38	$ \begin{array}{c c} 1 \\ 2 \\ 217 \\ 26 \\ 279 \\ \end{array} $	2 3 1 291 27 329 16	<pre> } 2 23 2 287 39,019 3,790 33,753 1,118 </pre>	22, 876 405, 064 60, 007, 686 6, 360, 315 55, 555, 191 1, 013, 281	76, 953 1, 401, 340 186, 293, 729 22, 770, 657 210, 296, 430 - 3, 777, 946	36 and over but under 40	1 1 3 66 58 8 113	$1 \\ 1 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 96 \\ 81 \\ 8 \\ 123$	2 550 5, 897 5, 312 102 5, 079	811, 092 8, 061, 673 7, 211, 891 152, 722 8, 339, 052	2, 453, 593 21, 984, 948 19, 747, 541 593, 241 17, 215, 743
Copper, total ¹ 25 and over but under 36 44 and over but under 48 Over 48 but under 54	1 1 6	1 7	44, 234	2, 048, 932	283, 230, 039 10, 638, 168	Under 25. 48. Over 48 but under 54. 54 and over but under 63 63 and over.		1 51 5 65 1	}*1, 971 326 }*2, 782	3, 173, 386 576, 456 4, 589, 210	5, 155, 841 812, 063 11, 247, 839
4854 and over but under 63 Lead, total 1	41 52	70 58 135	24, 416 18, 563 18, 831	39, 345, 127 31, 523, 190 22, 706, 576	122, 960, 811 149, 031, 060 67, 320, 095	Silver, total 1 Under 25 48 54 and over but under 63	50 1 11 36	57 1 13 41	2,451 } 2 90	4, 125, 163 139, 013	8, 327, 914 492, 545
25 and over but under 36 48 Over 48 but under 54 54 and over but under 63	49	1 58 11 60	} ² 6, 634 1, 941 4, 793	3, 322, 462 8, 296, 930	35, 682, 472 10, 269, 628 19, 777, 391	64 and over but under 63 63 and over Gold, placer, total 1	24	41 2 29	} ² 2, 361 534	3, 986, 150 928, 995	7, 835, 369 3, 743, 941
63 and over	3	5	463	830, 387	1, 590, 604	25 and over but under 36 48 Over 48 but under 54 54 and over but under 63	3	1 3 1 24	} 2 39 495	51, 003 877, 992	92, 610 3, 651, 331

See headnote.
 Combined to avoid disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data for individual enterprises.

Wage earners employed, by months (Tables 20 and 21).-Table 20 gives statistics for wage earners employed below ground and on the surface. (See headnote, Table 20.) For all metal-mining enterprises reporting these data, underground mines employed 88.5 per cent of the total number of wage earners. Of these, 69.9 per cent were employed underground, and 30.1 per cent on the surface in mills, etc. Employment during the year was somewhat more regular for underground mines than for surface operations, as indicated in the percentages of minimum to maximum figures of employment. Table 21 reflects in a general way the activity in the several industries during the year for the principal metal-mining States.

TABLE 20.-WAGE EARNERS, BY MONTHS, FOR UNDERGROUND MINES, EMPLOYED BELOW GROUND AND ON THE SURFACE, AND FOR OTHER MINES, BY INDUSTRIES: 1929

[This table does not include data for 172 enterprises whose value of product was less than \$20,000. Such enterprises were permitted to report on an abbreviated schedule, which did not call for information as to kind of operation or below-ground and surface employees. These enterprises employed a total of 943 wage earners. Also data for 2 enterprises (lead, 1; gold, lode, 1) employing no wage earners are not included in the table. The month of maximum employment is indicated by bold-faced figures and that of minimum employment by *italic* figures]

	Num-		Average number		NUMBE	R EMPLO	YED ON	15TH DA	Y OF MO	ONTH OR	NEARES	T REPRE	SENTATI	VE DAY		Per
INDUSTRY AND CLASS OF MINE AND WAGE EARNER	ber of enter- prises	Num- ber of mines ¹	em- ployed during year	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	mini- mum is of maxi- mum
Metal-mining industries, total 1.	545	676	77, 990	74, 524	75, 655	78, 575	80, 733	80, 537	79, 505	79, 151	78, 506	77, 537	78,900	78, 471	73,783	91.4
Underground mines, total	479	602	69, 013	65,972	60, 633	69, 421	71, 174	70, 765	69, 882	69, 817	69, 502	68, 883	70, 139	69, 939	66, 034	92,7
Below ground Surface			48, 241 20, 772	46, 240 19, 732	47, 100 19, 538	49, 394 20, 027	50, 494 20, 680	49,527	48,660	48, 336 21, 481	48, 126 21, 376	47, 383 21, 500	48,855 21,284	49,000 20,939	45.764 20,270	90.6 90.9
Other mines 4	66	74	8,977	8, 552	9,022	9, 154	9, 559	9.772	9, 623	9, 334	9,004	8,654	8,761	8, 532	7,749	79.3
Copper, total.	101	138	44, 234	42,107	43, 655	45, 325	46, 569	46, 582	44, 637	44, 446	43,508	42, 933	44, 188	44, 656	42,200	90.4
Underground mines, total	94	130	36, 425	84,496	35, 620	37, 212	38, 190	38.003	36, 235	36, 357	35, 793	35, 571	36,706	37, 343	35, 574	90, 3
Below ground Surface			25, 313 11, 112	24,086 10,410	25, 233 10, 387	26, 550 10, 662	27, 104 11, 086	26, 457 11, 546	24, 962 11, 273	24, 852 11, 505	24, 484 11, 309	24, 119 11, 452	25, 351 11, 355	26, 140 11, 203	24, 417 11, 157	88.9 90.0
Other mines	7	8	7, 809	7,611	8, 035	8, 113	8, 379	8, 579	8,402	8, 089	7,715	7,362	7,482	7, 813	6,626	77,2
Lead, total		135	13, 831	13, 649	13, 310	13, 524	13, 615	13, 702	14, 027	14, 050	14, 194	14, 094	13, 925	14, 077	13, 810	93.8
Underground mines, total	112	128	13, 600	13, 534	18,163	13, 372	13, 459	13, 543	13, 871	13, 932	14,070	13, 950	13, 780	13, 936	13, 673	93, 6
Below ground Surface			9, 259 4, 431	9, 214 4, 320	8, 979 4, 184	9, 189 4, 183	9, 226 4, 233	9, 206 4, 337	9, 337 4, 534	9, 329 4, 603	9, 448 4, 622	9, 263 4, 687	9, 243 4, 537	9, 366 4, 570	9, 309 4, 364	95.0 89.2
Other mines	7	7	141	115	147	152	156	159	156	118	124	144	145	141	137	72.3
Zine, total	138	194	11, 861	11, 014	10, 913	11, 911	12, 501	12, 155	12, 549	12, 288	12, 572	12, 347	12, 554	11, 700	9, 826	78, 2
Underground mines, total	119	173	11, 524	10, 791	10, 666	11, 631	12, 194	11, 824	12, 223	11, 888	12, 151	11, 944	12, 142	11, 324	9,506	77.8
Below ground Surface			8, 439 3, 085	7, 852 2, 939	7, 777 2, 889	8, 549 3, 082	8, 988 3, 206	8, 038 3, 186	9, 038 3, 185	8, 732 3, 156	8, 917 3, 234	8, 736 3, 208	8, 927 3, 215	8, 266 3, 058	6, 844 2, 662	75.7 82.3
Other mines	19	21	337	223	247	280	307	331	326	400	421	403	412	376	320	53.0
Gold, lode, total	113	123	5, 079	4, 864	4, 846	4, 924	5, 058	5, 133	5, 218	5, 260	5, 188	5, 120	5, 163	5, 066	5, 108	92,1
Underground mines, total	106	116	4, 952.	4,769	4,753	4, 823	4, 950	5, 003	5, 071	5, 133	5, 036	4,958	5, 021	4, 920	4, 989	92.6
Below ground Surface			3, 406 1, 546	<i>3,270</i> 1,499	3, 272 1, 481	3, 312 1, 511	3, 387 1, 563	3, 436 1, 567	8, 458 1, 613	8, 523 1, 610	3, 435 1, 601	3, 407 1, 551	3, 467 1, 554	3, 418 1, 502	3, 484 1, 505	-92, 8 91, 8
Other mines	7	7	127	95	93	101	108	130	147	127	152	162	142	146	119	57.4
Silver, total	50	57	2, 451	2, 382	2, 431	2, 383	2, 411	2, 422	2, 530	2, 555	2, 502	2, 510	2, 540	2, 436	2, 306	90.3
Underground mines, total		55	2, 422	2, 382	2, 431	2, 383	2, 381	2, 392	2, 482	2, 507	2, 452	2, 460	2, 490	2, 410	2, 292	91, 4
Below ground Surface			1, 824 598	1, 818 564	1, 839 592	1, 794 589	1, 789 592	1, 790 602	1, 865 617	1, 900 607	1,842 610	1,858 602	1, 867 623	1, 810 606	1,710 582	90.0 90.5
Other mines	2	2	29				30	, 30	48	48	50	50	50	20	14	28.0
Gold, placer, total	24	29	534	508	500	508	579	543	544	552	542	533	530	536	533	86, 4

¹ Includes data for placer mines and for 30 enterprises operating as custom mills, and on dumps and old tailings,

GOLD, SILVER, COPPER, LEAD, AND ZINC

TABLE 21.-WAGE EARNERS, BY MONTHS, BY INDUSTRIES AND STATES: 1929

[The month of maximum employment is indicated by bold-faced figures and that of minimum employment by italic figures]

	Average		N	JMBER EM	IPLOYED (ON 15TH D	AY OF MO	NTH OR N	EAREST B	EPRESEN	TATIVE D.			Per
INDUSTRY AND STATE	number em- ployed during year	January	Febru- ary	March	Apri]	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	cent mini- mum is of maxi- mum
United States, total		75, 467	76, 598	79, 518	81, 676	81, 480	80, 448	80, 094	79, 449	78, 480	79, 843	79, 414	74,726	91, 5
Copper Lead Gold, lode Silver Gold, placer	44, 502 14, 007 11, 900 5, 353 2, 503 578	42, 375 13, 825 11, 053 5, 138 2, 524 552	43, 923 13, 486 10, 952 δ, 120 2, 573 δ44	45, 593 13, 700 11, 950 5, 198 2, 525 552	46, 837 13, 791 12, 540 5, 332 2, 553 623	46,850 13,878 12,194 5,407 2,564 587	44, 905 14, 203 12, 588 5, 492 2, 672 588	44, 714 14, 226 12, 327 5, 584 2, 697 596	43, 776 14, 370 12, 611 5, 402 2, 644 586	43, 201 14, 270 12, 386 5, 394 2, 652 577	44, 456 14, 101 12, 593 5, 437 2, 682 574	44, 924 14, 253 11, 739 5, 340 2, 578 580	42, 408 13, 980 9, 865 5, 382 2, 448 577	90, 4 93, 8 78, 2 92, 5 90, 8 87, 3
COPPER Arizona California Colorado	$15,564 \\904 \\513 \\103 \\7,834 \\10,508 \\2,098 \\2,288 \\2,288 \\3,160 \\810 \\$	$\begin{array}{c} 14,016\\785\\405\\161\\7,485\\10,809\\2,916\\2,209\\3,245\\756\end{array}$	14, 851 749 478 163 7, 510 10, 893 2, 948 2, 269 3, 378 <i>684</i>	15, 446 779 492 178 7, 709 11, 348 3, 002 2, 388 3, 508 745	16, 030 816 472 170 7, 746 11, 742 3, 214 2, 242 3, 601 744	16, 112 879 496 7, 737 11, 769 3, 009 2, 269 3, 602 759	16, 082 974 489 142 7, 747 10, 210 2, 759 2, 238 3, 476 788	$\begin{matrix} \textbf{16, 141} \\ \textbf{1, 083} \\ \textbf{494} \\ \textbf{159} \\ \textbf{7, 789} \\ \textbf{10, 046} \\ \textbf{2, 563} \\ \textbf{2, 300} \\ \textbf{3, 268} \\ \textbf{871} \end{matrix}$	$15, 839 \\ 1, 134 \\ 451 \\ 153 \\ 7, 909 \\ 9, 602 \\ 2, 394 \\ 2, 339 \\ 2, 976 \\ 889$	$15, 405 \\ 1, 140 \\ 467 \\ 160 \\ 7, 987 \\ 9, 802 \\ 2, 394 \\ 2, 253 \\ 2, 779 \\ 814$	$15,887 \\ 1,101 \\ 537 \\ 170 \\ 8,190 \\ 10,043 \\ 2,546 \\ 2,254 \\ 2,835 \\ 833 \\ $	15, 720 1, 193 650 174 8, 169 10, 752 2, 422 2, 257 2, 662 925	15, 240 1, 234 640 167 8, 033 <i>9, 484</i> <i>2, 213 £, 080 £, 471</i> 906	86. 8 60. 7 69. 4 80. 7 91. 4 80. 6 68. 9 87. 1 67. 5 73. 9
LEAD Arizona Colorado	3, 189 282 3, 773	246 737 3,325 356 3,643 354 223 80 387 3,924 550	142 773 3,089 357 <i>\$,624 241 89 390 3,918 543</i>	1467383,2083523,673 $336222913924,011531$	$\begin{array}{c} 224\\ 770\\ 3, 187\\ 359\\ 3, 732\\ 360\\ 231\\ 79\\ 383\\ 3, 933\\ 533\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 228\\ 758\\ 3,233\\ 278\\ 3,798\\ 367\\ 255\\ \gamma 6\\ 291\\ 4,062\\ 532\end{array}$	320 752 3,303 266 3,813 391 285 84 381 4,077 531	$\begin{array}{c} 326\\ 741\\ 3,329\\ 303\\ 3,857\\ 394\\ 287\\ 82\\ 457\\ 3,964\\ 486\end{array}$	355 708 3, 346 292 8, 860 404 290 85 401 4, 082 481	386 729 3, 187 275 3, 921 407 290 87 379 4, 120 483	412 731 2,977 217 3,875 390 305 88 470 4,141 405	$\begin{array}{r} 446\\ 697\\ 3,067\\ 213\\ 3,810\\ 403\\ 820\\ 88\\ 443\\ 4,272\\ 494\end{array}$	482 668 3, 013 122 3, 064 398 306 88 260 4, 493 502	20. 5 86. 4 89. 0 34. 0 92. 4 82. 6 69. 1 83. 5 53. 2 87. 2 87. 5
ZINC C olorado Kansas Missouri New Mexico Oklaboma Wisconsin Montana and Nevada Other States	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	165 514 2, 198 269 995 3, 899 279 1, 012 1, 922	227 328 2, 303 250 <i>976</i> 3, 670 282 1, 009 <i>1, 907</i>	251 302 2, 590 252 1, 030 4, 198 253 1, 032 1, 052	253 474 2,559 251 1,015 4,658 271 1,098 1,961	256 409 2,500 220 1,041 4,338 284 1,137 1,949	$\begin{array}{c} 255\\ 521\\ 2,680\\ 236\\ 1,029\\ 4,427\\ 284\\ 1,224\\ 1,932 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 254\\ 500\\ 2,496\\ 238\\ 1,049\\ 4,800\\ 311\\ 1,190\\ 1,989\end{array}$	241 499 2, 657 <i>216</i> 1, 024 4, 412 327 1, 221 2, 014	251 460 2, 548 291 1, 048 4, 210 327 1, 274 1, 068	235 531 2, 535 847 1, 098 4, 290 290 1, 279 1, 988	235 509 2, 429 343 1, 097 3, 960 <i>£49</i> 943 1, 974	235 503 1, 638 284 1, 029 <i>S</i> , 039 251 910 1, 976	64. 5 59. 1 61. 1 62. 2 88. 9 65. 2 76. 1 71. 1 94. 7
GOLD, LODE Arizona California Colorado Montana Neveda South Dakota Other States	- 127 - 1, 627 - 1, 497 - 196 - 363 - 1, 304 - 239	87 1, 550 1, 441 155 391 1, 295 <i>\$10</i>	91 1,518 1,445 155 379 1,320 212	1,460 114 390 - 1,312	127 1, 611 1, 499 164 395 1, 299 237	135 1, 587 1, 520 190 427 <i>1, 291</i> 251	154 1, 604 1, 517 213 431 1, 309 264	178 1, 623 1, 553 224 392 1, 310 254	164 1, 624 1, 563 215 308 1, 318 270	1131,6081,5112313111,295265	110 1,706 1,545 245 313 1,300 218	122 1,755 1,416 236 306 1,294 211	132 1, 696 1, 485 210 <i>\$04</i> 1, 299 256	48.9 86.5 90.6 46.5 70.5 97.8 77.8
SILVER California Colorado Montana Nevada Utah Other States	04 - 152 - 202 - 610 - 939	142 329 659 878	43 143 300 662 910 515	299 655 902	38 163 <i>\$\$</i> 7 658 918 549	<i>\$8</i> 174 232 636 925 564	41 184 272 652 989 534	42 189 284 669 998 520	57 153 286 628 980 540	03 156 342 564 975 522	113 157 368 551 948 555	121 136 201 521 941 568	113 99 288 461 912 575	27. 3 52. 4 63. 4 68. 9 88. 4 83. 8
GOLD, PLACER California Oregon Other States	491 41 46	27	488 25 <i>31</i>		517 53 53	471 54 62	469 57 62	490 55 51	506 48 32	500 46 <i>\$1</i>	492 27 55	38	497 33 47	90.7 42.1 50.0
<u> </u>									-	· ·				

GENERAL TABLES

States as a whole and for each State for which sepa- | enterprises.

Tables 22 and 23 present in detail, for 1929, statistics | rate figures can be given without disclosing, exactly relating to the metal-mining industries for the United | or approximately, the data reported by individual

TABLE 22 .- CONSUMPTION OF FUEL AND ELECTRIC ENERGY, BY INDUSTRIES, BY STATES: 1929

			F	UEL AND ELECTI	RIC ENERGY CO	NSUMED		
			F	luel			Electric	energy
INDUSTRY AND STATE	0	Joal			Gasoline and			Generated by
	Anthracite, tons (2,240 pounds)	Bituminous, tons (2,000 pounds)	Coke, tons (2,000 pounds)	Fuel oils, gallons	kerosene, gallons	Gas, natural, M cubic feet	Purchased, kilo- watt-hours	enterprises reporting, kilo- watt-hours
United States, total	64, 699	1, 309, 081	8, 482	94, 272, 872	1, 048, 609	922, 806	1, 565, 654, 575	904, 232, 918
Copper Lead Zine Gold, lode Silver Gold, placer	134 4,700 59,783 5 11	$1,008,821 \\131,059 \\46,859 \\119,278 \\5,424 \\140 \\140 \\140 \\$	7,859 382 15 208 18	89, 613, 817 970, 606 2, 021, 425 505, 967 1, 161, 157	$\begin{array}{r} 421, 317\\ 108, 402\\ 261, 701\\ 135, 738\\ 117, 261\\ 4, 250\end{array}$	132, 344 784, 183 6, 279	758, 119, 336 447, 702, 056 190, 948, 992 52, 427, 901 42, 838, 382 67, 617, 908	734, 614, 11 50, 718, 10 54, 746, 00 56, 636, 62 7, 302, 06 216, 00
COPPER alifornia olorado tichigan fichigan dontana dontana		3, 587 5, 325 7, 573	357 12 150 8 500	86, 742, 061 403, 155 83, 375 42, 000	179, 635 27, 044 1, 557 75, 743		$129, 638, 797 \\ 28, 509, 537 \\ 8, 196, 400 \\ 680, 000 \\ 11, 051, 051 \\ 050, 050 \\ 050,$	447, 780, 59 685, 75 70, 00
dichigan dontana Vevada Vew Mesico Jiah Dicher States	7	559, 783 78, 220 110, 566 180, 326 51, 423 9, 518	2,360 11 847 	170, 945 487, 145 1, 419, 154 246, 632 19, 350	76, 743 15, 510 36, 635 57, 060 28, 133		11, 341, 254 259, 332, 810 8, 487, 210 560, 243 294, 844, 338 16, 528, 747	132, 274, 86 931, 12 70, 281, 10 82, 640, 65
LEAD Jolorado daho Cansas Missourl Joutena		2, 893 11, 886 95 91, 249	143	322, 113 176, 726	1, 706 3, 140 10, 652 15, 000	67, 872	10, 185, 021 102, 690, 377 2, 594, 110 168, 645, 516 6, 551, 468 8, 756, 250	$\begin{array}{c} 3, 109, 20\\ 420, 96\\ 6, 362, 56\\ 40, 825, 38\end{array}$
Abolana Gontana Vevada Vew Mexico		212 12 248 	11 	15, 740 197, 469 160, 767 8, 000 89, 701 990	- 24, 623 12, 220 6, 870 20, 554	64, 472	6, 551, 468 3, 756, 250 4, 215, 163 126, 507, 243 16, 556, 002	
ZINC			} . }	2, 450				
bolorado dabo Kansas Aissouri Jew Moxico New Moxico Nelahoma Visconsin Jontana and Nevada Ubtar States	342 	1, 413 370 1, 553 2, 595 12, 123 6, 640 1, 011 11, 201 11, 201		2, 400 48, 007 12, 000 375, 203 1, 852, 019 15, 000 215, 846	37, 915 3, 500 2, 975 110, 922 8, 430	4, 764 545, 719	6, 886, 000 10, 150, 258 47, 304, 970 8, 604, 303 5, 004, 700 68, 785, 878 7, 128, 920 24, 290, 852 23, 787, 105	16, 208, 5
GOLD, LODE Arizona Jalifornin Solorado Montana Vevada Sevada Jouth Dakota Dther States			51 24	64, 481 160, 868 34, 367 131, 920	50, 994 17, 822 3, 910		1, 470, 760 26, 037, 318 13, 090, 458 3, 206, 750	265, 5 424, 4 8, 710, 8
		42, 930 1, 538		107, 506 6, 825	37, 970 6, 985	6.279	2, 523, 375	45. 822. 9
SILVER California Solorado Montana Nevada Utab Other States		155 935 708 3, 529 97	18	29, 154 327 602, 803 3, 500 525, 865	9,596		- - - - - - - - - - - - - -	5, 259, 4
GOLD, FLACER California Dregon Diher States		66 - 66 - 76			1,000 3,250		64, 317, 873 2, 491, 475 808, 560	il 216. (

GOLD, SILVER, COPPER, LEAD, AND ZINC

TABLE 23.-DETAILED STATISTICS FOR THE METAL-MINING INDUSTRIES, BY STATES: 1929

[This table presents statistics for each State for which it is possible to give separate figures without disclosing data for individual enterprises. Certain of the "Other States" (shown in *italics* in the footnotes to the table), however, were of greater importance in the industries than some of the States shown separately]

<u>an an a</u>			PERSONS	B ENGA	7ed in	THE INI	OUSTRY	-	PRIN	CIPAL EXPEN	ISES OF OPER	ATION AND	DEVELOPMEN	NT	
INDUSTRY AND	ner	Num- ber		Pro- prie-	Prin- cipal sala-	Other sala- ried	Wage		SE	laries and w	ages		Cost of su chased	pplies, fuel, a electric ener	and pur- gy
STATE	of enter- prises ¹	of mines ²	Total (all classes)	tors and firm mem- bers	ried offi- cers of cor- pora- tions ³	offl- cers and em- ploy- ces ³	earners (aver- age for the year)	Total	Principal officers of corpora- tions ³	Other sala- ried offi- cers and employees ²	Wage carners	Contract work	Supplies	Fuel	Purchased electric energy
United States, total.	4 719	850	85, 255	286	346	5, 690	78, 933	\$242, 695, 304	\$1, 539, 208	\$15, 649, 076	\$126, 343, 793	\$4, 944, 297	\$68, 862, 558	\$11, 305, 357	\$14, 051, 015
Copper Lead Gold, lode Silver Gold, placer	155 148 174	171 204 184 74	48,043 15,004 12,799 5,885 2,838 686	95	62 72 74 71 45 22	3, 403 872 800 372 175 68	44, 502 14, 007 11, 900 5, 353 2, 593 578	30, 593, 469 15, 724, 187 7, 499, 442	165, 085	2, 175, 806 2, 127, 881 966, 162 442, 103	73, 199, 785 22, 917, 435 16, 274, 339 8, 655, 505 4, 326, 719 970, 010	621.478	43, 995, 895 10, 377, 787 7, 965, 885 4, 112, 489 1, 820, 829 590, 173	9, 210, 052 680, 700 855, 305 436, 181 121, 698 1, 421	3, 733, 230 2, 369, 198 832, 617
COPPER Arizona California Colorado Idaho Michigan Montana Mortana Newada New Mexico Utah Other States ⁶		14 10	562 178 8, 313 11, 061 2, 994 2, 485 3, 484	4 3 8 9	4 4 19	545 278 213	994 513 163 7, 834 10, 508 2, 698 2, 258 3, 160	3, 283, 660 1, 471, 422 534, 838 18, 360, 389 28, 818, 548 10, 429, 058 7, 658, 530 18, 105, 653	17, 850 11, 325 148, 278 24, 483 102, 075 1, 550 1, 500	$\begin{array}{c} 138,798\\ 116,420\\ 22,575\\ 1,081,823\\ 2,327,790\\ 661,392\\ 526,869\\ 947,064\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 774,844\\279,307\\9,838,442\\18,731,854\\4,885,398\\3,409,479\\6,455,417\end{array}$	97, 274 48, 518 32, 962 15, 755 186, 809 18, 274	$\begin{array}{c}1,106,824\\814,080\\126,400\\4,692,488\\5,956,941\end{array}$	37, 112 39, 782 2, 397, 922 346, 410 846, 674	6, 931 168, 474 1, 415, 315 112, 154
LEAD Arizona Colorado Idaho Kansas Montana Nevada Nevada New Mexico Oklahoma Utah Other States 7		$egin{array}{cccc} 8 & 20 \ 8 & 32 \ 7 & 7 \ 8 & 15 \ 8 & 17 \ 9 & 10 \ 5 & 5 \ 6 & 6 \ 9 & 34 \ \end{array}$	787 3, 366 297 4, 173 418 312 90 412 4, 244	2 0 10 4 2	16 2 11 7 8 	154 11 383 22 30 8 18	733 3, 189 282 3, 773 379 270 85 85 390 4, 083	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	4, 500 90, 372 7, 000 80, 703 5, 842 50, 455	381, 280 23, 677 947, 480 51, 833 73, 031 8, 960 54, 124	5, 787, 889 349, 812 5, 900, 650 656, 642 498, 664 74, 071 528, 097 6, 691, 787	23, 249 29, 080 1, 689 12, 870 807, 558	259, 728 2, 574, 200 317, 328 322, 342 23, 734 280, 596	$\begin{array}{c} 23, 636\\ 22, 438\\ 104, 822\\ 27, 659\\ 306, 570\\ 15, 346\\ 28, 907\\ 4, 140\\ 36, 002\\ 86, 840\\ 24, 170\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 178, 662 \\ 701, 540 \\ 40, 636 \\ 1, 679, 163 \\ 48, 419 \\ 53, 636 \\ 73, 076 \\ 776, 504 \end{array}$
ZINC Colorado Kansas Missouri New Mexico Oklahoma Wotsana and Ne- vada Other States ⁸		1 14 8 9			2/	21 110 12 64 212 5 24	$\begin{array}{c} 459\\ 2,428\\ 260\\ 1,036\\ 4,117\\ 284\\ 7 1,111\end{array}$	1, 231, 062 6, 132, 446 565, 203 2, 663, 848 10, 936, 455 802, 235 2, 962, 634	95, 310 2, 800 1, 800 254, 973 10, 700	42,050 316,059 26,265 191,093 546,276 43,874 212,582	692,602 3,140,236 323,177 1,429,236 5,509,272 303,907 2 1,932,044	4,493 119,936 8,350 96,910 220,218 24,252 6 6	1, 685, 967 122, 326 782, 911 3, 248, 176 2, 202, 523 586, 047	3,900 107,004 18,882 64,043 17,021 5,817	67, 150 667, 274 63, 461 97, 343 831, 517 7 151, 108 181, 913
GOLD, LODE Arizona California Oolorado Montana. Nevada South Dakota 9 Other States 10	1 2	3 14 8 55 9 5 2 2 5 7 1	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$) 3(1 (7 (3 2) 3 ()	8 8: 3 4	1 80 1 11 1 14	1, 49 1, 19 19 19 36 36 1, 30	4, 462, 49 7 4, 451, 838 8 477, 82 3 1, 191, 05 4 036, 12	46, 50 67, 25 12, 83 0 25, 80	5 190, 792 0 260, 353 0 85, 393 0 90, 313 - 305, 243	2 2, 483, 593 7 2, 418, 32 8 270, 93 9 580, 19 7 2, 269, 10	3 379, 169 1 103, 271 1	2 1, 010, 733 1 996, 078 124, 00 399, 933 1, 315, 87	2 20, 550 3 231, 320 3 2, 698 2 19, 365	3 381,161 3 315,235 8 31,969 2 75,456 7
SILVER California Colorado Montana Nevada Utah Other States ¹¹			$egin{array}{cccc} 3 & 7! \\ 6 & 10! \\ 4 & 33: \\ 4 & 68: \\ 1 & 98! \\ 6 & 58! \end{array}$	8	4 1 8 1 4 1 5	4 (5 2)	3 15 2 29 1 610 5 93	2 344, 83 2 832, 26 0 2, 851, 96 9 2, 418, 28	2 9,02 3 18,60 9 63,55	0 13, 36 5 21, 40 0 50, 02 0 176, 05 0 78, 17 0 103, 08	$\begin{array}{cccc} 2&200,01\\ 3&509,84\\ 2&1,124,83\\ 4&1,628,96 \end{array}$	0 24,98 0 95,01 4 5,23	4 72, 85 2 170, 96 9 554, 86	7 3,260 9 8,964 4 58.510	5 48,884 0 279,144
GOLD, PLACER California Oregon Other States ¹³		22 2 4 6	7 580 4 40 6 60	6	4 1	6 59 1 5		1 138,86	3 2,40	0 172, 14 0 7, 35 0 4, 24	1 839, 21 0 77, 91 0 52, 88	2 8 1,05 0 65	547, 90 8 22, 40 0 19, 87	3 0 29 0 1, 12	560, 799 5 27, 442 6 15, 697

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 23.-DETAILED STATISTICS FOR THE METAL-MINING INDUSTRIES, BY STATES: 1929-Continued

[See note at head of this table]

	1	1					note at							-					
	Ex- pend- itures		Machin-		PRIME N	tovers	AND EL	ECTRIC	MOTORS	DRIV	EN BY I	PURCH.	ASED EN	TERGY			ectric otors		
	for de- velop- ment	an a	ory and other equip-					Priz	ne move	rs					ectric	driv en	ergy		etric
INDUSTRY AND STATE	(in- clud- ed in princi- pal ex-	Value of products 18	ment pur- chased during the year (total	Aggre- gate horse- power	Total horse- power of		eam gines		eam bines	comb	ernal- ustion ines	and	r wheels water bines	driv pur	otors 7en by chased lergy	by pris	erated enter- ses re- rting	gene	rators
	penses, thou- sands)		cost)		prime movers	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Kilo- watts
United States, total				1,178,580	14502,550	510	179, 420	115	231, 681	602	70, 686	61	20, 763	17, 154	676, 030	6, 634	328, 733	203	18230,678
Copper Lead Gold, lode Silver Gold placer	22, 151 5, 606 2, 506 3, 739 1, 902 76	283, 517, 373 67, 561, 778 44, 866, 026 17, 650, 174 8, 457, 263 3, 779, 241	$\begin{matrix} 13,083,523\\1,903,966\\1,847,978\\1,084,523\\423,704\\359,497\end{matrix}$	701, 791 194, 380 163, 357 69, 829 28, 943 20, 280	360, 863 38, 234 55, 829 31, 486 9, 549 589	326 43 33 80 12 16	156, 639 7, 618 6, 019 7, 586 1, 169 389	7	189, 123 19, 336 18, 252 4, 870 100	142 84 203 03 50	7, 813 30, 758 4, 309	8 12 5 31 1 4	3,467 800 14,721	4,370	334, 928 156, 146 107, 528 38, 343 19, 394 19, 691	4, 726 411 740 614 138 5	17, 206	108 27 25 24 16 3	173, 765 20, 703 19, 687 14, 472 2, 021 30
COPPER Arizona California Colorado Idaho Montana š New Mexico Utah Other States §	473 325	13, 293, 420 46, 227, 987	65, 351 6, 537 53, 780 713, 520 503, 281 1, 436, 530 844, 976	$192,753\\14,293\\0,491\\1,971\\181,598\\144,895\\43,600\\53,687\\105,058\\7,450$	$148,801\\540\\356\\1,090\\122,227\\6,625\\31,381\\53,092\\780\\1,971$	64 1 1 63 8 5 56 3 21	$\begin{array}{c} 28,827\\ 100\\ 56\\ 640\\ 85,237\\ 6,025\\ 4,054\\ 29,825\\ 360\\ 915 \end{array}$	17 18 5 54	104, 943 36, 990 24, 005 23, 125	$100 \\ 4 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 12 \\ 5 \\ 3 \\ 15 \\ 15 \\ 100 \\$	15, 031 40 300 450 2, 762 142 420 581	1 2 	400 	$1, 176 \\ 308 \\ 284 \\ 21 \\ 227 \\ 1, 262 \\ 182 \\ 12 \\ 4, 361 \\ 205 \\ 12 \\ 12 \\ 12 \\ 12 \\ 12 \\ 12 \\ 12 \\ 1$	12,219 595	2, 740 	165, 164 	1 3	98, 295 400 386 28, 560 100 24, 975 21, 045
LEAD													-						
Arizona	201 377 791 20 824 205 351 13 18 2, 693 164	770, 543 2, 946, 136 17, 400, 861 1, 122, 822 22, 955, 417 1, 581, 577 535, 343 96, 322 1, 508, 124 17, 249, 862 1, 394, 771	$114, 612 \\ 159, 273 \\ 650, 257 \\ 1, 023 \\ 54, 000 \\ 30, 572 \\ 238, 673 \\ 3, 500 \\ 24, 771 \\ 591, 019 \\ 26, 360 \\ 100 \\$	$\begin{array}{c} 1,017\\ 6,851\\ 55,836\\ 3,559\\ 80,432\\ 3,250\\ 2,240\\ 518\\ 4,281\\ 30,178\\ 5,318\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1,017\\ 931\\ 5,987\\ 2,010\\ 21,911\\ 5885\\ 650\\ 518\\ 1,380\\ 1,642\\ 703\\ \end{array}$	1 6 1 7 4 1 1 2 9 11	22 302 200 4, 215 400 60 8 170 1, 630 611	2 7	2,000	15 1 9 16 3 12 8 12 2 3	1,895 225 724 2,010 360 185 590 510 1,210 1,210 12 92	2 10	404 3, 063	157 1, 575 50 1, 466 118 111 67 607 159	5, 920 49, 849 1, 549 58, 521 2, 665 1, 590 2, 901 28, 586 4, 615	37 75 298 1	672 1, 200 14, 545 5	5 6 14 2	775 1, 235 18, 661 32
ZINC	105	000 500	0.710																
Colorado Idaho Kansas Missouri New Mexico Oklahoma Wisconsin Montana and Ne- vada Other States ⁸	125 210 258 34 714 344 36 477 308		8,746 44,542 337,470 81,225 163,008 552,467 4,394 60,138 594,998	4,069 3,743 33,840 4,456 8,102 57,558 4,523 16,004 31,062	55 750 8, 414 1, 760 6, 219 19, 220 810 18, 601	0 10 2 7 8	600 801 190 625 3, 803	2	4,000	1 82 11 14 126 4	15 7, 814 959 2, 219 19, 030	1 8	40 750	27 64 048 45 58 979 160 288	4,014 2,993 25,426 2,696 1,883 38,338 4,523 15,194	234 177 7	4, 195 4, 466 55	13 13 8 4	4, 120 4, 800 132
GOLD, LODE		0,000,200	001,000	01,002	10,001	0	a, aua	0	14, 252	25	536	T	10	308	12, 461	322	8, 490	5	10, 635
Arizona California Oclorado Montana Nevada South Dakota ⁹ Other States ¹⁰	217 897 278 1, 401 90 433 423	287, 536 3, 940, 925 4, 057, 060 443, 806 1, 568, 698 6, 591, 144 761, 005	41, 831 187, 620 046, 720 46, 409 23, 906 138, 037	2, 935 23, 102 11, 414 2, 015 5, 620 21, 530 3, 213	1, 358 2, 465 3, 015 437 1, 733 21, 530 948	12 35 7 2 17 4 3	368 962 1, 150 15 669 4, 350 72	1 1 2	20 1, 250 3, 600	4 21 3 7 18 3 7	990 502 150 422 1, 064 1, 080 101	11 6 9 5	981 465 12, 500 775	64 462 350 64 116 63	1, 577 20, 637 8, 399 1, 578 3, 887 2, 265	45 5 163 12 381 8	1 080 110 4, 693 800 15, 733 295	8 1 8 2 7 3	624 175 1, 348 400 11, 400 525
SILVER California Oolorado Montana Nevada Utah Other States "	36 129 284 887 682 384	214, 684 303, 251 1, 030, 622 1, 863, 346 3, 305, 749 1, 739, 611	10, 816 19, 410 36, 642 163, 304 07, 331 96, 201	1, 275 1, 879 3; 611 14, 826 2, 511 4, 841	225 480 115 5,550 215 2,958	2 2 4 6	300 215 654	1 	100	3 2 3 13 29	225 80 115 5, 356 2, 304	i 	200	27 68 97 337 62 36	1, 050 1, 399 3, 496 9, 270 2, 296 1, 883	 40 98	1, 085 1, 579	 5 11	850 1, 171
GOLD, PLACER California Oregon Other States ¹²	37 11 28	3, 469, 595 217, 220 92, 426	316, 806 10, 344 32, 347	17, 671 1, 438 1, 171	349 200 40	15 1	349 40					.4	200	368 29 26	17, 322 1, 238 1, 131	5	25	3	30

1 See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—The Enterprise.
2 See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—The Enterprise.
3 See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—The Enterprise.
3 Not including data for salaries; Oregon, 2; Ternessee, 2; Texas, 2; Vermont, 1; Washington, 1; Wyoming, 1.
4 Arizona, 1 enterprises; Oregon, 2; Ternessee, 4; Utah, 1; Virginia, 1; Washington, 1.
9 Blown by special permission of the operators.
10 Indudo, 7 enterprises; North Carolina, 2; Oregon, 3; Utah, 8; Washington, 2.
11 Arizona, 1 enterprises; North Carolina, 2; Washington, 2.
12 Arizona, 1 enterprises; North Carolina, 2; Washington, 2.
13 See GENERAL ENTERANTIONS—The Mexico, 1; Washington, 1.
13 See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS.
14 Includes 35,814 kilowatt capacity reported for inactive generators in industries as follows: Copper, 32,208; lead, 3,250; zinc, 7,288; gold, lode, 440; and silver, 4,106.

MINES AND QUARRIES-IRON ORE

INTRODUCTION

Scope of the report.—This report gives the results of the census of mines and quarries for 1929 for the iron-ore-mining industry. It shows the progress of the industry by comparison of the results of the census for 1929 with those for the last three preceding censuses of mines and quarries; the geographic distribution of the industry by States; the size of operating enterprises; power equipment, by kind, number, and capacity; time in operation for enterprises and length of working week for wage earners; the numbers of persons engaged in the industry, classified as proprietors and firm members, salaried officers and employees, and wage earners; and fuel consumption, by kind. It includes also a table presenting statistics in detail for the United States as a whole and for those States for which separate figures can be given without disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises.

The statistics which follow cover the production of all kinds of iron ore, as well as manganiferous ore and low-grade manganese ore containing less than 35 per cent of manganese.

A considerable portion of the iron ore produced must be improved by some process of washing, or crushing and concentrating, or sintering, before the material can be used most advantageously. Such beneficiation was practiced by more than one-fourth of the mines reported for 1929, and approximately 12 per cent¹ of the product had been so treated. The statistics herein presented, relating primarily to iron-ore mining, cover also the operation of beneficiating plants.

In previous censuses an operator was permitted to file one return covering all mines operated by him within a given State. In consequence, data for openpit and underground mines, as well as for mines of various sizes, were often combined in a single return, and it was, therefore, impossible to make certain desirable statistical presentations. In the census for 1929 operators were requested to make separate returns for individual mines instead of for groups of mines, whenever practicable, and accordingly it has been possible to present separate statistics for underground and open-pit mines, in size groupings, for the important iron-mining States. These statistics should prove particularly valuable for comparative and analytical purposes.

The number of enterprises, 180, represents the number of individual returns received, not the number of individual operators. In fact, in most cases a separate return was filed for each mine operated, as requested by the Bureau. The number of individual operators is, therefore, considerably smaller than the number of enterprises shown.

The iron-ore industry ranked fourth in value of products among the mining industries canvassed in the census for 1929, being outranked only by the bituminous-coal, the anthracite, and the copper industries. The total value of all products reported by the iron-ore mining industry (\$197,334,548) was 8.2 per cent of the total value of products of all mining industries (\$2,392,831,178) in 1929; and the number of wage earners employed in producing iron-ore mining enterprises (28,516) constituted 3.5 per cent of the total number of wage earners (806,418) in producing mining enterprises in the United States.

Method of reporting quantity and value of products.—The schedules used in this census called for data on the quantities of ore mined or concentrates recovered in 1929, to which other statistics given in the report apply. Data for ore mined and stock-piled are included in the production figures, whereas those for ore shipped from stocks mined in the previous year are omitted.

Table 1 gives figures for production and for shipments of iron ore as reported by the United States Bureau of Mines and those for production as reported by the Bureau of the Census. The differences are accounted for principally by the inclusion in the census figures, but not in the Bureau of Mines figures, of data for manganiferous ore except that reported in connection with high-grade manganese production.

¹ Mineral Resources of the United States, 1929-United States Bureau of Mines.

TABLE 1.—COMPARISON OF PRODUCTION AS REPORTED BY BUREAU OF THE CENSUS AND BY BUREAU OF MINES, FOR THE UNITED STATES: 1929

	BUREAU OF	THE CENSUS	ана () село а село в	BUREAU OF MINES	e da Artika de California.
STATE	Iron ore	produced	Iron ore mined	Iron ore	shipped
DIAIL	Quantity (tons, 2,240 pounds)	Value	Quantity (tons, 2,240 pounds)	Quantity (tons, 2,240 pounds)	Value
United States	73, 963, 485	\$196, 085, 542	73, 027, 720	75, 602, 784	\$197, 148, 640
Alabama Michigan Minnsota New Jersey	6, 424, 478 15, 238, 409 46, 815, 208 281, 331	11, 498, 577 42, 960, 944 124, 725, 908 1, 141, 971	6, 453, 075 15, 456, 397 45, 760, 858 281, 327	6, 637, 299 16, 838, 568 46, 470, 243 285, 115	12, 575, 113 47, 597, 970 121, 776, 312 1, 157, 848
New York Pennsylvania Wisconsin Other States	823, 543 1, 093, 133 1, 618, 103 1, 669, 280	4, 515, 586 4, 394, 869	1, 608, 571	875, 564 1, 151, 130 1, 789, 721 1, 555, 094	3, 941, 98 2, 382, 83 4, 848, 97 2, 867, 58

¹ Mineral Resources of the United States, 1929.

Nonproducing mines (Table 2).--Nonproducing mines (development only) operated as separate enterprises represented only a very small part of the ironore mining industry. The number of wage earners employed was equal to less than four-tenths of 1 per cent of the number employed in producing enterprises, while the expenditures for development work by these

enterprises was equal to only 3.4 per cent of the corresponding expenditures of producing enterprises and less than one-half of 1 per cent of the aggregate expenditures for all purposes reported for producing enterprises. The statistics for nonproducing enterprises are not included in any of the other tables in this report.

TABLE 2 .--- SUMMARY FOR NONPRODUCING ENTERPRISES, FOR THE UNITED STATES: 1929

[No data for nonproducing iron-ore enterprises are included in any other table in this report]

Number of enterprises. Number of mines. Persons engaged, total. Salaried officers and employees. Wage earners (average for the year)		horsepower	\$337, 000 \$422, 268 1, 820
Salaried officers and employees Wage earners (average for the year) Principal expenses:		cost Prime movers and electric motors driven by purchased energy, total horsepower	••
Wages. Supplies, fuel, and purchased electric energy	\$83, 942 \$144, 793 \$155, 683	Prime movers Electric motors driven by purchased energy	105 1, 715

PROGRESS OF THE INDUSTRY

Summary for the United States: 1902-1929 (Table 3).—This table presents, for producing iron-ore mines as a whole, the principal statistics as reported at the last four censuses of mines and quarries. It shows a pronounced increase in production between 1902 and 1909, followed by smaller and fairly uniform increases during the two 10-year periods following. As between 1919 and 1929, all items in the table show decreases except four-rating of power equipment, cost of purchased electric energy, quantity of products, and value of "Other products." The decrease in the number of mines represents mainly the elimination of many smaller and high-cost mines, as well as exhaustion in other cases. The decreases in the "Principal expenses" items and in the value of products are due largely to the lower price levels that prevailed in 1929.

TABLE 3 .- SUMMARY FOR THE UNITED STATES: 1902-1929

[This and all following tables cover producing enterprises only]

	1929	1919	1909	1902		NT OF INCREA ECREASE ()	
					1919-1929	1909-1919	1902-1909
Number of enterprises ¹ Number of mines	180 208	290 406	300 483	332 525	-37.9 -48.8	-3, 3 -15, 9	9.7 8.0
Persons engaged, total	30, 998	48, 767	50, 191		37, 0	-2.8	
Proprietors and firm members	9 2, 473 28, 616	41 2, 985 45, 741	76 2, 870 47, 245	(²) 2, 405 38, 851	$(^{8})$ -17, 2 -37, 7	(³) 4.0 -3.2	19.3 21.6
Power equipment, total horsepower	495, 821	370, 859	346, 534	119, 558	34. 5	7.0	189, 8
Principal expenses, total ⁴	\$77, 310, 534	\$121,804,323	\$53, 049, 977	\$33, 075, 922		129.6	60.4
Salaries 4 Wages Contract work	\$6, 351, 402 \$40, 905, 190 \$1, 553, 134	\$6, 036, 660 \$75, 713, 459 \$1, 671, 783	\$3, 389, 962 \$29, 781, 456 \$2, 698, 842	\$2, 113, 230 \$21, 581, 792 \$425, 292	8, 4 46, 0 7, 1	104. 6 154. 7 -38. 1	60.4 38.1 534.6
Supplies and materials Fuel Purchasod electric energy	\$18, 561, 157 \$5, 332, 103 \$4, 607, 488	\$27, 187, 832 \$8, 700, 358 \$1, 594, 231	\$12, 597, 428 \$4, 632, 289	7 \$9, 005, 608	31.7 38.7 189.0	115.8 } 122.2	91, 3
Value of products, total 8.	\$197, 334, 548	\$218, 217, 905	\$109, 881, 000	\$65, 465, 821	9.6	98.6	67.8
Iron ore— Quantity (tons, 2,240 pounds) Value at mine Other products ¹⁰	73, 963, 485 \$196, 085, 542 \$1, 249, 006	61, 173, 254 \$217, 949, 311 \$268, 594	51, 947, 129 \$109, 473, 000 \$408, 000	35, 567, 410 (⁴) (²)	20. 9 10. 0 365. 0	17.8 99.0 34.2	46. 1

See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS-The Enterprise.

Not reported.

Not reported.
Per cent not computed where base is less than 100.
Includes data for salarled officers and employees of "Central Administrative" offices. (See Table 20.)
See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—Persons Engaged.
See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—Expenses.
Not including cost of purchased electric energy, probably a negligible amount for that year.
See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—Value of Products.
Represents value of production during the year and differs from figures given in Tables 6 and 24 in General Report, which represent value of iron ore sold or used.
Miscellaneous secondary products, and receipts for services performed for others and for power sold.

Principal statistics, by States (Table 4).-The greatest increase in production from 1919 to 1929 shown for any State is that for Minnesota, which amounted to 10,556,725 tons, or 82.5 per cent of the total increase for the country, notwithstanding a decrease of 39.7 per cent in the number of mines in that State. Alabama and Wisconsin also record large gains, while Michigan and New York show declines. Virginia failed to report a single enterprise producing iron ore in 1929, after a long period of production. The figures indicate an increase in the average output per wage earner between 1919 and 1929 for every State for which figures are given. The output per wage earner in Minnesota was more than twice as large in 1929 as in 1919.

TABLE 4SUMMARY	BY	STATES:	1929,	1919,	AND	1909	
----------------	----	---------	-------	-------	-----	------	--

STATE	Census year	Num- ber of enter- prises 1	Num- ber of mines	Wage earners (aver- age for the year) ²	Wages	Supplies, fuel, and purchased electric energy	Contract work	Value of products ^g	Iron ore produced (tons, 2,240 pounds)	A verago value per ton 4	Horse- power rating of power equip- ment
United States	1929 1919 1909	180 290 300	208 400 483	28, 516 45, 741 47, 245	\$40, 905, 190 75, 713, 459 29, 731, 456	\$28, 500, 748 37, 482, 421 17, 229, 717	\$1, 553, 134 1, 671, 783 2, 698, 842	\$197, 334, 548 218, 217, 905 \$ 109, 881, 000	73, 963, 485 61, 173, 254 51, 947, 129	\$2, 65 \$3, 56 \$2, 12	498, 821 370, 859 346, 534
Per cent of increase or decrease (): 1919-1929- 1909-1919-		-37.9 -3.3	-48.8 -15.9	-37.7 -3.2	46.0 154.7	-24.0 117.5	-7.1 -38.1	9.6 98.6	20.9 17.8	-25.6 67.9	34.5 7.0
Minnesota	1919	75 89	85 141	10,078 16,236 14,978	16, 038, 428 28, 333, 475	12, 762, 404 18, 385, 513 8, 548, 861	1, 473, 841 1, 444, 256 2, 157, 075	125, 333, 930 128, 377, 174 . 58, 838, 000	46, 815, 208 36, 258, 483 29, 127, 918	\$2.68 \$3.54 \$2.02	184,042 135,924 145,068
Per cent of increase or decrease (): 1019-1929	1909	46 (⁶) (⁶)	101 39.7 39.6	-37.9 8.4	11, 068, 652 43, 4 156, 0	8, 548, 861 	2, 157, 075 2. 0 -33. 0	- 58, 838, 000 2.4 118.2	29, 127, 918 29, 1 24, 5	\$2.02 24.9 75.2	35.4 -6.3
Michigan	1919 1909	49 65 44	57 100 83	8,894 16,160 14,989	13, 049, 659 32, 186, 404 10, 668, 069	7, 740, 490 11, 283, 720 4, 909, 979	16, 305 23, 580 436, 148	43, 194, 938 60, 906, 692 32, 380, 000	15, 238, 409 15, 410, 494 11, 992, 693	\$2, 82 \$3, 94 \$2, 70	173, 477 142, 559 108, 427
Per cent of increase or decrease (-): 1919-1929		(6) (6)	-43.0 (⁶)	45. 0 7. 8	59.5 201.7	31, 4 129, 8	30.9 94.6	-29.1 88.1	-1.1 28.5	-28.4 45.9	$\begin{array}{c} 21.7\\31.5\end{array}$
Alabama	1929 1919 1909	13 39 41	18 48 52	5,336 6,485 5,176	5, 637, 402 6, 810, 301 2, 698, 948	2, 924, 557 2, 548, 666 1, 100, 591	2, 479 74, 498 5, 700	$\begin{array}{c} 11,777,914\\ 12,291,760\\ 5,391,000 \end{array}$	6, 424, 478 5, 053, 035 4, 687, 468	\$1, 79 \$2, 43 \$1, 15	61, 442 36, 890 31, 838
Per cont of increase or decrease (): 1019-1920 1909-1919		(6) (6)	(6) (6)	-17.7 25.3	-17.2 152.3	14.7 131.6	-96.7 1,207.0	-4.2 128.0	27.1 7.8	-26.3 111.3	66. 6 15. 9
Wisconsin	1919	3 6 7	3 8 11	948 1,145 1,261	1, 405, 166 1, 872, 621 870, 977	822, 430 711, 796 442, 182	81, 963 20, 600	4, 394, 869 3, 826, 872 2, 886, 000	1, 618, 103 1, 062, 948 975, 016	\$2, 72 \$3, 60 \$2, 96	16, 983 6, 732 8, 975
Per cent of increase or decrease (-): 1919-1920 1909-1919		(6) (6)	(⁶) (⁶)	-17.2 -9.2	-25.0 115.0	15.5 61.0	55, 2	14. 8 32. 6	52, 2 9, 0	-24.4 21.6	152.3 -25.0
Pennsylvania 7 Per cent of increase, 1909-1929	1909	(⁸) ⁴	(⁶) ¹⁹	680 540 25, 9	958, 847 167, 033 474. 0	1, 848, 104 110, 800 1, 563, 5	50, 994	4, 515, 586 792, 000 470. 1	1,093,133 665,642 64.2		16, 448 3, 971 314. 2
New York.	1919 1909	5 7 14	5 7 19	974 1,811 2,082	1, 416, 581 2, 365, 595 1, 001, 025	1, 164, 139 1, 953, 590 756, 814	44, 778 20, 632	3, 554, 606 5, 264, 443 3, 741, 000	823, 543 868, 995 1, 238, 720	\$6.00	24, 471 21, 172 22, 520
Per cent of increase or decrease (); 1919-1929 1909-1919		(0) (6)	(6) (0)	-46.2 -13.0	-40.1 136.3	-40.4 158.1	117.0	32.5 40.7	-5.2 -29.8	-29, 8 98, 7	15.6 6.0
New Jersey ? Per cent of increase or decrease (—), 1909–1929	1909	(⁶)	4 (۵)	361 1,949 81, 5	595, 079 840, 967 -29, 2	383, 527 368, 075 4, 2	18, 435	1, 161, 159 1, 584, 000 —20. 7	281, 331 536, 958 47. 6	\$4.06 \$2,95 37.6	8, 741 6, 585 32, 7
Virginia ⁸ Per cent of increase or decrease (1909	21 44 (⁶)	22 58 (⁶)	623 2,772 77.5	652, 826 843, 006 -22, 6	290, 122 325, 242 —10. 8	945	1, 186, 127 1, 692, 000 -29, 9	304, 524 841, 709 —63. 8	\$2,01	2, 304 6, 458 04. 3
Other States	9 1929 10 1919 11 1909	27 03 79	31 80 130	1, 245 3, 281 3, 498	1, 804, 028 3, 492, 237 1, 572, 779	800,007 2,309,014 667,173	42,074 52,708 6,748	3, 401, 546 6, 364, 837 2, 577, 000	1, 669, 280 2, 214, 775 1, 881, 005	\$2.04 \$2.87 \$1.37	13, 217 25, 278 12, 692

See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—The Enterprise.
See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—The Enterprise.
See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—Total e of Products.
Based on value of iron ore only.
See footnote 9, Table 3.
Per cent not computed where base is less than 100.
No data available for 1910.
No data available for 1910.
No data available for 1910.
Colorado, 3 onterprises; Goorgia, 3; Missouri, 6; Montana, 1; Nevada, 2; Now Mexico, 2; North Carolina, 1; Tennessee, 4; Utah, 3; Washington, 1; Wyoming, 1.
Orado, 3 onterprises; Goorgia, 3; Missouri, 6; Montana, 1; Nevada, 2; Mow Mexico, 2; North Carolina, 1; Messouri, 8; Montana, 2; New Jersey, 5; New Mexico, 5; North Carolina, 6; Pennsylvania, 5; Tennessee, 10; Utah, 2; Washington, 1; Wyoming, 1.
Mothorado, 1 enterprise; Connecticut, 1; Georgia, 9; Idaho, 1; Maryland, 1; Massachusetts, 1; Missouri, 8; Montana, 2; New Jersey, 5; New Mexico, 5; North Carolina, 6; Pennsylvania, 5; Tennessee, 10; Tennessee

127185-33-21

Increase in population and in production of iron ore, pig iron, and steel: 1879-1929 (Table 5) .-- The production of iron ore per capita was more than four and one-half times as large in 1929 as in 1879 and nearly doubled during each of the first and second periods shown. During the last two decades the rate of increase in iron-ore production was only slightly larger than that in population, the increase per capita during each of these periods being only two-hundredths of a ton. Over the entire period from 1879 to 1929 the

rate of increase in the per capita production of pig iron has been greater than the corresponding rate for iron ore, while the rate for steel ingots and steel castings has exceeded that for pig iron. The growth of steel production during the later periods reflects an increasing use of scrap materials, which have displaced considerable quantities of pig iron and, in turn, their equivalent tonnages of iron ore. The figures for pig iron and steel include data for production from imported as well as domestic materials.

TABLE 5.—INCREASE IN POPULATION AND IN PRODUCTION OF IRON ORE, PIG IRON, AND STEEL, FOR THE UNITED STATES: 1879-1929

	FOPULATI	N	IRC	N ORE		PIC	IRON		STEEL INGOTS AN	ND STEEL C	ASTINGS
YEAR	Number	Per cent of increase over pre- ceding census	Tons (2,240 pounds)	Per cent of increase over pre- ceding census	Ton- nage per capita	Tons 1 (2,240 pounds)	Per cent of increase over pre- ceding census	Ton- nage per capita	Tons ¹ (2,240 pounds)	Per cent of increase over pre- ceding census	Ton- nage per capita
1879 1889 1902	2 50, 155, 783 2 62, 947, 714 4 79, 365, 000	25, 6 26, 1	6, 307, 883 14, 518, 041 35, 567, 410		0, 13 0, 23 0, 45	⁸ 2, 741, 853 ⁸ 7, 603, 642 17, 549, 706	177.3 130.8	0, 05 0, 12 0, 22	935, 273 3, 385, 732 14, 947, 250	202. 0 341. 5	0, 02 0, 05 0, 19
1909 1919 1929	2 91, 972, 266 2 105, 710, 620 2 122, 775, 046	15.9 14.9 16.1	51, 947, 129 61, 173, 254 73, 963, 485	46. 1 17. 8 20. 9	0, 56 0, 58 0, 60	25, 437, 283 30, 542, 808 41, 757, 215	44. 9 20, 1 36. 7	0, 28 0, 29 0, 34	23, 955, 021 34, 671, 232 56, 433, 473	60. 3 44. 7 62. 8	0, 26 0, 33 0, 46

1 From Annual Statistical Report of American Iron and Steel Institute. (These figures are used because comparable census figures are not available for all years covered by the table.)
 ^a As enumerated in following year.
 ^a Includes data for ferro-alloys.
 ⁴ Estimated.

Production of iron ore, by States (Tables 6 and 7).-Table 6, compiled from the reports of the United States Geological Survey for the period 1879-1923, and from those of the United States Bureau of Mines for the

years from 1924 to 1929, shows the production of iron ore in each State for which separate figures can be given without disclosing data for individual enterprises.

TABLE 6.-PRODUCTION OF IRON ORE, BY STATES: 1879-1929 1

	THOUSANDS OF TONS (2,240 POUNDS)											THOUSA	NDS OF '	IONS (2,	240 POU	NDS)			
YEAR	United States	Minne- sota	Michi- gan	Wis- con- sin	Ala- bama	New York	Penn- sylva- nia	New Jer- sey	Other States	YEAR	United States	Minne- sota	Michi- gan	Wis- con- sin	Ala- bama	New York	Penn- sylva- nia	New Jer- sey	Other States
1879 1889 1890 1891 1802 1893	7, 120 14, 518 16, 036 14, 591 16, 297 11, 588	865 892 945 1, 255 1, 500	1, 641 5, 856 7, 142 6, 127 7, 544 4, 608	37 837 949 589 790 439	171 1, 570 1, 898 1, 987 2, 312 1, 742	1, 127 1, 248 1, 253 1, 017 891 534	1,951 1,560 1,362 1,273 1,084 698	676 416 496 526 405 356	1, 517 2, 106 2, 044 2, 127 1, 956 1, 651	1909 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914	43 877	28, 975 31, 967 24, 645 34, 432 38, 659 21, 947	11,900 13,304 10,329 11,191 12,841 10,796	1,068 1,150 699 860 1,018 887	4, 321 4, 801 3, 828 4, 564 5, 216 4, 839	1,015 1,287 1,001 1,217 1,460 786	667 740 538 517 489 406	544 522 406 365 325 350	2, 801 3, 244 2, 311 2, 004 1, 072 -1, 429
1894 1895 1896 1897 1897 1898	15 052	2, 968 3, 860 4, 284 5, 601 5, 964	4, 419 5, 812 5, 707 6, 087 7, 347	348 649 607 554 510	1, 493 2, 199 2, 042 2, 099 2, 402	243 307 385 336 180	532 900 748 724 773	277 282 265 254 275	1, 600 1, 943 1, 967 1, 863 1, 983	1915 1916 1917 1918 1918 1919	75, 289	83, 405 44, 585 44, 595 41, 954 36, 001	12, 515 18, 071 17, 869 16, 899 15, 439	1,095 1,305 1,202 1,089 1,087	5, 309 6, 748 7, 088 5, 755 5, 053	999 1, 343 1, 304 906 871	363 559 547 523 627	415 493 490 423 404	1, 365 2, 064 2, 244 2, 109 1, 483
1899 1900 1901 1902 1903	27, 553 28, 887	8, 161 9, 834 11, 110 15, 138 15, 371	9, 146 9, 927 9, 654 11, 135 10, 600	580 746 739 784 675	2, 663 2, 759 2, 802 3, 574 3, 685	444 441 420 555 540	1,009 878 1,041 823 645	256 344 402 442 485	2, 424 2, 624 2, 719 3, 103 3, 018	1920 1921 1922 1923 1924	67, 604 29, 491 47, 129 69, 351 54, 267	89, 453 17, 811 28, 769 44, 348 31, 902	17, 511 7, 283 10, 454 14, 174 12, 351	981 257 577 871 690	5, 894 2, 876 5, 235 6, 783 6, 994	920 470 444 542 256	734 147 781 993 807	482 59 90 808 65	1, 670 588 770 1, 332 1, 202
1904 1905 1906 1907 1907 1908	42, 526 47, 750 51, 721	12, 729 21, 735 25, 364 28, 970 18, 652	7, 090 10, 886 11, 823 11, 830 8, 839	483 859 848 839 734	3, 700 8, 783 3, 995 4, 039 3, 784	842 1, 140 1, 042 1, 375 697	397 809 949 837 443	500 526 543 550 395	1, 903 2, 788 3, 186 3, 281 2, 489	1925 1926 1927 1928 1928	61.741	34, 856 40, 702 35, 461 87, 584 45, 761	14, 401 15, 248 15, 075 13, 677 15, 456	817 1, 323 1, 091 1, 285 1, 609	7, 093 6, 848 6, 445 6, 308 6, 453	142 639 853 713 822	956 1,096 1,170 1,024 1,092	203 209 221 250 281	1, 350 1, 558 1, 425 1, 370 1, 554

1 Mineral Resources of the United States, published by U. S. Geological Survey, 1879-1923, and by U. S. Bureau of Mines, 1924-1929.

Table 7 shows the average output of iron-ore mines, by States, for 1929 and for the last two preceding census years. The average is materially increased | States."

by the shrinkage in the number of smaller mines, as indicated in particular by the figures for "Other

TABLE 7.--NUMBER OF MINES, IRON-ORE PRODUCTION, AND AVERAGE OUTPUT PER MINE, BY STATES: 1929, 1919, AND 1909

STATE	Census year	Num- bor of mines	Iron ore produced, tons (2,240 pounds)	Average output per mine, tons (2,240 pounds)	STATE	Census year	Num- ber of mines	Iron ore produced, tons (2,240 pounds)	A verage output per mine, tons (2,240 pounds)
United States	1929 1919 1909	208 406 483	73, 063, 485 61, 173, 254 51, 947, 129	355, 594 150, 673 107, 551	Alabama	1929 1919 1909	18 48 52	6, 424, 478 5, 053, 035 4, 687, 468	856, 915 105, 272 90, 144
Minnesota	1929 1919 1909	85 141 101	46, 815, 208 36, 258, 483 29, 127, 918	550, 767 257, 152 288, 395	Wisconsin	1929 1919 1909	3 8 11	1, 618, 103 1, 062, 948 975, 016	539, 368 132, 868 88, 638
Michigan	1929 1919 1909	57 100 88	15, 238, 409 15, 410, 494 11, 992, 693	267, 341 154, 105 144, 490	Other States	1929 1919 1909	45 109 236	3, 867, 287 3, 388, 294 5, 164, 034	85, 940 31, 085 21, 882

Type of ownership: 1929 and 1919 (Table 8).-Corporations operated all important enterprises in the industry and contributed 99.8 per cent of the total value of products in 1929. Enterprises reported as

"Other" constituted a very small portion of the industry in 1919, while the figures for 1929 show that this class of enterprises had become even less important in the industry.

TABLE 8.-TYPE OF OWNERSHIP: 1929 AND 1919

TYPE OF OWNERSHIP	Num- ber of enter- prises	Num- ber of mines	Wage earners (average for the year)	Value of products	TYPE OF OWNERSHIP	Num- ber of enter- prises	Num- ber of mines	Wage earners (average for the year)	Value of products
United States	180 290 37. 9	208 406 48, 8	28, 516 45, 741 87. 7	\$197, 334, 548 218, 217, 905 9. 6	1910	169 267 36. 7	(¹⁹⁷	28, 411 45, 152 37. 1	\$196, 993, 288 216, 718, 813 9, 1
			-	•	Other 2	11 23 (³)	(¹⁾	105 589 82. 2	841, 260 1, 499, 092 77. 2

Not tabulated separately.
 Partnerships, enterprises operated by individuals, etc.
 Per cent not computed where base is less than 100.

GEOGRAPHIC DISTRIBUTION

Iron-ore mining States.—Although iron-ore mining was reported in 18 States for 1929, no less than 92.6 per cent of the total tonnage was produced in only 3 States. Of these, Minnesota contributed 63.3 per cent; Michigan, 20.6 per cent; and Alabama, 8.7 per cent of the total. (See Table 25.)

Iron-ore mining counties (Table 9).—This table gives the principal statistics for those counties for which separate figures can be shown without disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises. It discloses that a preponderant portion of the industry is concentrated to a high degree within a relatively small number of counties. St. Louis County, Minn., contributed approximately one-half of the total production of the country, and, together with six others—Itasca and Crow Wing Counties, Minn.; Gogebic, Marquette, and Iron Counties, Mich.; and Jefferson County, Ala.—accounted for nine-tenths of the total.

	Num-		Wage							IRON ORE	PRODUCED	RATING (POWER OF POWER MENT
STATE AND COUNTY	ber of enter- prises	Num- ber of mines	earners (average	Wages	Contract work	Cost of supplies	Cost of fuel	Cost of purchased electric onergy	Value of all products	Tons (2,240 pounds)	Value at mine	Prime movers	Electric motors driven by pur- chased energy
Minnesota, total	75	85	10, 078	\$16, 038, 428	\$1, 473, 841	\$8, 568, 830	\$2, 661, 024	\$1, 532, 550	\$125, 333, 930	46, 815, 208	\$124, 725, 908	104, 669	79, 373
Counties									· ·				
St. Louis Itasea. Crow Wing	50 16 9	54 18 13	6, 897 2, 097 1, 084	11,060,940 3,321,639 1,655,849	127, 366 981, 516 364, 959	6, 023, 903 1, 747, 329 797, 598	1, 616, 403 673, 902 370, 719	927, 744 359, 695 245, 111	95, 558, 324 22, 999, 109 6, 776, 497	35, 527, 885 8, 764, 249 2, 523, 074	95, 553, 674 22, 753, 638 6, 418, 596	68, 043 28, 846 7, 780	48, 270 20, 884 10, 213
Michigan, total	49	57	8, 894	13, 049, 659	16, 305	5, 179, 069	767, 137	1, 794, 284	43, 194, 938	15, 238, 409	42, 960, 944	75, 203	98, 274
Counties							-						
(logobie Marquetto Iron Other counties 3	10 15 19 5	14 15 23 5	3, 011 2, 304 2, 324 1, 255	4, 668, 741 3, 311, 630 3, 218, 194 1, 851, 094	55 16, 250	1, 955, 824 1, 453, 339 1, 293, 776 476, 130	445, 496 126, 908 127, 672 67, 061	467, 781 658, 640 516, 521 151, 342	$\begin{array}{c} 16,500,966\\ 11,872,750\\ 10,591,906\\ 4,220,256 \end{array}$	5, 566, 380 4, 175, 590 4, 123, 620 1, 372, 819	16, 407, 928 11, 872, 554 10, 577, 148 4, 103, 314	38, 140 3, 350 2, 523 31, 190	$\begin{array}{c} 20,022\\ 41,503\\ 32,215\\ 4,534 \end{array}$
Alabama, total	13	18	5, 336	5, 637, 402	2, 479	2, 212, 803	361, 145	350, 609	11, 777, 914	6, 424, 478	11, 498, 577	23, 170	38, 272
Counties				· · · ·									
Jefferson Tuscaloosa Other countles 4	6 4 3	8 4 6	4, 504 259 573	4, 959, 805 238, 471 439, 126	2, 479	1,977,10773,298162,308	256, 745 42, 964 61, 436	285, 007 29, 930 35, 672	10, 130, 473 561, 820 1, 085, 621	5, 814, 143 239, 358 370, 977	9, 862, 916 550, 040 1, 085, 621	20, 380 2, 520 270	35, 356 1, 180 1, 730

TABLE 9.-SUMMARY FOR LEADING STATES AND COUNTIES: 1929

¹ See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—The Enterprise. ² See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—Persons Engaged.

⁸ Baraga County, 1 enterprise; Dickinson County, 4, ⁴ Blount County, 1 enterprise; Etowah County, 1; Franklin County, 1.

SCALE OF OPERATION

I Enterprises classified according to type of mine and quantity of product (Table 10).—This table presents statistics for iron-ore mines classified as underground or open-pit and according to tonnage produced in 1929. Of the returns received, 18 covered the operations of 2 or more mines, embracing a total of 46. In order that the greatest value for comparative and analytical purposes might be derived from the table, the figures compiled from reports covering 2 or more mines are shown separately, so far as possible, from those for individual mines. To facilitate comparisons among the several groups, the following average factors are shown: (1) Wages per ton, (2) other expenses per ton, (3) value per ton, and (4) number of tons produced per wage earner.

Open-pit mines, with slightly more than one-third as many wage earners, contributed approximately one-third more tonnage than underground mines. Similar contrasts are shown between large and small mines.

In several cases where the figures appear to be inconsistent, it has been found that the results were due to the prevalence of unusual conditions, and wherever possible these are explained in footnotes.

IRON ORE

TABLE 10.—SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO TYPE OF MINE AND QUANTITY OF PRODUCT, BY STATES: 1929

	rises		Wage earn-							HORSE RATH POV EQUIP	VER	AVER	AGE PE	R TON	
STATE, TYPE OF MINE, AND QUANTITY OF PRODUCT PER ENTERPRISE (tons, 2,240 pounds)	Number of enterprises	Number of mines	ers (aver- age for the year)	Wages	Cost of supplies	Cost of fuel	Cost of purchased electric energy	Iron ore produced, tons (2,240 pounds)	Value of all products	Prime	Electric motors driven by pur- chased energy	Wages	Sup- plies, fuel, and pur- chased electric energy	Value of prod- ucts	Tons per wage earner
United States, total	180	208	28, 516	\$40, 905, 190	\$18, 561, 157	\$5, 332, 103	\$4, 607, 488	73, 963, 485	\$197, 334, 548	222, 154	276, 667	\$0, 55	\$0. 39	\$2.67	2, 594
Underground mines ¹ Open-pit mines ¹	$\begin{array}{c} 113 \\ 67 \end{array}$	129 79	20, 921 7, 595	29, 490, 326 11, 414, 864	12, 119, 290 6, 441, 867	1, 477, 099 3, 855, 004	3, 246, 788 1, 360, 700	31, 567, 305 42, 396, 180	85, 976, 980 111, 357, 618	119,776 102,378		. 93 . 27	. 53 . 27	2,72 2,63	1, 509 5, 582
Underground mines: 1-mine enterprises, total ²	102	102	16, 989	24, 636, 231			2, 925, 869		75, 404, 887	105, 379	163, 023	. 94	. 53	2.88	1, 542
Less than 5,000 5,000 to 9,999 25,000 to 24,999 50,000 to 49,999 100,000 to 109,909 200,000 to 109,909 500,000 to 499,909 1,000,000 to 1,999,909	8 8 4	8 1 3 9 13 20 36 8 4	3 71 85 404 818	99, 069 94, 509 531, 549 1, 233, 430 3, 286, 327 10, 287, 814 4, 559, 274	26, 615 36, 275 156, 870 432, 891 1, 571, 190	1, 141 4, 084 57, 923 52, 748 150, 715 485, 109 226, 528	7, 978 3, 522 27, 751 108, 033 518, 275 1, 345, 003 532, 386	22, 851 49, 674 337, 242 972, 639 3, 153, 065	122, 920 148, 530 1, 030, 478 2, 822, 789 9, 479, 140 33, 983, 257	102	1, 162 105 1, 070 6, 952 35, 171 70, 196 24, 382	4.34 1.90 1.58 1.27 1.04 .89 .88	1. 56 . 88 . 72 . 61 . 71 . 52 . 49 . 45	5, 38 2, 99 3, 06 2, 90 3, 01 2, 93 3, 16	322 584 835 1, 189 1, 324 1, 638 1, 649
Minnesota, total 10,000 to 24,999	30 1	30	4,487		3, 046, 677	231, 617	617, 155	8, 578, 334	24, 655, 581	7,984	24, 701	. 84	. 45	2.88	1, 911
20,000 to 49,999 50,000 to 90,999 100,000 to 199,999		4 4 4 14 2 1	178 464	-,	60, 402 93, 345 278, 659 2, 614, 271	14, 241 7, 051 22, 416 187, 909	7, 475 14, 654 85, 069 509, 957	186, 653 350, 634 685, 124 7, 350, 923	516, 968 991, 228 2, 069, 669 21, 077, 716	170 200 595 7,019	917 3, 480	1.09 .76 1.05 .82	. 44 . 33 4 . 56 . 45	2, 77 2, 83 3, 02 2, 87	1, 324 1, 970 4 1, 477 1, 985
Michigan, total	39	39	7, 443	10, 781, 218	4, 106, 508	575, 161	1, 520, 973	11, 300, 962	34, 129, 783	64, 508	81, 580	. 95	. 55	3. 02	1, 518
50,000 to 99,999 100,000 to 199,999 200,000 to 499,909 500,000 to 999,909 1,000,000 to 1,999,909	4 12 18 4 1	4 12 18 4 1	3, 888		165, 470 641, 431 2, 237, 388 1, 062, 219	25, 062 60, 318 241, 817 247, 964	41, 992 282, 043 946, 813 250, 125	296, 302 1, 850, 212 5, 777, 864 3, 376, 584	786, 750 5, 126, 418 18, 169, 558 10, 047, 051	500 1,860 34,928 27,220	49, 208	1, 66 . 91 . 99 . 85	, 78 , 53 , 59 , 46	2, 60 2, 77 3, 14 2, 98	890 1, 395 1, 486 1, 781
Alabama, total ^s	7		4, 538	4, 985, 265	1, 983, 434	257, 545	285, 007	5, 826, 912	10, 164, 872	20,440	35, 350	. 86	. 43	1.74	1, 284
10,000 to 24,999 25,000 to 49,999 200,000 to 499,999 500,000 to 999,999 1,000,000 to 1,999,999 š	1 1 2 1 2	1 1 2 1 4	} * 884 }* 3,054	802, 372 4, 182, 893		81, 906 175, 689	65, 586 219, 421	789, 808 5, 037, 104	2, 047, 060 8, 117, 812	4, 860 15, 580	6, 434 28, 922	1.02 .83	. 46 . 43		893 1, 379
New York 7 New Jersey Wisconsin Colo., Mo., Nev., N. Mex., N. C., Pa., Tenn., and Utah	5 4 3	5 4 3	974 361 948		801, 165 243, 756 558, 448	129, 672 33, 454 81, 587	233, 302 106, 317 182, 395	823, 543 281, 331 1, 618, 103	3, 554, 606 1, 161, 159 4, 394, 869	8,000 2,400 3,550		. 87	$1.41 \\ 1.30 \\ 51$	4.32 4.13 2.72	846 779 1, 707
N. C., Pa., Tenn., and Otan Enterprises reporting 2 or more mines, total ⁶	16		647	884, 191	451, 200	33, 158	58, 289	794, 958	1, 842, 471	3, 577		1, 11	. 68	2. 32	1, 229
Michigan	9 5	13	1, 523		928, 102	134, 905 83, 744	243, 350 107, 884	2, 348, 162	6, 073, 589 5, 002, 056	9, 317 5, 150	12, 465 9, 732	. 95	. 56	2, 59	1, 542
Minn., Pa., and Tenn Open-pit mines:	4	10	418		132, 356	51, 161	45, 466	479,099	1, 071, 533	4, 167			. 48	2. 24	1, 146
1-mine enterprises, Minnesota and Michigan, total	42	42	4, 381	6, 884, 983	4, 977, 818	1, 849, 291	766, 999	85, 787, 575	92, 876, 022	81, 746	49, 574	. 19	. 21	2.60	8, 157
Minnesota, total	37	37	4, 035	6, 340, 310	4, 701, 003	1, 741, 059	691, 572	33, 669, 191	88, 812, 923	76, 201	42, 612	. 19	, 21	2,64	8, 344
10,000 to 24,999	2 1 5 15 4 4	1 5 15 5	185 1,154 648	113, 649 260, 586 1, 871, 764 929, 090 3, 165, 221	625, 555	228, 171	51, 142 307, 461 116, 841	183, 020 723, 936 5, 539, 926 3, 328, 229 23, 894, 080	561, 111 1, 671, 664 14, 057, 006 7, 589, 647 64, 933, 495	735 3,779 24,215 12,172 35,300	2, 444 17, 270 9, 934	. 36	. 33 . 28 . 38 . 29 . 10	3.07 2.31 2.54 2.28 2.72	2, 816 3, 913 4, 801 5, 136 12, 049
Michigan	5	1	346	544, 673	276, 815	108, 232	75, 427	2 , 0 68, 384	4, 063, 099	5, 545	6, 962	, 26	, 22	1.96	5, 978
Other enterprises, total	25		·	4, 529, 881				6, 658, 605	18, 481, 596	20, 632			. 61	2.78	2,072
Minnesota ⁹ Alabama Mont. Pa., Tenn., Utah, Wash., and Wyo	6 6 13	14 9 14	798	NG 11 1 4 1	697, 642 229, 369 537, 038	637, 187 103, 600 1, 264, 926	Level 1	1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	10, 969, 962 1, 613, 042 5, 898, 592	16,477 2,730 1,425	2, 916		• . 37 . 67 1. 13	2, 63 2, 70 3, 11	

¹ The figures for one small open-pit mine in New York are included with those for underground mines in order to avoid disclosing data for an individual enterprise.
⁴ This total is less than the sum of the figures for the States as given below (104) because the State figures include data for 2 enterprises of other classes. (See footnotes 5 and 7.)
³ Oombined to avoid disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises.
⁴ Includes data for 1 enterprise on the Vermillion Range producing hard hematite ores, which accounts for the wide variation of averages from those of other size groups.
⁴ Includes data for 1 enterprise operating 3 mines.
⁶ Represents assigned value for interplant transfers.
⁶ Includes data for 1 enterprise operating 1 small open-pit mine.
⁶ Exclusive of data for 1 enterprise in Alabama which operated 9 mines. (See note 5.)
⁶ Includes data for a sintering plant, and for 1 mine operated partly underground, with a large proportion of development work.

.

•

319

TABLE 11.—CONDENSED SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO VALUE OF PRODUCTS, FOR SELECTED STATES: 1929

	enter-	mines	Wage		VALUE PRODU			enter-	mines	Wage earners		VALUE PRODUC	
STATE AND VALUE OF PRODUCTS PER ENTERPRISE	Number of prises	Number of	(aver- age for the year)	Wages	Amount	Per cent of total	STATE AND VALUE OF PRODUCTS PER ENTERPRISE	Number of prises	Number of	(aver- age for the year)	Wages	Amount	Per cent of total
United States, total	180	208	28, 516	\$40, 905, 190	\$197, 334, 548	100. 0	Michigan, total	49	57	8, 894	\$13, 049, 659	\$43, 194, 938	100, 0
Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,909 \$50,000 to \$50,909 \$20,000 to \$249,909 \$250,000 to \$409,909 \$250,000 to \$409,909 \$1,000,000 to \$4,409,000 \$2,500,000 to \$4,409,000 \$5,000,000 to \$4,409,000 \$5,000,000 to \$4,909,000 \$5,000,000 to \$4,909,000 \$5,000,000 and over	11 7 21 33 41 42 11	7 25 35 48	203 192 1, 172 3, 169 5, 589 9, 997	$195,926 \\ 227,958 \\ 1,552,071 \\ 4,017,324 \\ 8,393,527 \\ 14,848,799 \\ \end{array}$	368, 552 531, 821 3, 270, 952 12, 320, 466 29, 341, 065 62, 046, 641	0.2 0.3 1.7 6.2 14.9 31.4	\$100,000 to \$249,990 \$250,000 to \$409,990 \$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999 \$2,500,000 to \$2,499,999 Alabama, total \$20,000 to \$49,999 \$20,000 to \$49,999	13 16 15 1 13	19 1	}² 4, 961 5, 336	3, 222, 172 7, 560, 257 5, 637, 402	26, 161, 783 11, 777, 914	12.0 25.9 60.6 100.0
Minnesota, total	75	85	10, 078	16, 038, 428	125, 333, 930	100.0	\$250,000 to \$499,999	3	3		675, 853	1, 766, 071	15.0
\$20,000 to \$49,099 \$60,000 to \$99,099 \$109,000 to \$249,099 \$250,000 to \$409,090 \$500,000 to \$409,090 \$1,000,000 to \$2,499,099 \$2,500,000 to \$4,999,099 \$5,000,000 and over	2 7 12 19 22 7	13 20 29	2,101	383, 267 1, 082, 545 3, 316, 769 5, 146, 779	1, 205, 991 4, 454, 450 13, 734, 640 30, 618, 588	1.0 3.6 10.9 24.4	\$25,000 00 40 \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$249,999 \$500,000 to \$309,999 \$1,000,000 to \$324,999,099 \$2,500,000 to \$2,499,099 \$2,500,000 to \$4,999,999	3	33	} ² 4, 238	4, 735, 132	9, 587, 635	81.4

¹ Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

² Combined to avoid disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises.

POWER

Power equipment in use in 1929 (Table 12).—The data for electric motors driven by energy generated in the reporting enterprises are not included in the "aggregate horsepower," as shown in this and other tables, since such inclusion would result in duplication of the figures for the horsepower of the prime movers used in driving the generators. Approximately 75 per cent of the prime-mover power was used directly and about 25 per cent²/_w was employed in driving generators. Table 12 gives also a classification of motive power according to the nature of its use, whether stationary or mobile. The latter class embraces the power equipment of shovels, mine locomotives, and other machinery moved from place to place in the course of operations, as contrasted with fixed installations, such as central power plants, hoisting equipment, etc.

The number and horsepower of the several types of prime movers and of the electric motors used by all iron-ore mining enterprises in 1929 are given, by States, in Table 25.

TABLE 12POWER EQUIPMENT,	STATIONARY AND MOBILE	-NUMBER AND RATED	CAPACITY OF PRIME
MOVERS, MOTO	ORS, AND GENERATORS, FOI	R THE UNITED STATES:	1929

түре	Prime movers												drive	ic motors n by en- generated		Electric	
	Aggregate horse- power	Total horse- power of prime movers	Steam engines		Steam turbines		Internal-com- bustion engines		Water wheels and water turbines		Horse- power rating of inactive prime	Electric motors driven by pur- chased energy		by en	orting	generators	
			Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Horse- power	movers 1	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Kilo- watts
Total	498, 821	222, 154	845	171, 232	32	33, 017	46	4, 005	14	18, 900	23, 593	5, 266	276, 667	690	40, 688	43	41, 89
itationary fobile	353, 009 145, 812	124, 672 97, 482	243 602	74, 250 96, 982	32	33, 017	31 15	3, 505 500	14	13, 900	10, 605 12, 988	3,662 1,604	228, 337 48, 330	429 261	34, 358 6, 330	43	41, 8

¹ Included in "Total horsepower of prime movers."

Summary: 1909-1929 (Table 13).—Although the aggregate horsepower used increased substantially during the period covered by this table, that of prime

movers decreased 35.1 per cent, while the power of electric motors operated by purchased energy increased more than sixtyfold.

IRON ORE

TABLE 13.—POWER EQUIPMENT—NUMBER AND RATED CAPACITY OF PRIME MOVERS AND MOTORS, 1929, 1919, AND 1909, AND OF GENERATORS, 1929, FOR THE UNITED STATES

Туре	1929	1919	1909	PER CENT OF INCREASE OR DECREASE (-)		Түре	1929	1919	1909	PER CENT OF INCREASE OF DECREASE (-	
				1919 1929	1909 1919					1919- 1929	1909- 1919
and the second		<u> </u>	346, 534	34.5	7.0	Prime movers—Continued Electric motors driven by purchased energy— Number		1.041			
Prime movers, total horsepower	222, 154	273, 477	342, 069	-18.8	-20.1		5, 266 276, 667	1,341 97,382	55 4, 465	292, 7 184, 1	(1) 2, 081. 0
Steam engines— Number Horsepower Steam turbines— Number Horsepower Internal-combustion engines—	845 171, 232 33, 017	2, 338 231, 184 25 28, 521	3, 563 326, 753	-63.8 -25,9 (1) 15,8	33.8 20.5	by enterprises reporting: Number Horsepower Electric generators: Number	690 40, 688 43	1, 112 67, 595 (²) (³)	326 13, 295 (³) (³)	38, 0 39, 8	241.1 408.4
Number Horsepower Water wheels and water turbines Number	48 4, 005 14	45 5, 397 22	27 2, 651 30	(1) -25.8	(1) 103. 6	Kilowatts	41, 895	(2)	(8)		
Horsepower	13, 900	8, 375	12, 665	(1) 06.0	(1) —38, 9						

¹ Per cent not computed where base is less than 100.

² No data. Not called for on schedule.

TABLE 14.—POWER EQUIPMENT—NUMBER AND RATED CAPACITY OF PRIME MOVERS AND MOTORS, BY STATES: 1929, 1919, AND 1909

			PRIME M	OVERS AI	ND ELECTRI	C MOTOR	8 DRIVE	N BY PU	RCHASED	ENERGY			
•				· · ·	Prime	movers			Γ.,	Electr	c motors	driven gy ge	c motors by ener- nerated
STATE.	Census year	Aggregate horse- power	Total horse- power of	Steam e . steam	ngines and turbines	Intern bustion	al-com- engines	and	r wheels water bines	driv pur	chased ergy		terprises rting 1
			prime movers	Num- ber	Horse- power-	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Horse- power
United States	1920 1919 1909	498, 821 370, 859 346, 534	222, 154 273, 477 342, 069	877 2, 358 3, 563	204, 249 259, 705 326, 753	46 45 27	4, 005 5, 397 2, 651	14 22 30	13, 900 8, 375 12, 665	5, 266 1, 341 55	276, 667 97, 382 4, 465	690 1, 112 326	40, 688 67, 595 13, 295
1919-1929		34. 5 7. 0	-18.8 -20,1	-62.8 -33.8	$-21.4 \\ -20.5$	(2) (2)	25.8 103.6	(2) (2)	66.0 	292. 7 (²)	184.1 2, 081.0	$-37.9 \\ 241.1$	39. 8 408. 4
Minnesota	1929 1919 1909	184, 042 135, 924 145, 068	104, 669 110, 831 145, 068	563 1, 216 1, 412	103, 063 110, 059 145, 010	20 18 5	1, 608 772 58			2,106 462	79, 373 25, 093	151 436 121	3, 594 13, 563 4, 338
Per cent of increase or decrease (-): 1919-1929. 1909-1919.		35.4 0.3	5.6 23.6	53.7 13.9	-6.4 -24.1	(2) (2)	108.0 (²)			355, 8	216.3	-65, 4 260, 3	-73.5 212.7
Michigan	1929 1919 1909	173, 477 142, 559 108, 427	75, 203 94, 778 108, 262	145 608 1, 205	61, 293 86, 629 96, 017	2 4 4	10 49 35	14 16 24	13, 900 8, 100 12, 210	1, 573 507 13	98, 274 47, 781 165	429 504 149	27, 294 40, 572 7, 341
1019-1929		21.7 31.5	-20.7 -12.5	-78.3 -44.6	-29.2 -9.8	(2) (2)	(2) (2)	(1) (2)	71.6 33.7	210, 3 (²)	105.7	-14.9 238,3	-32,7 452,7
Alabama Per cent of increase or decrease ();	1929 1919 1909	61, 442 36, 890 31, 838	23, 170 28, 720 31, 838	119 251 268	23, 130 28, 690 31, 838	2 1	40 80			430 105	38, 272 8, 170	36 28 6	5, 807 4, 614 50
1919-1929. 1909-1919.		66, 6 15, 9	-19.8 -9.8	52.6 6.3	-19.4 -9.9	(2)	(2)			309. 5	368.4	(2) (3)	25.9 (?)
New York	1929 1919 1909	24, 471 21, 172 22, 520	8, 000 13, 175 18, 220	6 30 124	8,000 13,025 17,223	6	747	2 2	150 250	232 167 42	16, 471 7, 997 4, 300	18 43 30	1,320 2,984 966
Per cent of increase or decrease (): 1010-1920- 1909-1919	•÷•	15.6 -6.0	39. 8 27. 7	(2) 75.8					-40.0	38, 9 (*)	106.0 86.0	(2)	55. 8 208. 9
Wisconsin	1929 1919 1909	16, 983 6, 732 8, 975	3, 550 2, 885 8, 975	4 19 122	3, 550 2, 760 8, 959	2		4	125	276 45	13, 433 3, 847	 6 1	385 8
Per cent of increase or decrease (): 1919-1920- 1909-1919		152.3 —25.0	23.1 67.9	(1) 84.4	28. 6 69. 2					(1)	249. 2	(1)	(1)
Other States	1929 1919 1909	38, 406 27, 582 29, 706	7, 562 23, 088 29, 706	40 174 432	5, 213 18, 542 27, 706	22 22 10	2, 349 4, 546 1, 795	 4	205	649 55	80, 844 4, 494	56 97 19	2, 673 5, 477 592
Per cent of increase or decrease (): 1919-1929. 1909-1910.		39.2 -7.2	67. 2 22. 3	77.0 59.7	-71. 9 -33. 1	(1) (1)	48, 3 153, 3			(1)	586.3	(*) (*)	-51.2 825.2

Figures for electric generators shown in Table 25 for 1929; not available for 1919 and 1909.
 Per cent not computed where base is less than 100.

Horsepower per mine, per thousand tons of ore, and per wage earner, by States: 1909-1929 (Table 15).--The great increase in the horsepower per mine is due more to the decrease in the number of small mines than to the absolute increase in the installation of power equipment. The figures for the country as a whole show a slight increase during the recent decade in the horsepower per thousand tons of ore mined, but the average for 1929 is identical with that for 1909. The horsepower per wage earner, however, was more than twice as large in 1929 as in either 1909 or 1919.

TABLE 15.—RATED CAPACITY OF POWER EQUIPMENT IN USE—AVERAGES PER MINE, PER WAGE EARNER, AND PER THOUSAND TONS OF ORE PRODUCED, BY STATES: 1929, 1919, AND 1909

						POWER VER EQ							Wage	HORSEI POW	POWER		
STATE	Census year	Number of mines	Iron ora produced, tons (2,240 pounds)	Wage earners (aver- age for the year)	Total	Per mine	Per 1,000 tons of iron ore pro- duced	Per wage earn- er	STATE	Census year	Number of mines		wage earners (aver- age for the year)	Total	Per mine	Per 1,000 tons of iron ore pro- duced	Per wage earn- er
United States Per cent of increase or	1929 1919 1909	208 406 483	73, 063, 485 61, 173, 254 51, 947, 129	45.741	498, 821 370, 859 346, 534	2, 398 913 717	6, 7 6, 1 6, 7	8,1	Alabama—Contd. Per cent of increase or decrease (): 1919-1929					66.6		31.5	101.8
decrease (-): 1919-1929 1909-1919					84.5 7.0	162.7 27.3	9,8 9,0	116.0 11.0	1900–1919 Wisconsin	1029 1919	3	1, 618, 103 1, 082, 948	948 1, 145	15. 9 16, 983 6, 732			17.9
Minnesota	1929 1919 1909	85 141 101	46, 815, 208 30, 258, 483 20, 127, 918	10, 078 16, 236 14, 978	184, 042 135, 924 145, 068	2, 165 964 1, 436	3.9 3.7 5.0	18.3 8.4 9.7	Per cent of increase or decrease (—): 191 9 –1929	1909	11	975, 016	1, 261	8, 975 152, 3	816	9.2	7.1
Per cent of increase or decrease (): 1919-1929					35.4	124.6	5.4	117.9	1909-1919					-25.0		-31.5	-16.9
1909–1919 Michigan	1929 1919	57 100	15, 238, 409		-6.3 173,477 142,559	-32, 9	-26.0	-13.4	New York	1929 1019 1909	5 7 19	823, 543 868, 995 1 1, 238, 720	974 1, 811 2, 082	24, 471 21, 172 22, 520	4, 894 3, 025 1, 185	29.7 24.4 1 18.2	11.7
Per cent of increase: 1919-1929	1909	83	11, 992, 693	14, 989	108, 427 21. 7	1, 306 113. 5	9, 0 22, 6	7.2 121.0	decrease (—): 1919-1929 1909-1919					15.0 6.0	61.8 155.3		114.5 8.3
1909-1919 Alabama	1929 1919 1909	18 48 52	6, 424, 478 5, 053, 035 4, 087, 468	5, 336 6, 485 5, 176	36, 890	768	9,6 7,3	11.5 5.7	Other States	2 1929 3 1919 4 1909	40 102 217	3, 043, 744 2, 519, 299 3, 925, 314	2, 286 3, 904 8, 759	27, 582	960 270 137	12.6 10.9 7.6	7.1

¹ Figures for 1909 represent crude ore only, and therefore are not strictly comparable with those for 1919 and 1929, which refer chiefly to concentrates.
 ¹ Colorado, 3 mines; Georgia, 4; Missouri, 6; Montana, 1; Nevada, 2; New Jersey, 4; New Mexico, 2; North Carolina, 1; Pennsylvania, 5; Tennessee, 7; Utah, 3; Washington, 1; Wyoming, 1.
 ³ Arkansas, California, Connecticut, Georgia, Idaho, Maryland, Massachusetts, Missouri, Montana, New Jersey, New Mexico, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Virginia, Weshington, Wyoming. (Numbers of mines not available.)
 ⁴ Colorado, Connecticut, Georgia, Kentucky, Maryland, Massachusetts, Missouri, Nevada, New Jersey, New Mexico, North Carolina, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Virginia, West Virginia, Wyoming. (Numbers of mines not available.)

Size of enterprises according to total rating of power equipment (Table 16).-Those enterprises, 60 in number, having power equipment rating of 2,500 or more horsepower used 76.9 per cent of the aggregate power employed in the industry. In the largest four horsepower classes a considerable portion of the prime-mover power was reported as inactive, indicating displacement of this equipment, mainly by electric motors driven by purchased energy.

TABLE 16.---NUMBER AND RATED CAPACITY OF PRIME MOVERS, MOTORS, AND GENERATORS, FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO TOTAL RATING OF POWER EQUIPMENT, FOR THE UNITED **STATES: 1929**

Horsefower Rating of fower Equipment per Enterprise	Num- ber of enter- prises report- ing power	f s t-Aggregate n horse- power	Total horsa-	PRIME MOVERS AND ELECTRIC MOTORS DRIVEN B Prime movers Steam engines Steam turbines Internal- combustion ongines						Water	ASED EN	ERGY Horse- power rating of inactive	Electric motors driven by purchased energy		Electric motors driven by energy gen- erated by enterprises reporting			etric rators
Total	equip- ment ¹		power of prime movers 222, 154	Num- ber 845	Horse- power 171, 232	Num- ber 32	Horse- power 33, 017	Num- ber 46			<u></u>	23, 593	Num- ber 5, 266	Horse- power 276, 667	Num- ber 690	Horse- power 40, 588	Num- ber 43	Kilo- watts 41, 895
Less than 25 25 to 99 100 to 249 250 to 499 500 to 999 1,000 to 2,499 2,600 to 4,999 5,000 to 9,999 10,000 to 24,999	1 8 11 9 25 56 36 13 11	<pre>} 447 1, 644 3, 263 18, 748 91, 225 130, 484 94, 789 158, 221</pre>	405 1, 209 801 5, 565 25, 373 45, 838 47, 246 95, 717	9 12 13 76 171 200 121 243	238 1, 005 475 5, 565 23, 303 44, 570 35, 816 60, 260	 2 19 5 6	160 107 5, 430 27, 320	8 3 7 9 11 8	167 204 326 1,910 1,161 237	 8 6	6, 000 7, 900	100 170 1, 158 3, 245 7, 925 10, 995	2 13 51 345 1,405 1,576 699 1,175	42 435 2, 462 13, 183 65, 852 84, 646 47, 543 62, 504	13 6 18 104 149 129 271	104 150 389 3, 432 3, 963 6, 848 25, 802	1 1 1 10 7 8 15	90 75 160 1, 850 1, 470 8, 600 29, 660

¹ No power equipment was reported by 10 enterprises.

¹ Included in "Total horsepower of prime movers."

322

IRON ORE

TIME IN OPERATION

Days per week in operation (Table 17).-The 6-day week prevailed in 86.1 per cent of the enterprises.

These reported 95.2 per cent of the total value of products and 93 per cent of the total number of wage earners.

TABLE 17.—CONDENSED SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO NUMBER OF DAYS IN OPERATION PER WEEK, FOR THE UNITED STATES: 1929

DAYS FER WEEK	anter.	minor	Wage earners, Dec. 14 or near- est repre- senta- tive day	Wages	Value of products		antor.	Der 01	Wage earners, Dec. 14 or near- est repre- senta- tive day	Wages	Value of products
Total	180	208	1 28, 582	\$40, 905, 190	\$197, 334, 548	Five Five and one-half	9	0t	794 935	\$1, 074, 148 1, 318, 803	\$3, 190, 611
Not reported	1 2	1 4	} 96	95, 272	1, 166, 281	SixSeven	155 4	179 5	26, 572 185	1, 318, 803 38, 178, 191 238, 776	\$3, 190, 611 3, 843, 106 187, 782, 970 1, 351, 630

¹ This total differs slightly from that for "Wage earners (average for the year)," 28,516, given in other tables of this report.

Days per year in operation (Table 18).—Over 57 per cent of the total value of products was contributed by 79 mines which operated continuously throughout

the year, and practically all the remainder was produced by enterprises which operated from 150 to 300 days.

TABLE 18.—CONDENSED SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO NUMBER OF DAYS IN OPERATION IN 1929, FOR THE UNITED STATES AND FOR SELECTED STATES

STATE AND DAYS IN OPERATION	Num- ber of enter- prises	Der of	Wage earners, Dcc. 14 or near- est repre- senta- tive day	Wages	Value of products	STATE AND DAYS IN OPERATION	anton		Wage earnors, Dec. 14 or near- est repre- senta- tive day	Wages	Value of products
United States, total	180	208	1 28, 582	\$40, 905, 190	\$197, 334, 548	Michigan, total	49	57	8, 701	\$13, 049, 659	\$43, 194, 938
50 to 74	22	2 2 7 24 25 51 97	<pre> 2 267 328 1, 909 2, 068 7, 071 16, 939 </pre>	74, 199 267, 105 2, 755, 241 2, 674, 654 10, 461, 677 24, 672, 314	175, 622 2, 405, 760 23, 035, 985 22, 493, 161 36, 312, 472 112, 911, 548		1 3 5 18 22 18	1 3 5 19 29 18	<pre>345 400 3,898 3,908 4,939</pre>	479, 075 650, 529 5, 848, 548 6, 073, 509 5, 637, 402	3, 256, 788 2, 109, 431 19, 036, 808 18, 791, 911 11, 777, 914
Minnesota, total	1	85 1 4 18 12 13 37	10, 388 2 310 1, 147 1, 014 1, 060 6, 857	18, 038, 428 234, 288 2, 014, 941 1, 387, 408 1, 727, 902 10, 703, 801	125, 333, 930 2, 321, 783 10, 280, 535 18, 593, 567 10, 182, 541 74, 955, 504	50 to 74 76 to 99 200 to 249 250 to 299 800 and over	1 1 2 4 5	1 1 2 4 10	} 2 487 1,062 2,790	260, 253 2, 177, 284 3, 199, 865	<i>609, 685</i> 5, 219, 935 5, 948, 294

¹ This total differs slightly from that for "Wage earners (average for the year)," 28,510, given in other tables of this report. ² Combined to avoid disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises.

PERSONS ENGAGED

Persons engaged, by class and sex (Table 19).-Of the total number of persons employed in iron-mining | numbered 2,182, or 7.1 per cent of the total.

enterprises in 1929, only 167, or one-half of 1 per cent, were females. Salaried officers and employees

TABLE 19 .- PERSONS ENGAGED, BY SEX, BY STATES: 1929

[This table does not include data for salaried officers and employees of "Central Administrative" offices. See Table 20]

STATE	ALL CLASSES				TORS AND EMBERS	OFFICI	SALARIED ERS OF SATIONS	OFFICE	ALARIED RS AND DYEES	WAGE EARNERS (AVERAGE FOR THE YEAR)		
and the state of the second state of the secon	Total	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
United States	30, 707	30, 540	167	9		22		2, 002	158	28, 507	9	
Minnesota Michigan Alabama New York	11, 132 9, 407 5, 674 1, 021	11, 092 9, 388 5, 597 1, 010	40 19 77 11			4 4 4		1, 010 491 266 32	40 18 72 11	10, 078 8, 893 5, 331 974	1 5	
Wisconsin Pennsylvania New Jersey Other States	1, 010 729 406 1, 328	1, 006 725 309 1, 323	4 4 7 5	9		1 4 5		58 44 34 67	4 4 7 2	948 680 361 1, 242	3	

127185 - 33 - 22

Central-administrative-office employees (Table 20).—This table was compiled from data reported separately on special schedules and not included in

the returns for the operating enterprises. Figures for these employees are included only in this table and in Table 3.

TABLE 20CEN	TRAL-ADMINIST	RATIVE-OFFICE	EMPLOYEES-NUMBER,
BY SEX,	AND SALARIES,	FOR THE UNI	TED STATES: 1929

		NUMBER		
CLASS	Total	Male	Female	Salaries
Total	291	243	48	\$1, 213, 178
Principal salaried officers of corporations Other central-administrative-office employees	68 223	68 175	48	669, 492 543, 686

Size of enterprises according to number of wage earners (Table 21).—Of the 180 enterprises engaged in the industry, 131 enterprises employed more than 50 wage earners each and accounted for 96.1 per cent of

the total number. Only 11 enterprises employed more than 500 wage earners each, but these reported nearly one-third of the total number of wage earners employed in the industry.

TABLE 21.—CONDENSED SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO NUMBER OF WAGE EARNERS, FOR THE UNITED STATES AND FOR SELECTED STATES: 1929

STATE AND NUMBER OF WAGE	f enter- as	mines	Wage er (avera the y	ge for		Trains of		f enter-	mines	Wagee (avera the J	ge for		
BARNERS FER ENTERPRISE	Number of prises	Number of	Num- ber	Per cent of total	Wages	Value of products	STATE AND NUMBER OF WAGE EARNERS PER ENTERFRISE	Number of prises	Number of 1	Num- ber	Per cent of total	Wages	Value of products
United States, total	180	208	28, 516	100. 0	\$40, 905, 190	\$197, 334, 548	Alabama, total	13	18	5, 336	100.0	\$5, 637, 402	\$11, 777, 914
None 1 to 5 6 to 20	1 7 13	1 1 7 13	153	0.5	194, 357	214, 120 983, 867	6 to 20 21 to 50 51 to 100		1	360	6. 7	816, 255	701, 454
21 to 50 51 to 100 101 to 250 251 to 600	45		049 3,452 9,663 5,262	12, 1 33, 9	5, 167, 454 14, 318, 594	22, 538, 910 76, 392, 497	101 to 250		24	} 2 738 }24, 238		586, 015 4, 735, 132	1, 488, 825 9, 587, 635
251 to 600	10 1	II S	}°9, 017	31.6			New York, total	1	5	974		1, 416, 581	3, 554, 606
Minnesota, total	75	85	10, 078	100. D	10, 038, 428	125, 333, 930	1 to 5	1	1	1			
6 to 20	5 15 19 28	19	50 534 1, 336	5.3	865, 238	797, 596 10, 996, 578 14, 051, 413	6 to 20			2 074	100. 0	1, 416, 581	3, 554, 006
251 to 500 501 to 1,000	4	4	*8, 158	80. 9	12, 039, 305	99, 488, 343	Wisconsin, total	3	3	948	100.0	1, 405, 166	[4, 394, 869
Michigan, total		57	8, 894	100.0	13, 049, 659	43, 194, 938	21 to 50 101 to 250 501 to 1,000		1	} 2 948	100. 0	1, 405, 166	4, 394, 869
21 to 50 51 to 100 101 to 260 251 to 600	3 14 22 0	29	3, 635	1.8 13.0 40.9	1, 737, 691 5, 399, 060	, ,	001 to 1,000	. 1) 			
501 to 1,000	1	1	}°3, 989	44.9	5, 749, 914	16, 946, 853							an a

¹ The work in this mine was done on contract, and therefore no wage earners were reported. ² Combined to avoid disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises,

Prevailing hours of labor (Table 22).-More than | Only

half of the wage earners in the industry were employed in enterprises in which the prevailing hours per week were 48 and most of the remainder were reported by enterprises whose working hours were 54 or more. Only 4.9 per cent of the total number of wage earners were employed in mines in which the hours of labor were less than 48. The working week of 54 hours or over was reported for most of the wage earners in Alabama and for more than half of those in Minnesota.

IRON ORE

TABLE 22.—CONDENSED SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO PREVAILING HOURS OF LABOR PER WEEK, FOR THE UNITED STATES AND FOR SELECTED STATES: 1929

STATE AND FREVAILING HOURS OF LABOR PER WEER	Number of enterprises	Number of mines	Wage earners (aver- age for the year)	Wages	Value of products	STATE AND PREVAILING HOURS OF LABOR PER WEEK	Number of enterprises	Number of mines	Wage earners (aver- age for the year)	Wages	Value of products
United States, total	180	208	28, 516	\$40, 905, 190	\$197, 334, 548	Michigan-Continued					
Not reported 40 Over 40 but under 44 44 and over but under 48 48 Over 48 but under 64 64 and over but under 03	1 4 1 5 87 6 74		15,103 367	1, 468, 314 22, 843, 909 371, 940	4, 468, 288 73, 787, 405	48 Over 48 but under 54 54 and over but under 63 Alabama, total Over 48 but under 54 54 and over but under 68		18	5, 336	1, 051, 104 5, 637, 402	11, 777, 914
63 and over					125, 333, 930	54 and over but under 63 New York, total	11 5	2 16 5	} ¹ 5, 336 974		
44 and over but under 48 48. 54 and over but under 68 63 and over		3 29 48 5		697, 208 6, 802, 282	2, 288, 231 23, 983, 001	Over 40 but under 44	1 3 1	1 3 1			
Michigan, total	40	57	ſ	13, 049, 659	43, 194, 938	Wisconsin, total	3	- <u> </u>			
40 44 and over but under 48	8 2	3 2	} 1874	1, 216, 346	3, 058, 362	48	3	3	948	1, 405, 166	4, 394, 869

¹ Combined to avoid disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises. ³ Nearly all these wage earners were employed by the 3 enterprises in the 48-hour class.

Wage earners employed, by months (Tables 23 and 24).—Underground mines employed approximately three-fourths of the total number of wage earners in the industry. In these mines employment was very regular throughout the year, but for open-pit mines the number reported for the month of maximum employment was nearly twice that for the month of minimum employment. Of the total number employed in underground mines, over three-fourths were employed below ground, and the number thus employed constituted 55.6 per cent of the total for the industry. The greatest fluctuation of employment during the year for any important iron-mining State was reported in Minnesota and was due to low employment from November to April in open-pit mines.

TABLE 23.—WAGE EARNERS, BY MONTHS, FOR UNDERGROUND MINES, EMPLOYED BELOW GROUND AND
ON THE SURFACE, AND FOR OPEN-PIT MINES, FOR THE UNITED STATES AND FOR SELECTED STATES:
1929

	A verage number		N	JMBER EM	FLOYED C	N 15TH D.	Y OF MOD	TH OR NE	CAREST RI	PRESENT.	ATIVE DAY			Per cent
STATE AND CLASS OF MINE	employ- ed dur- ing year	January	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	imum is of max- imum
United States, total	28, 516	25,649	26, 114	26, 633	28, 630	29, 859	30, 278	80, 223	30, 300	29, 984	29, 499	28, 104	26, 916	84.7
Underground mines, total	20, 920	20,661	20, 868	20, 717	21, 005	20, 764	20, 804	20, 869	21, 162	21,241	21, 127	20, 893	20, 924	97.3
Below ground Surface	16,861 5,059	15, 724 4, 937	15, 882 4, 986	15, 708 5, 011	15,885 5,120	15,700 5,058	15, 698 5, 108	15,693 5,176	15, 998 5, 164	16,074 5,167	16, 051 5, 076	15,928 4,965	15,990 4,984	97.7 95.3
Open-pit mines	7, 596	4,088	6, 246	5, 916	7,625	9, 095	9, 474	9, 354	9, 138	8, 743	8, 372	7, 211	5, 992	52. 6
Minnesota, total	10,078	7,619	7, 883	8, 295	9, 986	11,397	11,713	11, 674	11, 606	11, 857	10, 887	9, 881	8,694	65.0
Underground mines, total	4, 770	4, 694	4, 776	4, 687	4, 747	4, 750	4,665	4, 766	4, 823	4,941	4, 862	4, 748	4, 785	94.4
Below ground Surface	3, 849 921	3, 759 935	3, 809 967	3, 724 963	3, 801 946	8,889 861	3, 750 915	3, 829 937	3, 926 897	4,015 926	3,941 921	3,870 873	3, 877 908	92. 8 89. 0
Open-pit mines	5, 308	2,925	3, 107	3, 608	5, 289	6, 647	7,048	6, 908	6, 783	6, 416	6,025	5, 088	8, 909	41.5
Michigan, total	8, 894	8,448	8, 574	8, 667	8,898	8, 879	9, 037	9, 066	9, 186	9,228	9, 079	8, 864	8, 801	91. 5
Underground mines, total	8, 548	8, 225	8, 353	8, 385	8, 533	8, 498	8, 652	8, 663	8, 797	8,825	8, 680	8, 502	8, 464	93. 2
Below ground Surface	6, 204 2, 344	6,021 2,204	6, 122 2, 231	6, 147 2, 238	6, 193 2, 340	6, 129 2, 864	6, 219 2, 433	6, 205 2, 458	6, 336 2, 461	6, 361 2, 464	6, 297 2, 383	6, 200 2, 302	6, 215 2, 249	94. 7 89, 4
Open-pit mines	346	223	22]	282	365	386	385	403	389	403	309	362	337	54, 8
Alabama, total	5, 336	5,671	5,685	5,690	5,751	5, 415	5, 301	5, 282	5, 280	5,057	5,006	4,979	4,964	86.3
Underground mines, total		4,945	4,862	4, 790	4,886	4, 542	4.491	4, 453	4, 482	4, 315	4,212	4, 223	4, 257	85.1
Below ground Surface	3, 649 889	3,950 1,018	8, 879 983	3, 804 986	3, 909 977	3, 624 918	3, 624 807	3, 594 859	3, 618 864	3,480 835	3, 425 787	3, 439 784	3, 464 793	87.2 77.0
Open-pit mines	798	723	773	900	865	878	810	829	798	742	794	756	707	78.6

[The month of maximum employment is indicated by bold-faced figures and that of minimum employment by *italic* figures]

TABLE 24 .- WAGE EARNERS, BY MONTHS, BY STATES: 1929

[The month of maximum employment is indicated by bold-faced figures and that of minimum employment by italic figures]

	Average number									Per cent mini-				
STATE	em- ployed during year	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	Juna	July	August	Sep- tember	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	mum is of maxi- mum
United States	28, 516	25,649	26, 114	26, 633	28, 630	29, 859	30, 278	30, 223	30, 300	29, 984	29, 499	28, 104	26, 916	84.7
Minnesota Michigan Alabama New York Wisconsin	10, 078 8, 894 5, 336 974 948	7, <i>619</i> 8,448 5,671 996 777	7, 883 8, 574 5, 635 1, 080 764	8, 295 8, 667 5, 690 1, 030 813	9, 986 8, 898 5, 751 950 814	11, 397 8, 879 5, 415 902 989	11, 713 9, 037 5, 301 839 1, 065	$11, 674 \\ 9, 066 \\ 5, 282 \\ 855 \\ 1, 022$	11,606 9,186 5,280 842 1,033	11, 357 9, 228 5, 057 886 1, 025	10, 887 9, 079 5, 000 945 1, 068	9,831 8,864 4,979 1,057 1,048	8, 694 8, 801 4, 964 1, 286 963	65.0 91.5 80.3 65.2 71.5
Pennsylvania New Jersey Colorado N. Mex, Utah, and Wyo Ga., Mo., N. C., and Tenn Nev. and Wash	680 361 65 607 562 11	637 281 63 642 508 7	$\begin{array}{c} 650\\ 278\\ 66\\ 645\\ 523\\ \gamma\end{array}$	658 268 67 618 508 13	$ \begin{array}{r} 668 \\ 276 \\ 61 \\ 626 \\ 588 \\ 12 \end{array} $	693 282 63 649 578 12	703 275 63 621 849 12	$703 \\ 337 \\ 65 \\ 613 \\ 594 \\ 12$	670 421 66 595 589 12	725 448 63 582 601 12	715 490 68 625 604 12	647 478 66 <i>525</i> 596 13	696 494 64 543 <i>404</i> 7	87.9 54.3 89.7 80.9 62.2 53.8

GENERAL TABLE

Table 25 presents in detail, for 1929, statistics relat-States as a whole and for each State for which vidual enterprises.

separate figures can be given without disclosing, ing to the iron-ore-mining industry for the United | exactly or approximately, the data reported by indi-

TABLE 25,-DETAILED STATISTICS FOR THE INDUSTRY, BY STATES: 1929

	United States	Minnesota	Michigan	Alabama	Pennsylvania	Wisconsin
Number of onterprises ⁶ Number of mines ⁶	180 208	75 85	49 57	13 18	7 <mark>4</mark> 7 5	
Persons engaged, total		11, 132	9,407	5, 674	729	1,010
Proprietors and firm members. Principal salaried officers of corporations *		4 1, 050 10, 078	4 509 8,894	338 5, 336	1 48 680	0 94
Principal officers of corporations ⁸	\$40, 905, 190 \$1, 553, 134 \$18, 561, 157	\$14, 500 \$2, 492, 797 \$16, 038, 428 \$1, 473, 841 \$8, 568, 830 \$2, 661, 024 \$1, 529, 550	\$23, 200 \$1, 255, 400 \$13, 049, 659 \$16, 305 \$5, 179, 069	\$053, 235 \$5, 637, 402 \$2, 479 \$2, 212, 803 \$361, 145	\$14,750 \$119,047 \$958,847	\$153, 53 \$1, 405, 10 \$558, 44
Fuel Purchased electric energy	\$5, 332, 103 \$4, 607, 488	\$2,661,024 \$1,532,550	\$767, 137 \$1, 794, 284	\$361, 145 \$350, 609	\$382, 344 \$1, 187, 205 \$273, 585	\$81, 58 \$182, 39
Expenditures for development (included above in "Principal ex- penses")	\$9, 886, 000	\$5, 276, 000	\$2, 399, 000	\$745, 000	\$377, 000	\$434, 00
Value of products, total Iron ore—	\$197, 334, 548	\$125, 333, 930	\$43, 194, 938	\$11, 777, 914	\$4, 515, 586	\$4, 394, 86
Quantitytons (2,240 pounds) Value at mine Other products, value Machinery and other equipment purchased during the year, total cost	73, 963, 485 9 \$196, 085, 542 9 \$1, 249, 006	46, 815, 208 \$124, 725, 908 \$608, 022	15, 238, 409 \$42, 960, 944 \$233, 994	6, 424, 478 \$11, 408, 577 \$279, 337	1, 093, 133 9 \$4, 515, 586 (9)	1, 618, 10 \$4, 394, 86
cost	\$3, 593, 941	\$2, 281, 764	\$604, 630	\$246, 782	\$74, 384	\$205, 30
Prime movers and electric motors driven by purchased energy, aggre- gate horsepower	498, 821	184, 042	173, 477	61, 442	16, 448	_16, 98
Prime movers, total horsepower	10 222, 154	104, 009	75, 203	23, 170	7	3, 51
Steam engines: Number Horsopower		516 101, 031	134 39, 468	117 14, 130		3, 56
Steam curpines: Number Horsepower Internal-combustion engines: Number	1 46	17 2, 032 20	11 21,825 2	9,000 2	2	
Horsepower	4,005	1, 606	10	40	27	
Horsepower Electric motors driven by purchased energy: Number	13,900	2, 106	13, 900 1, 578	430	426	2
Horsepower Electric motors driven by energy generated by enterprises reporting: Number	276, 667	2, 106 79, 373 151	98, 274 429	88, 272 36	16, 441	13, 4
Horsepower Cleotric generators; Number	12	3, 594 10	27, 294 18			
Kilowatfs fuel and electric energy consumed : Fuel	11 41, 895	8, 900	24, 325	6, 750		
Coal— Anthracitetons (2,240 pounds). Bituminoustons (2,000 pounds). Coke	52, 448 804, 815 85, 963 2, 300, 241 506, 898 2, 227	100 452, 343 28, 277 429, 383 338, 264	200 152, 055 101 61, 802 84, 181	131, 206 10, 414 47, 550 3, 680	39,852 13,079 19 1,098,299 400	$ \begin{array}{r} 14,4\\ 47,1\\ 11,7\\ 6\\ 2,2 \end{array} $
Electric energy- Purchasedkwhours- Generated by enterprises reportingkwhours-	2, 221 375, 636, 018 99, 735, 238	90, 080, 241 4, 365, 538	125, 198, 225 61, 004, 223	66, 721, 757 27, 376, 500	40, 216, 707	13, 801, 8

See footnotes at end of table.

IRON ORE

¢

TABLE 25.-DETAILED STATISTICS FOR THE INDUSTRY, BY STATES: 1929-Continued

	New York	New Jersey	New Mexico, Utah, and Wyoming ¹	Georgia, Mis- souri, North Carolina, and Tennessee ²	Colorado and Montana ³	Nevada and Washington 4
Number of enterprises ^a Number of mines ^a	5 5	4	6	14 18	4 4	3
Persons engaged, total	1, 021	406	647	596	71	14
Proprietors and firm members Principal salaried officers of corporations ⁸		;-	2	2	3	2
Other salaried officers and employees *	43	41 41		5 27	3	1
Wage earners (average for the year) Principal expenses: Salaries and wages of—	974	361	007	562	65	11
Principal officers of corporations ⁸ Other salaried officers and employees ⁸	\$26, 400 \$121, 502	\$5, 570 \$81, 520	\$95, 195	\$11,050 \$63,035	\$7,305	\$240
Wage earners	\$1, 416, 581	\$595, 079	\$1, 101, 543	\$580, 872	\$97,748	\$23, 805
Contract work	\$801, 165	\$18,435 \$243,756	\$337, 528	\$35, 594 \$242, 760	\$6, 480 \$29, 620	\$4,834
Fuel	\$801, 165 \$129, 672	\$33,454	\$40,068	\$66,645	\$2, 446 \$3, 210	\$1,060
Purchased electric energy	\$233, 302	\$106, 317	\$107, 745	\$23, 491	\$3, 210	
Expenditures for development (included above in "Principal expenses")	\$272, 000	\$44,000	\$211,000	\$102, 000	\$25,000	\$1,000
Value of products, total	\$3, 554, 606	\$1, 161, 159	\$1, 821, 182	\$1, 228, 042	\$309, 355	\$42,967
Iron ore— Quantitytous (2,240 pounds) Value at mine	823, 543	281, 331	1, 206, 611 \$1, 815, 337	372, 216	83,770	6, 683
Value at mine.	\$3, 463, 745 \$90, 861	\$1, 141, 971 \$19, 188	\$1, 815, 337 \$5, 845	\$1, 216, 283 \$11, 759	\$309,355	\$42,967
Other products, value	\$39, 055	\$53, 193	\$69, 109	\$16, 116		\$3,000
Prime movers and electric motors driven by purchased energy, aggre- gate horsepower	24, 471	8,741	7,901	4,908	371	37
Prime movers, total horsepower	8,000	2,400	1, 551	3, 333	234	37
Steam enginos: Number Horsepower Steam turbines: Number	8, 000	7 2, 250	7750	23 1,973 2	1 80	
Horsepowor Internal-combustion engines:				160		
Number		1 150	7 801	5	2 154	5
Horsepower. Electric motors driven by purchased energy:		100		1,200		87
Number	232	51 6, 341	130 6,350	40 1,575	2 137	
Horsepower Electric motors driven by energy generated by enterprises reporting:	10, 471		0,200		101	
NumberHorsepower	$18 \\ 1,320$	16 720		40 1,953		
Directoria company tenna	1,020		************			
Number	5, 360	2 300	3 500	2 700		
Fuel and electric energy consumed:						
Fuel— Coal—			-			
Anthracitetons (2,240 pounds) Bituminoustons (2,000 pounds) Coleotons (2,000 pounds)	11,717	550 4,606	5,782	16,452	240	
Coketons (2,000 pounds)	14, 009	30			240	
Fuel oilsgallons	138, 834	36, 297 2, 653	56,988 39,173	411, 176 7, 700	8,660 1,816	7,000
Gazalina and haveness						
Gasoline and kerosene	21, 353 22, 652, 619	2, 033 6, 471, 660	7,618,010	2, 793, 304	81,668	

¹ New Mexico, 2 enterprises; Utah, 3; Wyoning, 1.
² Georgia, 3 enterprises; Missouri, 6; North Carolina, 1; Tennessee, 4.
³ Colorado, 3 enterprises; Montana, 1.
⁴ Nevada, 2 enterprises; Washington, 1.
⁴ See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—The Enterprise.
⁴ See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—The Enterprise.
⁴ See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—The Enterprise.
⁴ See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—The Interprise.
⁴ See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—The Interprise.
⁵ See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—The Interprise.
⁴ See GENERAL Explanations—of the Control Manufacturing.
⁵ Includes 2 mills for which separate reports wore received.
⁶ Not including data for salaried officers and employees of "Central Administrative" offices. (See Table 20).
⁶ Data for secondary products—copper concentrates—Included in figures for iron ore for Pennsylvania, to avoid disclosing data for an individual enterprise.
⁶ Includes 23,693 horsepower reported for inactive generators.
⁴ Includes 2,720 kilowatts reported for inactive generators.

INTRODUCTION

Scope of the report.-This report gives statistics for the census of mines and quarries for 1929 relating to the stone-quarrying industries. It shows the progress of these industries by comparison of the results of the census for 1929 with those for 1919 and 1909; the geographic distribution of the industries by States; the size of operating enterprises; power equipment, by kind, number, and capacity; time in operation for enterprises and the length of the working week for wage earners; the numbers of persons engaged in the industries, classified as proprietors and firm members, salaried officers and employees, and wage earners; and fuel consumption, by kind. It includes also a table presenting statistics in detail for the United States as a whole and for those States for which separate figures can be given without disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises. In addition, statistics are given for those enterprises in the stone industries primarily engaged in the production of crushed stone; for enterprises producing crushed slag; for the production of limestone by lime and by cement manufacturers; and for those enterprises included in the stone industries which made combined returns for their quarrying and manufacturing activities.

Data for noncommercial enterprises (State, county, municipal, railroad, and public utility) are not included in the statistics for the stone industries. However, figures for the quantity of noncommercial stone produced in 1929 are given by industries in Table 1, and by States in Table 4.

Definition of the industries.—The statistics for the stone industries relate to the quarrying of stone of all kinds except operations, as noted in the following paragraphs, which are specifically omitted in order to avoid duplication of statistics for industries not classified as stone quarrying. The numerous varieties of stone, for purposes of the census, have been assigned to seven groups—limestone, granite, basalt, slate, marble, sandstone, and miscellaneous—and the statistics on quarry operations are herein presented for seven industries correspondingly designated.

The limestone industry includes the quarrying of limestone, of the related rock dolomite, cement rock, and relatively small quantities of calcareous marl, coquina, calcite, travertine, tufa rock, and other closely related stone. Data for the quarrying of limestone and related materials in connection with the manufacture of lime and cement are included in the statistics for the limestone industry, while statistics for the quarrying activities of lime and of cement manufacturers are also shown separately in Tables 26 and 27.

The granite industry embraces the quarrying of granite and related coarse-grained igneous rocks, gneiss, syenite, diorite, gabbro, and related rocks.

The sandstone industry includes the quarrying of sandstone, quartzite, argillite, mica schist, greenstones (Pennsylvania), freestone (Kentucky), bluestone (New York, Ohio, and Pennsylvania), brownstone (Connecticut and Pennsylvania), and related rocks. Exceptions to this are the quarrying and grinding of sandstone and quartzite for glass manufacture, for refractories, abrasives, and other purposes, the data for which are included in the glass-sand, molding-sand, silica, or abrasive-materials industries. according to the nature and purpose of the product; and the quarrying of siliceous mica schist used as ganister, data for which are included in the silica industry.

The basalt industry includes the quarrying of finegrained igneous rocks, basalt, commonly known as trap rock, diabase, and other related rocks which are for the most part dark, heavy rocks, and which are used almost entirely as crushed stone.

The slate industry includes the quarrying of slate for use as roofing, in switchboards and other electrical apparatus, for structural purposes, sanitary ware, blackboards, etc., and as crushed "granules" for coating roofing felts, and other purposes.

The marble industry includes the quarrying of marble, serpentine (verde antique), dolomitic marble, and a small quantity of "onyx."

The miscellaneous-stone industry includes the quarrying of decomposed granite, red rock, chert, boulders, and other stone not classified as to kind in the returns made by some operators. Most of the product reported in this industry was crushed stone.

In addition to excluding data for certain guarrying operations, as noted above, data for the following activities were also excluded from the statistics for the stone industries: The quarrying and the shaping of stone for millstones and pulpstones, as these are presented separately as an industry; the quarrying of soapstone which is presented in the talc and soapstone industry; the quarrying of stones of various kinds for use as grindstones, hones, whetstones, scythestones, and rubbing stones, data for which are included in the statistics for the abrasive-materials industry; the quarrying of tripoli, quartzite, and other siliceous rock for use as abrasive materials, or as silica, or for other special uses, as data for such operations are included either in the statistics for the abrasive-materials industry or the silica industry.

Relatively little stone is used rough as obtained from the quarry but at most quarries the stone is broken, crushed, shaped, dressed, ground, or otherwise prepared. The breaking of stone into rubble and riprap, and the crushing of stone for road work, ballast, concrete, or for other construction purposes are quite general and are closely connected with the quarrying operation, and data for these operations are included in the statistics for the several stone industries. On the other hand, the cutting, sawing, finishing, and polishing of stone for monumental, building, or other purposes, are considered as manufacturing operations and fall within the scope of the census of manufactures. Therefore, operators were requested to exclude data for these operations from their returns for their quarrying activities. Although such segregated returns were received in most cases, a number of operators filed returns covering both their quarrying and manufacturing operations. The data of these combined returns are necessarily included in the various tables of this report (as well as in the reports for the census of manufactures), but are also shown separately in Table 2 to indicate the relative importance of the data for this group to the statistics for the industries as a whole.

Quarrying enterprises engaged solely or principally in the production of crushed stone comprise a very substantial part of the stone industries. Accordingly, statistics for these are given separately in Tables 28 to 34, inclusive, although the data are also included in the statistics for the several stone industries. The same general policy was followed in 1919 in regard to manufacturing operations carried on by quarrying enterprises, but the proportion of segregated returns covering quarrying only was much higher for 1929 due to the special efforts to obtain such returns for the latter year. For 1919, combined reports covering both quarrying and manufacturing were filed by most of such operators.

Nonproducing quarries (development only) operated as separate enterprises represented an insignificant part of the stone-quarrying industries. Only 10 such enterprises were reported for 1929, and these expended a total of \$108,538 for development work.

Differences in the quantity and value of products as reported by the Bureau of the Census and the Bureau of Mines.-Bureau of Mines statistics represent stone used or sold by producers, while those of the Census

Bureau represent stone quarried (or crushed, in case of boulders and stone derived from miscellaneous sources). Data for noncommercial production (State, county, municipal, public utility, and railroad) are included in the Bureau of Mines figures, but excluded from the statistics for the stone industries in the census report, except that data for quantities produced are shown separately in Tables 1 and 4 only. Data for the production of ganister are included in the statistics for sandstone, and those of siliceous mica schist in the statistics for miscellaneous stone, by the Bureau of Mines. On the other hand, data for the production of these products are included in the statistics of the silica industry by the Census Bureau.

The value figures given in the Bureau of Mines reports represent the value of the stone to the original producer (quarry operator) in the form in which sold, whether it be rough, crushed, shaped, or finished stone. The value figures of the census represent the value at the quarry of rough and crushed stone produced, and do not include the value of finished stone except in those cases for which segregated figures covering only quarrying operations could not be obtained. The values of products of these "combined" returns (i. e., those covering quarrying and finishing operations) are included in the various tables of this report, and are shown separately in Table 2.

The Bureau of Mines classifies the production of cement and lime in the mineral industries. Therefore, to prevent duplication in their figures of total value of mineral products, data for limestone and related materials quarried by lime and cement producers are not included in the Bureau of Mines statistics for the stone industries, but the quantities of limestone used in cement and lime manufacture are shown separately in their reports. On the other hand, data for quarrying operations of cement and lime producers are included in the census figures for the limestone industry, and statistics covering these classes are also shown separately in Tables 26 and 27. However, reports were not received for the quarrying operations of a number of lime and cement producers, for which the production figures are given in Table 4.

TABLE 1COMPARISON	OF PRODUCTION A	S REPORTED	BY BUREAU OF	THE CENSUS AND	D BY BUREAU OF
	MINES. F	OR THE UNIT	ED STATES: 1929)	
				the second second second	and the second state of th

	[pea exbigurations]	neceding only two	0]				
		BUREAU OF TI	BUREAU OF MINES 1				
INDUSTRY	Stone	quarried	Noncomme	rcial stone 2	Stone sold or used by producers		
	Quantity (tons, 2,000 pounds)	Value 3	Quantity (tons, 2,000 pounds)	Value	Quantity (tons, 2,000 pounds)	Value	
Stone-quarrying industries, total	177, 755, 000	\$195, 995, 124	11,865,000	\$10, 138, 503	141, 779, 650	\$213, 937, 940	
Limestone Granite Baseit Slate Marble Sandstone Miscellaneous	$\begin{array}{c} 144, 253, 000\\ 8, 304, 000\\ 12, 447, 000\\ 682, 000\\ 549, 000\\ 3, 626, 000\\ 7, 834, 000\end{array}$	117, 257, 784 30, 381, 373 15, 543, 637 10, 486, 390 7, 588, 905 6, 311, 977 8, 475, 008	4,699,000 2,451,000 2,537,000 	4, 203, 555 1, 420, 418 2, 464, 186 1, 522, 218 528, 146	$\begin{array}{c} 100, 686, 960\\ 10, 826, 730\\ 14, 871, 780\\ 670, 070\\ 553, 660\\ 5, 700, 200\\ 8, 380, 250\\ \end{array}$	113, 906, 071 34, 225, 110 18, 946, 197 11, 245, 178 16, 545, 178 11, 023, 981 8, 046, 091	

Mineral Resources of the United States, 1929.
 Figures in italies not included in census totals.
 Includes a small value for secondary products.

See explanations preceding Table 4, p. 332. See Table 7.

Inclusion of data for stone-manufacturing processes (Table 2).—Quarrying enterprises which also cut to shape, dressed, polished, etc., stone for building, monumental, or industrial purposes were requested to furnish segregated returns covering only their quarrying operations and excluding data for their finishing plants. This was done in most cases, although a number were unable or failed to do so. The statistics given in this report include data for manufacturing by these enterprises. In order to indicate the extent of such inclusion, statistics representing these "combined" returns are given in Table 2, by industries, for those States for which figures may be shown. On the basis of tonnage these returns account for less than 1 per cent of the total tonnage, as contrasted with 12,4 per cent of the total value of products of the stone industries as defined for census purposes. Although segregated reports covering only quarrying operations were obtained whenever possible by the census for 1919, no similar record of the extent of inclusion of data for combined quarrying and manufacturing activities for that year is available. However, due to the special efforts made in this census, it is felt that such inclusion is less for 1929 than for 1919.

TABLE 2.-SUMMARY FOR THOSE ENTERPRISES WHICH INCLUDED MANUFACTURING DATA IN RETURNS: 1929

								·					·····	
	Num-	Num- ber of	Sal-	Wage			Cost of supplies.	Quan- tity of stone		RATIN POWER	POWER IG OF EQUIP- INT	FUB	L CONSUM	1ED
INDUSTRY AND STATE	ber of enter- prises	plants and quar- ries	aried em- ploy- ees	(aver- age for the year)	Salarieș	Wages	fuel, and purchased electric energy	quarried and used, tons (2,000 pounds)	Value of products	Prime movers	Electric motors driven by pur- chased energy	Bitu- minous coal, tons (2,000 pounds)	Fuel oils, gallons	Gaso- line and kero- sene, gallons
United States, total	201	227	758	9, 102	\$2, 217, 770	\$11, 830, 326	\$3, 341, 666	1, 625, 115	\$24, 387, 680	16, 689	44, 518	68, 527	225, 796	126, 548
Granite Slate Limestone Marble 1 Sandstone	19	104 82 14 9 18	337 199 98 91 33	4, 351 3, 347 611 543 250	1, 049, 418 486, 456 290, 430 299, 522 91, 944	$5,954,221\\3,898,683\\1,107,338\\536,634\\333,450$	2,029,598 676,522 279,680 254,819 101,047	977, 045 232, 321 336, 478 35, 171 44, 100	12, 366, 921 7, 128, 488 3, 027, 310 1, 203, 159 661, 807	8, 950 5, 629 560 670 880	18, 251 13, 708 5, 546 3, 967 3, 046	24, 143 25, 346 7, 969 7, 504 3, 565	193, 635 7, 000 4, 427 20, 734	106, 948 9, 100 5, 400 5, 100
GRANITE									-					
Massachusetts Minnesota Georgia Maine. Connecticut New York	19 10 8 8 6 5	20 20 8 6 5	92 70 31 18 11 4	1,089 745 695 560 160 47	330, 959 238, 931 100, 794 49, 492 31, 704 8, 300	1,775,047 1,008,703 650,852 741,790 279,008 100,919	459, 932 601, 742 158, 634 70, 459 57, 358 39, 332	254, 773 59, 081 250, 234 105, 549 37, 808 42, 738	$\begin{array}{c} 3,476,487\\ 2,745,366\\ 1,257,493\\ 1,140,584\\ 419,496\\ 195,053\end{array}$	3,870 495 342 520 590 615	3, 936 4, 264 2, 808 2, 673 331 15	10, 358 2, 320 2, 557 2, 233 1, 700 30	61, 454 3, 300 52, 000 2, 357	22, 200 11, 685 1, 050 41, 370
Oklahoma New Bampshire Vermout. Montana Other States ?	4 4 3 4 20	4 4 4 21	2 8 4 89	42 67 38 27 881	2, 020 17, 500 8, 779 21, 209 239, 640	56, 452 96, 706 51, 988 37, 075 1, 155, 531	24, 920 35, 176 16, 371 10, 358 555, 316	1, 838 9, 385 9, 705 3, 215 202, 719	156, 223 155, 724 123, 813 107, 717 2, 589, 065	230 332 64 1, 886	78 276 707 179 2, 980	520 105 6 4, 314	6,000 4,144 40 64,340	12, 420 4, 000 3, 813 10, 410
SLATE Pennsylvania Vermont Virginia New York Other States ³ LIMESTONE	29 32 4 5 8	29 40 5 5 8	109 65 15 5 5	1, 797 1, 013 413 70 54	301, 433 132, 660 39, 360 6, 180 6, 823	2, 141, 034 1, 295, 771 301, 007 99, 000 61, 871	475, 621 124, 992 62, 302 13, 797 9, 810	110, 907 69, 516 15, 948 82, 878 3, 072	8, 761, 631 2, 502, 111 524, 820 260, 708 79, 213	4, 640 105 722 22 140	6, 981 5, 507 1, 081 139	21, 166 800 8, 001 44 335	7,000	
Indiana Other States 4	8 5	9 5	77 21	448 163	228, 059 62, 371	863, 577 243, 761	182, 959 96, 721	186, 343 150, 135	2, 487, 991 539, 319	380 180	4, 337 1, 209	5, 212 2, 757		5, 400
SANDSTONE .	9				05.000	1 200 210	-		0.00					
New York Other States 4	7	9 9	14 19	121 129	35, 080 56, 864	157, 547 175, 903	57, 697 43, 350	21, 077 23, 023	810, 146 351, 661	745 135	836 2, 210	2, 624 941	20, 700 34	3, 500 1, 600

¹ Alabama, 2 enterprises; Arkansas, 1; California, 1; Maryland, 1; New York, 1; Tennessee, 1; Vermont, 1.
 ² California, 1 enterprise; Colorado, 1; Maryland, 1; Missouri, 1; North Carolina, 2; Orogon, 1; Pennsylvania, 1; Rhode Island, 2; South Carolina, 2; South Dakota, 2;
 ³ Maine, 1 enterprise; Maryland, 1; New Jersey, 1.
 ⁴ Minnesota, 2 enterprise; Onlo, 1; Pennsylvania, 1; Wisconsin, 1.
 ⁵ Ohio, 1 enterprise; Pennsylvania, 2; Virginia, 1; Washington, 2; Wisconsin, 1.

Quantity of stone produced, by industries, by States (Table 3).-This table presents statistics for the production of stone by those enterprises falling within the scope of the census, and for which statistics given in other tables of this report apply (except those tables of limited scope, which are so designated). In addition to the production shown in this table, a considerable quantity was produced by enterprises not included

within the scope of the census, or for which incomplete or no returns were received. The figures for the production of these enterprises, together with explanations of their relationship to other statistics of this report. are given in Table 4, and are not included in other tables of this report. By combining the figures given in Tables 3 and 4, the total quantities produced by the various States may be determined.

TABLE 3 .-- QUANTITY OF STONE PRODUCED, BY INDUSTRIES AND STATES: 1929

[In order to avoid disclosure of data for individual enterprises, the figures for certain States have been combined and are included in "Undistributed." The combined totals for all stones for the individual States include these data except where indicated by footnotes]

			······································		INDUSTRY			
STATE	Total	Limestone	Granite	Basalt	Slate	Marble	Sandstone	Stone, miscellaneous
		· ·		(Tons	, 2,000 pounds)	1 [°]	<u> </u>	•
United States, total	177, 755, 000	144, 253, 000	8, 364, 000	12, 447, 000	682, 000	549, 000	8, 626, 000	7, 834, 000
Alabama Arizona Arkansas California Colorado	3, 019, 000 167, 000 730, 000 10, 839, 000 3 807, 000	2, 950, 000 100, 000 158, 000 3, 458, 000 728, 000	(2) 1, 390, 000 50, 000	(2) 986,000	(2)	40, 000 (²⁾ 3, 000 (²⁾ (²⁾	(2) (2) (2) 803, 000 29, 000	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)
Connecticut Delaware District of Columbia Florida Georgia	2, 670, 000 (i) (i) ⁵ 2, 866, 000 ⁶ 1, 409, 000	81,000 2,866,000 771,000	46, 000 (2) (3) 570, 000	2, 515, 000	(2)	(²) 	(2)	(2)
Idaho. IllInois. Indiana. Iowa. Kansas.	151,000 12,010,000 6,206,000 6 2,978,000 7 3,318,000	11, 890, 000 5, 904, 000 2, 978, 000 3, 258, 000	(2)	149,000			(2)	114,000 302,000 (²) 60,000
Kentucky Louisiana Maina. Maryland Massachusetts	7 2, 626, 000 (4) 690, 000 1, 801, 000 7 3, 424, 000	2, 510, 000 (²) 445, 000 1, 155, 000 238, 000	236, 000 113, 000 1, 030, 000	(2) 449,000 1,921,000	(2) (2)	(2) 31,000	(2) 	(²) 40,000 204,000
Michigan Minnosota Missouri Montana Nebraska	18, 144, 000 539, 000 7, 062, 000 318, 000 (1)	18, 056, 000 320, 000 6, 553, 000 298, 000 (²)	(*) 87,000 18,000 16,000	(2) (2)		(2) (2) 94,000 (2)	(2)	(*) (*) 397, 000 (*)
Nevada	(1)	(²) 1, 225, 000 (²) 11, 916, 000	92, 000 (?) 239, 000	2, 468, 000 (²)	(²) 111, 000	(2) 50, 000	(2) (2) 129,000	(1) (3) (3) (3) 625,000
North Carolina Ohlo Oklahoma Oregon Pennsylvania	$\begin{array}{c} 1, 381, 000 \\ 17, 263, 000 \\ 2, 787, 000 \\ 1, 261, 000 \\ 29, 837, 000 \end{array}$	(²) 16, 956, 000 2, 678, 000 186, 000 26, 529, 000	1, 332, 000 2, 000 (²) 326, 000	807, 000 1, 508, 000	179,000	(²) (²)	218, 000 (²) (2) 956, 000	(²) 89,000 (³) (²) 339,000 (³)
Rhode Island South Carolina South Dakota Tennesse Texes	$\begin{array}{c} 147,000\\ 1,095,000\\ 229,000\\ 2,502,000\\ 5,139,000 \end{array}$	(2) 55,000 2,353,000 4,988,000	112,000 1,095,000 16,000 9,000	(2) 		105, 000	158, 000 (²)	(?)
Utah Vermont Virginia Washington	817,000 583,000 4,441,000 1,305,000	308,000 55,000 3,248,000 825,000	(2) 154,000 913,000 (2)	(2) 831, 000	222, 000 53, 000	(2) 102,000 (2)	161,000 (²)	(3) 143,000
West Virginia Wisconsin Wyoming Undistributed ²	4,044,000 ≬3,998,000 385,000	4,004,000 3,055,000 361,000 681,000	314, 000 (²) 195, 000	1, 813, 000	117,000	56, 000	(*) 29, 000 (*) 1, 143, 000	(1) (1) 1, 208, 000

Quantities expressed in tons of 2,000 pounds include, in many cases, approximate equivalents of quantities reported in various other units by the quarry operators.
See headnote.
Exclusive of data for the miscellaneous-stone industry.
Exclusive of data for the sandstone industry.
Exclusive of data for the sandstone industry.
Exclusive of data for the sandstone industry.
Exclusive of data for the basalt industry.

Production of stone not covered elsewhere in this report (Table 4).—The figures of production given in this table pertain to those enterprises for which data are not included in other tables of this report. They include data for the following:

(1) Production by noncommercial enterprises (i. e., plants operated by States, counties, municipalities, railroads, and public utilities). Such enterprises were not included in the canvass of the mining and quarrying industries by the Bureau of the Census. Practically all of the product of this group was crushed stone, with minor quantities of riprap and rubble, and was used principally in the construction of roads, bridges, dams, and as ballast.

(2) Production by a number of small producers of lime, who were not requested to file separate returns for their quarrying operations. The figures given for these are estimates based upon the quantity of lime produced. Data for the production of limestone by other lime producers are included in the tables for the industry, except where otherwise indicated, and are shown separately in Table 27.

(3) Production by 17 cement manufacturers, who were unable or failed to supply segregated returns covering their quarrying operations. Data for the quarrying operations of other cement producers are included in the general tables, and are shown separately in Table 26.

(4) Production by 26 limestone enterprises from which incomplete or no reports were received due to cessation of operations at the time of canvass and for other reasons. Most of the production of this group was contributed by manufacturers (chiefly chemical) for whom listings were not on record at the Census Bureau when preparations for the canvass were made.

(5) Production of sandstone and siliceous mica schist which was ground for use as glass sand, or for use as refractory material, etc. Enterprises so engaged are classified in the glass-sand, molding-sand, or silica industries according to the nature and use of the final product.

(6) Production by mining enterprises in which the quarrying of stone was of secondary importance, and for which separate returns were not made, the data having been included in the returns for the operations as a whole, and compiled in the industry classifications representing the principal products.

The presentation of the data given in this table permits the determination of the total production of stone, by States, by combination of these data with those given in Table 3. However, neither production figures nor other data pertaining to enterprises represented by this table are included in any other table in the stone report except Table 1, which gives data for noncommercial stone.

TABLE 4.—SUMMARY OF QUARRYING ACTIVITIES NOT COVERED ELSEWHERE IN THIS REPORT: 1929 [In some cases data are given in this table for 1 or 2 enterprises. This, however, does not constitute disclosure of data for individual enterprises, inasmuch as reports were received from a sufficient number of other enterprises in the State to avoid identification of the individual enterprises shown in this table)

			NONC	NONCOMMERCIAL STONE		UCTION OF	LIMEST ENG.	ONE BY CER'	FAIN EN	TERPRISES	sands	luction of stone, etc.,		produced tal-mining
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		TOTAL			Manu 1	facture of ime	Manufacture of cement		Other		classified in the silica or other industries		and other mining onterprises	
STATE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	Num- ber of enter- prises	Tons (2,000 pounds)	Num- ber of enter- prises	Tons (2,000 pounds)	Num- ber of enter- prises	Tons (2,000 pounds)	Num- ber of enter- prises	Tons (2,000 pounds)	Num- ber of enter- prises	Tons (2,000 pounds)	Num- ber of enter- prises	Tons (2,000 pounds)	Num- ber of enter- prises	Tons (2,000 pounds)
United States, total	482	24, 495, 000	327	11, 665, 000	44	483, 000	17	4, 616, 000	26	3, 633, 000	45	2, 814, 000	23	1, 284, 000
Alabama Arizona	10 9	236,000 513,000	38	80,000 513,000	31	21,000 (²)			2	135, 000	2	(2)		
Arkansas California Colorado	4 27 3	(3) 2, 478, 000 (3)	2 24 1	(2) 2, 456, 000 (2)	1 1 	(2) (2) 10, 000	1	(1)			1 1 1	(2) (2) (2)	1	12, 000
Florida Georgia Idaho Illinois Indiana	2 1 9 15 9	(3) (3) 126, 000 811, 000 489, 000	2 1 8 10 6	(2) (2) 124,000 193,000 361,000	 1 1	20, 000 (²)					3	528,000	 1 1 2	2, 000 70, 000 128, 000
Iowa. Kansas. Kentucky. Maino.	6 6 17 2	1, 024, 000 49, 000 433, 000 (⁸)	2 2 17 1	(2) (7) 433,000 (4) (2)	 1 1	(2) (2)	2	930, 000	1 3	30, 000 39, 000			1 1	64, 000 10, 000
Maryland Massachusetts Michigan Minnesota	6 6 13 6	85,000 85,000 1,103,000 121,000	1 5 5 5	(2) 85,000 82,000 121,000	1	(2) (9)	5	973, 000 (³)	2	58, 000 48, 000	1 1 1	(*) (2) (2)	1	27, 000
Mississippi Missouri	2 18	(³) 695, 000	2 12	(?) 618,000	3	52,000					2	(2)	1	25, 000
Montana Nebraska Newada New Hampshire New Jersey	4 2 1 8	71,000 (³) (³) (³) 155,000	8 1 1 1 4	71,000 (²) (²) (²) (?) 99,000	1	(2) 	1	(2)				(2)		

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 4.-SUMMARY OF QUARRYING ACTIVITIES NOT COVERED ELSEWHERE IN THIS REPORT: 1929-Contd. [See note at head of this table]

en e		TOTAL	NONCO	OMMERCIAL	PRODU	JCTION OF		ONE BY CER	TAIN EN	TERPRISES	sands	luction of stone, etc.,	Stone produced by metal-mining	
			3	TONE		facture of ime		ufacture of ement		Other	classified in the silica or other industrics		and other mining enterprises	
STATE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	Num- ber of enter- prises	Tons (2,000 pounds)	Num- ber of enter- prises	Tons (2,000 pounds)	Num- ber of enter- prises	Tons (2,000 pounds)	Num- ber of enter- prises	Tons (2,000 pounds)	Num- ber of enter- prises	Tons (2,000 pounds)	Num- ber of enter- prises	Tons (2,000 pounds)	Num- ber of enter- prises	Tons (2,000 pounds)
New Mexico New York North Carolina Ohio Okiahoma	18	(⁸) 3, 055, 000 193, 000 964, 000 (⁸)	4	(2) 244, 000 163, 000 152, 000 (2)	1	(²) 45, 000	4 1 1	855,000 314,000 (²)	43 2 3	4 1, 956, 000 21, 000 446, 000	 	(²) (²)	(⁶) 1 1	(⁸) 9,000 7,000
Oregon. Pennsylvania. Rhode Island South Dakota. Tennessoo.	34 61 1 2 17	1, 018, 000 2, 577, 000 (³) (³) 989, 000	84 26 1 2 14	1, 018, 000 70, 000 (²) (²) 465, 000	6 1	29, 000 (²)	1	503,000	6	742, 000		1, 121, 000	4	112,000 524,000
Texas Utah Vermont Virginia Washington	5 5	312, 000 6, 000 34, 000 406, 000 885, 000	7 2 3 16 31	133, 000 (²) 26, 000 213, 000 885, 000		21,000 6,000 (²) 75,000 (²)					2	20, 000	1	8,000 188,000
West Virginia Wisconsin Wyoming Undistributed &	25	65, 000 855, 000 155, 000 4, 417, 000	4 18 3	(²) 587, 000 155, 000 2, 318, 000	4	96, 000 108, 000		1, 041, 000			3 3	(1) 172,000 950,000		65, 000

¹ See explanations preceding Table 26, p. 363.
² Included in "Undistributed" in order to avoid disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises. However, these data are not included in the State total.
³ Included in the total of 1,759,000 tons reported for those States for which figures are not shown.
⁴ Includes a small quantity reported as a by-product from another mining industry.
⁵ Included in the figure for "Other" limestone.
⁴ Includes data for omissions from the table indicated in footnotes 2 and 3.

TABLE 5.--DISTRIBUTION OF SALES, BY MARKETING CHANNELS THROUGH WHICH STONE WAS SOLD BY PRODUCERS, BY INDUSTRIES: 1929

MARKETING CHANNELS	Total	Limestone	Granite	Basalt	Slate	Marble	Sandstone	Stone, miscella- neous
Total{Tons1	\$193, 502, 254 176, 097, 474	\$115, 607, 183 142, 819, 586	\$29, 760, 629 8, 288, 566	\$15, 549, 800 12, 312, 394	\$10, 381, 327 679, 966	\$7, 307, 847 508, 631	\$6, 418, 656 3, 640, 845	\$8, 476, 812 7, 847, 486
Sales direct to nonaffiliated concentration, treatment, {Value and quarry-products plants, and manufacturers	$\begin{array}{c} \$24, 534, 644\\ 20, 036, 578\\ \$46, 018, 988\\ 60, 476, 237\\ \$1, 802, 052\\ 1, 228, 173\\ \$10, 865, 372\\ 3, 920, 203\\ \$4, 844, 620\\ 3, 801, 417 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \$16, 581, 748\\ 19, 283, 862\\ \$35, 701, 923\\ \$9, 267, 962\\ \$930, 662\\ 1, 058, 399\\ \$2, 502, 470\\ 2, 595, 894\\ \$3, 256, 936\\ 8, 211, 913 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \$3, 680, 283\\ 152, 722\\ \$3, 370, 067\\ 340, 276\\ \$384\\ 5\\ \$3, 724, 520\\ 214, 803\\ \$429, 585\\ 58, 842 \end{array}$	\$802, 886 221, 778 \$02, 089 46, 528 \$50, 414 47, 787 \$509, 218 252, 831 \$118, 412 85, 201			\$321,868 87,541 \$1,003,340 234,031 \$80,410 98,836 \$584,973 115,353 \$154,177 48,001	\$310, 922 110, 240 \$208, 205 62, 502 \$607, 242 543, 870 \$298, 275 436, 797
Sales direct: {Value Government agencies (Federal, State, and local){Trons Contractors for Government construction	\$9, 529, 286 8, 738, 204 \$23, 569, 918 18, 299, 876 \$9, 969, 244	\$6, 119, 352 6, 070, 348 \$4, 764, 162 4, 985, 767 12, 567, 319 \$6, 380, 353 8, 264, 563 \$1, 019, 136 1, 009, 136 \$7, 745, 528 8, 446, 737		\$1,077,002 874,171 \$1,931,783 1,627,284 \$3,057,407 2,417,763 \$1,863,166 1,724,867 \$168,642 123,778 \$371,597 318,033	\$100, 160 2,716 \$6,284 \$502,600 17,786 \$10,000 \$11,100 \$1,100 \$194,068 \$5,276	\$1,032 59 \$232,801 3,000 \$23,757 11,653 \$122,088 8,500 \$76,664 8,270	\$637, 342 445, 081 \$425, 550 366, 139 \$804, 001 406, 264 \$510, 030 649, 580 \$31, 285 3, 856 \$283, 439 44, 126	\$478, 484 451, 040 \$1, 035, 170 728, 344 \$1, 267, 475 1, 038, 666 \$175, 888 324, 530 \$48, 863 59, 021 \$161, 030 115, 240
SALES NOT SEGREGATED BY INDIVIDUAL CHANNELS Government agencies (Federal, State, and local)		\$9, 978, 815 10, 877, 902 \$4, 210, 651	\$3, 632, 358 1, 203, 326 \$678, 468 491, 608 \$3, 674, 939	\$2,040,311 1,771,830 \$2,772,733 2,158,010 \$542,709	\$2, 805, 089	\$874, 919	\$122, 520 111, 167 \$701, 839 714, 325 \$630, 376	\$20, 849 22, 114 \$1, 384, 667 2, 046, 175 \$1, 422, 386 1, 001, 150 \$872, 498 817, 797
ported Value Value_V Value Value Value Value Value Value Value	4, 609, 743	2, 526, 005 \$183, 536	853, 284 \$53, 309	465, 375	97, 484	57, 095	292, 703 \$41, 014	\$174, 858

¹ Tons, 2,000 pounds.

PRINCIPAL STATISTICS

Summary for the United States (Table 6).-The stone-quarrying industries, as defined in preceding paragraphs, taken as a whole ranked fifth among the mineral-producing industries in total value of products and third in the number of wage earners employed. Individually, the several stone industries ranked in value of products as follows: Limestone, fifth; granite, tenth; basalt, twelfth; slate, fifteenth; marble, eighteenth; sandstone, twentieth; and miscellaneous, sixteenth. The total value of products reported for the stone industries (\$195,995,124) amounted to 8.2 per cent of the total value of products of all mining and quarrying industries (\$2,392,831,178) in 1929; and the number of wage earners employed in the stone industries (56.835) constituted 7 per cent of the total number of wage earners (806,418) in producing mining and quarrying enterprises in the United States. In terms of quantity of output (177,755,000 short tons), the tonnage reported for the stone industries was more than twice that of the iron-ore industry (73,963,485 long tons) or of the anthracite industry (66,558,839 long tons), and approximately one-third of that of the bituminous-coal industry (537,442,495 short tons). It also exceeded slightly the output (168,885,667 short tons) of the sand and gravel industry, as defined for census purposes. The limestone industry predominated among the stone industries, accounting for 59.8 per cent of the total value of products, 56.8 per cent of the total number of wage earners, and 81.2 per cent of the total tonnage produced.

TABLE 6.-SUMMARY FOR THE STONE-QUARRYING INDUSTRIES, FOR THE UNITED STATES: 1929

					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	Total	Limestone	Granite	Basalt	Slate	Marble	Sandstone	Stone, mis- cellaneous
Number of enterprises 1 Number of quarries 1	2, 249 2, 458	1, 167 1, 256	408 484	187 144	120 130	70 88	145 172	204 234
Persons engaged, total	62, 966	35, 582	11, 191	3, 439	4, 450	3, 594	2, 466	2, 244
Proprietors and firm members Salaried officers and employees ³ Wage earners (average for the year) ⁴	1, 165 4, 966 56, 835	497 2, 785 32, 300	279 875 10, 037	51 835 8, 053	86 266 4, 098	7 237 3, 350	84 226 2, 156	161 242 1, 841
Power equipment, total horsepower	829, 041	535, 466	108, 217	63, 881	33, 817	30, 198	28, 935	28, 527
Principal expenses, total ⁵	\$126, 847, 273	\$75, 933, 430	\$20, 647, 446	\$8, 680, 650	\$6, 917, 871	\$4, 988, 260	\$4, 581, 214	\$5, 098, 402
Salaries ¹ Wages Contract work Supplies Fuel Purchased electric energy	\$13,070,564 \$69,533,903 \$634,404 \$30,384,379 \$5,355,458 \$7,865,565	\$7, 188, 813 \$39, 188, 364 \$418, 760 \$20, 735, 789 \$3, 606, 670 \$4, 795, 034	\$2, 588, 145 \$12, 639, 524 \$39, 273 \$3, 618, 511 \$652, 642 \$1, 109, 351	\$909, 123 \$4, 498, 093 \$31, 951 \$2, 201, 847 \$388, 232 \$651, 404	\$710, 604 \$4, 884, 038 \$20, 574 \$602, 441 \$192, 247 \$441, 967	\$580, 243 \$3, 201, 541 \$18, 225 \$553, 619 \$156, 839 \$387, 793	\$527, 953 \$2, 626, 437 \$47, 565 \$983, 204 \$173, 252 \$222, 803	\$565, 683 \$2, 405, 906 \$52, 056 \$1, 628, 908 \$188, 576 \$257, 213
Expenditures for development (included above in "Principal expenses")	\$3, 618, 000	\$1, 459, 000	\$1, 003, 000	\$231,000	\$134, 000	\$298, 000	\$270, 000	\$223, 000
Value of products, total 4	\$195, 995, 124	\$117, 257, 784	\$30, 381, 373	\$15, 543, 687	\$10, 486, 390	\$7, 538, 905	\$6, 311, 977	\$8, 475, 008
Stone produced— Approximate quantity (tons, 2,000 pounds) ^r Value at quarry Other products ⁸	177, 755, 000 \$194, 675, 202 \$1, 319, 922	144, 253, 000 \$116, 505, 734 \$752, 050	8, 364, 000 \$30, 291, 311 \$90, 062	12, 447, 000 \$16, 494, 241 \$49, 446	682, 000 \$10, 486, 390	549, 000 \$7, 523, 550 \$15, 355	3, 626, 000 \$6, 256, 667 \$55, 310	7, 834, 000 \$8, 117, 809 \$357, 699

1 See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—The Enterprise.
2 See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—The Enterprise.
3 Not including data for salaried officers and employees of "Central Administrative" offices. (See Table 18.)
4 See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—Fersons Engaged.
5 See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—Expenses.
5 See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—Value of Froducts.
7 See Tables 3 and 4 for production by States.
8 Miscellaneous secondary products, and receipts for services performed for others and for power sold. (See Table 7.)

Secondary products (Table 7) .-- Quarrying enterprises reported a total of \$1,319,922 received for miscellaneous secondary products and services incidental to receipts for principal products. The amount of such receipts from various sources in each of the stonequarrying industries is shown in Table 7.

TABLE 7 .---- VALUE OF SECONDARY PRODUCTS, BY INDUSTRIES: 1929

INDUSTRY	Total	Mineral products ¹	Miscella- neous and unspeci- fied prod- ucts	Power sold and miscella- neous services
Stone-quarrying industries, total	\$1, 319, 922	\$560, 278	\$616, 780	\$142, 864
Limestone Granite Basalt Marble Sandstone Miscellaneous	752,050 90,062 49,446 15,355 55,310 357,699	299, 116 49, 025 17, 791 9, 690 55, 310 129, 346	328, 935 33, 537 31, 355 200 222, 753	123, 999 7, 500 300 5, 465 5, 600

¹ Includes data for clay, coal, granite, gravel, grindstones, lime, marble, pulp-stones, sand, sandstone, shale.

Rank of States according to value of products (Tables 8 and 9).-The ranking of States, given in these tables, is based upon the results obtained in accordance with the scope of the census as defined in "GENERAL EXPLANATIONS." In addition to the limitations indicated in that section, the statistics do not include data for certain other enterprises as shown in Table 4. Pennsylvania ranked first among the States in the total value of products for the stone industries. contributing 14.6 per cent of the total. This State, together with the next 9 in rank, accounted for 62.7 per cent of the total. Pennsylvania ranked first in value of products for the limestone, slate, and sandstone industries; Massachusetts for the granite, New Jersey for the basalt, Tennessee for the marble, and California for the miscellaneous-stone industry. Although 46 States and the District of Columbia reported enterprises in the quarrying industries, 5 accounted for 56.1 per cent of the value of products of the limestone industry, 4 for 53.1 per cent of the granite industry, 4 for 70.3 per cent of the basalt industry, 2 for 76.1 per cent of the slate industry, 5 for 83.2 per cent of the marble industry, 4 for 67.7 per cent of the sandstone industry, and 1 (California) accounted for 44.7 per cent of the miscellaneous-stone industry.

TABLE S .- PRINCIPAL STATES RANKED IN ORDER OF VALUE OF PRODUCTS: 1929

	Num-	Num·	Wage	VALUE OF PR	ODUCIS		Num-	Num-	Wage carners	VALUE OF PRO	ODUCTS
STATE	ber of enter- prises	ber of quar- ries	(aver- áge for the year)	Amount	Per cent of total	STATE	ber of enter- prises	ber of quar- ries	(aver- age for the year)	Amount	Per cent of total
United States, total	2, 249	2, 458	56, 835	\$195, 995, 124	100.0	Alabama Kentucky ²	26 70	28 71	$1,321 \\ 1,210$	\$2, 503, 435 2, 485, 225	1.3
Pennsylvania New York ¹ Ohio Indiana	151 135	$374 \\ 166 \\ 142 \\ 132$	9,591 2,735 3,128 3,010	28, 606, 190 14, 290, 176 13, 363, 904 12, 550, 935	14.6 7.3 6.8 6.4	Maryland Kansas ² Iowa ³	41 87 25	46 39 26	872 742 632	2, 317, 901 2, 188, 372 2, 185, 957	1.2 1.1 1.1
Michigan	19	132 21	1,614	11, 271, 899	5.8	Oklahoma. Florida 4. South Carolina	27 37	30 37	566 495	1, 984, 578 1, 891, 799	1.0 1,0
Vermont California Massachusetts ³ Illinois	123 68	119 153 72 60	2,952 1,819 2,187 1,686	9, 445, 159 9, 086, 460 8, 513, 162 8, 040, 268	4.8 4.6 4.3 4.1	Washington. Oregon	85 26	17 37 26	669 435 376	1, 748, 081 1, 563, 481 1, 555, 827	0.9 0.8 0.8
Missouri.	102	111	2,947	7, 638, 045 4, 981, 163	3.9 2.5	Arkansas Colorado ⁶ Rhodo Island New Hampshire ³	15 21 12	18 21 12	369 322 245	1, 170, 058 780, 871 782, 437	0.6
Minnesota	43	82 55 41	1,263	4,942,417 4,837,141	2.5			20	315	706, 259	0.4
New Jersey Wisconsin a Tennessee	44	81 49	1, 140 1, 999	4, 360, 899 4, 123, 658	2, 2 2, 1	South Dakota ⁷ Wyoming Montana	10	18 11 16	135 180 118	480, 010 470, 597 392, 440	0.2
Connecticut Georgia 4 West Virginia	38 43 22	38 46 22	737 1,866 1,356	3,766,911 3,598,163 3,563,663	1,9 1,8 1,8	Utah New Mexico		11	109	286, 219 255, 314	0, 1
Texas North Carolina Maine	43	49 74 38	1, 261 1, 457 1, 057	3, 454, 671 3, 331, 244 2, 958, 985	1.8 1.7 1.5	Arizona. Idaho Other States ⁸	8	8 8 85	109 27 . 688	244, 170 124, 224 3, 156, 756	0.1 0.1 1.6

Not including data for 2 enterprises in the basalt industry. Included in figures for "Other States."
Not including data for 2 enterprises in the sandstone industry. Included in figures for "Other States."
Not including data for 1 enterprise in the sandstone industry. Included in figures for "Other States."
Not including data for 2 enterprises in the slate fuldustry. Included in figures for "Other States."
Not including data for 2 enterprises in the slate fuldustry. Included in figures for "Other States."
Not including data for 2 enterprises in the miscellaneous-stone industry. Included in figures for "Other States."
Not including data for 2 enterprises in the miscellaneous-stone industry. Included in figures for "Other States."
Not including data for 2 enterprises in the marble industry. Included in figures for "Other States."
Not including data for 3 enterprises in the marble industry. Included in figures for "Other States."
Not including data for 3 enterprises in the limestone industry. Included in figures for "Other States."
Not including data for 3 enterprises in the limestone industry. Included in figures for "Other States."
Not including data for 3 enterprises in the limestone industry. Included in figures for "Other States."
Belaware, 2 enterprises; District of Columbia, 1; Louisiana, 1; Nebraska, 5; Nevada, 3. Also includes data for 19 enterprises covered by footnotes 1 to 7.

TABLE 9.-CONDENSED SUMMARY FOR INDUSTRIES AND STATES, RANKED BY VALUE OF PRODUCTS: 1929

	Num-	Num-	Wage earners	VALUE OF PR	ODUCTS		Num-	Num-	Wage earners	VALUE OF PRO	DUCTS
INDUSTRY AND STATE	ber of enter- prises	ber of quar- ries	(aver- age for the year)	Amount	Per cent of total	INDUSTRY AND STATE	ber of enter- prises	ber of quar- ries	(aver- age for the year)	Amount	Per cent of total
Limestone, total	1, 167	1, 256	32, 300	\$117, 257, 784	100. 0	Basalt, total	187	144	3, 053	\$15, 543, 687	100.0
Pennsylvania Indiana Ohio New York Michigan	201 91 110 69 14	213 116 114 73 16	6,048 2,881 2,660 1,998 1,506	19, 124, 040 12, 247, 196 12, 091, 055 11, 389, 087 11, 059, 922	16.3 10.4 10.8 9.7 9.4	New Jersey Connecticut Pennsylvania Massachusetts California	26 19 20 14 16	27 19 22 16 17	683 420 566 306 221	3, 580, 184 2, 924, 085 2, 236, 438 2, 191, 366 1, 015, 909	$23.0 \\ 18.8 \\ 14.4 \\ 14.1 \\ 6.5$
Illinois Missouri West Virginia Wisconsin Texas	53 73 19 53 36	55 70 19 58 41	1,649 2,350 1,319 817 1,170	7, 830, 131 6, 175, 012 3, 507, 603 3, 406, 692 3, 171, 522	6, 7 5, 3 3, 0 2, 9 2, 7	Maryland Washington Oregon Idaho Other States ¹	7 8 10 5 12	7 8 10 5 13	232 94 83 22 366	599, 034 311, 867 309, 760 111, 771 2, 263, 267	3.9 2.0 2.0 0.7 14.6
Virginia Kentucky	63 57	64 58 26	$1,270 \\ 1,147$	3, 011, 695 2, 386, 085	2.6 2.0	Slate, total	120	130	4, 098	10, 486, 390	100,0
Iowa Kansas Oallfornia	25 31 23	26 33 24	632 700 675	2, 105, 957 2, 108, 325 1, 976, 716	1.8 1.8 1.7	Pennsylvania Vermont	33 58	33 67	1,951 1,303	4, 330, 001 3, 653, 796	41.3 34.8
Florida Alabama Oklahoma	37 21 18 29	37 23 21 32	405 957 507 573	1,801,700 1,886,700 1,775,772 1,776,472	1.6 1.6 1.5 1.5	Virginia. New York Other States ¹	6 15 8	7 15 8	489 155 200	850, 882 728, 642 923, 069	8, 1 6, 9 8, 8
Tennessee Maryland	20	28	409	1, 786, 472 1, 053, 738	0.9	Marble, total	70	88	3, 350	7, 538, 905	100.0
New Jersey	5 10 14 10	6 10 15 11	234 233 202 315	1,013,315 815,027 802,701 647,113	0.9 0.7 0.7 0.6	Tennessee Vermont Missouri Georgia Alabama	65	14 23 5 3	1,377 658 299 286 358	2, 287, 938 1, 829, 315 752, 978 749, 737 653, 940	30.3 24.3 10.0 9.9 8.7
Colorado Wyoming Maine. Massachusetts	7 4 7	14 8 4 7	233 185 114 111	489, 236 450, 397 423, 571 411, 217	0.4 0.4 0.4 0.4	New York Massachusetts Arkanses Other States 1	94	9 4 3 19	105 08 14 185	393, 586 202, 001 60, 431 608, 979	5, 2 2, 7 0, 8 8, 1
Oregon Utah Montana Arkansas	1 7	4 8 8 6	65 103 76 120	324, 050 269, 444 242, 658 184, 574	0.8 0.2 0.2 0.2	Sandstone, total	I	172	2,156	6, 311, 977	100.0
Connecticut Arizona Vermont Other States 1	4	4 4 4 18	61 62 39 324	155, 261 133, 640 69, 696 880, 275	0, 1 0, 1 0, 1 0, 1	Pennsylvania Ohio California New York South Dakota	14 14 30 6	51 17 15 41 6	595 447 164 276 58	1, 615, 444 1, 186, 128 787, 680 680, 875 195, 707	25.6 18.8 12.5 10.8 3,1
Granite, total		434	10, 037	30, 381, 373	100.0	Virginin Wisconsin Colorado	5	353	46 40 12	175, 019 66, 012 21, 562	1.0
Massachusetts Vermont Minnesote North Carolina	24 25 67	39 25 37 67	1,554 952 923 1,396	5, 394, 350 3, 892, 352 3, 617, 633 3, 213, 624	12.8 11.9 10.6	Other States 1 Stone, miscellaneous, total		31 234	518	1, 583, 550	25,1 100,0
Georgia Maine South Carolina California Wisconsin Virginia	30 17 24 18	30 30 17 27 18 5	1,205 881 669 235 283 200	2, 201, 313 2, 155, 640 1, 748, 081 1, 409, 584 888, 195 861, 347	7.1 5.8 4.6	California Missouri New York Pennsylvanla Massachusetts	19 15 30 5	64 10 15 30 6	267 96 168 88	3, 789, 013 028, 763 503, 467 568, 783 314, 228	7.0 6.7 3.7
Pennsylvania New Hampshire Rhode Island Connecticut New York	18 9 12	25 20 9 12 13	223	731, 484 700, 259 683, 053 576, 899	2.4 2.3 2.2 1.9	Indiana Illinois	- 4 7 13	16 5 7 13	37 42 63	185, 577 149, 140	2.5 2.2 1.8
South Dakota Colorado Maryland Oklahoma	7	7	77 77 113	504, 519 284, 303 270, 073 261, 259 174, 769	0.9 0.9 0.9	Ohio Kansas Maryland Other States ¹	11 6 5 34	6	42	80,047	0.8
Texas Montana Missouri Other States 1	5	6 5	31	140, 834 124, 217 81, 292 460, 293	0.4						

I See Table 25.

÷ ...

336

PROGRESS OF THE INDUSTRIES

Summary for the United States: 1909-1929 (Table 10).—This table presents principal statistics for the stone industries as a whole, and for the individual industries, for 1929, 1919, and 1909. In order that growth or decline in the industries might be more accurately shown, the statistics have been revised to as nearly comparable bases as the figures for earlier years permit. For the limestone industry, the data for the quarrying operations of lime and cement manufacturers have been omitted from the figures for 1929 in this table (although included in other tables of this report) to make them comparable with the figures for 1919 and 1909. The figures for the sandstone industry for 1929 have been revised to include data for enterprises whose product was ground into glass sand, or used as refractory materials (ganister), etc., which are similarly included in the figures for 1919. In other tables of

this report, data for such enterprises are omitted, as these are included for 1929 in the figures for the glasssand, molding-sand, or silica industries, according to the nature and purpose of the final product. No figures were compiled for miscellaneous-stone enterprises for 1919 and 1909, the data for these having been included in the several stone industries. For 1919, such production amounted to 1,150,840 tons, distributed among the industries as follows: Limestone, 21,790 tons; granite, 199,140 tons; sandstone, 412,370 tons; basalt, 517,540 tons. In addition, no data for 1929 are included for a number of enterprises for which incomplete or no reports were received, as indicated in Table 4, column 10. No data are included for any of the years for noncommercial (State, county, municipal, public utility, and railroad) production. As given, the statistics represent as nearly accurate comparisons as it is possible to present for the three censuses.

TABLE 10.-SUMMARY FOR THE UNITED STATES: 1929, 1919, AND 1909

	1920 I	1919	1909	PER CENT OF IN- CREASE OR DE- CREASE () 1919-1929 1909-1919
STONE-QUARRYING INDUSTRIES Number of enterprises ²	2, 259 48, 224 658, 234 \$58, 633, 416 \$24, 957, 734	$\begin{array}{c} 1,820\\ 1,022\\ 42,986\\ 376,743\\ \$45,534,798\\ \$18,441,459\\ \$5,267,840\\ \$5,267,840\\ \$5,267,840\\ \$5,267,840\\ \$2,213,459\\ \$101,684,619\\ \$101,684,010\\ \$101,684,010\\ \$101,684,010\\ \$101,684,010\\ \$101,684,010\\ \$101,684,000\\ \101	¹ 3, 988 4, 603 70, 070 303, 442 \$39, 661, 871 \$8, 800, 184 \$3, 482, 054 \$75, 992, 903 (*)	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
LIMESTONE 1 Number of enterprises. Number of quarties. Wage earners (average for the year)	920 1,004 22,267 350,300 \$26,558,218 \$14,553,001 \$2,773,037 \$3,86,47	895 22,000 213,717 \$23,920,332 \$10,908,220 \$2,897,432 \$1,278,968 \$52,943,924 49,715,000	² 1, 665 1, 916 30, 289 126, 024 \$14, 062, 185 \$3, 754, 125 \$1, 507, 628 \$29, 832, 492 (*)	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
GRANITE Number of enterprises	434 10,037 108,217 \$12,639,524 \$3,618,511 \$652,642 \$1 109 251	358 381 8, 049 55, 014 \$8, 557, 669 \$2, 593, 040 \$233, 686 \$261, 186 \$18, 279, 346 4, 420, 000	2 707 826 18, 744 61, 095 \$11, 112, 195 \$1, 921, 912 \$767, 078 \$18, 997, 976 (9)	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
BASALT Number of enterprises Number of quarries Wage enterprises Power equipment, total horsepower Supplies and materials Fuel Purchased electric energy Value of products Approximate quantity (tons, 2,000 pounds) See footnotes at and of table	144 3, 053 63, 881 \$4, 496, 093 \$2, 201, 847 \$385, 232 \$651, 404	163 174 3,336 37,307 \$2,030,869 \$602,827 \$167,161 \$9,667,977 7,745,000	² 196 220 5, 256 29, 211 \$2, 358, 964 \$1, 018, 060 \$279, 082 \$5, 578, 317 (9)	$ \left\{ \begin{array}{ccc} -16.0 \\ -17.2 \\ -8.5 \\ -36.5 \\ 71.2 \\ 27.7 \\ 12.7 \\ 57.2 \\ 8.4 \\ 99.5 \\ \left\{ \begin{array}{c} -31.0 \\ 314.5 \\ 0.9 \\ 60.7 \end{array} \right\} \right\} 158.0 $

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 10.-SUMMARY FOR THE UNITED STATES: 1929, 1919, AND 1909-Continued

	1929 1	1919	1909	PER CENT OF IN- CREASE OR DE- CREASE ()
				1919-1929 1909-191
SLATE Number of enterprises	4,098 33,817 \$4,884,038 \$662,441 \$192,247 \$441,967 \$10,488 200	101 104 3, 613 20, 613 \$3, 128, 249 \$632, 459 \$228, 954 \$188, 505 \$15, 720, 792 409, 000	² 185 219 8,803 29,777 \$4,085,653 \$521,761 \$327,397 \$6,054,174 (*)	$ \begin{bmatrix} 18.8 \\ 25.0 \\ -52. \\ 18.7 \\ -60. \\ 64.1 \\ -30. \\ 56.1 \\ -23. \\ 4.7 \\ 21. \\ \{ -16.0 \\ 124.5 \\ 83.3 \\ -5. \\ 68.7 \\ \end{bmatrix} 27. $
MARDLE Number of enterprises	88 3, 350 30, 198 \$3, 291, 541 \$553, 619 \$156, 889 \$387, 703	48 62 1,782 15,628 \$1,452,440 \$552,439 \$147,644 \$76,741 \$4,897,912 331,000	$\left.\begin{array}{c}2\ 77\\108\\6,166\\21,779\\$3,079,023\\$544,327\\\\$5261,689\\$6,239,120\\(9)\end{array}\right.$	$ \left\{ \begin{array}{c} (1) & (7) \\ (7) & -42, \\ 93,4 & -71, \\ 98,2 & -28, \\ 126,6 & -52, \\ 0,2 & 1, \\ \left\{ \begin{array}{c} 0,2 \\ 405,3 \\ 71,4 \\ 71,4 \\ -20, \\ 05,9 \end{array} \right\} -14. \\ \end{array} \right. $
SANDSTONE 1 Number of enterprises	225 3, 578 43, 285 \$4, 356, 096 \$1, 739, 347 \$438, 123	255 276 4, 287 338, 869 \$4, 448, 811 \$1, 064, 432 \$507, 353 \$260, 909 \$10, 684, 969 5, 224, 000	² 1, 158 1, 314 9, 812 36, 556 \$4, 700, 851 \$1, 039, 969 \$349, 180 \$9, 290, 829 (*)	$\begin{array}{c ccccc} -26.5 & -78.\\ -18.5 & -79.\\ -16.5 & -56.\\ 27.8 & -7.\\ -2.1 & -6.\\ 4.5 & 60.\\ \left\{ \begin{array}{c} -26.7 \\ 94.4 \\ 14.6 \\ 23.4 \end{array} \right. 15. \end{array}$
MISCELLANEOUS ⁸ Number of enterprises	234 1, 841 28, 627 \$2, 405, 906 \$1, 628, 968 \$188, 576 \$127 912			

¹ The figures for 1929 for the limestone and the sandstone industries have been adjusted to make them comparable with 1919 and 1909. See explanations preceding this table, p. 337.
² See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—The Enterprise. Figures for 1909 represent number of operators.
³ See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—Persons Engaged.
⁴ See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—Value of Products.
⁶ Figures not available for 1909.
⁷ Per cent not computed where base is less than 100.
⁸ For 1919 and 1909, the data for production of miscellaneous stone are included in the figures for the other stone industries (principally basalt and sandstone).

Principal statistics, for selected States: 1929 and 1919 (Table 11).—The States shown for each industry accounted for major or substantial portions of the quantities of stone produced for 1929, as shown in Table 10, as follows: Limestone, 75.4 per cent; granite, 40.8 per cent; basalt, 67.6 per cent; slate, 82.8 per cent; marble, 37.7 per cent; and sandstone, 50.1 per

cent. No figures for individual States for 1909 are available for the stone industries. In some cases the average value per ton appears to be excessive. This is accounted for by the inclusion of data for a relatively large proportion of values for finished stone products as compared with that representing rough quarried stone.

TABLE 11.-SUMMARY BY INDUSTRIES, FOR SELECTED STATES: 1929 AND 1919

[For totals for the stone-quarrying industries combined and for each industry separately, see Table 10]

INDUSTRY AND STATE	Num- ber of enter- prises	Num- ber of quar- ries	Wage earners (average for the year)	Horse- power rating of power equip- ment	Wages	Supplies and materials	Fuel	Purchased electric energy	Value of products	Stone pro- duced, ap- proximate quantity, tons (2,000 pounds) 1		
LIMESTONE										•••		
Pennsylvania: ² 1929. 1910. Per cent of increase or decrease ()	- 170 - 184	179 200	4, 546 5, 573 	59, 427 30, 155 97, 1	\$5, 591, 847 6, 824, 164 —18. 1	\$2, 359, 862 2, 758, 379 —14, 4	\$337, 969 559, 646 	\$667, 357 255, 957 160, 7	\$13, 666, 493 12, 881, 213 6, 1	14, 918, 000 10, 666, 000 39, 8		
Indiana: ⁴ 1929. 1919. Per cent of increase or decrease (-)	87 67	112 71	2, 087 1, 800 49. 3	44, 468 21, 642 105. 5	3, 833, 584 1, 767, 636 116, 9	779, 501 700, 469 11. 3	173, 918 214, 987 19, 1	463, 989 112, 222 318. 5	11, 712, 318 4, 619, 801 153, 5	4, 657, 000 1, 635, 000 184, 8		
New York: ² 1929. 1919. Por cent of increase or decrease ()	- 56 - 55	59 56	$1,631 \\ 1,739 \\ -6.2$	37, 113 22, 370 05, 9	2, 557, 442 2, 109, 671 21. 2	1, 769, 853 1, 119, 461 58, 1	305, 277 177, 672 71. 8	397, 928 159, 800 149. 0	10, 315, 769 4, 597, 942 124, 4	9, 398, 00 3, 393, 00 177, 0		
Michigan: ^a 1929	10	11	1,279	103, 725	1, 917, 734	+ 4, 104, 096	706, 864	68, 094	9, 892, 597	15, 383, 00		
Ohio: 2 1929. 1919. Per cent of increase or decrease ()	- 88 90	91 91	1, 383 2, 262 38, 9	37, 773 39, 881 	1, 752, 552 2, 327, 159 —24. 7	967, 844 1, 339, 758 27, 8	320, 110 494, 038 35. 2	401, 767 200, 673 100, 2	7, 615, 705 6, 742, 496 13, 0	8, 997, 000 7, 703, 000 16, 8		
Illinois: ³ 1920. 1919. Por cent of increase or decrease ()	42 41	44 41	1,070 1,244 14.0	32, 921 22, 325 47, 5	1, 366, 000 1, 447, 647 -5. 6	700, 142 835, 598 —16, 2	209, 560 231, 915 9. 6	246, 539 158, 053 56, 0	6, 402, 241 8, 776, 626 69, 5	8, 848, 00 4, 059, 00 78		
Missouri: ² 1929. 1919. Per cent of increase or decrease ()	61 70	65 71	1,683 1,171 43.7	12, 584 8, 305 51, 5	1, 544, 151 1, 181, 826 30. 7	588,608 364,251 61.6	85, 822 126, 078 -31, 9	150, 999 68, 527 120, 3	4; 119, 870 2, 355, 738 74. 9	3, 083, 00 1, 116, 00 176.		
GRANITE Massachusetts: 1928. 1919. Per cent of increase	_ 42	30 43	1, 554 1, 034 50. 3	14, 553 6, 575 121, 3	2, 624, 198 1, 237, 888 112. 0	469, 607 237, 897 97, 4	111, 844 110, 504 1. 2	137, 995 26, 215 426, 4	5, 394, 350 2, 405, 165 124. 3	1, 030, 00 384, 00 168.		
Vermont: 1929 1919 For cont of increase or decrease ()	24	25 31	952 1,062 	15, 411 10, 769 43, 1	1, 393, 739 1, 225, 256 13. 8	279, 604 778, 489 64. 1	94, 105 135, 472 	39, 379	3, 892, 352 3, 503, 734 9, 2	154,00 133,00 15,		
Minnesota: 1929. 1919. Per cent of increase or decrease ()	25	37	923 392 135. 5	6, 615 3, 675 80, 0	1, 230, 398 477, 028 167, 9	522, 639 98, 962 428, 1	$ \begin{array}{r} 31,073 \\ 55,475 \\ -44.0 \end{array} $	33,074	3, 617, 633 1, 135, 391 218, 6	87, 00 75, 00 16,		
North Carolina: 1929. 1919. Fer cent of increase	67 16	67 18	1, 396 959 45. 6	11, 557 2, 025 470, 7	1, 298, 397 808, 657 60, 6	682, 942 185, 227 268, 7	101, 288 90, 181 12, 3	123, 996 3, 119 3, 875, 5	3, 213, 624 1, 576, 250 103. 9	i, <i>332, 00</i> 547, 00 143.		
Georgia: 1929. 1919. Per cent of increase or decrease ()	- 28	30 20		' 7, 497 3, 833 95. 6	1, 033, 884 536, 599 02, 7	225, 776 84, 311 167. 8	47, 164 65, 909 -28, 4	61, 253 21, 216 188, 7	2, 201, 313 885, 663 148, 5	570,00 209,00 172.		
Maine: 1929. 1919. Per cent of increase or decrease ()	42			0, 345 4, 050 56. 7	1, 188, 248 805, 865 47, 5	52, 689 116, 060 54, 6	71, 353	45, 114 17, 067 164, 3	2, 155, 640 1, 300, 996 65, 7	236, 00 150, 00 57.		
See footnotes at end of table.								anto a Statuto				

TABLE 11.-SUMMARY BY INDUSTRIES, FOR SELECTED STATES: 1929 AND 1919-Continued

[See note at head of this table]

			HOAD OF THE						
Num- ber of enter- prises	Num- ber of quar- ries	Wage earners (average for the year)	Horse- power rating of power equip- ment	Wages	Supplies and materials	Fuel	Purchased electric energy	Value of products	Stone pro- duced, ap- proximate quantity, tons (2,000 pounds) 1
26 36	27 38	683 637 7. 2	14, 5 10 6, 340 128, 9	\$1, 104, 636 759, 006 45. 5	\$518, 694 427, 846 21, 2	\$77, 602 142, 358 45, 5	\$168,055 10,420 1,512.8	\$3, 580, 184 1, 928, 025 85. 7	2, 408, 000 1, 195, 000 106. 5
19 20	19 22	420 363 15, 7	7, 470 6, 254 19. 4	722, 983 450, 960 60. 3	118, 333 231, 885 -49, 0	86, 742 45, 778 89, 5	95, 532 41, 565 129. 8	2, 924, 085 1, 262, 579 131. 6	2, 515, 000 1, 204, 000 108. 9
20	22 32	506 721 21.5	12, 188 6, 058 101. 2	716, 609 792, 637 -9. 6	364,289 618,769 -41,1	107, 364 152, 792 -29, 7	68, 613 10, 277 567, 6	2, 236, 438 2, 298, 791 -2, 7	1, 508, 000 1, 134, 000 33, 0
14	16 23	306 547 33. 1	8, 550 4, 721 81. 1	618, 783 719, 596 	372, 994 229, 244 82. 7	34, 259 65, 117 47, 4	91, 878 40, 849 124, 9	2, 191, 366 1, 548, 611 41, 5	1, 921, 000 4 868, 000 121, 3
33	33 42	1,951 1,892	15, 334 9, 678	2, 352, 559 1, 655, 082	236, 237 297, 941	120, 471 164, 461	188, 121 42, 234	4, 330, 001 2, 651, 533	179, 000 134, 000 33, 6
58	67 39	2, 1 1, 308 1, 039	58.4 10,141 6,447	42.1	[-26, 7	345.4 148,400 97,221	63.3 3.653.796	33. 6 222, 000 188, 000 18. 1
1	75	489 210 132, 9	1, 477 445 231, 9	300, 029 152, 491	124, 431 7, 453	26, 559 16, 497	9, 614	850, 882 203, 068	53, 000 7, 000 657, 1
15	15 10	155 134 15.7	3, 120 2, 022 54. 3	227, 376 135, 826 67. 4	42, 360 60, 436 29, 9	6, 489	47, 027	728, 642 445, 027 63, 7	111, 000 74, 000 50, 0
	Р								
, <mark>13</mark> 13	14 17	1, 377 540 155.0	6, 730 3, 885 73, 2	1,093,582 407,912 168.1	147, 858 240, 623 -40, 8	69, 958 81, 834 —14, 5	84, 794 6, 244 1, 258. 0	2, 287, 938 1, 088, 131 110, 3	105, 000 46, 000 128, 3
9	23 25	658 570 15.4	10, 077 7, 354 37. 0	785, 579 553, 075 42. 0	159, 528 180, 320 -11, 5	13, 349	37, 211	1,829,315 2,108,872 -13.3	102,000 100,000 2.0
59 100	72 107	1, 063 1, 673	10, 293 10, 844	1, 326, 664 1, 688, 674	4 5 4, 718 695, 265	215, 423	82, 522	3, 382, 413 3, 534, 563	2,077,000 \$ 2,296,000
14	17 23		5, 1 6, 426 5, 431	-21.4 520,032 965,151	-30. 3 288, 574 288, 557	- 05, 3 37, 424 92, 720	40, 1 31, 692 22, 927	-4.3	- 9, 5
14	15 7		3, 653 585	256, 562 39, 041	(°) 104, 194 20, 202	10, 957 669	31, 819 1, 631	787, 680	803, 000
30	41 26		2, 813 1, 284	348, 660 149, 051	60, 262 40, 566	19, 354 9, 320	17.096	680. 875	129, 000 \$ 70, 000
	ber of onter- prises 26 36 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	ber of onter- prises 26 26 27 36 36 30 19 19 20 22 20 22 20 22 20 22 20 22 20 32 20 22 32 14 14 16 21 23 33 34 24 2 20 22 58 37 42 42 58 38 39 6 7 2 15 15 15 9 10 10 20 22 20 22 20 32 20 22 20 32 20 22 20 32 20 20 32 20 20 32 20 20 32 20 20 32 20 20 20 32 20 20 20 32 20 20 32 20 20 32 20 20 32 20 20 32 20 20 32 20 20 32 20 20 32 20 20 32 20 20 32 20 20 32 20 20 32 20 20 32 20 20 32 20 20 32 20 20 20 32 20 20 20 32 20 20 32 20 20 32 20 20 32 20 20 32 20 20 32 20 20 20 32 20 20 32 20 20 32 20 20 32 20 20 32 20 20 20 32 20 20 32 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	Aum Num Num Num earners earners favorage favorage	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Num- bor of bor of prises Num- res Vages (average year) power equip- mant Wages 26 27 683 14,510 \$1,104,636 36 36 657 6,340 765,006 7.2 128.9 45.5 19 10 420 7,470 722,983 20 22 506 12,188 716,009 15.7 19.4 60.8 20 22 506 12,188 716,009 -21.5 101.2 -9.6 14 16 366 8,550 618,753 -33.1 81.1 -14,0 33 83 1,951 15,334 2,362,559 42 42 1,892 9,678 1,656,082 -33.1 81.1 -14.0 58 67 1,808 1,477 300,029 33,882	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Num- bor of bet of outser (inter for lines) Num- for lines years) Down power power materials Supplies and materials Puol. Purchasol electric energy Value of products 20 27 693 14,610 \$1,104,630 \$518,604 \$77,003 \$198,065 \$32,550,184 26 36 36 77,2 128,9 46.5 \$21,2 -46.5 \$10,420 \$1,52,8 \$1,520,85 \$23,550,184 20 22 203 6,524 460,95 21,22 -46.5 \$1,632,8 \$1,620,85 \$1,520,85 \$1,520,85 \$1,520,85 \$1,520,85 \$1,520,85 \$1,520,85 \$1,520,85 \$1,520,85 \$1,520,85 \$1,520,85 \$1,520,85 \$1,520,85 \$1,520,85 \$1,520,85 \$1,520,95 \$1,520,95 \$1,520,95 \$1,520,95 \$1,520,95 \$1,520,95 \$1,520,95 \$1,520,95 \$1,520,95 \$1,520,97 \$1,520,97 \$1,520,97 \$1,545,91 \$1,545,91 \$1,545,91 \$1,545,91 \$1,545,91 \$1,545,91 \$1,545,91 \$1,545,91 \$1,545,91 \$1,545,91 \$1,5

Quantities expressed in tons of 2,000 pounds include, in many cases, approximate equivalents of quantities reported in various other units by the quarry operators.
The figures for 1929 have been adjusted to make them comparable with 1919. See explanations preceding Table 10, p. 337.
No data available for 1919.
The return filed by one of the enterprises in Michigan reported an abnormally large amount for this item, which probably represents the inclusion of a considerable amount for capital and other expenditures not called for by this inquiry.
Includes a small proportion of miscellaneous unclassified stone.
Less than one-tenth of 1 per cent.

340

TYPE OF OWNERSHIP

As shown in Table 12, approximately three-fifths of the total number of quarries were operated by corporations. These employed 84.3 per cent of all wage earners and contributed 87.5 per cent of the total value of products. Other forms of organization include partnerships, cooperative enterprises, and enterprises operated by individuals.

TABLE 12.—CONDENSED SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO TYPE OF OWNERSHIP, BY INDUSTRIES, FOR SELECTED STATES: 1929

										,		
		A.	LL CLASSES		 		CORPORATE				OTHER 1	1. 1. 1. 1. 1.
INDUSTRY AND STATE	Num- ber of enter- prises	Num- ber of quar- ries	Wage earners (average for the year)	Value of products	Num- ber of enter- prises	Num- ber of quar- ries	Wage earners (average for the year)	Value of products	Num- ber of enter- prises	Num- ber of quar- ries	Wage carners (average for the year)	Value of products
United States—Stone-quarry- ing industries, total	2, 249	2, 458	56, 835	\$195, 995, 124	1, 303	1, 454	47, 903	\$171, 480, 927	946	1, 004	8, 932	\$24, 514, 197
Limestone Granite Basalt Slate Marble Sandstone Miscellaneous LIMESTONE	1,16740613712070145204	$1,256 \\ 434 \\ 144 \\ 130 \\ 88 \\ 172 \\ 234$	32, 300 10, 037 3, 053 4, 008 3, 350 2, 156 1, 841	$\begin{array}{c} 117, 257, 784\\ 30, 381, 373\\ 15, 643, 687\\ 10, 486, 390\\ 7, 538, 905\\ 6, 311, 977\\ 8, 475, 008 \end{array}$	740 203 89 70 61 74 60	805 223 96 74 79 90 87	27, 692 8, 371 2, 620 3, 374 3, 301 1, 574 971	$\begin{array}{c} 104, 969, 760\\ 25, 901, 847\\ 13, 786, 397\\ 8, 850, 940\\ 7, 380, 787\\ 4, 642, 894\\ 5, 948, 302 \end{array}$	421 203 48 50 9 71 144	451 211 48 56 9 82 147	4, 008 1, 660 433 724 49 582 870	$12, 288, 024 \\ 4, 479, 526 \\ 1, 757, 200 \\ 1, 635, 450 \\ 158, 118 \\ 1, 669, 083 \\ 2, 526, 706 \\ \end{array}$
Pennsylvania. Indiana Ohio New York Michigan.	201 91 110 69 14	213 116 114 73 16	6,048 2,881 2,660 1,998 1,566	19, 124, 040 12, 247, 106 12, 091, 055 11, 389, 087 11, 059, 922	95 46 73 54 214	98 63 70 56 16	4, 934 2, 482 2, 491 1, 727 2 1, 566	15,958,969 10,855,681 11,499,077 10,423,900 2 11,059,922	106 45 37 15 (³)	115 53 38 17 (³)	1, 114 399 169 271 (³)	3, 167, 071 1, 391, 515 591, 378 965, 187 (³)
Hilnois Missouri West Virginia Wisconsin	19 53	55 79 19 58	1,649 2,350 1,319 817	$\begin{array}{c} 7,830,131\\ 6,175,012\\ 3,507,603\\ 3,406,692 \end{array}$	37 47 15 37	39 53 15 41	1,519 1,908 1,247 725	7,523,714 5,277,967 8,281,879 3,005,789	10 20 4 16	16 28 4 17	130 442 72 92	306, 417 897, 045 225, 724 400, 903
Texas Virginia Kentucky Iowa	36 63 57 25	41 64 58 26	$1,170 \\ 1,270 \\ 1,147 \\ 632$	3, 171, 522 3, 011, 695 2, 336, 085 2, 165, 957	25 40 33 17	26 41 34 18	819 1, 113 898 593	2, 503, 373 2, 736, 042 1, 822, 491 2, 048, 341	11 23 24 8	15 23 24 8	351 157 249 39	608, 149 275, 653 513, 594 117, 616
Kansas. California Florida Alabama	31 23 37 21	83 24 37 23	700 675 495 957	2, 108, 325 1, 976, 716 1, 801, 799 1, 886, 790	15 4 23 25 17	$ \begin{array}{r} 16 \\ 4 \\ 25 \\ 18 \end{array} $	429 4 675 300 871	1, 467, 550 4 1, 976, 716 1, 623, 901 1, 720, 083	(³) 12 4	(3) ¹⁷ 12 5	(*) 105 86	640, 775 (³) 267, 898 166, 707
Oklahoma Tennessee Maryland New Jersey	29 20	21 32 23 6	507 573 409 234	1,775,772 1,786,472 1,053,738 1,013,315	15 17 10 5	18 19 12 6	454 479 205 234	1, 636, 096 1, 469, 183 824, 941 1, 013, 315	3 12 10	3 13 11	53 94 114	139, 676 267, 289 228, 797
GRANITE Massachusotts	24 25 67	39 25 37 67 30	1,554 952 923 1,396 1,265	5, 394, 350 3, 892, 352 3, 617, 633 3, 213, 624 2, 201, 313	22 18 14 20 14	23 18 25 20 16	1, 387 813 835 1, 276 924	4, 860, 058 3, 288, 999 3, 295, 438 2, 979, 396 1, 722, 499	16 6 11 47 14	16 7 12 47 14	107 139 88 120 341	534, 202 603, 353 322, 105 234, 228 478, 814
Maine	18 18 5	30 17 27 18 5	881 669 235 283 200	2, 155, 640 1, 748, 081 1, 409, 584 888, 195 861, 347	16 10 12 15 5	16 10 15 15 5	793 637 192 273 200	1,943,801 1,677,276 1,302,398 853,560 861,347	14 7 12 3	14 7 12 3	88 32 43 10	211, 839 70, 805 107, 186 34, 635
Pennsylvania New Hampshire Rhode Island Connecticut New York	24 18 9 12 13	25 20 9 12 13	263 315 223 217 105	781, 484 706, 259 683, 053 576, 899 504, 519	6 3 5 6	6 6 3 5 6	108 101 174 189 50	308, 986 263, 746 487, 848 476, 495 159, 629	18 12 6 7 7	19 14 6 7 7	155 214 49 28 55	422, 498 442, 513 195, 205 100, 404 344, 890
BASALT New Jersey Oonnectleut Pennsylvania Massachusetts California	19 20 14	27 19 22 16 17	683 420 566 366 221	3,580,184 2,924,085 2,236,438 2,191,366 1,015,909	10 16 8 9 11	20 16 10 11 12	504 382 513 312 205	2,946,168 2,716,395 2.103,334 1,991,982 953,769	7 3 12 5 5	7 3 12 5 5	119 38 53 54 16	634,016 207,690 133,104 199,384 62,140
SLATE Pennsylvenia Vermont Virginia New York	33 58 6 15	33 67 7 15	1, 951 1, 303 489 155	4, 330, 001 3, 653, 796 850, 882 728, 642	30 22 \$ 6 7	30 25 \$7 7 7	1,884 720 1489 109	4, 210, 606 2, 296, 541 ² 850, 882 619, 200	30 (8) 8	(⁸) 8	67 583 (³) 46	119, 395 1, 357, 255 ⁽³⁾ 109, 442
MARBLE Tennessee Vermont Missouri Georgia Alabama	13 9 6 5 3	14 23 8 5 3	1, 377 658 299 286 358	2, 287, 938 1, 829, 315 752, 978 749, 737 653, 940	13 9 26 5 3	14 23 28 5 3	1, 877 658 299 286 358	2, 287, 938 1, 829, 315 2 752, 078 749, 737 653, 940	(⁸)	(3)	(3)	(3)
SANDSTONE Pennsylvania Ohio California New York MISCELLANEOUS	41 14 14 30	51 17 15 41	595 447 164 276	1, 615, 444 1, 186, 128 787, 680 680, 875	18 14 8 7	21 17 8 15	421 447 116 119	1, 157, 409 1, 186, 128 547, 976 319, 631	23 6 23	30 7 26	174 48 167	458,035 230,704 361,244
Missouri New York Pennsylvania	40 19 15 30	64 19 15 30	491 267 96 168	3, 789, 013 628, 763 593, 467 568, 783	17 5 7 4	39 5 7 4	882 78 64 31	3, 302, 869 312, 371 437, 976 143, 006	23 14 8 26	25 14 8 26	109 189 32 137	486, 144 316, 392 155, 491 425, 777

¹ Partnerships, enterprises operated by individuals, etc. ² Includes data for 1 other type of ownership. Included with "Corporate." Includes data for 2 other types of ownership.

SCALE OF OPERATION

Enterprises classified according to value of products (Table 13).—The stone industries include a relatively large number of small enterprises, 1,718, or 76.4 per cent of the total number, reporting a value of products less than \$100,000 each. Of those enterprises in the larger classes, a number reported data covering both quarrying and finishing operations, thus distorting the figures to some extent. (See "GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—Milling and Manufacturing" and Table 2.)

TABLE 13.—CONDENSED SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO VALUE OF PRODUCTS, BY INDUSTRIES, FOR SELECTED STATES: 1929

	N	NT	Wage	i	VALUE			NTurm	Num-	Wage earners		VALUE PRODUC	
INDUSTRY, STATE, AND VALUE OF PRODUCTS PER ENTERPRISE	ber of enter- prises	ber of quar-	earners (aver- age for the year)	Wages	Amount	Per cent of total		ber of enter- prises	ber of quar-	(aver-	Wages	Amount	Per cent of total
United States — Stone - quarrying industries,	-						LIMESTONE-Contd.						
total	·				\$195, 995, 124		West Virginia, total	19	19	1,319	\$1, 465, 548	\$3, 507, 603	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$490,999 \$1000,000 to \$490,909 \$1,000,000 to \$24,999,909 \$2,000,000 to \$24,999,609 \$2,000,000 to \$24,999,609	892 485 341 364 116	909 524 373 408 140	4, 315 6, 530 9, 062 16, 890 10, 100	6, 947, 114 10, 215, 575 20, 050, 658 13, 389, 119	8, 789, 883 15, 844, 511 24, 312, 470 56, 110, 346 39, 411, 749 24, 360, 410	28.6	Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,909 \$50,000 to \$49,909 \$100,000 to \$249,909 \$250,000 to \$249,909 \$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999	2 3 8 2	8	} 1 106	106, 803 028, 782 717, 042	278, 552 1, 310, 831 1, 885, 199	7.9 37.5
\$1,000,000 to \$2,999,999 \$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999 \$2,500,000 to \$4,999,909 \$5,000,000 and over	35 14 1	58 38 7	5, 515 }1 4,423			12.4 13.9	Wisconsin total	62	58	817	1, 168, 088 134, 760	3, 400, 692 258, 665	7.6
LIMESTONE, total		1, 256	, 32, 300	39, 188, 364	117, 257, 784	100, 0	Less than \$20,000. \$20,000 to \$49,990. \$50,000 to \$49,990. \$100,000 to \$249,930. \$250,000 to \$249,939. \$500,000 to \$499,939.	23 12 11 5	19	$129 \\ 202 \\ 1 353$	140, 864 301, 084 591, 380	376, 714 835, 455 1, 935, 858	24.5
Less than \$20,000	407	416	2, 249	2,090,620	4, 288, 766	3.7	\$500,000 to \$999,999 Texas, total	1 36	1)	1, 128, 920	3, 171, 522	
\$20,000 to \$49,999	183 219 71	278 197 243 82 22	3, 691 4, 814 9, 831 5, 850 3, 096	11, 460, 333 7, 756, 768	13, 216, 838 33, 778, 161	7.2 11.3 28.8 20.7 11,4	Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$40,999. \$50,000 to \$49,999. \$100,000 to \$249,990. \$250,000 to \$249,990.	9 8 6 11	11 10 6 12	73 174 223	60, 483 130, 942 204, 371 733, 124	114, 289 208, 730 402, 201 2, 326, 212	3.6 8.5 14.6
\$5,000,000 to \$999,999 \$1,000,000 to \$2,409,999 \$2,500,000 to \$4,909,999 \$5,000,000 and over	8	10 7 1	1 2,769	4, 506, 962	19, 891, 721	17.0	\$250,000 to \$499,999 Virginia, total	2 63	1		1, 102, 969	2, 010, 212	
Pennsylvania, total	201	213		7, 783, 473	19, 124, 040	100. 0	Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999	35 14	14		178, 562 149, 279	361, 896 384, 717	12.8
Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999	77 36 33	78 39 36 38	416 442 811 1, 447	911, 867	2, 325, 354	4.8 5.7 12,2 20.3	Virginia, total Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$899,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$249,999	, v	. 3	221	142,008 806,155 266,875	314, 203 1, 031, 718 919, 161	34.3 30.5
\$20,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$49,999 \$250,000 to \$499,999 \$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999 \$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999	35 14 5 1	16 5 1	}1 2,932	4, 118, 154		51, 0	GRANITE, total Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$99,999 \$50,000 to \$249,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999	100	199 76	803 879	848, 821 963, 279	30, 381, 378 1, 738, 360 2, 101, 746 4, 317, 255	100.0 5.7 6.9
Indiana, total	91	116 40	2, 881	4, 032, 335		100.0	1 0200,000 10 8499,999	1 15	61	2,836	2,014,050 3,424,040 1,964,104	4, 317, 200 8, 320, 902 5, 001, 725	27.4
Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,909. \$50,000 to \$49,909. \$100,000 to \$249,909. \$260,000 to \$249,909	38 13 14 15	14 17 20	210 344 534	193, 539 439, 506 643, 491	441, 415 939, 504 2, 359, 281	2.9 3.6 7.7 19.3	\$500,000 to \$999,999 \$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999	4		1,014 1,373	3, 424, 640 1, 964, 104 1, 653, 899 1, 770, 722 2, 624, 198	4, 050, 827 4, 850, 558 5, 394, 350	18.8
\$260,000 to \$499,999 \$600,000 to \$999,999 \$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999 \$2,500,000 to \$4,999,999	7 2 1 1	11 6 1 7	405 1 1,213 1	762, 836 1, 815, 212	2, 299, 225 5, 849, 725	18.8 47.8	Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,969 \$20,000 to \$49,969 \$100,000 to \$249,969 \$250,000 to \$249,969 \$250,000 to \$299,969 \$1,000,000 to \$2,499,969	10 4 9	$10 \\ 4 \\ 10$	36 34 190	52,920 47,686 282,042	91, 707 125, 701 615, 741	1.7 2.3 11.4
Ohio, total	110	114	2, 660	3, 406, 676	12, 091, 055	100. 0	\$100,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$499,999 \$500,000 to \$499,999	10 2 2	10	397	628, 125	1, 569, 763	29,1
Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$49,999	41 17	41 18 21	151 195	173, 108 210, 156	449, 904 569, 816	8.7 4.7	\$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999 Vermont, total	24	Ĩ		1, 618, 425	2, 991, 438	
\$E0,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$409,999 \$500,000 to \$909,999 \$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999	. 0	19 19 2	407 562 571	561, 230 770, 814 769, 501	1, 568, 236 2, 863, 600 2, 833, 171	13.0 23.7 23.4	Less than \$20,000 . \$20,000 to \$49,999 . \$50,000 to \$49,999 . \$100,000 to \$29,999 . \$250,000 to \$49,999	10		37	1, 393, 739 45, 357 39, 287 160, 893	3, 892, 352 104, 014 108, 510 288, 715	2.7
\$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999 New York, total	2 69	4 73	1 714 1, 998	921, 867 3, 111, 408	3, 806, 325 11, 389, 087	31.5 100.0	\$100,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$499,909	2	2	} 185	289, 027	559,006	4
Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999	14 17	14 19	47 198 237	52, 253 219, 731	109, 829 550, 598	1.0 4.8	\$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999	1	. 1	1 - 211	859, 175	2, 832, 107	1
\$50,000 to \$09,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$499,999	14 17 14 12 8 1	15 12	237 480	326, 004 718, 308	983, 581 2, 066, 109	8.6 18.1	Minnesota, total Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999	6	6		1, 230, 398 31, 354	<u>3, 617, 633</u> 65, 255 202, 875	
\$500,000 to \$999,999 \$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999	1	9 1 3	1 1,036	1, 795, 112	7, 078, 970	67.4	1 \$50,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$940,000	3	6 7 5 12	59 58 216	79, 603 81, 942 299, 980	202, 875 204, 000 654, 919) 5.6
Michigan, total Less than \$20,000	14	16		2, 308, 116	11, 059, 922	100.0	\$250,000 to \$499,999 \$500,000 to \$999,999 \$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999		4	1 560	737, 519	2, 490, 584	
\$20,000 to \$49,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999 \$500,000 to \$249,999	2 3 4	2 4 5 4	229	58, 068 242, 943	125, 722 786, 739	1.1 7.1	North Caroline total	07	67	1, 396	1, 298, 397	<u>3, 213, 624</u> 182, 389	
\$5,000,000 and over Illinois, total	1 53	1 55	1,206 1,649	2,007,105 2,105,707	10, 147, 461	91.7	Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,990 \$50,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999 \$1,000,000 to \$24,999.999	3 10	3 10	69 416	59, 261 40, 987 321, 255	112,958	3.5
Less than \$20,000		16 10	55		7, 830, 131	100.0	\$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999\$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999		1	f • 020	876, 894	2, 231, 355	
\$50,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$499,999	15 10 5 11 10 2	5 11 11	$126 \\ 147 \\ 427 \\ 1894$	51, 349, 127, 130 194, 932 571, 089	103, 482 311, 247 363, 795 1, 874, 171	4.0 4.6 23.9	Georgía, total. Less than \$20,000. \$20,000 to \$40,999. \$50,000 to \$99,999. \$100,000 to \$249,999. \$250,000 to \$499,999.	28 11 4	11	147	1,033,884 80,522 52,750	2, 201, 313 108, 823 , 104, 937	4.9
Missouri. total	· 2 73	2 79	2, 350	1, 161, 207 2, 433, 447	5, 177, 436 6, 175, 012	66.1 100.0	\$100,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$499,999	6 6 1		258 1 785	195, 795 704, 811	464, 028 1, 523, 525	21, 1
Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$249,999	17 26 7	17 26	141 402	114, 518 381, 206	195, 469 859, 400 538, 405	8.2 13.9	Maine total		30		1, 188, 248 57, 710	2, 155, 640 120, 282	100, 0
\$100,000 to \$49,999. \$250,000 to \$49,999. \$500,000 to \$499,999	7 17 5 1	9 19 7 1	243 892 1 672	271, 427 838, 572 832, 724	538, 405 2, 376, 481 2, 205, 257	8.7 38.5 35.7	Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$49,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$499,999	73	3	1 1 194	104, 150 228, 352	191, 125 320, 450	8.9 14,9
¹ Combined to avoid disclosing	event	17 OF 8	nnrovir	notolit the	data reporter	A 1640 day	Almi 3	· · · ·				1, 1,020,100	n 101 (

¹ Combined to avoid disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises.

TABLE 13.—CONDENSED SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO VALUE OF PRODUCTS, BY INDUSTRIES, FOR SELECTED STATES: 1929—Continued

	Num-	Num-	Wage		VALUE PRODUC			Num	Num-	Wage earners		VALUE (PRODUC	of TS
INDUSTRY, STATE, AND VALUE OF PRODUCTS PER ENTERPRISE	ber of enter- prises			Wages	Amount	Per cent of total	INDUSTRY, STATE, AND VALUE OF PRODUCTS PER ENTERPRISE	Num- ber of enter- prises	quar-	(aver- age for the year)	Warm	Amount	Per cent of total
GRANITE-Continued.	[MARBLE-Continued.						
South Carolina, total	17		669	\$509,375	\$1,748,081	The state of the s	Tennessee, total		14	1, 377	\$1, 093, 582	\$2, 287, 938	100.0
Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$69,999	1 1	1	31 137	24, 140 59, 306	59, 503 166, 381	3,4 9.5	\$20,000 to \$49,999	2 2 6	2 2	} 211	133, 079	240, 735	10.5
\$50,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$499,999	52	52	} ¹ 551	425, 929	1, 522, 197	87.1	\$20,000 to \$49,909 \$50,000 to \$99,909 \$100,000 to \$249,909 \$250,000 to \$409,909 \$500,000 to \$499,909	6 2	6 2 2	530	412, 073 548, 430	822, 583 1, 224, 620	· ·
California, total	24		235	373, 874	1, 409, 584	100.0	Vermont, total	1		ŗ.			
Loss than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,909	17		59 } 139	77, 434	168, 752	1.			·		785, 579	1, 829, 315	100, 0
\$50,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999		2 1 3	{ · 35 } 1 137	62, 578 233, 862	225, 282 1, 015, 550	(Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$249,099 \$500,000 to \$249,999	1	$ \begin{array}{c} 2 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 7 \\ 12 \end{array} $	} ¹ 25	26, 200	101, 036	5.5
\$250,000 to \$490,999 BASALT, total	1	144		4, 498, 093	15, 543, 687		\$100,000 to \$249,999 \$500,000 to \$999,899	4	12	} 1 633	759, 379	1, 728, 279	94. 5
Less than \$20,000	34	34	143	162, 625	357 766	23	SANDSTONE, total	145	172	2, 156	2, 626, 437	6, 311, 977	100.0
\$20,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999	19	19	337	407, 161 432, 764	1, 116, 850 1, 224, 889 5, 374, 444 8, 401, 360	7.2 7.9 34.6	Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999	68 41	72 50	348 561	356, 481 670, 702	657,931 1,381,908	10, 4 21, 9
\$250,000 to \$499,999 \$500,000 to \$999,999	10	12 8 1	598	1, 625, 517 938, 736			\$20,000 to \$49,999 \$60,000 to \$249,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$499,999	20 13 3	72 50 29 15 6	458	570, 807 579, 831	1,410,428 1,838,607 1,023,103	22.3 29.1
\$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999	1			871, 290	4,068,872	1	\$250,000 to \$499,990 Pennsylvania, total	3 41	-			1, 023, 103 1, 615, 444	
New Jersey, total \$20,000 to \$49,999	$\frac{26}{7}$	27 7 2	683 } 196	1, 104, 636 154, 121	3, 580, 184 350, 189		Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999	17	21	.		[·
\$50,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999	7 2 14 3	$ \begin{array}{c} 2 \\ 14 \\ 4 \end{array} $	{ 1587	950, 515	3, 229, 995		\$50,000 to \$99,999	14		158 180	233, 582	163, 451 447, 032 450, 700 554, 261	27.7 27.9
\$250,000 to \$499,999 Connecticut, total			- I	722, 983	2, 924, 085		\$100,000 to \$249,999 Ohio, total	4	1	1	182, 014	004, 261	
Less than \$20,000				61,056	147,732			[520, 032	1, 186, 128	——
\$20,000 to \$49,099 \$50,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999	15	5	74 102	104, 607 174, 707	366, 528 649, 332		Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$40,099 \$50,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999	6	6			206, 031	17.4
\$250,000 to \$409,999 \$500,000 to \$999,999	22	5 2 2	} 1208	382, 013	1, 760; 493		\$100,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$499,999	1	5 1 4	¹ 312	401, 803	980, 097	82, 6
Pennsylvania, total	20	22	566	716, 609	2, 236, 438	100.0	California, total:	14	15	164	256, 562	787,680	100.0
Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999	1 3	11 3 3		39, 691 24, 638	90, 709 69, 640	3.1	Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999	53	5 3 3 4	9 } 182		•	1
\$100,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$499,999	1 3	32	167 } 1333	190, 388 461, 892	548, 770 1, 527, 313	1	\$50,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999	3	3	73	, r i		
\$500,000 to \$999,999 Massachusetts, total	1			618, 788	2, 191, 360		New York, total	30	41	276	348, 660	680, 875	100,0
Less than \$20,000			17	21, 100	41, 500		Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999	20	20 15	90 102		186, 849 224, 789	27.4 33.0
Less than \$20,000	8 3 1 4	8 1 4	} ¹ 51 87	86, 864 155, 325	173, 775 528, 694		Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999	7 2 1	5 1	} 184		269, 237	
\$250,000 to \$499,999 \$500,000 to \$999,999	2	23	1211	355, 494	1, 447, 397		STONE, MISCELLANEOUS,		00		0.407.000	0 197 000	
California, total	16		221	319, 993	1, 015, 909	100, 0	total Less than \$20,000	204	-			8, 475, 008	·
Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999	6 4 1	6 5	1 1 20	26, 886 66, 409	54,900 184,626		\$20,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$99,999	46	120 48 21	472	551, 397 357, 376	1, 505, 804	17.8
\$50,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999	1 5		ر 154	226,698	184, 020	1	\$100,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$499,099	73	Ω	147	252, 690	1, 177, 146	13.9
SLATE, total	120	130	4, 098	4, 884, 038	10, 486, 390		\$20,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$49,999 \$100,000 to \$240,999 \$250,000 to \$490,099 \$500,000 to \$499,099 \$1,000,000 to \$299,099	3 2 1	3 5 22	} 1 295	460, 482	2, 426, 568	28.6
Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$49,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$249,999 \$500,000 to \$249,099	41 23 28 22 10	41 24	212 405	252, 781 522, 763	428, 330 815, 056	4,1	California, total				802, 430	3, 789, 013	100.0
\$100,000 to \$249,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$499,999	20	23 28 13	885 1, 572	962, 445 1, 799, 247			Less than \$20,000. \$20,000 to \$49,999. \$50,000 to \$49,999. \$100,000 to \$49,999. \$260,000 to \$499,990. \$500,000 to \$499,909. \$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999.	19 8	19 8	51 52	70, 188 82, 758	187, 868 260, 591	5.0 6.9
\$500,000 10 \$500,080	1. *	1	J 1, 041	1, 346, 852	3, 840, 875		\$50,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999	8	10 2 2 1	} 1104			
Pennsylvania, total	33		1, 951	2, 352, 559	4, 330, 001	1	\$200,000 to \$999,999	8 8 1 2 1		1 284	480, 316	2, 606, 889	68, 8
Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$249,999	$ \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 4 \\ 12 \\ 11 \\ 5 \end{array} $	1 4 12 11	<pre></pre>	115, 165 549, 460	169, 047 932, 300		Missouri, total			Ĩ.	286, 938	628, 763	100.0
\$100,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$499,999	11	11 δ	756 593	954, 213 733, 721	932, 300 1, 598, 342 1, 630, 306	36.9 37.7			9		50, 232	93, 281	14.8
Vermont, total	58		1, 303	1, 701, 192	3,653,796	100, 0	Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$240,999	6 3 1	6	98	113, 213	190, 005	30.2
Less than \$20,000. \$20,000 to \$49,999. \$50,000 to \$99,999. \$100,000 to \$249,999. \$250,000 to \$499,999. \$500,000 to \$999,999	28 14 7 6 2	28 15	160 225 212	173, 589 814, 146	300, 728 485, 747 568, 733 1, 073, 191	8, 2 13, 3	New York, total			· ·		593, 467	
\$100,000 to \$249,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$400,000	6	7 11 5	424	277, 938 506, 628	568, 733 1, 073, 191	15.6 29.4				i		87,664	14.8
\$500,000 to \$999,999		5 1	1 282	428,911	1, 225, 397	33. 5	Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$40,999 \$50,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999	32	32	} 170		505, 803	
MARBLE, total	70	88	3, 350 114	3, 291, 541	7, 538, 905	100.0	\$100,000 to \$249,999 Pennsylvania, total		2 30		210, 360	568, 783	100.0
\$20,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$99,999	14	21 14 16 16 6	188 512	179, 580	462,596	6, 1 15, 6						196, 273	
Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999 \$00,000 to \$49,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$249,999 \$500,000 to \$3999,999	20 14 16 13 4 3	16 6	188 512 925 821	118, 182 179, 580 489, 702 908, 391 810, 304 785, 382	171, 509 462, 596 1, 176, 392 2, 009, 779 1, 531, 125 2, 187, 504	15.6 26.7 20.3 29.0	Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$249,009	7	21 7 1 1	} 1 <u>89</u>	117, 501	372, 510	í .
\$500,000 to \$999,999	3	15	790	785, 382	2, 187, 504	29.0	\$100,000 to \$249,009		1	μ			

¹Combined to avoid disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises.

POWER

Power equipment in 1929 (Table 14).—The data for electric motors driven by energy generated in the reporting enterprises are not included in the "aggregate horsepower," as shown in this and other tables, since such inclusion would result in duplication of the figures for the horsepower of prime movers used in driving the generators. For the industries as a whole, approximately six-sevenths of the stationary primemover power was used directly and about one-seventh was employed in driving generators.

Table 14 also gives a classification of motive power according to the nature of its use, whether stationary or mobile. The latter class embraces the power equipment of shovels, drilling and cutting machines, quarry locomotives, and other machinery moved from place to place in the course of operations as contrasted with fixed installations, such as central power plants, hoisting equipment, etc. The number and horsepower rating of the several types of prime movers and of electric motors used by quarrying enterprises in 1929 are given, by States, in Table 25.

Although certain establishments, which conducted both quarrying and manufacturing operations at the same location, were able to file, for the census, segregated returns covering each branch, it was impracticable to segregate data for prime-mover and generator equipment, as these installations served the establishment as a whole. In such cases these data were attributed to the manufacturing portion of the establishment, and the motors used in the quarry operations were classified as "operated on purchased energy," rather than on energy generated in the enterprise. For this reason the 1929 figures for electric motors driven by purchased energy are overstated, while those for electric motors driven by energy generated by enterprises reporting are correspondingly understated, in the power tables of this report.

TABLE 14.—POWER EQUIPMENT, STATIONARY AND MOBILE—NUMBER AND RATED CAPACITY OF PRIME MOVERS, MOTORS, AND GENERATORS, BY INDUSTRIES: 1929

[Enterprises whose value of product in 1920 was less than \$20,000 were permitted to report on an abbreviated schedule, which called for the total number and horsepower rating of prime movers, but not by kind. Therefore, data for prime movers of 398 enterprises which so reported are included with those for stationary steam engines. See Table 13 for statistics showing the relative importance of this class of enterprises]

میں ہوتا ہے۔ ا		PR	IME MO	VERS ANI) ELEC	TRIC MOT	TORS D	RIVEN I	BY PUR	CHASED	ENERG	Z					
					Prim	e movers	1							tors di	ric mo- riven by y gener-		etric
INDUSTRY AND TYPE OF EQUIPMENT	Aggre- gate horse- power	Total horse- power	Steam	engines		m tur- ines	comb	ernal- ustion gines	and	wheels water bines	Horse- power rating of inac- tive prime	driven	e motors by pur- energy	prises	y enter- report- ng	gene	rators
		of prime movers	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Horse- power		Horse- power		Horse- power	movers ¹	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Kilo- watts
Stone-quarrying industries,	829, 041	283, 570	2, 455	169, 639	74	54, 547	1,242	57, 423	19	1, 961	14, 619	14, 902	545, 471	685	23, 652	78	18, 698
Stationary Mobile	069, 391 159, 650	179, 731 103, 839	1, 510 945	92, 790 76, 849	74	54, 547	651 591	30, 433 26, 990	19	1,961	10, 668 3, 951	13, 247 1, 655	489, 660 55, 811	624 61	20, 439 3, 213	78	18, 698
Limestone, total	<i>5</i> 35, 466	198, 236	1, 816	110, 561	32	51, 387	723	35, 233	9	1,055	12, 273	8, 780	337, 230	429-	20, 872	52	16, 832
Stationary Mobile	406, 900 128, 566	115, 513 82, 723	506 720	46, 149 64, 412	32	51, 387	843 380	16, 922 18, 311	9	1,055	8,773 3,500	7, 545 1, 235	201, 387 45, 843	373 56	17,719 3,153	52	16,832
Granite, total	108, 217	32, 144	509	23, 332	16	1, 245	105	6, 962	6	605	2, 081	2, 025	76, 073	221	1, 776	16	1, 412
Stationary Mobile	99, 166 9, 051	24, 728 7, 416	426 83	18, 443 4, 889	16	1, 245	118 47	4,435 2,527	8	605	1,660 421	1, 990 35	74,438 1,635	221	1,776	16	1,412
Basalt, total	63, 881	18, 775	143	11, 407			152	7, 308	2	60	20	898	45, 106	8	350	3	92
Stationary Mobile	53, 754 10, 127	10, 785 7, 990	74 69	7, 167 4, 240			52 100	3, 558 3, 750	2	60	20	867 31	42, 969 2, 137	8	350	3	92
Slate, total	33, 817	7, 941	158	7, 289	1	265	6	331	. I ;	56	125	1, 155	25, 876	3	75	1	100
Stationary Mobile	33, 543 274	7, 941	158	7, 289	1	265	6	331	1	56	125	1, 140 15	25, 602 274	3	75	1	100
Marble, total	30, 198	6, 013	. 71	3, 365	22	1, 425	21	1,038	1	185		898	24, 185	6	172	2	45
Stationary Mobile	25, 195 5, 003	5,007 1,006	55 16	2, 505 860	22	1, 425	16 5	892 146	1	185		636 262	20, 188 8, 997	1 5	112 60	2	45
Sandstone, total	28, 935	11, 370	128	8, 909	3	225	89	2, 236			45	517	17, 565	12	294	3	142
Stationary Mobile	25, 814 3, 121	8, 793 2, 577	92 36	7, 259 1, 650	3	225	58 31	1, 309 927			15 30	498 19	17, 021 544	12	294	3	142
Miscellaneous, total	28, 527	9, 091	130	4, 776			86	4, 315			75	629	19, 436	6	113	1	75
Stationary Mobile	25, 019 3, 508	6, 964 2, 127	109 21	3, 978 798			58 28	2, 986 1, 329			75	571 58	18,055 1,381	6,	113	1	75

1 Included in "Total horsepower of prime movers."

Summary for power equipment: 1909-1929 (Table 15).-Figures for the limestone and sandstone industries for 1929 are not comparable with those for 1919 and 1909 due to differences in industry classification (See "Definition of the industries," p. 1.) for 1929.

Accordingly, no percentages of change are shown for those industries and for the stone industries as a whole for 1929. The figures for the granite, basalt, slate, and marble industries reflect substantial increases in the use of power in 1929 as compared with 1919.

TABLE 15.—POWER EQUIPMENT—NUMBER AND RATED CAPACITY OF PRIME MOVERS AND MOTORS, BY INDUSTRIES: 1929, 1919, AND 1909

[Data for 1929 are not comparable with 1919 and 1909 for the limestone and sandstone industries, because of inclusion or exclusion of data for 1929 not similarly treated for the earlier years. See explanations preceding Table 10, p. 337. See also headnote, Table 14]

		PRIME MOVERS AND ELECTRIC MOTORS DRIVEN BY PURCHASED ENERGY													
			}				Prime m	overs						mo drive	etric tors en by
INDUSTRY	Cen- sus year	Aggre- gate horse- power	Total horse- power of prime movers	Steam	engines		eam bines	comb	rnal- ustion ines	whee	ater els and ater bines	motors by pu	ctric driven rchased ergy	erate	y gen- d by prises ting ¹
			movers	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Horse- power
Stone-quarrying industries, total	1929 1919 1909	829, 041 376, 748 303, 442	283, 570 219, 938 273, 090	2,455 3,397 \$5,533	169, 639 194, 477 2 257, 396	74 23 (³)	54, 547 14, 286 (³)	1, 242 440 278	57, 423 9, 045 6, 721	19 18 65	1,961 2,130 8,973	14,902 3,971 681	545, 471 156, 810 30, 352	685 490 599	23, 652 19, 210 17, 405
Per cent of increase or decrease (): 1909-1919		24, 2	-19.5	(1)	(1)			58.3	34, 6	(1)	-76.3	483. 1	416.6		10.4
Limestone 5	1929 1919 1909	535, 466 213, 717 125, 024	198, 236 126, 387 115, 573	1,316 1,776 22,166	110, 561 109, 778 2 112, 390	32 17 (³)	51, 387 10, 701 (⁸)	723 252 119	35, 233 5, 043 2, 911	9 9 9	1,055 865 272	8,780 2,046 206	337, 230 87, 330 9, 451	429 207 170	20, 872 11, 421 5, 201
Per cent of increase: 1909–1919		70.9	9.4	(1)	(4)			111.8	73, 2		218, 0	893, 2	824.0	57.1	115. 9
Granite	1929 1919 1909	108, 217 55, 614 61, 095	32, 144 34, 711 54, 213	509 744 21,346	23, 332 30, 231 252, 549	16 3 (³)	1, 245 2, 360 (³)	165 84 65	$ \begin{array}{r} 6,962 \\ 1,343 \\ 1,142 \end{array} $	6 4 6	605 777 522	2, 025 450 159	76, 073 20, 903 6, 882	221 34 57	1,776 1,520 1,346
Per cent of increase or decrease (): 1919-1929 1909-1919		94,6 9,0	-7.4 -36.0	-31. 6 (*)	-22,8 (4)	(4)	-47.2	(4) (4)	418.4 17.6	(1) (1)	-22.1 48.9	350.0 183.0	263, 9 203, 7		16.8 12.9
Basalt	1029 1919 1909	63, 881 37, 307 29, 211	18,775 22,844 21,917	143 259 1255	11, 407 21, 090 2 20, 922	(3) ⁸	1, 225 (3)	152 30 19	7,308 520 995	2	60	898 255 173	45, 106 14, 463 7, 294	8 11 18	350 1,049 521
Per cont of increase or decrease (): 1919-1929 1909-1919		71. 2 27. 7	-17.8 4.2	-44.8 (4)	-45.9 (1)			(4) (4)	1, 305. 4 47. 7	<u>-</u>		252.2 47.4	211, 9 98, 3	(1) (1)	-66.6 101.3
Slate	1929 1919 1909	33, 817 20, 613 29, 777	7, 941 8, 778 27, 769	158 193 2 707	7, 289 8, 009 2 27, 255	(³)	265 (8)	- 6 1 - 3	331 8 46	$\begin{array}{c}1\\2\\14\end{array}$	56 101 408	1, 155 426 63	25,876 11,835 2,008	3 4 2	75 44 50
Per cent of increase or decrease (): 1919-1920 1909-1919		64, 1 ~30, 8	9.5 68.4	-18.1 (1)	-15.9 (1)			(4) (4)	8	(4) (4)	44,6 78,4	171.1 (1)	118.6 489.4	(†) (†)	8
Marble	1929 1919 1909	30, 198 15, 628 21, 779	6, 013 6, 021 20, 944	71 85 238	3, 305 5, 619 2 12, 974	22 	1, 425 (³)	21 2 11	1,038 15 437	1 3 34	185 387 7,533	898 408 9	24, 185 9, 607 - 835	6 19 266	172 480 8,035
Per cent of increase or decrease (): 1919-1929 1909-1919		93. 2 28, 2	-0.1 -71.3	8	-40.1 (1)			(4) (4)	(1) —96, 6	8	-52.2 -94,9	120.1 (4)	151.7 1,050.5	(4) -92.9	-64.2 -94.0
Sandstone 4	1929 1919 1909	28, 935 33, 869 36, 556	11, 370 21, 197 32, 674	128 340 321	8,909 19,081 231,306	3 (3)	225 (³)	89 71 61	2, 236 2, 116 1, 190	2	178	517 386 71	17,565 12,672 3,882	12 155 86	294 4, 696 2, 162
Per cent of increase or decrease (): 1909-1919		7.4	-35, 1	(4)	·· (1)			(1)	77.8			(1)	226, 4	(1)	117.2
Miscellaneous 6	1929	28, 527	9,091	180	4, 776			86	4, 315			629	19, 436	6	113

¹ Figures for electric generators shown in Table 25 for 1920; not available for 1919 and 1909.
² Included data for steam turbines.
³ Included in data for steam engines.
⁴ Per cent not computed where base is less than 100 or where figures are not comparable.
⁴ See headnote.
⁶ For 1919 and 1909, the data for production of miscellaneous stone are included in the figures for the other stone industries (principally basalt and sandstone).

TIME IN OPERATION

Days per year in operation (Table 16).—Considerable part-time operation during 1929 characterized enterprises in the stone industries covered by this table, 63.4 per cent of the total value of products having been contributed by enterprises operating less than 300 days, the bulk of them reporting from 150 to 299 days. Enterprises which operated substantially full time, 300 days or more during the year, contributed 36.6 per cent of the total value of products given in this table.

TABLE 16.—CONDENSED SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO NUMBER OF DAYS IN OPERATION IN 1929, BY INDUSTRIES

[This table does not include data for 393 enterprises whose value of product was less than \$20,000. Such enterprises were permitted to report on an abbreviated schedule, which did not call for information pertaining to time in operation. These enterprises (with total value of products, \$3,199,977) were distributed as follows: Limestone, 149 (\$1,424,660); granite, 95 (\$571,848); basalt, 9 (\$87,214); slate, 20 (\$160,729); marble, 7 (\$48,637); sandstone, 22 (\$180,632); stone, miscellaneous, 91 (\$726,300)]

	Num-	Num-	Wage earners, Dec. 14		VALUE PRODUC			·	Num-	Wage earners, Dec. 14		VALUE C PRODUCT	
INDUSTRY AND DAYS IN OPERATION	ber of enter- prises	ber of quar- ries	or nearest repre- sonta- tive day ¹	Wages	Amount	Per cent of total	INDUSTRY AND DAYS IN OPERATION	ber of enter- prises	ber of quar- rles	or nearest repre- senta- tive day 1	Wages	Amount	Per cent of total
Stone-quarrying in- dustries, total ²	1, 856	2, 065	61, 120	\$ 68, 020, 112	\$192, 795, 147	100.0	Slate, total ²	100	110	4, 011	\$4, 803, 834	\$10, 325, 664	100.0
Not reported Less than 50 50 to 74 75 to 99 100 to 149 150 to 109 200 to 249	$ \begin{array}{r} 11\\ 24\\ 43\\ 57\\ 128\\ 274\\ 414 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r} 11\\ 24\\ 43\\ 58\\ 148\\ 290\\ 468\\ \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r} 100 \\ 471 \\ 798 \\ 1,065 \\ 2,466 \\ 7,585 \\ 12,690 \\ \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{r} 102,396\\89,006\\201,516\\519,551\\1,602,067\\6,714,571\\14,330,348\end{array}$	160, 797 229, 940 586, 332 1, 404, 843 4, 799, 378 22, 876, 726 43, 611, 808	0.1 0.1 0.3 0.7 2.5 11.9 22.6	Not reported	3 23 31 81	9 3 24 35 36	91 31 78 1, 222 1, 388 1, 201	94, 676 17, 495 74, 534 1, 449, 896 1, 761, 281- 1, 405, 952	$\begin{array}{r} 137,052\\ 26,267\\ 120,665\\ 3,365,240\\ 3,599,580\\ 3,076,860\end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{r} 1.3 \\ 0.3 \\ 1.2 \\ 32.6 \\ 34.9 \\ 29.8 \\ \end{array} $
250 to 299 300 and over	404 501	430 581	15,637 20,308	18, 424, 360 26, 036, 297	48, 612, 087 70, 513, 236	25. 2 36. 6	Marble, total [*]	l	81	3, 388	3, 249, 690	7, 490, 368	100.0
Limestone, total '	1,018	1,107	34, 532	38, 500, 050	115, 833, 124	100.0	Less than 50 50 to 74	1	1	\$ 34	12, 991	77, 304	1.0
Less than 50 50 to 74	33 71 165 216	13 24 34 77 183 236 225 315	158 256 574 1,304 4,708 7,043 8,478 11,921	28, 210 76, 459 235, 286 917, 384 4, 480, 006 7, 848, 374 10, 125, 902 14, 788, 449	83,917 231,049 698,698 2,903,410 17,707,068 24,815,840 20,179,298 40,213,844	0.1 0.2 0.6 2.5 15.3 21.4 25.2 34.7	75 to 99 180 to 199 200 to 249 250 to 249 300 and over Sandstone, total 2	10 20 26	1 4 11 22 41 150	33 339 1, 479 1, 503 2, 872	27, 704 302, 820 1, 219, 851 1, 686, 324 2, 516, 815	37, 886 750, 636 2, 710, 551 3, 913, 991 6, 131, 345	0.5 10.0 36.2 52.8 100.0
Granite, total 2	311	339	10,786	12, 404, 284	29, 809, 525	100.0	Less than 50	14	1 4	} * 232	50, 696	92, 425	1.5
Not reported Less than 60	5 6 20 34 66 84	2 5 0 5 20 35 70 97 99	<pre>3 249 212 221 382 1,031 1,814 3,044 3,833</pre>	53, 333 37, 225 103, 051 255, 853 658, 769 1, 916, 923 3, 801, 934 5, 577, 196	$\begin{array}{c} 112,871\\ 93,266\\ 231,107\\ 728,004\\ 1,360,478\\ 5,007,308\\ 8,600,954\\ 13,615,462\end{array}$	0.4 0.3 0.8 2.4 4.6 17.0 28.9 45.7	78 to 99	7 11 22 35 21 22	7 23 23 43 24 25 143	92 267 647 671 584 379 2, 189	63, 767 163, 589 457, 184 647, 248 628, 154 505, 677 2, 089, 728	118, 609 348, 917 944, 106 1, 714, 485 1, 517, 690 1, 395, 113 7, 748, 648	1,9 5.7 15.4 28.0 24.8 22.8 100.0
Basalt, total 1	128	135	3, 342	4, 456, 211	15, 456, 473	100.0	Less than 50	2	2	3 98	29, 790	92, 778	1.2
Less than 50	3 5 8 27	2 3 5 9 28 38 21 29	<pre> * 47 73 131 691 901 470 939 </pre>	13, 646 55, 282 116, 829 788, 817 1, 471, 206 694, 428 1, 316, 003	61, 917 116, 928 339, 970 2, 148, 983 5, 666, 556 2, 481, 479 4, 641, 540	0.4 0.8 2.2 13.9 36.7 16.1 30.0	50 to 74 76 to 99 100 to 149 150 to 199 200 to 249 250 to 249 360 and over	6 15 19	5 6 16 20 46 12 36	97 261 397 610 194 532	58,057 130,937 227,557 693,881 192,810 756,696	233, 011 452, 810 558, 445 2, 231, 743 522, 535 3, 656, 420	3.0 5.8 7.2 28.8 6.7 47.2

¹ The totals differ considerably from those for "Wage earners (average for the year)" given in certain other tables of this report. See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—Persons Engaged. ³ See headnote. ³ Combined to avoid disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises.

PERSONS ENGAGED

Persons engaged, by class and sex (Table 17).---Wage earners constituted 90.3 per cent of the total number engaged in the quarrying industries. The limestone industry accounted for 56.5 per cent of the total number employed in these industries. Only 556, or less than 1 per cent, were females. These were employed mainly in clerical and subordinate administrative positions.

The number of proprietors and firm members constituted only 1.9 per cent of the total number of persons engaged in the stone industries.

TABLE 17.—PERSONS ENGAGED, B	BY SEX, BY INDUSTRIES: 1929
------------------------------	-----------------------------

[This table does not include data for salaried officers and employee	s of "Oentral Administrat	re" offices.	See Table 18
--	---------------------------	--------------	--------------

<u> </u>					LUG LGL	outor IG	of article	AS ALLA CH	the ses of Central Admin	COLUMNAC	s onice	5, 500	T 0010	761			
CLASS	Total	Lime- stone	Gran- ite	Slate	Mar- ble	Ba- salt	Sand- stone		CLASS	Total	Lime- stone	Gran- ite	Slate	Mar- ble	Ba- salt	Sand- stone	
All classes, total	62, 966	35, 582	11, 191	4, 450	3, 594	3, 439	2,486	2, 244	Other salaried officers								
	62, 410	35, 304						2,210	and employees, total	3, 967	2, 314	646	183	193	249	175	207
Female	556	278	117	39	19	44	25	34	Male	3, 476	2,063	545	148	176	213	150	181
Proprietors and firm members, total	I, 165	497	279	86	7	51	84	161	Female	491	251	101	35	176 17	36	25	26
Male Female	1,155 10	491 6	277 2	86	7	49 2	84	161	Wage earners (average for the year), total	56, 835	32, 300	10, 037	4, 098	3, 350	3, 053	2, 156	1, 841
Principal salaried officers of corporations, total	999	471	229	83	44	86	51	35	Male Female	56, 814 21	32, 296 4	10, 031 6	4,096	3, 348 2	3, 050 3	2, 156	1,837
Male Female	965 34	454 17	221 8	81 2	44	83 3	51	81 4	· · · ·								

Central-administrative-office employees (Table 18).—This table was compiled from data reported separately on special schedules and not included in the returns for the operating enterprises. It gives the number of employees reported by offices maintained independently of quarry offices and usually at a distance from the quarrying operations, as in New York City. Chicago, or Los Angeles. Figures for these employees are included only in this table. In the cases of companies whose activities include manufacturing operations-shaping, finishing, and polishing of stone, etc.as well as quarrying, the data for central-administrative-office employees have been omitted from this table, and included in the statistics for the census of manufactures-in other words, attributed to the final producing activities of such companies.

TABLE 18.—CENTRAL-ADMINISTRATIVE-OFFICE EMPLOYEES—NUMBER, BY SEX, AND SALARIES, FOR THE UNITED STATES: 1929

CLASS	Total	Limestone	Granite	Basalt	Slate	Marble	Sandstone	Stone, miscellaneous
Stone-quarrying industries: Number, total	358	208	8	39	8	9	25	61
Male Fomale Salaries	258 100 \$1, 194, 621	159 49 \$700, 858	6 2 \$14, 085	29 10 \$199, 134	7 1 \$36, 220	7 2 \$32, 890	17 8 \$46, 438	33 28 \$164, 996
Principal salaried officers of corporations: Number, total	101	56	3	, 16	1	4	Б	18
Male Female Salaries	97 4 \$655, 716	54 2 \$373, 547	3 \$8, 160	16. \$116,099	1 \$12,000	4 \$28, 850	4 \$17, 280	15 1 \$101, 780
Other central-administrative-office employees: Number, total	257	152	5	23	7	5	20	45
Male Female Salaries	161 96 \$538, 905	105 47 \$327, 311	3 2 \$5, 925	13 10 \$83, 035	6 1 \$24, 220	3 2 \$6, 040	13 7 \$29, 158	18 27 \$63, 216

Size of enterprises according to number of wage earners (Table 19) .- Of the total number of enterprises covered by this table, 1,943, or 87.3 per cent, employed 50 or fewer wage earners, accounted for 47.1 per cent of the total number of wage earners, and contributed 48.2 per cent of the total value of products given in this table.

TABLE 19.-CONDENSED SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO NUMBER OF WAGE EARNERS, BY INDUSTRIES, FOR SELECTED STATES: 1929

[This table does not include data for 23 enterprises which employed no wage earners, in industries as follows: Granite, 8; limestone, 2; sandstone, 2; slate, 9; stone miscellaneous, 2]

INDUSTRY, STATE, AND NUM- BER OF WAGE EARNERS PER	ber of	Num- ber of	WAC EARN (avorag the ye	ers te for	Wages	Value of	INDUSTRY, STATE, AND NUM- BER OF WAGE EARMERS PER		ber of	WAC EARN (averag the ye	ERS ge for	Wages	Value of
BER OF WAGE EARNERS FER ENTERPRISE	enter- prises		Num- ber	Per cent of total	w ages	products	DER OF WARE EARNERS FER ENTERPRISE	enter- prises		Num- ber	Per cent of total		products
United StatesStone-							LIMESTONE-Contd.						
quarrying industries, total ¹	2, 226	2, 435	56, 835	100.0	\$69, 533, 903	\$195, 893, 678	Indiana, total		-			COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE OWNER.	\$12, 240, 596
Not reported 1 to 5 6 to 20	5 648 824	5 654 879 517		3, 3 17, 2 26, 6	2, 163, 444	26, 194 6, 547, 513	1 to 5	29 25 5	33 32 5	335 827 308	11.6 28.7 10.6	351, 444 1, 084, 547 407, 589	209, 826 1, 109, 466 3, 387, 742 1, 283, 837 6, 249, 725
101 to 250 251 to 500 501 to 1,000	82	134 22 8	\$16,977		21, 880, 735		Ohio, total	41	<u>114</u> 41	2,660	5.1	166, 354	12,091,055 516,683 1,787,061
LIMESTONE, total 1	1, 165	1, 254	32, 300	100.0	39, 188, 364	117, 251, 184	6 to 20 21 to 50 51 to 100		32 27 9	815 615	30. 8 23. 1	1, 116, 454	4, 486, 643
1 to 5 6 to 20 21 to 50	438	286 465 312	897 5,400 9,313	28.8	966, 867 5, 726, 795 11, 502, 934	2, 793, 932 17, 037, 766 35, 207, 255	101 to 260		1 -	} * 676	25.4		2, 043, 202 3, 257, 406 6, 175, 012
21 to 50		119 58 6 8	7, 436 6, 398	23, 0 19, 8	8, 577, 781 8, 312, 732	24, 089, 070 23, 280, 082	1 to 5	11 28 19		44 388 587	1.9 16.5 25.0	42, 860 375, 219 674, 664	128, 051 957, 526 1, 702, 185 1, 268, 915
Pennsylvania, total	201	213	6,048	100. 0	7, 783, 473	19, 124, 040	101 to 250	-	-	770	32.8	841, 098	2, 118, 335
1 to 5 6 to 20 21 to 50 51 to 100 101 to 250 251 to 50	69 47 17 10 . 3	75 51 17 12	188 799 1,418 1,259 1,550 866	13, 2 23, 4 20, 8 25, 6	1,724,291 1,949,574	490, 739 2, 519, 352 4, 704, 008 4, 381, 421 4, 310, 490 2, 718, 030	New York, total 1 to 5 6 to 20 21 to 50 51 to 100 101 to 250	12		31 387 428 573	$ \begin{array}{r} 1.6 \\ 19.4 \\ 21.4 \\ 28.7 \end{array} $	37, 339 507, 812 646, 804 852, 473	118,753 1,952,959 2,177,263 2,583,478
See footnotes at end of	table.												

127185 - 33 - 23

TABLE 19.—CONDENSED SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO NUMBER OF WAGE EARNERS, BY INDUSTRIES, FOR SELECTED STATES: 1929—Continued

NDUSTRY, STATE, AND NUM- BER OF WAGE EARNERS FER ENTERPRISE		Num-	WAG EARN (averag the ye	ERS e for		Value of	INDUSTRY, STATE, AND NUM-	Num-	Num- ber of	WAG EARNI (averag the ye	ERS (e for		Value of
BER OF WAGE EARNERS PER	enter- prises	quar-	Num- ber	Per cent of total	Wages	products	BER OF WAGE EARNERS PER ENTERPRISE	enter- prises	quar-	Num- ber	Per cent of total	Wages	products
LAMESTONE-Contd.							GRANITE-Continued						
Illinois, total			1,649		\$2, 105, 707	\$7,830,131	Vermont, total	24	25	952			
1 to 5 6 to 20	13 12 10 7 1	8	40 131 613 2865	2, 4 7, 9 37, 2 52, 5	42, 657 147, 764 890, 612 1, 024, 674	103, 658 528, 951 3, 309, 185 3, 888, 337	1 to 5	8 5 6 1 4	8 6 1 4	$23 \\ 48 \\ 212 \\ 2669 \\ 3669 $	2.4 5.0 22.3 70.3	28, 221 56, 423 298, 170 1, 010, 925	76, 741 135, 783 510, 773 3, 169, 055
Michigan, total	14		1, 566	100. 0	2, 308, 116	11, 059, 922	Minnesota, total	25	37	923	100. 0	1, 230, 398	3, 617, 633
1 to 5 6 to 20 21 to 50	1 8	1 3		2.6 17.6	58, 068 327, 501	125, 722 1, 309, 423	1 to 5	6 10 6 1	6 11 14 3	20 106 224	2, 2 11, 5 24, 3	25, 851 143, 014 332, 899	67, 811 718, 014 858, 099
51 to 100 101 to 250 501 to 1,000		3 3 1	ļ	79.8	1, 922, 487	9, 624, 777	101 to 250 251 to 500	1	1 2	} 1573	62.1	728, 634	1, 973, 709
West Virginia, total	I		1, 319	100.0	1, 465, 548	3, 507, 603	SLATE, total 1	111	121	4, 098	100. 0	4, 884, 038	10, 431, 044
1 to 5 6 to 20] 6	6	212 209	3. 1 16. 1 15. 8 65. 0	38, 061 249, 343 229, 946 948, 108	102, 557 710, 596 462, 920 2, 231, 530	1 to 5 6 to 20 21 to 50 51 to 100 101 to 250	15 37 30 19 10	15 38 32 23 13	44 466 1, 029 1, 272 1, 287	1, 1 11, 4 25, 1 31, 0 31, 4	$\begin{array}{r} 60,718\\ 588,636\\ 1,247,965\\ 1,558,126\\ 1,428,593 \end{array}$	135, 600 1, 013, 172 3, 361, 801 3, 302, 169 2, 528, 312
Virginia, total	63	_	, 1,270	100. 0	1, 102, 969	3, 011, 695	Pennsylvania, total	83	33	1, 951	100.0	2, 352, 559	4, 330, 001
1 to 5 6 to 20	21 27 6 8	6	73 353 182		60, 006 251, 741 182, 628	157, 385 555, 228 512, 782	6 to 20 21 to 50 51 to 100 101 to 250	2 14 12 5	2 14 12 5	2 498 800 653	25.5 41.0 33.5	581, 930 947, 875 822, 754	1, 262, 442 1, 520, 956 1, 546, 603
101 to 250	1	1	²⁰⁰² ر	52.1	608, 594	1.1.1.1.1.1.1	Vermont, total	51	60	1, 303	100.0	1, 701, 192	3, 604, 317
Texas, total 1 to 5	5 10 14	5 14 14	1,170 19 114 516 2 521	1.6 9.7	1, 128, 920 24, 337 94, 158 535, 542 474, 883	3, 171, 522 65, 202 817, 094 1, 565, 308 1, 223, 918	1 to 5 6 to 20 21 to 60 51 to 100 101 to 250	6 28 9 6 2	6 29 11 10 4	16 340 815 2 632	1.2 26.1 24.2 48.5	18, 155 423, 444 405, 689 853, 904	40, 776 726, 105 709, 081 2, 038, 355
101 to 250 Kentucky, total			, 1,147	100, 0	883, 724	2, 336, 085	Virginia, total	6		489	100.0	360, 029	850, 882
1 to 5 6 to 20 21 to 50 51 to 100	12 27 13 5	$ \begin{array}{r} 12 \\ 28 \\ 13 \end{array} $	42 349 429 327	3.7	35, 753 270, 194 367, 684 210, 093	102,742 667,364 982,910 583,069	6 to 20	1 2 3 70	1 2 4 88	2 90 399 3, 350	18.4 81.6 100.0	67, 269 292, 760 3, 291, 541	849, 120 501, 762 7, 538, 905
Alabama, total		23	957	100. 0	841,965	1, 886, 790	1 to 5 6 to 20	14			1.1	46, 148	
1 to 5 6 to 20 21 to 50 51 to 100 101 to 250	2 5 6 7 1	2 6 8 1	⁴ 04 215	6. 7 22. 5 70. 8	69, 208 183, 171 589, 586	178, 182 403, 363 1, 305, 245	6 to 20 21 to 50 51 to 100 101 to 250 251 to 500	24 10	14 25 10 16 11 12	283 277 904 } 2 1, 848	8.4 8.3 27.0 55.2	316, 149 343, 047 803, 944 1, 782, 2 53	180, 735 875, 326 669, 916 1, 767, 440 4, 045, 488
GRANITE, total 1			10, 037	100.0	12, 639, 524		Tennessee, total	13	14	1, 377	100.0	1, 093, 582	2, 287, 938
Not reported 1 to 5 6 to 20 21 to 50 51 to 100	149	3 - 151 134 83 34 17	380 1, 381 2, 426 2, 141	13.8	464, 178 1, 691, 494 3, 152, 080 2, 384, 804	21, 194 1, 380, 277 4, 955, 962 7, 060, 090 5, 835, 977	6 to 20 21 to 50 51 to 100 101 to 250	1 1 6 5	1 1 6 6	2 503 874	36. 5 63. 5	358, 585 734, 997	736, 459 1, 551, 479
21 to 50 51 to 100 101 to 250 251 to 500	17	17	2, 426 2, 141 2, 510 1, 199	25, 0 11, 9	3, 430, 388 1, 516, 580	5, 835, 977 7, 371, 880 3, 730, 393	Vermont, total	9	23	658	100. 0	785, 579	1, 829, 315
Massachusetts, total 1 to 5 6 to 20	38	9	1,554	100.0	2,624,198	5, 394, 350 133, 741	1 to 5 6 to 20 51 to 100 251 to 500	2 2 4 1	2 2 7 12	2 24 2 634	3.6 06.4	26, 200 759, 379	101, 036 1, 728, 279
21 to 50 51 to 100 101 to 250	9 4 3	14	256	16.5	222, 589 445, 502 390, 256	852, 310 1, 018, 984 685, 912	Alabama, total		3	358	100. 0	333, 544	653, 940
251 to 500	1	3		54.8	1, 530, 264	2, 703, 397	51 to 100 101 to 250	2	2 1	2 358	100. 0	333, 544	653, 940
North Carolina, total 1 to 5		4	1, 390 74 46 308	5.3 3.3 22.1	<u>1,298,397</u> 46,736 54,248 291,839	3, 197, 474 158, 753 180, 730 742, 414	Missouri, total 6 to 20 21 to 50	6 2 2	8 2 2 1 3	209	100. 0	335, 909 335, 909	752, 978
251 to 500	1	71	} · · · 968	69.3	905, 574	2, 115, 577	51 to 100 101 to 250		. i I]			
Georgia, total 1 to 5 6 to 20 21 to 50	4	4 9 8	1, 265 12 114 271	0, 9 9, 0 21, 4	1,033,884 12,820 76,111 193,874 207,479	2, 201, 313 23, 500 167, 586 503, 348	Georgia, total 1 to 5 6 to 20	5 1 2	5 1 2 1	286		234, 623 234, 623	749, 737
51 to 100 101 to 250 See footnotes at end of table.	4	5 4	289 579	22.8 45.8	207, 479 543, 600	549, 084 957, 795	21 to 50 101 to 250		1	1 1		234, 020 kit	

TABLE 19.—CONDENSED SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO NUMBER OF WAGE EARNERS, BY INDUSTRIES, FOR SELECTED STATES: 1929—Continued

BER OF WAGE EARNERS PER	ber of	Num- ber of	WAC EARN (averay the ye	ERS 36 for	Wages	Value of	INDUSTRY, STATE, AND NUM- BER OF WAGE EARNERS PER	Num- ber of		WAC EARN (averag the ye	ERS te for		Value of
	enter- prises	quar- ries	Num- ber	Per cent of total	11 6503	products	ENTERPRISE	enter- prises	quar-	Num- ber	Per cent of total	Wages	products
BASALT, total	137	_ 144	3, 053	100.0	\$4, 498, 093	\$15, 543, 687	SANDSTONE-Contd.						
Not reported	1	$\frac{1}{27}$	} 2 83	2.7		295, 918	Pennsylvania, total	41	51	595	100.0	\$742, 273	\$1, 615, 444
1 to 5 8 to 20 21 to 50 51 to 100 101 to 250	1 27 64 29 13 3	27 65 30 16 5	738 929 889 414	24, 2 30, 4 29, 1 13, 6	1, 111, 735 1, 415, 298 1, 223, 585	3, 449, 271 4, 853, 114 4, 033, 888 2, 911, 490	1 to 5 6 to 20 21 to 50 51 to 100	13 20 6 2	13	40 238	6.7 40.0	44, 437 325, 516 372, 320	121, 334
New Jersey, total	26	27	683	100.0	1, 104, 636	3, 580, 184	Ohio, total	14	17	447	100.0	520, 032	1, 186, 128
1 to 5 6 to 20	$\frac{26}{2}$	2	} 2 145	21, 2	271, 037	937, 514	6 to 20				27,1	133, 893	260, 203
21 to 50	9	11 9	269	39.4	442, 717	1, 365, 590	21 to 50. 101 to 250	5	8 5 4	} 2 326		386, 139	919, 925
51 to 100	4	5	269	39,4		1, 277, 080						ŕ	
Pennsylvania, total		22	566			2, 236, 438	New York, total	28	39			348, 660	675, 375
1 to 5	8	- 8 - 5 1	} 230 36	5, 3 6, 4		65, 337 95, 058	1 to 5 6 to 20 21 to 50	14 10 4	14 10 15	41 128 107	14.9 46.4 38.8	45, 045 159, 875 143, 740	136, 367 236, 490 302, 518
51 to 100 101 to 250	4	4 3	} ² 500	88, 3	652, 280	2, 076, 043	STONE, MISCELLANE- OUS, total 1	202	232	1, 841	100. 0	2, 405, 906	8, 466, 608
Connecticut, total		19	420	100.0	722, 983	2, 924, 085	Not reported	1	· 1	309	16.8	382, 897	1, 353, 444
1 to 5	1 12 5	$1 \\ 12$	\$ 15 4	36.7	245, 122	881,463	1 to 5 6 to 20	115	71	700		916, 186	3, 497, 088
21 to 50 101 to 250	5	5 1	2 266	63.3	477,861	2, 042, 622	21 to 50	14	15 3 26	429	23, 3	476, 391	1, 342, 606
Massachusetts, total	14		366	100.0	618, 783	2, 191, 366	51 to 100	2	26	} ² 394	21, 4	630, 432	2, 273, 470
1 to 5 6 to 20		1	} 281	22.1	133, 541	346, 464	California, total	39	63	491	100.0	802, 430	3, 784, 213
21 to 50	3	35	74 211	20, 2 57, 7	129,748 355,494	397, 505 1, 447, 397	1 to 5 6 to 20	21 15	22 17	54 170	11. 0 34. 6	76, 521 269, 750	338, 325 1, 491, 844
SANDSTONE, total 1	143	170	2, 156	100,0	2, 626, 437	6, 306, 477	21 to 50 101 to 250	2	17 2 22	} ² 287	54.4	456, 159	1, 954, 044
1 to 5 6 to 20 21 to 50	45 69 23	45 81	132 810	6.1 37.0	142, 390 1, 000, 622	412, 607 2, 251, 022	Missouri, total	19	19	267	100.0	286, 938	628, 763
51 to 100 101 to 250	5	35 5 4	709 2 505	32. 9 23, 4	851, 587 631, 838	2, 197, 086 1, 445, 762	1 to 5 6 to 20 21 to 50	6 9 4	6 9 4	22 110 135		23,310 122,698 140,930	73, 023 366, 999 188, 741
1 See herdnot	!	,			Ad to proid			L	<u> </u>	100	00.0	1 10, 000	

¹ See headnote.

² Combined to avoid disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises.

Prevailing hours of labor (Table 20).—Enterprises covered by this table in which the prevailing hours per week for wage earners were "54 and over but under 63" employed 56.4 per cent of the total number of wage earners and contributed 60.2 per cent of the

total value of products, shown in this table. Only 28.9 per cent of the total number of wage earners were employed in enterprises in which the 48-hour or shorter working week prevailed.

TABLE 20.—CONDENSED SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO PREVAILING HOURS OF LABOR PER WEEK, BY INDUSTRIES, FOR SELECTED STATES: 1929

[This table does not include data for 303 enterprises whose value of product was less than \$20,000. Such enterprises were permitted to report on an abbreviated schedule, which did not call for information pertaining to prevailing hours of labor. These enterprises (with total value of products, \$3,199,977) were distributed as follows: Limestone, 149 (\$1,424,600); granite, 95 (\$571,1430; state, 20 (\$160,720); marble, 7 (\$48,537); basalt, 9 (\$87,214); sandstone, 22 (\$180,632); stone, miscellaneous, 91 (\$726,360). Also data for 4 enterprises (granite, 3; basalt, 1) which did not report wage earners are not included in this table]

		·····				not monaded in this tablej				 	
INDUSTRY, STATE, AND PREVAILING HOURS OF LABOR PER WEEK	berof	ber of quar-	Wage earners (aver- age for the year)	Wages	Value of products	INDUSTRY, STATE, AND PREVAILING HOURS OF LABOR PER WEEK	ber of	ber of quar-	Wage enrners (aver- age for the year)	Wages	Value of products
United States—Stone-quarrying Industries, total 1 Under 25. 25 and over but under 36	12 6 8 9 38 6 166 306 204 1,052 45	12 6 11 10 43 6 181 333 238 1,154 67	91 31 111 142 1, 499 86 5, 805 8, 310 6, 467 31, 236 1, 584	94,676 22,977 140,342 155,962 1,592,970 118,005 7,654,733 11,264,153 7,897,853 37,087,004 1,991,437	$\begin{array}{c} 168,072\\ 87,312\\ 279,324\\ 382,321\\ 3,786,873\\ 259,821\\ 15,579,430\\ 29,955,502\\ 10,453,137\\ 116,111,820\\ \end{array}$	LIMESTONE—Continued. Pennsylvania—Continued 48. Over 48 but under 54. 54 and over but under 63. 63 and over. Indiana, total	69 1 4 8 54	94 1 4 20 67 2	$ \begin{cases} 685 \\ 23,607 \\ 2,799 \\ 2108 \\ 1,160 \\ 3^21,531 \end{cases} $	3, 944, 305 112, 967 1, 854, 966 1, 976, 372	\$4, 742, 355 1, 927, 985 11, 597, 471 12, 058, 984 368, 096 5, 930, 776 5, 760, 112
Under 25 26 and over but under 36 36 and over but under 40 Over 40 but under 44 44 and over but under 48 48 Over 48 but under 54 54 and over but under 68 63 and over Pennsylvania, total 25 and over but under 36 86 and over but under 40 40 Over 40 but under 44 44 and over but under 48 55 and 55 56 and 55 56 and 55 56 and 55 56 and 55 57 58 and 55 58 and 58 58 a	$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 6 \\ 2 \\ 12 \\ 21 \\ 127 \\ 98 \\ 724 \\ 245 \\ 182 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ $	1 9 3 13 2 22 134 116 780 27 194	2 118 450 2 307 4,652 2,801 22,161 999 5,974 272	148, 196 400, 749 332, 410 6, 000, 406 8, 809, 213 20, 396, 185 1, 232, 891 7, 706, 768 109, 308 87, 344	314, 878 1, 140, 312 806, 949 14, 736, 158 11, 137, 645	Ohio, total 48 Over 48 but under 54 54 and over but under 63 40 44 and over but under 48 64 and over but under 48 54 and over but under 63 New York, total 44 and over but under 48 54 and over but under 48 8 Over 48 but under 54 54 and over but under 54 54 and over but under 64 54 and over but under 64 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 5	8 84 68 1 3 3 12 49 66 8 66 3	7 887 74 1 3 3 3 13 54 54 70 4 6 3	$\left.\begin{array}{c} 116\\ 135\\ 2,373\\ 2,312\\ \hline 2,51\\ 151\\ 224\\ 1,886\\ 1,992\\ \hline 61\\ 178\\ 22\end{array}\right.$	3, 367, 234 166, 084 157, 921 3, 043, 220 2, 397, 031 37, 363 205, 037 268, 928 1, 805, 763 3, 105, 301 78, 390 233, 687 30, 473 2, 762, 751	6, 116, 41 174, 57 393, 94 654, 66 4, 893, 22 11, 372, 26 205, 97 602, 19 109, 86

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 20.—CONDENSED SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO PREVAILING HOURS OF LABOR PER WEEK, BY INDUSTRIES, FOR SELECTED STATES: 1929—Continued

· · ·						FOR BELIEF STREES					'
INDUSTRY, STATE, AND FREVAILING HOURS OF LABOR PER WEEK	ber of	ber of quar-	Wage earners (aver- age for the year)	Wages	Value of products	INDUSTRY, STATE, AND PREVAILING HOURS OF LABOR PER WEEK	berof	ber of quar-	Wage earners (aver- age for the year)	Wages	Value of products
LIMESTONE-Continued.					·	SLATE, total 1	100	110	4, 027	\$4, 803, 834	\$10, 325, 664
Illinois, total	51	53	1, 646	\$2, 102, 307	\$7, 822, 668	Not reported	12	12	91	94, 676	168, 072
44 and over but under 48	12	3	12 289	12,754 417,290	40, 545 1, 734, 879	40 44 and over but under 48 48	2 12 4	2 13 4	2 925 52	1, 056, 473 64, 447	2, 011, 776 133, 896
Over 48 but under 54 54 and over but under 63 63 and over	30 30		200 }1, 345	1, 672, 263	6, 047, 244	Over 48 but under 54 54 and over but under 63 63 and over	51 17 2	59 18 2	2,028	2, 617, 345 970, 893	4, 946, 847
Michigan, total	14	16	1, 566	2, 308, 116	11, 059, 922	Pennsylvania, total	33	33	1, 951	2, 352, 559	4, 330, 001
40	1	1	2 220	335, 832	989, 373	40 44 and over but under 48	2 8	2 8 17	} * 760	896, 133	1, 592, 548
63 and over 54 and over but under 63			11 1	1, 972, 284	10, 070, 549	Over 48 but under 54. 54 and over but under 63	17 5	17 5	, 958	1, 188, 443	2,008,366
West Virginia, total	1	1		1, 458, 460	3, 496, 103	63 and over	1	5 1	<i>`</i>	267, 983	729, 087
48	<u> </u>	s e		604, 747	1, 107, 674 2, 388, 429	Vermont, total	45	54		1, 640, 961	
	1		1 1	853, 713		Not reported 44 and over but under 48	12	12 5	91 195 ° {	94, 676 195, 340	108, 072 476, 359
Texas, total				1, 123, 840	3, 161, 522	48 Over 48 but under 54 54 and over but under 63	23	31	810	1, 120, 843	2,054,365
25 and over but under 36	1 24		} 2 95	95, 811	206, 287			4	153	280, 102	843, 833
48 63 and over but under 63		5 28	921 148	877, 340 150, 689	2, 360, 221 595, 014	Virginia, total			489	360, 029	850, 882
Virginia, total	48	3 44	1,139	992, 882	2, 801, 115	Over 48 but under 54 54 and over but under 63	15	- Ō	} ° 489	360, 029	850, 882
36 and over but under 40		1 1	2.98	00.040	048 510	MARBLE, total 1	63	81	3, 308	3, 249, 690	7, 490, 368
48 Over 48 but under 54 54 and over but under 63 63 and over	3	2 8	31	98, 366	347, 518	25 and over but under 36				265, 617	
	1	5 38 1 1	\$\$1,041	894, 516	2, 453, 597	44 and over but under 48	5	7	1	133, 154	
Kentucky, total		7 48	3 1,083	836, 711	2, 244, 843	48 Over 48 but under 54 54 and over but under 63	7 38 1	9	584	400, 105	1, 072, 964
Under 25 40 Over 48 but under 54 54 and over but under 63			20	12, 540	50, 775	63 and over	1	2	}22, 413	2, 360, 814	5, 488, 180
Over 48 but under 54	- 3	5 6	3 78 9 985	72, 150 752, 0 21	176, 013 2, 017, 855	Tennessee, total	13			1, 093, 582	2, 287, 938
Alabama, total			1		1, 871, 790	Over 48 but under 54 54 and over but under 63	12		}² 1, 377	1, 093, 582	2, 287, 938
		-				Vermont, total			658	785, 579	1, 829, 315
40 Over 48 but under 54 54 and over but under 63	. 1	4 1 5 1	$\begin{bmatrix} 5\\1\\6\\6\\541 \end{bmatrix}$ * 409	353, 126 483, 839	711, 441 1, 160, 349	25 and over but under 36 Over 48 but under 54 54 and over but under 63 63 and over		1 2 18 2	2 658	785, 579	1, 829, 315
GRANITE, total 1	- 30	8 33	6 9, 806	12, 404, 284	29, 788, 331	Alabama, total			ľ	333, 544	653, 940
Under 25. 25 and over but under 36		4	4	58, 015	120, 281	Over 48 but under 54		i i i	1	·	
36 and over but under 40	-	4	€ } 297	88, 394	198, 634	54 and over but under 63			μ I		
40 44 and over but under 4848		0 11	0 595 8 4,239	676, 222 5, 889, 779	1, 532, 818 11, 826, 457	Missouri, total 44 and over but under 48 54 and over but under 63		1	>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Over 48 but under 54	- 2	5 8	8 4,239 8 2,326 2 671	5, 889, 779 3, 277, 504 556, 165	11,826,457 9,155,698 1,345,533		1.1	4	} 299		752, 978
54 and over but under 63	1	3 7	7 1,834	556, 165 1, 858, 205	1, 345, 533 5, 608, 912	Georgia, total			-283	·	
Massachusetts, total		7 3				54 and over but under 63			} * 283	231, 923	740, 162
40. 44 and over but under 48		3 2	$\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 59 \\ 3 & 1,270 \end{bmatrix}$	84, 214 2, 145, 505	193, 922 3, 867, 580	BASALT, total 1	12			4, 456, 21	1 15, 453, 973
48 Over 48 but under 54 54 and over but under 63	-	5 1 5	$\begin{bmatrix} 5\\1\\1\\5\\1\\1\\9\end{bmatrix}$ 2 104			40 Over 40 but under 44 44 and over but under 48	-	8 · 8 1 1 1		169,07	6 448, 238
North Carolina, total	1	1	1			44 and over but under 48 48	2	6 28	3 400	608, 87	-
36 and over but under 40				1, 209, 322	3,062,724	48 Over 48 but under 54 54 and over but under 63	- 8	9 (2 8	7 2, 319	3, 474, 51	7 12, 425, 262
40 44 and over but under 48	-	1 1 3	1 2 749	768, 483	1, 805, 085	63 and over	- '		5 91	1 '	1
Over 48 but under 54 54 and over but under 63	-	$\frac{2}{5}$ 1	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 3 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$ $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 749 \\ 2 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$ $5 = 577$			New Jersey, total					
Georgia, total		6 2				48 54 and over but under 63	2	$\begin{array}{c}1\\2\\3\\2\end{array}$	$\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{2}{4}$ $\frac{2}{63}$	1	
40			-[Pennsylvania, total		8 2			1
44 and over but under 48.	- 1	7	$\begin{pmatrix} 2\\2\\7\\7\\7\\8\\336 \end{pmatrix}$	· · · · ·		40 Over 48 but under 54 54 and over but under 63	-	3	3 8: 5 2'	83, 86	
54 and over but under 63	-	6	7 179	118, 518	1.	54 and over but under 63	-	5 91 1	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} $ 2 45		
Vermont, total			9 930			Connecticut, total		1 9 1	· ·		
48	1	.0 1	8 289 1 646	406, 346 970, 097	788, 653 3, 053, 204	Over 48 but under 54		ī	_		
Minnesota, total			7 923	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		54 and over but under 63			ľ		
44 and over but under 48 48 54 and over but under 63	- 1	5 9 2	$\begin{pmatrix} 7 & 82 \\ 9 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} & 841 \\ \end{pmatrix}$			Massachusetts, total		4 <u>1</u> 3			
54 and over but under 63 See footnotes at end of table.	-1.	1	1) - 041	1, 101, 51	1 0, 100, 010	54 and over but under 63		$ $	5 9 1 27	1 445, 68	

TABLE 20.—CONDENSED SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO PREVAILING HOURS OF LABOR PER WEEK, BY INDUSTRIES, FOR SELECTED STATES: 1929—Continued

INDUSTRY, STATE, AND FREVAILING HOURS OF LABOR PER WEEK		Num- ber of quar- ries	Wage earners (aver- age for the year)	Wages	Value of products	INDUSTRY, STATE, AND PREVAILING HOURS OF LABOR PER WEEK	Num- ber of enter- prises	Num- ber of quar- ries	Wage earners, (aver- age for the year)	Wages	Value of products
SANDSTONE, total 1	123	150	2, 058	\$2, 516, 315	\$6, 131, 345	New York, total	24	35	266	\$338, 185	\$651,025
Under 25 40 Over 40 but under 44 44 and over but under 48	1 4 1	1 5 1	2 137 344	149, 656 375, 980	384, 280 754, 178	44 and over but under 48 48 54 and over but under 63	4 18	2 4 29	227	47, 796 290, 389	76, 460 574, 565
48 Over 48 but under 54 54 and over but under 63 63 and over	28	17 28 12 84 2	399 71 2 1,107	527, 629 85, 458 1, 877, 594	1, 416, 258 284, 794 3, 291, 835	STONE, MISCELLANEOUS, total 1. 36 and over but under 40 44 and over but under 48 48	113 2 3 30	143 2 3 41	<pre> 2 74 381 </pre>	2, 080, 728 74, 422 562, 142	7, 748, 648 169, 185 2, 191, 543
Pennsylvania, total	33	43	543	680, 216	1, 535, 691	Over 48 but under 54 54 and over but under 63 63 and over	36 10 52 10	11 57 29	149 743 222	150, 628 942, 597 359, 939	427, 876 3, 366, 281 1, 593, 763
40 Over 40 but under 44 44 and over but under 48	1	1 1 3	2 71	74, 175	277, 192	California, total	30 1 18	54 1 23	473	780, 932	3, 716, 194
48 Over 48 but under 54 54 and over but under 63 63 and over	1 5 21 1	10 26 1	45 3 2 427	59, 102 546, 939	155, 369 1, 103, 130	48 Over 48 but under 54 54 and over but under 63 63 and over	18 1 5 5	23 1 5 24	47 183	89, 381 307, 172	774, 619 1, 299, 282
Ohio, total	14	17	447	520, 032	1, 186, 128	Missouri, total	16	16	259	277, 677	609, 334
40 44 and over but under 48	1	1	} 2 325	357, 663	707, 290	36 and over but under 40 44 and over but under 48 48	1 1 3	1 1 3		129, 728	249, 965
54 and over but under 63 63 and over	6	6 1	} 2 122	162, 369	478, 838	54 and over but under 63 63 and over	10 1	10 1	} * 139	147, 949	859, 369

¹ See headnote.

² Combined to avoid disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises.

Days per week in operation (Table 21).-The 6-day week prevailed for wage earners in those enterprises covered by this table for the stone-quarrying industries as a whole. Enterprises operating on this basis employed 63.9 per cent of the wage earners, and con-

tributed 69.4 per cent of the total value of products shown in this table, while those operating on a 5¹/₂day basis accounted for 27.6 per cent of the wage earners and 24.3 per cent of the total value of products. Other classes were of minor importance.

TABLE 21.—CONDENSED SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO NUMBER OF DAYS IN OPERATION PER WEEK, BY INDUSTRIES: 1929

[This table does not include data for 393 enterprises whose value of product was less than \$20,000. Such enterprises were permitted to report on an abbreviated schedule, which did not call for information pertaining to time in operation. These enterprises (with total value of products, \$3,199,077) were distributed as follows: Limestone, 149 (\$1,424,660); granite, 95 (\$571,848); slate, 20 (\$160,726); marble, 7 (\$48,537); basalt, 0 (\$87,214); sandstone, 22 (\$180,632); stone, miscellaneous, 91 (\$728,360)]

149 (\$1,424,000); granite, 95 (\$571	,010/,01										
INDUSTRY AND DAYS PER WEEK	Num- ber of enter- prises	Num-	Wage earners, Dec. 14 or nearest repre- senta- tive day i	Wages	Value of products	INDUSTRY AND DAYS PER WEEK	Num- ber of enter- prises	Num- ber of quar- ries	Wage earners, Dec. 14 or nearest repre- senta- tive day 1	Wages	Value of products
Stone-quarrying industries, total ²	1,856	2,065	61 120	\$68 020 112	\$192, 795, 147	Marble, total ²	- 63	81	3, 388	\$3, 249, 690	\$7, 490, 368
Not reported		18 6 1 12 1	100 } \$ 59 } \$ 679	102, 396 56, 210 408, 859	215, 511 120, 579 1, 014, 174	Three or under Four Flve Flve_and one-half Six	1 3 20 38	$ \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \\ 3 \\ 24 \\ 52 \end{array} $	3 114 1, 649 1, 625	105, 013 1, 527, 485 1, 617, 192	287, 130 3, 217, 808 3, 985, 930
Five and one-half Six Six and one-half	94 469 1, 212	104 528 1, 348 3	2,963 16,850 39,029	2, 758, 354 19, 500, 313 43, 485, 183	6, 539, 713 46, 809, 438 133, 819, 563	Basalt, total ²	1	135 1 9	3,342	4, 456, 211 187, 449	15, 456, 473 497, 738
Seven Limestone, total ²	41 1,018	44	3 1,440 34,532	1, 708, 797 38, 500, 050	4, 276, 169	Five	1 99	15 103 7	667 2,473 105	774, 472 3, 427, 182 67, 108	2, 325, 098 12, 448, 887 184, 750
Three or under Six and one-half Four	6 1	1 3 6	} *136 832	239, 702 250, 780	571, 146 533, 987	Sandstone, total 2		150	2, 872	2, 516, 315	6, 131, 345
Five	36 203 742 28 311 5	39 235 793 30 339 5	726 5,632 26,685 1,021 10,786 9	741, 168 6, 608, 348 29, 495, 189 1, 164, 863 12, 404, 284 7, 720	2, 158, 109 19, 323, 043 90, 444, 943 2, 801, 896 29, 809, 525 44, 939	Three or under Four Seven Five Five and one-half Six		1 1 15 14 118	<pre>3 122 683 195 1,872</pre>	127, 527 431, 011 133, 595 1, 824, 182	432, 641 843, 449 396, 847 4, 458, 408
Three or under Three and one-half	. 1	3 1 3	830	51, 595	99, 336	Miscellaneous, total 2		143	2, 189	2, 089, 728	7, 748, 648
Four Four and one-half Five Five and one-half Six	1 1	1 28 153 145	862 5, 692 3, 936	99, 355 766, 348 7, 038, 297 4, 440, 969	210, 693 1, 744, 170 14, 607, 439 13, 072, 948	Four Five Five and one-half Six Seven	- 3 15 88	1 3 16 117 6	86 219 1, 749 135	56, 864 196, 129 1, 694, 344 142, 391	169, 934 522, 357 6, 601, 621 454, 736
Slate, total 2		110	4,011	4, 803, 834	10, 325, 664				1		
Not reported Five Five and one-half Six	61	12 7 71 20	91 435 2, 796 689	94, 676 501, 046 3, 221, 987 986, 125	168, 072 933, 420 6, 417, 346 2, 806, 820						

¹ The totals differ considerably from those for "Wage earners (average for the year)" given in certain other tables of this report. See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS-Persons Engaged. ³ See headnote. ³ Combined to avoid disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises.

Wage earners employed, by months (Tables 22 and 23).—Table 22 gives the numbers employed below ground in underground operations and those employed in open quarries, with which are included data for surface employees of underground enterprises. The number of wage earners employed underground (3,389) reflects the growth of underground operations when compared with the number (1,511) reported for 1919. This growth has taken place mainly in the limestonequarrying industry.

Although the marble industry reported no wage earners employed below ground in 1919, as contrasted with 509 in 1929, there were a few marble quarries in 1919 which were underground workings. Enterprises in the slate industry reported 131 wage earners employed below ground in 1929, as compared with 731 in 1919. This decrease is accounted for by the fact that in 1919 some slate quarries which reported wage earners below ground were merely deep open pits, but because of the hazards of operating these deep pits the classification of wage earners as employed underground, made by the reporting operators, was accepted. However, the 1929 figures represent only wage earners actually employed below ground at underground quarries.

Table 23 gives the numbers employed, by months, for the several industries, by States, and reflects the activity that prevailed during the year.

TABLE 22.—WAGE EARNERS, BY MONTHS, EMPLOYED ON THE SURFACE AND BELOW GROUND, BY INDUSTRIES: 1929

[This table does not include data for 393 enterprises (which accounted for only 2.6 per cent of the total number of wage earners) whose value of product was less than \$20,000. Such enterprises were permitted to report on an abbreviated schedule, which did not call for information pertaining to surface and below-ground employees. The month of maximum employment is indicated by bold-faced figures and that of minimum employment by *italic* figures]

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Average		3	UMBER E	MPLOYED	ON 15TH I	AY OF MC	NTH OR N	EAREST R	EFRESENT	ATIVE DA	Ŷ		Per
INDUSTRY AND CLASS OF WAGE EARNER	number em- ployed during year	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	mini- mum is of maxi- mum
Stone-quarrying industries,	55, 362	48, 736	44, 698	50, 545	56, 602	60, 778	62, 349	62, 308	62, 728	60, 608	59, 305	54, 317	46, 367	69.7
Surface Below ground	51, 973 3, 389	40, 818 2, 918	41, 719 2, 979	47, 381 3, 164	53, 265 3, 337	57, 042 8, 736	58, 464 3, 885	58, 501 3, 807	58, 843 3, 885	57, 082 3, 526	55, 835 3, 470	51, 159 3, 158	43, 569 2, 798	69. 4 72. 0
Limestone, total	31, 578	23, 926	24, 851	28, 608	82, 357	35, 118	36, 056	36, 202	36, 274	34, 691	33, 973	30, 857	26, 019	66. 0
Surface Below ground	28, 854 2, 724	21, 671 2, 255	22, 544 2, 307	26, 107 2, 501	29, 670 2, 687	32, 083 3, 035	32, 880 3, 176	33, 075 3, 127	83, 101 3, 173	31, 844 2, 847	31, 158 2, 815	28, 309 2, 548	23, 805 2, 214	65. 5 69, 7
Marble, total	3, 308	3, 207	3, 187	3, 224	3, 286	3, 401	3, 379	3, 382	3, 486	3, 458	3, 374	3, 216	8,095	88. 8
Surface Below ground	2, 709 509	2, 083 524	2,659 528	2, 707 517	2, 788 498	2, 861 540	2, 841 538	2, 861 521	2, 937 549	2,941 517	2, <u>884</u> 490	2, 767 449	2, 660 435	90, 4 79, 2
Slate, total	4, 027	4, 124	4, 136	4, 197	4, 027	4, 106	4, 151	3, 977	4, 022	4, 022	3, 974	3, 841	\$,745	89.2
Surface Below ground	3, 896 131	3, 996 128	4, 006 130	4, 066 131	3, 896 131	3, 973 133	4, 008 143	3, 843 134	3, 886 136	3, 891 131	3, 847 127	3, 717 124	8,620 1 2 3	89. 0 86. 0
Other industries 1	16, 449	12, 479	12, 524	14, 516	16, 932	18, 153	18, 763	18, 747	18, 946	18, 437	17, 984	16, 403	13, 510	65. 0
Surface Below ground	16, 424 25	12, 468 11	12, 510 14	14, 501 15	16, 911 21	18, 125 28	18, 735 28	18, 722 25	18, 919 27	18, 406 31	17, 946 38	16, 800 37	13, 484 26	65. 9 28. 9

1 Basalt, granite, sandstone, and stone, miscellaneous.

TABLE 23.-WAGE EARNERS, BY MONTHS, BY INDUSTRIES AND STATES: 1929

[The month of maximum employment is indicated by bold-faced figures and that of minimum employment by italic figures]

	Average		N	UMBER E	MPLOYED	ON 15TH I	DAY OF MC	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			TATIVE DA			Per
INDUSTRY AND STATE	em- ployed during yoar	January	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	mini- mum is of maxi- mum
United States—Stone quarry- ing industries, total	56, 835	45,068	46, 050	51, 987	58, 126	62, 336	63, 934	63, 867	64, 276	62, 110	60, 805	55, 738	47, 720	70. 1
Limestone Granite Basalt Slato Marble Sandstone Miscellaneous	32, 800 10, 037 3, 053 4, 098 3, 350 2, 156 1, 841	24, 507 8, 405 2, 062 4, 195 3, 249 1, 312 1, 338	25, 452 8, 457 2, 127 4, 207 3, 220 1, 292 1, 286	29, 299 9, 407 2, 546 4, 268 3, 206 1, 687 1, 514	33, 130 10, 134 3, 181 4, 098 3, 328 2, 526 1, 729	35, 925 10, 887 3, 457 4, 177 3, 443 2, 577 1, 870	36, 890 11, 078 3, 539 4, 222 3, 421 2, 095 2, 089	37, 010 11, 028 3, 503 4, 048 3, 424 2, 662 2, 192	37, 071 11, 164 3, 545 4, 093 3, 528 2, 601 2, 274	35, 442 10, 780 3, 511 4, 093 3, 500 2, 552 2, 232	34, 722 10, 577 3, 374 4, 045 3, 416 2, 491 2, 180	31, 527 9, 873 3, 161 3, 912 3, 258 2, 078 1, 929	26, 621 8, 654 2, 631 <i>3, 814</i> <i>3, 137</i> 1, 407 1, 456	$\begin{array}{r} 66.1\\ 75.3\\ 58.2\\ 89.4\\ 88.9\\ 47.9\\ 56.6\end{array}$
LIMESTONE Individual States														
A labama. Arizona Arkansas. California. Colorado.	62 120 675	974 62 122 621 213	1, 018 62 129 633 <i>£11</i>	1, 009 62 133 661 212	985 62 124 705 217	968 62 102 746 239	984 62 114 712 242	996 62 114 719 224	- 975 62 161 720 214	929 62 120 705 234	918 62 120 634 216	882 62 91 636 267	844 62 104 612 308	83. 3 56. 5 82. 0 68. 5
Connecticut Florida Georgía Illinois Indiana	405	40 492 271 1,200 1,822	51 481 833 1, 289 1, 999	63 481 341 1, 390 2, 595	65 532 332 1, 716 3, 206	74 510 363 1, 855 3, 490	74 602 338 1, 917 8, 555	64 578 324 1, 915 3, 311	64 553 333 1, 882 8, 458	62 471 336 1, 831 3, 321	59 471 289 1, 741 8, 182	56 578 290 1,648 2,610	51 391 <i>224</i> 1, 338 2, 030	66. 2 62, 8 61, 7 66. 0 51, 3
Iowa Kansas Kentucky. Maine Maryland	700 1,147 114	422 510 755 104 311	899 557 726 93 300	473 605 1, 019 114 346	657 758 1, 310 123 377	709 808 1, 330 181 411	776 779 1, 438 128 423	770 770 1, 447 123 459	796 706 1, 300 124 477	759 726 1, 185 111 480	710 724 1, 251 114 507	590 695 1, 115 102 467	503 613 888 105 354	50, 1 63, 1 50, 2 71, 0 59, 2
Massachusetts Michigan Minnesota Missouri Montana	1, 566 233 2, 350	109 <i>1,052</i> 154 1,775 80	109 1, 110 <i>153</i> 1, 720 59	128 1, 248 217 2, 121 68	$130 \\ 1,577 \\ 238 \\ 2,266 \\ 83$	118 1, 805 274 2, 444 98	115 1, 913 274 2, 637 92	108 1, 919 274 2, 685 74	104 1, 850 273 2, 813 79	109 1, 781 248 2, 743 77	$105 \\ 1,766 \\ 243 \\ 2,656 \\ 84$	104 1, 684 236 2, 383 72	95 1, 076 207 1, 959 60	73, 1 54, 8 55, 8 61, 1 63, 4
New Jersey. New York. Ohio. Oklahouna. Oregon.	1, 998 2, 660	215 868 1,953 471 59	$230 \\ 1,340 \\ 1,961 \\ 448 \\ 66$	247 1, 822 2, 270 505 68	255 2, 128 2, 637 403 71	222 2, 298 2, 884 489 100	246 2, 395 3, 001 485 58	243 2, 429 3, 007 561 53	248 2, 455 3, 126 543 77	238 2, 395 3, 112 528 58	236 2, 276 2, 973 550 86	227 1, 945 2, 658 500 41	196 1, 633 2, 281 513 46	76. 9 35. 4 62. 5 79. 9 41, 0
Pennsylvania Tennessee Texas Utah Vermont	573 1,170 103	5, 082 467 975 66 23	5, 096 520 989 89 22	5, 455 547 1, 075 129 49	5, 974 641 1, 179 124 56	6, 678 677 1, 165 120 53	6, 729 658 1, 228 132 53	6, 817 617 1, 300 163 53	6, 896 614 1, 274 116 48	6, 530 546 1, 198 85 41	6, 583 556 1, 245 70 22	5,882 534 1,253 77 18	4, 907 499 1, 157 60 24	71, 2 69, 0 75, 0 36, 8 32, 1
Virginia. Washington West Virginia Wisconstin. Wyoming	202 1, 319 817	957 103 1, 090 498 180	$1,021 \\ 100 \\ 1,152 \\ 504 \\ 202$	1, 247 198 1, 310 570 181	1, 346 232 1, 203 799 179	1, 407 251 1, 493 982 183	1, 411 212 1, 480 1, 001 185	1, 478 206 1, 485 1, 042 181	1, 402 197 1, 559 965 171	1, 358 266 1, 405 929 <i>159</i>	1, 352 235 1, 318 921 194	1, 162 191 1, 238 896 204	1, 102 173 1, 096 698 198	64.7 37.6 66.5 47.8 77.9
Groups of States La., N. C., and R. I	. 121	129	141	144	158	156	150	94	94 189	94 148	94	94	9.4	59, 5
Nebr. and S. Dak Nev. and N. Mex GRANITE	. 138	72 63	69 63	76 05	136 68	167 68	217 68	210 68	189 68	148 <i>62</i>	132 6\$	118 <i>62</i>	113 62	31.8 91.2
Individual States								· .				1. A. 19	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	
Oalifornia Colorado. Connecticut. Georgia Maine.	$ \begin{array}{r} 77 \\ 217 \\ 1.265 \end{array} $	187 51 108 1,086 379	190 52 137 1, 097 <i>\$10</i>	242 53 169 1, 098 870	248 57 189 1, 157 1, 035	251 86 199 1, 358 1, 053	269 98 239 1, 383 1, 104	256 86 255 1,404 1,069	219 98 268 1, 393 1, 066	208 96 281 1, 361 1, 044	269 92 274 1, 331 988	242 90 277 1, 314 872	242 04 208 1, 200 777	69, 5 52, 0 38, 4 77, 4 28, 1
Maryland. Massachusetts. Minnesota. Missouri. Montana	1, 554 923 31	69 1, 350 857 33 23	71 1, 403 864 <i>29</i> <i>\$1</i>	76 1, 540 881 30 31	120 1, 672 934 31 35	126 1,729 950 32 35	136 1,657 960 32 ,37	131 1, 618 950 31 37	130 1, 718 948 33 41	131 1, 568 953 30 38	128 1, 610 939 32 34	128 1, 589 930 31 31	107 1, 136 912 £9 23	50.7 65.7 89.3 87.9 51.2
New Hampshire Now York North Oarolina Oklaboma	105	201 74 1, 400 42	225 78 1, 814 47	219 79 1, 366 56	816 86 1, 391 55	383 126 1, 511 53	398 136 1, 529 51	417 130 1, 406 48	417 127 1, 480 53	398 119 1, 431 53	345 124 1, 444 53	263 104 1, 282 41	203 82 1 <i>, 202</i> 50	48.2 52.9 78.6 73.2
Pennsylvania Rhode Island South Carolina South Dakota	669 77	<i>181</i> 199 724 68	189 193 719 68	226 210 730 67	267 216 732 68	298 244 710 70	302 251 664 82	312 236 681 80	307 233 657 85	305 263 <i>525</i> 87	290 225 642 89	264 220 631 79	213 <i>188</i> 614 78	58.0 71.5 71.7 75.3
Texas. Vermont. Virginia. Wisconsin	952	54 904 198 145	54 912 192 160	63 921 187 196	68 941 198 205	63 976 222 288	63 983 218 354	63 987 224 459	63 997 217 455	63 1,000 226 452	63 984 212 284	55 950 191 193	866 866 113 204	55, 6 86, 6 50, 0 31, 6
Groups of States	7 81	1 18	1 55	3 66	5 84	6 90	14 92	13 100	18 110	18 91	6 83	1 80	1 78	5.6 43.6
Ariz., Idaho, and Utah Del., D. C., and N. J Oreg. and Wash	31	48 23	88 88	28	29	28	26	35			30	86		53. 7

and a second second

TABLE 23.-WAGE EARNERS, BY MONTHS, BY INDUSTRIES AND STATES: 1929-Continued

[The month of maximum employment is indicated by **bold-faced** figures and that of minimum employment by *italic* figures]

	Average number		N	UMBER E	MPLOYED (ON 15TH D	AY OF MO	NTH OR N	EAREST R	EPRESEN	TATIVE DA	Y	<u></u>	Per cent
INDUSTRY AND STATE	em- ployed during year	January	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	mini- mum is of maxi- mum
BASALT														
Individual States	001	105	104	202	010	505		000				000	(00	
Connecticut	221 420 22	195 320	194 <i>311</i> 5	203 318	$210 \\ 441 \\ 5$	235 483 25	250 480 25	228 491 24	245 496 25	248 483 42	239 463 44	220 405 46	189 352 24	75.6 62.7 10.9
California Connecticut Idaho Maryland Massachusetts	282 366	<i>82</i> 190	106 169	226 232	270 412	293 421	296 443	282 478	278 475	289 467	272 440	248 394	$\begin{array}{c}1\tilde{45}\\267\end{array}$	27.7 35.4
New Jersey	683 83	568 58	580 81	614 68	708 93	726 114	729 118	741 66	738 109	734 114	713	709	653 77	75.6 26.3
New Jersey Oregon Pennsylvania Washington	566 94	408 60	430 58	523 71	562 81	654 65	679 84	641 106	629 131	606 123	616 111	568 127	472 114	00.1 44.3
Groups of States	95	50	50	105	106	100	103	102	92	103	108	110	108	45, 5
Ark, and Tex. Me., N. Y., R. I., and Va Mich. and Minn	184 87	76 55	148 65	113 73	106 210 83	232 109	226 106	285 109	212 115	190 112	206	197 69	164 66	32, 3 47, 8
SLATE								.			}			
Individual States	155	146	156	158	164	159	172	168	171	137	153	128	144	74.4
New York Pennsylvania Vermont Virginia	1, 951 1, 303	1, 936	1, 924 1, 477	1, 971 1, 456	1,984 1,257	1, 977 1, 291	1, 995 1, 301	1, 914 1, 248	1, 933 1, 275	1, 982 1, 299	1,962 1,248	1,946 1,190	1,911 1,139	95.8 77.1
Groups of States	489	477	478	490	510	518	531	492	492	478	470	473	450	86.4
Calif., Me., and N. J Ga. and Md	- 65 135	61 125	61 111	60 133	67 136	66 166	75 148	71 155	68 154	68 129	66 140	57 118	58 103	76.0 62.0
MARBLE								100	104	120	130	110	100	.02.0
Individual States														
Alabama Arkansas Georgia	- 14	364 5 287	361 5 285	361 17 279	854 17 286	355 17 284	361 17 290	358 17 291	365 17 294	369 17 293	848 17	353 17 278	353 5 281	94.3 20.4 94.6
Georgia Massachusetts	T.	51	285 55	59	66	76	74	75	76	79	283 79	66	55	64.6
Missouri New York Tennessee	299 105 1,377	858 108 1,283	305 90 1, 311	305 96 1,327	306 106 1,368	810 130 1,389	302 116 1, 373	816 123 1,369	313 128 1, 421	298 125 1, 434	285 90 1,471	263 84 1,406	238 65 1, 377	67.4 50.0 87.2
Vermont	- 658	656	678	672	066	685	675	661	702	674	643	595	585	83. 3
Groups of States Ariz., Colo., Mont., and Utah Calif., Oreg., and Wash Conn., Md., Mich., Minn., N. J.,	- 42	17	17	17	18 36	52	62	59	56	. 53	51	54	45	27.4
Conn., Md., Mich., Minn., N. J., and N. C.	- 35	<i>32</i> 03	52 92	<i>32</i> 101	36 105	36 109	36 115	36 119	87 119	121	87 112	87 105	<i>32</i> 101	80.5 70.0
SANDSTONE					100	200	110	110	110	121	114	105	101	20.0
Individual States	104	1.05	1.07											
California Colorado New York Ohio	164 12 276	167 15 187	167 9 147	158 13 201	157 13 338	181 13 360	202 11 877	165 11 351	160 11 335	153 11 326	9	160 9 243	130 15 195	64.4 60.0 36.3
Ohio Pennsylvania		842	328	413	683	490	515	531	443	436	442	421	\$16	46.3
Virginia Wisconsin	- 58 - 46	304 £8 <i>\$9</i>	276 28 39	379 29 39	624 45 48	739 81 48	799 72 49	787 77 49	772 81 49	800 87 49	769 86 48	554 47 48	339 34 48	34.5 32.2 79.6
Wisconsin	. 40	5	16	20	43	47	58	43	78	51	61	32	27	6,4
Ala., Ky., and Tenn Ariz., Idaho, N. Mex., and Wyo	35	2 44	2 49	32	28	26	82	23	70	62	61	44	44	2.9
Conn., Mass., N. J., and W. Va.	- 127	62 43 124	69 54 128	104 93 53	116 137 50	113 164 54	111 154 56		115 154 79	144	143	89 143 54	40 114 42	32.8 37.8 41.5
Oreg. and Wash	208	124	128	153	244	261	259	82 281	254	254	236	234	63	22.4
Individual States													а 1914 — П	
California Illinois	491 37	497 38	493 40	490 41	457 44	450 44	507 42	506 42	508 50	497	527 27	515 24	44 3 21	84.1 42.0
Illinois Indiana Kansas		<i>87</i> 33	45 33	65 21	138 21	145 81	164 31	182 36	187	189	156	113	125 42	19.6 32.8
Kentucky Maryland Massachusetts	63 81	33 16	\$8 16	63 87	74 33	77	77	74 32	74	77	77 33	68 33	<i>33</i> 35	42.9 43.2
Missouri	. 267	18 173	16 14 146	88 227	84 272	122 285	130 295	131 316	186 358	128 342	114 829	90 276	52 187	43.2 10.3 41.4
New York	96 21	23 17	23 17	<i>25</i> 25	33 25	66 25	164 26	172 25	173 25	161		100 17	62 17	13.3 68.0
Pennsylvania Washington	- 168 - 42	145	135	145 33	171 33	183 30	178	184	183	181	187	172	158	72.2
Groups of States Ala., Fla., N. C., Tenn., Va., and	1. ·			di e										
Ariz., Mont., Nev., N. Mex., and	97	72	72	76	77	77	102	1 .			127	122		56.7
Oreg Ark., Okla., and Tex Iowa, Mich., Minn., and Wis	110 117 24	72 133 11	73 114 11	82 124 11	111 118 15 23	138 126 15	136 115 38	117	105	103	115	123 125	<i>89</i> 112	25.7
Iowa, Mich., Minn., and Wis Me., N. H., N. J., and R. I.	18	13	13	13	23	28	38 23	38 23	39 23	89 28	33 20	26 13	11 18	28.2 56.5

GENERAL TABLES

Tables 24 and 25 present in detail, for 1929, statistics | separate figures can be given without disclosing, relating to the stone-quarrying industries for the exactly or approximately, the data reported by indi-United States as a whole and for each State for which | vidual enterprises.

TABLE 24 .-- CONSUMPTION OF FUEL AND ELECTRIC ENERGY, BY INDUSTRIES AND STATES: 1929

[This table does not include data for 393 enterprises whose value of product was less than \$20,000. Such enterprises were permitted to report on an abbreviated schedule, which did not call for information pertaining to fuel and electric energy consumed. The combined value of products represented by these enterprises was \$3,199,977, or 1.6 per cent of the total]

		······································	FUI	L AND ELECT	RIC ENERGY CO	NSUMED	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
			F	uel			Electric	energy
INDUSTRY AND STATE		Doal						Generated by
	Anthracite, tons (2,240 pounds)	Bituminous, tons (2,000 pounds)	Coke, tons (2,000 pounds)	Fuel oils, gallons	Gasoline and kerosene, gallons	Natural gas, M cubic feet	Purchased, kilowatt-hours	enterprises re- porting, kilo- watt-hours
United States-Stone-quarrying industries, total	54, 303	1, 064, 282	5, 064	11, 035, 697	5, 508, 299	202, 428	451, 231, 298	38, 790, 48
Limestone		805, 238	4, 574	6, 178, 983 1, 448, 618	3, 616, 524 680, 081	117, 742	294, 930, 770	37, 056, 61
Granite Basalt	1, 098	79, 454 53, 934	245 702	1, 448, 018 526, 507 91, 204	554,638	14, 056	294, 930, 770 56, 884, 103 30, 746, 089 18, 797, 538	943, 20 672, 04
Slate Marble	284	34, 360 19, 765 30, 060	143	27, 684 971, 974	26, 730 40, 298 155, 057	3, 430	21.726.805	10 118, 52
Sandstone Miscellancous		11,465		1, 790, 727	434, 971	67, 200	11, 858, 041 16, 287, 892	
LIMESTONE				-				
Individual States		25, 137	1	19, 133	31, 403		8, 716, 122	184, 65
rizona		500 220		1, 500	7,500		11,450	
rkansas alifornia olorado		145		3, 360, 587 15	86,084		6, 222, 918 529, 537	1, 060, 00
onnecticut		65			10 537		521, 464	
lorida eorgia		1 12.025			117, 767 23, 401		3, 493, 562 1, 803, 504	1, 891, 29
linois	1, 375	54,759 60,409		44, 640 35, 989	06,399		23, 898, 023	1, 395, 84
)Wa		20, 592		$100 \\ 103, 350$	106, 663		4, 847, 233 4, 048, 452	236, 6
ansas ontucky		24,701		17,350	145, 393 95, 700		2, 569, 080 686, 372	50, 70 74, 50
faine faryland		5, 145	61	28, 750	18, 940		1, 974, 867	
fassachusetts				204, 335 34, 000	15, 189 91, 378		861, 792 9, 629, 190	25, 573, 9
linnesota		4,086	3 10	670 126, 888	32, 580 135, 510		1, 946, 609 14, 580, 055	18, 0
Iontana		1,679					135, 302 559, 623	1, 869, 80
lew Jersey			720	$182,744 \\ 16,517$	519, 224	12, 300	30, 020, 085	3, 265, 5
hio Iklahoma	85	8,600		185,694	39.400		37, 783, 827 5, 842, 455	1
)rogon	1	1 00		21, 546 61, 782	3,000 803,569	6, 182	455, 820 b3, 731, 644	314 8
lennsylvania		- 7, 628		2, 027 1, 084, 631	29,879 162,296		6, 224, 843 6, 321, 291 386, 216	
Jtah		1,758	8		2, 325	99, 200	386, 216 84, 917	
Vermont Virginia		18,031	2, 924	17, 458	37, 893		8 301 063	897.3
Vashington		13,893	1	7, 602	20, 287 30, 285		2, 226, 814 16, 002, 272	
Visconsin Vyoming		-1 8,177		101, 559 5, 500	193, 541 31, 218		9, 154, 469 13, 429	
Groups of States							Sec. 222	
ouisiana and North Carolina Vebraska, Nevada, and South Dakota		- 5,003 - 141		338, 112	5, 640		1, 470. 209	. 100, 0
GRANITE		1						
Individual States		218		912, 008	33, 353		2, 967, 197	
Dolorado Donnecticut				10	10,260		. 593,309	
Jeorgia	. 2	10, 856 3, 800		100,866	23, 805 4, 936		2, 726, 791 2, 112, 872	70,0
faryland		1,003		60	1, 122 61, 066		360, 430 5, 653, 426	
Massachusetts Minnesota	- 6	4,556		73, 761 11, 355	302		8, 037, 946 185, 506	
Missouri Montana		- 2		40			227,671	
New Hampshire		3, 598 284	40	4,062	6, 328 - 86, 370		1,357,890	
Vew York Vorth Carolina Dklahoma		12, 841		65, 326 6, 000	(245,080		7, 718, 244	673, 1
Pennsylvania	3	1, 795		12,000	35, 176		993, 344	
Rhode Island	1,203	8,400 3,714	150	963	60,160	1 56	1,482,424 8,635,863 269,020	
South Dakota		- 42	3	54,000	. 150 6,815		83, 850	
Texas Vermont	10	11,209 2,161)	113,778	18,637		7, 304, 763	
Virginia Wisconsin		1,40	3				1, 828, 722	
Groups of States		65			300		42,603	
Idaho and Utah Del., D. C., Mich., and N. J Oreg. and Wash		1,014		500 60, 100	11,88		788,912	200,

¹ Manufactured.

127185 - 33 - 24

TABLE 24.-CONSUMPTION OF FUEL AND ELECTRIC ENERGY, BY INDUSTRIES AND STATES: 1929-Continued

				SL AND ELECT	MC BREAGI O			
			P	Jel	:		Electric	energy
INDUSTRY AND STATE	0	001	Coke, tons (2,000	Fuel oils.	Gasoline and	Natural gas,	Purchased,	Generated by enterprises re
	Anthracite, tons (2,240 pounds)	Bituminous, tons (2,000 pounds)	(2,000 pounds)	gallons	kerosene, gallons	M cubic feet	kilowatt-hours	porting, kilo watt-hours
BASALT Individual States								
alliannia		13, 396		105, 930 47, 974	64, 314 55, 837		3, 404, 820 4, 769, 077	
anotha Jaho Layland Lassachusetts		2,465		19,662	10,776		191,692	
Iassachusetts		2, 465 2, 825		39, 682	85, 580		3, 401, 466	
ow Jersey	1	13,043		3,500 72,802	160, 047 4, 020		6, 638, 292 489, 690	
Vashington		18,528 1,260	702	155,445 76,412				
Chevena of States	1 A 1 A 1 A 1 A 1 A 1 A 1 A 1 A 1 A 1 A				,			
rk, and Tex		1,266		4,010	46, 936		449, 900 3, 918, 900	
lich, and Minn		765			3,461		2, 632, 398	
SLATE		1. A.						
Individual States	114	755		2-111	3,000		2, 139, 821	
ennsylvania ermont	2, 214 126	23, 537 2, 587 4, 079		7,000	14,369		1) 5,648,987	
firginia		4,079		84,204			595, 652	672,
Groups of States								
Calif., Me., and N. J Ia. and Md		- 70 3,338			8,800		891, 387 1, 728, 144	
MARBLE								
labamalabama		1,030		1,970			4, 583, 802	
rkansas		1		8,000			186,086	
leorgia Aassachusetts				10, 872			550, 491	
Aissouri Jew York		7,543		2, 120 650			1, 210, 621	
Cennessco		- 29,724		2,457 1,500	1,084		5, 315, 155	
Groups of States	101	400	40	1,000	500		5, 827, 362	
	90	200			500			
Jolo., Mont., and Utah Jalif. and Wash Jonn., Md., Mich., Minn., and N. J	3		103		4,438		270, 900	
SANDSTONE	a		- 103	115	22, 956		. 693, 668	
Individual States							-	
Jalifornia				361, 400	18, 550		2, 628, 271 11, 148	
Vew York	110	4, 537 13, 763		21, 700 9, 734	29, 764 1, 818		. 748, 145 1, 308, 164	
ennsylvania		6, 683		6, 200			1	
outh Dakota /irginia		- 400			- 625		2, 890, 365 360, 649	
Visconsin		103		30	400		2, 148, 028 107, 258	
Groups of States					1			Ì
Iriz., N. Mex., and Wyo	500	- 2, 793 200			1,200		215,000	
Ark., Kans., and Minn Donn., Ky., Mass., N. J., and W. Va Dreg. and Wash	9	1,157			. 29, 731	3, 430	841, 657 192, 056 317, 307	
		- 416		572, 910	9, 923		317, 307	
MISCELLANEOUS Individual States				1				
Dalifornia		1,936		1, 650, 831 20, 000	183, 807 1, 510	8, 100	9, 556, 255	
ndiana Kansas		- 437			- 25, 305		357, 080	
Kentucky	1	665			- 998			
Maryland Massachusetts		- 47			- 4,000		100,000	
Missourl		- 678 847		8,906 27,550	50,153 27,032		- 753, 548 833, 208	
Jew York	::: :: 	. 310		8, 100			1, 937, 890	
Dhio		- 400 - 1,167		740			92, 198 831, 089	
Washington	•••			31, 200	16,000		- 60, 140	
Groups of States							· . · · · ·	
Ariz., Nev., N. Mex., and Oreg Ark., Okla., and Tex Wich. and Wis Y. H., N. J., and R. I	10			33,400 6,000	15, 836 22, 640	59,100	- 190, 913 1, 178, 331	
Mich. and Wis N. H., N. J., and R. I	10	1,000		4, 000			45, 545	
Fenn., Va., and W. Va		1 750			- 16,640		351, 695	

ار از این این به می میشود. از از محمد این محمد محمد این محمد

TABLE 25.-DETAILED STATISTICS FOR THE STONE-QUARRYING INDUSTRIES, BY STATES: 1929

			PER	SONS EN	GAGED I	N INDUS	rry		PRINCIPA	L EXPENSE	S OF OPER	TION ANI	D DEVELOPM	lent	
	Num-	Num-		Pro-	Princi-	Other			Sal	aries and w	ages		Cost of s purchas	supplies, fu ed electric	energy
INDUSTRY AND STATE	ber of enter- prises ¹	ber of quar-	Total (all classes)	prie- tors and firm mem- bers	pal sal- aried officers of cor- pora- tions ⁸	sala- ried of- ficers and em- ploy- ces ³	Wage earners (aver- age for the year)	Total	Principal offi- cers of corpora- tions ⁹	Other salaried officers and em- ployees ²	Wage carners	Con- tract work	Supplies	Fuel	Pur- chased electric energy
United States—Stone- quarrying industries, total	2, 249	2, 458	62, 966	1, 105	999	8, 967	56, 835	\$126, 847, 273	\$4, 631, 214	\$8, 439, 350	\$69, 533, 903	\$634, 404	\$30, 384, 379	\$5, 358, 458	\$7, 865, 565
Limestone Granite Basat Slate Marble Sandstone Miscellaneous	1, 167 406 137 120 70 145 204	144 130 88	3, 489 4, 450 3, 594 2, 466	497 279 51 86 7 84 161	86 83 44	2, 314 646 249 183 103 175 207	$\begin{array}{r} 32,300\\ 10,037\\ 3,053\\ 4,098\\ 3,350\\ 2,156\\ 1,841 \end{array}$	75, 933, 430, 20, 647, 446 8, 680, 650 6, 917, 871 4, 988, 260 4, 581, 214 5, 098, 402	200 685	410, 919 393, 384 331, 934	4, 498, 093 4, 884, 038 3, 291, 541 2, 626, 437	26, 574	$\begin{array}{c} 3,618,511\\ 2,201,847\\ 662,441\\ 553,619\\ 983,204 \end{array}$	652, 642 388, 232 192, 247 156, 839 173, 252	1, 109, 351 651, 404 441, 967 387, 793 222, 803
LIMESTONE Individual States															
A labama A rizona Arkansas California Colorado	21 4 6 23 14	23 4 6 24 14	72 131 703	2 4 2 11	5	03 8 11 21 13	957 62 120 675 233	1, 553, 275 95, 267 118, 176 1, 529, 070 385, 639	8, 000 10, 025	113, 116 7, 400 16, 020 53, 161 20, 134	841, 985 64, 800 77, 071 921, 309 288, 519	10,660	407, 250 19, 110 13, 538 409, 508 62, 196	3, 857 7, 310 68, 125	110, 859 800 4, 237 56, 282 5, 597
Connecticut Florida Georgia Illinois Indiana	4 37 10 58 91	4 37 11 55 116	346 1,891	1 14 14 53	8 49	3 68 23 179 347	61 495 315 1, 049 2, 881	105, 539 1, 106, 614 471, 017 4, 398, 171 6, 658, 420	8, 700 104, 590 32, 900 417, 325 285, 084	42,104 362,225	73, 595 419, 708 239, 321 2, 105, 707 4, 032, 335		9, 535 272, 646 108, 436 928, 207 894, 104	65, 180 28, 408 236, 896	-10, 572 89, 020 19, 758 342, 533 471, 263
Iowa Kansas Kentucky Maine Maryland	25 31 57 4 20	26 33 58 4 23	123		8 15 3	48 35 80 6 25	1,147	1, 403, 700 1, 393, 783 1, 590, 486 291, 578 759, 583	40,100	120, 800 13, 840 34, 517	180, 476 411, 937	18, 587 8, 160 170	359, 203 371, 028 364, 549 61, 010 203, 133	59, 741 78, 043 728	41, 669
Massachusetts Michigan Minnesota Missouri Montana		7 16 10 79 8	268 2, 520	2 5 18	7	7 124 23 121 4	111 1, 566 233 2, 350 76	244, 430 7, 970, 186 569, 134 4, 070, 344 202, 972	11,500 114,278 42,542 111,760	10, 464 803, 783 48, 557 218, 879 5, 555	157, 204 2, 308, 116 319, 087 2, 433, 447 123, 740		29, 422 4, 397, 526 91, 363 936, 992 60, 757	27, 332	19,435116,50045,253251,3403,989
New Jersey New York Ohio Oklahoma Oregon	5 69 110 18 4	6 73 114 21 4	550	11 48 3	8 40 34 6 1	19 129 200 34 1	234 1, 998 2, 660 507 65	838, 643 6, 472, 926 6, 913, 868 1, 129, 475 166, 527	20, 625 251, 671 165, 359 31, 683 3, 000	285, 945 464, 899 69, 145	3, 406, 676 521, 934	26, 181 7, 116 42, 016 3, 000 9, 501	245, 514 2, 025, 896 1, 708, 371 340, 486 29, 018	332, 562 464, 980 47, 353	$\begin{array}{r} 22,429\\ 458,328\\ 660,967\\ 115,874\\ 7,310\end{array}$
Pennsylvania Tennessee Texas Utah Vermont	201 29 36 8 4	213 32 41 8 4	625 1, 274	120 16 13 1	6 15	812 30 76 11 4	6, 048 573 1, 170 103 39	$\begin{array}{c} 13,978,304\\ 1,000,549\\ 2,206,127\\ 222,181\\ 66,800 \end{array}$	227, 457 20, 000 60, 488 11, 150	60, 278 142, 777	562,313	5, 862	258, 417 620, 611 53, 469 9, 877	26, 577 143, 077 11, 370	104,802 10,544
Virginia Washington West Virginia Wisconsin Wyoming	63 14 19 53 7	64 15 19 58 8	223 1,397 950	28 1 2 19 7	3	78 17 73 78 11	${ \begin{smallmatrix} 1,\ 270\\ 202\\ 1,\ 319\\ 817\\ 185 $	441, 391 2, 394, 149	4, 580	26, 160 172, 685	244, 374 1, 465, 548 1, 168, 088	3, 978	$ 131, 568 \\ 517, 366 \\ 486, 217 $	9, 594 52, 926 83, 170	181.038
Groups of States La., 1 enterprise; N. C.,		1								1	:				
3; R. I., I Nebr., 5 enterprises; S. Dak., 3 Nev., 2 enterprises; N. Mex., 1	5 8 3	. 10	162	3	4	8 19 1	121 138 65	338, 904	-33, 900	1	181, 943		34, 287 67, 100 13, 475	3, 096	20, 182
GRANITE Individual States			- I								÷.,			40.42 2	
California Colorado Connecticut Georgia Maine	4	27 4 12 30 30	281 90 247 1, 371 947	22	3 2 20	20 10 15 64 36	235 77 217 1, 265 881	828, 232 203, 320 475, 677 1, 581, 472 1, 459, 763	7,600	1 20.038	351,759	48 7, 521	284, 757 30, 193 41, 311 225, 776 52, 689	14,061	20, 402 61, 253 45, 114
Maryland Massachusetts Minnesota Missouri Montana	25 4 5	39 37	127 1, 734 1, 019 41 44	1	24 4	7 117 60 5 6	113 1, <i>554</i> 923 31 32	62,490	6, 860	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	47,400	(522, 639 3, 106 7, 054	31, 073 10 2, 291	153,663
New Hampshire New York North Carolina Oklaboma	.) 07	13	121	15 6 65 11	1 23	19 9 70 2	105	2, 443, 522	108, 11	5 39, 859 20, 157 2 128, 787 2 2, 020	455, 58 183, 52 1, 298, 39 65, 77	530 57 7	61, 914 91, 418 682, 942 20, 654	26, 156 5 17, 371 2 101, 288 4 4, 920	14,610 123,996

1 See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—The Enterprise.
 2 See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—Milling and Manufacturing.
 3 Not including data for salaried officers and employees of "Central Administrative" offices. (See Table 18.)
 4 Not including data for salaried officers and employees of a abnormally large amount for this item, which probably represents the inclusion of a considerable amount for capital and other expenditures not called for by this inquiry.

TABLE 25 .- DETAILED STATISTICS FOR THE STONE-QUARRYING INDUSTRIES, BY STATES: 1929-Continued

	Ex-			1	PRIME MO	VERS A	ND EL	ectric	MOTOR	S DRIV	EN BY	PURCH	ASED E	NERGY		Ele	ctrio		-
	pendi- tures for de- velop- ment	N.	Machin- ery and other equip-					Pri	ne mov	ers				mo	etric tors	mo drive ene gene	tors en by ergy rated		etric rators
INDUSTRY AND STATE	(in- cluded in "Prin- cipal ex- penses,"	Value of products	ment pur- chased during the year (total	Aggre- gate horse- power	Total horse- power of		am ines		eam bines	comb	ornal- oustion gines	and-	wheels water bines	drive pure	en by hased rgy	pri	nter- ses rting		
	thou- sands)		cost)		prime movers		Horse- power	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Horse- power		Horse- power		Horse- power		Horse- power	Num ber	Kilo- watts
United States—Stone- quarrying industries, total	\$3, 618	\$195, 995, 124	\$8, 228, 025	829, 041	4283, 570	2, 455	169, 639	74	54, 547	1, 242	57, 423	19	1, 961	14, 902	545, 471	685	23, 652	78	\$ 18, 698
Limestone Granite Basalt Slate Marble Sandstone Miscellaneous	1,003 231 134 298	30, 381, 373 15, 543, 687 10, 486, 300	655, 900 990, 467 206, 983 192, 776 130, 239	108, 217 63, 881 33, 817 30, 198 28, 935	4 18, 775 4 7, 941	1, 316 509 143 158 71 128 130	11, 407 7, 289 3, 365	1 22 3	1, 245	723 165 152 6 21 89 86	7, 308 331 1, 038 2, 236	6 2 1 1	60 56	2,025 898 1,155 898 517	337, 230 76, 073 45, 106 25, 876 24, 185 17, 565 19, 436	8 3 6 12		10	1 100 2 45
LIMESTONE Individual States																			-
Alabama. Arizona. Arkansas. California. Colorado.	4	133, 640 184, 574 1, 976, 716	16, 431 4, 282 53, 334 15, 795 70, 365	11, 436 697 1, 385 10, 329 1, 526	4, 635 685 550 3, 215 591	31 12 3 6 5	445 390 680			11 1 4 27 10	240 160 2, 530			158 2 27 154 34	12 835 7,114	10	170 240		1 235 2 180
Connecticut. Florida Georgia Illinois Indiana	180	647, 113 7, 830, 131	350 53; 366 19, 673 288, 581 179, 780	11 074	24, 726	50 7 101 105	690 10, 571			34	2, 20 15 2, 00		80 250		1,630 25,702				8 972 8 972
Iowa Kansas Kontucky Maino Maryland	55 10 27	2, 108, 325 2, 336, 085 423, 571	900,143	9, 282 9, 127 2, 130	5,685	34 49 65 19	3, 194 4, 354	j	250	28 28 29				154 108 91 61 114	5,008 3,442 2,130		222 30 200		8 150 1 20 1 170
Massachusetts Michigan Minnesota Missouri Montana		815,027	1,002,187 4,112 178,530	2,959 17,873	886 4, 221	57 15 38 4	470 2, 187	1	150 15, 300 120	15	2 46 29	3	30	62 233 98 380 24	12, 562 2, 073 13, 652	<u>3</u>	14, 720		
New Jersey New York Ohio Oklahoma Oregon	- 14 - 15 - 5	12,091,058	685 274	42,632 57,726	10,989 24,563 1,087	2 124 165 14 1	16,831		3 54 2 4, 330	3' 6 1	3,40 36	1]	20) 743 907 109 109	3 31, 643 7 33, 163 9 5, 940	53	350 1, 691 225		1 328 6 1, 183 4 308
Pennsylvania Tennessee Texas Utah Vermont	343 20 58	1, 786, 479	2 59,949 2 250,160 1 100	6,852 13,650	1, 475 4, 856 615	172 22 55 0	1, 150		8 10, 100 4 930	. 11	1 32 2 1,06		3 13	110	3 5,377 7 8,794	7 	306 40		6 318 2 97
Virginia Washington West Virginia Wisconsin Wyoming	. 19	2 802,70 3,507,60 3,406,69	l 81,062 3 102,272 2 239,046	3,094 15,550 18,214	694 3, 386 2, 928	41	234 3,26 1,020	1 		. 4	$ \begin{array}{ccc} 2 & 46 \\ 6 & 12 \\ 4 & 1,90 \\ \end{array} $	0	500	227 41 28 40	$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 2,400 \\ 5 & 12,160 \\ 1 & 15,280 \\ \end{bmatrix}$) 1 3 	394	 	2 50
Groups of States La., 1 enterprise; N. C., 3; R. I., 1 Nebr., 5 enterprises; S. Dak., 3 Nev., 2 enterprises; N. Mex., 1	-	1 310, 813 460, 91 108, 54/	7 28, 841	11	278	3	3 91	3			9 59 6 18			- 4'	1	8	3 10)	1 15
GRANITE Individual States													 .					: .	
California. Colorado Connecticut Georgia Maine	- 31 - 8 - 61 - 21	270, 070 576, 899 2, 201, 313	N 28 235	696 1,374 7,497	1,060 2,818	ll 36	2 2 1,000 1,50	5 7 	1 27	1		5		10 2 2 8	4 54 2 31 5 4,67	6 4	16	- ·	1 60 1 2 200
Maryland Massachusetts Minnesota Missouri Montana	- 80		·	5 14, 553 6, 614 876	78 6,013 1,032 16	129 129 13	5, 18 42	2		2	4 4 3 78 4 14 3 6	ð 	3 33	19 5 43 - 11 - 11	7 83 0 8,54 1 5,58		5 15		1 20
New Hampshire New York North Carolina Oklahoma	28		1 58,454 750	3, 159 2, 826 11, 557 416	1,260	04	56	5			$ \begin{array}{cccc} 2 & 2 \\ 5 & 69 \\ 8 & 1,06 \\ 6 & 15 \\ 6 & 15 \\ \hline 7 7 7 7 7 $	ō	2 6		4 1,56	6 2 2	8 91	0	7 62

⁴ Includes 14,619 horsepower reported for inactive prime movers in industries as follows: Limestone, 12,273; granite, 2,081; basalt, 20; slate, 125; sandstone, 45; stone miscellaneous, 75. ⁸ Includes 4,896 kilowatts reported for inactive generators in industries as follows: Limestone, 4,786; granite, 20.

TABLE 25 .-- DETAILED STATISTICS FOR THE STONE-QUARRYING INDUSTRIES, BY STATES: 1929-Continued

			PER	SONS EN	GAGED II	N INDUST	RY		PRINCIPAL	L EXPENSES	OF OPERA	TION AND) DEVELOPM	ent	
	27	27		Dro	Princi-	Other			Sala	aries and wa	lges		Oost of s purchase	applies, fu d electric (el, aud onergy
INDUSTRY AND STATE	Num- ber of enter- prises	Num- ber of quar- ries	Total (all classes)	Pro- prio- tors and firm mem- bers	pal sal- aried officers of cor- pora- tions	sala- ried of- ficers and em- ploy- ees	Wage earners (aver- age for the year)	Total	Princi- pal offi- cers of corpora- tions	Other salaried officers and em- ployees	Wage earners	Con- tract work	Supplies	Fuel	Pur- chased electric energy
)										
GRANITE—continued individual States—Con.							t					:			
Pennsylvania Rhode Island Jouth Carolina Jouth Dakota	24 9 17 7	25 9 17 7	318 258 738 90	21 8 7 3	8 8 18 4	26 19 44 6	263 223 669 77	\$824,007 605,577 1,097,399 181,881	\$31, 715 32, 230 78, 727 13, 350	\$46, 628 34, 304 103, 053 7, 150	\$324, 930 341, 215 509, 375 122, 004	\$10, 162 1, 000 2, 358	\$171, 332 131, 744 225, 971 28, 205	\$11, 695 29, 410 41, 080 651	\$27, <i>546</i> 35, 665 136, 837 10, 521
Texas Termont Virginia Visconsin		6 25 5 18	69 1,048 215 308	6 6 3	8 23 4 5	3 67 11 17	57 952 200 283	92, 067 2, 340, 004 427, 060 569, 996	6, 300 226, 982 11, 490 13, 111	$\begin{array}{r} 3,000 \\ 199,507 \\ 24,283 \\ 32,982 \end{array}$	60, 966 1, 393, 739 210, 650 391, 812	4, 836	$\begin{array}{r} 15,134\\279,604\\129,654\\87,556\end{array}$	3,695 94,105 9,657 7,600	2, 972 146, 007 36, 490 36, 985
Groups of States		ļ		ļ											
Ariz., 1 enterprise; Ida- ho, 2; Utah, 2; Wyo.,	6	8	21	12		2	7	17, 000		3, 400	7, 525		4, 557	304	1, 274
Del., 2 enterprises; D. O., 1; Mich., 1; N. J., 1 Oreg., 2 enterprises; Wash., 3	5	6	91 36		2	8	81 31	201, 270 75, 360	3, 640 4, 820	17, 870 6, 300	111, 651 50, 061	7,109	35, 285 8, 036	6, 027 2, 224	19, 68 3, 91
BASALT								-]
Individual States California Connecticut dato Maryland Massachusetts	- 16 - 19 - 5	5	250 483 28 251	4247	10 16	21 45 2 11	221 420 22 232	713, 445 1, 211, 114 60, 486 428, 023	45, 922 87, 989 2, 208	30, 167 99, 086 2, 850 17, 843	319, 093 722, 983 33, 776 245, 106	2, 099 450 2, 600	118,333 16,208 128,617	13, 474 86, 742 3, 806 9, 444	43, 97 95, 55 1, 24 24, 74 91, 87
Maryland Massachusetts	- 14		394	4	10	14	366	1, 207, 318	44, 540	31,002	245, 106 618, 783 1, 104, 636	13, 862	372, 994	34, 259 77, 602	91, 8
New Jersey Dregon Pennsylvania Washington	- 26 - 10 - 20 - 8	10	628	7 3 14 6	32 2 10 2	72 15 38 9	683 83 566 94	2, 181, 004 212, 908 1, 374, 368 206, 668	144,720 3,600 33,950 12,400	20,647	1, 101, 030 108, 359 716, 609 115, 226	0, 582 6, 358	- 518, 694 55, 243 364, 289 - 38, 887	77, 602 12, 100 107, 364 23, 184	8, 4 68, 6 6
Groups of States					1	1						{	01 500	0.071	14, 9
Tex., 2 enterprises; Tex., 1 Mc., 1 enterprise;	- 3	3	103		•]	8	95	153, 571		_ 16,656				6, 271	
N. Y., 2; R. I., 1; Va, 1 Mich., 2 enterprises; Minn., 2	5	-				1 1	184 87	678, 424 253, 321	3, 440 0, 600		321, 652 109, 144		_ 243, 390 _ 64, 501	9, 385	91, 1 42, 1
SLATE Individual States				Ì	-										
New York Pennsylvania Vermont Virginia] 58	15 33 67 1 7	177 2,074 1,461 516	12 3 66	48	8 74 71 16	155 1,951 1,303 489	351, 342 3, 227, 104 2, 205, 954 629, 793	1,500 155,452 57,910 82,100	166,462	227,370 2,352,559 1,701,192 360,029	18,712	101,747	6, 489 120, 471 20, 323 26, 559	188, 1
Groups of States Calif., 2 enterprises													F0 .000	472	15,7
Mai, 2 chiefpines Mai, 2; N. J., 1 Ga., I eutorprise; Md. 2 MARBLE			11	5	- 3	- 3	65 135	178, 151 265, 467	2, 72;	7, 100 3 26, 037	104, 539 138, 343		17 000	17, 033	1 1
Individual States			1	∦ }	·								107 (00	4.140	817 6
A labama Arkansas Georgia Massachusetts	- l 8	5 . 8	5 293]	. 1	- 3	14 286	812, 808 140, 879	1,20 5,00	3, 370 0 13, 408 0 20, 443	12, 30 234, 62 83, 46		107, 492 3, 350 19, 910 15, 980	25, 507 2, 541	- 8, 18, 13,
Missouri New York Tennessee Vermont	- 1		129 1.434	1	2	24 7 15 7 50	105	503, 894 252, 781 1, 520, 600 1, 146, 104	18, 00 9, 92 48, 50 20, 00	5 38,037 0 75,914	335,90 141,19 1,093,58 785,57		147,858	1 80 0AS	24, 1 84,
Groups of States			1		- -				∦ }	ļ					
Ariz, 1 enterprise Colo., 2; Mont., 1 Utah, 1 Calif., 4 enterprises Oreg., 1; Wash., 1	5-1 ¹ 1	5 E	-)) - () - ()	- N	2 5	3 2 1	1 .		- N .	5, 65/ 30 3, 00/			12, 168 9, 934	1)
Conn., 4 enterprises Oreg., 1; Wash., L. Conn., 2 enterprises Md., 1; Mich., 1 Minn., 1; N. J., 1 N. C., 1		7 8	130			3 14	108	257, 71	2 9, 57	29, 94	0 165,88	2	27, 53	9 3,61	5 21,

TABLE 25 .- DETAILED STATISTICS FOR THE STONE-QUARRYING INDUSTRIES, BY STATES: 1929-Continued

	Ex-		· · · · ·	I	RIME MO	VERS A	ND EL	ECTRIC	MOTOR	S DRIV	'EN BY	PURCH	ASED E	NERGY		 			
	pendi- tures for de- velop-	• • •	Machin- ery and other equip-					Prin	ne mov	ers	·				ctrio	driv on	ectric otors en by ergy ergy		ctric rators
INDUSTRY AND STATE	ment (in- cluded in "Prin-	Value of products	ment pur- chased during the year	Aggre- gato horse- power	Total horse-		am ines	Sta tur	eam bines	comb	ernal- oustion gines	and	wheels water bines	drive purc	tors en by hased orgy	by e	enter- rises orting	BOILD	
	cipal ex- penses," thou- sands)		(total cost)	Figures.	of prime movers		Horse- power		Horse- power		Horse- power		Horse- power		Horse- power	Num- ber	Horse- power		Kilo- watts
GRANITE-continued																	-		
Individual States—Con.	1		A44 505	0.050	1 001	23		.	10		250			52	1,819				
Pennsylvania Rhode Island South Carolina South Dakota	35 5	\$731, 484 683, 053 1, 748, 081 284, 303	\$44, 535 3, 951 30, 005 6, 981	2,850 3,667 13,183 747	1,031 1,042 1,427	14 18	741 525 502	1 9	40 450	11 3 16	250 67 925			68 192 38	2, 625 11, 756 747			1	
Texas Vermont Virginia Wisconsin	501	140, 834 8, 892, 352 861, 347 888, 105	2, 500 91, 576 19, 000 37, 141	640 15, 411 2, 902 4, 216	400 4, 130 512 779	2 57 4 6	95 3,955 430 419	1 1 	150 150	3 1 4 1	155 25 82 150	1	210	8 304 50 86	240 11, 281 2, 390 3, 437	 6	144	 	167
Groups of States													.)			1 · .	
Ariz., 1 enterprise; Idaho, 2; Utah, 2; Wyo., 1 Del., 2 enterprises; D. C., 1; Mich., 1; N. J., 1	. 1	24, 207	1,700	172	37	2	15			_ 1	22			. 6	135				
D. C., 1; Mich., 1; N. J., 1 Oreg., 2 enterprises; Wash., 3	3	. 331, 951 104, 075	5, 815 3, 376	1, 230 470	190 150	4	60 150		- 	- 7	130			- 11 - 16		6	145	. 1	3 150
RASALT					1		·												
Individual States California	_ 1	1,015,909	43, 200	5,483	920	9	265			_ 11	655			- 130	4, 563				
Connecticut Idaho Maryland Massachusetts	- 6	2,924,085 111,771 599,034	43, 200 168, 141 7, 000 158, 335 328, 694	7,470	1,325	10	1, 130			- 25	195 505			- 73 - 3 - 52 - 120	6,145 75 2,625	5		1	75 15
New Jersey Oregon Pennsylvania Washington	. 1 29	309, 766 2, 236, 438	75, 359 4, 158 104, 339 9, 249	14, 510 1, 698 12, 188 1, 520	4, 439 680 6, 049 1, 445	10	3,988		-	- 30 - 50	$\begin{array}{c c} 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 2,001 \end{array}$		60	- 186 - 27 - 141 - 1	1,018			1	2
Groups of States								1.								ļ			
Ark., 2 enterprises Tex., 1		- 263, 207	4, 611	1, 120	305	4	808			•-		·-		22	815				
Me.,1 enterprise; N.Y. 2; R. I., 1; Va., 1 Mich., 2 enterprises Minn., 2	- 1		1	1	- K	2	20) 						79		1			
SLATE																			
Individual States	2	728, 642	2 590	3 190	185	8	11				1 2	2		129	2 2, 980	5			
Vermont Virginia	- 65	4, 330, 001 3, 653, 796	138,472	3, 120 15, 334 10, 141 1, 477	260	119 10	5,890		1 26	5		1 0	L 5	430) 9,125 7 9,881	5 11	3 70	5	100
Groups of States Calif., 2 enterprises				n N				1:].	1			
Me., 2; N. J., 1 Ga., 1 enforprise; Md.,	213 2	- 410, 559 512, 510		1, 202 2, 543	40 350	1								3: 7:		3			
Individual States																			
Alabama Arkausas Georgia Massachusetts	-		10,000	- 288	60) [0	1 18	1	9 228 7 2,65	8 3			
Missouri New York Tennesseo Vermont	36 5 32	752, 978 393, 580 2, 287, 938	1 307	1, 926	63) 39(39	0	2 1, 42		8 9			3	$\begin{array}{c c}9 & 1, 29\\9 & 1, 31\\9 & 3, 22\end{array}$	1			
Groups of States		· ·, 020, 016	ar, 500	10,077											.0 10,07				
Ariz., 1 enterprise Colo., 2; Mont., 1 Utah, 1 Calif 4 enterprises	:	114, 127	4		11-		1 16				1 1 1	34			4 14		6 17	2	1 40
Oreg., 1; Wash., L., Oonn., 2 enterprises Md.,1; Mich.,1; Minn 1; N. J., 1; N. C., 1.	- 4 ; - 42			- 628 1, 627			2 5	- 19 A			4 1(5 3)				14 47 30 1, 20				1, Б

STONE

TABLE 25.-DETAILED STATISTICS FOR THE STONE-QUARRYING INDUSTRIES, BY STATES: 1929-Continued

			PER	SONS EN	GAGED I	N INDUS	TRY		PRINCIPA	L EXPENSE	S OF OPER.	ATION ANI	DEVELOPS	CENT	
	Num-	Num-		Pro-	Princi-	Other			Sal	aries and w	agos		Cost of s purchase	upplies, fu ed electric	el, and energy
INDUSTRY AND STATE	ber of enter- prises	ber of quar- ries	Total (all classes)	prie- tors and firm mem- bers	pal sal- aried officers of cor- pora- tions	sala- ried of- ficers and em- ploy- ees	Wage earners (aver- age for the year)	Total	Princi- pal offi- cers of corpora- tions	Other salaried officers and em- ployees	Wage carners	Con- tract work	Supplies	Fuel	Pur- chased electric energy
									610113	b103.000					
BANDSTONE									1						
Individual States															
California Colorado New York Ohio	-14 3 30 14	15 3 41 17	$108 \\ 13 \\ 333 \\ 480$	10 1 30	5 	19 19 37	$104 \\ 12 \\ 276 \\ 447$	\$478, 119 19, 168 501, 403 1, 001, 577	\$34, 200 31, 219 35, 100	\$40, 387 24, 812 83, 180	\$256, 562 11, 983 348, 660 520, 032	\$5, 575	$$104, 194 \\ 6, 952 \\ 60, 262 \\ 288, 574$	\$10, 957 19, 354 37, 424	\$31, 819 233 17, 096 31, 692
Pennsylvania South Dakota Virginia Wisconsin	41 6 3 5	51 6 3 5	680 69 55 51	26 1 5	15 4 2 1	44 0 7 5	595 58 46 40	1, 178, 000 145, 345 113, 596 55, 749	36, 870 12, 600 8, 000 1, 200	80, 143 12, 500 10, 630 3, 606	742, 273 67, 678 30, 932 40, 652	5, 585	230, 339 40, 662 22, 429 4, 545	32, 716 377 6, 827 3, 025	55, 659 11, 528 29, 213 2, 721
Groups of States															
Ala., lenterprise; Ky., 2; Tenn., l Ariz., l enterprise;	4	5	46		3	8	35	44, 725	7, 130	6, 350	20, 021		8, 878	1,090	1, 256
Ark., 3 enterprises;	5	5	102	3	1	0	92	175, 761	4, 800	12, 700	83, 208		48, 287	21, 248	5, 523
Conn., 1 enterprise:	. 9	9	145	7	2	9	127	224, 678	6, 900	15, 654	116, 022		58, 286	5, 132	22, 684
Mass., 2; N. J., 2; W. Va., 2 Orcg., 2 enterprises; Wash., 2	7 4	7 5	64 221	1	 5	7 8	56 208	108, 604 534, 489	18, 000	11, 509 30, 463	75, 108 313, 306	86, 425	9, 095 100, 701	6, 741 28, 366	6, 151 7, 228
MISCELLANEOUS	÷						.								
Individual States															100.015
California Illinois Indiana Kausas	40 4 15 6	64 5 16 6	041 44 158 50	25 1 28 7	13 2	112 4 6 1	491 37 129 42	2, 155, 204 109, 018 229, 183 49, 369	57, 397 4, 660	280, 043 8, 700 12, 505 450	802, 430 41, 151 120, 777 42, 304	7, 448	780, 105 52, 113 80, 095 5, 070	04, 468 2, 394 7, 856 1, 545	133, 315 7, 950
Kentucky Maryland Massachusetts Missouri	13 5 5 19	13 5 6 19	80 37 95 299	13 5 2 16	1	3 1 4 16	63 31 88 267	73, 344 46, 377 297, 991 501, 573	1, 800 3, 640	5, 000 525 9, 100 33, 504	54, 534 37, 398 149, 434 286, 938		9, 510 6, 202 113, 764 153, 057	2, 500 252 2, 400 10, 283	2, 000 19, 653 17, 791
New York Ohio Pennsylvania Washington	15 11 30 7	15 11 30 7	120 33 206 49	6 10 25 2	4	14 2 10 5	96 21 168 42	288, 866 43, 881 344, 906 111, 850	4, 514 12, 949	26, 533 2, 000 15, 308 5, 260	139, 207 23, 747 210, 360 47, 634	7, 182	93, 205 14, 534 71, 466 54, 052	2, 152 2, 300 12, 726 4, 423	23, 255 1, 300 14, 915 481
Groups of States						1									
Ala., 1 enterprise; Fla., 2; N. C., 3; Tenn., 1; Va., 2; W. Va., 1	10	10	114	10		7	97	113, 053		6, 600	81, 672		15, 768	4, 328	4, 685
Ariz., 1 enterprise; Mont., 1; Nev., 1; N. Mex., 1; Oreg., 7. Ark., 1 enterprise; Oble 1: 70-1	11	11 6	127 183	11	6	6	110 117	297, 765 340, 857		13, 220 19, 025	157, 413 152, 099	36, 426	63, 808 99, 246	22, 804 9, 781	4, 094 26, 906
Ark., 1 enter prise; Okla., 1; Tex., 1 Iowa, 1 enterprise; Mich., 1; Minn., 2;	÷.								00,000	10,020					
Wis., 1 Me., 1 enterprise; N. H., 1; N. J., 2; R. I., 1	5	5 5	28 30	4	5	6	24 18	50, 316 44, 849	3, 800	5, 350	31, 750 27, 058	1,000	14, 400 2, 573	4, 166 4, 200	868

TABLE 25.-DETAILED STATISTICS FOR THE STONE-QUARRYING INDUSTRIES, BY STATES: 1929-Continued

Induced Machine Guilt- tiest. (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)		Ex- pendi-			I	RIME MO	VERS A	ND EL	COTRIC	MOTOR	S DEIV	en by	PURCH	ASED E	NERGY		Ele	etrie		
DAD DERING AND DEALES Definition and burgers Definition and burgers Different and burgers Different burgers Different burgers <thdifferent burgers Different burgers</thdifferent 		for de- velop-		othor equip-					Prii	16 mov	ers				mo	tors	drive ene gene	tors en by ergy rated		
Demosy, and by and by an order of the power bar power	INDUSTRY AND STATE	cluded in "Prin-	Value of products	pur- chased during the year	gate horse-	horse- power					comb	ustion	and	water	pure	hased	pr	ses		
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		penses," thou-		cost)		prime														Kilo- watts
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	SANDSTONE																			
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $																				
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Colorado New York	22	21,562 680,875	34, 716	$ \begin{array}{c} 115 \\ 2,813 \end{array} $	1, 520	27	1, 039		 	28	481			43	$115 \\ 1,293$				70 72
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Pennsylvania.	116	1,615,444	44, 288	7.167	3, 553	38	2, 680							115	3,614				
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Virginia		175,019		882	120	3	120			1	10			22	762				
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $				}								1	1				Ì	}	1	
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Ala., 1 enterprise; Ky., 2; Tenn., 1 Ariz., 1 enterprise;		76, 206	2, 634	150	100	1	100							2	50				
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	inle 2 antornrigae:		281, 932		1, 456	920	8	890			1	30			. 17	536				
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Conn., 1 enterprise;		395, 512		1, 341	225	8	80	1	125	1	20			. 30	1, 116				
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	UTAF., 2 enterprises:	20									. 8	280								
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			059,087	22,092	2, 108	000	10	500		100					. 03	1, 558		·[
Kansas. 80,047 1,000 701 576 2 100	Individual States																			
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	California Illinois Indiana Konses	41 2	210, 137 303, 739	1, 115 8, 600	406 1,099	841 862	5	141 625	 			200 237			8	65 237				
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			149,140	10,000	517	881	13	881							7	136				
Washington 14 186, 577 2, 165 691 585 1 80 7 526 7 4 36 Groups of States Alst, 1 enterprise; Fla., 2; N. O., 3; Teum, 1; Va., 2; W. Va, 1 204, 871 8, 000 660 345 9 255 2 90 9 315 Ariz., 1 enterprise; Mont., 1; Nev., 1; N. Mex., 1; Orog., 7 47 440, 654 14, 727 1, 613 820 11 610 3210 26 793 26 793 43 1, 445 6 113 1	Massachusetts		69,852 314,228 628,763	21, 041 6, 800	740		1				15	648			16	740				
Washington 14 185, 577 2, 105 591 565 1 30 7 526 7 4 36	New York	49	593, 467 86, 721	41, 211	550	337	18 13	327			-) 1	1 10			_j 12	213				
Alar, 1 enterprise; Fla., 2; N. O., 3; Teum., 1; 204, 871 8,000 660 345 9 255 2 90 9 315 9 Ariz, 1 enterprise; Mont., 1; Nev., 1; onterprise; 9 315 9 255 2 90 9 315 9 255 2 90 9 315 10 <td< td=""><td>Pennsylvania Washington</td><td>- 14</td><td>568, 783 185, 577</td><td>54, 681 2, 165</td><td></td><td></td><td>$\begin{bmatrix} 12\\1 \end{bmatrix}$</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>- 4</td><td>97 525</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Pennsylvania Washington	- 14	568, 783 185, 577	54, 681 2, 165			$\begin{bmatrix} 12\\1 \end{bmatrix}$				- 4	97 525								
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	- ·.												1					}		
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Ala:, 1 enterprise; Fla., 2; N. O., 3; Tenn., 1; Va., 2; W. Va., 1 Ariz., 1 enterprise;		204, 871	8,000	660	345	9	255			- 2	90		 -	- 9	815				
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Niont., 1; Nev., 1; N. Mex., 1; Oreg., 7 Ark., 1 enterprise:	47	449, 654	14, 727	1,613	820	11	610			_ 3	210			_ 26	793			-	
	Iowa, 1 enterprise:	-	626, 698	76,002	1,625	180		• • • • • • • •			- 1	180		-	- 43	1, 445	6	113	1	70
Mich., 1; Minn., 2; 116,686 520 322 322 4 112 5 210 Ms., 1 enterprise; N. 97,632 6,500 455 155 2 70 4 85 9 300	Me., 1 enterprise; N.				h												-			

QUARRYING OPERATIONS OF CEMENT AND LIME MANUFACTURERS

In order that statistics for the quarrying industries might be as complete as possible, manufacturers of lime and cement were canvassed for their quarrying activities. The quantity of limestone and related material produced by these enterprises forms an appreciable part of the total production of the limestone industry, and therefore statistics are presented in Tables 26 and 27 covering such quarrying activities. As far as possible to do so, without disclosing exactly or approximately the data for individual enterprises, statistics are given by States. Moreover, as data for production of limestone by cement and lime plants were not compiled for 1919, the separate presentation of these for 1929 permits, by deduction, the determination of comparable production statistics for other limestone enterprises.

In addition to the production represented by these tables, a considerable quantity of limestone was produced by cement plants, as well as a smaller amount by small producers of lime, for which quarrying reports were not received. This production is shown in Table 4, columns 6 and 8. The statistics for 1929 shown in Tables 10 and 11 do not include the figures for limestone given in Tables 26 and 27.

TABLE 26.—PRINCIPAL STATISTICS FOR THE QUARRYING OF LIMESTONE AND CEMENT ROCK BY CEMENT MANUFACTURERS, BY STATES: 1929

										LIMI	STONE AND	CEMENT 1	ROCK	Other		epower
STATE	Num- ber of		Wage earners (aver-	Worse	Cost of	Cost of	Cost of pur-	T.	otal	Used fo	r cement		as raw terial	products	power	ing of r equip- lent
	enter- prises		age for the year)	Wages	supplies	fuel	chased electric energy	Tons (2,000 pounds)	Value	Tons (2,000 pounds)	Value	Tons (2,000 pounds)	Value	Value	Prime mov- ers	Electric motors driven by pur- chased energy
United States, total	129	187	5,414	\$7, 437, 464	\$4, 130, 630	\$466, 829	\$723, 595	40, 274, 599	\$17, 784, 974	37, 496, 073	\$15, 592, 369	2, 778, 526	\$2, 050, 979	\$141, 626	69, 018	65, 330
Pennsylvania Missouri Oalifornia Michigan Kansas	222 5 9 4 9	28 6 9 5 9	1, 032 435 509 287 201	713,737	283, 333 346, 503 293, 430	63, 621 16, 872 39, 640 32, 119 30, 954	39,975 48,406	9, 989, 272 2, 540, 210 3, 206, 859 2, 672, 600 2, 057, 689	3, \$18, 802 1, 527, 133 1, 499, 850 1, 167, 325 971, 611	9, 588, 643 2, 008, 791 3, 202, 341 1, 450, 606 2, 030, 561	3, 403, 534 971, 982 1, 483, 208 640, 970 944, 957	400, 629 531, 419 4, 518 1, 221, 994 27, 128	406, 314 555, 151 16, 642 512, 756 22, 380	1	17,048 772 2,480 1,965 2,475	3,225 5,242 8,588
Illinois New York Iowa Ohio Alabama	4 9 4 8 7	4 10 5 9 8	410 283 288 278 245	445, 640 326, 328 408, 555	211, 406 -144, 356 224, 880	17, 647 19, 070 35, 040 41, 320 16, 028	62, 700 48, 577 11, 815 50, 913 40, 779	$\begin{array}{c} 2,473,948\\ 2,276,616\\ 1,014,744\\ 1,978,819\\ 1,608,278\end{array}$	805,458 853,313 843,434 793,321 621,132	2,473,048 2,276,616 1,401,630 1,952,942	887,756 845,418 726,507 731,549	213, 114 25, 877	116, 92;	7,895	4,020	3,447 645 1,839
Toxas	4	7 5 4 5 3 25	146 131 194 127 87 701	174,789 198,751 177,254 96,798	104,495 114,603 84,714 52,427	82,909 6,898 18,646 9,711 9,741 76,613	19,644 7,274 17,510 10,797	$\begin{array}{c} 1,732,153\\ 665,348\\ 1,247,328\\ 1,138,730\\ 480,958\\ 4,501,038 \end{array}$	562, 248 534, 878 467, 302 291, 581	620, 229 1, 247, 328 1, 138, 739 490, 958	518, 258 534, 290 460, 656 291, 581	45, 110		588 6,646	334 2, 307	1,975 695 1,692 1,658

1 Colorado, 2 enterprises; Florida, 1; Georgia, 2; Kentucky, 1; Maine, 1; Maryland, 2; Minnesota, 1; Montana, 2; Nebraska, 1; New Jersey, 2; Oklahoma, 1; Oregon, 3; Utah, 2; West Virginia, 2; Wyoming, 1.

TABLE 27.—PRINCIPAL STATISTICS FOR THE QUARRYING OF LIMESTONE BY PRODUCERS OF LIME, BY STATES: 1929

											LIMES	TONE		Other	Horse	power ng of
			Wage earners		Corebox.	Cost of	Cost of pur-	14	otal	Used f	or lime	Sold mai	as raw terial	prod- uots		equip- ent
STATE	ber of enter- prises	quar-	(aver- age for the year)	Wages	Cost of supplies	fuel	chased electric energy	Tons (2,000 pounds)	Value	Tons (2,000 pounds)	Value	Tons (2,000 pounds)	Value	Value	Prime mov- ers	Electric motors driven by pur- chased energy
United States, total.	109	115	4, 619	\$5, 192, 682	\$2, 052, 158	\$366, 804	\$685, 035	17, 370, 167	\$13, 247, 023			8, 966, 909	\$6, 139, 293	\$13, 727	12, 767	38,042
Ohio West Virginia Pennsylvania Virginia	14 7 9 9	14 7 11 9	999 752 470 407		297, 989 273, 713	103, 550 23, 193 20, 255 7, 918	208, 287 120, 163 123, 493 38, 235	5, 979, 809 2, 376, 473 1, 023, 455 724, 600	3, 682, 029 2, 157, 066 1, 638, 745 730, 826	1, 071, 948 1, 704, 609 1, 417, 222 508, 461	803, 666 1, 596, 265 1, 360, 474 518, 846	206, 233	560, 801 278, 271		2, 570 663 937 675	9,079 8,344 4,138 1,535
Illinois. Missouri Wisconsin Texas	7 7 8 4	7 8 10 4		214, 877 288, 753 141, 639 144, 332	44,235	9,689 7,398 8,137 15,850	18,825 28,630	574, 190 930, 144 380, 045 640, 453	528,009 308,297	891,783 174,508	473, 814 131, 440	88,361 205,537	360, 793 54, 195 266, 857		450 282 633 50	1,786 1,010 2,732 856
Maine. Massachusotts New York. Oalifornia. Other States ¹	8 6 4 3 28	3 6 4 3 20	75 90 84 79	121,004 125,532 108,326 91,312	44,637	8, 215 24, 961	5,737 11,823 8,976	207,675 241,073 102,148	249,623 220,005 162,122	199,804 73,302	226,010 69,986 58,095	7,871 167,771 47,000	23,613 150,019 97,087	6,940	280 306 240 5,675	

1 Alabama, 5 enterprises; Arizona, 2; Arkansas, 3; Colorado, 1; Connecticut, 3; Florida, 1; Georgia, 1; Indiana, 1; Maryland, 1; Michigan, 1; Minnesota, 1; Montana 1; Nevada, 1; Tennessee, 1; Utah, 1; Vermont, 2; Washington, 2.

CRUSHED STONE

Crushed stone comprised the major product, measured in tonnage and value, of the stone-quarrying industries, as reported at the census for 1929. Accordingly, the salient statistics for the production of crushed stone are given in Tables 28 to 34, covering the operations of those enterprises engaged wholly or principally in its production. These tables do not include data for production by manufacturers of cement (see Table 26), or of lime (see Table 27), for noncommercial production (State, county, municipal, public utility, and railroad), for production incidental to other quarry production, and that for certain other enterprises (see Table 4). The statistics given for the production of crushed stone are included in the figures shown in other tables of this report for the several stone industries, and are presented separately in the tables that follow for the purpose of showing the importance of these enterprises as producers of material for construction, road-building, etc. A considerable portion of crushed limestone reported in these tables was used as fluxing material in the metallurgical industries.

Statistics for crushed-stone enterprises, by industries (Table 28).—This table presents general statistics for crushed-stone enterprises, classified according to kind of stone. Of the total quantity produced by enterprises covered by this table, the limestone industry accounted for 73.5 per cent, a large portion of which was consumed by the metallurgical industries as flux. The basalt, granite, sandstone, and miscellaneousstone products are consumed in the main as "aggregate material" for construction and road-building purposes. Crushed slate and marble products are used primarily as roofing granules, and other special purposes, which accounts for the high average value per ton for these products. For limitations of these statistics for crushed stone, see Table 4, and explanations at beginning of this section.

TABLE 28.-SUMMARY FOR THE PRODUCTION OF CRUSHED STONE, BY INDUSTRIES: 1929

[This table does not include data for the production of crushed stone by the following classes of enterprises: (1) Noncommercial (State, county, municipal, public utility, and railroad); (2) manufacturers of lime and coment (see Tables 26 and 27); (3) entorprises in which crushed stone was a product of secondary importance. However, this table includes data for the crushing of boulders and stone derived from miscellaneous sources, in addition to quarried stone]

		Num-	Wage earners				Cost of	Crushed		HORSE RATIN POWER ME	IG OF EQUIP-	AVE	RAGE PER	TON	Tons
INDUSTRY	ber of enter- prises	quar-	(aver- age for the year)	Wages	Cost of supplies	Cost of fuel	purchased electric energy	stone, tons (2,000 pounds)	Value of products	Prime movers	Electric motors driven by pur- chased energy	117- 000	Supplies, fuel, and pur- chased electric energy	Value of prod- ucts	
Crushed stone, total	1, 199	1, 279	24, 151	\$29, 209, 558	\$18, 104, 855	\$3, 220, 344	\$4, 019, 647	102, 960, 312	\$99, 627, 502	141, 844	280, 428	\$0. 28	\$0, 25	\$0. 97	4, 263
Limestone Basalt	742 124 174 86 56 6 11	785 131 200 89 56 0 12	16, 443 2, 877 1, 507 2, 066 021 214 123	$19, 437, 416 \\ 4, 246, 731 \\ 1, 940, 885 \\ 2, 162, 427 \\ 1, 051, 121 \\ 209, 315 \\ 161, 663$	$\begin{array}{c} 12,693,097\\ 2,104,493\\ 1,422,556\\ 1,273,423\\ 472,586\\ 119,802\\ 18,948 \end{array}$	2, 398, 599 372, 257 144, 600 208, 840 70, 346 21, 134 4, 508	$\begin{array}{c} 2,592,437\\617,904\\219,273\\358,708\\144,122\\56,479\\30,724 \end{array}$	75, 633, 654 11, 946, 577 6, 670, 030 5, 951, 020 2, 491, 138 176, 544 91, 349	66, 908, 230 14, 790, 318 6, 953, 782 6, 750, 956 2, 718, 249 1, 025, 924 471, 034	102, 933 18, 273 7, 964 7, 036 4, 680 475 483	173, 104 42, 703 17, 582 31, 180 9, 766 4, 276 1, 817	. 26 . 36 . 20 . 36 . 42 1. 19 1. 77	.23 .26 .27 .31 .28 1,12 .59	. 88 1. 24 1. 04 1. 13 1. 09 5. 81 5. 16	4, 600 4, 152 4, 426 2, 880 2, 705 825 743

Crushed slag (Table 29).—In addition to the production of crushed stone, a considerable quantity of crushed slag was produced in 1929. The principal uses of crushed slag are among those for which crushed stone is used, namely—"aggregate material," ballast, roofing material granules, etc. Summary figures for the production of crushed slag are shown, therefore, supplementing those for the crushed-stone industry. Figures for individual States can not be shown on account of disclosure of data for individual operations. However, the principal States in the production of crushed slag in 1929 were Ohio, Alabama, Pennsylvania, and New York, which together accounted for 89.4 per cent of the total tonnage produced.

The statistics given in this table are not included in figures shown in any other table of this report, nor in any of the summaries, for industries or for States, given in the various reports for the census of mines and quarries. Figures for slag production were obtained from returns filed for the census of manufactures.

TABLE 29.-SUMMARY FOR THE PRODUCTION OF CRUSHED SLAG: 1929

Number of enterprises 1 Number of plants Salaried employees (number) Wage earners (average for the year) Power equipment, total horsepower	49 122 999	Principal expenses: Salarles Wages Supplies Fuel Purchased electric energy	\$313, 382 \$1, 543, 520 \$1, 235, 920 \$192, 128 \$162, 539	Value\$	8, 193, 285 \$7, 158, 98 1
--	------------------	---	--	---------	--

¹ Alabama, 5 enterprises; Illinois, 1; Kentucky, 1; Maryland, 1; Michigan, 1; New York, 3; Ohio, 19; Pennsylvania, 17; West Virginia, 1.

Enterprises classified according to quantity of product (Table 30).—Of the total number of enterprises (1,199) covered by this report on crushed stone, 832, or 69.4 per cent, produced less than 50,000 tons each,

accounting for only 12.7 per cent of the total tonnage. Conversely, 118 enterprises, which operated 154 quarries and produced 200,000 tons or more each, contributed 62.8 per cent of the total tonnage of crushed stone.

TABLE 30.-SUMMARY FOR CRUSHED-STONE ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO QUANTITY OF PRODUCT: 1929

			YE			······································	-				RATIN POWER	POWER NG OF EQUIP- ENT	AVER.	AGE PER	TON	
	Num- ber of enter- prises	ber of quar-		Per quarry	Wages	Cost of supplies	Cost of fuel	Cost of purchased electric energy	Crushed stone, tons (2,000 pounds)	Value of products	Prime movers	Electric motors driven by pur- chased energy	Wages	Sup- plies, fuel, and pur- chased electric energy	Value of prod- ucts	Tons per wage earn- er
Crushed stone,						·										(
total	1, 199	1, 279	24, 151	19	\$29, 209, 558	\$18, 104, 855	\$8, 220, 844	\$4, 019, 647	102, 960, 312	\$99, 627, 502	141, 844	280, 428	\$0.28	\$0.25	\$0.97	4, 263
Less than 5,000 5,000 to 9,999 10,000 to 24,999 50,000 to 49,999 100,000 to 199,999 200,000 to 199,999 200,000 to 499,999 1,000,000 to 1,999,999 2,000,000 and over	178 135 114 84 19 14	$ \begin{array}{r} 105 \\ 182 \\ 291 \\ 191 \\ 141 \\ 125 \\ 93 \\ 25 \\ 35 \\ 1 \end{array} $	595 875 2,713 3,177 3,574 4,339 4,451 1,750 12,677	3 5 9 17 25 35 48 70 74	582, 350 930, 209 2, 647, 446 3, 338, 030 3, 702, 728 4, 983, 020 5, 957, 973 2, 676, 153 4, 299, 749	$\begin{array}{c} 157,603\\ 311,331\\ 973,465\\ 1,344,474\\ 1,403,712\\ 2,502,928\\ 4,022,574\\ 1,727,726\\ 5,571,042 \end{array}$	19, 344 30, 841 178, 471 321, 126 333, 392 447, 804 716, 778 295, 753 867, 835	47,096 49,358 302,413 425,452 558,450 739,262 980,010 463,711 453,886	503, 307 1, 278, 137 4, 530, 233 6, 658, 480 9, 774, 683 15, 520, 434 24, 869, 811 13, 095, 860 26, 609, 798	1, 257, 300 2, 168, 236 6, 748, 823 9, 402, 542 11, 549, 634 15, 871, 560 22, 711, 695 10, 621, 070 19, 296, 642	4,868 6,230 11,423 13,600 13,310 24,280 30,574 10,910 26,559	0, 833 7, 603 23, 839 30, 454 35, 600 49, 280 65, 002 30, 787 31, 030	$1.03 \\ .73 \\ .58 \\ .50 \\ .39 \\ .82 \\ .24 \\ .20 \\ .16$	$ \begin{array}{r} .40\\.31\\.32\\.31\\.24\\.24\\.23\\.19\\.26\end{array} $	2.23 1.70 1.49 1.41 1.18 1.02 .91 .81 .72	947 1, 461 1, 670 2, 096 2, 735 3, 577 5, 587 7, 483 9, 903

¹ Combined to avoid disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by an individual enterprise.

Detailed statistics for crushed-stone enterprises, by States (Tables 31, 32, and 33).—These tables present statistics for enterprises engaged primarily in the production of crushed stone, for the United States as a whole, and for each State for which separate figures can be given without disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises.

TABLE 31.—WAGE EARNERS, BY MONTHS, FOR CRUSHED-STONE ENTERPRISES, BY STATES: 1929 [The month of maximum employment is indicated by bold-faced figures and that of minimum employment by *italic* figures]

	A ver-		NU	MBER EM	PLOYED O	N 15TH D	AY OF MO	ONTH OR	NEAREST	REPRESE	NTATIVE I	YAC		Per
STATE	number em- ployed during year	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	mini- mum is of maxi- mum
United States, total	24, 151	16,815	17, 562	20, 839	24, 678	27, 046	28, 101	28, 501	28, 550	27, 509	26, 985	23, 981	19, 244	58.9
Alabama	802	296	304	312	330	819	319	330	801	280	274	277	280	83.0
Arkansas	261	253	<i>£1£</i>	279	281	276	261	264	268	243	284	268	245	74.9
Oalifornia.	030	865	857	911	892	941	1,035	961	952	914	1,018	968	843	81.4
Colorado	185	175	177	172	<i>165</i>	191	202	185	176	200	177	199	197	81.7
Connecticut	389	<i>291</i>	<i>£91</i>	299	409	454	447	460	466	442	422	374	316	62.4
Florida	275	269	276	268	280	248	205	332	299	284	312	227	229	68, 4
Georgia	374	<i>293</i>	330	332	380	444	424	438	416	399	371	357	307	66, 0
Illinois.	986	671	674	723	1, 043	1, 170	1, 195	1, 180	1, 156	1, 136	1,063	1, 018	808	56, 2
Indiana	691	291	313	463	681	833	919	922	989	989	868	585	443	29, 4
Iowa	339	193	<i>176</i>	231	362	388	443	450	463	448	404	288	220	38, 0
Kansas	418	227	296	419	409	495	468	475	505	442	435	437	314	45. 0
Kentucky	926	582	546	787	1, 062	1, 088	1, 164	1, 188	1,066	1, 002	998	922	706	46. 0
Maryland	417	207	220	374	435	471	485	494	516	513	503	466	324	40. 1
Massachusetts	623	281	259	400	665	740	770	891	831	803	758	678	459	31. 2
Michigan	998	665	792	883	1, 035	1, 090	1, 145	1, 155	1,180	1, 161	1, 142	1,098	625	53. 0
Minnesota	134	79	80	91	127	171	178	177	166	151	137	136	126	44. 4
Missouri	1,083	700	<i>657</i>	945	1, 018	1, 169	1, 251	1, 305	1, 361	1, 383	1, 273	1,100	828	47. 5
New Jersey	706	585	582	645	738	748	749	758	763	756	736	728	684	70. 3
New Mexico	79	22	24	84	83	100	107	107	110	116	98	89	8	6. 9
New York	1,869	720	1, 305	1, 596	1, 954	2, 153	2, 297	2, 333	2, 350	2, 287	2, 161	1,806	1, 470	30, 6
North Carolina	672	686	646	676	700	816	818	646	699	623	701	546	511	62.5
Ohio	1, 253	848	771	922	1, 200	1, 379	1, 462	1, 514	1, 578	1, 547	1, 479	1, 313	1, 023	48.9
Oklahoma	453	417	893	448	432	431	421	503	493	479	499	447	462	78.1
Oregon	158	126	100	146	175	207	201	138	184	197	170	152	104	48.3
Pennsylvania	5, 289	4,032	4, 120	4, 720	5, 354	5, 946	6, 048	6, 137	6, 192	5, 832	5, 955	5, 095	4, 043	65.1
South Carolina	485	483	478	489	491	469	423	440	416	454	571	560	543	72, 9
South Dakota	56	13	13	16	32	71	87	94	98	104	88	32	19	12, 5
Tennessee.	468	391	419	452	500	522	511	501	493	480	476	459	411	74, 9
Texas	796	689	655	733	835	797	864	911	879	816	831	845	758	70, 1
Utah	62	43	58	91	- 68	65	75	108	75	40	39	40	36	83, 2
Virginia.	995	702	716	934	1, 051	1, 152	1, 154	1, 183	1, 132	1, 116	1, 094	928	780	59, 8
Washington	158	66	<i>63</i>	98	115	128	151	223	250	252	221	208	121	25, 0
West Virginia.	218	104	<i>99</i>	154	219	265	300	311	298	298	238	213	109	31, 8
Wisconsin.	577	243	293	350	541	085	758	772	762	703	683	664	464	31, 5
Other States.	526	357	367	396	526	624	674	675	652	613	526	458	428	52, 9

TABLE 32 .- SUMMARY FOR THE PRODUCTION OF CRUSHED STONE, BY STATES: 1929

[See headnote, Table 28]

								-								
	Number		Wageearn ers(sverage		Wages		COST O	7 SUPPLAR ELE	9, FUEL CTRIC EI	"AND Nergy	PURCHASEI		ushed a	tone	Value o	f prod-
STATE	of enter- prises	of quar- ries	for the year)		11 1665		Supplie	35	Fuel		Purchase electric enc	ed (2,	000 pou	nds)	UC	-8
United States, total	1, 199	1, 279	24, 151		\$29, 209	, 558	\$18, 104	, 855	\$3, 220), 344	\$4, 019,	647	102, 960	0, 000		627, 502
Alabama Arkansas Galifornia Colorado Connecticut	_ 8	9 11 102 11 17	302 261 930 185 389		257 1,446 240	3,959 7,529 3,397 3,114 4,542	150 1,258 50	, 316 , 895 , 599 , 264 , 087	17 120 8	3, 752 7, 125 0, 883 3, 090 0, 508	36) 07, 5,	841 084 253 498 682	632 8, 460 393	8,000 2,000 3,000 3,000 0,000	2	510,064 994,298 680,492 399,345 674,751
Florida Georgia Illinois Indiana Iowa	28 11 39	28 12 41 79 21	270 374 980 691 339		215 271 1,225 685	7, 889 1, 562 7, 854 2, 436 3, 690	651 27(), 145), 035 1, 051), 389 2, 497	27 38 17(61	7,270 8,964 0,224 1,321 3,771	45 211 75	100 786 891 492 316	65 7, 57 2, 23	1,000 7,000 1,000 6,000 7,000	2	,031,779 967,654 ,881,717 ,253,537 ,312,498
Kansas Kentuoky Maryland Massachusets Michigan		25 56 24 32 11	418 92(417 622 998	8 6 7 8	440 718 429 1,063	3, 167 8, 061 8, 320 8, 824 0, 160	18/ 29/ 15	5,447 0,227 7,759 0,391	21 61 21 41	5,935 1,890 5,147 9,037 8,275	59 58 43 172	563 336 207 756 102	1, 14 2, 07 76	2,000 7,000 0,000 4,000	1 2 1 3	,062,627 ,002,772 ,087,879 ,651,396 ,827,005
Minnesota Missouri New Jersey New Kexico New York		10 56 32 3	134 1,083 706 70 1,801	4 3 6	17 1,09 1,15 7	7, 844 5, 353 2, 700 5, 880 6, 362	8(46 50(4)	0, 858 4, 008 0, 144 6, 627 2, 969	10 73 10 21	0, 330 2, 496 1, 144 5, 462 1, 355	50 101 170	512 704 440	27 2, 17 2, 63	8,000 7,000 1,000 6,000	2	635, 371 , 963, 646 , 932, 782 255, 314 , 253, 360
North Carolina Ohio. Oklahoma Pennsylvania	22 82 18 17 216	22 84 21 17	672 1,253 453 155	2 3 8	56 1, 64 44 22	4, 513 0, 782 0, 069 6, 273	31 93 29 10	7, 097 3, 676 2, 670 2, 870	8(29) 3(3)	0, 393 5, 168 6, 058 0, 385	75 386 108 9	, 494 , 048 , 664 , 857	1, 09 8, 72 2, 21 81	8,000 4,000 7,000 3,000	· 1 7 1	, 446, 895 , 346, 089 , 594, 558 , 652, 754 , 818, 375
Fennsylvana South Oarolina South Dakota Tennessee Texas Utah	9 8 24 21	9 8 27 22	5, 289 484 469 790 65	5 6 8 :	37 7 39	9, 584 5, 535 0, 889 0, 737 5, 393 8, 827	17 3 17 38	6, 634 3, 691 0, 812 7, 703 0, 537 8, 787	4	2,704 1,080 377 5,566 6,543 614	02 14 57	, 662 , 229 , 168 , 014 , 159 , 447	92 17 1, 23 2, 62	5,000 7,000 0,000 1,000 7,000	. 1	, 160, 483 216, 754 1, 308, 157 2, 173, 267 167, 244
Virginia Washington West Virginia Visconsin Other States ³		59 21 10 44	909 158 218 577 524	5 8 8 7	89 18 25 85	3, 368 8, 471 7, 851 8, 007 3, 616	46 10 11 43	9, 373 3, 978 1, 942 4, 812 8, 318	3 2 7	3, 334 0, 161 3, 833 5, 369 8, 780	$156 \\ 1 \\ 27 \\ 111$, 168 , 208 , 342 , 484 , 244	2, 78 55 74 3, 14	89,000 88,000 88,000 80,000 10,000 78,000	5	3, 043, 247 536, 276 663, 082 2, 780, 958 1, 341, 070
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		PRI	ME MOVERS	AND I	ELECTRI	C MOTOR	S DRIVE:	N BY PUR	CHASED	ENER	алан алан алан алан алан алан алан алан			1		
		.			Prii	ne movel					1	<u>. </u>	tors d	tric mo- lriven b zy gener	y	ric gen-
STATE	Aggregate horse- power	Total horse-	Steam en	gines	Steam	turbines		al-com- 1 engines	and wa	r whee ater tu nes	s driven	c motors by pur- l energy	nated prise	by enter s report ing	-l er	ators
		power of prime movers		Lorse- ower	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Horse powe		Horse- power	Num- ber	Hoise power		Kilo- watts
United States, total		141, 844	===== ===	00, 659	13	14, 179	739	36, 051	8	98		280, 428	304	17, 21	4 35	13, 513
Alabama Arkansas California Colorado Connecticut Florida	1,276	830 250 3, 844 831 1, 333 5, 218	1	330 205 1,916 90 1,030 3,979		90	2 40 7 5 29	45 1, 928 241 303 1, 147			52 47 571 30 80 48	2, 392 1, 945 19, 501 945 6, 051 2, 148	5	5	5 1	75
Georgia Illinois Indiana Lowa Kansas	5, 778 26, 793 11, 169	5, 218 1, 690 10, 701 5, 175 1, 925 2, 011	11 80 65	990 9,091 3,230 1,424 978			0 20 28 20 21	450 1, 610 1, 945 501 1, 033	1	28	50 94 361	4, 088 16, 092 5, 994 4, 070 3, 405	18	63 10	0 3	537
Kenlucky. Maryland Massachusetts Michigan. Minnesota.	7,902 4,983 13,913 21,810	5, 029 1, 547 3, 120 17, 193 435	67 18 21	4, 030 1, 007 1, 240 3, 646 225	3	13,000	24 9 27 10 6	1,000 500 1,880 547 210	1		10 94 237 74 94	2,873 3,436 10,793 4,617 4,270	8 175	30 13, 22		10, 508
Missouri New Jersey New Mexico Now York North Carolina	1,095 44,969 8,517	2,910 5,439 1,095 11,228 2,735	17 31 10 134	1, 186 3, 432 1, 095 9, 505 1, 785	3	54	25 32 48 13	1, 724 2, 007 1, 649 950	1		173 192 20 786 92	6, 048 10, 613 33, 741 5, 782	3 6 26	35 95		782
Ohio Oklahoma Oregon Pennsylvania	86, 120 6, 929 2, 713 77, 306	15,002 1,097 1,325 21,706 1,380	133 1 14 20	12, 768 735 885 15, 579 465	1	100	38 14 6 143 16	2, 234 362 440 5, 972 925	3	1		21, 118 5, 832 1, 388 55, 540 9, 786	7	18	0 4	
South Carolina	4, 315 9, 333 360	1, 380 20 430 3, 783 65 4, 452		20 350 1, 730 15 3, 274	4	935	10 2 17 2 18	80 1, 118 50 678		5	43	9, 700 1, 818 3, 884 5, 550 294 9, 270	6		3 1	71
Virginia. Washington West Virginia. Wisconsin. Other States ²	13, 722 2, 535 3, 486 13, 577 6, 491	4,452 2,335 1,748 2,115 2,789	8 16 13	3, 274 675 1, 003 840 1, 256				1, 660 85 1, 275 1, 503				9,270 200 1,733 11,465 3,705	3	-		

¹ The return filed by one of the enterprises in Michigan reported an abnormally large amount for this item, which probably represents the inclusion of a considerable amount for capital and other expenditures not called for by this inquiry. ² Arizona, 5 enterprises; Delaware, 2; Idaho, 4; Louisiana, 1; Maine, 6; Montana, 4; Nebraska, 3; Nevada, 1; Now Hampshire, 2; Rhode Island, 7; Vermont, 5; Wyoming, 4.

STONE

TABLE 33.—CONSUMPTION OF FUEL AND ELECTRIC ENERGY, FOR CRUSHED-STONE ENTERPRISES, BY STATES: 1929

.

		-		FUEL AND ELE	CTRIC ENERGY C	DNSUMED		
				Fuel	······································		Electr	ic energy
STATE	O	oai						Generated by
	Anthracite, tons (2,240 pounds)	Bituminous, tons (2,000 pounds)	Coke, tons (2,000 pounds)	Fuel oils, gallons	Gasoline and kerosene, gallons	Natural gas, M cubic feet	Purchased, kilo- watt-hours	enterprises re- porting, kilo- watt-hours
United States, total	44, 212	620, 366	1, 894	5, 429, 422	3, 896, 397	184, 942	221, 597, 245	30, 572, 149
A labama Arkansas Galifornia	500	1, 916 2, 302 2, 159 428		1, 500 2, 717, 189 15	6, 040 29, 990 265, 379 2, 130	59, 100 8, 100	4, 038, 951 1, 523, 409 14, 955, 186 497, 978	
Connecticut		12, 891	73	8, 289	45, 969		497, 878	
Florida Georgia Illinois Indiana Iowa		5, 630 13, 832 40, 231 10, 160 12, 238		13, 651 7, 631 60, 779 35, 989 100	72, 681 37, 924 126, 252 70, 059 106, 663		$\begin{array}{c}1, 127, 402\\3, 175, 288\\12, 266, 493\\3, 580, 520\\3, 748, 474\end{array}$	1, 440, 000 150, 000
Kansas Kentucky. Maryland Massachusetts Michigan		3, 538 22, 232 5, 560 5, 197 159, 623	61	103, 350 5, 350 29, 840 48, 588 4, 000	92, 644 69, 700 14, 450 142, 559 99, 260		1, 915, 751	21, 822, 260
Minnesota Missouri New Jersoy New Mexico	7 1, 098	099 14, 985 13, 990 3, 902	3 10	142, 798 185, 744	26, 021 50, 395 174, 865 1, 057		2, 772, 587 4, 736, 856 6, 282, 633	18,000 1,869,800
New York		47, 284	.40	21, 605	518, 452		30, 949, 787	1, 452, 500
North Carolina Ohio Okiahoma Oregon Pennsylvania	85	12, 597 81, 728 5, 659 127 87, 588	10 	37, 851 174, 294 37, 155 106, 202 213, 906	108, 440 375, 533 39, 400 18, 799 780, 005	12, 300 6, 182	$\begin{array}{c} 4,431,143\\16,500,271\\5,218,744\\501,268\\46,338,178\end{array}$	503, 200 110, 000
South Carolina		3, 714 8	150	12, 182	60, 160 625		5, 554, 863 429, 609	
Tennessee Toxas Utah		4, 437 8, 438 92	8	827, 903	7,902 124,911 725	99, 200	4, 609, 642 5, 291, 075	
Virginia. Washington		14, 886 1, 260		103, 782 117, 652	88, 709 56, 639		7, 496, 904 72, 125	3, 192, 984
West Virginia		6, 692 7, 861 8, 184		57, 640 354, 317	15, 422 183, 247 104, 390		3, 082, 965 6, 979, 116 1, 698, 572	13, 405

-

TABLE 34.—DISTRIBUTION OF SALES, BY MARKETING CHANNELS THROUGH WHICH CRUSHED STONE WAS SOLD BY PRODUCERS; BY STATES: 1929

MARKETING CHANNELS	United	Pennsyl-	Michigan	New York	Ohio	Illinois	California	Virginia	Wisconsin	Other
	States	vania	mongan	HOW LOIK	0110	11111013	Carnor 416	, upinia	IT IDCOUDIN	States
	108, 965, 919 \$106, 136, 528	16, 401, 288 \$17, 141, 929	13, 580, 677 \$8, 889, 104	11, 199, 597 \$12, 422, 395	10, 370, 177 \$8, 567, 023	7, 955, 836 \$6, 094, 070	6, 549, 782 \$5, 773, 928	3, 597, 800 \$3, 823, 003	3, 326, 247 \$3, 028, 470	35, 984, 515 \$40, 396, 546
Sales direct to nonaffiliated concentration, treatmont, and quarry-products plants, and manufacturers	15, 151, 851 \$13, 139, 511	6, 351, 486 \$5, 777, 993	5, 808, 788 \$3, 713, 703	134, 729 \$163, 415	192,667 \$138,189	707, 160 \$568, 084	49, 439 \$269, 521	41, 515 \$340, 318	285, 381 \$182, 218	1, 580, 686 \$1, 986, 070
Transfers to owned or affiliated processing and manufacturing plants operated as separate units	11, 405, 296 \$8, 093, 528	2, 484, 322 \$1, 625, 586	4, 943, 174 \$3, 089, 483	18, 189 \$11, 041	251, 876 \$199, 998	1, 691, 176 \$1, 128, 334	50, 774 \$73, 101	409, 968 \$429, 157	10, 484 \$7, 049	1, 545, 333 \$1, 529, 779
Sales through subsidiary sales organiza- tions conducted as distinct merchandis- ing establishments	2, 440, 303 \$1, 797, 493	20, 000 \$25, 000	1, 891, 116 \$1, 258, 403	15, 000 \$20, 452			64, 312 \$43, 513		21, 648 \$14, 340	428, 227 \$435, 785
Sales to wholesalers and jobbers ${value}$	2, 144, 366 \$3, 031, 545	276, 800 \$771, 617	985 \$9, 962	140, 704 \$178, 070	66, 753 \$101, 259	877, 406 \$707, 631	181, 358 \$179, 634	2, 531 \$2, 804	59, 445 \$55, 500	538, 384 \$1, 025, 068
Sales through agents, brokers, and other {Tons dealers on a commission basis{Value	3, 309, 562 \$3, 165, 235	200, 091 \$373, 749	332 \$1,660	192, 771 \$176, 019	300, 833 \$311, 757	213, 148 \$196, 096	448, 753 \$340, 719	48, 000 \$36, 600	1, 054, 690 \$804, 200	850, 944 \$924, 435
Sales direct: Government agencies (Federal, State, Tons and local)	16,020,229 \$17,558,315 11,115,003 \$9,154,133	1, 327, 693 \$1, 539, 018 601, 875 \$700, 833 1, 160, 372 \$1, 607, 303 660, 844 \$704, 067 157, 786 \$256, 307 1, 317, 064 \$1, 327, 532	$\begin{array}{c} 334, 381 \\ \$238, 162 \\ 824, 233 \\ \$280, 920 \\ 56, 446 \\ \$48, 939 \\ 106, 916 \\ \$93, 011 \\ 17, 350 \\ \$23, 045 \\ 46, 947 \\ \$63, 876 \end{array}$	301, 484 \$340, 553 3, 643, 758 \$3, 894, 338 479, 022 \$445, 504 93, 084 \$98, 700 130, 384	$\begin{array}{c} 1,267,671\\ \$1,149,117\\ .2,150,405\\ \$1,003,536\\ 1,093,725\\ \$1,315,434\\ .1,807,044\\ \$1,445,805\\ .99,152\\ \$85,113\\ 1,915,291\\ \$1,394,011 \end{array}$	339,569 \$332,737 592,514 \$425,274 634,280 \$637,136 382,658 \$319,128 	$\begin{array}{c} 183, 216\\ \$161, 572\\ 518, 802\\ \$415, 872\\ 974, 180\\ \$653, 222\\ 345, 387\\ \$206, 454\\ 44, 350\\ \$30, 950\\ 74, 509\\ \$94, 092 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 142,829\\ \$194,999\\ 90,216\\ \$74,161\\ 148,964\\ \$152,937\\ 1,697,110\\ \$1,492,962\\ 141,782\\ \$118,848\\ 283,717\\ \$302,939 \end{array}$	427,066 \$406,350 156,953 \$162,826 443,582 \$628,421 5,554 \$4,951 981 \$1,609 124,564 \$134,986	$\begin{array}{c} 2,610,569\\ 82,989,180\\ 2,885,008\\ \$3,466,468\\ 7,269,922\\ \$8,720,585\\ 5,630,468\\ \$4,352,161\\ 627,730\\ \$0860,028\\ 2,162,081\\ \$2,454,552\end{array}$
SALES NOT SEGREGATED BY INDIVIDUAL CHANNELS	}						}	L .	1	
Sales direct: Government agencies (Federal, State, and local) Contractors for Government construc- tion Government agencies (Federal, State,	350, 490 \$431, 677	45, 956 \$77, 341					177, 158 \$172, 431	6, 814 \$7, 133		120, 562 \$174, 772
and local)	7, 504, 503 \$7, 500, 308	99,270 \$87,804	50, 000 \$68, 000	2, 904, 473 \$3, 363, 434			1, 888, 600 \$1, 180, 262	310, 144 \$357, 707	391, 221 \$297, 056	1, 830, 865 \$2, 206, 045
Contractors for Government construc- tion	13, 999, 553 \$14, 592, 683	1, 307, 119 \$1, 070, 839		2, 472, 806 \$2, 628, 769	316, 601 \$268, 059	2, 031, 009 \$1, 275, 570	1, 146, 945 \$1, 420, 600	89, 543 \$79, 006	329, 499 \$254, 929	6, 306, 031 \$6, 994, 311
Sales for which "distribution of sales" was) Tons not reported/Value/Value	3, 135, 503 \$4, 379, 803	330, 610 \$508, 356		256, 296 \$560, 240	303, 259 \$254, 655	26, 712 \$33, 297	401, 999 \$500, 661	184, 667 \$232, 412	15, 174 \$14, 035	1, 616, 786 \$2, 276, 147
Sales of miscellaneous productsValue	\$245, 408	\$38, 584					\$31, 324	\$420		\$175, 140

1 Tons, 2,000 pounds.

STATISTICS FOR UNDERGROUND-LIMESTONE MINES

Crushed-limestone enterprises classified according to type of operation and quantity of product (Table 35).-This table is presented to show principal statistics for underground mining of limestone and to permit comparisons with the results for open-quarry operations. Practically all of the product contributed by underground mines was crushed stone, and was produced by commercial crushed-stone enterprises and by mines operated by cement manufacturers, with a relatively small portion by mines operated by lime manufacturers. Therefore, for comparative purposes, the summary results for these underground mines are contrasted with those for open quarries operated by commercial crushed-stone enterprises and those operated by cement manufacturers. The low averages for principal expense items per ton for the cement-producer class are accounted for largely by the fact that expenses after mining (crushing, etc.) are charged to cement manufacturing operations, and the value attributed to the mine product represents nominal transfer value from mine to cement plant, usually representing the total cost of mining. The figures for underground mines do not include data for those enterprises in which underground mining was of less importance than open-quarrying operations.

-SUMMARY FOR CRUSHED-LIMESTONE ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED AS TO TYPE OF OPERATION, AND FOR UNDERGROUND MINES, BY STATES AND BY QUANTITY OF PRODUCT: 1929 TABLE 35.-

Enterprises whose value of product was less than \$20,000 were permitted to report on an abbreviated schedule, which did not call for information as to type of operations. Accordingly, the data for underground mines in this size class are included in the figures for open quarries]

	so ا	l quarries	WA EARN (aver for t yes	ters rage the				electric energy	, tons (2,000		HORSEI RATIN POW EQUIP	IG OF		RAGE 1 TON	PER	TONS WA EAR	GE
STATE, TYPE OF OPERATION, AND QUANTITY OF PRODUCT FER EN- TERFRISE (tons, 2,000 pounds)	Number of enterprises	Number of mines and	Total	Underground	Wages	Cost of supplies	Cost of fuel	Cost of purchased el	Limestone produced, pounds)	Value of products	Prime movers	Electric motors driven by pur- chased energy	Wages	Supplies, fuel, and purchased electric energy	Value of products	Total number em- ployed	Potal number em- ployed underground
Limestone produced by crushed- limestone onterprises, and by quarries operated by coment manufacturers, total	871	922	21,857		\$26, 874, 880	\$16, 823, 727	\$2, 865, 42 8	\$ 3, 3 16, 032	115, 908, 253	\$84, 693, 213	171, 951	238, 434	<u>\$0. 23</u>	\$0, 20	\$0. 73	5, 303	
Limestone produced by crushed-limestone enter- prises. Limestone produced by quar- ries operated by cement manufacturers. Crushod-limestone enterprises classified according to nature of	742 129		16, 443 5, 414		19, 437, 416 7, 437, 464					66, 908, 239 17, 784, 974						4 , 60 0 7, 439	
Open quarries Underground mines, total 1	822 49	867 55	18, 504 3, 353	2, 644	22, 929, 486 3, 945, 394	15, 026, 360 1, 797, 301	2, 755, 222 110, 200	2, 804, 778 511, 254	104, 799, 930 11, 108, 317	75, 295, 462 9, 397, 751	158, 037 13, 914	208, 995 29, 439	. 22 . 36	20 22	.85	3, 313	4, 201
Pennsylvania Missouri Illinois West Virginia Other States ²	$ \begin{array}{c} 11 \\ 10 \\ 5 \\ 4 \\ 19 \end{array} $	11 14 5 4 21	$ \begin{array}{r} 1,090\\ 810\\ 412\\ 407\\ 028 \end{array} $	2 312	751, 872 489, 506 529, 163	371, 601 114, 707 242, 640	7,909 2,890 9,601	90, 100 77, 530 97, 920	1,714,468 1,823,667 1,547,003	2,003,295 1,061,130 1,508,626	215 375	4, 422 2, 726 6, 555	.44 .27 .34	. 27 . 11 . 23	.78 1.17 .58 .98 .85	$3,882 \\ 2,117 \\ 4,426 \\ 3,801 \\ 2,810 \\ \end{array}$	4, 717 2, 442 5, 845 6, 785 3, 538
Underground mines classified by size based on tonnage produced, total 1	49	55	3, 353	2, 644	3, 945, 394	1, 797, 361	110, 200	511, 25	11, 108, 317	7 9, 397, 751	13, 914	29, 439	. 36	, 22			4, 201
10,000 to 24,909	13	4 7 14 15 9 3 3	891	360 656 459 413	162,956 395,013 825,304 668,045 681,501	353, 624 406, 550 378, 133	12, 470 43, 037 11, 239 8, 385 24, 501	5, 613 49, 174 101, 411 109, 103 88, 403	$\begin{array}{c c} & 269, 376 \\ & 886, 863 \\ & 1, 801, 447 \\ & 2, 066, 697 \\ & 2, 291, 117 \end{array}$	$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{r} 815\\1,230\\326\\10,000\\943\end{array}$	443 3, 537 5, 585 6, 251 4, 087	. 60 . 45 . 46 . 32 . 30	. 28 . 29 . 20 . 25 . 21	$\begin{array}{c} 1.\ 29\\ 1.\ 28\\ 1.\ 25\\ .\ 96\\ .\ 84\\ .\ 79\\ .\ 69\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1, 320 \\ 1, 727 \\ 1, 966 \\ 2, 194 \\ 4, 101 \\ 4, 666 \\ 4, 252 \end{array}$	1,482 2,190 2,464 2,746 4,503 5,547 2,6,370

¹ See explanations preceding this table. Arkansas, 1 enterprise; Oalifornia, 3; Georgia, 2; Iowa, 1; Kansas, 1; Kentucky, 2; Montana, 1; Nebraska, 3; Ohio, 2; Tennessee, 1; Washington, 1; Wyoming 1.

Days per year in operation (Table 36).—Only 9.8 per cent of the tonnage produced by underground-limestone enterprises was accounted for by enterprises which operated less than 250 days, indicating a high degree of continuity of operation for undergroundlimestone mines.

TABLE 36 .- CONDENSED SUMMARY FOR UNDERGROUND-LIME-STONE ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO NUMBER OF DAYS IN OPERATION IN 1929, FOR THE UNITED STATES

DAYS IN OPERATION	Num- ber of enter- prises	ber of under- ground	Wage earners (aver- age for the year)	Wages	Limestone produced, tons (2,000 pounds)	Value of products
Underground lime-	1 49	55	3, 353	\$3, 945, 394	$\begin{array}{c} 11,108,317\\ \hline 167,266\\ 313,870\\ 609,467\\ 5,093,239\\ 4,925,475 \end{array}$	\$9, 397, 751
stone, total	3	3	79	60, 194		166, 710
100 to 149	4	4	125	150, 208		310, 346
200 to 240	6	7	192	246, 744		127, 328
250 to 200	14	14	1, 316	1, 687, 722		4, 084, 497
300 and over	22	27	1, 641	1, 800, 526		4, 408, 870

¹ See explanations preceding Table 35, p. 369.

Prevailing hours of labor (Table 37) .- Approximately three-tenths of the wage earners employed in underground-limestone mines were reported by enterprises in which the prevailing hours per week were 48, and most of the remainder were reported by enterprises whose working hours were 54 or more.

TABLE 37 -- CONDENSED SUMMARY FOR UNDERGROUND-LIME-STONE ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO PREVAILING HOURS OF LABOR PER WEEK, FOR THE UNITED STATES:

						_
FREVARING HOURS OF LABOR FER WEEK	Num- ber of enter- príses	ber of under- ground	Wage earners (aver- age for the year)	Wages	Limestone produced, tons (2,000 pounds)	Value of
Underground lime- stone, total 48 Over 48 but under 54 63 and over. 54 and over but under 63 .	1 49 10 2 2 35	55 11 2 2 40	3, 353 1, 020 160 2, 173	\$3, 945, 394 1, 402, 218 163, 859 2, 379, 317	11, 108, 317 4, 115, 223 537, 786 6, 405, 308	\$9, 397, 751 3, 215, 473 545, 303 5, 036, 975

¹ See explanations preceding Table 35, p. 309.
 ² Combined to avoid disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises.

Days per week in operation (Table 38).-The 6-day week prevailed in enterprises which produced 81.2 per cent of the tonnage covered by this table. Enterprises which operated on the 7-day basis were reported from California, Illinois, Montana, and Pennsylvania.

TABLE 38CONDENSED SUMMARY FOR UNDERGROUND-LIME-
STONE ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO NUMBER OF
DAYS IN OPERATION PER WEEK: 1929

DAYS PER WEEK	Num- ber of enter- prises	ber of under-	Wage earners (aver- age for the year)	Wages	Limestone produced, tons (2,000 pounds)	Value of products
Underground lime- stone, total Five Five and one-half St Seven	1 49 1 5 39 4	55 1 5 45 45 45	3, 353 2 243 2, 728 382	\$3, 945, 394 251, 108 3, 227, 772 460, 514	11, 108, 317 490, 181 9, 025, 206 1, 592, 930	\$0, 397, 751 497, 093 8, 175, 995 724, 603

See explanations preceding Table 35, p. 369. Combined to avoid disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by an individual enterprise.

370

MINES AND QUARRIES—SAND AND GRAVEL

INTRODUCTION

Scope of the report.—This report presents the results of the Census Bureau's first canvass of the sand and gravel industry, made as a part of the census of mines and quarries for 1929. It includes statistics showing: Geographic distribution of the industry by States; kind and quantity of products; channels of distribution through which products left the producing enterprises; production by types of equipment and by source of products; type of ownership and size of operating enterprises; power equipment, by kind, number and capacity; time in operation for enterprises and length of working week for wage earners; number of persons engaged in the industry; and fuel consumption, by kind.

This industry is defined for census purposes as embracing those enterprises engaged principally in the production of prepared (washed and/or screened) sand and gravel of all kinds with the exception of glass sand and molding sand. The scope of the census was limited to exclude the following: (1) Enterprises whose output was less than 25,000 tons, many of which are purely temporary or are intermittent or transient in their operations; (2) producers of unprepared materials, most of which do not meet the requirements of "aggregate" material or of those special uses to which sand and gravel are put, but are used mainly for "fill" purposes; (3) noncommercial operations (i. e., plants operated by States, counties, municipalities, railroads, and public utilities), as the material produced by these is ordinarily used directly in construction of roads, bridges, dams, etc., and does not enter the commercial market; and (4) the production of glass sand and the production of molding sand, which are treated as separate industries in the census reports.

Differences between the statistics published by the Bureau of the Census and by the United States Bureau of Mines.—The Bureau of Mines statistics include data for all producers of sand and gravel. Limitations of the scope of its canvass with reference to size of operations, preparation of product, and production by noncommercial enterprises were not imposed by the Bureau of Mines, as was done in the canvass by the Census Bureau. Moreover, data for the production of glass sand and molding sand are included in the Bureau of Mines statistics but not in the census statistics for the sand and gravel industry except when a secondary product. The quantities and values of the production reported by the two bureaus, therefore, are not comparable.

PRINCIPAL STATISTICS

Summary for the United States (Table 1).-The sand and gravel industry ranked sixth among the mineralproducing industries both in value of products and in number of wage earners employed. The value of products reported by the industry (\$102,311,914) amounted to 4.3 per cent of the total value of products (\$2,392,831,178) of all mining and quarrying industries in 1929; and the number of wage earners employed in sand and gravel enterprises (15,994) constituted 2 per cent of the total number of wage earners (806,418) in producing, mining, and quarrying enterprises in the United States. In terms of quantity of output (168,885, 667 short tons), the industry produced more than twice the tonnage of the iron-ore industry (73, 963, 485 long tons) or of the anthracite industry (66,558,839 long tons), and approximately one-third of that of the bituminous-coal industry (537,442,495 short tons).

371

TABLE 1 .- SUMMARY FOR THE UNITED STATES: 1929

Persons engaged, total 19, 915 Wage Cont Proprietors and firm members 249 Supp Salaried officers and employees 3, 672 Fuel Wage earners (average for the year) ² 15, 994 Purcl Power equipment, total horsepower 516, 745 Value of J	expenses, total 3 \$54, 678, 519 es \$10, 746, 244 sact work \$22, 779, 984 ies \$11, 916, 672 iased electric energy \$3, 989, 503 stage from the same state stat
---	---

1 See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS-The Enterprise.

² See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS-Persons Engaged.

¹ See General Explanations-Expenses.

Rank of States according to value of products (Table 2).—Enterprises falling within the scope of the census were reported from 47 States. The leading five States contributed 43 per cent of the total value

of products for the industry. Twenty-six States each reported the production of sand and gravel to the value of more than \$1,000,000.

TABLE 2.--LEADING STATES RANKED ACCORDING TO VALUE OF PRODUCTS: 1929

STATE	Num- ber of enter- prises 1	Num- ber of plants	Wage earners (average for the year) ²	Quantity, tons (2,000 pounds)	Value of products	STATE	Num- ber of enter- prises ¹	Num- ber of plants	Wage earners (average for the year)?	Quantity, tons (2,000 pounds)	Value of products
United States	957	1, 165	15,994	168, 885, 667	\$102, 311, 914	Tennessee	20 25	22 29	495 243	3, 015, 829 2, 949, 880	\$2, 136, 524
New York Pennsylvania Oalifornia Michigan	62 46 68 57	09 54 96 68	$1,330 \\ 1,208 \\ 1,153 \\ 1,022$	16, 021, 674 10, 732, 523 14, 694, 771 14, 547, 001	11, 304, 630 11, 002, 656 7, 800, 188 7, 030, 380	Minnesota Louisiana Massachusetts Kansas	17 22	18 27 35	243 439 212 236	2, 949, 880 3, 355, 792 2, 496, 210 3, 014, 377	\$2, 136, 524 2, 041, 467 2, 031, 239 1, 816, 481 1, 775, 014
000	13	84	1,103	12, 467, 448	6, 863, 579	Nebraska West Virginia Oklahoma	18	40 21 36	142 337	2, 857, 963 1, 887, 491	1, 680, 139 1, 613, 869
Illinois Texas Indiana Maryland	41	62 55 71 11	860 1,354 738 591	13, 949, 431 8, 745, 442 9, 144, 037 4, 193, 624	5, 576, 819 5, 424, 864 4, 452, 720 3, 780, 937	Oklahoma Arkansas Kentucky	21 16 11	36 16 12	231 286 249	2, 581, 070 2, 343, 037 2, 426, 323	1, 579, 431 1, 572, 059 1, 347, 598
New Jersey Missouri Wisconsin Iowa	33 32	41 35 57 39	505 566 390 394	4, 603, 030 5, 495, 872 7, 112, 989 3, 681, 033	3, 696, 535 3, 516, 756 2, 762, 357 2, 240, 638	Alabama Oregon Washington Other States	18	13 21 31 102	304 141 166 1,300	2, 257, 166 1, 401, 407 2, 439, 701 9, 569, 577	$\begin{array}{c} 1, 302, 754 \\ 1, 192, 087 \\ 1, 096, 116 \\ 5, 764, 077 \end{array}$

¹ See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS-The Enterprise.

Summary of products, by kinds (Table 3).—This table does not include data for glass sand, 2,186,554 tons, valued at \$3,777,411; molding sand, 4,223,717 tons, valued at \$3,928,373; and other kinds of sand, 1,311,889 tons, valued at \$2,429,389, reported by enterprises engaged principally in the production of molding sand and glass sand. Of the total ⁴ See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS-Persons Engaged.

quantity of products reported (168,885,667 tons), gravel contributed 52.9 per cent and sand 47.1 per cent. Sand and gravel for paving material constituted 45.7 per cent, for structural uses 41.1 per cent, and for railroad ballast 9.6 per cent of the total of prepared products. Over 90 per cent of the railroad ballast was gravel.

1929
BY STATES: 1
ВΥ
KIND,
BΥ
AND VALUE OF SAND AND OF GRAVEL PRODUCED, BY KIND, I
RAVEL
3
IO .
AND
SAND
ОF
VALUE
AND
QUANTITY
5 E E
TABLE

	AGGREGATE	SGATE					SA	SAND, WASHED	D AND (OR)) SCREEVED	(ED						SAND, NO. OR SCR	NOT WASHED SCREENED
STATE			Total	tal	Structural	tural	Paving and road making	ind road	Engine	ne	Railroad ballast	ballast	Cutting and grinding	t and ing	Other	ar 1	Tons	
	pounds)	Value	Tons (2,000 pounds)	Value	Tons (2,000 pounds)	Value	Tons (2,000 pounds)	Value	Tons (2,000 pounds)	Value	Tons (2,000 pounds)	Value	Tons (2,000 pounds)	Value	Tons (2,000 pounds)	Value	(2,000 pounds)	Value
United States	168, 885, 667	\$102, 311, 914	78, 517, 372 \$42, 271, 800	\$42, 271, 800	36, 965, 977	\$20, 094, 788	35, 263, 228	\$18, 449, 139	1, 531, 254	\$955,024	1, 404, 131	\$391, 138	829, 442	\$\$20, 887	2, 523, 340	\$1, 560, 824	1, 043, 870	\$330, 961
Individual States																		
Alabama Arizona Arkansas	2,257,166 394,934 2,343,037	1, 302, 754 342, 732 1 572 050	1, 054, 962 198, 025 566, 207	479, 858 168, 025 340, 936	335, 215 172, 025 217, 025	131, 698 142, 025 132, 025	690, 738 26, 000	328, 601 26, 000 26, 000	5, 327	1, 798 -		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			23, 682	17, 761		
California Colorado	14, 694, 771	7,800,188		2, 158, 671 124, 450	3, 049, 573	1, 156, 995	2, 695, 420 27, 421	966, 375 14, 384	21, 511	1, 227	39, 983	10,902			23, 471	23, 172	66, 600	32, 300
Connecticut	451, 873 769, 008	383, 301		228, 896	196, 709	148, 657	84,875	71, 041							2, 363	9, 198	270	80
Georgia. Diinois Indiana.	442, 800 13, 949, 431 9, 144, 037	172,087 5, 576, 819 4, 452, 720	6, 809, 284 3, 541, 328	2, 646, 799 1, 371, 135	180, 611 3, 027, 265 1, 324, 178	60, 434 1, 234, 980 464, 358	212,073 2,579,535 1,773,173	79,452 932,878 769,861	265 108, 427 9, 240	54, 690 6, 223	68, 490 144, 164	17, 928 24, 479		1,	10, 124 , 025, 567 , 290, 573	9, 212 406, 323 106, 214	28, 032 452, 845 11, 720	3, 375 91, 626 2, 808
Iowa	3, 681, 933	2, 240, 638		821, 258	544, 244	266, 366	1, 165, 100	490, 780	24, 344	11, 173	18, 263	5,468			46, 966	47, 471		
Kansas Kentucky	3, 014, 377	1, 775, 014	2, 134, 968 850, 232	1, 183, 612 458, 425	380, 198	560, 933 203, 488	899, 244 364, 072	516, 662 187, 783	56, 573 112, 623	31, 937 55, 149	113, 794 1, 164	50, 335 1, 047			40, 973 12, 175	23, 745 10, 958		
Maryland	3, 355, 792 4, 193, 624	2, U31, 239 3, 780, 937		1, 703, 601	543, 480 913, 270	256, 235	303, 502	48, 259 935, 697	5, 400 52, 879	74, 1600	85, 298	47, 002	726	777	1, 023	2, 520	90, 348	36, 139
Massachusetts	2, 496, 210 14, 547, 061	1, 816, 481 7, 030, 380		792, 914 2, 173, 184	1, 171, 338 2, 236, 299	621, 410 857, 987	184, 627 3, 131, 108	96, 633 1, 180, 022	83, 559 309	59, 733 - 135 -	150, 491	19,408			18,450 305,790	15, 138	205 84, 135	102 24, 114
Minnesota. Missouri Montana	2, 949, 880 5, 495, 872 801, 197	2, 041, 467 3, 516, 756 409, 198	1, 325, 246 2, 744, 224 56, 348	$\begin{array}{c} 563, 628 \\ 1, 865, 183 \\ 43, 117 \end{array}$	743, 888 1, 378, 710 20, 775	280, 985 903, 795 32, 394	518, 666 1, 102, 542 2, 633	262, 909 767, 238 2, 394	61, 522 29, 010	18, 725 18, 128	29, 217 24, 795	13, 476	141, 207	112, 604	1, 170 63, 538 8, 145	1,009 49,942 5.672	32, 427	10, 736
Nebraska	2, 857, 963		711, 425	296, 844	574, 030	226, 572	114,	62, 315	7,800	2, 340	8, 380	3, 500			6,800	2, 117		
New Yersey New York North Carolina	4, 603, 039 16, 921, 674 482, 601	3, 696, 535 11, 304, 630 240, 022	3, 488, 617 10, 753, 105 155, 200	2, 219, 379 6, 146, 085 64, 525	1, 400, 228 5, 317, 287	3, 058, 350	1, 859, 667 5, 234, 615 30, 401	$\begin{array}{c} 1,086,505\\ 2,961,486\\ 19,492\end{array}$	60, 612 67, 421 51 316	24, 731 38, 087 37, 890	167 167	142	5, 474 2, 163	3, 286 2, 163	162, 636 131, 452	285, 689 85, 907	235, 186	107, 353
Ohio.	12, 467, 448	6, 863, 579		2, 863, 618	2, 211, 487	1, 406, 547	2, 573, 716	1, 393, 491		35, 652	190, 420	25, 438			4, 440	2, 490		
Oklahoma Oregon	2, 581, 070 1, 401, 407	1, 579, 431	1, 522, 278 503, 246	890, 662 413, 514	686, 577 360, 701	426, 316 307, 110	788, 894	439, 354 97, 526		19, 727	326 1, 209	165 558	919	740	11, 800 9, 985	4, 360 6, 589		
Tennessec	10, 104, 025 3, 015, 829 8, 745, 442	2, 136, 524	u, 200, 000 1, 154, 963 3, 058, 656	, 507, 396 1, 614, 943	^{4, 500, 020} 551, 802 1, 597, 497	4, 001 370, 995 883, 002	464, 509		46, 352 42, 746	33, 502 - 33, 502 - 15, 164 -	85,172	27, 636	42, 300	31,860	47, 279	28, 804 1999 1999	40, 813	21, 860
Utah	598, 045		159, 536	81, 766	92, 422	47, 911	47, 036	25, 163	078	8, 692	Vol. of	010 00						
Washington Washington West Virginia	2,439,701	1, 096, 116 1, 613, 869	240, 248 829, 437 852, 759 2 450 995	222, 309 374, 053 742, 796	266, 503 266, 503	243, 401 243, 401 254, 271	250,706 395,098	107,666 355, 311	60, S91 183, 946 56, 750	22, 836 125, 647	4, 018	3, 254	3, 194	4, 313	31 987	150	1, 289	468
Groups of States			in the				ĥ	100 (000	3	 []								
Idabo, Nevada, New Mer- ico, and Wyoming Maine. New Hampshire.	310, 774	263, 554	147, 495	107, 620	78, 424	57, 024	37 , 356	41, 836	11, 385	8, 280					330	480		
Rhode Island, and Ver-	872, 338	566, 730	314, 263	149, 799	120, 511	85, 217	112, 470	54, 568					81, 252	30, 014				
Oline Due to the source of source	2, 459, 860	1, 226, 347	800, 471	310, 937	396, 058	145, 249	224, 790	104, 322	47, 350	13, 504	101, 336	19, 136	096	384	29, 977	28, 342		
DITR.	407, 565	300, 849	88, 731	51,664	63, 254	37, 968	23, 073	12, 494	1,407	104					266	498		
¹ M folding sand, 259,856 tons, valued at \$233,214; glass sand, 81,304 tons.	ms. valued a	t \$233.214: el	ass sand. 81	P	alred at \$102.094: blast filter and fire or furnace sand:	: 094: hlast	filter and f	Tre or firms	to to to to	nd micaol	t anonal	d msnee	and miscelleneous and unspecified products	Pts				

SAND AND GRAVEL

373

Value \$58, 958, 115	Paving Tons (2,(pounds	d road makin Value	GRAVEL, WASHED AND (OR) SCHEENED Structural Tous (2,000 Value pounds) Value 31, 103, 302 \$22, 776, 186	v (or) scretered tural Value \$22, 776, 186	Railroad ballast Tons (2,000 pounds) 14, 451, 904	Jue (61, 105	Other ' Trans (2,000 pounds) 1,096,312	- ² Valuc \$703, 370	GRAVEL, NOT WASHED OR SCREENED Tons (2,000 Pounds) 2, 342, 244 8751, 00	WASHED OR NED Value \$751,088
969 970 8333 832 960 40 960 40 83 83 840 840 840 840 840 840 840 840 840 840	48448 8	2, 765, 184 2, 000 2, 765, 184 38, 489 39, 050 30, 050	4	124, 556 134, 707 255, 439 107, 159 112, 775	12, 000 471, 677 440, 531	G, GGO G, GGO 202, 367 202, 367 202, 367	100	400	128, 666 4, 853 63, 584	71, 125 1, 604 35, 324
105, 218, 229, 218, 244, 057 19, 521 15, 521 7, 208 2, 776, 716 2, 294, 495 1, 410, 380 1, 006, 494 3, 911, 412 8, 106 3, 911, 412 8, 106 3, 914, 300 1, 006, 494 3, 914 1, 917 1, 004, 492 3, 914 1, 917 1, 004, 494 3, 914 1, 917 1, 004, 494 3, 914 1, 917 1, 004, 494 3, 914 1, 917 1, 004 1, 917 1, 004 3, 914 1, 917 1, 917 1, 004 1, 917 1, 912 1	128888 49889	33, 1030 33, 1030 11, 4040 1, 4160 1, 4160 1, 4160 1, 4160 239 900, 373 900, 373 900, 373 900, 373 900, 373 900, 373 110 1, 273, 110	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2312, 276 2312, 276 6, 561 1, 321, 353 599, 042 339, 364 339, 364 339, 364 339, 364 339, 364 339, 364 1377, 550 767, 285	17, 134 17, 134 27, 196, 578 27, 196, 730 256, 879 962, 883 662, 883	16, 776 277, 701 957, 913 957, 913 957, 913 957, 913 957, 913 957, 913 957, 913 957, 913	175, 335 175, 335 120, 314 51, 338 30, 000 30, 000	1, 508 65, 696 70, 415 42, 957 15, 555 15, 000	445, 626 2, 320 2,320	71, 678 1, 168 1, 168
1, 020, 841 161, 346 4, 727, 327 406, 010 4, 727, 327 901, 321 1, 1450, 523 10, 11, 115, 661 353, 723 1, 115, 661 3, 333, 725 1, 1155, 670 5, 470, 671 2, 958, 950 5, 450 2, 958, 950 5, 573, 256 1, 2, 958, 950 3, 573, 256 1, 2, 958, 950 3, 573, 256 1, 2, 958, 950 3, 573, 256 1, 2, 958, 950	99778 2000	2, 343, 877 876, 684 876, 684 876, 814 878, 314 375, 516 702, 130 712, 644 2, 229, 054 1, 749, 586 1, 749, 586	7 700, 558 7 2, 448, 332 9, 448, 332 11, 568 210, 330 210, 330 210, 330 210, 340 310, 466 1, 755, 566 1, 755, 566	1, 554, 825 447, 825 447, 825 608, 337 608, 337 138, 963 530, 334 530, 334 530, 334 530, 334 530, 334 530, 334 530, 334 536, 334 536, 334 536, 334 536, 334 536, 334 536, 334 536, 337 536, 337 536, 337 536, 337 537, 347 537, 347 547, 347, 347 547, 347, 347, 347, 347, 347, 347, 347, 3	80, 883 1, 910, 198 1335, 546 644, 003 408, 003 101, 201 101, 201 76, 007 76, 007 76, 005 76, 005 76, 005	68, 700 - 813, 044 813, 044 110, 017 208, 073 111, 149 64, 423 2345 64, 423 2345 13, 450 1, 461 1, 061, 346	29, 561 12, 756 11, 756 6, 746 6, 746 11, 505 11, 505 11, 505 11, 505 23, 516	15, 551 15, 651 45, 084 4, 085 4, 085 20, 298 20, 298 1, 085 1, 250 1, 250 1, 250 1, 250 1, 250	4, 944 241, 748 117, 400 82, 590 76, 956 76, 956 78, 969 115, 909	2, 624 105, 755 13, 750 13, 750 13, 750 0, 368 16, 368 16, 332 16, 332
688, 769 681, 100 5, 167, 776 1, 3777 1, 329, 138 1, 329, 138 3, 708, 953 2, 309, 457	1004r	535, 823 232, 308 2, 274, 508 782, 109 1, 745, 824		113, 380 353, 382 353, 382 2, 893, 268 407, 108 1, 086, 088	17,000 133,995 138,995 1,685,973	7, 000 84, 119 39, 911 787, 795	78, 963 15, 866 15, 866 152, 348	32, 566 11, 291 100, 000 89, 246	15, 482	7,473
173, 222 113, 017 713, 017 871, 078 871, 078 871, 078 1, 459, 820 1, 459, 820 1, 685, 546	vf (10 00 ch ch	55, 737 250, 575 280, 947 612, 684 792, 066	98, 154 212, 916 743, 131 239, 760 1, 304, 749	54, 012 196, 998 312, 998 207, 175 561, 597	238, 751 147, 123 48, 453 251, 056	63, 483	750 105, 743 51, 424	2, 600 88, 395 27, 329	45,000	7, 990
155,934 54,734 416,931 378,599 828,759 673,652 673,652 673,652		48, 910	108, 545 94, 734 230 Acc	107, 024 52, 385 52, 385	84, 742 875, 780	47, 242 905 581			173, 303	86, 651

374

MINES AND QUARRIES

² Miscellaneous and unspecified products.

SAND AND GRAVEL

TABLE 4.-DISTRIBUTION OF SALES, BY MARKETING CHANNELS THROUGH WHICH SAND AND GRAVEL WERE SOLD BY PRODUCERS, FOR SELECTED STATES: 1929

		QUAN	TITY OF SAN	D AND GRAVE	L SOLD, TONS	(2,000 POUN	DS)	
MARKETING CHANNELS	United States	New York	Michigan	California	Illinois	Ohio	Pennsyl- vania	Indiana
Total	168, 761, 960	16, 927, 996	14, 880, 032	14, 441, 354	13, 895, 985	12, 412, 149	11, 085, 838	9, 200, 047
Sales direct to nonaffiliated ready-mixed concrete companies,								
concrete block and the manufacturers, and manufacturers of other concrete products. Sales and transfers to owned or affiliated ready-mixed con- orete companies, concrete block and the manufacturers, and manufacturers of other concrete products. Sales through subsidiary sales organizations conducted as distinct merchandising establishments. Sales to wholesalers and jobbers. Sales through agents, brokers, and other dealers on a com- mission basis	1, 978, 686	136, 021	125, 573	72, 680	73, 673	124, 958	377, 639	46, 569
orete companies, concrete block and tile manufacturers, and manufacturers of other concrete products	2, 124, 560	65, 825	19, 904	328, 663	37, 431	40, 500	489, 021	62, 185
Sales through subsidiary sales organizations conducted as distinct merchandising establishments	5, 610, 986 1 34, 224, 490	72, 538 10, 434, 763	190, 228 4, 172, 330	174, 608 2, 669, 106	270, 454	· 316, 277 972, 187	1, 341, 752 2, 269, 857	72, 900 1, 051, 060
Sales to wholesalers and jobbers	1 34, 224, 490	10, 434, 763	4, 172, 330	2, 669, 106	3, 794, 932	-	1	
	3, 498, 060	470, 707	31, 566	378, 941	5, 330	1, 164, 878	137, 492	186, 478
For general construction (buildings, etc.) For highways, streets, and bridges	3, 382, 057 12, 625, 809	113, 698 541, 386	514, 839 1, 802, 541	24, 251 603, 756	331, 655 488, 933	56, 983 1, 577, 506	162, 457 283, 124	92, 641 954, 316
Contractors for Government construction— For general construction (buildings, otc.) For highways, streets, and bridges	5, 119, 129 22, 273, 874	173, 260 1, 038, 511	1, 282, 525 1, 498, 915	891, 616 1, 580, 400	274, 752 1, 819, 875	761, 731 1, 761, 965	$128,571\\1,022,426$	362, 533 1, 656, 698
Sales direct: Government agencies (Federal, State, and local)— For general construction (buildings, etc.) For highways, streets, and bridges Contractors for Government construction— For general construction (buildings, etc.) For highways, streets, and bridges Contractors for private construction— For general construction (buildings, etc.)	24, 808, 251 1, 766, 941	1, 661, 099 8, 000	2, 253, 390 106, 669	1, 762, 298 189, 088	2, 623, 832 146, 932	1,604,324 126,948	1, 201, 318 141, 943	1, 360, 56 111, 586
Other direct sales to Government agencies and contractors not segregated as to uses specified above	20, 194, 181	937, 111	632, 742	5, 177, 637 451, 967	1, 138, 446	491,090	2, 443, 387	547, 48
Railroads, for ballast Public utilities, other than railroads	20, 194, 181 16, 463, 327 1, 229, 171	42, 529 5, 038	632, 742 1, 814, 589 25, 972	451, 967 90, 126 46, 217	1, 138, 440 1, 457, 424 283	2, 913, 478 19, 422	52, 625 103, 698	2, 213, 55
Other direct sales	5, 193, 380	249, 693	333, 249	46, 217	1, 332, 033	198,074	402, 015	418, 97
Tonnage for which "distribution of sales" was not reported	8, 269, 058	977, 817	75,000		100,000	281, 828	468, 513	62, 50
		QUY	NTITY OF SAM	ND AND GRAV	EL SOLD, TON	8 (2,000 POUN	(DS)	
MARKETING CHANNELS	Texas	Wisconsin	Missouri	New Jersey	Maryland	Iowa	Louisiana	Kansas
Total		7, 183, 460	5, 408, 659	4, 601, 041	4, 234, 194	3, 678, 023	3, 334, 194	3, 014, 46
Sales direct to nonaffiliated ready-mixed concrete companies concrete block and tile manufacturers, and manufacturers of other concrete products	45,003	83, 555	76, 272	24, 402	49, 806	35, 768	35, 475	150, 80
companies, concrete block and tile manufacturers, and manu facturers of other concrete products	24, 935		150, 922	2, 350		39, 439	26, 039	
companies, concrete block and the infinite currers, and infini- facturers of other concrete products	76, 043 890, 479	433, 926 1, 339, 912	121, 753	361, 378 1, 098, 194	59, 200 74, 172	112, 930 312, 089	510, 532	55, 09 232, 80
Sales through agents, brokers, and other dealers on a com mission basis	3, 050	183, 715	11, 722	303, 129	41, 875	149, 300		12, 15
Government agencies (Federal, State, and local)— For general construction (buildings, etc.) For highways, streets, and bridges	108, 382 627, 758	70, 000 475, 385	39, 120 709, 863	135, 134 60, 942	123, 645 209, 498	163, 052 453, 021	5, 915 344, 217	202, 57 248, 03
For general construction (buildings, etc.) For highways, streets, and bridges	135, 400 2, 066, 102	390, 182	$\begin{array}{c} 10,000\\ 456,322 \end{array}$	13, 002 548, 803	161, 965 970, 413	97, 286 1, 214, 098	17, 088 663, 774	149, 56 393, 51
Contractors for private construction- For general construction (buildings, etc.)- For railroad general construction, other than ballast	2, 086, 002 56, 840	$1,216,369 \\ 1,043$	172, 470 35, 995	831, 636 32, 985	1, 225, 078 213, 530	300, 894 11, 473	326, 759	703, 58
Other divertial. The General rest complete and contractor	207, 262	503, 392	2, 345, 072 740, 231	240, 290	1, 058, 342	160, 255		220, 59
not segregated as to uses specified above			740 221	r 18.673 i		348, 342	044,704 (165, 61 5, 40
Sales direct: Government agencies (Federal, State, and local)— For general construction (buildings, etc.) For highways, streets, and bridges Contractors for Government construction— For general construction (buildings, etc.) For highways, streets, and bridges Contractors for private construction— For general construction (buildings, etc.)	207, 262 1, 732, 046 56, 229 30, 747	503, 392 782, 046 29, 409 452, 076	33, 570 153, 266	18, 673 110, 974 81, 132	13, 850 34, 820	348, 342 4, 820 90, 778	644, 704 45, 393 498, 060	5, 40 105, 99

¹ Includes a combined total of 928,516 tons sold to wholesalers and jobbers, and through agents, brokers, and other dealers on a commission basis, for which separate figures are not available.

.

Type of operation (Table 5).-In a considerable number of cases the operations of enterprises embraced two or more types of sources from which sand and gravel

were produced. This table gives figures for the principal combinations of types as well as for single types.

TABLE 5.--PRINCIPAL STATISTICS, BY TYPE OF OPERATION, FOR THE UNITED STATES: 1929

	Num-		Wage					HORSE RATING C EQUIF	F POWER		
TYPE OF OPBRATION	the second state	Num, ber of plants	for the	Wages	Cost of sup- plies	Cost of fuel	Cost of pur- chased elec- tric energy	Prime movers	Electric motors driven by pur- chased energy	Quantity tons (2,000 pounds)	Value of products
Total	957	1, 165	15,994	\$22,779,084	\$11, 916, 672	\$3, 989, 503	\$4, 921, 398	231,097	285, 648	168, 885, 667	\$102, 311, 914
Bank only Bank and pit Pit:	100 177	$\begin{array}{c} 123\\234\end{array}$	1,621 3,263	2, 308, 353 5, 068, 772	1, 037, 733 2, 162, 210	267, 574 754, 692	489, 953 1, 046, 356	16, 607 43, 278	31, 237 64, 719	17, 461, 341 38, 051, 909	9, 192, 338 21, 960, 649
Wet Dry. Dry and wet Pit and marine Marino;	203 129 34 68	258 144 41 90	2, 696 1, 895 685 1, 210	3,715,109 2,640,887 805,953 1,642,110	1, 940, 477 1, 292, 931 381, 356 1, 578, 379	485, 373 432, 439 164, 754 319, 068	$\substack{1,430,233\\513,324\\139,331\\418,285}$	27, 130 20, 558 6, 935 19, 520	73, 363 35, 082 7, 289 24, 499	30, 920, 020 20, 619, 691 5, 462, 507 12, 185, 809	17, 091, 832 10, 970, 319 3, 214, 982 10, 486, 274
River Lake Ocean River and lake Other	194 17 5 7 14	220 18 5 8 24	3, 407 363 239 263 352	4, 654, 782 544, 836 326, 474 470, 288 602, 420	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{2, 386, 965} \\ \textbf{214, 408} \\ \textbf{88, 594} \\ \textbf{458, 350} \\ \textbf{375, 269} \end{array}$	1, 118, 200 132, 472 94, 613 175, 915 44, 403	530, 33996, 51074, 8009, 553166, 714	65, 037 9, 978 2, 590 8, 925 4, 539	33, 971 5, 372 1,700 1, 050 7, 366	30, 140, 191 4, 329, 171 3, 361, 345 2, 365, 708 3, 987, 885	$\begin{array}{c} 21,850,747\\ 2,077,070\\ 1,769,004\\ 1,497,917\\ 2,200,182 \end{array}$

Type of excavating equipment (Tables 6 and 7).--Enterprises employing shovels only contributed slightly over one-fourth of the total, and those operating pump dredges only accounted for practically the same pro-

portion. Approximately one-fourth of the total was reported by enterprises operating more than one type of equipment, represented principally by combinations of shovel and dragline, and of shovel and dredge.

TABLE 6.—PRINCIPAL STATISTICS, BY TYPE OF EXCAVATING EQUIPMENT USED, FOR THE UNITED STATES: 1929

	Num-		Wage			·		HORSE RATING O EQUIP			
TYPE OF EXCAVATING EQUIPMENT	ber of enter- prises	[IN UIII-	earners (average for the year)	Wages	Cost of supplies	Cost of fuel	Cost of pur- chased elec- tric energy	Prime movers	Electric motors driven by pur- chased energy	Quantity tons (2,000 pounds)	Value of products
Total	957	1, 185	15, 994	\$22, 779, 984	\$11, 916, 672	\$3, 989, 503	\$4, 921, 398	281, 097	285, 648	168, 885, 667	\$102, 311, 914
Shovel only Shovel and dragline Shovel and dredge Dragline only Dragline and dredge	227 73 36 234 37	$274 \\ 91 \\ 46 \\ 275 \\ 59$	3,900 1,512 930 2,489 672	5,855,898 2,046,207 1,396,351 3,474,053 966,161	$\begin{array}{r} 2,419,509\\ 1,017,399\\ 781,441\\ 1,688,896\\ 565,664 \end{array}$	810, 103 415, 394 176, 564 498, 480 204, 948	1,059,210 328,847 355,933 819,344 329,153	54,142 15,672 14,956 25,511 9,359	72,712 18,560 18,300 47,668 18,365	43, 164, 891 16, 090, 041 9, 995, 255 25, 180, 280 7, 378, 911	25, 341, 279 7, 687, 988 5, 520, 323 14, 876, 739 4, 606, 471
Dredge: Fump. Ladder. Other.	266 58 26	308 63 49	3, 971 1, 687 833	5, 454, 484 2, 445, 981 1, 141, 349	2, 769, 177 2, 179, 286 495, 300	1, 051, 463 643, 412 189, 133	$\substack{1,514,771\\255,279\\258,861}$	66, 622 33, 708 11, 127	77, 564 14, 972 17, 507	42, 505, 275 16, 470, 548 8, 100, 406	24, 007, 773 12, 718, 440 7, 552, 901

TABLE 7.-QUANTITY OF SAND AND GRAVEL EXCAVATED, BY TYPE OF EQUIPMENT USED, FOR SELECTED STATES: 19291

·		TONS (2,000 FOUNDS)													
• STATE	Total	Shovel only	Dredge, pump	Dragline only	Dredge, ladder	Shovel and dragline	Shovel and dredge	Dragline and dredge	Other						
United States, total 1	168, 885, 667	43, 164, 891	42, 505, 275	25, 180, 280	16, 470, 548	16, 090, 041	9, 995, 255	7, 378, 911	8, 100, 466						
New York Galifornia Michigan Illinois Ohio	16, 921, 674 14, 694, 771 14, 547, 061 13, 949, 431 12, 467, 448	9, 148, 232 9, 065, 246 4, 338, 054 ⁽²⁾ 2, 470, 123	4, 762, 515 (³) 1, 112, 212 5, 371, 240 3, 059, 182	760, 832 2, 807, 697 598, 677 1, 800, 794 2, 657, 253	154, 856 3, 016, 437 ⁽³⁾ 220, 517	418, 246 1, 847, 793 2, 448, 362 4, 962, 864 501, 133	1, 279, 302 (³) 2, 623, 068 3, 074, 208	(2) (2) 1, 164, 537 (2)	397, 691 474, 035 415, 351 649, 996 485, 032						
Pennsylvania Indiana Texas Wisconsin Missouri	10, 732, 523 9, 144, 037 8, 745, 442 7, 112, 989 5, 495, 872	1, 746, 717 1, 287, 789 526, 036 3, 656, 862 719, 186	³ 8, 454, 075 3, 008, 547 1, 939, 662 1, 148, 739 3, 683, 145	531, 731 3, 100, 772 2, 052, 966 1, 198, 734 807, 420		518, 529 1, 599, 802 844, 717	(2) (2) 263, 937	(2) 940, 799 286, 121	1, 078, 400 1, 686, 177						

For some States, in order to avoid disclosure of data for individual enterprises, the figures for certain groups have been combined with those for "Other." (See footnote 2.) The total, however, for each group is correct as given.
 Included in "Other" to avoid disclosure of data for individual enterprises.
 Includes data for indiver dredges.

SAND AND GRAVEL

TABLE 7.—QUANTITY OF SAND AND GRAVEL EXCAVATED, BY TYPE OF EQUIPMENT USED, FOR SELECTED STATES: 1929—Continued

		TONS (2,000 POUNDS)													
STATE	Total	Shovel only	Dredge, pump	Dragline only	Dredge, ladder	Shovel and dragline	Shovel and dredge	Dragline and dredge	Other						
New Jersey Maryland	4, 193, 624	158, 936	566, 227	· (2) 343, 436	988, 645 3, 691, 252	(2)	1, 131, 742	(2)	873, 804						
Iowa Louisiana	3, 681, 933 8, 355, 792	(2)	1, 900, 102 2, 114, 720	1, 164, 340	(²)	180, 598	(2)	175, 946 1, 143, 297	260, 947 97, 775						
Tennessee	3,015,829 3,014,377	281, 142	1, 206, 135 2, 632, 704	(3)	824, 147	(2) (2) 482, 2 47	269, 547 (²) (²)	(ª)	434, 858 381, 673 545, 949						
Minnesota Nebraska	2, 949, 880 2, 857, 963	1, 243, 381	1, 263, 963	078, 303		482, 247	(*)	1, 489, 000	545, 949 105, 000						
Oklahoma Massachusetts	2, 581, 070 2, 496, 210	⁽²⁾ 2,009,473	1, 679, 129	(2) 111.936		374, 801		396, 475	505, 466						
Washington Kentucky	2, 439, 701 2, 426, 323	1, 049, 774 (²)	329, 923 360, 971	825, 778 (²)	(²) 1, 016, 498	(2)	(2)	(²)	234, 226 1, 048, 854						
Arkansas Alabama	2, 343, 037 2, 257, 166	365, 020 (²)	834, 343 1, 189, 395	836, 558 (²)	(2)			(2)	307, 116 1, 067, 771						
West Virginia Oregon	1, 887, 491 1, 401, 407	(2) (2)	182, 054 388, 611	(²) (²) 402, 231	1, 555, 393 308, 783	(2)			150, 044 301, 782						

² Included in "Other" to avoid disclosure of data for individual enterprises.

Type of excavating equipment for 1-plant enterprises.-The statistics given in Table 8 permit comparisons, by four major types of excavating equipment employed, for enterprises classified according to quantity of products. Data for enterprises operating more than one of the types shown, or for reports covering more than one producing bank, pit, or dredging operation, are not included in the figures given, in order that the results may be of greatest value for comparative and analytical purposes.

TABLE 8.—SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO TYPE OF EXCAVATING EQUIPMENT AND QUANTITY OF PRODUCT, FOR THE UNITED STATES: 1929

[This table covers only those enterprises each of which operated a single plant in which but one type of excavating equipment was used]

							HORSE RATING O EQUIF	FPOWER			AVER	AGE PER	TON	
TYPE OF EQUIPMENT AND QUANTITY OF PRODUCT IN TONS (2,000 POUNDS)	Num- ber of enter- prises		Wages	Cost of supplies	Cost of fuel	Cost of pur- chased electric energy	Prime movers	Electric motors driven by pur- chased energy	Quantity, tons (2,000 pounds)	Value of products	Wages	Cost of sup- plies, fuel,and pur- chased electric energy	Value of prod- ucts	Tons per wage earnor
Shovel, total	207	3, 225	\$4, 861, 527	\$1, 954, 519	\$667, 176	\$874, 403	47, 675	58, 610	33, 775, 867	\$21, 044, 138	\$0. 143	\$0. 103	\$0.62	10, 473
25,000 to 40,999	56 31	297 588 856 767	396, 334 775, 028 1, 270, 901 1, 151, 948	153, 110 304, 712 526, 082 547, 112	66, 142 128, 796 182, 618 138, 150	70, 221 159, 564 212, 436 236, 151	3,857 7,793 13,165 12,300	5, 525 11, 535 13, 728 16, 869	1, 765, 609 4, 395, 271 7, 927, 483 9, 601, 869	1, 330, 663 3, 253, 276 4, 749, 610 5, 078, 968	, 224 , 176 , 160 , 119	. 163 . 148 . 116 . 095	. 75 . 74 . 60 . 53	5, 945 7, 475 9, 261 12, 519
1,000,000 to 999,999 2,000,000 to 1,999,999 2,000,000 and over	7 1 1	1 717	1, 267, 316	363, 497	156, 470	196, 031	10, 560	10, 953	10, 085, 635	6, 631, 621	. , 125	, 071	. . 66	14, 066
Dragline, total	201	1, 881	2, 630, 218	1, 227, 682	390, 080	643, 561	19, 630	38, 303	18, 785, 621	11, 077, 461	. 140	. 120	. 59	9, 987
25,000 to 49,999	63 71 48 19	290 579 711 292	426, 963 827, 877 910, 648 464, 730	148, 307 469, 202 391, 958 228, 185	59, 946 128, 213 136, 016 65, 905	93, 481 188, 869 230, 004 131, 207	2, 731 7, 256 6, 640 3, 003	6, 613 11, 502 12, 793 7, 395	2, 240, 948 5, 015, 774 6, 584, 399 4, 964, 500	1, 724, 843 3, 395, 533 8, 880, 048 2, 077, 037	. 191 . 165 . 138 . 093	. 184 . 154 . 115 . 085	. 77 . 68 . 59 . 42	7, 495 8, 663 9, 233 17, 002
Pump dredge, total *	235	3, 202	4, 435, 603	2, 038, 869	900, 623	1, 251, 260	52, 488	64, 430	35, 641, 472	19, 994, 991	. 124	. 118	. 56	11, 131
25,000 to 49,999 60,000 to 99,999 100,000 to 199,999 200,000 to 499,999 600,000 to 995,999 2,000,000 and over	54 43 9	284 604 648 1,015 1 651	331, 870 863, 282 882, 954 1, 287, 769 1, 069, 728	110, 246 383, 316 473, 297 802, 217 269, 793	67, 880 131, 296 136, 455 311, 392 253, 597	98, 803 256, 522 346, 298 422, 571 127, 066	5, 211 8, 700 10, 785 17, 524 10, 268	6, 049 14, 027 18, 272 20, 730 5, 358	2,038,301 5,531,328 7,558,454 12,121,810 8,391,579	1, 228, 751 3, 417, 260 4, 113, 836 6, 463, 380 4, 771, 764	. 162 . 156 . 116 . 106 . 127	.135 ,139 ,126 ,126 ,126	. 60 . 62 . 54 . 53 . 57	7, 177 9, 158 11, 664 11, 943 12, 890
2,000,000 and over	1) - 001	1,000,120	200,100			10,200							10.000
Ladder dredge, total 3	48	1, 265	1, 867, 311	1, 248, 305	540, 933	109, 259	25, 673	12, 167	12, 931, 209	9, 514, 512	. 144	, 154	.74	10, 222
25,000 to 49,999	7 14 10 11 3	43 138 187 818 244	47, 616 179, 026 295, 806 499, 385 383, 769	16, 098 71, 638 124, 759 324, 386 276, 006	14, 426 53, 148 62, 584 190, 516 106, 460	754 10, 637 13, 071 59, 340 15, 009	1,4352,5704,2199,9194,105	465 1,000 796 3,776 1,030	276,072 958,796 1,411,403 3,581,460 2,445,070	$\begin{array}{c} 163,042\\713,763\\1,160,846\\2,084,404\\2,826,997\end{array}$. 209 . 139 . 157	$ \begin{array}{r} .113 \\ .141 \\ .142 \\ .163 \\ .163 \\ .163 \\ \end{array} $.59 .74 .82 .58 1.16	6, 420 6, 948 7, 548 11, 262 10, 021
500,000 to 999,999 1,000,000 to 1,999,999 2,000,000 and over	2 1	} 1 335	461, 309	435, 418	104, 799	100, 448	3, 425	5, 100	4, 258, 408	2, 565, 460	. 108	. 150	.60	12, 712

¹ Combined to avoid disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises. ² Not including data for 1 single-plant enterprise. ³ Not including data for 6 single-plant enterprises whose production amounted to 1,559,052 tons.

TYPE OF OWNERSHIP

As shown in Table 9, sand and gravel enterprises | number of wage earners, and under corporate ownership constituted 77.1 per cent | the total value of products.

of all enterprises, employed 88.5 per cent of the total number of wage earners, and reported 89.6 per cent of the total value of products.

TABLE 9.—CONDENSED SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO TYPE OF OWNERSHIP, FOR SELECTED STATES: 1929

STATE AND TYPE OF OWNERSHIP	Num- ber of enter- prises	Num- ber of plants	Wage earners (average for the year)	Value of products	STATE AND TYPE OF OWNERSHIP	Num- ber of enter- prises	Num- ber of plants	Wage earners (average for the year)	Value of products
United States, total	957	1, 165	15, 994	\$102, 311, 914	Maryland, total	10	11	591	13, 780, 937
Corporate Other 1	738 219	913 252	14, 147 1, 847	91, 673, 784 10, 638, 130	Corporate 2	10	11	591	3, 780, 937
New York, total	62	69	1,330	11, 304, 630	New Jersey, total	33	41	505	3, 696, 535
Corporate	53		1,287	10, 977, 218 327, 412	Corporate Other ¹	26 7	32 9	438 67	3, 308, 037 388, 498
Penusylvania, total	46	54	1, 208	11, 002, 656	Missouri, total	32		566	3, 516, 756
Corporate	42	50 4	1,179	10, 839, 665	Corporate Other ¹	26 6	28 7	507 59	3, 234, 581 282, 175
California, total	68	96	1, 153	7, 800, 188	Wisconsin, total	- 48	57	390	2, 762, 357
Corporate	44	71	974	6, 455, 693	Corporate	40 8	49 8	345 45	2, 460, 562 301, 795
Other 1	24	25	179	1, 344, 495	Iowa, total	38	39	394	2, 240, 638
Michigan, total	57	- 68	1,022	7, 030, 380		26	27	330	1, 034, 842
Corporate Other 1	41 . 16	51 17	918 104	6, 280, 294 750, 086	Corporate Other 1	12	12	64	305, 790
Ohio, total	73	84	1, 103	6, 863, 579	Tennessee, total	20	22	495	2, 136, 524
Corporate Other 1	60 13	68 16	1, 025 78	6, 296, 811 566, 768	Corporate Other 1	13 7	13 9	405 90	1, 656, 152 480, 372
Illinois, total	61	62	860	5, 576, 819	Minnesota, total	25	29	243	2, 041, 467
Corporate Other ¹	52	53	790	5, 302, 295	Corporate '	25	29	243	2, 041, 467
	9	១	70	274, 524	Louisiana, total	17	18	439	2, 031, 239
Texas, total	41	55	1,354	5, 424, 864	Corporate Other 1	14 3	15 3	405 34	1, 902, 549 128, 690
Corporate Other 1	29 12	43 12	$1,164 \\ 190$	4, 793, 288 631, 576					
Indiana, total	58	71	738	4, 452, 720					
Corporate Other 1	41 17	48 23	621 117	3 , 677, 074 775, 646					

Partnerships, enterprises operated by individuals, etc.
 Includes 2 other types of ownership; combined in order to avoid disclosing data for individual enterprises.

SCALE OF OPERATION

Enterprises classified according to value of products (Table 10).—Comparatively small enterprises predominated in the sand and gravel industry, more than 93 per cent having been in classes whose output was valued at less than \$250,000.

TABLE 10.—CONDENSED SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO VALUE OF PRODUCTS, FOR SELECTED STATES: 1929

				-							10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1
STATE AND VALUE OF PRODUCTS PER ENTERPRISE	Num- ber of enter- prises	Num- ber of plants	Wage earners (aver- age for the year)	Wages	Value of products	STATE AND VALUE OF PRODUCTS PER ENTERPRISE	Num- ber of enter- prises	Num- ber of plants	Wage earners (aver- age for the year)	Wages	Value of products
United States, total	957	1, 165	15, 994	\$22, 779, 984	\$102, 311, 914	Pennsylvania, total	46	54	1, 208	\$1, 821, 81 5	\$11, 002, 656
Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999	$\begin{array}{r} 71 \\ 352 \\ 263 \\ 206 \\ 42 \\ 15 \\ 6 \\ 2 \end{array}$	76 388 311 264 73 23 24 6	295 2, 322 3, 210 5, 210 2, 220 1, 514 } 11, 223	346, 297 3, 105, 266 4, 455, 646 7, 472, 170 3, 041, 719 2, 207, 209 2, 091, 677	1,093,090 12,026,652 18,546,320 30,943,299 14,263,365 10,753,091 14,686,097		2 14 15 10 1 1 2 1	$2 \\ 14 \\ 15 \\ 12 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 4 \\ 5$	<pre> 1 104 197 1 467 1 440 </pre>	139, 351 296, 267 580, 249 805, 948	523, 828 1, 066, 711 1, 724, 010 7, 688, 107
New York, total		69	1, 330	2, 437, 299	11, 304, 630	California, total	68	96	1; 153	1, 843, 622	7, 800, 188
Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$29,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999 \$220,000 to \$490,999 \$500,000 to \$490,999 \$1,000,000 to \$2,409,999 \$1,000,000 to \$5,000,000.	7 18 17 12 2 3 2 1	8 19 19 14 2 4 2 1	23 94 134 196 } 1333 } 1550	35, 467 158, 410 220, 323 355, 392 689, 728 977, 979	87, 329 580, 849 1, 133, 319 1, 870, 792 2, 510, 493 5, 121, 848		23 24 15	2 25 26 19 8 17	$\left. \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 240 \\ 371 \\ 371 \\ 1 \\ 425 \end{array} \right\}$	189, 454 401, 806 569, 363 682, 999	856, 220 1, 712, 576 2, 395, 700 2, 835, 593

¹ Combined to avoid disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises.

SAND AND GRAVEL

TABLE 10.—CONDENSED SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO VALUE OF PRODUCTS, FOR SELECTED STATES: 1929—Continued

STATE AND VALUE OF PRODUCTS PER ENTERPRISE	Num- ber of enter- prises	Num- ber of plants	Wage earners (aver- age for the year)	Wages	Value of products	STATE AND VALUE OF PRODUCTS PER ENTERPRISE	Num- ber of enter- prises	ber of plants	Wage carners (aver- age for the year)	Wages	Value of products
Michigan, total	57	68	1, 022	\$1, 468, 293	\$7, 030, 380	Illinois, total	61	62	860	\$1, 399, 045	\$5, 576, 819
Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$29,999 \$100,000 to \$299,999 \$250,000 to \$499,999 S500,000 to \$499,999 Ohio, total	17 18 10 4 3	5 18 23 10 .7 5 .84	$ \begin{array}{c} 21 \\ 115 \\ 155 \\ 186 \\ 1545 \\ 1,103 \end{array} $	28, 666 194, 386 241, 871 294, 719 708, 651 1, 787, 498	89, 725 569, 098 1, 188, 213 1, 484, 606 3, 698, 738 6, 803, 579	Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$89,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$499,999 .Texas, total	5 22 10 20 4 41	5 22 10 21 4 55	20 173 92 404 171 1, 354	25, 527 232, 684 166, 536 663, 248 311, 050 1, 458, 700	73, 194 762, 947 648, 706 2, 903, 619 1, 188, 353 5, 424, 864
Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$40,999 \$50,000 to \$40,999 \$50,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$249,999 \$500,000 to \$499,999	6 30 15 16	6 33 19 19 6 1	29 180 184 374 } 1336	38, 479 289, 336 278, 003 604, 387 577, 293	102, 064 1, 034, 629 1, 008, 914 2, 266, 457 2, 451, 515	Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$49,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$499,999 \$500,000 to \$499,999	$2 \\ 11 \\ 14 \\ 8 \\ 4 \\ 2$	2 11 17 12 6 7	$\left. \begin{array}{c} 1 \ 158 \\ 257 \\ 290 \\ 1 \ 649 \end{array} \right\}$	134, 620 282, 562 336, 284 705, 234	415, 050 1, 016, 037 1, 200, 005 2, 793, 772

¹ Combined to avoid disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises.

POWER

Power equipment in use (Table 11).—The data for electric motors driven by energy generated in the reporting enterprises are not included in the "aggregate horsepower," as shown in this and other tables, since such inclusion would result in duplication of the figures for the horsepower of the prime movers used in driving the generators. Practically all the primemover power was used directly, the generator capacity being equivalent to only 7.4 per cent of the total rating of stationary prime movers reported. Table 11 gives also a classification of motive power according to the nature of its use, whether stationary or mobile. The latter class embraces the power equipment of shovels, tractors, dredges, and other machinery and equipment moved from place to place in the course of operations, as contrasted with fixed installations, such as central power plants, screening and washing equipment, etc.

The number and horsepower of the several types of prime movers and of the electric motors used by sand and gravel mining enterprises in 1929 are given, by States, in Table 20.

TABLE 11.—POWER EQUIPMENT, STATIONARY AND MOBILE—NUMBER AND RATED CAPACITY OF PRIME MOVERS, MOTORS, AND GENERATORS, FOR THE UNITED STATES: 1929

TYPE	Total	Station- ary	Mobile	TYPE	Total	Station- ary	Mobile
Prime movers and electric motors driven by purchased energy, aggregate horsepower Prime movers, total horsepower	516, 745 231, 097			Prime movers, etc.—Con. Horsepower rating of inactive prime movers, included above. Electric motors driven by purchased energy— Number	3, 965 7, 732 285, 648	723 7, 231 258, 263	8, 242 501 32, 385
Steam engines	1, 653 158, 150 10 740 1, 125 72, 207	39, 563 10		Horsepower. Electric motors driven by energy generated by enter- prises reporting: Number. Horsepower. Electric generators: Number. Kilowatts.	212 6, 591 42 8, 828	212 6, 591 42 3, 828	

127185 - 33 - 25

TABLE 12.---NUMBER AND RATED CAPACITY OF PRIME MOVERS, MOTORS, AND GENERATORS, FOR ENTER-PRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO TOTAL RATING OF POWER EQUIPMENT: 1929

7 79 2	Total, all	RATING OF	POWER EQU	ULPMENT FOR HO	L ENTERPRISE RSEPOWER O		LLY REPORT	ING TOTAL
	sizes	Less than 100	100 to 249	250 to 499	500 to 999	1,000 to 2,499	2,500 to 4,999	5,000 or more
Number of enterprises reporting power equipment Prime movers and electric motors driven by purchased energy, aggregate horsepower	957 516, 745	74 5, 163	279 48, 443	293 101, 714	189 131, 812	105 151, 827	12 87, 127	5 40, 659
Prime movers, total horsepower	231, 097	2, 831	20, 738	43, 117	60, 142	68, 861	22, 360	13, 048
Steam engines— Number Horsepower. Horsepower. Horsepower. Internal-combustion engines— Number. Horsepower. Horsepower rating of inactive prime movers, included above Electric motors driven by purchased energy— Number Horsepower. Electric motors driven by energy generated by enterprises reporting: Number. Horsepower. Electric generators: Number. Kilowatts.	7, 732 285, 648	41 1,470 46 1,361 50 147 2,332 8 8 20 1 40	177 9,035 	351 23, 639 1 322 19, 473 819 1, 823 58, 597 522 1, 548 11 1, 047	412 38,459 5 585 287 21,098 1,442 1,924 71,670 800 2,802 15 1,471	465 53, 837 4 150 164 14, 874 698 1, 963 82, 966 566 1, 781 8 1, 016	122 19,690 	11, 020

TIME IN OPERATION

Days per week in operation (Table 13).—The 6-day week prevailed in 85.1 per cent of the enterprises. These reported 85.6 per cent of the total number of wage earners and 88.2 per cent of the total value of products. The number of wage earners given in Tables 13 and 14 is the total of those reported by individual enterprises for employment during normal

operations. As each enterprise reported for a representative or normal date of its own selection, the total does not represent the number employed on any particular date, and it differs considerably from the number of wage earners (average for the year) as given in other tables. (See "GENERAL EXPLANATIONS— Persons engaged," for method of calculating the average number.)

an an an an an

TABLE 13.—CONDENSED SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO NUMBER OF DAYS IN OPERATION PER WEEK, FOR THE UNITED STATES: 1929

DAYS PER WEEK	Num- ber of enter- prises	Num- ber of plants	Wage earners as re- ported for rep- resent- ative day	Wages	Value of products	DAYS PER WEEK	Num ber of enter- prises	Num- ber of plants	Wage earners as re- ported for rep- resent- ative day	Wages	Value of products
Total	957 8 20	1, 165 9 22	1 18, 885 151 269	\$22, 779, 984 247, 296 298, 130	\$102, 311, 914 831, 461 919, 373	Five and one-half Six Six and one-half Saven	80 814 1 34	91 998 1 44	1,015 16,171 } \$ 1,279	\$1, 246, 688 19, 702, 610 1, 285, 260	\$4, 798, 907 90, 245, 773 5, 516, 400

¹ This total differs considerably from that for "Wage earners (average for the year)," 15,994, given in other tables of this report. ² Combined to avoid disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises.

SAND AND GRAVEL

Days in operation during year (Table 14).-Only 36.7 per cent of the total value of products was contributed by 269 enterprises (332 plants) which operated

continuously throughout the year. Enterprises operating from 200 to 299 days reported 50.3 per cent of the total.

TABLE 14.—CONDENSED SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO NUMBER OF DAYS IN OPERATION IN 1929, FOR THE UNITED STATES

DAYS IN OPERATION	Num- ber of enter- prises	Num- ber of plants	Wage earners as re- ported for rep- resent- ative day	Wages	Value of products	DAYS IN OPERATION	Num- ber of enter- prises	Num- ber of plants	Wage earners as re- ported for rep- resent- ative day	Wages	Value of products
Total Less than 50	957 1 5 9	1, 165 1 6 10	1 18, 885 } 109 174	\$22, 779, 984 35, 920 69, 682	\$102, 311, 914 222, 481 325, 984	100 to 149 160 to 199 200 to 249 250 to 299 300 and over	42 156 308 167 269	43 179 390 204 332	675 2, 421 5, 527 3, 105 6, 874	\$491, 390 2, 702, 701 0, 681, 257 4, 180, 889 8, 618, 145	\$2, 330, 976 10, 439, 492 29, 005, 809 22, 443, 876 37, 543, 296

¹ This total differs considerably from that for "Wage earners (average for the year)," 15,994, given in other tables of this report. ² Combined to avoid disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises.

PERSONS ENGAGED

Persons engaged, by class and sex (Table 15).-Of the total number of persons employed in sand and gravel mining enterprises in 1929, only 573, or 2.9 per cent, were females. Salaried officers and employees numbered 3,672, or 18.4 per cent of the total.

TABLE 15.—PERSONS ENGAGED, BY SEX, FOR THE UNITED STATES: 1929

CLASS	Total	Male	Female	CLASS	Total	Male	Female
Total (all classes) Proprietors and firm members	19, 915 249	19, 342 241	The second s	Principal salaried officers of corporations Other salaried officers and employees Wage earners (average for the year)	2,704	914 2, 217 15, 970	54 487 24

Size of enterprises according to number of wage earners (Table 16).-This table classifies enterprises according to the numbers of wage earners employed. Only 49 enterprises, or 5.1 per cent, were in classes having more than 50 wage earners, and these employed 30.2 per cent of the total number. More than one-

half of all enterprises were in the class employing from 6 to 20 wage earners. These enterprises employed approximately one-third of the total number of wage earners and contributed over one-third of the total value of products.

TABLE 16.—CONDENSED SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO NUMBER OF WAGE EARNERS, FOR THE UNITED STATES AND FOR SELECTED STATES: 1929

	. 1	······					254			· · · · ·	<u> </u>
STATE AND NUMBER OF WAGE EARNERS PER ENTERPRISE	Num- ber of enter- prises	Num- ber of plants	Wage earners (average for the year) ²	Wages	Value of products	STATE AND NUMBER OF WAGE EARNERS PER ENTERPRISE	Num- ber of enter- prises ¹	Num- ber of plants	Wage earners (average for the year) ²	Wages	Value of products,
United States, total		1, 165	15, 994	\$22, 779, 984	\$102, 311, 914	Pennsylvania, total	46	54	1, 208	\$1, 821, 815	\$11, 002, 656
1 to 5 6 to 20 21 to 50 51 to 100 101 to 250 251 to 500 251 to 500	495	292 561 214 49 48 1	976 5, 216 4, 964 2, 175 } a 2, 663	1, 594, 404 7, 827, 143 6, 665, 381 3, 021, 472 3, 671, 584	8, 394, 483 34, 897, 567 28, 543, 520 11, 283, 530 19, 192, 814	1 to 5 6 to 20 21 to 50 51 to 100 101 to 250	10 21 10 1 4	10 21 12 1 10	42 249 824 } 8593	70, 474 360, 300 475, 601 915, 440	345, 952 1, 367, 429 2, 715, 240 6, 574, 085
Texas, total	41	55	1, 354	1, 458, 700	5, 424, 864	California, total	68	96	1, 153	1, 843, 622	7, 800, 188
1 to 5 6 to 20 21 to 50 51 to 100 101 to 250	16 3 3	2 18 22 5 8	<pre> * 200 470 * 684 </pre>	_220, 922 509, 101 728, 677	939, 967 1, 778, 505 2, 706, 392	1 to 5 6 to 20	20 34 11 2 1	22 35 15- 7 17	73 351 343 }\$ 386	119, 560 584, 207 518, 955 620, 900	698, 005 2, 529, 289 2, 134, 963 2, 437, 931
New York, total		69	1, 330	2, 437, 299	11, 304, 630	Obio, total	73	84	1, 103	1, 787, 498	6, 863, 579
1 to 5	0	25 31 6 5 1 1	81 257 179 3 813	150, 223 427, 379 298, 846 1, 560, 851	803, 163 2, 206, 927 1, 208, 520 7, 086, 020	1 to 5 6 to 20	21 36 13 2 1	22 42 16 8 1	86 352 436 } \$ 229	158, 188 581, 155 687, 755 860, 400	654, 215 2, 375, 430 2, 697, 714 1, 136, 220

See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—The Enterprise.
 See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—Persons Engaged.
 Combined to avoid disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises.

TABLE 16.—CONDENSED SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO NUMBER OF WAGE EARNERS, FOR THE UNITED STATES AND FOR SELECTED STATES: 1929—Continued

STATE AND NUMBER OF WAGE EARNERS PER ENTERPRISE	Num- ber of enter- prises ¹	Num- ber of plants	Wage earners (average for the year) ²	Wages	Value of products	STATE AND NUMBER OF WAGE EARNERS PER ENTERPRISE	Num- ber of enter- prises ¹	ber	Wage carners (average for the year) ²	Wages	Value of products
Michigan, total	57	68	1, 022	\$1, 468, 293	\$7, 030, 380	Maryland, total	10	11	591	\$690, 352	\$3, 780, 937
1 to 5 6 to 20 21 to 50 51 to 100 101 to 260	80 6 2	16 86 6 3 7	63 305 184 } 3470	101, 217 494, 766 254, 146 618, 164	531, 846 2, 146, 303 1, 322, 815 3, 029, 416	1 to 5	4.	1 3 3 4	} * 89 502	102, 696 587, 656	474, 338 3, 306, 599
Illinois, total	61	62	860	1, 399, 045	5, 576, 819	Missouri, total		85	566	729, 340	3, 516, 756
1 to 5 6 to 20 21 to 50 51 to 100	11 39 10 1	11 40 10 1	$\left. \begin{array}{c} 41 \\ 442 \\ 3 377 \end{array} \right\}$	59, 721 712, 733 626, 591	227, 245 2, 972, 724 2, 376, 850	1 to 5 6 to 20 21 to 50 51 to 100	6 16 9 1	7 17 10 1	$\left. \begin{array}{c} 21 \\ 184 \\ 3 \ 361 \end{array} \right\}$	27, 390 243, 892 458, 058	168, 147 1, 319, 745 2, 028, 864
Indiana, total	58	71	738	984, 331	4, 452, 720	New Jersey, total		41	505	793, 788	3, 696, 535
1 to 5 6 to 20 21 to 50 51 to 100	17	21 36 10 4	50 325 } 3354	85, 889 474, 403 424, 039	573, 224 2, 019, 062 1, 860, 434	1 to 5 6 to 20 21 to 50 51 to 100	17 6 2	8 21 7 5	26 157 } 322	45, 765 250, 496 497, 527	190, 241 2, 104, 224 1, 393, 070

See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—The Enterprise.
 See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—Persons Engaged.
 Combined to avoid disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises.

Prevailing hours of labor (Table 17).-Enterprises in which the prevailing hours per week for wage earners were 54 or more employed 13,555 wage earners, or 84.8 per cent of the total, and contributed 84.9 per

cent of the value of products for the industry. The 48-hour week prevailed in enterprises which employed 8 per cent of the wage earners and contributed 8.8 per cent of the total value of products.

TABLE 17.—CONDENSED SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO PREVAILING HOURS OF LABOR PER WEEK FOR WAGE EARNERS, FOR THE UNITED STATES AND FOR SELECTED STATES: 1929

STATE AND PREVAILING HOURS OF LABOR PER WEEK	Num- ber of enter- prises	Num- ber of plants	Wage earners (average for the year)	Wages	Value of products	STATE AND PREVAILING HOURS OF LABOR PER WEEK	Num- ber of enter- prises	Num- ber of plants	Wage earners (average for the year)	Wages	Value of products
United States, total	957	1, 165	15, 994	\$22, 779, 984	\$102, 311, 914	Ohio-Continued	- Copera		(4) - N. Ber	10.000	<u>41 - 7</u> 40 - 1
Under 25	1 7	1	} 157	63, 009	267, 581	Over 48 but under 54 54 and over but under 63 63 and over	8 52 8	8 61 4	51 852 52	\$90, 024 1, 358, 993 85, 902	\$384, 605 5, 207, 399 324, 704
25 and over but under 36 38 and over but under 40 40	2 14	2 17	1 286	445, 239	1, 365, 816	Michigan, total		68	1, 022	1, 468, 293	7, 030, 380
Over 40 but under 44 44 and over but under 48 48	199	2 28 165	} 1 339 1, 273	567, 750 2, 046, 528	2,096,275 9,035,111	25 and over but under 36 40	1 1	1	1 56	87.001	371, 636
Over 48 but under 54 54 and over but under 63 63 and over	53 658 71	63 787 102	484 11, 366 2, 189	613, 384 16, 199, 898 2, 844, 176	2, 647, 159 74, 222, 741 12, 677, 231	48 Over 48 but under 54 54 and over but under 63	$\frac{4}{2}$	4 2 49	} - 100 ∫ - 100 761	87, 921 1, 118, 120	
Texas, total	41	55	1, 354	1, 458, 700	5, 424, 864	63 and over	10	11	205	262, 252	5, 300, 984 1, 357, 760
25 and over but under 36 44 and over but under 48	12	12	} 123	22, 733	79, 870	Illinois, total 40 44 and over but under 48	61	62	860	1, 399, 045	5, 576, 819
48 54 and over but under 63 63 and over	3	3 43	1, 094	49, 200 1, 118, 740 268, 027	142,796 4,243,452	48	1 4	2	136 137	41, 715 65, 325	251, 182 284, 694
New York, total		6 69	201 1, 330	268, 027	958, 746 11, 304, 630	Over 48 but under 54 54 and over but under 63	52	2 53	787	1, 292, 005	5, 040, 948
44 and over but under 48	2	2 11	} i 131	229,663	1, 072, 429	Indiana, total	58	6	738	984, 331	4, 452, 720
Over 48 but under 54 54 and over but under 63	4	5	24 1, 175	27, 727 2, 179, 909	263, 936 9, 968, 265			22	1 186	293, 428	953, 422
Pennsylvania, total		54	1, 208	1, 821, 815	11, 002, 656	Over 48 but under 54. 54 and over but under 63 63 and over	1 43 6	1 53 7	460 112	574, 070 116, 833	2, 945, 078 554, 220
40 44 and over but under 48 48	$\begin{array}{c} 1\\ 2\\ 1\end{array}$	1 2 1	} 191	127, 837	236, 646	Maryland, total	. 10	11	591	690, 352	3, 780, 937
Over 48 but under 54 54 and over but under 63 63 and over	4 34 4	4 40 6	23 784 810	31, 590 1, 220, 369 442, 019	114, 978 9, 154, 981 1, 496, 056	25 and over but under 36 54 and over but under 63 63 and over	1 6 3	1 7 3	1 591	690, 352	3, 780, 937
California, total	68	96	1, 153	1, 843, 622	7, 800, 188	Missouri, total	82	35	566	729, 340	3, 516, 750
36 and over but under 40 44 and over but under 48	1 1 34	1 2 40	} 1 439	685, 048	3, 162, 095	48 54 and over but under 63 63 and over	3 27 2	$\begin{array}{c} 4\\29\\2\end{array}$	61 } 1505	70, 875 658, 465	181, 092 3, 335, 664
Over 48 but under 54 54 and over but under 63 63 and over	ī	30 32 18	1 714	1, 158, 574	4, 638, 093	New Jersey, total	33	41	505	793, 788	3, 696, 53/
Ohio, total	73	84	1, 103	1, 787, 498	6, 863, 579	40 showed state of the state of 44 and over but under 48		1	} 1 45	77, 950	174, 79
Over 40 but under 44 44 and over but under 48 48	2 1 7	2 1 8	} ¹ 100 48	176, 401 76, 178	587, 109 269, 762	Over 48 but under 54 54 and over but under 63	4	8 6 28	19 67 374	37, 950 81, 440 596, 448	222, 77 279, 31 3, 019, 65

¹ Combined to avoid disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises.

SAND AND GRAVEL

TABLE 18.-WAGE EARNERS, BY MONTHS, BY STATES: 1929

[The month of maximum employment is indicated by bold-faced figures and that of minimum employment by italic figures]

	Average number		NU	MBER EM	PLOYED O	N 15TH D.	AY OF MC	ONTH OR 1	NEAREST	REPRESEI	TATIVE D	AY	1.12	Per cent
STATE	em- ployed during year	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	mum is of max- imum
United States	15, 994	11,847	11, 636	13, 854	16, 716	17, 677	18, 367	18, 676	18, 677	18, 383	18, 013	15, 812	12, 768	60.8
Individual States A labama A rizona Arkansas California Colorado	304 34 286 1, 153 69	207 36 256 1,226 51	214 37 211 1, 296 51	287 36 231 1, 284 57	306 33 254 1, 211 84	338 34 246 1,132 77	343 32 289 1, 104 92	354 33 298 1, 096 83	358 34 310 1, 141 83	332 35 365 1,116 69	321 43 350 1,123 68	307 32 316 1,051 61	282 <i>26</i> 310 1,053 52	58. 1 60. 5 57. 8 81. 1 55. 4
Connecticut Florida. Georgia. Illinois. Indiana.	55 112 62 860 738	30 85 <i>64</i> <i>588</i> 459	29 80 57 412 482	48 106 62 649 631	65 105 61 971 798	71 99 64 1,066 892	82 91 65 1, 119 936	73 104 70 1,076 980	67 126 63 1,058 949	68 124 62 1,093 917	59 146 57 1,054 805	40 139 59 878 014	31 139 66 551 <i>411</i>	35.4 54.8 77.1 34.7 42.8
Iowa Kansas Kentucky Louislana Maryland	394 236 249 439 591	153 137 165 568 536	166 155 167 375 540	246 212 187 415 568	403 248 271 408 594	406 268 293 409 619	530 275 301 435 627	557 290 300 467 627	584 290 296 454 620	544 266 282 448 620	516 261 274 501 609	385 234 255 495 581	196 193 192 498 547	27.1 47.2 54.8 73.5 85.5
Massachusetts Michigan Minnesota Missouri Montana	243 566	187 382 85 198 9	141 429 92 <i>193</i> 21	$171 \\ 685 \\ 135 \\ 451 \\ 69$	221 1, 253 262 580 61	248 1,378 329 678 73	239 1, 455 362 670 96	249 1, 461 378 716 75	238 1, 417 339 744 38	247 1, 358 324 717 67	245 1, 281 312 713 60	222 835 208 045 44	189 <i>\$26</i> 94 475 13	55. 0 22. 3 22. 5 25. 9 9. 4
Nebraska New Jersey New York North Carolina	142 505 1, 330 130 1, 103	27 408 1,031 126 761	42 452 1,012 125 762	88 510 1,151 136 899	131 546 1, 413 138 1, 147	148 540 1,447 135 1,200	176 539 1, 400 137 1, 259	188 526 1,552 133 1,283	200 526 1, 517 132 1, 334	205 489 1, 502 129 1, 302	206 504 1,450 128 1,274	176 494 1, 313 122 1, 119	113 462 1,079 <i>1,21</i> 893	13.1 82.8 65.2 87.7 57.0
Oklahoma Oregon Pennesylvania Tennessee Texas	231 141 1, 208 495 1, 354	196 117 967 586 1,108	201 119 968 398 1, 182	228 134 1,003 445 1,320	237 147 1, 123 526 1, 371	235 140 1,233 524 1,378	242 150 1, 411 537 1, 333	244 159 1, 406 544 1, 362	244 156 1, 380 552 1, 440	242 162 1, 352 555 1, 458	248 149 1, 370 557 1, 494	$239 \\ 132 \\ 1,226 \\ 504 \\ 1,411$	211 122 1,057 416 1,393	79.0 72.2 68.5 69.3 74.2
Utah Virginia. Washington. West Virginia. Wisconsin	27 181 166 337 390	23 170 129 294 130	20 170 136 297 151	24 174 , 153 317 245	28 188 158 329 438	85 196 190 347 504	39 196 181 345 525	38 181 205 348 538	34 191 197 355 546	27 175 196 360 532	22 174 176 365 497	21 182 160 843 409	17 178 111 340 164	43. 6 86. 7 54. 1 80. 5 24. 9
Groups of States								÷.,						
Idaho, 1 enterprise; Nev., 1; N. Me., 2 h.; Wyo, 1 Me., 2 h.; N. H., 4; R. I., 2; Vt., 1. Miss., 12 ent.; S. O., 6 N. Dak., 1 ent.; S. Dak., 3.	42 138 353 45	22 67 362 5	27 76 345 δ	81 100 349 17	45 141 382 39	59 178 354 45	65 176 356 58	56 193 378 75	51 179 385 71	40 173 358 72	36 153 339 73	40 130 338 52	28 85 <i>303</i> 31	33.8 84.7 78.7 6.7

383

GENERAL TABLES

Tables 19 and 20 present in detail, for 1929, statistics relating to the sand and gravel industry for the United States as a whole and for each State | reported by individual enterprises.

for which separate figures can be given without disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data

TABLE 19.-CONSUMPTION OF FUEL AND ELECTRIC ENERGY, BY STATES: 1929

				FUEL AND	ELECTRIC ENE	RGY CONSUM	ED		
	· .			Fuel		• • •		Electric	energy
STATE	c	loal				G	as		Generated by
	Anthra- cite, tons (2,240 pounds)	Bituminous, tons (2,000 pounds)	Coke, tons (2,000 pounds)	Fuel oils, gallons	Gasoline and kerosene, gallons	Manufac- tured, M cubic feet	Natural, M cubic feet	Purchased, kilowatt-hours	enterprises reporting, kilowatt- hours
United States	3, 804	601, 588	133	16, 911, 461	5, 811, 573	52, 560	82, 213	237, 679, 291	7, 594, 82
Individual States Labama rizona. rkansas. Jalifornia. Jolorado	1,800	1 .		64, 053 766, 200 3, 061, 139	6, 821 11, 070 123, 351 604, 531 21, 578			1, 205, 400 599, 472 2, 183, 785 23, 225, 902 1, 074, 909	138,00
Jonnectiout Florida Jeorgia Illinois ndiana	10 11	1, 650 8, 250 2, 799 67, 961 36, 499			11, 614 155, 114 48, 452 274, 780 62, 907			774, 404 1, 046, 550 262, 000 15, 772, 267 23, 052, 671	217, 00 1, 061, 75
owa. Kansas. Contucky. Jouislana. Maryland.		14, 236 2, 306 26, 832 7, 885 31, 139	5	21, 361 40, 255 77, 610 1, 354, 119 604, 800	171, 715 110, 673 99, 400 41, 792 97, 762			11, 915, 091 5, 950, 224 738, 200 10, 819, 063 3, 196, 510	
Viassachusetts Vichigan Vinnesota Vissouri Vontana	63b 9	2, 026 42, 264 8, 067 38, 216 286	46	46, 251 768, 026 15, 248 49, 494 6, 564			6, 080	21, 060, 994 4, 885, 750	55, 00
Nebraska. New Jorsey. New York. North Carolina. Dhio	- 6 7 304		22	2,000 709,228 940,169 12,902 251,520	390, 325 487, 427 50, 290		564	6, 624, 681 4, 677, 469 15, 722, 612 864, 875 22, 606, 557	60, 00 900, 00
)klahoma Dregon Pennasylvania Cennassee Pexas	16	65, 160 29, 352	10	406, 003 630, 190 882, 068 236, 491 4, 617, 530	80, 801 233, 356 84, 911		45, 864	2, 815, 850 2, 370, 790 16, 383, 867 2, 941, 083 8, 282, 242	2, 978, 10
Jtah Jirginia. Washington West Virginia. Wisconsin.		12, 249 2 28, 575		17, 400 619, 139 61, 120 28, 080	81, 967 16, 943	12,840		- 490, 638 - 1, 891, 350 - 4, 044, 675 - 834, 410 - 7, 982, 962	33, 3
Groups of States Idaho, 1 enterprise; Nev., 1; N. Mex., 1; Wyo., 1 Me., 2 enterprises; N. H., 4; R. I., 2; Vt., 1 Miss., 12 enterprises; S. C., 6 N. Dak., 1 enterprise; S. Dak., 3		1, 113 12, 738 900		259, 629	15, 767 51, 800 114, 820 141, 608	}			

SAND AND GRAVEL

TABLE 20.-DETAILED STATISTICS FOR THE INDUSTRY, BY STATES: 1929

[This table presents statistics separately for each State for which figures can be given without disclosing data for individual enterprises]

			PERSONS ENGAGED IN INDUSTRY PRINCIPAL EXPENSES OF OPERATION													
an a	enterprises 1	ß							Sal	aries and v	· · · · ·		Cost of a	supplies, fu		
STATE	Number of enter	Number of plants	Total (all classes)	Proprietors and members	Principal salaried of- ficers of corporations	Other salaried offi- cers and employees	Wage earners (aver- age for the year)	Total	Principal officers of corpora- tions	Other salaried officers and em- ployees	Wage earners	Con- tract work	Supplies	Fuel	Pur- chased electric energy	Value of products
United States	957	1, 165	19, 915	249	968	2, 704	15, 994	\$54, 678, 519	\$4, 827, 487	\$5, 918, 757	\$22, 779, 984	\$324, 718	\$11, 916, 672	\$3, 989, 503	\$4, 921, 398	\$102, 311, 914
Individual States												1.1				
Alabama Arizona Arkansas Oalifornia Colorado	10 4 16 68 3	13 4 16 96 10	357 48 350 1, 560 89	8 22	11 4 18 55 4	39 10 38 330 16	304 34 286 1, 153 69	590, 940 134, 025 809, 256 4, 206, 304 228, 277	53, 800 16, 975 89, 011 256, 779 22, 600	86, 584 22, 735 76, 074 808, 021 32, 069	245, 006 52, 672 351, 846 1, 843, 622 108, 161	11, 107	100, 473 20, 535 161, 397 731, 157 31, 767	84, 337 3, 109 76, 539 165, 567 2, 500	20, 680 17, 999 54, 389 390, 051 30, 280	1, 302, 754 342, 732 1, 572, 059 7, 800, 188 325, 415
Oonneetleut Florida Georgia Illinois Indiana	10 9 5 61 58	$ \begin{array}{c} 11 \\ 9 \\ 5 \\ 62 \\ 71 \end{array} $	81 134 82 1, 103 923	3 3 9 16	5 6 64 37	18 17 11 170 132	55 112 62 860 738	198, 055 273, 143 120, 765 3, 517, 512 2, 435, 106	26, 720 16, 180 14, 463 383, 596 138, 703	27, 680 33, 316 14, 346 378, 538 330, 324	87, 038 105, 709 46, 056 1, 399, 045 984, 331	115 51, 875 36, 553	20, 553 43, 572 18, 986 627, 256 406, 781	12, 394 45, 277 20, 346 356, 704 130, 605	21, 670 28, 974 6, 568 320, 498 407, 809	383, 301 490, 381 172, 087 5, 576, 819 4, 452, 720
lowa Kansas Kentucky Louisiana Maryland	38 27 11 17 10	39 35 12 18 11	532 334 306 512 709	19 15 1 1 3	38 16 16 24 18	81 67 40 48 97	394 236 249 439 591	1, 391, 629 1, 205, 190 748, 052 1, 336, 400 2, 719, 973	151, 213 71, 827 63, 640 118, 800 125, 585	160, 817 145, 214 76, 846 102, 490 206, 830	506, 690 361, 258 346, 963 442, 098 690, 352	2, 538 350 7, 831 1, 000	268, 876 452, 363 143, 226 340, 676 21, 421, 625	98, 483 24, 861 98, 767 116, 496 191, 682	208, 012 149, 317 12, 780 214, 840 83, 899	2, 240, 638 1, 776, 014 1, 347, 598 2, 031, 239 3, 780, 937
Massachusetts Michigan Minnesota Missouri Montana		27 68 29 35 4	289 1, 222 335 667 65	12 19 5 4 1	11 57 29 38 3	54 124 58 59 9	212 1, 022 243 560 52	774, 107 3, 516, 030 1, 096, 214 1, 623, 349 206, 335	34, 315 276, 222 166, 263 90, 564 10, 744	117, 444 249, 462 147, 075 100, 618 21, 875	389, 331 1, 468, 293 413, 781 729, 340 89, 046	3, 228 21, 211 3, 815 726	106, 168 774, 570 205, 403 400, 133 56, 132	59, 044 318, 199 60, 175 155, 280 12, 082	64, 577 408, 073 99, 702 77, 682 16, 956	1,816,481 7,030,380 2,041,467 3,516,756 409,198
Nebraska New Jersey New York North Carolina Ohlo	18 33 62 6 73	40 41 69 6 84	194 643 1, 596 151 1, 341	4 6 14 2 13	9 38 75 6 66	39 94 177 13 159	142 505 1, 330 130 1, 103	$\begin{array}{r} 729,707\\ 1,789,903\\ 5,303,983\\ 237,706\\ 3,840,879\end{array}$	40,900 127,367 800,965 14,500 284,966	94, 895 192, 184 407, 852 21, 635 341, 368	299, 258 793, 788 2, 437, 299 110, 838 1, 787, 498	5, 490 54, 895 8, 074 19, 967	105, 300 369, 769 862, 156 43, 419 749, 158	29, 652 101, 155 359, 939 28, 769 210, 858	154, 212 150, 745 367, 698 18, 551 447, 064	1, 680, 139 3, 696, 535 11, 304, 630 349, 923 6, 863, 579
Oklahoma Oregon Pennsylvania Tennessee Texas		36 21 54 22 55	307 191 1, 479 611 1, 592	2 11 4 13 17	17 13 66 23 63	57 26 201 80 158	231 141 1, 208 495 1, 354	$\begin{array}{r} 850,500\\ 475,776\\ 4,064,387\\ 1,425,888\\ 3,006,493\end{array}$	183, 032 52, 140 337, 853 88, 053 317, 654	92, 620 54, 000 472, 528 158, 888 312, 133	298, 563 214, 590 1, 821, 815 582, 213 1, 458, 700	20, 951 3, 290 9, 106	129, 548 77, 195 822, 961 2402, 778 21, 000, 153	57, 582 40, 146 283, 507 110, 035 304, 821	95, 160 37, 705 304, 772 72, 131 203, 926	1, 579, 431 1, 102, 087 11, 002, 656 2, 136, 524 5, 424, 864
Utah Virginia. Washington West Virginia. Wisconsin	3 8 21 17 48	4 9 31 21 57	43 216 216 405 542	 3 1 9	8 13 14 20 54	13 22 33 47 89	27 181 166 337 390	89, 558 455, 479 671, 738 938, 902 1, 616, 080	8,900 50,380 55,775 71,000 184,730	10, 237 49, 369 76, 615 93, 068 170, 146	39, 115 212, 054 272, 640 488, 501 686, 289	21, 551 2, 278 29, 366	18, 159 54, 822 124, 483 170, 570 268, 392	59, 068 56, 806 86, 436 81, 534	13, 147 29, 786 63, 868 27, 049 195, 623	254, 998 678, 562 1, 096, 116 1, 613, 869 2, 762, 357
Groups of States													•		1	, ¹ .
Idaho, 1 enterprise; Nev., 1; N. Mex., 1; Wyo., 1 Me, 2 ent.; N. H., 4; R. I., 2; Vt., 1 Miss., 12 ent.; S. O., 6 N. Dak., 1 ent.; S. Dak., 8.	4 9 18 4	5 10 21 4	53 155 428 55	5 1	4 20 5	12 54 5	42 138 353 45	166, 792 331, 064 806, 675 142, 347	7, 800 51, 072 22, 400	15, 926 24, 065 110, 698 13, 272	56, 981 204, 398 296, 635 58, 111	1, 500 7, 901	71, 367 64, 565 186, 766 8, 474	3, 080 11, 466 87, 029 38, 167	11, 638 25, 070 66, 574 1, 923	263, 554 566, 730 1, 226, 347 300, 849

¹ See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—The Enterprise. ¹ Includes data for major additions and improvements to plants in certain instances. These represent capital expenditures and should not have been reported as oper ating expenses under "Supplies."

TABLE 20.-DETAILED STATISTICS FOR THE INDUSTRY, BY STATES: 1929-Continued

• [See note at head of this table] is the second in the region of the second second second second second second

· · · · · · ·	Machin- ery and	P.	RIME MOVI	ERS ANI) ELECTRIC	<u> </u>	S DRIVE	N BY PU	JRCHASED	ENERG	¥	TORS	RIC MO- DRIVEN		
	other equip-			1.54	Prime n	lovers					c motors	GENE	NERGY RATED NTER-		RIC GEN
STATE	ment pur- chased during the year	Aggregate horse- power	horse-	Stear	n engines	Steam	turbines	Intern bustion	nal-com- n engines		by pur- 1 energy	PRISES	REPORT- NG	-	
	(total cost)	3, 766 3 516, 745 2 4, 949	power of prime movers	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Kilo- watts
United States	\$7, 173, 766	3 516, 745	³ 231, 097	1, 653	158, 150	10	740	1, 125	72, 207	7,732	285, 648	212	6, 591	42	3, 82
Individual States															
labama rizona	17,620	972	3, 694 40	33	2, 936			6 1	758 40	16 34	1, 255 932				
rkansasalifornia	164, 644 281, 217	7,004 45,215	4, 681 10, 361	32 44	8, 418 5, 132	 		16 88 3	1,263 5,229	58 1, 153	2, 323 34, 854	7	170	2	īi
oloradoolorado	52,000	1,738	170					1.1	170	83	1, 568				
lorida	44,077 9,165 7,200	2,866 3,907	790 2, 679	10 8	690 1,005		è	4 28	100 1,674	89 41	2, 076 1, 228		433	3	24
eorgia linois idiana	7, 392 324, 306 306, 656	1, 129 35, 954 31, 470	729 16, 563 10, 923	3 109 82	375 13, 019	1	J 10	9 57	354 3, 534	8 429	400 19,391	5	355	. 1	25
wa	202, 736	15,907	4, 560	84 29	10, 082 2, 590	******		16	841	488	20, 547				
n n sas	108, 110 56, 199	9,223 7,309	1, 545 6, 067	7 59	2, 350 470 4, 417	1	50	33 13 24 31	1,970 1,075	359 123	11, 347 7, 678			1	4
entucky Duisiana aryland	128,066 206,431	13,898 10,039	5, 462 6, 021	18 83	2, 730 5, 521	4	150	31 5	1,600 2,732 350	32 102 99	1, 242	3	. 110 .	I	6
assachusetts	184, 441	6,676	3, 483	16	742	14 15	100	43	2,741	124	4,018	23	465	2	36
ichigan innesota	450, 881 282, 571 276, 599	37, 633 10, 559	16, 318 3, 618	78 38	$12, 132 \\ 2, 753$			72 20	4, 186	522 226	3, 193 21, 315 6, 941	19	550 60	3	40 5
issouri ontana	276, 599 90, 702	16, 332 2, 350	10, 685 1, 110	98 11	7, 462 810	ىكىتىتىڭ ئەقلىمەند		40 11	3, 223 300	195 24	5, 647				
ebraska ew Jersey	110, 697 254, 551	9, 127	1, 997	16	915			- 16	1 089	116	7, 130		••••••		
ew York. orth Carolina	204, 001 718, 694 20, 984	15,017 43,256 2,000	6, 529 22, 244 1, 315	60 124	3, 013 17, 350	2	125	53 83	3, 516 4, 769	280 552	8,488 21,012	6	40 115	2 2	5 12
aio	455, 601	40, 886	1, 316	12 131	820 14, 582			11 48	495 3,157	21 606	685 23, 147	12	580	4	
rlahoma	51, 910 53, 383	7, 864 5, 458	3, 215	7 18	1, 135 1, 000			21	2, 080	87	4, 649				
nnsylvania	871, 261 386, 757	43,717 12,485	2, 295 22, 205 7, 737	178 70	16, 313 5, 402	1	400	25 56	1, 295 5, 492	113 588	3,163 21,512	46	2, 435		98
as	434, 813	22, 520	14, 648	93	7, 275		5	18 132	2, 330 7, 373	97 272	4,748 7,872	10 20	250 610	1	80 32
ah rginia	27, 191 12, 872	846 3, 745	1, 975	26	1, 885			2		38	846				
rginia ashington est Virginia	119, 891 107, 763 197, 692	8, 381 6, 014	1, 975 2, 700 4, 370	21 53	1, 465 3, 447			20 20	90 1, 235	84 110	1, 770 5, 681	5	40	2	3
ISCONSIN	197, 692	18, 082	5, 528	37	2, 793			20 63	923 2, 735	59 421	1, 644 12, 554	17	378		14
Groups of States aho, 1 enterprise; Nev., 1; N.	•				:					r					
Mex., 1; WyO., 1 Mex., 1; WyO., 1 e., 20nt.; N. H., 4; R. I., 2; Vt., 1 iss., 12 ent.; S. O., 6 Dak., 1 ent.; S. Dak., 3	10, 226	1, 203	155					3	155	31	1.049		-	1. N.	La chi
iss., 12 ent.; S. C., 6	56, 483 66, 962 22, 222	2,749 7,498	975 5, 301	12 31	780 3, 451			7	195 1,850	07 30	1,048 1,774 2,197				
, 1 0100, D. Dak, 0	22, 222	767	670	6	240			11	430	30 5	2, 197 97				

MINES AND QUARRIES—PHOSPHATE ROCK

Scope of the report.-This report gives the results of the census of mines and quarries for 1929 for the phosphate-rock mining industry. It shows the progress of the industry by comparison of the results of the census for 1929 with those for the last three preceding censuses of mines and quarries; the geographic distribution of the industry by States; the size of operating enterprises; power equipment, by kind, number, and capacity; time in operation for enterprises and length of working week for wage earners; the numbers of persons engaged in the industry, classified as proprietors and firm members, salaried officers and employees, and wage earners; fuel consumption, by kind. It includes

TABLE 1.-PHOSPHATE ROCK MINED, AND SOLD OR USED BY PRODUCERS, BY STATES: 1929 1

	MINED		USED BY UCERS
STATE .	Quantity (tons, 2,240 pounds)	Quantity (tons, 2,240 pounds)	Value
United States, total	3, 821, 840	3, 760, 855	\$13, 153, 259
Florida, total	. 3, 125, 941	3,088,298	9, 901, 074
Hard rock Land pebble		72, 424 3, 015, 874	267, 218 9, 633, 850
Tennessee, total	- 653, 265	633, 939	8, 097, 104
Brown and blue rock	- 653, 265	633, 939	3, 097, 104
Western States 2	42, 634	38, 618	155, 081
	1		

a table presenting statistics in detail for the United States as a whole and for those States for which separate figures can be given without disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises.

Differences in the value of products as reported by the Bureau of the Census and the Bureau of Mines .-The Bureau of Mines figures for value of products relate to the value of phosphate rock sold or used by producers and not the total value of phosphate rock mined during the year. The differences in quantities produced are accounted for by differences in the figures reported by individual enterprises to the two bureaus.

TABLE 2.-COMPARISON OF PRODUCTION AS REPORTED BY BUREAU OF THE CENSUS AND BY BUREAU OF MINES, FOR THE UNITED STATES: 1929

		·		···
	BUREAU OF	THE CENSUS	BUREAU C	F MINES 1
STATE .	Phosphate	rock mined	Phosphate rock	Phosphate
	Quantity (tons, 2,240 pounds)	Value	mined, quantity (tons, 2,240 pounds)	rock sold or used, ⁹ value
United States	3, 828, 623	\$13, 043, 769	3, 821, 840	\$13, 153, 259
Florida Tennessee Other States ³	3, 189, 842 645, 804 42, 977	0, 714, 645 3, 128, 760 200, 364	3, 125, 941 653, 265 42, 634	9,901,074 3,097,104 165,081

¹ Mineral Resources of the United States, 1929. ² Number of tons sold or used, 3,780,855. ³ Idaho and Wyoming, and in addition data for Montana are included in figures of Bureau of Mines.

¹ U. S. Bureau of Mines, Mineral Resources of the United States: 1929. ² Idaho, Montana, and Wyoming.

TABLE 3.-SUMMARY FOR THE UNITED STATES: 1902-1929

	1929	1919	1909	1902		NT OF INCREASE (
and an			an an an Anna an Anna Anna an Anna Anna Anna		1919-1929	1909–1919	1902-1909
Number of enterprises 1	26 33	48 69	71 153	87 115	(³) (2)	(1) -54.9	⁽³⁾ 33. 0
Persons engaged, total	3, 508	4, 761	8, 260		-26.3	-42.4	
Proprietors and firm members. Salaried officers and employees ⁴ Wage earners (average for the year) ⁸	2 305 3, 201	14 374 4, 373	17 370 7,873	(³) 391 5,971	(*) 18.4 26.8	(?) 1, 1 44. 5	5.4 31.9
Power equipment, total horsepower	104, 146	49, 639	50, 526	14, 229	109.8	-1.8	255, 1
Principal expenses, total ⁴	\$7, 629, 242	\$8, 806, 887	\$6, 317, 525	\$3, 242, 113	-13, 4	39. 4	94, 9
Salaries 4 Wages Contract work Supplies and materials Fuel Purchased electric energy	20, 936 1, 542, 887 891, 358	761, 423 3, 900, 966 163, 696 2, 161, 501 1, 739, 833 79, 468	590, 990 3, 215, 661 251, 849 898, 657 1, 360, 368	355,204 1,930,093 187,402 799,414	$\begin{array}{r} 2, 2 \\ -15, 3 \\ -87, 2 \\ -28, 6 \\ -48, 8 \\ 1, 274, 2 \end{array}$	28. 8 21. 3 35. 0 140. 5 33. 7	60. 4 66. 6 60. 0 182, 6
Value of products *	13, 043, 769	10, 300, 198	10, 781, 192	4, 922, 943	26, 6	-4.5	119,0

¹ See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—The Enterprise. ² Per cent not computed where base is less than 100.

* Not reported. * Includes data for salaried officers and employees of "Central Administrative" offices.

See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—Persons Engaged.
 See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—Expenses,
 See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—Value of Products.

127185-33-26

TABLE 4.-SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO QUANTITY OF PRODUCT: 1929

				e Victoria						HORSE RATIN POWER ME	IG OF EQUIP-	AVER.	AGE PEI	I TON	
QUANTITY OF FRODUCT PER ENTERPRISE (tons, 2,240 pounds)	Num- ber of enter- prises		(average	Wages	Cost of supplies	Oost of fuel	Cost of purchased electric energy	Phosphate rock mined, tons (2,240 pounds)	Value of products	Prime	Electric motors drìven by pur- chased energy	Wages	Sup- plies, fuel, and pur- chased electric energy	Value of prod- ucts	Tons per wage earner
Total	26	33	3, 201	\$3, 303, 940	\$1, 542, 887	\$891, 358	\$1, 092, 084	3, 828, 623	\$13, 043, 769	46, 518	57, 628	\$0.86	\$0.92	\$3, 41	1, 198
Less than 5,000 5,000 to 9,999	2 2 5 3 5 4 3 2	2 2 5 4 5 7 3	<pre> 1 40 129 270 661 631 1,461 </pre>	38, 128 100, 525 262, 060 585, 209 036, 289 1, 678, 729	6, 691 25, 171 104, 769 122, 103 214, 061 1, 070, 032	5, 575 12, 154 32, 029 123, 113 158, 007 560, 480	3, 321 17, 849 31, 229 78, 251 195, 471 765, 943	20, 642 81, 066 125, 778 361, 401 630, 220 2, 609, 516	96, 275 365, 136 535, 724 1, 934, 958 2, 307, 456 7, 804, 220	595 835 625 1, 954 10, 075 32, 434	93 1, 400 1, 249 3, 577 11, 192 40, 117	1.85 1.24 2.08 1.63 1.01 0.64	0.76 0.68 1.34 0.90 0.90 0.90 0.92	4, 66 4, 50 4, 26 5, 35 3, 66 2, 99	516 028 451 547 999 1, 786

¹ Combined to avoid disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises.

TABLE 5.—CONDENSED SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO VALUE OF PRODUCTS, FOR SELECTED STATES: 1929

	Num-		Wage		VALUE PRODUC			Num-	Num-	Wage	94 1949-14	VALUE PRODUC	
STATE AND VALUE OF PROD- UCTS PER ENTERPRISE	ber of enter- prises	Num- ber of mines	earners (average for the year)	Wages	Amount	Per cent of total	STATE AND VALUE OF PROD- UCTS FER ENTERPRISE	ber of enter- prises		earners (average for the year)	Wages	Amount	Per cent of total
United States, total	26	33	3, 201	\$3, 303, 940	\$13, 043, 769	100. 0	Florida— Continued , \$500,000 to \$999,999		1	3			
Less than \$20,000	$\frac{2}{3}$	2 3	} 1 47	42, 834	125, 264	1.0	\$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999 \$2,500,000 to \$4,999,999	4	9 1	1 1, 605	\$1, 833, 760	\$8, 546, 548	88.0
\$50,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999	3	3 5 8	77 825	59,986 297,893	206, 424 665, 447	1.6 5.1	Tennessee, total	12	12	1, 189	1, 010, 322	3, 128, 760	100.0
\$250,000 to \$499,999 \$500,000 to \$199,999 \$1,000,000 to \$2,499,999	24	29	} ¹ 1, 292 } 1 1, 460	1, 224, 498 1, 678, 729	4, 242, 414	32.5 59.8	\$20,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$99,999	2 2	2 2 2	} 1 296	215, 569	514, 616	10.4
\$2,500,000 to \$4,999,999	1	1) -1-000				\$100,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$499,999 \$500,000 to \$999,999	2 5	2 5 1	1.893	794, 753	2, 614, 144	83.6
Florida, total	11	18	1,936	2, 180, 750	9, 714, 645	100. 0			-	ľ			
\$20,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$499,999	1	1 1 2 3	1 331	346, 990	1, 168, 097	12.0						sela la sub est la constanta de la la constanta de la la constanta de la	

¹ Combined to avoid disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises.

TABLE 6.-NUMBER AND RATED CAPACITY OF PRIME MOVERS, MOTORS, AND GENERATORS, FOR ENTER-PRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO TOTAL RATING OF POWER EQUIPMENT: 1929

TYPE	Total, all	EN	FERFRIS	ES IND	EQUIPME IVIDUAL RSEPOW	LY RE-	TTPE	Total,	ENT	ERPRIS	ES IND	QUIPMEI IVIDUALI RSEPOWI	Y RE-
LITD	sizes	Less than 250	250 to 499	500 to 2,499 1	2,500 to 9,999 \$	10,000 to 24,999		all sizes	Less than 250	250 to 499	500 to 2,499 1	2,500 to 9,999 2	10,000 to 24,999
Number of enterprises reporting power equipment. Prime movers and electric motors driven by purchased energy, aggre- gate horsepower.	26 104, 146	5 618	3 1, 075	9 8, 635	5 30, 784	4	Prime movers and electric motors, etcContinued. Horsepower rating of inactive prime movers, included above. Electric motors driven by pur-	13, 368				2, 325	11, 043
Prime movers, total horsepower Steam engines—	46, 518	305	1,075	2, 629	10, 075	32, 434	chased energy	901 57, 828	12 313		171 6, 006	807 20, 709	411 30, 600
Number Horsepower Steam turbines—	68 7, 370	250 250	9 1, 075	32 2, 629	18 2, 500	916	Electric motors driven by energy generated by enterprises reporting: Number	355	•••••	···		29	326
Number Horsepower Internal-combustion en- gines-	15 37, 268	**			5,750	10 31, 518	Horsepower Electric generators: Number	30,966 14				1, 662 10	29, 304 4
Number Horsepower	9 1, 880	2 55			7 1, 825	9111911 F7F5FFF	Kilowatts	22,722				5, 222	17, 500

¹ Includes the group "1,000 to 2,499."

* Includes the group "5,000 to 9,999."

PHOSPHATE ROCK

TABLE 7.—CONDENSED SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO NUMBER OF DAYS IN OPERATION IN 1929, FOR THE UNITED STATES

days in operation	Num- ber of enter- prises	Num- ber of mines	Wage earners, Dec.14 or nearest represen- tative day	Wages	Value of products	DAYS IN OPERATION	Num- ber of enter- prises	Num- ber of mines	Wage earners, Dec.14 or nearest represen- tative day	Wages	Value of products
Total	26	33	1 3, 294	\$3, 303, 940	\$13, 043, 769	250 to 299 300 and over	7	10 15	724 2. 184	\$751, 922 2, 163, 849	\$2, 838, 046 9, 291, 168
50 to 74 150 to 199 200 to 249	1 8 4	1 3 4	} 2 386	388, 169	914, 555	300 BIR OVEL	11	10	2, 101	2, 100, 840	8, 201, 100

¹ This total differs from that for "Wage earners (average for the year)," 3201, given in other tables of this report. See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—Persons Engaged. ² Combined to avoid disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises.

TABLE 8.—CONDENSED SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO NUMBER OF WAGE EARNERS, FOR THE UNITED STATES AND FOR SELECTED STATES: 1929

STATE AND NUMBER OF WAGE EARNERS PER ENTERPRISE	Num- ber of enter-	ber of	EARI (avera	GE NERS ige for year)	Wages	Value of products	STATE AND NUMBER OF WAGE EARNERS PER ENTERPRISE	Num- ber of enter-	ber of	EAR (aver	GE NERS age for year)	Wages	Value of products
	prises	mines	Num- ber	Per cent of total		products		prises	mines	Num- ber	Per cent of total		
United States, total 1 to 5 6 to 20 21 to 50 51 to 100 101 to 250 261 to 500	1	33 5 3 6 14 4	3, 201 } 1 53 115 379 1, 619 1, 035	100.0 1.7 3.6 11.8 50.6 32:3	\$3, 303, 940 52, 168 86, 485 394, 843 1, 628, 574 1, 141, 870	\$13, 043, 769 226, 009 235, 402 1, 372, 941 5, 604, 823 5, 544, 594	Florida—Continued. 101 to 250 261 to 500 Tennessee, total 6 to 20 21 to 50 51 to 100	5 3 12 2 3 3	10 4 12 2 3 3	826 1,035 1,189 } 1 135 260	42.6 53.5 100.0 11.4 21.0	\$966, 604 1, 141, 870 1, 010, 322 104, 594 243, 758	\$3, 887, 896 5, 544, 594 3, 128, 760 348, 693 1, 003, 140
Florida, total 6 to 20 51 to 100	11 2 1	18 2 2	1,936 } 175	100. 0 3. 9	2, 180, 750 72, 276	9, 714, 645 282, 155	101 to 250	• 4		794	66.8	661, 970	1, 776, 927

¹ Combined to avoid disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises.

TABLE 9.—CONDENSED SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO PREVAILING HOURS OF LABOR PER WEEK, FOR THE UNITED STATES AND FOR SELECTED STATES: 1929

STATE AND PREVAILING HOURS OF LABOR PER WEEK	Num- ber of enter- prises	Num- ber of mines	Wage earners (aver- age for the year)	Wages	Value of products	STATE AND PREVAILING HOURS OF LABOR PER WEEK	Num- ber of enter- prises	Num- ber of mines	Wage earners (aver- age for the year)	Wages	Value of products
United States, total	26	33	8, 201	\$3, 303, 940	\$13, 043, 769	Tennessee, total	12	12	1, 189	\$1, 010, 322	\$3, 128, 760
44 and over but under 48- 48	4 4 1	6 5 1	434 } 1 193	487, 049 248, 409	1, 654, 248 704, 163	44 and over but under 48 54 and over but under 63 63 and over	37	3 7	4 1, 189	1, 010, 322	3, 128, 760
54 and over but under 63. 63 and over	15 2	19 2	\$12,574	2, 568, 482	10, 685, 358	08 HILL OVEL	2	. 4	,		
Florida, total	11	18	1,936	2, 180, 750	9, 714, 645						
44 and over but under 48	1	82	1 293	374, 8 16	1, 596, 113						
Over 48 but under 54 54 and over but under 63	8	12) 1,643	1, 805, 934	8, 118, 532						·

¹ Combined to avoid disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises.

TABLE 10 .--- WAGE EARNERS, BY MONTHS, BY STATES: 1929

[The month of maximum employment is indicated by hold-faced figures and that of minimum employment by *italic* figures]

	Average		1	NUMBER E	MPI.OYED	ON 15TH D.	AX OF MOI	TH OR NE	AREST REI	RESENTAT	IVE DAY	· .		Per cent
STATE	number employed during year	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August .	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	mini- mum is of max- imum
United States	3, 201	3, 142	3, 220	3, 172	3, 202	3, 142	3, 164	3, 211	8, 297	8, 412	3,075	3, 188	3, 184	90. 1
Florida Tennessee Idaho and Wyoming	1, 936 1, 189 76	1, 924 1, 136 82	1, 979 1, 157 84	1, 912 1, 180 80	1, 932 1, 192 78	1, 877 1, 175 90	1, 845 1, 232 89	1, 913 1, 216 82	1, 989 1, 247 <i>61</i>	1,963 1,387 62	1, 982 1, 076 67	1, 983 1, 134 71	1, 982 1, 131 71	92.7 77.6 67.8

TABLE 11.-DETAILED STATISTICS FOR THE INDUSTRY, BY STATES: 1929

	United States	Florida	Tennes- see	Idaho and Wyom- ing ¹		United States	Florida	Tennes-	Idaho and Wyom- ing ¹
Number of enterprises ² Number of mines ⁴ Persons engaged, total Proprietors and firm members Principal salaried officers of corpora- tions ⁴ Other salaried officers and employees ³ .	2 5 282	221	1 1 45		Prime movers and electric motors driven by purchased energy—Continued. Prime movers—Continued. Steam engines— Number	68 7, 370 15 37, 268	14 1, 481 14 36, 518	5, 889 1	
Wage earners (average for the year) Principal expenses, total Salaries and wages of- Principal officers of corporations ³ . Other salariod officers and em-	3, 201 \$7, 559, 204 \$52, 421		\$1,724,833	76	Horsepower Internal-combustion engines Number Horsepower Electric motors, driven by purchased energy Number		8 1, 855		$\frac{1}{25}$
Ployees - Wage earners. Contract work Supplies. Fuel. Purchased electric energy. Expenditures for development (included	\$20,038	\$506,650 \$2,180,750 \$18,728 \$1,231,363 \$664,135 \$956,561	\$116, 276 \$1,010,322 \$2, 208 \$248, 430 \$222, 688 \$118, 909	\$32, 672 \$112, 868 \$63, 094 \$4, 535 \$16, 594	Horsepower Electric motors driven by energy gener- ated by enterprises reporting: Number Horsepower	57, 628 355 30, 966	51, 414		1,042
above in "Principal expenses") Value of products Quantity of phosphate rock produced (tons, 2,240 pounds) Machinery and other equipment pur-		\$9, 714, 645 3, 139, 842	\$3,128,760 645, 804	\$200, 364 42, 977	Electric generators: Number	7 22, 722	13 22, 222		······
chased during the year, total cost Prime movers and electric motors driven by purchased energy, aggregate horse- power Prime movers, total horsepower	\$805, 128 104, 146 \$ 46, 518	91, 268		1, 067	Coketons (2,000 pounds) Coketons (2,000 pounds) Fuel oilsgallons Gasoline and kerosenegallons Electric energy— Purchasedkwhours_	102, 294	6, 091 24, 153, 862 100, 257 99, 761, 895	 	2 4, 597 2, 037
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		00, 004	0,039	20	Generated by enterprises report- ingkwhours	50, 792, 426	50, 792, 426		

Idabo, 2 entorprises; Wyoming, 1.
See GEMERAL EXFLANATIONS—The Enterprise.
Includes 24 enterprises having corporate form of organization, and 2 small unincorporated enterprises.
See GEMERAL EXFLANATIONS—Milling and Manufacturing.
Not including date for salarid offlers and employees of "Central Administrative" offices.
Includes 13,368 horsepower reported for inactive prime movers.
Includes 3,972 kilowatts reported for inactive generators.

MINES AND QUARRIES-CLAY

Scope of the report.—This report gives the results of the census of mines and quarries for 1929 for the claymining industry. It shows the progress of the industry by comparison of the results of the census for 1929 with those for the last three preceding censuses of mines and quarries; the geographic distribution of the industry by States; type of ownership; the size of operating enterprises; power equipment, by kind, number, and capacity; time in operation for enterprises and length of working week for wage earners; the numbers of persons engaged in the industry, classified as proprietors and firm members, salaried officers and employees, and wage earners; and fuel consumption, by kind. It includes a table presenting statistics in detail for the United States as a whole and for those States for which separate figures can be given without disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises.

This report gives statistics primarily for those enterprises engaged only in the production of clay (china, paper, ball, slip, fire, and other clay), and whose product was sold as clay, either crude or beneficiated. It does not include data for the production of clay by clayproducts manufacturers, whether used in their own manufacture of clay products, or sold as raw clay to others. However, data are included for the production of clay by those cement manufacturers whose clay operations were conducted as distinct units, and for which separate and complete returns were filed. The statistics for the production of clay by these cement manufacturers are also given separately in Table 4.

Differences between the figures reported by the Bureau of the Census and Bureau of Mines.-The figures on production and value reported by the two bureaus differ considerably for two reasons: (1) Census figures do not include data for clay produced and sold as such by clay-products manufacturers, while those of the Bureau of Mines include these data; (2) census figures include data for a production of clay by a number of cement manufacturers, while those of the Bureau of Mines exclude these data.

Production of clay by clay-products manufacturers.—In order to ascertain the quantity of clay produced by clay-products manufacturers, the following inquiry was incorporated in the schedules of the Census of Manufactures for those branches of the clay-products industries which are important as producers and consumers of clay:

Did you operate a clay pit, mine, or quarry at this location and as a part of this plant in 1029? (Yes or No)..... Did you operate a clay pit, mine, or quarry at some other location for the purpose of supplying materials for use in this plant in 1029? (Yes or No)..... If yes, give location of pit, mine, or quarry. If the answer to either question is yes, give in spaces below the quantity and the value of materials mined or quarried during the period covered by this report:

UNIT OF MEASURE	Quantity	Value
Sold in crude form		\$
Consumed in plant		\$

Manufacturers of clay products (other than pottery, including porcelain ware, and crucibles) and nonclay refractories, the value of whose products amounted to \$242,896,000 for 1929, reported a production of 30,334,000 short tons of clay. In addition, other manufacturers having an output of these products valued at \$51,593,000 either reported that no clavmining operations were carried on, or failed to respond to the inquiry. These manufacturers represent largely the consumers of the clay mined and sold as such for which statistics given in this report primarily apply.

Further, no data were collected for the production or consumption of clay by manufacturers of pottery, including porcelain ware, and crucibles, the total value of whose manufactured products was \$113,567,000 for 1929.

Although the production of clay by a number of cement manufacturers is given, no reports were received for a larger number of such enterprises, either because the clay operations were associated with or a part of quarrying activities of such plants, and therefore, separate data were not available, or because the operations were considered of minor importance or were performed by others on contract. For these reasons, data as required by the census were not available.

TABLE 1.—COMPARISON OF PRODUCTION OF COMMERCIAL CLAY AS REPORTED BY BUREAU OF THE CENSUS AND BY BUREAU OF MINES, FOR THE UNITED STATES: 1929

	BUREA	U OF THE CI	ENSUS	BUREAU	OF MINES 1		BUREA	U OF THE CI	INSUS	BUREAU (OF MINES 1
		Clay	mined	Clay mined and sold		STATE	(Detal	Clay	mined	Olay mined and sold	
STATÉ	Total value of all products	Quantity (tons, 2,000 pounds)	Value	Quantity (tons, 2,000 pounds)	Valuo	STATE	Total value of all products	Quantity (tons, 2,000 pounds)	Value	Quantity (tons, 2,000 pounds)	Value
United States	\$10, 753, 445	4, 310, 172	\$10, 716, 822	4, 347, 020	\$14, 850, 744	Missouri New Jersey	\$916, 532 801, 528	384, 958 206, 186	\$915, 221 801, 528	497, 699 244, 258	\$1, 797, 448 1, 023, 803
Georgia Pennsylvania South Carolina	2, 161, 812 1, 215, 882 295, 472 491, 021 1, 215, 882		2, 161, 812 1, 215, 882 950, 187	288, 490 1, 054, 784 103, 103	2,098,891 2,611,532 896,472	Kentucky Florida Other States	691, 682 555, 875 3, 459, 947	32 134, 018 691, 682 75 41, 893 555, 875		153, 618 40, 904 1, 964, 164	793,099

¹ Mineral Resources of the United States, 1929.

TABLE 2.-SUMMARY FOR THE UNITED STATES: 1902-1929

[This and all following tables cover producing enterprises only]

	1929	1919	1909	1902		NT OF INCREA	
					1919-1929	1908-1919	1902-1909
Number of enterprises 1 Number of mines	199 236	345 350	² 261 336	² 203 205	$-42.3 \\ -32.6$	32. 2 4. 2	28.6 63,9
Persons engaged, total	4, 574	6, 087	3, 742		-24, 9	62.7	
Proprietors and firm members	72 303 4, 139	187 447 5, 453	244 236 3, 262	(8) 185 2,433	-61.5 -18.8 -24.1	-23.4 89.4 67.2	27.6 34.1
Power equipment, total horsepower	31, 877	21, 203	8, 868	3, 985	50.3	139. 1	122. 5
Prime movers Electric motors driven by purchased energy	20, 837 11, 040	16, 932 4, 271	8, 309 559	3, 985	23. 1 158. 5	103.8 664.0	108.5
Principal expenses, total *	\$6, 882, 303	\$8, 205, 344	\$2, 023, 919	\$1, 395, 461	-16.1	305, 4	45. 0
Salaries 4 Wages Contract work Supplies and materials Fuel Purchased electric energy	\$3, 757, 998 \$20, 058 \$1, 493, 992	\$842, 319 \$5, 367, 082 \$126, 355 \$1, 416, 999 \$397, 655 \$54, 934		\$150, 505 \$958, 802 \$13, 241 \$272, 823	$ \begin{array}{r} -0.2 \\ -30.0 \\ -84.1 \\ 5.4 \\ 32.0 \\ 345.2 \\ \end{array} $	274. 6 294. 2 162. 9 404. 4 317. 6	49.4 42.0 203.0 42.7
Value of products, total 7	\$10, 753, 445	\$10, 086, 298	\$2, 945, 948	\$2, 061, 072	6.6	242.4	42, 9
Clay— Quantity (tons, 2,000 pounds) Value at mine Other products 9	1 \$10, 716, 822	(⁶) \$9, 712, 641 \$373, 667	(8) (8) (8) (5)	1, 416, 200 \$2, 025, 116 \$35, 956			

See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—The Enterprise.
 Operators.
 Not reported.
 Includes data for salaried officers and employees of "Central Administrative " offices.
 See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—Persons Engaged.
 See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—Expenses.
 See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—Value of Products.
 No data.
 Miscellaneous secondary products, and receipts for services performed for others and for power sold.

TABLE 3.—CONDENSED SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO TYPE OF OWNERSHIP, FOR SELECTED STATES: 1929

STATE AND TYPE OF OWNERSHIP	Number of enterprises		Wage earn- ers (average for the year)	Value of products	STATE AND TYPE OF OWNERSHIP	Number of enterprises	TAUTURE OF	Wage earn- ers (average for the year)	
United States, total	199	236	4, 139	\$10, 753, 445	New Jersey, total	17	19	328	\$801, 528
Corporate Other 1	122 77	130 100	8, 349 790	8, 392, 460 2, 360, 985	Corporate Other 1		9 10	224	556, 858 244, 670
Georgia, total		11	797	2, 161, 812	Kentucky, total		11	210	691, 682
Corporate Other 1	5 4	74	647 150	1, 468, 706 693, 106	Corporate ² Florida, total	9	11	210	691, 682
Pennsylvania, total	31	34	555	1, 215, 882	Florida, total Corporate		4	160	555,875
Corporate Other 1	17 14	18 16	403 152	866, 633 349, 249	Ohio, total		22	176	457, 606
South Carolina, total	9	10	514	950, 187	Corporate Other 1	7	8 14	131 45	366,084 91,522
Corporate		10	514	950, 187	California, total		. 19	143	431, 693
Missouri, total	21	20	314	916, 532			·	111	336, 489
Corporate Other 1	10 11	10 19	180 134	303, 388 523, 144	Corporate Other 1	6	6 13	32	95, 204

Partnerships, enterprises operated by individuals, etc.
 Includes 2 other types of ownership; combined in order to avoid disclosing data for individual enterprises.

,

TABLE 4.—SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO TYPE OF MINE AND QUANTITY OF PRODUCT: 1929

na sa			Wage							HORSE RATIN POWER ME	G OF EQUIP-	AVEŘ.	GE PER	. TON	
UCT PER ENTERPRISE (tons, 2,000 pounds)	Num- ber of enter- prises	Num- ber of mines	earn- ers (aver- age	Wages	Cost of supplies	Cost of fuel	Cost of pur- chased electric energy	Clay mined, tons (2,000 pounds)	Value of products	Prime movers	Elec- tric motors driven by pur- chased energy		Sup- plies, fuel, and pur- chased elec- tric en- ergy	Value of prod- ucts	Tons per wage carn- er
United States, total	199	236	4, 139	\$3, 757, 998	\$1, 493, 992	\$524, 782	\$244, 548	4, 385, 172	\$10, 753, 445	20, 837	11, 040	\$0. 86	\$0. 52	\$2. 45	1, 059
Clay operations, not including those of clay-products and cement manufac- turers:							in an								
Open-pit mines, total	136	163	2, 979	2, 489, 800	984, 420	441, 318	194, 880	1, 786, 052	7, 743, 121	12, 936	9, 015	1, 39	0.91	4.34	600
Less than 25,000	10	140 12 11	1, 567 551 861	1, 348, 580 502, 875 638, 345	531, 135 144, 198 309, 087	224, 587 105, 722 111, 009	103, 260 44, 067 47, 553	882, 837 313, 103 590, 112	3, 853, 159 1, 198, 564 2, 691, 898	9, 114 2, 312 1, 510	4, 434 2, 211 2, 370	1.53 1.61 1.08	0.97 0.94 0.79	4.36 3.83 4.56	563 568 685
Underground mines, total	34	37	614	648, 033	186, 937	29, 248	27, 630	724, 156	1, 493, 531	916	1, 331	0.89	0.34	2.06	1, 179
Less than 25,000 25,000 to 99,999 Enterprises which reported both open-pit and underground oper-	23 11	26 11	217 897	229, 246 418, 787	42, 246 144, 691	4, 937 24, 311	10, 937 16, 693	267, 043 457, 113	476, 370 1, 017, 161	416 500	526 805	0. 86 0. 92	0. 22 0, 41	1. 78 2. 23	1, 231 1, 151
open-pit and underground oper- ations	11	17	265	278, 898	206, 224	23, 487	7, 074	432, 866	844, 149	1, 013	407	0. 64	0. 55	1.95	1, 627
Clay operations reported by coment manufacturers, total	18	19	281	· 341, 267	116, 411	30, 729	14, 964	1, 442, 098	672, 644	5, 972	287	0. 24	0.11	0. 47	5, 132
Open-pit mines, total	15	16	197	223, 186	100, 169	27, 951	11, 364	1, 379, 380	520, 631	5, 879	247	0.16	0.10	0. 38	7, 002
25,000 to 49,999 50,000 to 99,999 100,000 to 499,999	7	3 8 5	21 94 82	27, 154 97, 266 98, 766	16, 505 27, 522 56, 142	1, 332 10, 159 16, 460	9, 820 1, 544	119, 023 492, 736 767, 621	60, 037 206, 564 254, 030	5, 604 275	155 92	0. 23 0. 20 0. 13	0, 15 0, 10 0, 10	0.50 0.42 0.33	5, 668 5, 242 9, 361
Other	3	3		118, 081	16, 242	2, 778	3, 600	62, 718	152, 018	93	40	1.88	0.36	2, 42	747

TABLE 5.—CONDENSED SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO VALUE OF PRODUCTS, FOR SELECTED STATES: 1929

	Num-	Num-	Wage		VALUE PRODUC			Num- ber	Num-	Wage earners		VALUE (PRODUC	
STATE AND VALUE OF PRODUCTS PER ENTERPRISE	ber of enter- prises		(aver- age for	Wages	Amount	Per cent of total	STATE AND VALUE OF FRODUCTS PER ENTERPRISE	of enter- prises	of	(aver- age for the year)	Wages	Amount	Per cent of total
United States, total	199	236	4, 130	\$3, 757, 998	\$10, 753, 445	100. 0	New Jersey, total	17	19	828	\$371, 311	\$801, 528	100.0
Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$49,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$490,999	91 53 29 16 8	99 67 35 16 16	463 697 787 836	435,708 680,973 777,609 799,383	854, 348 1, 643, 746 1, 993, 318 2, 122, 956	7.9 15.3 18.5 19.7	Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$09,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999	4 6 5 2	4 8 5 2		10, 999 62, 758 288, 554	28, 583 193, 268 579, 677	3, 6 24, 1 72, 3
\$500,000 to \$999,999	2	3	} ¹ 1,356	1,064,325	4, 139, 077	38.5	Kentucky, total	9	11	210	153, 112	691, 682	100.0
Georgia, total	9	11	797	589, 349	2, 161, 812	100.0	Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$99,909 \$250,000 to \$499,999	4 2 2 1	5 3 2 1	18 1 192	14, 163 138, 949	28, 101 663, 581	4.1 95.9
Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$99,999		2 1 1	1 181	118, 562	878, 590	17.5	\$250,000 to \$499,099 Florida, total		1 4) 160	122, 830	555, 875	100.0
\$100,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$499,999 \$500,000 to \$999,999	1 3 1	1 5 1	} } ¹ 618	470, 787	1, 783, 216	82.5	Less than \$20,000 \$50,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$409,999		1 1 1	1 160	122, 830	555, 875	100.0
Pennsylvania, total	31	34	555	575,992	1, 215, 882	100.0		Ĩ	ĩ	9			
Less than \$20,000	14	16 10	86 128	82, 264 146, 324	148, 632	12.2 23.2	Ohio, total	19	22	176	193, 256	457,606	100.0
\$20,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999	4	10 4 4	105 236	140, 324 135, 074 212, 330	281, 842 277, 353 508, 055	22.8 41.8	Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999	14 3 2	$17 \\ 3 \\ 2$	54 1122	51, 763 141, 493	113, 857 343, 749	24.9 75.1
South Carolina, total	9	10	514	836, 500	950, 187	100.0	California, total	1	19	143	165, 425	431, 693	100.0
Less than \$20,000 \$20.000 to \$49.999	4	4	37	30, 204	40, 785	4.3			6	23	26, 131	60, 807	14.1
\$100,000 to \$249,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999 \$500,000 to \$999,999	2	4 2 2 2	1 477	306, 296	900, 402	95, 7	Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999	6 2 3	931	1 120	139, 294	370, 886	85.9
Missouri, total	21	29	314	320, 512	916, 532	100.0	\$100,000 10 \$210,0001	.		,			
Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$99,999	. 11	7 14 6	43 128	39, 538 129, 259	60, 278 320, 432	6.6 35.0							
\$100,000 to \$99,009 \$100,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$499,999	1 1	1	1 143	151,715	535, 822	58.5							

¹ Combined to avoid disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises.

TABLE 6.--NUMBER AND RATED CAPACITY OF PRIME MOVERS, MOTORS, AND GENERATORS, FOR ENTER-PRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO TOTAL RATING OF POWER EQUIPMENT, FOR THE UNITED STATES: 1929

	Total.	RATING	OF POWER E REPORT		OR ENTERPE		DUALLY
TYPE	all sizes	Less than 25	25 to 99	100 to 249	250 to 499	500 to 999	1,000 or more
Number of enterprises reporting power equipment 1. Prime movers and electric motors driven by purchased energy, aggregate horse-	139	19	53	33	18	11	5
power	31,877	295	3, 224	5, 330	6, 244	7, 249	9, 535
Prime movers, total horsepower	20,837	197	1,908	3, 433	3, 355	4, 350	7, 594
Steam engines— Number Horsepower Steam turbines— Number	9,923	3 55	21 735	34 2, 066	17 2, 159	26 2,708 4	19 2,200 1
Horsepower	4,989 178 -5,745	14 142	54 1, 173	43 1,367	28 1, 196	800 21 662	4, 189 18 1, 205
Horsepower. Horsepower rating of inactive prime movers, included above Electric motors driven by purchased energy- Number. Horsepower. Electric motors driven by energy generated by enterprises reporting:	180 247	19 98	72 90 1, 316	124 1,897	75 127 2, 889	180 100 277 2, 899	81 1, 941
Number Horsepower Electric generators: Number Kilowatts	85 1,011 9 802	2 8 1 15		13 78 1 30	9 400 2 315	61 525 5 502	

¹ No power equipment was reported by 60 enterprises.

TABLE 7.—CONDENSED SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO NUMBER OF DAYS IN OPERATION IN 1929, FOR THE UNITED STATES

DAYS IN OPERATION	Num- ber of enter- prises	Num-	Wage earners, Dec. 14 or nearest repre- senta- tive day	Wages	Value of products	DAYS IN OPERATION	Num- ber of enter- prises	Num-	Wage earners, Dec. 14 or nearest repre- senta- tive day	Wages	Value of products
Total	199	236	1 4, 118	\$3, 757, 998	\$10, 753, 445	150 to 199 200 to 249	17	21	92	\$64, 611	\$208, 687
Less than 50 50 to 74 100 to 149	1 2 7	1 2 8	2 12 53	6, 355 33, 816	18, 693 108, 467	200 to 299	83 43 96	37 50 117	567 1, 176 2, 218	508, 775 1, 083, 970 2, 060, 471	\$208, 687 1, 486, 461 3, 126, 401 5, 804, 736

¹ This total differs slightly from that for "Wage carners (average for the year)," 4,139, given in other tables of this report. See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS-Persons Engaged. ² Combined to avoid disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises.

CLAY

TABLE 8.—CONDENSED SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO NUMBER OF WAGE EARNERS, FOR THE UNITED STATES AND FOR SELECTED STATES: 1929

												·	
STATE AND NUMBER OF WAGE	Num- ber of	Num-	WAGE ERS (AV for the	verage	Were	Value of	STATE AND NUMBER OF WAGE	Num- ber of	Num-	WAGE ERS (av for the	verage	Wages	Value of
EARNERS PER ENTERPRISE	enter- prises	ber of mines	Num- ber	Per cent of total	Wages	products	EARNERS PER ENTERPRISE	ber of enter- prises	mines	Num- ber	Per cent of total	-	products
United States, total	199	236	4, 139	100.0	\$3, 757, 998	\$10, 753, 445	Missouri, total	21	29	314	100. 0	\$320, 512	\$016, 532
Not reported 1 to 5 6 to 20	$2 \\ 60 \\ 86 \\ 86 \\ 86$	2 67 104	} 1 185 960	4.5	170, 791 961, 822	477, 060 2, 535, 495 3, 229, 654	1 to 5 6 to 20 21 to 50	3 13 5	4 20 δ	11 130 173	3.5 41.4 55.1	8,600 122,386 189,526	26, 830 356, 892 532, 810
21 to 50 51 to 100	35 11	38 14	1, 159 829	28.0 20.0	1, 217, 051 670, 367	3, 229, 054 2, 218, 588	Kentucky, total	9	11	210	100, 0	153, 112	691, 682
101 to 250 251 to 500	32	83	}11,006	24.3	737, 967	2, 292, 648	1 to 5 6 to 20 21 to 50	33	4 3 3	10 40	4.8 19.0	6, 963 30, 093	18, 301 92, 618
Georgia, total	9	11	797	100.0	589, 349	2, 161, 812	51 to 100	Ĩ	Ĩ	1 160	76.2	116, 056	580, 763
1 to 5	1	1	1		10 107	400.070	Ohio, total	19	22	176	100.0	193, 256	457, 606
6 to 20 21 to 50 51 to 100 101 to 250	2	2 1 2 4	$\left\{ \begin{array}{c} 1 & 60 \\ 1 & 737 \end{array} \right\}$	7.5 92.5	46, 587	463, 273 1, 698, 539	1 to 5 6 to 20 21 to 50	10 6 3	11 8 3	26 57 93	14.8 32.4 52.8	22, 838 57, 889 112, 529	50, 708 133, 846 273, 052
251 to 500	1 31	34	555	100. 0	575, 992	1, 215, 882	Florida, total	4	4	160	100.0	122, 830	555, 875
1 to 5 6 to 20		10 17	23 180	4.1 32.4	21, 032 187, 212	74, 160 521, 545	1 to 5 21 to 50 51 to 100	1 2 1	$\begin{array}{c}1\\2\\1\end{array}$	} 1 160	100.0	122, 830	555, 875
21 to 50 51 to 100	43	43	134 218	24, 1 39, 3	172, 398 195, 350	239, 577 380, 600	California, total	12	19	143	100.0	165, 425	431, 693
South Carolina, total	9	10	514	100. 0	336, 500	950, 187	1 to 5 6 to 20	4	4	10] 1133	7,0 93.0	11, 543 153, 882	30, 273 401, 420
1 to 5 6 to 20 21 to 50	1 1		174	14.4	53, 702	122, 427	21 to 50	2	2	J		155, 662	101, 120
51 to 100 251 to 500	2	22	} ¹ 440	85.0	282, 798	827, 760							
New Jersey, total	17	19	328	100, 0	371, 311	801, 528						1	1
1 to 5 6 to 20 21 to 50	4 6 7	5 7 7	14 68 246	4.3 20.7 75.0	13, 395 67, 456 290, 460	45, 205 202, 443 553, 880						·	

¹ Combined to avoid disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises.

TABLE 9.—CONDENSED SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO PREVAILING HOURS OF LABOR PER WEEK, FOR THE UNITED STATES AND FOR SELECTED STATES: 1929

STATE AND PREVAILING HOURS OF LABOR PER WEEK	Num- ber of enter- prises	Num- ber of mines	Wage earners (aver- age for the year)	Wages	Value of products	STATE AND FREVAILING HOURS OF LABOR PER WEEK	Num- ber of enter- prises	Num	Wage earners (aver- age for the year)	Wages	Value of products
United States, total 1	197	234	4, 139	\$3, 757, 998-	\$10, 738, 745	Missouri, total	21	29	314	\$320, 512	\$916, 532
Under 25. 25 and over but under 36 36 and over but under 40 40. Over 40 but under 44	2 3 1 3	2 3 1 3	2 78	60, 969 91, 795	286, 479 214, 120	40	1 9	1 4 10 14	} * 156 78 82	171, 891 77, 021 71, 600	508, 158 166, 653 241, 721
44 and over but under 48	12	13 91	281 744	268, 542 786, 914	872, 538 1, 654, 145	Kentucky, total	. 9	11	210	153, 112	691, 682
48 Over 48 but under 54 54 and over but under 63 63 and over	78 20 67 10	23 84 13	311 1,710 917	289, 676 1, 580, 139 679, 963	760,957 5,177,323 1,773,183	86 and over but under 40 Over 48 but under 54 54 and over but under 63	17	1 2 8	} • 210	153, 112	691, 682
Georgia, total	9	11	797	589, 349	2, 161, 812	Ohio, total	19	22	176	193, 256	457, 606
44 and over but under 48 48	1 2	1 2 3 5	<pre> * 22 355 420 </pre>	15, 587 236, 883 336, 879	43, 273 1, 335, 074 783, 465	44 and over but under 48 48 Over 48 but under 54 54 and over but under 63	3	4 13 1 4	19 90 } * 67	18, 010 109, 346 65, 900	33, 023 235, 197 189, 386
Pennsylvania, total		34	555	575, 992	1, 215, 882	Florida, total	I .	4	160	122, 830	555, 875
25 and over but under 36 44 and over but under 48 98 Over 48 but under 54 54 and over but under 63	1 16	2 1 19 3 8	} * 15 248 } * 292	14, 559 250, 508 310, 925	66, 434 490, 781 658, 667	Under 25		1 1 1 1	2 160	122, 830	555, 875
63 and over	. 1	10	514	336, 500	950, 187	California, total		19	143	165, 425	431, 693
48 Over 48 but under 54 54 and over but under 63 68 and over	1 2 3 3	1 2 3 4	<pre> * 32 42 440 </pre>	25, 888 27, 814 282, 798	63, 297 59, 130 827, 760	Under 25	1	1 15 1 2	} * 90 } * 53	101, 494 63, 931	227, 658 204, 035
New Jersey, total	17	19	828	371, 811	801, 528						ne program. Program
48 Over 48 but under 54 54 and over but under 63	6	4 7 8	38 110 180	46, 450 93, 282 231, 579	105, 068 268, 327 428, 133				-		

Exclusive of 2 enterprises which reported no wage earners.
 Combined to avoid disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises.

TABLE 10.-WAGE EARNERS, BY MONTHS, BY STATES: 1929

[The month of maximum employment is indicated by bold-faced figures and that of minimum employment by italic figures]

	A verago			NUMBER	EMPLOYED	ON 15TH I	DAY OF MC	NTH OR N	EAREST R	EPRESENTA	TIVE DAY			Per
STATE	number employed during year	January	February	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	mini- mum is of max- imum
United States	4, 139	4, 024	4, 01 <i>6</i>	4, 181	4, 221	4, 239	4, 201	4, 180	4, 157	4, 126	4, 185	4, 117	4, 020	94.7
Individual States														
Alabama Galifornia Colorado Florida Georgia	65 143 46 160 797	65 <i>132</i> 47 179 765	65 <i>182</i> 47 177 768	65 133 50 179 829	65 136 46 179 822	65 143 46 165 884	66 139 50 160 833	65 145 48 158 813	65 146 47 147 791	65 153 46 151 7 <i>5</i> 7	65 161 45 146 742	66 157 41 142 803	63 141 43 140 828	95, 5 82, 0 82, 0 78, 2 88, 4
lllinois Kentucky Michigan Missouri New Jersey	102 210 56 314 328	98 208 49 317 316	100 <i>205</i> 42 317 305	98 <i>205</i> 40 315 320	100 206 58 322 325	103 213 62 316 336	111 212 66 312 353	107 215 65 313 337	103 213 63 315 336	101 213 59 309 331	104 213 62 316 345	107 207 61 304 322	87 210 46 311 <i>302</i>	78.4 95.3 60.6 94.4 85.6
New York Ohio Pennsylvania South Carolina Wyoming	26 176 555 514 55	18 139 576 515 39	18 155 569 541 45	18 164 581 524 61	18 155 570 557 66	26 174 572 547 62	29 184 543 527 63	30 162 536 524 54	31 171 529 522 53	33 188 547 512 65	33 204 554 505 64	32 209 553 460 44	27 202 531 <i>439</i> 50	54.5 66.5 91.0 78.8 59.1
Groups of States														
Del., Md., N. C., Vt., Va., W. Va Ind., Kans., Wis Miss., Okla., Tenn., Tex	279 126	262 115	248 <i>93</i>	282 141	27 4 134	261 126	<i>238</i> 128	295 127	810 120	295 126	299 134	291 133	288 132	76. 8 66. 0
Tex Nev., Utah	180 7	180 4	180 6	180 6	180 8	180 . 8	180 7	180 6	180 9	181 14	181 12	181	181 4	99.4 28.6

TABLE 11.-DETAILED STATISTICS FOR THE INDUSTRY, BY STATES: 1929

	United States	Alabama	California	Colorado	Florida	Georgia	Illino is	Kentucky	Michigan	Missouri
Number of enterprises ⁸	199 236	5 5	12 19	9	4	9 11	10 11	·····9 11	4	21 29
Persons engaged, total	4, 560	70	163	62	183	847	118	232	57	357
Proprietors and firm members Principal salaried officers of ocrporations * Other salaried officers and employees * Wage earners (average for the year)	72 85 264 4, 139	1 1 3 65	$\begin{array}{r}2\\4\\14\\143\end{array}$	4 3 9 40	10 13 160	6 6 38 797	7 2 7 102	3 5 14 210	 1 56	10 9 24 314
Principal expenses, total	\$6, 833, 353	\$93, 113	\$281, 716	\$62, 881	\$369, 206	\$1, 274, 569	\$146, 597	\$238, 931	\$110, 288	\$548, 551
Salaries and wages of— Principal officers of corporations 7 Other salaried officers and employees 7 Wage earners Contract work Supplies Fuel	\$3, 757, 998 \$20, 058 \$1, 493, 992	\$8, 490 \$5, 303 \$58, 276 \$154 \$16, 607 \$2, 426	\$33, 600 \$30, 431 \$165, 425 \$5, 528 \$33, 244 \$9, 583	\$480 \$6, 050 \$50, 774 \$4, 523 \$754	\$25, 998 \$22, 497 \$122, 830 \$88, 770 \$62, 795	\$23,820 \$100,499 \$589,349 \$1,168 \$315,783	\$10, 500 \$10, 945 \$98, 675 \$13, 226 \$5, 341	\$21, 300 \$26, 452 \$153, 112 \$31, 756 \$4, 811	\$3, 360 \$65, 861 \$27, 957	\$17, 685 \$45, 401 \$320, 512 \$1, 066 \$122, 391 \$20, 990
Purchased electric energy Expanditures for development (included above in "Principal expenses")	\$244, 548	\$2, 426 \$1, 857	\$3, 905	\$300	\$46, 316	\$180, 963 \$62, 987	\$7,910	\$1,500	\$13, 110	\$20, 506
expenses")	\$94, 000		\$32, 000	\$1,000		\$18,000	\$2, 000	\$2,000	\$3, 000	\$10,000
Value of products. Quantity of clay produced (tons, 2,000 pounds)	\$10, 753, 445 4, 310, 172	\$134, 686 159, 171	\$431, 693 313, 354	\$115, 537 104, 480	\$555, 875 41, 893	\$2, 161, 812 295, 472	\$219, 503 159, 015	\$691, 682 134, 018	\$138, 583 474, 029	\$916, 532 384, 958
total cost	\$458, 753		\$20, 899	\$117	\$17,020	\$25, 307	\$7, 408	\$8, 005		\$25, 198
Prime movers and electric motors driven by purchased energy, aggregate horsepower	31, 877	212	1, 238	90	2, 012	3, 581	603	515	275	1, 168
Prime movers, total horsepower	⁸ 20, 837	93	678	90	925	1, 295	216	369	275	564
Steam engines	9, 923			5 30		23 1, 180	3 170			
Horsepower Internal-combustion engines— Number Horsepower Water wheels and water turbines— Number	5,745	3 93		60 B	800 4 125	4 115	1 46	1		
Horsepower Electric motors driven by purchased energy Number Horsepower	180 	3	25 560		124 1,087	180	43	11		. 41
Electric motors driven by energy generated by enterprises reporting: Number	tel de l'état No telefon									
Horsepower Electric generators: Number Kilowatta	1,011				1	y 		8		

CLAY

TABLE 11.-DETAILED STATISTICS FOR THE INDUSTRY, BY STATES: 1929-Continued

	United States	Alabama	California	Colorado	Florida	Georgia	Illinois	Kentucky	Michigan	Missour
Fuel and electric energy consumed: Fuel	•		•							· ·····
Coal- Anthracitetons (2,240 pounds)	627		1							
Bituminoustons (2,000 pounds) Coketons (2,000 pounds)	115.248	153		150	7, 865	41, 753	1,709	618	2, 629	4, 30
Filel oils gallons	127.547	12, 327	70, 328	5, 527	9, 761		1,000	1,800	4, 302	4, 95 80, 74
Gasoline and kerosenegallons Gas, naturalM cubic feetM	10, 230	12, 521	10, 526	0, 021	9,000	5,700	1,000	11, 400	4,802	80,74
Electric energy— Purchasedkwhours Generated by enterprises reportingkwhours	. 14, 348, 903 241, 476	140, 505	223, 473		1, 519, 250	5, 198, 633	883, 138	33, 300 3, 600		1,015,94
	1	1		[] [Delawar			
							Marylan North		Missis- sippi,	
	New Jersey	New York	Ohio	Pennsyl- vania	South Carolina	Wyoming	Complime	, Kansas	homa.	Nevad
	Jersey	TOLK		Vania	Caronna		Virginia	. consin	- Manua	- Utah
							and Wes Virginia	1	Texas	8
Number of enterprises ⁵ Number of mines ⁶	17 19	ğ	19	31	9	55	1		8 1	8
Persons engaged, total		5	22	84 604	10	68		-	· -	1 .
			208		-	08			-	
Proprietors and firm members. Principal salaried officers of corporations 7 Other salaried officers and employees 7 Wage earners (average for the year)	13	5 1	12 9		5	1		8 :		ī
Wage earners (average for the year)	26 328	26	11 176	33 555	19 514	12 55			8 1 6 18	5 0
Principal expenses, total	\$539, 103	\$46, 665	\$308, 858	\$800, 876	\$622, 084	\$149, 899	\$569, 68	3 \$200, 94	8 \$461, 62	8 \$7, 7
Salaries and wages of Principal officers of corporations 7 Other salaried officers and employees 7 Wage earners. Contract work. Supplies. Fuel.	\$33, 595	¢1 000	007 FEQ	\$12, 340	\$9 A61	\$600	\$30, 71	7 \$7, 59	1 80.42	
Other salaried officers and employees 7	\$44, 369	\$1,800	\$27,558 \$15,768	\$56,800	\$8, 661 \$44, 949	\$19,947	\$39, 32	5 \$9,97	2 \$35, 23	б і \$ 3
Contract work	\$371, 311 \$8, 244	\$35, 923	\$193, 256	\$575, 992		\$61, 461	\$250, 82		\$99	0 \$9
Supplies	\$54,656 \$18,676	\$7, 299 \$99	\$50, 998 \$8, 146 \$13, 132	\$98, 848 \$36, 093	\$123, 499 \$70, 773	\$50, 584 \$17, 307	\$43, 60	6 \$16,33	4 \$12,97	δ
Purchased electric energy. Expenditures for development (included above in "Princi- pal expenses").	\$8, 252	\$1, 544		\$19, 834	\$37, 702		. \$12, 22	6 \$23	7 \$6, 84	0
			\$14,000	\$12,000)
Value of products. Quantity of clay produced (tons, 2,000 pounds) Machinery and other equipment purchased during the year,	\$801, 528 206, 186	\$05, 377 145, 408	\$457,606 241,876	\$1, 215, 882 491, 021	\$950, 187	\$218, 141 32, 798	\$669,66	0 \$324, 86 2 541, 34	7 \$638,86 4 324,48	4 \$15,4 5 2,7
Machinery and other equipment purchased during the year, total cost	\$8, 958		\$38, 110	\$11, 200	\$119, 403	\$124, 795	\$1, 97	6 \$25, 26	8 \$24, 03	4
Prime movers and electric motors driven by purchased energy, aggregate horsepower	4, 267	117	1, 251	2, 199	3, 969	627	2, 74	7 6, 38	1 62	6
Prime movers, total horsepower	3, 787		497	1, 422	1,402	627	2, 12			
Steam engines-										
Number Horsepower	26 1, 815		5 391	12 961	13 825		1,81			1
Steam turbines—							. ,		,	
Horsepower								4, 18	9	
Number	43	1 25	5 106	14 461		11 627	13	9		
Water wheels and water turbines— Number		20	100				1 - E - E -	2		
Horsepower Electric motors driven by purchased energy—							18	õ		
Number Horsepower	24 480	5 92	32 754	37 777	121 2, 567		2 62		1 4 9 55	
Electric motors driven by energy generated by enterprises	400	92	704		2, 007		-	4	00	•
reporting:				3		10	6			
Number				35		19 443				
Slectric generators: Number								_		
Kilowatts						345		5		
Fuel and electric energy consumed:]		-	1						
Doal-		the second								5 S
Fuel - Fuel - Tons (2,240 pounds). Bituminoustons (2,240 pounds). Bituminoustons (2,000 pounds). Ooke	2, 740		2, 563	500 7, 503		1,064	18, 67	2 7, 82	3, 36	8
Coketons (2,000 pounds) Fuel oilsgallons	847			33, 221	1 2,020	1 74,948	-			
Gasoline and kerosenegallons	57, 990	600	19, 835	22, 134 10, 230	145,804	38, 253	11,03	5		
Electric energy- Purchased by enterprises reporting kw-hours- Generated by enterprises reporting kw-hours	220, 446	1, 029, 400	534, 535	665, 063			- 751, 34			0
Generated by enterprises reportingkw,-hours					-	- 108, 200		1 100 01		

¹ Delaware, 2 enterprises; Maryland, 1; North Carolina, 2; Vermont, 2; Virginia, 2; West Virginia, 2.
² Indiana, 6 enterprises; Kansas, 2; Wisconsin, 1.
³ Mississippi, 1 enterprise; Oklahoma, 1; Tennessee, 5; Texas, 1.
⁴ Nevada, 2 enterprises; Uklahoma, 1; Tennessee, 5; Texas, 1.
⁴ See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—The Enterprise.
⁵ See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—The Enterprise.
⁵ See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—The Enterprise.
⁶ See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—Milling and Manufacturing.
⁷ Not including data for salaried officers and employees of "Central Administrative" offices.
⁸ Includes 247 horsepower reported for inactive prime movers.

397

MINES AND QUARRIES-GYPSUM

Scope of the report.-This report gives the results of the census of mines and quarries for 1929 for the gypsum-mining industry. It shows the progress of the industry by comparison of the results of the census for 1929 with those for the last three preceding censuses of mines and quarries; the geographic distribution of the industry by States; the size of operating enterprises; power equipment, by kind, number, and capacity; time in operation for enterprises and length of working week for wage earners; the numbers of persons engaged in the industry, classified as proprietors and firm members, salaried officers and employees, and wage earners; and fuel consumption, by kind. It includes a table presenting statistics in detail for the United States as a whole and for those States for which separate figures can be given without disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises.

Unlike reports for the censuses for 1919 and earlier years, this report relates only to the mining and beneficiation of crude gypsum, and does not include data for calcining and the manufacture of gypsum products. The statistics for earlier years include data for calcining operations carried on by gypsum-mining enterprises and, in a few instances for which segregated returns were not received, data for the manufacture of gypsum products are also included. Accordingly, the figures for the several years shown are not strictly comparable.

Differences in the value of products as reported by the Bureau of the Census and the Bureau of Mines .----Table 1 gives the value of crude gypsum as reported by the Bureau of the Census, and the value of gypsum (including that calcined by mining enterprises) sold or used by producers during 1929 as reported by the Bureau of Mines. As most of the product was calcined by producers, the two sets of figures are not comparable and should not be confused. In terms of crude gypsum produced, the quantity reported to the Census Bureau was 5,151,876 tons, as compared with 5,016,132 tons, given in the report of the Bureau of Mines.

TABLE 1COMPARISO	I OF VALUE OF	PRODUCTS AS REPO	RTED BY BUREAU (OF THE CENSUS	AND BY
	BUREAU OF	MINES, FOR THE U	NITED STATES: 1929		42.81

	BUREAU OF THE CENSUS	BUREAU OF MINES 1		BUREAU OF THE CENSUS	BUREAU OF MINES 1		BUREAU OF THE CENSUS	BUREAU OF MINES 1
STATE	Value of crude gypsum pro- duced	Value of gyp- sum (including calcined) sold or used by pro- ducers		Value of crude gypsum pro- duced	Value of gyp- sum (including calcined) sold or used by pro- ducers	STATE	gypsum pro-	Value of gyp- sum (including: calcined) sold or used by pro- ducers
United States Michigan	\$5, 740, 188 645, 399	\$31, 292, 969 4, 315, 334	Newada New York Ohio	\$360, 702 2, 092, 711 397, 863	\$1, 290, 854 8, 330, 852 3, 301, 440	Oklahoma Texas Other States ²	\$297, 038 498, 570 1, 441, 305	\$2, 255, 374 3, 440, 287 8, 349, 828

¹ Mineral Resources of the United States, 1929. ² Arizona, California, Colorado, Iowa, Kansas, Montana, South Dakota, Utah, Virginia, and Wyoming. (In addition, data for New Mexico are included in figures of: Bureau of Mines.)

TABLE 2.--SUMMARY FOR THE UNITED STATES: 1902-1929

[This and all following tables cover producing enterprises only]

		1929	1919	1909	1902		NT OF INCREA ECREASE ()	
4	1					1919-1929	1909-1919	1902-1909
Number of enterprises ¹		60 63	47 48	78 222	45 62	(2) (2)	(²) -78, 4	(²) (2)
Persons engaged, total		2, 214	2, 477	3, 899			-36, 5	
Proprietors and firm members		2 134 2, 078	4 282 2, 191	6 431 3,462	(³) 249 1,472	(¹) -52.5 -5.2	(2) 34, 6 36, 7	73, 1 135, 2;
Power equipment, total horsepower	and the second second	1	15, 032	17, 685	7, 319	76.3	-15.0	141.6
Principal expenses, total 4		\$4, 157, 610	\$5, 228, 346	\$3, 949, 441	\$1, 401, 844	-20.5	32. 4	181, 7
Balaries Wages Contract work Supplies and materials Fuel Purchased electric energy		7,004 794,733 136,504	555, 450 2, 478, 391 3, 747 1, 530, 338 516, 148 144, 272	551, 889 1, 820, 877 16, 558 986, 658 } 573, 459	759, 258 406 } 341, 760	44.8 6.0 86.9 48.1 73.6 97.5.		83, 7 139, 8 3, 978, 3 356, 5
Value of products 4		5, 740, 188	6, 805, 940	5, 812, 810	2, 089, 341	-15, 7	17.1	178. 2:

¹ See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—The Enterprise. ² Per cent not computed where base is less than 100. ³ Not reported.

See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS-Persons Engaged. See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—Expenses.
 See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—Value of Products.

GYPSUM

TABLE 3.-SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO QUANTITY OF PRODUCT: 1929

and an			Wago							RATII POWER	POWER NG OF EQUIP- ENT	AVER	AGE PEI	TON	
QUANTITY OF PEODUCT PER ENTERPRISE (tons, 2,000 pounds)	Num- ber of enter- prises	Num- ber of mines	wage earners (aver- age for the year)	Wages	Cost of supplies	Cost of fuel	Oost of pur- chased electric energy	Gypsum produced, tons (2,000 pounds)	Value of products	Prime movers	Electric motors driven by pur- chased energy		Sup- plies, fuel, and pur- chased elec- tric energy	Value of prod- uets	Tons per wage earnor
Total	60	63	2, 078	\$2, 627, 733	\$794, 733	\$136, 504	\$284, 977	5, 151, 876	\$5, 740, 188	5, 348	21, 150	\$0. 51	\$0. 24	\$1.11	2, 479
Less than 5,000	3 7 11 8 16 10 5	3 7 11 8 18 11 5	$\left.\begin{array}{c}11\\45\\94\\197\\611\\\right\}^{1}1,120\end{array}\right.$	10, 800 46, 931 111, 328 223, 778 745, 609 1, 489, 292	1,865 9,119 48,885 45,725 245,888 448,251	1, 220 2, 398 3, 027 12, 627 58, 768 58, 464	100 9, 012 8, 204 23, 291 76, 329 168, 041	6, 909 47, 805 178, 981 314, 179 1, 180, 824 3, 423, 088	18, 201 112, 196 230, 239 498, 859 1, 738, 701 3, 141, 842	62 70 710 1, 746 2, 760	90 1, 348 581 2, 077 5, 571 11, 483	1.54 .98 .62 .71 .63 .44	$ \begin{array}{r} 48 \\ 43 \\ 31 \\ 26 \\ 32 \\ 20 \end{array} $	2.81 2.35 1.20 1.59 1.47 .92	630 1, 062 1, 904 1, 595 1, 933 3, 056

¹ Combined to avoid disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises.

TABLE 4.—CONDENSED SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO VALUE OF PRODUCTS, FOR SELECTED STATES: 1929

an a	Num-		Wage carners		VALUE PRODU			Num-		Wage		VALUE PRODUC	
STATE AND VALUE OF PRODUCTS FER ENTERPRISE	ber of enter- prises	Num- ber of mines	(aver- age for the year)	Wages	Amount	Per cent of total	STATE AND VALUE OF PRODUCTS PER ENTERPRISE	ber of enter- prises	Num- ber of mines	(aver- age for the year)	Wages	Amount	Per cent of total
United States, total	60	63	2, 078	\$2, 627, 733	\$5, 740, 188	100. 0	Michigan, total	6	. 7.	244	\$312, 464	\$645, 399	100.0
Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$99,999	14 10 11	14 10 12	$62 \\ 117 \\ 297$	65, 033 135, 590 852, 213	128, 694 309, 266 826, 970	2.2 5.4 14.4	\$20,000 to \$49,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999	2 4	2 5	} 1244	812, 464	645, 399	100.0
\$100,000 to \$249,099 \$250,000 to \$499,999	21 3	23	1,165	1, 433, 716	3,042,725	53.0	Texas, total	5	6	111	124, 015	498, 570	100.0
\$500,000 to \$999,999	ī	1	} 1 437	641, 181	1, 432, 533	25.0	Less than \$20,000 \$50,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999	1 2 2	1 8 2	$\left\{ {{_{III}}} \right\}$	124, 015	498, 570	100.0
New York, total	_ 11	11	787	1, 001, 115	2,092,711	100. 0	Iowa and Kansas, total	10	10	314	371, 014	875, 930	100.0
\$20,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$249,999	1 2 5	$1 \\ 2 \\ 5$	$\frac{184}{256}$	102, 218 326, 214	195, 366 716, 808	9.3 34.3	Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$99,999	8 1 2	3 1 2	20 } 158	18, 943 63, 132	82, 912 166, 811	3.8 19.0
\$250,000 to \$499,999 \$500,000 to \$999,999		2 1	} 1 397	572, 683	1, 180, 537	56.4	\$100,000 to \$249,999 \$250,000 to \$499,999	3	81	} ¹ 236	288, 939	676, 207	77.2

¹ Combined to avoid disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises.

TABLE 5.—NUMBER AND RATED CAPACITY OF PRIME MOVERS, MOTORS, AND GENERATORS, FOR ENTER-PRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO TOTAL RATING OF POWER EQUIPMENT: 1929

	Total, all	RATING		EQUIPMENT F TING TOTAL		USES INDIVIDU	JALLY
n an	sizes	Less than 25	25 to 99	100 to 249	250 to 499	500 to 999	1,000 or more
Number of enterprises reporting power equipment 1 Prime movers and electric motors driven by purchased energy, aggregate horse- power	55 26, 498	6 84	11 716	12 2, 363	4 1, 176	16 10, 801	6 11, 358
Prime movers, total horsepower	5, 348		291	540	848	2, 300	1, 369
Steam engines— Number Horsepower Internal-combustion engines— Number Horsepower Water wheels and water turbines— Number	10 1, 599 43 3, 719		10 261	1 210 330	1 20 12 828	17 2, 300	8 1,869
Horsepower	1 30		30		150		184
Horsepower rating of inactive prime movers, included above Electric motors driven by purchased energy- Number Horsepower Electric motors driven by energy generated by enterprises reporting: Number Horsepower	21, 150	15 84	29 425	104 1, 823 88 687	7 328 5 130	320 8,501 47 1,000	8,989 9,989 Noregota 17 122
Electric generators; Number Kilowattz	. 12 1, 233		1 75	3 348	1 150	5 410	2 250

¹ No power equipment was reported by 5 enterprises,

TABLE 6.—CONDENSED SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO NUMBER OF DAYS IN OPERATION IN 1929, FOR THE UNITED STATES

days in operation	Number of enter- prises	01 minor	Wage earners, Dec. 14 or nearest representa- tive day	Wages	Value of products	days in operation	Number of enter- prises	Number of mincs	Wage earners, Dec. 14 or nearest representa- tive day	Wages	Value of products
Total	60	63	1 1, 912	\$2, 627, 733	\$5, 740, 188	200 to 249 250 to 299	14 20	14 22	352	\$452, 650 1, 475, 554	\$1, 168, 548 2, 932, 355
100 to 149 150 to 199	2 6	2 6	} 2 184	236, 793	428, 930	300 and over	18	19	1,009 367	462, 736	1, 210, 360

1 This total differs from that for ''Wage earners (average for the year)," 2078, given in other tables of this report. See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—Persons Engaged, 2 Combined to avoid disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises.

TABLE 7.—CONDENSED SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO NUMBER OF WAGE EARNERS, FOR THE UNITED STATES AND FOR SELECTED STATES: 1929

STATE AND NUMBER OF WAGE EARNERS FER	Num- ber of	Num- ber of	WAGE E/ (average yea	for the	Wages	Value of	STATE AND NUMBER OF WAGE EARNERS PER	Num- ber of	Num- ber of	WAGE EA (average yea	for the	Wages	Value of
WAGE LANNERS FER ENTERPRISE	enter- prises	mines	Number	Per cent of total	W Ages	products	ENTERPRISE	enter- prises	mines	Number	Per cent of total		products
United States, total	60	63	2,078	100.0	\$2, 627, 733	\$5, 740, 188	Oklahoma, total	4	4	119	100.0	\$151, 610	\$297, 638
1 to 5 6 to 20	10 18	10 19	32 216	1.5 10.4	39, 307 257, 475	114, 720 735, 806	6 to 20 21 to 50 51 to 100	2 1 1	2 1	1 119	. 100, 0	151, 610	297, 638
21 to 50 51 to 100 101 to 250	16 14 2	17 15 2	545 } 1,285	26.2 61.8	694, 461 1, 636, 490	1, 789, 602 3, 100, 060	Texas, total	5	6	111	100.0	124, 015	498, 570
New York, total	11	11	737	100.0	1, 001, 115	2, 092, 711	1 to 5 6 to 20 21 to 50	1 2 2	1 3 2	} ¹ 111	100. 0	124, 015	498, 570
6 to 20. 21 to 50. 51 to 100	1	1	} 1 167	22.7	223, 707	460, 644	Nevada, total	5	6	99	100.0	128, 045	366, 702
101 to 250		5	} 1 570	77.8	777, 408	1, 632, 067	1 to 5 6 to 20 21 to 50	1 2 2	1 2 3	1 99	100.0	128, 045	366, 702
Michigan, total	6	7	244	100.0	312, 464	645, 399	lowa and Kansas	10	10	814	100.0	371, 014	875, 980
1 to 5 6 to 20			1 50	20.5	75, 202	181, 670	6 to 20	4	4	29	9.2	27, 043	54, 001
21 to 50	3	4	194	79.5	237, 262	463, 729	21 to 50 51 to 100 101 to 250			1 285	90.8	343, 971	821, 929
Ohio, total	3	3	182	100.0	249, 367	397, 863	101 00 400 +		1	l'an	1		
6 to 20. 51 to 100	12	12	} 1 182	100. 0	249, 367	897, 863	and a second s The second se The second se The second s	, N				an an an Arthur An Arthur An Arthur An Arthur	in de la fille La fille La fille de la fille

¹ Combined to avoid disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises.

TABLE 8.—CONDENSED SUMMARY FOR ENTERPRISES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO PREVAILING HOURS OF LABOR PER WEEK, FOR THE UNITED STATES AND FOR SELECTED STATES: 1929

			<u></u>								
STATE AND PREVAILING HOURS OF LABOR PER WEEK	Num- ber of enter- prises	Num- ber of mines	Wage earners (average for the year)	Wages	Value of products	STATE AND PREVAILING HOURS OF LABOR PER WEEK	Num- ber of enter- prises	Num- ber of mines	Wage earners (average for the year)	Wages	Value o product
United States, total	60	63	2, 078	\$2, 627, 733	\$5, 740, 188	Ohio, total	3	8	182	\$249, 367	\$397, 80
Under 25 25 and over but under 36	1 2 3	1 2 3	} 189 } 1180	112, 487 221, 891	276, 481 419, 777	40 44 and over but under 48 54 and over but under 63	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 182	249, 367	397, 80
44 and over but under 48 48 Over 48 but under 54	20 3	20 3	650	861, 937 101, 176	1, 721, 568 218, 537	Oklahoma, total	4	4	119	151, 610	297, 68
54 and over but under 63	28 2	31 2	} 1 1, 055	1, 330, 242	3, 103, 827	Over 48 but under 54 54 and over but under 63	1 3	1	} 1119	151 , 6 10	297, 65
New York, total	0.11	11	737	1, 001, 115	2, 092, 711	Texas, total		6	111	124, 015	498, 57
25 and over but under 3640	1] 1 497	722, 267	1, 416, 130	54 and over but under 63 63 and over	1	5	} 111	124, 015	498, 57
48. Over 48 but under 54	4	4				Nevada, total	5	6	99	128, 045	366, 70
54 and over but under 63	3	3	} 1 240	278, 848	676, 581	48. 54 and over but under 63	23	24	} 199	128, 045	366, 70
Michigan, total		7	244	312, 464	645, 399	Iowa and Kansas, total		10	314	371, 014	875, 9
48. 54 and over but under 63	5 1 5	16	} 1 244	312, 464	645, 399	25 and over but under 36	1	1	1 148	166, 272	387, 6
	a a at					48. 54 and over but under 63	5	53	166	204, 742	488, 3
	ł	1		1	15		1	1 .	1		1

¹ Combined to avoid disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data reported by individual enterprises.

GYPSUM

TABLE 9 .--- WAGE EARNERS, BY MONTHS, BY STATES: 1929

[The month of maximum employment is indicated by bold-faced figures and that of minimum employment by *italic* figures]

	Average number			NUMBER	EMPLOYED	ON 15TH	DAY OF M	ONTH OR 1	IEAREST R	EPRESENT/	TIVE DAY			Percent
STATE .	employed during year	1	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	mlni- mum is of max- imum
United States	2, 078	2, 070	1, 952	2, 035	2, 211	2, 230	2, 184	2, 184	2, 289	2, 118	2, 113	1, 913	1,692	75.6
New York Michigan Ohio Oklahoma Texas Nevada Utah Colorado Iowa and Kansas Other States	787 244 182 119 111 99 21 12	748 194 180 145 101 90 19 958 217	734 161 - 185 134 113 83 19 15 302 206	724 184 182 186 121 118 <i>19</i> 16 290 245	747 238 187 136 122 128 <i>19</i> 16 336 282	762 272 192 138 116 116 <i>19</i> 16 334 205	762 281 180 105 109 111 22 13 839 202	781 283 187 107 113 108 22 13 837 233	783 312 187 113 109 106 23 14 330 250	781 291 186 108 106 102 23 13 284 224	754 284 180 109 114 90 23 6 317 236	695 236 172 101 108 64 21 6 273 237	579 187 170 99 59 59 21 6 258 214	73. 9 51, 6 88. 5 68. 3 81, 1 46, 1 82, 6 37, 5 72, 1 73, 0

TABLE 10.-DETAILED STATISTICS FOR THE INDUSTRY, BY STATES: 1929

[This table presents statistics for each State for which it is possible to give separate figures without disclosing data for individual enterprises. However, California, Montana, and Virginia were of greater importance in the industry than two of the States shown separately]

	United States	New York	Michigan	Texas	Ohio	Nevada	Okla- homa	Utah	Colorado	Iowa and Kansas ¹	Other States 2
Number of enterprises ⁸ Number of mines ⁸	4 60 63		6 7	5 0	8 3	5 6	4 4	3	33	10 10	10 10
Persons engaged, total	2, 214	779	265	122	190	110	126	25	13	329	255
Proprietors and firm members Principal salaried officers of corporations Other salaried officers and employees Wage earners (average for the year)	2 10 124 2,078	4 38 737	1 20 244	2 9 111	8 182	2 9 99	 7 119	3 1 21	1 12	15 314	16 239
Principal expenses, total	\$4, 157, 610	\$1, 536, 471	\$511,601	\$248,000	\$359, 212	\$240, 957	\$232, 310	\$41, 299	\$21, 423	\$549, 410	\$416, 921
Salaries and wages of— Principal officers of corporations Other salaried officers and employees Wage earners Contract work Supplies Fuel Purchased electric energy	\$31, 367 \$275, 292 \$2, 627, 738 \$7, 004 \$794, 733 \$136, 504 \$284, 977	\$12,700 \$99,430 \$1,001,115 \$3,504 \$285,375 \$1,237 \$133,110	\$6,000 \$38,888 \$312,464 \$49,241 \$53,420 \$51,588	\$2,000 \$19,690 \$124,015 \$60,532 \$19,522 \$22,241	\$15, 407 \$249, 307 \$70, 499 \$19, 412 \$4, 527	\$18, 480 \$128, 045 \$3, 500 \$63, 176 \$11, 836 \$15, 920	\$14, 350 \$151, 610 \$53, 481 \$12, 598 \$277	\$10,667 \$1,500 \$24,709 \$2,298 \$1,665 \$460	\$1, 800 \$13, 972 \$3, 883 \$668 \$1, 100	\$30, 572 \$371, 014 \$106, 747 \$0, 850 \$28, 227	\$29, 175 \$251, 422 \$99, 501 \$9, 296 \$27, 527
Expenditures for development (included above in "Principal expenses")	\$127,000 \$5,740,188	\$20, 000 \$2, 092, 711	\$62, 000 \$645, 399	\$23, 000 \$498, 570	\$6, 000 \$397, 863	\$3,000 \$366,702	\$297, 638	\$1,000 \$44,586	\$27, 867	\$875, 930	\$12,000 \$492,922
Value of products Quantity of crude gypsum produced (tons, 2,000				· · ·		· ·					
pounds) Machinery and other equipment purchased	5, 151, 876	1, 334, 815	903, 135	579, 453	398, 476	229, 513	369, 466	34, 352	28, 221	864, 270	410, 175
during the year, total cost	\$577, 546	\$21, 707	\$332, 633	\$141, 334	\$0, 380		\$3, 050	\$417	\$6, 500	\$59, 125	_ \$6, 400
Prime movers and electric motors driven by purchased energy, aggregate horsepower	26, 498	7, 689	6, 284	1, 765	934	1, 752	658	95	72	2, 671	4, 578
Prime movers, total horsepower	¢ 5, 348	310	1,614	410	810	1, 220	644	70		210	60
Steam engines— Number Horsepower Internal-combustion engines—	10 1, 599	1 250	7 1,119	1 20	1 210						
Number Horsepower Water wheels and water turbines— Number	43 3, 719 1	1 60	5 495	5 390	4 600	13 1, 220	10 644	1 40		2 210	2 60
Horsepower Electric motors driven by purchased energy Number Horsepower	30 792 21, 150	334 7, 379	145 4, 670	54 1, 355	15 124	20 532	2 14	80 2 25	4 72	97 2, 461	119 4. 518
Electric motors driven by energy generated by enterprises reporting: Number Horsepower		12 61	5	5 130	41 1, 104	20 380	12 40			12 163	
Electric generators: Number Kilowatts	12 7 1, 233	1 200	1 50	1 150	5 510		1 50	1 75		2 198	
Fuel and electric energy consumed: Fuel— Coal— Anthracitetons (2,240 pounds) Bituminoustons (2,000 pounds) Coke	623 13, 085 646 771, 752 266, 641 5, 033	18 198 	9, 056 391 48, 725	163, 874 55, 570 5, 000	3, 264 255 32, 000 49, 608	 387, 075 9, 745	 4, 000 78, 748	213	4, 898	605 346 24, 000 11, 194	8 210, 803 4, 657
Electric energy Purchased Generated by enterprises reporting kwhourskwhourskwhourskw.	19, 264, 882 5, 251, 706	11, 260, 383 74, 880	2, 462, 429	1, 345, 378 450, 000	288, 793 3, 787, 850	490, 322 534, 968	9, 249 68, 000	52, 353	41, 351	1, 328, 887 336, 008	2, 035, 737

Iowa, S enterprises; Kansas, 2.
 Arizona, I enterprise; California, 2; Montana, 2; South Dakota, 1; Virginia, 2; Wyoming, 2.
 See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—The Enterprise.
 Includes 58 enterprises having corporate form of organization and 2 small unincorporated enterprises.
 See GENERAL ELANATIONS—Milling and Manufacturing.
 Includes 284 horsepower reported for inactive prime movers.
 Includes 510 kilowatis reported for inactive generators.

MINES AND QUARRIES—SUMMARY FOR INDUSTRIES NOT COVERED BY SPECIAL INDUSTRY REPORTS

The results of the census of mines and quarries are presented under a series of 39 industry designations. Although the number of distinct mineral products is considerably larger, it is not practicable to present statistics for each and every product, however desirable. Furthermore, to do so would result in disclosure of data for individual enterprises in many instances, and therefore, would not be in accordance with the practice of the Census Bureau of treating each operator's report as confidential. Accordingly, the classifications used in some instances are more or less arbitrary, although these embrace as a rule related mineral products. Special industry reports are presented for 20 industries, as follows: Anthracite, bituminous coal, gold (lode), gold (placer), silver, copper, lead, zinc, iron ore, limestone, granite, basalt, slate, marble, sandstone, stone (miscellaneous), sand and gravel, phosphate rock, gypsum, and clay.

For the other 19 industries, detailed statistics are given in the table which follows; also for those States or groups of States, in each industry, for which figures may be presented without disclosing, exactly or approximately, the data for individual enterprises.

DETAILED STATISTICS FOR THOSE INDUSTRIES NOT

				PERSON	IS ENG	AGED	IN IND	USTRY		PRINCIPA	L EXPENS	es of oper	RATION AN	D DEVELOP	MENT	
			Num-		Pro-	Prin- cipal sala-	Other sala-	Wage		Sala	aries and	wages		Cost of su purchase	upplies, fu d electric	el, and energy
	INDUSTRY AND STATE	of enter- prises (¹)	ber of mines	Total (all classes)	prie- tors and firm mem- bers	ried offi- cers of cor- pora- tions	ried offi- cers and em- ploy- ees	earners (aver- age for the year)	Total	Principal officers of cor- porations	Other salaried officers and em- ployees	Wage earners	Contract work	Supplies	Fuel	Pur- chased electric energy
1	Abrasive materials ²	30	36	533	8	12	51	462	\$904, 904	\$68, 664	\$98, 704	\$401, 484	\$37, 358	\$144, 554	\$56, 797	\$7, 343
2	Asbestos, total	11	11	211			16	195	348, 586		34, 280	236, 789	2,000	36, 201	26, 756	12, 560
3 4	Arizona. Other States (Ga., Md., N. O., and Vt.).	7 4	- 7 4	163 48			9 7	154 41	259, 659 88, 927		19, 466 14, 814	194, 482 - 42, 307	2,000	21, 846 14, 355	23, 865 2, 891	12, 560
δ	Asphalt and bituminous rock, total.	21	25	1, 307	1	39	144	1, 123	2, 619, 666	286, 305	299, 258	1,254,835	84, 273	517, 712	138, 500	38, 783
6 7 8 9	Kentucky Utah Texas Other States (Ala., Calif., Mo., and Okla.).	5 8 8 5	6 11 3 5	787 206 215 99	i	18 6 9	81 25 30 8	088 175 178 82	1, 318, 745 487, 793 577, 969 235, 159	150, 260 30, 445 35, 200 70, 400	133, 394 68, 451 86, 663 10, 750	689, 628 258, 010 218, 058 89, 139	710 50, 134 25, 082 8, 347	244, 905 55, 198 182, 876 34, 733	84, 830 16, 552 30, 090 7, 028	15, 018 9, 003 14, 762
10	Barite, total	42	44	898	. 9	4	41	844	1, 062, 721	24, 800	76, 915	648, 488	24, 434	154, 822	57, 576	75, 686
11 12 13	Missouri Georgia Other States (Calif., S. C., Tenn., Va., and Wis.).	7	31 6 7	574 219 105	8	1 3	20 11 10	545 205 94	509, 146 308, 174 155, 401	4, 800 20, 000	24, 970 28, 563 23, 382	375, 217 200, 345 72, 926	12, 959 11, 475	56, 451 75, 426 22, 945	20, 769 28, 714 8, 093	13, 980 45, 126 16, 580
14	Foldspar, total	51	58	695	10	17	70	598	1, 047, 663	55, 376	128, 547	526, 896	14, 240	239, 297	21, 398	61, 909
15 16 17 18 19	Foldspar, total North Carolina New Hampshire New York. Other States (Calif., Conn., Md., Minn., S. Dak., and Va.).	14 11 6 3 17	17 14 7 3 17	341 111 77 53 113	2 7 1	5 5 1 5 1	29 17 4 8 12	305 82 72 40 99	390, 467 245, 935 135, 079 107, 130 169, 052	14,650 19,500 8,600 16,300 1,326	60, 193 31, 109 4, 657 14, 752 17, 836	193, 513 79, 410 84, 602 56, 823 112, 548	678 4, 258 9, 304	77, 845 97, 773 30, 679 11, 780 21, 220	8, 445 3, 297 2, 724 2, 200 4, 732	35, 143 14, 846 4, 559 5, 275 2, 086
20	Va.). Fluorspar, total	28	36	1, 184	13	13	105	1, 053	2, 222, 333	62, 983	226, 934	1, 112, 322	16, 540	626, 500	153, 448	23, 606
21 22 23	Illinois Kentucky Colorado, Nevada, and New Mexico.	6 16 6	7 23 6	537 590 57	5 4 4	7 5 1	51 52 2	474 529 50	1, 035, 227 1, 099, 978 87, 128	25,500 35,633 1,850	112, 021 111, 563 3, 350	563, 024 487, 580 61, 718	9, 925 6, 615	244, 682 374, 649 7, 169	70, 758 77, 032 5, 658	9, 317 13, 521 768
24	Fuller's and filtering earths, ³ total	1	24	1, 096	1422.2	21	84	991	2, 379, 068	98, 537	204, 380	853, 228	350, 979	425, 011	385, 356	61, 577
25 26 27 28 29	Florida and Georgia Nevada and Utah Casa. California Other States (Ariz., Colo., III., and Mass.).	5 3 5 4 5	6 3 5 4 6	765 116 61 59 95		11 5 1 4	49 11 9 4 11	705 100 51 55 80	1, 560, 734 243, 018 131, 780 174, 736 268, 800	44, 240 41, 820 2, 280	110, 106 33, 626 19, 387 9, 433 31, 828	518, 180 116, 814 59, 468 65, 047 93, 719	333, 859 629 1, 016 13, 304 2, 171	233, 964 33, 714 37, 112 26, 532 93, 689	288, 942 6, 042 12, 517 60, 420 16, 835	81, 443 9, 773
30 31 32	Magnesite Manganese Mercury, total	5 19 40	5 21 40	378 393 1, 127	4 10	6 11 16	21 24 72	351 354 1, 029	1, 150, 652 696, 744 2, 381, 345	25, 900 45, 954 60, 000	62, 301 42, 141 159, 708	465, 936 392, 362 1, 383, 603	55, 970 5, 824 15, 292	252, 178 139, 516 464, 047	231, 375 32, 208 229, 844	56, 992 38, 739 68, 851
33 34 35 36	California Nevada Oregon and Washington Arizona and Texas	18 10 6 6	18 10 6 6	481 227 205 214	7 3	4 3 4 5	$ \begin{array}{r} 24 \\ 14 \\ 11 \\ 23 \end{array} $	446 207 190 186	$1, 156, 444 \\ 440, 034 \\ 450, 380 \\ 334, 487$	19,500 12,200 16,500 11,800	53, 134 23, 128 24, 080 59, 366	657, 495 293, 104 259, 178 173, 826	9, 919 5, 373	288, 026 37, 188 73, 250 65, 583	86, 142 48, 307 71, 658 23, 737	42, 228 20, 734 5, 714 175
37	Mica, total	24	32	250	. 1	8	15	226	354, 225	81, 325	26, 868	195, 142		65, 474	17, 605	17, 811
38 39 40	North Carolina New Hampshire Colorado, New Mexico, and Texas.	10 6 4	15 6 7	116 90 29	1	7 7 1	7 7 1	102 82 27	142, 630 155, 754 35, 175	30,075 1,250	10, 260 15, 608 1, 000	70, 202 83, 420 27, 700		11, 561 43, 981 3, 686	6, 610 8, 856 1, 539	13, 922 3, 889
41	Other States (Conn., Me., S. Dak., and Va.)	4	4	15				15	20, 666			13,820		6, 246	600	
42	Millstones and pulpstones, total		14	194	3	9	18	164	384, 817	30,800	66, 466			42,841	3,700	19,692
43 44	West Virgnia New York, North Carolina, and Ohio.	95	9 5	148 46	3	9	15 3	121 43	298, 358 86, 459	30, 800	51, 766 14, 700	164, 805 56, 513		33, 090 9, 751	3, 125 575	14, 772 4, 920

¹ See GENERAL EXPLANATIONS—The Enterprise. ² Emery; garnet and industrial sapphires and diamonds; grinding pebbles and tube-mill lining; grindstones, oilstones, whetstones, scythestones, and rubbing stones; ³ Indudes data for the production of those plants which chemically treat their mined elay to prepare it for use for filtering purposes, especially for oils. The data for these elay producers are not included, however, in the statistics of the clay industry.

SUMMARY

COVERED BY SPECIAL INDUSTRY REPORTS: 1929

Expen- ditures		a a se a se	Machin-		PRIM	E MOVE	RS AND	ELECTRI	C MOTOF	S DRIVI	EN BY P	URCHASI	ed ene	RGY					 	
for de- velop- ment	Produc-	to a ta Maria Na Sinta San	ery and other equip-					Pri	me move	ers		;				driven ergy ge	by en-	Elec		
(includ- ed in prin- cipal ex- penses;	tion, tons (2,000 pounds)	Value of products 4	ment pur- chased during the year (total	Aggre- gate horse- power	Total horse- power of	Steam	engines	Steam	turbines	comb	ornal- oustion gines	and	wheels water bines	driven	e motors by pur- energy	by ent	erprises rting	gener	ators	
thou- sands)		-	cost)		prime movers	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Kilo- watts	1
\$67	89, 983	\$1, 411, 284	\$26, 692	8, 828	2, 927	36	1, 341			38	1, 436	2	150	.38	901	18	205	8	150	1
	3, 440	397, 482	89, 257	2, 114	695	3	257			16	438			30	1,419	4	-40	1	25	2
55 38	1, 269 2, 171	320, 225 77, 257	49, 387 39, 870	470 1, 644	470 225	1 2	37 220			14 2	433 5			<u>8</u> 0 ⁻	1,419	4	40	1	25	3 4
39	819, 438	5, 123, 836	182, 214	13, 109	10, 177	68	5, 162			74	5, 015			67	2, 932	59	3, 136	13	1, 785	5
2 34	333, 483 63, 720	2,293,577 1,611,283	50, 245 116, 978	6, 147 1, 143	4,747 665	54	3, 797			24 29	950 665			18 31	$1,400 \\ 478$	17	556	5	345	87
3	843, 833 78, 402	955, 968 263, 008	6, 085 8, 906	4, 390 1, 429	4, 390 875	11	$1,200 \\ 165$			17	8, 190 210			18	1,054	42	2, 580	8	1,440	7 8 9
12	271, 503	1, 801, 314	154, 065	6, 066	2, 698	18	598			36	1,950	1	150	96	3, 368	8	113	4	185	10
1	111, 484 98, 701	835, 778 626, 401	110, 511 20, 547	2, 469 2, 647	1,978 460	6 10 2	218 310			- 31	1,760	1	150	20 56	491 2, 187	8	113	4	185	11 12
11	61, 818	339, 135	28, 007	950	260	2	70			5	190			20	690					13
82	⁵ 204, 865	1, 935, 335	28, 100	6, 543	2, 531	10	1, 170	+		47	986	1	375	150	4, 012	26	381	2	350	14
10 4	108, 973 21, 420	952, 122 338, 490	14, 800 3, 409	2, 948 1, 099	1,295 157 139	6	670			10 9	250 157	1	375	66 22	1,653 942	2	40	1	150	15 16
1 8 14	32,694 13,101 28,677	246, 139 132, 427 266, 151	3,409 2,492 3,000 4,399	319 810 1, 367	139 150 790		25 150 325			8	114			5 27 30	180 660 577	24	941			17 18 19
11	20,071	200, 101	7,000	1,007	100	2	020			22	465					24	841		200	110
157	156,095	2, 858, 344	139, 664	6, 513	6, 182	46	5, 477			58	705			23	331	120	2, 830	14	2, 003	20
83 70 4	76, 280 71, 750 8, 065	1, 434, 122 1, 828, 733 95, 489	60, 811 75, 613 3, 240	2, 879 3, 108 526	2,763 2,918 501	19 22 5	2,670 2,460 347			5 42 9	93 458 154			15 6 2	116 190 25	91 29	2, 103 727	777	1, 543 460	21 22 23
90	369, 933	4, 811, 629	98, 012	8, 221	6,775	22	2,725	3	1, 400	31	2, 650			94	1, 446	171	2, 000	8	1, 376	24
76 10	210,034 56,141	3, 266, 966 569, 814	58,914 10,216	5,036 872	4,396 880	16	2, 150	8	1,400	94	846 660			38 15	640 212	170	1,990	· · · 6	1, 859	25
4	32,780 26,319	260,006 226,010	4, 583	809	809 780 180	4	445			16 2	864 780					- 1	10	2	17	26 26 27 28 29
	44, 659	488, 833	24, 299	724	130	2	130	 -						46	594	,			••	29
24 40	98, 361 45, 853	2, 043, 905 1, 184, 561	44, 236 12, 441	3, 197 2, 342	220 177	3	170			8	50 177			143 102	2, 977 2, 165			1		30 31 32
460	⁶ 23, 769	2,820,166	618, 185	5, 625	3, 119	<u> </u>	+			89	3, 119			160	2, 506	77	758	18	808	1.1.1
201 128 74 57	10,036 4,713 5,069 3,951	1, 178, 387 588, 453 594, 876 458, 450	416, 291 108, 715 34, 137 59, 042	2,560 1,012 693 1,354	704 745 399 1,271					24 16 16 33	704 745 399 1, 271			118 14 20 10	1,862 267 294 83	10 31 19 17	104 180 132 336	5 3 5 7	156 125 126 401	33 34 35 36
14	12, 130	516, 305	6,406	1,721	732	4	165			14	482	3	85	54	989	6	118	1	125	37
5	7, 534 2, 806 1, 100	223, 804 222, 728 38, 849	6,406	$1,023 \\ 458 \\ 215$	285 207 215	3	140			5 6 3	130 137 215	12	15 70	44 10	738 251	6	113		125	38 39 40
	630	30, 924		25	25	1	25								·					41
8		620, 835	11, 136	2, 517	614	11	364			. 5	250			64	1,903					42
8		479, 523 141, 312	11, 042 94	2, 152 365	590 24	92	340 24			5	250			50 14	1,562 341					43 44
1		A of produce	l[11	1]	I	1	1				1		ł	1					I

Includes value of products other than that indicated by the industry designation as follows: For the glass-sand industry, \$1,581,805, value of other sands; for the molding-sand industry, \$847,584, value of other sands, and gravel. However, the quantities reported in this table for these industries are correct as given. For other industries in this table, only very small values of products other than that of the industry designation are included, while quantities reported are correct as given.
 Tons, 2,240 pounds.
 Flasks, 76 pounds.

DETAILED STATISTICS FOR THOSE INDUSTRIES NOT

-				PERSOI	NS ENG	AGED	IN IND	USTRY	e filmer	PRINCIPA	L EXPENS	ES OF OPER	ATION AN	ID DEVELOP	MENT	
		Num- ber	Num- ber		Pro-	Prin- cipal sala-	Other sala-	Wage		Sale	ries and ·	wages		Cost of su purchase	1pplies, fu d electric	el, and energy
	INDUSTRY AND STATE	of enter- prises	of mines	Total (all classes)	prie- tors and firm mem- bers	ried offi- cers of cor- pora- tions	ried offi- cers and em- ploy- ees	earners (aver- age for the year)	Totàl	Principal officers of cor- porations	Other salaried officers and em- ployees	Wage earners	Contract work	Supplies	Fuel	Pur- chased electric energy
; 1	Minor metals, total	26	80	1, 419	4	16	155	1,244	\$4, 015, 174	\$226, 397	\$371,018	\$1, 506, 851	\$86, 490	\$1, 416, 575	\$198, 872	\$208, 971
2 3 4	Molybdenum, vanadium, and titanium Bauxite Tungsten	5 9 12	6 11 13	520 679 220	1	6 7 3	58 69 28	450 602 180	2, 274, 067 1, 189, 405 551, 702	150, 018 66, 879 9, 500	167, 887 151, 805 51, 326	697, 270 512, 606 296, 975	82, 243 4, 247	1, 073, 143 216, 234 127, 198	67, 368 121, 793 9, 711	118, 381 37, 845 52, 745
5	Sand, glass, total		32	1,125		25	70	1,030	2, 868, 504	117, 110	160, 560	1, 313, 503	15,000	675, 263	282, 405	304, 663
6 7 8	New Jersey Virginia Pennsylvania and West Vir-	3	3	66 73		4 3	5 4	57 66	212, 242 136, 886	9, 100 6, 850	11,040 8,400	85, 726 71, 063		41, 711 28, 886	33, 203 11, 641	81, 462 10, 046
9	ginia Illinois, Michigan, and Mis-	5	10	485		2	17	466	1, 167, 283	4, 900	49, 440	560, 095		364, 881	70, 923	117, 044
10	Souri Other States (Ark., Calif.,	5	7	357		11	28	318	1,013,122	76, 700	64, 690	454, 707		162, 933	138, 034	116,058
11	Md., Nev., Ohio, and Okla.) Sand, molding, total	1 :	9 128	144 1,256	19	5 60	16 140	123 1,037	338, 971 2, 679, 458	19, 500 306, 303	26,990 300,116	141, 912 1, 290, 854	15,000 121,448	76, 852 353, 738	28, 604 180, 356	30, 053 126, 643
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Ohio Illinois New Jersey New York Ponnsylvania Michigan Indiana. Callifornia Other States (Iowa, Ky., Mo., and Wis.)	22 6 16 10 12 5 6 5 8	34 10 23 23 13 6 5 5	436 137 199 101 169 87 55 43 29	3 2 6 1 4 1 1	28 7 11 0 1 2 5	32 11 20 13 18 22 13 6 5	$ \begin{array}{r} 373 \\ 117 \\ 162 \\ 81 \\ 146 \\ 62 \\ 36 \\ 36 \\ 24 \end{array} $	813, 884 403, 365 455, 058 244, 208 232, 919 278, 066 107, 175 95, 317 49, 466	134, 926 36, 199 38, 460 40, 040 1, 688 34, 000 21, 000	70, 475 32, 712 32, 263 25, 740 27, 409 60, 613 21, 660 18, 904 10, 250	403,997 193,358 211,280 112,592 148,244 108,535 42,650 44,553 25,645	12, 200 1, 500 35, 728 56, 621 154 - 2, 142 9, 903 8, 200	117, 831 44, 027 88, 940 3, 186 31, 841 38, 665 11, 112 12, 290 5, 846	45, 871 68, 818 27, 749 5, 374 7, 388 12, 554 6, 887 3, 489 2, 226	28, 584 26, 751 20, 648 655 16, 105 23, 699 1, 724 6, 178 2, 299
21	Silica, total ⁷	70	73	1,657	8	22	194	1, 433	3, 099, 537	70, 230	451, 617	1, 677, 407	3, 566	614, 183	142, 818	139, 716
22 23 24 25 26 27	Pennsylvania New Jersey Wisconsin Missouri Uther States (Ala., Ariz., Ark., Calif., Colo., Kans., Md., Mass., Mont., Nev., N. Y., N. C., Ohio, Okla., Oreg., Tenn., Tex., Va., and. Wash.) Sulphur and pyrites ⁸	18 5 4 3 5	19 5 4 4 5	347 79 105 65 54	2	4 5 1	14 12 4 3 12	327 62 101 60 42	506, 406 199, 511 180, 829 103, 966 111, 841	14,800 17,300 2,100	30, 162 27, 467 10, 620 4, 862 19, 204	359, 178 84, 046 126, 893 55, 718 47, 464		81, 991 17, 658 41, 536 33, 348 23, 581	11, 677 11, 753 1, 030 3, 171 16, 838	8, 598 41, 287 750 4, 767 4, 754
28	and Wash.) Sulphur and pyrites ⁸	35 9	36 10	1, 007 2, 505	5 1	12 8	149 297	841 2, 199	1, 996, 984 12, 261, 745	36, 030 90, 300	359, 302 864, 698	1,004,108 3,482,606	3, 566 10, 269	416, 069 3, 339, 859	98, 349 4,433,427	79, 560 40, 586
29	Talc and soapstone	25	28	632		23	59	550	1, 508, 062	88, 546	128, 371	615, 355	16, 795	530, 717	28, 939	99, 339
30 31	New York and Vermont Maryland, Virginia, and North Carolina	7	8 8	258 219		. 10 7	37 12	211 200	999, 552 270, 740	53, 450 20, 662	81, 192 30, 971	311, 541 170, 813	9, 262 227	455, 140	10, 391 8, 894	78, 576 17, 114
82	Other States (Calif., Ga., Pa., and Wis.)	10	12	155		6	10	139	237, 770	14, 434	16,208	133, 001	7, 306	53, 518	9, 654	3, 649
33	Miscellaneous minerals •	19	19	343		10	28	305	637, 983	18, 515	62, 924	301, 197		167, 630	37, 060	50, 657

¹ Diatomaceous earth, ganister, quartz, quartzite, silica rock, silica sand, siliceous mica schist, tripoli. ¹ Production of pyrites was of minor importance, representing less than 2 per cent of the combined value of products shown for sulphur and pyrites.

SUMMARY

COVERED BY SPECIAL INDUSTRY REPORTS: 1929-Continued

Expen- ditures			Machin-		PRIM	e move	RS AND	ELECTR	с мотоі	IS DRIV	EN BY P	URCHAS	ed ene	RGY						
for de- velop- ment	Produc-		ery and other equip-					Pri	me mov	ors						driver	c motors by en- nerated		etrie	
(includ- ed in prin- cipal ex-	tion, tons (2,000 pounds)	Value of products	ment pur- chased during the year (total	Aggre- gate horse- power	Total horse- power of	Steam	engines	Steam	turbines	comb	ernal- oustion gines	and	wheels water bines	driven	c motors by pur- l energy	by ent	erprises orting	genei	rators	
penses; thou- sands)			cost)		prime movers	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Horse- power	Num- ber	Kilo- watts	
\$379	368, 907	\$6, 649, 976	\$239, 253	13, 469	3, 874	5	600			21	2, 422	7	852	430	9, 595	16	648	8	1, 452	1
274 13 92	3, 416 364, 670 821	3, 677, 114 2, 238, 892 733, 970	129, 789 95, 550 13, 914	4, 360 5, 711 3, 398	660 2, 124 1 _i 090	2 3	250 350			5 8 8	320 1, 762 340	3 2 2	90 12 750	214 125 91	3, 700 3, 587 2, 308		648	2 5 1	27 1, 075 350	2 3 4
50	2, 186, 554	5, 359, 216	433, 067	13, 215	2, 193	14	805	3	270	24	1, 118			448	11, 022	24	716	3	360	5
	120, 282 52, 702	318, 435 156, 139	24, 812 9, 210	1, 071 860	435 460	2	210	i	250	4	435			40 20	636 400	17 5	342 368	2	325	6 7
	1, 118, 134	2, 244, 111	312, 419	4, 213	170	4	60			2	110			128	4, 043					. 8
21	689, 135	2, 138, 971	65, 220	5, 267	463	1	35	2	20	9	408			210	4, 804	2	6	1	35	9
29	206, 301	501, 560	21, 406	1, 804	665	7	500			9	165			50	1, 139					10
12	4, 223, 717	4, 775, 957	355, 514	14, 792	7, 603	75	4, 638	2	90	78	2, 875			305	7, 189	2	40	1	25	11
1	730, 800 622, 402 686, 169 236, 524	$1, 333, 554 \\873, 053 \\674, 278 \\468, 397$	116, 033 20, 500 73, 481 11, 440	5, 042 1, 505 2, 325 350	3, 233 817 883 310	29 19 7 5 3 1	2, 565 685 259 310	2 	90 	21 8 12	578 132 624			92 25 58 2	1,809 688 1,442 40					12 13 14 15
1 1	$242,083 \\ 1,071,595 \\ 424,553 \\ 65,303$	441, 648 412, 349 242, 800 207, 083	$\begin{array}{c} 6,272\\ 112,599\\ 11,194\\ 2,538\end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{r} 1, 673 \\ 2, 193 \\ 620 \\ 645 \end{array} $	476 875 510 234	3 1 4	169 100 350			11 11 5 7	307 775 160 234			35 43 8 33	1, 197 1, 318 110 411	2	40	1	25	16 17 18 19
	144, 288	122, 795	1, 457	439	265	7	200			3	65			9	174					20
81	1, 333, 789	4, 645, 142	266, 868	11, 771	4, 515	32	2, 312			49	2, 203			476	7, 256	4	9	1	10	21
17 10	562, 793 129, 012 175, 427 26, 933	689, 886 321, 310 216, 673 143, 300	14, 985 3, 164 1, 032 1, 907	$1,784 \\ 1,389 \\ 445 \\ 328$	1, 075 295 355 25	12 3	650 315			11 4 1 1	$425 \\ 295 \\ 40 \\ 25$			28 37 2 17	709 1, 094 90 303	4	9	1	10	22 23 24 25
	10, 311	128, 641	8, 494	794	670	10	630			. 2	40			7	124					20
54 325	429, 313 2, 607, 873	3, 145, 332 37, 126, 148	237, 286 1, 633, 726	7, 031 83, 932	2, 095 31, 643	291^{7}	717 14 , 3 24	49	15,424	30 36	1, 378 1, 895			385 106	4, 936 2, 289	426	13, 528	18	8, 202	27 28
57	243, 075	2, 687, 953	35, 399	10, 530	3, 937	11	535	5	20	17	407	9	2, 975	192	6, 593	4	750	1	250	29
12	150, 559	1, 762, 922	17, 502	8, 127	3, 240	2	65	5	20	8	180	9	2, 975	107	4, 887	4	750	. 1	250	30
33	56, 263	589, 190	12, 697	1, 578	265	6	265							64	1, 313					31
12	36, 253	335, 841	5, 200	825	432	3	205			9	227			21	393					32
45	132, 362	3, 502, 876	66, 719	3, 978	610	6	540			3	70			189	3, 368					88

• Borates, cyanite, graphite, lithium minerals (amblygonite, lepidolite, and spodumene), mineral pigments, tantalum, vermiculite.