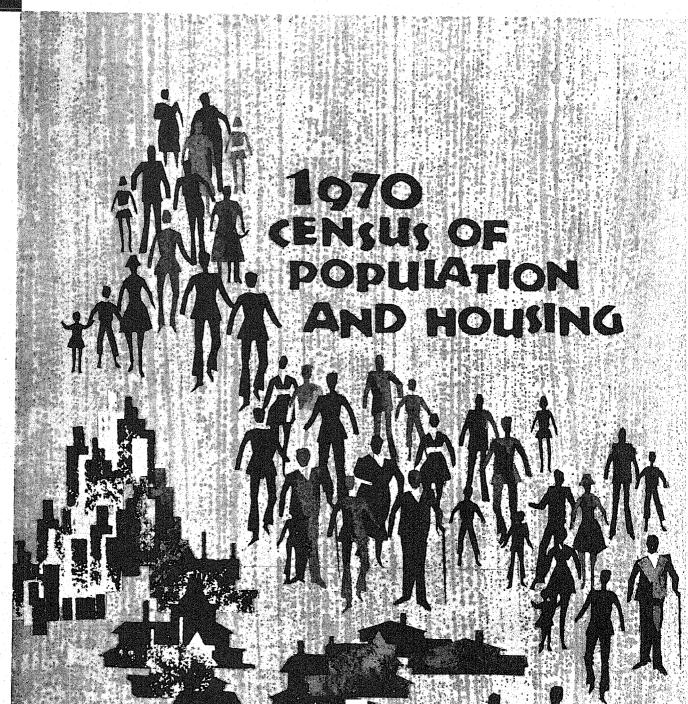
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PUBLICATION



PHC(1)-140

Census Tracts

NEW BEDFORD, MASS. STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA



U.S. DEPARTMENT
OF COMMERCE
Social and Economic
tatistics Administration

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1970 (ENSUS OF POPULATION AND HOUSING

Census Tracts

NEW BEDFORD, MASS. STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA

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LIST OF PHC(1) CENSUS TRACT REPORTS

The reports listed below are for Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas. An asterisk (*) indicates that the report includes data for tracts in selected areas adjacent to the SMSA.

Report		Report		l Report	
numbe	r Area	number	Area	numbe	
1	Abilene, Tex.	41	Charlotte, N.C.*		
2	Akron, Ohio	42	Chattanooga, TennGa.	81	Great Falls, Mont.
3	Albany, Ga.	43	Chicago, III.	82	Green Bay, Wis.
4	Albany-Schenectady-Troy, N.Y.	44	Cincinnati, Ohio-KyInd.	83	Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point, N.
5	Albuquerque, N. Mex.	45	Cleveland, Ohio	84 85	Greenville, S.C.
6	Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, PaN.J.	46		03	Hamilton-Middletown, Ohio
7	Altoona, Pa.	46	Colorado Springs, Colo.	86	Harrisburg, Pa.
	Amarillo, Tex.	47	Columbia, Mo.	87	Hartford, Conn.*
	Anaheim-Santa Ana-Garden Grove, Calif.	48	Columbia, S.C.	88	Honolulu, Hawaii*
10	Anderson, Ind.	49	Columbus, GaAla.	89	Houston, Tex.*
10	Anderson, Mu.	50	Columbus, Óhio	90	Huntington-Ashland, W. VaKy Ohio*
11	Ann Arbor, Mich.	51	Corpus Christi, Tex.	91	Huntsville, Ala.
12	Appleton-Oshkosh, Wis.	52	Dallas, Tex.	92	Indianapolis, Ind.
13	Asheville, N.C.	53	Davenport-Rock Island-Moline, Iowa-III.	93	Jackson, Mich.
14	Atlanta, Ga.*	54	Dayton, Ohio	94	
15	Atlantic City, N.J.	55	Decatur, III.	95	Jackson, Miss. Jacksonville, Fla.
16	Augusta, GaS.C.	56	Denver, Coto.	00	
17	Austin, Tex.	57	Des Moines, Iowa	96	Jersey City, N.J.
18	Bakersfield, Calif.	58	Detroit, Mich.*	97	Johnstown, Pa.
19	Baltimore, Md.	59	Dubuque, Iowa	98	Kalamazoo, Mich.
20	Baton Rouge, La.*	60	Duluth-Superior, MinnWis.	99 100	Kansas City, MoKans.* Kenosha, Wis.
21	Bay City, Mich.	61	Durham, N.C.		
22	Beaumont-Port Arthur-Orange, Tex.	62	El Paso, Tex.	101	Knoxville, Tenn.*
23	Billings, Mont.	63	Erie, Pa.	102	Lafayette, La.
24	Biloxi-Gulfport, Miss.	64	Eugene, Oreg.	103	Lafayette-West Lafayette, Ind.
25	Binghamton, N.YPa.	65	Evansville, IndKy.	104 105	Lake Charles, La. Lancaster, Pa.
26	Birmingham, Ala.	66		1	Lancaster, Fd.
27	Bloomington-Normal, III.	67	Fall River, Mass. R.I.	106	Lansing, Mich.
28	Boise City, Idaho	1	Fargo-Moorhead, N. Dak. Minn.	107	Laredo, Tex.
29	Boston, Mass.*	68	Fayetteville, N.C.	108	Las Vegas, Nev.
30	Bridgeport, Conn.	69	Fitchburg-Leominster, Mass.*	109	Lawrence-Haverhill, MassN.H.
		70	Flint, Mich.	110	Lawton, Okła.
31 32	Bristol, Conn.*	71	Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood, Fla.	111	Lewiston-Auburn, Maine
	Brockton, Mass.	72	Fort Smith, ArkOkla.	1	Lexington, Ky.
33	Brownsville-Harlingen-San Benito, Tex.	73	Fort Wayne, Ind.		Lima, Ohio
34 25	Bryan-College Station, Tex.	74	Fort Worth, Tex.*	1	Lincoln, Nebr.
35	Buffalo, N.Y.	75	Fresno, Calif.	1	Little Rock-North Little Rock, Ark.
36	Canton, Ohio	76	Gadsden, Ala.		
37	Cedar Rapids, Iowa	77	Gainesville, Fla.		Lorain-Elyria, Ohio*
38	Champaign-Urbana, III.	78	Galveston-Texas City, Tex.		Los Angeles-Long Beach, Calif.
39	Charleston, S.C.*	79	Gary-Hammond-East Chicago, Ind.		Louisville, KyInd.
40	Charleston, W. Va.	80	Grand Rapids, Mich.*		Lowell, Mass.
				120	Lubbock, Tex.

Report		Report		Report		ı
number	Area	number	Area	number	Area	
†				ļ		
121	Lynchburg, Va.*	161	Pine Bluff, Ark.	201	Spokane, Wash.	1
122	Macon, Ga.*	162	Pittsburgh, Pa.	202	Springfield, III.	
123	Madison, Wis.	163	Pittsfield, Mass.	203	Springfield, Mo.	l
124	Manchester, N.H.	164	Portland, Maine*	204	Springfield, Ohio	Ì
125	Mansfield, Ohio	165	Portland, OregWash.	205	Springfield-Chicopee-Holyoke, MassConn.*	
126	McAllen-Pharr-Edinburg, Tex.	166	Providence-Pawtucket-Warwick, R.IMass.*	206	Stamford, Conn.	
127	Memphis, TennArk.	167	Provo-Orem, Utah	207	Steubenville-Weirton, Ohio- W. Va.	
128	Meriden, Conn.	168	Pueblo, Colo.	208	Stockton, Calif.	
129	Miami, Fla.	169	Racine, Wis.	209	Syracuse, N.Y.	l
130	Midland, Tex.	170	Raleigh, N.C.	210	Tacoma, Wash.	ļ
131	Milwaukee, Wis.*	171	Reading, Pa.	211	Tallahassee, Fla.	
132	Minneapolis-St. Paul, Minn.	172	Reno, Nev.	212	Tampa-St. Petersburg, Fla.	
133	Mobile, Ala.	173	Richmond, Va.	213	Terre Haute, Ind.	ı
134	Modesto, Calif.	174	Roanoke, Va.	214	Texarkana, TexArk.	l
135	Monroe, La.	175	Rochester, Minn.	215	Toledo, Ohio-Mich.	
136	Montgomery, Ala.	176	Rochester, N.Y.	216	Topeka, Kans.	
137	Muncie, Ind.	177	Rockford, III.	217	Trenton, N.J.	١
138	Muskegon-Muskegon Heights, Mich.	178	Sacramento, Calif.*	218	Tucson, Ariz.	l
139	Nashville-Davidson, Tenn.	179	Saginaw, Mich.	219	Tulsa, Okla.	l
140	New Bedford, Mass.	180	St. Joseph, Mo.	220	Tuscaloosa, Ala.	
141	New Britain, Conn.	181	St. Louis, MoIII.*	221	Tyler, Tex.	١
142	New Haven, Conn.*	182	Salem, Oreg.	222	Utica-Rome, N.Y.	l
143	New Landon-Graton-Norwich, Conn.*	183	Salinas-Monterey, Calif.	223	Vallejo-Napa, Calif.	l
144	New Orleans, La.	184	Salt Lake City, Utah	224	Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton, N.J.	ĺ
145	New York, N.Y.	185	San Angelo, Tex.	225	Waco, Tex.	l
146	Newark, N.J.*			226	Washington, D.CMdVa.	1
147		186	San Antonio, Tex.	227	Waterbury, Conn.*	l
148	Newport News-Hampton, Va.*	187	San Bernardino-Riverside- Ontario, Calif.	228	Waterloo, Iowa	١
149	Norfolk-Portsmouth, Va.*	188	San Diego, Calif.	229	West Palm Beach, Fla.	i
150	Norwalk, Conn.* Odessa, Tex.	189	San Francisco-Oakland, Calif.	230	Wheeling, W. VaOhio	
""	Ouessa, Tex.	190	San Jose, Calif.	231	Wichita, Kans.	
151	Ogden, Utah	191	Santa Barbara, Calif.	232	Wichita Falls, Tex.*	l
152	Oklahoma City, Okla.	192	Santa Rosa, Calif.	233	Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton, Pa.	١
153	Omaha, Nebrlowa	193	Savannah, Ga.	234	Wilmington, DelN.JMd.	1
154	Orlando, Fla.	194	Scranton, Pa.	235	Wilmington, N.C.	l
155	Oxnard-Ventura, Calif.	195	Seattle-Everett, Wash.		•	
156	·			236	Worcester, Mass.*	1
157	Paterson-Clifton-Passaic, N.J.	196	Sherman-Denison, Tex.	237	York, Pa.	
158	Pensacola, Fla.	197	Shreveport, La.	238	Youngstown-Warren, Ohio*	
159	Peoria, III.	198	Sioux City, Iowa-Nebr.	239	Mayagüez, P.R.	1
160	Philadelphia, PaN.J.	199	Sioux Falls, S. Dak.	240	Ponce, P.R.	l
1 100	Phoenix, Ariz.	200	South Bend, Ind.	241	San Juan, P.R.	1

INTRODUCTION

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A. Area Classifications	App-1
B. Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics	Арр-3
C. Accuracy of the Data	App-13
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GENERAL

This report presents statistics by census tract on the characteristics of the population and housing units as reported in the 1970 Census of Population and Housing. Legal provision for this census, which was conducted as of April 1, 1970, was made in the Act of Congress of August 31, 1954 (amended August 1957), which codified Title 13, United States Code, This report series contains 241 reports as listed on page II. Each report relates to a particular standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA), and in some cases also covers certain areas adjacent to the SMSA. As stated on page App-2, there are 247 currently recognized SMSA's, including four in Puerto Rico. There are no reports in this series for six of these SMSA's because they were newly designated on the basis of the 1970 census results and census tracts had not been established for them previously.

This series of reports is one of the several series which present the information compiled from the census. For a description of the full data dissemination program see Appendix D, "Publication and Computer Summary Tape Program."

The content and procedures of the 1970 census were determined after

evaluation of the results of the 1960 census, consultation with a wide variety of users of census data, and extensive field pretesting. A number of changes were introduced in 1970 to improve the usefulness of the census results. For the characteristics shown in this report, the changes do not, however, affect to any appreciable extent the comparability of the 1970 data with those for 1960.

More detailed information on the technical and procedural matters covered in the text of this report can be obtained by writing to the Director, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D. C. 20233. Such information will also appear in later reports of the 1970 census.

Organization of the text.-The text consists of this introduction and four appendixes, which appear after the tables. Appendix A describes area classifications, defines census tracts, and traces some of the history of the development of census tract statis-Appendix B provides definitions and explanations of the population and housing subjects appearing in the report. Appendix C presents information on sources of error in the data, sampling variability, ratio estimation, and editing procedures. Appendix D summarizes the data dissemination program of the 1970 census.

Content of the tables.—There are two numbered series of tables. Tables P-1 to P-8 present population statistics and tables H-1 to H-5 present housing statistics. Tables P-5 to P-8 and H-3 to H-5 relate to Negroes and to persons of Spanish language or surname or persons of Puerto Rican birth or parentage; they include only those tracts that have a population of 400 or more for the particular group.

The tables include data for the component counties and places of 25,000 or more in the SMSA, as well as for the tracts. All tables are arranged in identical fashion. Summations are presented first for the SMSA, followed by the component counties in alphabetical order (within State, if the SMSA crosses State lines). Shown under each county is the summation for each component place of 25,000 inhabitants or more and the balance of the county. Following these summations are the data for individual tracts (arranged in the abovementioned geographic order) within the SMSA; and, in certain cases, for individual tracts in territory contiguous to the SMSA. When a tract crosses the boundary of a place of 25,000 inhabitants or more, statistics for the portion of the tract which lies inside the place are shown with the figure for the place; statistics for the remainder of the tract are shown as part of another place and/or under the county balance, as appropriate. The totals for each of these "split" tracts appear at the end of the table.

Sample size.-Tables P-1, H-1, and H-3 contain 100-percent data; the remaining tables contain data based on a sample of the population, with sampling rates of 20 percent or 15 percent. Figures for the total population or for some subgroups of the population (e.g., the population 5 years old and over) may differ from table to table or within the same table when the figures are tabulated from different samples. The sample size for each subject is stated in table C, Appendix C, "Accuracy of the Data." Appendix C also provides information on the sampling variability associated with the data.

Derived figures (percents, medians, etc.).—Percents, medians, and means, as well as certain rates and ratios are shown in these reports. For all types of derived figures in this report, the figure is not presented (but indicated by three dots "...") if the base is smaller than the minimum number prescribed for the sample on which the figure is based. The minimum bases are 5 (persons, families, households, or housing units) for figures derived from 100-percent tabulations, 25 for figures based on the 20-percent sample, and 33 for those based on the 15-percent sample. When a crosstabulation of two or more characteristics covers subjects based on different samples, the minimum base for the smaller sample applies. Although figures are shown for all areas. except when the base is less than the specified minimum, the reader should exercise caution in the use and interpretation of data for very small areas or subgroups of the population; these data are especially subject to the effects of sampling variability, misreporting, and processing errors.

Percents which round to less than 0.1 are not shown but indicated as zero (i.e., "-"). The median, which is a type of average, is the middle value in a distribution, i.e., the median divides the distribution into two equal parts-one-half of the cases fall below the median and one-half of the cases exceed the median. When the median falls in the lower terminal category of an open-end distribution, the method of presentation is to show the initial value of the next category followed by a minus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "Less than \$5,000," it is shown as "\$5,000-." When the median falls in the upper terminal category of an open-end distribution, the method of

presentation is to show the initial value of the terminal category followed by a plus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "75 years and over," it is shown as "75+." The mean is the arithmetic average derived by adding the values in a particular distribution and dividing by the number of units in the distribution.

Symbols.—A dash "—" signifies zero. Three dots "..." mean not applicable, or that the base for the derived figure is too small for it to be shown, or that the data are being withheld to avoid disclosure of information for individuals. The symbol "U" means that the place is "unincorporated."

Boundaries.—Information on changes in the boundaries of tracts between 1960 and 1970 for this area appears after the Introduction. Information on boundary changes between 1960 and 1970 for certain types of areas other than tracts is given in the 1970 Population Census PC(1)-A report for each State.

DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

The 1970 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. In 1960, self-enumeration was first introduced on a nationwide scale as a substitute for the traditional census direct interview.

A census questionnaire was delivered by postal carriers to every household several days before Census Day, April 1, 1970. This questionnaire contained certain explanatory information and was accompanied by an instruction sheet; in areas with comparatively large proportions of Spanish-speaking persons, a Spanish version of the instruction sheet was also enclosed.

In the larger metropolitan areas and some adjacent counties, altogether containing about three-fifths of the population of the United States, the householder was requested to fill out and mail back the form on Census Day. Approximately 87 percent of the householders did so. The mailedback forms were reviewed by the census enumerator (or, in some localities, a census clerk) and if the form was determined to be incomplete or inconsistent, a followup was made. The bulk of these followups were made by telephone, the rest by personal visit. For the households which did not mail back their forms, a followup was also made, in almost all cases by personal visit and in the remainder by telephone.

For the remaining two-fifths of the population, the householder was requested to fill out the form and give it to the enumerator when he called; approximately 80 percent did so. Incomplete and unfilled forms were completed by interview during the enumerator's visit.

Three types of questionnaires were used throughout the country; 80 percent of the households answered a form containing a limited number of population and housing questions and the remainder, split into 15-percent and 5-percent samples, answered forms which contained these questions as well as a number of additional questions. Some of the additional questions were the same on the 15-percent and 5-percent versions; others were different. A random procedure was used to determine which of the three particular household forms any answered.

In the metropolitan and adjacent areas, the designated type of questionnaire was sent to each household. In the remaining areas, the questionnaire

INTRODUCTION—Continued

with a limited number of questions was distributed to all households, and the enumerators obtained the additional information by interview in those households designated for the 15-percent and 5-percent samples.

PROCESSING PROCEDURES

The 1970 census questionnaires were specially designed to be processed by FOSDIC (Film Optical Sensing Device for Input to Computer). For most items on the questionnaire, the information supplied by the respondent or obtained by the enumerator was indicated by marking the answers in

predesignated positions that would be "read" by FOSDIC from a microfilm copy of the questionnaire onto computer magnetic tape with no intervening manual processing. A number of the items, however, required reviewing written entries to determine the proper code. Consequently, the processing involved a manual coding and editing operation in which clerks determined the appropriate codes and marked the specified positions on the questionnaire; for example, the clerks applied a 2-digit numerical code for the country-of-birth entry. marks, as well as those made by the respondent and enumerator, were read by FOSDIC onto magnetic tape.

The tape containing the information from the questionnaires was processed on the Census Bureau's computers through a number of editing and tabulation steps (see Appendix C, "Accuracy of the Data"). One of the end results of this operation was a computer tape from which the tables in this report were prepared on a cathode-ray-tube phototypesetting machine at the Government Printing Office. Another end result was the summary tapes which are available for purchase, as described in Appendix D, "Publication and Computer Summary Tape Program."

TRACT COMPOSITION OF CENTRAL BUSINESS DISTRICT

1970 Tracts

New Bedford 6518

Table A. Tract Comparability: 1970 to 1960

[Only part of the area was tracted in 1960. The tables list only those census tracts for which the boundaries or identification changed between 1960 and 1970]

LONIY part of the area	1 Was flacted III 1300.	Tite tautes
1970 tract	1960 tract	
6501 · · · · · 6502 · · · ·	0001	
0502	0003 PART	
6503	0003 PART	
6504 • • •	0004	
6505	0005	
6506	0006	
6507	0007	
6508	0008 PART	
6509 • • •	0009 PART	
6510	0010	
6511	0011	
0317 7 7 7	OOOB PART	
	0009 PART	
	0012 PART	
	OO14 PART	
6512	0012 PART	
6513	0013 0014 PART	
6514	0014 PART	
6516	0015	
6517	0017 PART	
651B	0017 PART	
1	On18 PART	
l	0019 PART	
6519	0019 PART	
6520	0020	
6521	0021	
6522	0022	
6523	0023	
6524	0024	
6525	OO25 PART	
6526	0026	
	0025 PART	
6527	0027	
6528 6529	0028 0018 PART	
6529	0019 PART	
L	2317 17001	

Table B. Tract Comparability: 1960 to 1970

[Only part of the area was tracted in 1960. The tables list only those census tracts for which the boundaries or identification changed between 1960 and 1970]

[Only part	of	the	area	was tracted in 1960. The tables lis
1960 trad	ct			1970 tract
0001		•		6501
0002 •				6502 PART
0003 .		٠		6503
1				6502 PART
0004			٠	6504
0005				6505
0006				6506
0007				6507
0008				6508
1				6511 PART
0009				6509
]				6511 PART
0010	٠.	٠		6510
1				
0011				6511 PART
0012				6512
1				6511 PART
0013				6513
0014			٠	6514
l				6511 PART
0015				6515
0016				6516
0017	•		•	6517
				6518 PART
0018	•			6518 PART
1.				6529 PART
0019	•		•	6519
Į				6518 PART
1				6529 PART
0020	•	•	•	6520
0021				6521
		•		
0022				6523
0023			• •	6524
0024	•	٠	: :	6525
1 0025	•	•	• •	6526 PART
0026				6526 PART
0028	•	٠	٠.	6527
0028	:	•	: :	
0028	•	•	• •	

Table P-1. General Characteristics of the Population: 1970

[For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

	Part in Bristol County				Part in											
Census Tracts	Total SMSA	Total	New Bedford	Balance	Ply- mouth County	Tract 6501	Tract 6502	Tract 6503	Tract 6504	Tract 6505	Tract 6506	Tract 6507	Tract 6508	Tract 6509	Tract 6510	
RACE		·												THE RESERVE THE PARTY OF THE PA		
All persons	1 52 642 147 765	144 676 140 009	101 777 97 414	42 899 42 595	7 966 7 756	6 025 5 978	5 467 5 454	3 672 3 663	4 251 4 228	3 620 3 603	3 292 3 282	3 273 3 242	3 872 3 853	3 037 2 969	4 163 4 062	
Negro Percont Negro	3 894 2.6	3 724 2.6	3 588 3.5	136 0.3	170 2.1	11 0.2	6 0.1	5 0.1	7 0.2	1 -	4 0.1	15 0.5	1 -	56 1.8	89 2.1	
AGE BY SEX				ļ												
Male, all ages	72 066 5 911 2 517	68 223 5 574 2 383	47 385 4 018 1 669	20 838 1 556 714	3 843 337 134	2 937 252 101	2 634 177 78	1 713 116 43	1 986 164 64	1 700 130 50	1 488 119 53	1 488 150 64	1 781 174 64	1 350 136 65	1 950 126 59	
5 to 9 years	6 801 1 312	6 375 1 237	4 221 836	2 154 401	426 75 77	334 62 70	223 45 45	123 24 22	153 40 24	103 21 26	147 27 35	132 22 27	140 24 30	158 40 34	160 26 32	
6 years	1 348 7 199 1 481	1 271 6 788 1 408	847 4 535 942	424 2 253 466	411 73	293 58	255 55	189 41	204 52	139 28	127 23	149 32 142	155 25 141	169 28 118	189 45 154	
15 to 19 years	6 408 1 414 1 360	6 066 1 325 1 294	4 133 887 850	1 933 438 444	342 89 66	238 61 54	245 63 42	161 39 35	171 38 30	120 21 28	131 28 21	31 31	20 34	31 34	36 40	
17 years	1 367 1 200	1 278 1 148 1 021	877 794 725	401 354 296	89 52 46	45 38 40	47 59 34	37 28 22	32 43 28	29 21 21	32 29 21	26 36 18	24 38 25	23 19 11	35 26 17	
19 years 20 to 24 years 20 years	1 067 4 934 1 079	4 696 1 032	3 529 783	1 167 249	238 47	158 34	142 41	113 23 17	148 25 26	143 31 26	112 29 13	113 27 18	151 35 24	100 16 21	121 22 23	
21 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	7 543 7 919	903 7 133 7 463	676 4 948 4 955	227 2 185 2 508	36 410 456	24 348 394	22 220 313	165 164	220 210	171 188	174 171	167 141	202 169	145 113	137 213	
45 to 54 years 55 to 59 years	9 696 4 340	9 214 4 119	6 299 2 855	2 915 1 264 937	482 221 194	422 168 100	444 211 137	241 109 111	262 121 109	246 128 100	187 90 64	190 78 56	231 112 91	123 53 52	304 162 114	
60 to 64 years 65 to 74 years 75 years and over	3 415 4 983 2 917	3 221 4 759 2 815	2 284 3 495 2 113	1 264 702	224 102	162 68	181 86	150 71	149 75	147 85	107 59	113 57	135 80	102 81	148 122	
Female, till ages	80 576 5 704	76 453 5 398	54 392 3 869	22 061 1 529	4 123 306	3 088 264	2 833 157	1 959 119	2 265 176	1 920 123 43	1 804 123 41	1 785 139 52	2 091 166 59	1 687 137 69	2 213 131 56	
3 and 4 years 5 to 9 years 5 years	2 336 6 424 1 323	2 210 6 041 1 245	1 542 4 124 842	668 1 917 403	126 383 78	117 314 69	67 204 53	125 125	66 137 16	105 25	128 19	167 29	149 35	158 41	142	
6 years	1 196 6 900 1 403	1 127 6 478 1 315	772 4 405 911	355 2 073 404	69 422 88	50 303 67	30 236 51	27 138 31	23 167 42	23 119 33	27 147 35	25 139 22	30 157 44	32 157 37	25 168 36	
15 to 19 years 15 years	6 363 1 378	5 999 1 286	4 153 839	1 846 447	364 92	228 51	232 51	138 25 28	176 39 39	110 16 18	150 41 27	165 22 38	155 35 33	122 26 22	166 40 38	
16 years 17 years 18 years	1 323	1 202 1 241 1 200	831 831 851	371 410 349	87 82 62	38 40 44	46 49 43	28 25	41 28	28 29	22 25	32 33	25 35	28 21	34 31 23	
19 years 20 to 24 years	1 111 5 570	1 070 5 343 1 155	801 4 048 865	269 1 295 290	41 227 42	55 181 38	43 178 42	32 154 35	29 181 33	19 156 31	35 137 33	40 143 26	27 187 39	25 132 26	114 24	
20 years 21 years 25 to 34 years	1 154 8 104	1 109 7 622	841 5 214	268 2 408	45 482	27 400	36 241 348	29 164 189	44 215 240	31 171 215	29 194 184	40 172 167	47 211 196	26 174 140	22 164 236	
35 to 44 years	11 225	8 199 10 675 4 702	5 488 7 449 3 395	2 711 3 226 1 307	476 550 199	381 452 147	510 203	299 147	303 155	276 158	247 114	237 77	273 152	191 71	371 181	
60 to 64 years 65 to 74 years 75 years and over	4 207 7 296	3 986 7 023 4 987	2 967 5 415 3 865	1 019 1 608 1 122	221 273 220	137 179 102	151 221 152	139 199 148	147 216 152	109 230 148	93 165 122	84 176 119	98 222 125	71 188 146	128 207 205	
RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD	3 207	707	3 003	, 122												
All persons		144 676 142 134	101 777 99 841	42 899 42 293	7 966 7 894	6 025 5 923	5 467 5 445	3 672 3 643	4 251 4 244	3 620 3 614	3 292 3 284	3 273 3 231	3 872 3 872	3 037 3 037	4 163 3 956	
Head of household	51 311	48 817 37 942	35 423 26 575 8 848	13 394 11 367 2 027	2 494 2 095 399	1 785 1 594 191	1 753 1 562 191	1 296 1 025 271	1 492 1 156 336	1 371 1 066 305	1 166 873 293	1 212 760 452	1 390 1 071 319	1 085 792 293	1 340 1 145 195	
Wife of head Other relative of head	33 537 63 818	31 678 60 348	21 527 41 956	10 151 18 392	1 859 3 470	1 466 2 634	1 391 2 263 38	869 1 456 22	963 1 747 42	878 1 329 36	713 1 378 27	563 1 411 45	867 1 591 24	575 1 359 18	1 010 1 585 21	
Not related to head	2 614	1 291 2 542 2.91	935 1 936 2.82	356 606 3,16	71 72 3.17	38 102 3.32	22 3.11	29 2.81	7 2.84	6 2.64	8 2.82	42 2.67	2.79	2.80	207 2.95	
Persons per household	2.92	2.91	2.02	3.10	5.17	3.32	0	2.0								
All families With own children under 18 years Number of children	. 20 068	37 942 18 934 42 225	26 575 13 001 28 878	11 367 5 93 3 13 347	2 095 1 134 2 677	1 594 850 1 952	1 562 699 1 481	1 025 442 958	1 156 564 1 192	1 066 441 831	873 449 933	760 415 1 004	1 071 508 1 079	792 437 1 031	1 145 523 1 098	
Husband-wife families With own children under 18 years	33 537 17 171	31 678 16 144	21 527 10 696	10 151 5 448	1 859 1 027	1 466 800	1 391 642 1 372	869 396 878	963 486 1 027	878 388 745	713 378 790	563 305 755	867 432 921	575 299 698	1 010 467 1 003	
Number of children	82.2	36 228 81.8 1 112	23 854 78.8 838	12 374 88.4 274	2 447 87.7 39	1 848 90.2 34	88.5 48	87.6 31	84.2 27	86.7 41	82.1 12	71.5 28	82.8 43	64.7 29	88.1	
Fomilies with other male head	. 231	223 423	169 325	54 98	8 13	6 12	7 9	7 14	3 9	8	3 5	5 B	5 9	9 18	5 11	
Families with famole head	5 349 2 666	5 152 2 567	4 210 2 136	942 431 875	197 99 217	94 44 92	123 50 100	125 39 66	1 66 75 156	1 47 47 78	1 48 68 1 3 8	169 105 241	161 71 149	188 129 315	120 1 51 84	
Number of children Percent of total under 18 years Persons under 18 years	. 12.3	5 574 12.6 44 280	4 699 15.5 30 287	875 6.3 13 993	7.8 2 790	4.5 2 049	6.5 1 550	6.6	12.8	9.1 859	14.3	22.8 1 056	13.4	29.2 1 079	7.4 1 139	
MARITAL STATUS	4/ 0/0	44 260	50 207	13 773	2 /70	2 047	, 330	, 502	20	35,	.02	. 330				
Male, 14 years old and over	14 363	50 894 13 669	35 553 9 752	15 341 3 917	2 742 694	2 116 485	2 034 510	1 326 322	1 517 408	1 356 325	1 118 297	1 089 324	1 337 329	915 249	1 520 359	
MarriedSeparatedWidowed	35 789 864	33 857 834 2 070	23 237 670 1 556	10 620 164 514	1 932 30 61	1 556 22 51	1 441 18 59	914 17 64	1 020 29 56	931 20 61	759 15 35	652 42 55	924 29 62	603 12 54	1 056 6 80	
Divarced Female, 14 years old and over	. 1 353	1 298 59 851	1 008	290 16 946	55 3 100	24	24 2 287	26 1 608	33 1 827	39 1 606	27 1 441	58 1 362	1 663	1 272	25 1 808	
Single Married	14 265 36 724	13 595 34 742	9 982 23 966	3 613 10 776	670 1 982	442 1 571	496 1 469	368 927	402 1 067	302 967	353 799	371 679	367 956 51	256 666 57	370 1 078 27	
Separated	. 9 570	1 619 9 215 2 299	1 380 7 128 1 829	239 2 087 470	355 93	29 218 43	34 276 46	27 268 45	56 301 57	43 291 46	47 238 51	77 225 87	265 75	257 93	309 51	
					لسيبا											

Table P-1. General Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

[For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Γ	New Bedford — Con.														
Census Tracts	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Iract
	6511	6512	6513	6514	6515	6516	6517	6518	6519	6520	6521	6522	6523	6524	6525
RACE All persons	4 725	2 644	3 334	3 918	3 371	4 517	2 554	1 423	2 441	3 534	3 489	3 383	3 358	2 970	3 347
White	4 648 49	2 552 72	3 169 141	3 660 211	2 657 652	4 234 244	1 748 721	1 282 93 6.5	1 699 660 27.0	3 239 232 6.6	3 437 36 1.0	3 357 13 0.4	3 308 24 0.7	2 960 7 0.2	3 315 27 0.8
Percent Negro	1.0	2.7	4.2	5.4	19.3	5.4	28.2	د.ه	27.0	0.0	1.0	0.4	0.7	0.2	0.0
Male, all ages	2 186	1 275	1 502	1 729	1 529	2 026	1 238	721 21	1 114 94	1 602 115	1 592 131	1 561 102	1 530 126	1 411 112	1 533 150
Under 5 years 3 and 4 years 5 to 9 years	226 90 230	127 46 139	136 51 115	144 52 175	163 69 158	189 72 182	118 63 129	11 22	36 94	43 129	55 148	48 128	57 129	4B 114	61 139
5 years	43 50	23 20	27 18	34 29	33 31	35 40	31 18	5 5 23	12 21 130	25 24 144	36 35 165	19 21 140	26 32 128	23 24 130	22 31 140
10 to 14 years 14 years 15 to 19 years	218 54 169	153 37 112	141 26 131	173 31 174	182 42 160	168 28 168	109 21 123	10 30	27 108	30 141	41 154	33 133	24 106	17 116	20 125
15 years	34 33	22 30	29 29	30 36	47 25	38 43	19 18	4 3	23 18 20	31 28 37	33 32 39	30 30 29	19 22 23	27 30 21	23 26 29
17 years 18 years 19 years	37 30 35	20 20 20	25 24 24	33 28 47	32 34 22	39 22 26	37 25 24	5 9 9	28 19	24 21	22 28	24 20	17 2 5	23 15	21
20 to 24 years	189 35	94 27	120 25	144 38	105 29	157 24	139 28	49 7	77 17 21	115 33 22	119 24 18	75 17 16	105 18 23	100 23 19	100 18 26
21 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	28 246 223	16 114 142	22 158 141	27 173 174	17 142 163	29 204 186	34 161 111	15 101 90	113 104	184 193	166 163	123 161	180 155	141 170	196 156
45 to 54 years	253 127	160 64	189 84	212 78	164 66	271 116	113 54	107 63	137 40	213 99	212 90	228 110 123	203 103 97	189 102 73	224 90 59
60 to 64 years	84 152 69	54 72 44	69 124 94	67 114 101	62 100 64	104 156 125	48 72 61	60 113 42	33 100 84	71 122 76	69 112 63	161 77	130 68	108 56	93 62
Female, all ages	2 539 242	1 369 121	1 832 138	2 189 134	1 842 144	2 491 155	1 316 103	702 27	1 327 98	1 932 132	1 897 92	1 822 79	1 828 129	1 559 87	1 814 151
3 and 4 years5 to 9 years	82 203	58 122	56 145	57 163	65 169	49 172	32 105	9 22	39 131	55 146	33 120	40 116 29	52 134 23	37 96 20	51 131 29
5 years	46 38 209	26 24 143	29 26 129	36 36 184	32 36 182	30 30 209	27 16 109	9 3 17	25 26 150	28 32 141	22 23 168	22 136	25 124	17 109	21 149
14 years	38 180	46 129	31 145	30 162	39 158	33 172	14 126	3 22	26 109	27 135	37 210	25 119	24 118 22	23 100 11	153 28
15 years	44 33 38	19 22 36	26 33 23	33 38 32	33 39 24	41 21 41	33 20 22	4 3 5	23 22 19	22 34 21	30 46 31	25 23 35	19 29	28 13	32 37
18 years	36 29	25 27	36 27	31 28	33 29	36 33	21 30	5 5	26 19	30 28	56 47	15 21	25 23 124	27 21 115	26 30 161
20 to 24 years 20 years 21 years	244 44 56	123 28 21	136 34 23	149 38 37	124 30 30	196 36 45	94 20 16	62 16 12	89 14 22	152 25 34	147 44 25	92 18 13	26 19	25 24	39 27
25 to 34 years	262 252	140 151	148 157	199 186	183 197	233 212	134 109	42 40	154 123	195 192	155 206	141 205	188 173 267	170 157 224	176 184 264
45 to 54 years 55 to 59 years 60 to 64 years	303 154 145	172 69 50	223 97 108	279 105 105	214 88 91	328 162 163	150 69 53	76 62 69	169 55 69	275 118 101	231 117 99	259 129 138	118 138	130 85	F06 73
65 to 74 years	213 132	95 54	171 235	249 274	168 124	300 189	151 113	137 126	100 80	205 140	207 145	249 159	212 103	180 106	171 95
RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD															3 347
All persons In households	4 725 4 725	2 644 2 593	3 334 3 092	3 918 3 688	3 371 3 363 1 119	4 517 4 451 1 601	2 554 2 413 933	1 423 1 308 903	2 441 2 441 873	3 534 3 398 1 225	3 489 3 405 1 171	3 383 3 299 1 181	3 358 3 357 1 204	2 970 2 955 1 035	3 340
Head of household Head of family Primary individual	1 642 1 253 389	878 629 249	1 235 723 512	1 264 929 335	855 264	1 216	537 396	192 711	590 283	861 364	889 282	965 216	973 231	835 200 697	887 221
Wife of head Other relative of head Not related to head	975 2 056 52	455 1 229 31	512 1 288 57	713 1 666 45	623 1 598 23	1 002 1 797 51	373 1 055 52	127 233 45	375 1 160 33	680 1 445 48	737 1 468 29	832 1 261 25	831 1 298 24	1 211	1 468
In group quarters Persons per household	-	51 2,95	242 2.50	230 2.92	8 3.01	66 2,78	141	115	2.80	136	84 2.91	84 2,79	2.79	15 2.86	3.01
TYPE OF FAMILY AND NUMBER OF OWN	2.06	2.73	2,50	2.72	3.01	2.70	2.37	1.43	2.00	2.17	2.71	•			
CHILDREN All families	1 253	629	723	929	855	1 216	537	192	590	861	889	965	973	835	887
With own children under 18 years	653	370 901	374 916	464 1 106	483 1 139	547 1 160	301 752	68 139	327 782	432 930	428 984	395 846	415 881	368 747	1 003
Husband-wife families With own children under 18 years	. 503	455 257	512 269	71 3 383	623 343	1 002 475	373 203	127 39	375 199	680 351	737 384	832 362	831 365	697 334 693	751 417 886
Number of children Percent of total under 18 years	. 72.3	637 66.8	662 68.3	936 79.7	824 68.8	1 020 78.6	483 58.8	74 47.4	470 57.2	755 77.0	898 86.8	782 89.6	791 87.5	89.1 34	85.7 22
Families with other male head	. 5	9	42 6 17	35 10 22	32 8 22	38 7 11	21 5 15	11 1	29 5 12	26 6 10	39 8 21	27 3 4	26 7 11	5 6	6 8
Families with female head With own children under 18 years	249	149	169	181 71	200 132	176 65	143 93	54 28	186 123	155 75	113 36	106 30	11 6 43	1 0 4 29	114 51
Number of children Percent of total under 18 years	_[342		237 24.5	148 12.6	293 24.5	129 9.9	254 30.9	64 41.0	300 36.5	165 16.8	65 6.3	60	79 8.7	48 6.2	
Persons under 18 years	1 547	954	969	1 175	I 198	1 298	822	156	822	980	1 035	873	904	778	1 034
MARITAL STATUS Male, 14 years old and over			1 136	1 268			903	665	823	1 244	1 189		1 171	1 072	1 125
Single Married	_ 432 _ 1 035	275 531	344 611	395 767	333 662	366 1 044	338 463	282 225	274 446	393 747	338 778	302 857	234 874 16	264 741 13	274 790 7
Separated	_ 53	47	55 93 88	68	47	77	24 43 59		36 69 34	32 58 46	43	55	32 31	47 20	39
Female, 14 years old and over	1 923	1 029	1 45 1 377	1 738	1 386	1 988	1 013	639	974	1 540 422	1 554	1 516	1 465 283	1 290 274	339
Married	_ 1 100 _ 87	563 70	641 83	805 54	712 62	1 084	463 61	186 38	488 78	774 51	792 23	870 13	880 21 249	27	28
Widowed										272 72			53		

Table P-1. General Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

(For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text)

Ĺ		lew Bedfor		jures (perc	Bolance of SMSA in Bristol County										nouth
Census Tracts				Tanak	Trant	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Count	Tract
	Tract 6526	Tract 6527	Tract 6528	6528.99	Tract 6531	6532	6533	6541	6542	6551	6552	6553	6554	5601	5611
RACE															
All persons	4 063 3 846	4 110 4 089	3 619 3 608	305 272	6 725 6 690	6 356 6 276	5 719 5 701	3 910 3 899	3 857 3 853	3 317 3 267	4 735 4 717 9	3 999 3 940 24	4 281 4 252 8	4 500 4 431 47	3 466 3 325 123
NegroPercent Negro	173 4.3	18 0.4	6 0.2	4.6	0.2	53 0.8	0.1	0.1	2 0.1	22 0.7	0.2	0.6	0.2	1.0	3.5
AGE BY SEX															
Male, all ages Under 5 years	1 920 218	1 871 203	1 713 98	305 1	3 255 210	3 104 221	2 698 188 89	1 964 197 103	1 911 153 75	1 632 131 65	2 264 151 69	1 874 135 62	2 136 170 64	2 163 196 80	1 680 141 54
3 and 4 years 5 to 9 years 5 years	97 217 46	82 171 41	47 130 24	-	82 336 67	105 313 50	260 47	224 49	204 36	185 26	224 43	185 40	223 43	248 47	178 28
6 years 10 to 14 years	51 203	26 156	26 1 63	=[76 362	60 312	52 278	55 219	31 216 48	33 202 35	42 234 49	33 197 44	233 43	44 219 52	33 192 21
14 years	46 193	34 162	34 154	53	85 314 72	69 288 64	54 239 53	39 178 44	193 47	160 29	196 39	193 50	172 40	178 51	164 38
15 years	42 37 43	38 29 40	30 32 35	- 3	68 72	63 57	59 63	42 36	41 38 35	42 32	53 33	38 40	38 30	36 44 25	30 45 27
17 years	34 37	26 29	30 27	16 34	51 51	55 49	38 26	30 26	35 32 114	33 24 70	41 30 142	34 31 130	37 27 139	22 146	24 92
20 to 24 years	101 25	163 36 30	101 24 22	175 52 56	179 44 40	163 33 35	118 23 19	112 29 23	24 19	15 15	23 25	32 24	26 27	24 24	23 12
21 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	21 187 186	221 159	136 181	53 21	330 396	336 398	249 325	281 247	184 247	187 208	233 252	173 203 258	212 232 285	243 255 262	167 201 220
45 to 54 years	240 93	222 112	310 132	2	493 223	467 195	388 179 160	244 99 55	257 102 81	204 91 65	319 135 111	108 76	132	133 116	88 78
60 to 64 years	85 107 90	76 151 75	116 114 78	-	138 168 106	134 197 80	207 107	72 36	102 58	92 37	171 96	118 98	137 84	114 53	110 49
75 years and over	2 143	2 239 202	1 906 98		3 470 236	3 252 234	3 021 169	1 946 176	1 946 138	1 685 133	2 471 161	2 125 120	2 145 162	2 337 185	1 786 121
Under 5 years 3 and 4 years 5 to 9 years	202 92 234	76 144	45 142	-	115 273	109 299	73 225	68 211	46 181	55 196	62 187	62 179	78 166 38	76 217 38	50 166 40
5 years 6 years 6	48 43	25 35	29 27	-	51 46	75 53 277	46 51 247	38 44 227	33 30 198	37 40 169	49 33 199	36 25 188	33	44 227	25 195
10 to 14 years	199 34 164	155 32 158	161 30 151	-	368 66 302	55 232	48 281	39 162	33 172	33 155	47 203	39 174	44 165	39 204	160
15 to 19 years	36 30	25 29	38 32	-	67 65	63 43	64 63	40 35	34 29 41	48 26 32	49 45 43	46 31 39	36 34 41	54 49 43	38 38 39
17 years	31 45	33 38	34 26 21	-	72 59 39	45 45 36	63 44 47	34 31 22	41 41 27	25 24	43 23	32 26	29 25	36 22	26 19
19 years	22 162 31	33 212 44	103 26	-	199 51	198 44	133 28	114 28	125 26	92 25	161 30	128 32 18	145 26 26	132 23 29	95 19 16
21 years 25 to 34 years	29 207	55 228	22 153	-	43 362	55 370 413	28 300 345	27 287 245	22 194 260	21 206 229	28 250 287	204 237	235 239	28 9 268	193 208
35 to 44 years	204 266 118	204 272 141	240 318 152	-	456 553 197	550 196	462 173	254 88	257 132	201 97	356 153	273 125	320 146	313 114	237 85 103
55 to 59 years	90 177	130 240	103 187	-	164 228	143 226	189 297	59 81 42	71 131 87	66 83 58	131 218 165	99 173 225	97 171 99	118 152 118	121
75 years and over	120	153	98	-	132	114	200	42	07	50	100	***	, ,		İ
RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD All persons	4 063	4 110	3 619	305	6 725	6 356	5 719	3 910	3 857	3 317 3 296	4 735 4 584	3 999 3 819	4 281 4 242	4 500 4 428	3 466 3 466
In households	4 057 1 394	4 088 1 526	3 619 1 241	_	6 659 2 064	6 339 2 008 1 746	5 631 1 875 1 547	3 894 1 112 1 010	3 829 1 170 1 005	3 296 959 854	1 521 1 255	1 268 988	1 417	1 401 1 201	1 093 894
Head of family Primary individual	991 403 702	1 149 377 909	1 057 184 938	-	1 796 268 1 633	262 1 561	328 1 384	102 929	165 897	105 771	266 1 104	280 848	251 1 024	200 1 063 1 921	199 796 1 549
Wife of head	1 920	1 622 31	1 428 12	-	2 920 42	2 732 38	2 314 58 88	1 824 29 16	1 722 40 28	1 545 21 21	1 927 32 151	1 661 42 180	1 747 54 39	43 72	28
In group quarters	6	22 2.68	2.92	305	66 3.23	17 3.16	3.00	3.50	3.27	3.44	3.01	3.01	2.99	3.16	3.17
TYPE OF FAMILY AND NUMBER OF OWN															
CHILDREN All families	991	1 149	1 057		1 796	1 746	1 547	1 010	1 005	854	1 255	988	1 166	1 201 655	894 479
With own children under 18 years Number of children	550	562 1 185	462 964	-	959 2 106	874 1 905	761 1 668	610 1 430	530 1 251	484 1 179	645 1 355	506 1 166	564 1 287	1 498	1 179
Husband-wife families With own children under 18 years		9 09 426	938 424		1 633 898	1 561 811	1 384 702	929 572	897 488 1 170	771 442 1 102	1 104 586 1 234	848 452 1 045	1 024 497 1 143	1 063 596 1 367	431 1 080
Number of children Percent of total under 18 years	. 968	917 74.9	903 90.9	_	1 987 90.3	1 788 89.8	1 559 90.0	1 346 90.6	88.6	90.0	87.0 28	83.7 25	83.2	87.1	88.5
Families with other male head	. 8	36 10	21 4	_	43 7 13	47 9 20	38 8 13	22 3 5	25 5 8	18 3 4	4 8	8 15	7 12	3 4	5 9
Number of childrenFamilies with female head	252	15 204	6 98	-	120 54	138 54	125 51	59 35	83 37	65 39	1 23 55	115 46	114 60	114 56	83 43
With own children under 18 years	. 436	126 253 20.7	34 55 5.5	-	106 4.8	97 4.9	96 5.5	79 5.3	73 5.5	73 6.0	113 8.0	106 8.5	132 9.6		90 7.4
Persons under 18 years		1 225	993		2 201	1 991	1 732	1 485	1 320	1 225	1 418	1 248	1 373	1 569	1 221
MARITAL STATUS					ļ		- 4-/		3 204	1 140	1 704	1 401	1 553	1 552	1 190
Male, 14 years old and over	426	1 375 349	1 356 327	198	2 432 635 1 695	2 327 581 1 646	2 026 489 1 442	1 363 344 965	1 386 379 930	1 149 283 809	433 1 167	399 893	374 1 073	379	315 836
Married Separated Widowed	_ 38	945 18 50	972 10 44	1	24 66	28 55	11 67	17 35	15 47	15 32	20 77	17 65	17 70	38	
Divorced	_ 56	31 1 770	13 1 535	4	36	45 2 497	28 2 428	19 1 37 1	30 1 462	25 1 220	27 1 971	44 1 677	1 661	1 747	1 353
Famale, 14 years old and over Single Married	356	359 1 021	315 977	_	601 1 726	506 1 658	555 1 458	281 958	286 948	259 818	427 1 196		1 094	1 1 1 3 6	846
SeparatedWidowed	109 232	83 305	16 208	-	36 267	33 260 73	15 347 68	14 110 22	22 193 35	11 114 29	41 292 56	322	183	192	163
Divorced	- 94	85	35		65	13	Off	42	33	27	20	- 00			

Table P-2. Social Characteristics of the Population: 1970

_		Part is	Bristol Co	unty	Part in	Part in New Bedford										
Census Tracts	Total SMSA	Total	New Bedford	Balance	Ply- mouth County	Tract 6501	Tract 6502	Tract 6503	Tract 6504	Tract 6505	Tract 6506	Tract 6507	Tract 6508	Tract 6509	Fract 6510	
NATIVITY, PARENTAGE, & COUNTRY OF ORIGIN			····													
All persons Native of native parentage Native of foreign or mixed parentage Foreign born	152 663 84 688 45 194 22 781	1 44 775 78 809 43 542 22 424	101 527 52 828 30 363 18 336	43 248 25 981 13 179 4 088	7 888 5 879 1 652 357	6 033 3 758 1 929 346	5 467 2 772 1 932 763	3 672 1 922 1 426 324	4 251 1 596 1 383 1 272	3 620 1 581 1 356 683	3 292 1 105 1 035 1 152	3 273 1 461 1 049 763	3 872 1 638 1 371 863	3 029 1 911 724 394	4 151 3 075 879 197	
Foreign stock United Kingdom Ireland (Eire) Sweden	67 975 6 599 1 383 295	65 966 6 337 1 289 226	48 699 4 171 904 131	17 267 2 166 385 95	2 009 262 94 69	2 275 214 62 10	2 695 269 13	1 750 109 8	2 655 82 8	2 039 190 25	2 187 30 14	1 812 81 16 -	2 234 116 26	1 118 251 24 19	1 076 239 35 10	
Germany Poland Czechostovakia Austria Hungary	718 3 645 116 228 87	532 3 618 116 204 87	412 2 694 75 158 20	120 924 41 46 67	186 27 - 24	14 186 - 9	23 261 - -	50 107 - 8	19 135 20	65 175 - 10	89 - -	95 - -	15 185 15	79 6 11	22 59 31 16	
U.S.S.R. Ifaly Canada Mexico Cuba	978 1 366 12 695	955 1 281 12 274	722 954 9 090 –	233 327 3 184	23 85 421 - 7	15 78 760 -	123 793	50 816 -	17 580	19 708	5 7 393 -	744 -	63 686	32 21 203 	192	
Other America All other and not reported Persons of Spanish language¹ Other persons of Spanish surname¹	776 39 082 1 386	749 38 298 1 276	584 28 784 1 144	165 9 514 132	27 784 110	14 913 21	20 1 193	602	44 1 750	15 832	16 1 633 30	25 851 -	14 1 114 20	472 41	81 324 80	
Persons of Spanish mother tongue Persons of Puerto Rican birth or parentage	1 014 643	981 643	950 643	31	33	14	-	-	- -	-	21	-	20 14	41 41	17	
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT Enrolled persons, 3 to 34 years old	38 403	35 994	24 307	11 687	2 409	1 634	1 299	873	927	634	756	796	826	827	1 023	
Nursery school Public Kindergarten Public Elementory Public High school Public	671 204 2 063 1 504 23 252 18 791 9 059 7 044	615 204 1 924 1 389 21 886 17 482 8 428 6 560	356 136 1 299 990 14 838 11 622 5 469 4 054	259 68 625 399 7 048 5 860 2 959 2 506	56 139 115 1 366 1 309 631 484	8 84 84 1 048 875 344 291	6 53 28 734 513 380 243	10 5 44 14 472 235 204 101	19 5 39 15 567 372 262 225	17 - 19 19 379 267 165 104	9 	31 24 521 291 195 108	10 10 59 46 529 374 165	15 38 38 565 503 162 114	31 	
College	3 358 86.2	3 141 85.3	2 345 83.6	796 88.4	217 99.9	150 91.4	126 91.2	143 87.4	40 78.4	54 95.2	46 66.7	49 89.7	63 86.9	47 66.4	91.3 74.2	
20 and 21 years 22 to 24 years 25 to 34 years Percent 16 to 21 years not high school graduates and not enrolled in school	50.6 31.2 9.6 4.9 22.6	50.7 31.1 9.6 4.4 23.3	50.8 30.1 10.4 5.1 26.8	50.5 34.4 7.1 2.9	48.8 33.6 10.0 12.9	35.6 18.1 15.8 8.2	40.4 51.3 7.5 4.6	61.7 31.1 15.3 11.6	40.3 17.1 3.4 8.1	26.6 28.9 6.8 1.9	40.2 21.3 11.5 6.5	52.8 15.6 7.0	30.8 20.6 2.9 0.8	36.1 30.9 7.4 —	89.5 21.2 3.1	
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED	22.0	25.5	20.0	14.4	7.8	10.7	10.2	8.9	36.1	30.2	50.6	21.9	34.9	30.2	3.7	
Persons, 25 years old and over No school years completed Elementory: 1 to 4 years 5 to 7 years 8 years High school: 1 to 3 years 4 years College: 1 to 3 years 4 years Median school years completed Percent high school graduates	90 378 5 436 4 830 18 630 17 568 20 033 5 376 5 005 9.5 33.7	85 945 5 391 4 802 18 368 13 243 16 790 18 592 4 619 4 140 9.2 31.8	60 750 4 571 4 039 13 981 9 659 11 613 11 788 2 839 2 260 8.8 27.8	25 195 820 763 4 387 3 584 5 177 6 804 1 780 1 880 1 0.8 41.5	4 433 45 28 262 257 778 1 441 757 865 12.6	3 456 30 85 610 513 817 1 026 240 135 10.8 40.5	3 438 139 103 856 581 844 679 128 108 9.1 26.6	2 292 21 66 456 416 611 490 138 94 9.9 31.5	2 576 362 207 790 355 408 376 54 24 7.8 17.6	2 371 182 189 668 507 314 379 105 27 8.3 21.6	1 975 246 349 572 219 366 180 25 18 7.1	1 844 169 160 522 301 304 259 86 43 8.2 21.0	2 297 248 199 738 323 456 243 39 51 7.9	1 649 63 55 386 368 408 287 46 36 8.9 22.4	2 670 70 96 366 425 597 758 176 182 10.9 41.8	
CHILDREN EVER BORN Women, 35 to 44 years old ever married	Ì															
Children ever born-Per 1,000 women ever married	8 258 24 023 2 909	7 807 22 828 2 924	5 206 15 412 2 960	2 601 7 416 2 851	451 1 195 2 650	350 928 2 651	351 826 2 353	156 533 3 417	249 613 2 462	1 75 471 2 691	180 525 2 917	154 594 3 857	192 620 3 229	146 389 2 664	227 545 2 401	
RESIDENCE IN 1965 Persons, 5 years old and over, 19702	141 382	134 136	93 893	40 243	7 246	5 507	5 133	3 437	3 913	3 367	3 050	2 987	3 532	2 767	3 907	
Same house as in 1970. Different house: In central city of this SMSA. In other part of this SMSA. Outside this SMSA. North and West.	24 502 8 804	81 623 24 135 7 542 5 214 4 709	55 609 19 063 2 915 3 119 2 855	26 014 5 072 4 627 2 095 1 854	4 064 367 1 262 1 230 1 108	2 976 1 447 334 466 416	3 503 1 075 205 77 70	2 499 610 150 99 99	2 256 706 148 104	2 392 593 108 54	746 68 94	1 681 577 105 108	1 990 848 92 128	1 453 1 032 137 12 12	2 969 566 43 84	
Abroad	627 6 547	505 6 504	264 6 056	241 448	122	50 26	7 110	79 -	78 26 425	44 10 115	94 380	108 369	109 19 381	55	35	
MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION AND PLACE OF WORK All workers Private auto: Driver	60 347 37 732	57 399 35 514	39 859 22 621	17 540 12 893	2 948	2 538	2 392	1 545	1 877	1 585	1 392	1 318	1 541	939	1 689 1 505	
Possenger Bus or streetcar Subway, elevated train, or railroad Walked to work Worked at home	10 168 2 223 43 7 452	9 809 2 154 43 7 384 1 168	6 860 1 855 20 6 877 885	2 949 299 23 507 283	2 218 359 69 - 68 92	1 950 353 68 - 66 6	1 573 436 52 203 96	1 020 180 82 	882 315 55 608	885 338 54 268	576 282 40 476 6	520 254 77 - 434 24	759 316 59 - 383 18	605 160 63 - 62 36	100 16 - 16 36	
Other Inside SMSA New Bedford – central business district Remainder of New Bedford city Remainder of Bristol County Plymouth County Outside SMSA	4 579 34 718 5 817 1 273 8 760	1 327 44 285 4 373 33 971 5 726 215 8 203	741 30 642 3 153 25 391 2 002 96 5 538	586 13 643 1 220 8 580 3 724 119 2 665	142 2 102 206 747 91 1 058	95 2 015 194 1 594 206 21 313	32 2 012 225 1 705 71 11 215	9 1 319 110 1 109 100 -	17 1 597 64 1 453 73 7 165	40 1 247 96 1 077 74 —	12 1 287 70 1 161 50 6 86	9 997 71 877 49 - 176	6 1 191 94 1 043 49 5	13 807 88 702 17 -	863 174 578 102 9	
Place of work not reported	5 200	4 911	3 679	1 232	289	210	165	54	115	198	19	145	254	67	85	

*See text for definition. **Includes "Moved, 1965 residence not reported."

Table P-2. Social Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

							New E	Bedford Co	on.	***************************************					
Census Tracts	Tract 6511	Tract 6512	Tract 6513	Tract 6514	Tract 6515	Tract 6516	Tract 6517	Tract 6518	Tract 6519	Tract 6520	Tract 6521	Tract 6522	Tract 6523	Tract 6524	Tract 6525
NATIVITY, PARENTAGE, & COUNTRY OF ORIGIN									2 527	3 534	3 400	3 383	3 358	2 970	3 347
All persons Native of notive parentage Native of foreign or mixed parentage Foreign born	4 620 2 500 1 500 620	2 644 1 108 643 893	3 334 1 781 1 191 362	3 918 2 736 865 317	3 300 2 280 760 260	4 517 3 140 1 073 304	2 554 2 111 384 59	1 337 845 363 129	1 401 559 567	2 349 719 466	1 880 920 600	1 437 1 435 511	1 574 1 086 698	498 986 1 486	770 990 1 587
Foreign stock United Kingdom Ireland (Eire)	2 120 360 200	1 536 19	1 553 173 104	1 182 80 36	1 020 80 100	1 377 275 112	443 71 14	492 71 7	1 126 - -	1 185 40	1 520 120 20	1 946 177	1 784 86 	2 472 22 11	2 577 20 12
Sweden Germany Poland	20 220	- 52	19	17 53	20	16 39 53	16	13	-	9 21	40 80 20	20 - 198		-	- 20
Czechoslovakia	-	-	20 - -	-	-	- - 70	- - 7	- - 28	- - 16	- - 66	20	19 20 452	-	-	-
U.S.S.R. Italy Canada Mexico	80 580	17 163	104 208	636	120 100	54 246	37	13 85	-	48	40	79 118	88	77 ~	18 100
Cuba	 - 660	50 1 235	69 803	20 340	20 580	12 500	39 259	275	1 110	1 001	20 1 160	40 823	1 610	29 2 333	42 2 365
Persons of Spanish language' Other persons of Spanish surname' Persons of Spanish mother tongue Persons of Puerto Rican birth or parentage	- - -	131 122 81	395 380 216				15 15 7	35 16 16	34 16 -	 7 7 -		40 20	 -	- - -	58 24 24
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT									***				655	488	719
Exrelled persons, 3 to 34 years old	1 220 40 40 780	724 17 17 33 33 506	588 - 20 20 333	1 062 3 3 62 42 687	1 080 40 20 120 60 680	1 269 10 10 28 28 817	34 - 33 21 344	175 - 35 35 84	660 - 37 37 445 445	843 19 19 43 13 461 461	1 080 40 20 60 60 400 320	613 19 - 78 78 257 238	18 18 475 442	14 14 14 360 347	29 13 548 471
Public	500 280 240 120	462 126 110 42	287 190 119 45	509 247 133 63	440 220 180 20	764 237 187 177	201 129 102 59	84 22 22 34	134 134 134 44	190 190 130	220 180 360	179 159 80	148 137 14	73 73 41	77 67 54
Percent enrolled in school by age: 16 and 17 years 18 and 19 years 20 and 21 years 22 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	90.2 65.0 27.6 7.0 7.4	77.5 34.8 24.2	99.9 48.5 - 32.8 7.9	68.5 73.3 32.5	99.9 54.1 - 15.6	80.2 51.4 49.5 27.5 13.2	83.1 40.9 30.1 7.9	40.0 16.1 12.6	78.8 86.3 - 9.3 7.8	99.9 73.7 38.9 34.9 6.2	99.9 96.0 99.9 28.0 16.8	52.2 48.2 61.5 14.9	48.9 82.9 22.2 —	55.9 39.5 11.0 7.8	53.3 34.3 23.9
Percent 16 to 21 years not high school graduates and not enrolled in school	30.4	39.5	29.4	23.6	22.0	11.0	31.3	36.0	38.9	29.1	7.9	12.1	30.8	48.8	47.4
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED					1 014	2 729	1 402	1 186	1 354	2 192	2 029	2 188	2 128	1 888	1 950
Persons, 25 years old and over No school years completed Elementary: 1 to 4 years 5 to 7 years 8 years High school: 1 to 2 years	2 610 61 146 630 472	1 374 244 124 478 230 192	1 991 61 63 500 375 410	2 327 33 85 404 398 468	1 816 40 33 326 317 468	32 48 415 439 560	18 32 212 251 323	27 65 341 199	180 97 389 231 269	334 170 459 291 421	88 128 301 249 317	95 66 291 246 259	335 160 501 347 425	355 263 488 257 295	496 490 456 196 184
High school: 1 to 3 years	551 585 84 81 9.0 28.7	85 10 11 7.0 7.7	416 52 114 9.0 29.2	680 109 150 10.6 40.4	533 74 25 10.2 34.8	795 263 177 11.3 45.3	296 145 125 10.7 40.4	222 87 61 8.8 31.2	161 22 5 8.0 13.9	349 105 63 8.5 23.6	507 217 222 11.4 46.6	674 260 297 12.2 56.3	288 39 33 8.2 16.9	189 23 18 7.1 12.2	89 5 34 4.9 6.6
CHILDREN EVER BORN	20.7	7.7	27.2	40.4	34.0	45.0									
Women, 35 to 44 years old ever married Children ever born Per 1,000 women ever married	228 788 3 456	142 474 3 338	165 521 3 158	191 633 3 314	251 791 3 151	217 694 3 198	109 303 2 780	49 131 2 673	126 551 4 373	163 417 2 558	163 507 3 110	180 535 2 972	139 358 2 576	165 398 2 412	133 452 3 398
RESIDENCE IN 1965						4 000	2 294	1 303	2 333	3 268	3 240	3 247	3 105	2 716	3 043
Persons, 5 years old and over, 19702 Same house as in 1970 Different house: In central city of this SMSA	4 380 2 920 960	2 390 1 087 297	2 859 1 215 769	3 664 2 002 1 013	2 960 2 040 740	4 238 2 934 600	927 267	496 452	1 534	1 876	1 900	1 866	2 063	1 261 575	1 388
In other part of this SMSA Outside this SMSA North and West South	40 40 40 	94 62 62 - 479	273 153 153 - 95	179 156 101 55	40 40 40 - 60	59 182 182 -	57 110 98 12 28	45 147 125 22 9	22 59 59 	36 64 64 - 138	200 260 260 - 120	78 20 20 59	50 76 76 	30 35 35 - 747	40 52 52 - 828
MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION AND PLACE OF WORK	100	4//	,,	_				-	•						
All warkers Private auto: Driver Passenger	1 760 1 140 300	876 401 183	910 460 128	1 167 657 201	1 140 680 300	1 698 1 203 220	826 431 32	588 175 63	792 150 161	1 351 511 124	1 620 800 280	1 200 846 236	1 511 899 367	1 443 656 446 47	1 321 527 292 41
Bus or streetcar Subway, elevated train, or railroad Walked to work Worked at home Other	160 100 40 20	24 - 256 6 6	83 191 10 38	17 194 18 80	40 120 - -	94 - 52 86 43	77 234 41 11	115 179 56	159 81	41 404 271	40 440 20 40	39 20 59 -	69 159 - 17	252 - 42	395 27 39
Inside SMSA	1 540 220 1 180 140	729 34 644 45 6	769 91 640 38	1 053 204 770 62	9სმ 200 760 20 —	1 083 163 807 113	329 41 268 14 6	411 161 250 -	564 76 456 32 - 78	428 36 367 25 768	1 180 80 1 020 80 -	906 198 670 38 - 196	945 66 715 156 8 299	1 253 86 1 066 101 83	1 018 39 901 78 - 235
Outside SMSA Place of work not reported	120 100	70 77	39 102	75 39	60 100	456 159	349 148	75 102	150	155	340	98	267 267	107	68

¹See text for definition. 2Includes "Moved, 1965 residence not reported."

Table P-2. Social Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

	1	lew Bedfor	đ — Can.				Ba	lance of SA	ASA in Bris	tol County				Part in Pl	
Census Tracts	Tract 6526	Tract 6527	Tract 6528	Tract 6528.99	Tract 6531	Tract 6532	Tract 6533	Tract 6541	Tract 6542	Tract 6551	Tract 6552	Tract 6553	Tract 6554	Tract 5601	Tract 5611
NATIVITY, PARENTAGE, & COUNTRY OF ORIGIN						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·									
All persons Native of native parentage Native of foreign or mixed parentage Foreign born Foreign tock	4 063 1 725 1 040 1 298 2 338	4 110 1 780 1 391 939 2 330	3 639 1 833 1 340 466 1 806	312 261 34 17	6 760 4 263 2 024 473 2 497	6 304 2 759 2 539 1 006 3 545	5 724 3 595 1 590 539 2 129	3 947 2 631 1 181 135	4 181 2 543 1 239 399	3 317 1 874 983 460	4 735 2 630 1 592 513	3 999 3 087 725 187	4 281 2 599 1 306 376 1 682	4 500 3 318 1 019 163 1 182	3 388 2 561 633 194 627
United Kingdom	122 30 - 168	259 21 ~ - 222	615	6	279 44 20 23 177	146 41 6 16	378 127 18 17 63	1 316 220 18 - 48 88	1 638 151 20 - - 124	1 443 175 — — — 54	2 105 405 55 6 9 204	912 165 50 21 7 23	247 30 24 -	154 61 51 108 22	108 33 18 78
Czechoslovakia Austria Hungary U.S.S.R Italy	- - - 8 109	11 11 10 454	18 19 20	- - - 6 12	19 32 7 141 51 524	20 49 36 288	22 22 28 39 228	- - 13 372	- 18 - 24 615	35 180	- - - 44 487	- - - 28 160	14 1 15 57 330	16 - 7 50 274	8 16 35 147
Mexica Cuba Other America All other and not reported Persons of Spanish language!	- 8 1 893 201	6 1 336 36	790	- 27 -	21 1 159 8	56 2 775 42	20 1 167	- 8 549 53	- 8 678	16 983	895	36 422 29	886	18 421 47	7 9 363 63
Other persons of Spanish surname: Persons of Spanish mother tongue Persons of Puerto Rican birth or parentage	201 201	36 43	···	···-	 8 -	. 7	-	10	···	-	-	 6 -	-	'żi –	12
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT Enrolled persons, 3 to 34 years old	1 063	929	934	11	1 841	1 660	1 581	1 288	1 173	900	1 003	1 106	1 135	1 347	1 062
Nursery school Public Sindergarten Public Elementory Public High school Public College	27 21 84 70 738 717 176 176 38	93 70 527 455 229 202 69	584 294 262 172 88		19 125 125 110 1 045 933 484 393 168	52 109 109 1 049 1 026 349 342 101	53 61 56 938 828 415 300 114	743 426 334 275	28 12 56 8 709 383 335 255 45	53 - - 607 560 174 174 66	- 63 26 679 665 218 218	34 34 72 40 591 361 338 284 71	20 10 75 50 687 678 312 265 41	45 103 103 745 722 351 311 103	36 12 621 587 280 173
Percent enrolled in school by age: 16 and 17 years 18 and 19 years 20 and 21 years 22 to 24 years 25 to 34 years Percent 16 to 21 years not high school graduates and not enrolled in school	83.2 33.3 23.0 - - 49.7	93.0 57.5 16.2 2.7 1.6	69.3 56.7 22.0 - 6.8 19.0	14.1	87.0 51.7 53.2 9.5 1.9	95.2 40.6 23.9 4.8 2.9	76.5 91.1 42.2 7.0	99.9 81.3 27.4 24.7 4.1	91.1 32.5 32.0 10.2 7.3	82.2 30.6 72.2 —	54.6 27.7 7.1 —	99.9 59.2 30.6 7.4 8.8	99.9 43.8 25.0 - 3.3	99.9 17.8 15.7 8.9 11.2	99.9 82.0 60.0 12.2 15.9
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED											_,,,		i		[
Persons, 25 years old and over No school years completed. Elementary: 1 to 4 years 5 to 7 years 8 years High school: 1 to 3 years 4 years College: 1 to 3 years 4 years Median school years completed Percent high school graduates	2 184 358 324 672 361 268 157 37 7 6.6	2 385 232 158 702 361 446 356 84 46 8.3 20,4	2 355 52 78 452 422 423 690 177 61 10.2 39.4	94 9 25 39 9 12 12.3 63.8	3 957 48 83 658 516 855 1 105 350 342 11.4 45.4	3 800 292 195 812 609 679 785 201 227 9.0 31.9	3 536 131 63 503 330 490 958 452 609 12.3 57.1	2 121 20 51 303 326 462 744 136 79 11.3 45.2	2 165 57 134 475 423 460 500 75 41 9.0 28.5	59 53 284 270 426 565 101 92 10.8 41.0	2 894 121 117 514 481 671 704 141 145 10.0 34.2	2 364 33 44 389 340 478 747 135 198 11.4 45.7	2 508 59 23 449 289 656 696 189 147 11.0	2 546 15 21 150 168 389 891 446 466 12.6 70.8	30 7 7 112 89 389 550 311 379 12.6
CHILDREN EVER BORN Women, 35 to 44 years old ever married															
Children ever born Per 1,000 women ever married	226 830 3 673	157 409 2 605	222 576 2 595	- -	1 215 2 749	398 943 2 369	313 987 3 153	274 672 2 453	239 752 3 146	192 555 2 891	266 730 2 744	237 816 3 443	240 746 3 108	256 685 2 676	195 510 2 615
RESIDENCE IN 1965 Parsons, 5 years old and over, 1970? Some house as in 1970	1 689 730 70	3 711 2 003 1 019 123	3 583 2 976 431 78	312 46 5	6 297 4 214 673 888	5 847 3 957 888 587	5 395 3 428 515 785	3 601 2 220 580 347	3 834 2 604 634 230	3 056 1 992 415 303	4 423 2 438 787 793	3 747 2 488 194 212	4 043 2 673 386 482	4 122 1 957 287 875	3 124 2 107 80 387
Outside this SMSA	81 8	110 72 38 347	58 58 	180 163 17 6	314 277 37 14	148 131 17 154	529 467 62 27	94 57 37 84	171 149 22 54	114 114 61	274 259 15 16	106 98 8 15	345 302 43 23	796 701 95 29	434 407 27 14
All workers Private auto: Driver Passenger Bus or streetcar Subway, elevated frain, or railroad Wolked to work Worked at home Other Inside SMSA.	490 221 63 489 9	1 512 757 303 63 - 384 - 5	1 693 1 251 269 35 - 40 79 19	312 312 - - - -	2 796 2 158 391 22 9 95 36 85	2 604 1 855 526 36 	2 265 1 932 160 14 - 52 75 32	1 643 1 302 201 6 - 6 40 88	1 661 1 205 282 22 	1 271 812 175 87 14 48 30	2 008 1 385 386 48 61 41 87	1 651 988 515 31 - 53 -	1 641 1 256 313 33 	1 689 1 291 211 34 - 32 53 68	1 259 927 148 35 - 36 39 74
New Bedford — central business district Remainder of New Bedford city Remainder of Bristot County Plymouth County Outside SMSA Place of work not reported	26 944 65	1 373 89 1 200 86 - 100 37	1 397 1 122 1 18 1 136 160		261	2 197 144 1 473 572 8 319 88	1 850 293 910 641 6 268 147	1 381 141 964 249 27 181 81	1 501 103 1 117 264 17 103 57	877 74 544 259 - 121 273	1 673 112 1 092 469 	746 44 388 290 24 775 130	1 293 48 877 331 37 147 201	1 297 159 608 76 454 226 166	805 47 139 15 604 331 123

*See text for definition. ** Includes "Moved, 1965 residence not reported."

Table P-3. Labor Force Characteristics of the Population: 1970

!	[Data pase		Bristol Co	Т		r derived fig	jorda (pere	ani, median	, 0,0,, 0,1	New Bed					
Census Tracts	Total		New		Part in Ply- mouth	Tract	Tract 6502	Tract 6503	Tract 6504	Tract 6505	Tract 6506	Tract 6507	Tract 6508	Tract 6509	Tract 6510
	SMSA	Total	Bedford	Balance	County	6501	6302	8303	0304	0303					
EMPLOYMENT STATUS Male, 16 years old and over	50 446	47 922	33 433	14 489	2 524	1 974	1 906	1 223	1 424	1 306	1 053	1 038	1 286	844	1 412 1 042
Labor force Percent of total Civilian labor force	38 365 76.1 37 878	36 371 75.9 35 906	25 072 75.0 24 664	11 299 78.0 11 242	1 994 79.0 1 972	1 633 82.7 1 613	1 464 76.8 1 449	954 78.0 948	1 104 77.5 1 104	934 71.5 930	843 80.1 843	803 77.4 803	965 75.0 965	567 67.2 562	73.8 1 042
Employed Unemployed Percent of civilian labor force	35 805 2 073 5.5	33 919 1 987 5.5	23 195 1 469 6.0	10 724 518 4.6	1 886 86 4.4	1 565 48 3.0	1 358 91 6.3	918 30 3.2	1 056 48 4.3	913 17 1.8	790 53 6.3	741 62 7.7	880 85 8.8	527 35 6.2	1 007 35 3.4
Not in labor force	12 081 430	11 551 430	8 361 363	3 190 67	530	341	442	269	320	372 	210 - 28	235 28	321 - 58	277 	370 98 84
Enrolled in school Other under 65 years Other 65 years and over	2 441 3 269 5 941	2 214 3 167 5 740	1 392 2 410 4 196	822 757 1 544	227 102 201	67 116 158	72 103 267	40 65 164	75 80 165	131 181	54 128	58 149	103 160	87 154	57 131
Male, 16 to 21 years old Not enrolled in school Not high school graduates Unemployed or not in labor force	6 817 2 851 1 696 542	6 470 2 754 1 666 536	4 469 2 147 1 360 429	2 001 607 306 107	347 97 30 6	236 107 60 25	240 94 32 15	124 45 7 -	171 78 58 9	175 74 48 21	144 81 75 14	137 72 34 5	173 70 57 15	116 69 49 29	162 34 13
Female, 16 years old and over Labor farce Percent of total	60 090 27 242 45.3	57 262 26 136 45.6	41 160 18 781 45.6	16 102 7 355 45.7	2 828 1 106 39,1	2 159 1 084 50.2	2 169 1 029 47.4	1 530 722 47.2	1 741 896 51.5	1 573 712 45.3	1 359 740 54.5	1 306 641 49.1	1 605 704 43.9	1 212 491 40.5	738 42.8
Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed	27 242 25 973 1 269	26 136 24 916 1 220	18 781 17 895 886	7 355 7 021 334	1 106 1 057 49) 084 1 042 42	1 029 975 54	722 706 16	896 857 39	712 689 23	740 708 32	641 603 38	704 666 38	491 463 28	738 701 37 5.0
Percent of civilian labor force Not in labor force	4.7 32 848	4.7 31 126	4.7 22 379	4.5 8 747	4.4 1 722	3.9 1 075	5.2 1 140	2.2 808	4.4 845	3.2 861	4.3 619	5.9 665	5.4 901	5.7 721	986 991
Married women, husband present In labor force With own children under 6 years In labor force	34 056 15 931 8 127 2 990	32 209 15 228 7 710 2 885	21 972 10 562 5 208 1 998	10 237 4 666 2 502 887	1 847 703 417 105	1 524 702 392 109	1 462 692 291 76	880 423 205 57	952 548 251 148	965 435 209 92	717 421 165 90	578 286 126 58	896 400 233 111	592 249 146 62	491 151 61
OCCUPATION					ı					1 (00	1 498	1 344	1 546	990	1 708
Total employed, 16 years old and over Professional, technical, and kindred workers Health workers Teachers, elementary and secondary schools Managers and administrators, except farm	61 778 6 229 1 222 1 908 4 020	58 835 5 598 1 164 1 723 3 564	41 090 3 648 740 1 143 2 014	17 745 1 950 424 580 1 550	2 943 631 58 185 456	2 607 275 64 120 165	2 333 153 15 75 95	1 624 190 43 72 155	913 99 26 24 36 27	1 602 87 25 17 78 64	43 11 24 8	65 6 27 33 27	87 27 41 29 25	53 9 11 40 34	262 48 76 150
Salaried	3 247 487	2 835 467	1 595 264	1 240 203 1 078	412 20 195	150 15 148	66 19 106	100 38 85	2/ - 86	10 78	37	6 27	51	6 60	23
Sales workers Retail trade Clerical and kindred workers	3 323 2 059 9 031	3 128 1 982 8 670 7 947	2 050 1 360 5 805 5 272	622 2 865 2 675	77 361 458	74 492 419	61 433 402	55 259 253	60 186 314	45 250 198	37 126 1 7 5	18 193 165	37 142 234	35 228 112	148 298 182
Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers Construction craftsmen Mechanics and repairmen Operatives, except transport Transport equipment operatives	2 369 1 697 17 803	2 191 1 649 17 574 1 907	1 351 1 029 13 757 1 169	840 620 3 817 738	178 48 229 88	101 77 551 36	130 80 698 52	49 46 405 60	83 59 885 32	30 53 580 66	71 20 828 22	70 43 609 27	50 57 716 65	22 25 259 36	43 15 295 26
Laborers, except farm Farm workers Service workers 1	. 339	3 239 334 6 589	2 369 121 4 688	870 213 1 901	124 5 308	118 9 387	83 302	65 7 138	96 179	78 _ 1 <u>81</u>	124 7 123	72 153	108 - 97	64 124	216
Cleaning and faad service workers Protective service workers Personal and health service workers Private household workers	3 469 1 026 1 935	3 299 995 1 848	2 304 752 1 263 197	995 243 585 88	170 31 87 88	156 93 122 7	96 114 80 9	50 49 39 7	84 22 46 –	72 9 52 6	62 16 24 5	93 9 35 	58 4 20 17	70 11 29 14	61 51 104 5
Female employed, 16 years old and over Professional, technical, and kindred workers Teachers, elementary and secondary schools	. 2 957	2 717	17 895 1 782 797	7 021 935 428	1 057 240 117	1 042 136 81	975 82 50	706 98 45	857 51 14	689 38 12	708 15 8	603 38 27	666 40 23	463 19	701 108 47
Managers and administrators, except form Sales workers Clerical and kindred workers	. 692 . 1 259	654 1 192	409 805 4 140	245 387 2 111	38 67 313	19 43 384	11 22 301	38 31 204	7 34 112	23 35 189	9 82 24	7 18 94 35	28 99 36	4 19 172 57	14 78 204 36
Secretaries, stenographers, and typists Operatives, including transport	1 746	9 940	1 089 7 873	544 2 067	113	81 256	86 411 39	62 251 23	35 533 50	34 339 14	531 45	349	425 17	135 18	174
Other blue-collar warkers	. 30 . 3288	30 3 071	608 20 2 075 183	193 10 996 77	9 - 217 88	21 - 176 7	100 9	23 - 54 7	70 -	45 6	21 5	97 -	40 17	82 14	113
INDUSTRY					;										
Total employed, 16 years old and over	. 3 715	3 391	41 090 2 171	17 745 1 220 5 908	2 943 324 716	2 607 128 940	2 333 116 1 056	1 624 119 629	1 913 130 1 229	1 602 55 857	1 498 96 1 026	1 344 102 720	1 546 101 910	990 36 443	1 708 42 547
Manufacturing Durable goods Transportation	9 321 1 624	8 925 1 562	18 816 6 520 919	2 405 643	396 62	451 38 67	352 31 58	267 20 46	364 14 16	342 19 46	231 13 26	209 12 30	221 29 16	171 50 30	245 79 59
Communications, utilities, and sanitary services Wholesale trade	_ 2 307	2 139	1 042 1 405 6 066	486 734 2 962	162 168 370	124 468	71 320	40 283	59 161	48 261	33 135	47 197	50 175	21 180	59 311
Finance, insurance, and real estate Business and repair services Personal services	_ 1 142	1 112	924 729 1 230	616 383 593	126 30 150	76 71 61	59 30 99	43 20 89	39 26 57	23 37 55	26 5 18	17 37 30	27 14 44	24 5 40	39 51 60
Health services Educational services Other professional and related services	3 053 3 494	2 882 3 187	1 940 2 008 1 156	942 1 179 509	171 307 136	189 164 28	80 131 46	66 127 35	48 27 37	67 29 29	18 24 9	45 27 55	51 69 34	38 42 54	93 174 55
Public administration	_ 2 627	2 492	1 815 869	677 893	135 86	168 85	212 24	91 16	56 14	60 16	41 28	20 5	18 8	22 5	130 9
CLASS OF WORKER			4	12 22	0.045	2 607	2 333	1 624	1 913	1 602	1 498	1 344	1 546	990	1 708
Total employed, 16 years old and over Private wage and solary workers Government workers Local government workers Self-employed workers Unpaid family workers	50 759 7 476 4 657 3 388	48 516 7 015 4 281 3 169	41 090 34 128 4 928 3 037 1 962 72	17 745 14 388 2 087 1 244 1 207 63	2 943 2 243 461 376 219 20	2 113 378 199 116	1 818 375 250 140	1 265 236 143 117	1 710 140 58 63	1 379 163 75 60	1 370 100 90 28	1 246 50 34 42 6	1 378 121 77 47	862 92 57 36	1 262 306 214 140

Uncludes allocated cases, not shown separately.

Table P-3. Labor Force Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

						tor derived h		Bedford (id meaning	g of symbo	ols, see tex	t]		<u> </u>
Census Tracts	Tract 6511	Tract 6512	Tract 6513	Tract 6514	Tract 6515	Tract 6516	Tract 6517	Tract 6518	Tract 6519	Tract 6520	Tract 6521				
EMPLOYMENT STATUS													0320	65	24 0.11
Male, 16 years old and over Labor force Percent of total Civilion labor force Employed Unemployed Percent of civilian labor force Inmate of institution Enralled in school Other under 65 years and over	1 462 1 103 75.4 1 098 1 021 77 7.0 359 46 138 175	812 592 72.9 592 536 56 9.5 220 18 108 94	1 053 671 63.7 664 571 93 14.0 382 39 66 127	1 152 817 70.9 817 738 79 9.7 335 44 60 84	966 731 75.7 721 680 41 5.7 235 57 50 128	1 422 1 102 77.5 1 095 1 062 33 3.0 320 	877 504 57.5 504 474 30 6.0 373 129 78 57	680 466 68.5 459 419 40 8.7 214 10 38 85	732 495 67.6 495 450 45 9.1 237 28 56	1 175 820 69.8 820 782 38 4.6 355 26 55	1 101 908 82.5 908 852 56 6.2 193	831 71.1 831 821 10 1.2 338 15 68 98	845 75.1 845 790 55 6.5 280 	79. 81 77 3 4. 21	3 874 4 82.3 3 694 7 627 6 67 4 7.5 1 192 9 12 6 59
Mals, 16 to 21 years old Not enrolled in school Not high school graduates Unemplayed or not in labor force	174 98 77 32	131 72 49 8	140 53 29 12	1 79 70 44 20	161 75 43 13	178 54 23 5	184 97 78 69	56 23 23 13	91 57 51 23	163 135 64 53 5	84 144 55 27 8	157 152 64 20	159 1 07 49 24 5	11: 13: 8: 7:	6 156 4 112 1 93
Female, 16 years old and over Labar force Percent of total Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed Percent of civilian labor force Not in labor force	1 834 765 41.7 765 718 47 6.1 1 069	952 452 47,5 452 418 34 7,5 500	1 402 526 37.5 526 485 41 7.8 876	1 673 670 40.0 670 645 25 3.7 1 003	1 313 563 42.9 563 545 18 3.2 750	1 932 833 43.1 833 805 28 3.4 1 099	968 394 40.7 394 351 43 10.9 574	683 279 40.8 279 263 16 5.7 404	909 353 38.8 353 322 31 8.8 556	1 478 689 46.6 689 662 27 3.9 789	1 469 702 47.8 702 672 30 4.3 767	1 414 527 37.3 527 507 20 3.8 887	1 405 651 46.3 651 626 25 3.8 754	17 7 254 755 60.2 755 709 46 6.1 499	1 345 715 525 716 674 22
Married women, husband present In labor force With own children under 6 years In labor force	996 461 301 88	482 231 112 53	565 234 169 36	726 312 209 49	631 283 138 21	1 033 455 244 95	370 163 113 41	128 59 28 6	390 142 120 18	678 355 173 63	695 357 134 50	827 269 166 40	851 431 188 77	720 462 143 89	441 233
OCCUPATION															
Total employed, 16 years old and over Professional, lechnical, and kindred workers Health workers Teachers, elementary and secondary schools Managers and administrators, except farm Solaried Self-employed in retail trade	1 739 158 33 74 60 44	954 13 14 9 5	1 056 116 17 71 39 33 6	1 383 121 41 50 85 71 5	1 225 98 14 19 47 41 6	1 867 331 70 85 114 91	825 131 34 33 53 53	682 73 17 12 51 29	772 16 36 36	1 444 147 32 47 72 42 18	1 524 305 91 69 151 136	1 328 256 55 59 234 188 29	1 416 101 5 37 47 36 5	1 486 46 20 5 46 33	1 531 32 - 18 8
Sales workers Retail trade Clerical and kindred workers Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers Construction croftsmen Mechanics and repairmen. Operatives, except transport Transport equipment operatives	95 78 242 261 66 55 527	29 17 89 88 28 16 486 56	57 46 134 123 35 13 302 68	51 32 232 166 46 18 293 60	82 72 158 181 36 31 290 36	123 78 344 230 52 60 371 35	29 20 108 99 20 19	21 16 95 43 21 6	11 6 123 60 22 343	30 15 92 142 16 34 641	88 50 185 115 36 41 388	151 83 239 123 20 25 125	82 63 208 168 45 31 587	44 31 150 226 51 31 674	16 11 52 172 172 20 675
Laborers, except form Form workers Service workers' Cleaning and food service workers Protective service workers Personal and health service workers Private household workers	82 18 255 149 63 32	99 80 51 	61 5 151 96 22	88 209 100 30 79 8	76 244 116 42 78 13	54 4 241 115 54 63 20	16 83 4 118 57 5 37	50 78 	29 71 5 67 27 6 16	36 106 11 161 100 56 6	26 58 23 178 87 16 61 7	25 55 110 44 23 33 10	80 33 - 110 54 25 26	89 9 158 98 22	29 149 16 130 84 10 32
Female employed, 16 years old and over Professional, technical, and kindred workers Teachers, elementary and secondary schools Managers and administrators, except form Sales workers Clerical and kindred workers Secretaries, stenographers, and typists Operatives, including transport	718 83 48 12 63 187 52	418 4 	485 93 65 12 17 100 28	645 103 50 32 18 167 48	545 65 15 13 48 116 40	805 179 59 20 39 261 53	351 91 33 17 9 80 17	263 21 6 23 54 16	322 11 6 11 65 19	662 68 36 23 20 70 25	672 128 47 24 42 128 24	507 93 44 35 39 195 49	626 45 21 5 52 148 51	709 19 5 19 28 105 28	814 15 - 3 5 40
Other blue-collar warkers Farm workers Service workers, except private hausehold Private household workers	283 9 81 -	310 12 - 25	154 5 5 99	160 33 	150 24 116 13	160 23 - 109 14	63 11 61 19	105 5 - 48 7	190 28 11	349 42 84 6	215 24 11 96 4	67 15 - 53 10	318 10 - 48	417 76 4 41	533 21 60
INDUSTRY										-	•				-
Total employed, 16 years old and over Construction Monufacturing Durable goads Transportation Communications, utilities, and sanitary services Wholesale trade. Refoll trade Finance, insurance, and real estate	1 739 66 699 259 18 71 85 342	954 111 568 133 30 28 29 109	1 056 80 373 149 31 32 54 203	1 383 72 415 198 34 73 50	1 225 58 441 210 29 59 27 193	1 867 74 574 298 50 81 58 374	825 36 262 114 21 28 5	682 23 169 91 47 19 13	772 46 384 122 13 22 41 75	1 444 72 707 233 60 21 50 153	1 524 61 508 167 47 34 89 223	1 328 50 331 103 45 19 78 299	1 416 63 699 196 47 15 60 221	1 486 72 899 224 42 20 23 230	1 52) 115 1 625 277 5 23 37
Personal services Health services Educational services Other professional and related services Public administration Other industries	51 36 10 63 116 18 99	5 8 4 14 24 24	17 10 24 65 104 8 20 35	43 46 80 105 94 53 87 39	25 29 31 96 109 35 56 37	41 39 68 136 154 100 97 21	29 16 39 80 66 57 23 35	56 18 59 45 12 22 16 78	9 28 22 22 22 - 37 64 9	11 36 50 82 68 71 34 29	31 22 43 153 103 102 60 48	42 20 28 122 88 113 73	41 25 34 31 66 40 45 29	15 39 25 30 15 4 30 42	11 21 57 34 12 4 23 55
CLASS OF WORKER															
Total employed, 16 years old and over Private wage and salary workers Government workers Local government workers Self-employed workers Unpaid family warkers	1 739 1 413 255 169 62 9	954 876 51 45 27	1 056 885 132 91 34 5	1 383 1 119 191 125 73	947 238 153 40	1 867 1 460 291 195 112 4	825 628 156 70 41	682 521 80 31 81		1 444 1 192 151 77 83 18	1 524 1 169 222 150 128 5	1 328 988 192 88 148		1 486 1 346 68 62 72	1 521 1 345 115 81 61

*Includes allocated cases, not shown separately.

Table P-3. Labor Force Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

, [(Data based			For minim	um base foi	r derived fi					n symbols,	See lexil		Part in Ply	mouth
Census Tracts		New Bedfor						lance of SN			Tunnt	Tenst	Tract	Coun	Tract
·	Tract 6526	Tract 6527	Tract 6528	Tract 6528.99	Tract 6531	Tract 6532	Tract 6533	Tract 6541	Tract 6542	Tract 6551	Tract 6552	Tract 6553	6554	5601	5611
EMPLOYMENT STATUS															
Male, 16 years old and over Lobor force Percent of total Civilian tabor force Employed Unemplayed Percent of civilian labor force	1 237 911 73.6 911 793 118 13.0	961 72.9 956 907 49 5.1	1 268 992 78.2 982 940 42 4.3	307 307 100.0 - - -	2 312 1 839 79.5 1 827 1 734 93 5.1	2 202 1 698 77.1 1 687 1 615 72 4.3	1 875 1 464 78.1 1 464 1 401 63 4.3	1 306 1 112 85.1 1 105 1 057 48 4.3	1 279 967 75.6 960 921 39 4.1	1 105 889 80.5 879 835 44 5.0	1 615 1 180 73.1 1 176 1 120 56 4.8	980 75.9 974 952 22 2.3	1 503 1 170 77.8 1 170 1 089 81 6.9	1 457 1 189 81.6 1 171 1 128 43 3.7	1 067 805 75.4 801 758 43 5.4
Not in labor force Inmate of institution Enrolled in school Other under 65 years Other 65 years and over	326 - 10 153 163	358 - 74 80 204	276 	-	473 9 165 110 189	504 107 136 261	411 11 111 64 225	194 62 43 89	312 92 84 136	216 6 43 66 101	435 - 97 98 240	312 32 78 61 141	333 9 67 95 162	268 	262 120 50 92
Male, 16 to 21 years old Not encolled in school Not high school graduates Unemplayed or not in labor force	1 59 110 94 35	220 99 68 20	1 53 52 4 1 11	1 35 135 19 -	362 92 55 16	268 108 61 10	212 55 15 5	203 71 41 16	191 45 26 16	1 51 47 22 5	211 64 38 17	202 55 30 17	201 70 18 5	184 65 24 -	32 6 6
Female, 16 years old and over Labor force Percent of total Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed Percent of civilian labor force Not in labor force	1 456 612 42.0 612 579 33 5.4 844	726 741 42.9 741 693 48 6.5 985	1 549 796 51.4 796 791 5 0.6 753	-	2 564 1 116 43.5 1 116 1 078 38 3.4 1 448	2 340 1 144 48.9 1 144 1 088 56 4.9 1 196	2 297 978 42.6 978 948 30 3.1 1 319	1 298 682 52.5 682 641 41 6.0 616	1 391 681 49.0 681 635 46 6.8 710	1 143 536 46.9 536 503 33 6.2 607	1 877 859 45.8 859 829 30 3.5 1 018	1 606 720 44.8 720 693 27 3.8 886	1 586 639 40.3 639 606 33 5.2 947	1 621 642 39.6 642 608 34 5.3 979	1 207 464 38.4 464 449 15 3.2 743
Married women, husband present In labor force With own children under 6 years In labor force	724 359 226 107	878 443 247 126	955 458 95 36	-	1 695 701 377 115	744 302 79	608 344 108	473 257 102	445 279 126	332 204 49	538 254 101	419 238 99	406 247 108	415 250 62	288 167 43
OCCUPATION Sotal employed, 16 years old and over	1 372	1 600	1 731	_	2 812	2 703	2 349	1 698	1 556	1 338	1 949	1 645	1 695	1 736	1 207
Prafessional, technical, and kindred workers Health workers Teachers, elementary and secondary schools Managers and administrators, except farm Solaried Self-employed in retail trade	55 5 3 26 26	96 6 53 32 27 5	169 26 39 100 74	- - - - -	362 58 116 281 242 30	153 44 44 189 156 21	417 108 97 332 284 29	158 40 23 134 85 27	94 23 20 103 77 19	125 20 22 93 64 11	221 56 96 194 164 30	225 32 96 102 76 16	195 43 66 122 92 20	414 45 119 257 232 6	217 13 66 199 180
Sales workers Retail trade Clerical and kindred workers Croftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers Construction croftsmen Mechanics end repairmen Operatives, except transport Transport equipment operatives	59 53 111 178 59 38 666 35	62 41 193 223 45 65 615	127 78 443 220 54 29 395 39	- - - - -	189 104 478 438 162 99 505	131 91 364 349 128 86 910 151	185 111 350 308 112 81 292 92	91 47 315 307 85 56 311 67	93 49 205 241 52 56 503 97	72 58 198 233 84 64 281 38	92 49 330 291 70 66 452 65	96 53 295 239 61 47 275 70	129 60 330 269 86 65 288 64	152 77 182 246 98 27 158 46	43 - 179 212 80 21 71 42
Laborers, except farm Farm workers Service workers' Cleaning ond food service workers Protective service workers Personal and health service workers Private household workers	142 3 92 51 9 28 5	116 - 216 130 39 31 5	62 171 89 30 41 5	-	118 45 287 137 47 95 15	153 29 264 149 41 62 10	73 38 242 102 25 106 20	72 64 158 85 13 56 21	79 5 133 79 26 17 3	66 17 210 117 19 55 5	97 - 199 97 35 62 8	69 5 263 139 30 84 6	143 10 145 90 7 48	73 5 181 113 21 47 22	51 127 57 10 40 66
Female employed, 16 years old and over	6 21 66	693 49 32 11 24 141 21	791 71 29 11 44 331	-	1 078 162 87 41 74 346 77	1 088 79 38 22 39 259 64	948 174 70 43 68 275 112	641 74 11 18 27 240 61	52 12 25 47 141 27	503 36 17 4 27 154 28	829 140 80 46 34 235 51	693 105 63 31 32 233 85	606 113 50 15 39 228 39	608 172 68 16 51 156 61	449 68 49 22 16 157 52
Operatives, including transport Other blue-callar workers Farm workers Service workers, except private household Private household workers	9 - 30	322 47 - 94 5	239 10 80 5	- - - -	230 47 - 163 15	544 22 - 113 10	189 32 5 148 14	174 10 - 82 16	285 24 58 3	151 13 — 113 5	15 - 109 8	136 15 5 130 6	15 80 	127 22	9 90 66
INDUSTRY						. 704	0.040	1 400	1 664	1 338	1 949	1 645	1 695	1 736	1 207
Total employed, 16 years old and over Construction Manufacturing Durable goods Transportation Communications, utilities, and sanitary services Wholesole trade Retail trade	43 9 46	1 600 79 854 306 37 33 48 232	1 731 90 691 319 15 61 60 258	11111111	2 812 222 874 428 95 67 60 487	2 703 231 1 124 330 129 96 91 372	2 349 155 525 229 86 62 134 391	1 698 169 620 237 40 54 87 262	1 556 77 688 223 82 41 36 265	87 413 170 42 48 55 275	100 725 279 66 32 72 323	99 462 226 57 44 66 316	80 477 283 46 42 133 271	164 463 240 37 89 112 258	160 253 156 25 73 56 112
Finance, insurance, and real estate	11 25 32 10 15 25	5 14 36 46 77 12 98 29	92 15 42 89 100 59 123 36		124 57 123 158 237 55 98 155	71 59 43 95 140 57 94	118 42 104 207 228 113 75 109	56 22 72 93 43 47 45 88	61 45 58 41 26 37 62 37	14 32 57 55 56 43 73 88	74 25 54 122 140 63 92 61	60 51 46 68 193 40 71 72	38 50 36 103 116 54 67 182	9 51 118 176 74 67	61 21 99 53 131 62 68 33
CLASS OF WORKER															
Total employed, 16 years old and over	1 274 82 43 16	1 600 1 360 195 110 35	1 731 1 375 262 171 94	-	2 812 2 212 365 224 231 4	2 703 2 257 308 177 138	2 349 1 778 331 230 230 10	1 698 1 417 119 75 152 10	1 556 1 340 135 66 72 9	1 338 1 114 135 65 84 5	1 949 1 653 201 99 90 5	1 645 1 232 272 201 127 14	1 695 1 385 221 107 83	1 341 259 221 125	1 207 902 202 155 94 9

Uncludes allocated cases, not shown separately.

Table P-4. Income Characteristics of the Population: 1970

		Part in	Bristol Co	unty	Part in			······································		New Be	dford	····			
Census Tracts	Total SMSA	Total	New Bedford	Balance	Ply- mouth County	Tract 6501	Tract 6502	Tract 6503	Tract 6504	Tract 6505	Tract 6506	Tract 6507	Tract 6508	Tract 6509	Tract 6510
INCOME IN 1969 OF FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·										 		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
All families Less than \$1,000 \$1,000 to \$1,999 \$2,000 to \$2,999 \$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$5,999 \$6,000 to \$6,999 \$7,000 to \$7,999 \$8,000 to \$8,999 \$9,000 to \$9,999 \$110,000 to \$11,999 \$12,000 to \$11,999 \$12,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$24,999	39 890 944 1 044 2 217 2 191 2 275 2 615 2 906 3 148 3 291 3 056 5 658 4 983 4 547 862	37 826 884 1 032 2 173 2 138 2 150 2 499 2 797 2 998 3 164 2 968 5 342 4 639 4 158 742	26 438 718 827 1 749 1 701 1 668 1 905 2 003 2 148 2 178 2 098 3 455 2 910 2 570 434	11 388 166 205 424 437 482 594 850 986 870 1 887 1 729 1 588 308	2 064 60 12 44 53 125 116 109 150 127 88 316 344 389	1 594 18 7 52 45 45 45 59 76 108 119 172 344 301 235	1 545 16 33 86 99 97 85 113 117 80 163 221 234 190	1 080 72 56 25 50 58 57 85 75 121 182 151 130 18	1 175 40 18 63 34 50 83 120 133 140 73 189 113 108	1 049 47 38 44 28 84 49 90 123 123 101 124 111 83	828 23 22 69 52 57 87 94 78 65 86 73	747 18 41 79 44 40 77 78 54 33 42 101 66 68 6	1 055 16 50 77 66 40 72 93 132 86 81 146 139 57	804 44 61 84 65 45 55 74 89 35 66 89 63	1 119 21 18 42 38 57 60 77 68 53 107 134 101 264
\$50,000 or mare	153 \$8 792 \$9 720	142 \$8 709 \$9 578	74 \$8 230 \$9 032	\$9 869 \$10 843	\$10 937 \$12 338	\$10 558 \$10 786	\$9 285 \$9 598	\$9 512 \$9 748	\$8 332 \$8 870	\$8 175 \$8 296	\$7 500 \$7 927	\$6 955 \$7 872	\$7 860 \$8 127	\$6 649 \$6 990	\$10 276 \$12 391
Families and unrelated individuals	53 554 \$7 145 \$8 131	50 962 \$7 043 \$7 998	37 039 \$6 358 \$7 360	13 923 \$8 817 \$9 697	2 592 \$9 510 \$10 743	1 865 \$9 953 \$9 869	1 837 \$8 343 \$8 737	1 368 \$8 122 \$8 366	1 582 \$7 127 \$7 364	1 397 \$6 960 \$6 876	1 172 \$5 906 \$6 459	1 269 \$4 819 \$5 855	1 402 \$6 355 \$6 609	1 108 \$4 578 \$5 699	1 351 \$9 167 \$10 874
Unrelated individuals	13 664 \$2 423 \$3 491	13 136 \$2 402 \$3 450	10 601 \$2 326 \$3 188	2 535 \$2 807 \$4 547	528 \$3 047 \$4 511	271 \$3 650 \$4 476	292 \$2 962 \$4 186	288 \$2 027 \$3 183	407 \$2 316 \$3 016	348 \$1 814 \$2 595	344 \$2 478 \$2 927	522 \$2 064 \$2 969	347 \$1 830 \$1 994	304 \$1 759 \$2 284	232 \$3 185 \$3 559
TYPE OF INCOME IN 1969 OF FAMILIES										·					
All families With wage or salary income Mean wage or salary income With nasform self-employment income Mean nonfarm self-employment income With farm self-employment income With Social Security income With Social Security income With public assistance or public welfare income Mean public assistance or public welfare income Mean public assistance or public welfare income With other income	3 642 \$7 705 178 \$1 836 10 641 \$1 389 3 609 \$1 610 15 163	37 826 32 422 \$8 981 3 405 \$7 813 167 \$1 992 10 299 \$1 380 3 495 \$1 620 14 178	26 438 22 315 \$8 575 2 094 \$7 656 41 \$1 870 7 578 \$1 371 2 973 \$1 684 9 298	11 388 10 107 \$9 878 1 311 \$8 063 126 \$2 032 2 721 \$1 405 522 \$1 256 4 880	2 064 1 823 \$11 579 237 \$6 152 11 342 \$1 658 114 \$1 299 985	1 594 1 444 \$10 286 168 \$4 847 - 362 \$1 308 85 \$1 112 701	1 545 1 339 \$9 047 130 \$6 716 	1 080 891 \$9 343 142 \$7 532 	1 175 1 049 \$8 442 70 \$4 119 14 393 \$1 149 105 \$1 717 403	1 049 905 \$8 142 64 \$5 272 - 327 \$1 456 55 \$1 496 343	828 723 \$7 837 22 262 \$1 117 99 \$2 070 207	747 627 \$7 882 48 \$5 035 4 218 \$1 336 107 \$1 518 221	1 055 916 \$8 078 65 \$2 972 	804 574 \$7 911 39 \$3 486 - 256 \$1 554 187 \$1 567 228	1 119 966 \$10 687 152 \$12 106
Mean other incomeRATIO OF FAMILY INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL®	\$1 745	\$1 712	\$1 714	\$1 709	\$2 223	\$1 364	\$2 050	\$1 689	\$1 570	\$1 277	\$1 354	\$1 091	\$1 230	\$1 106	\$2 185
Percent of families with incomes; Less than .50 of poverty level	2.5 4.2 5.1 4.8 12.3 25.9	3.4 2.6 4.3 5.1 4.9 12.4 26.1 41.1	4.0 3.0 5.0 5.8 5.5 12.9 25.3 38.5	2.1 1.8 2.6 3.6 3.6 11.1 28.1 47.2	2.9 0.2 2.7 3.8 2.5 11.3 22.4 54.2	1.1 0.9 1.0 3.5 3.5 8.2 28.7 53.0	2.0 3.0 2.2 5.5 5.4 12.9 21.8 47.2	7.7 1.6 2.9 3.1 10.3 25.6 48.8	3.9 1.0 3.1 3.2 4.9 11.7 31.9 40.2	4.5 3.0 2.1 7.1 2.5 13.1 27.4 40.5	2.8 2.3 8.3 7.6 7.9 10.0 27.1 34.1	7.0 4.4 3.9 6.3 5.5 16.7 28.8 27.4	2.5 4.5 4.4 7.4 4.3 9.3 33.1 34.6	8.6 5.0 9.1 8.6 5.2 15.3 24.9 23.4	1.9 1.6 2.6 4.5 3.3 8.3 23.2 54.6
INCOME BELOW POVERTY LEVEL ¹	4 009	3 889	3 154	735	100		111			***	•••	***	120	182	68
Percent of all families Mean family income Mean income deficit Percent receiving public assistance income Mean size of family With related children under 18 years Mean number of related children under 18 years With related children under 6 years Mean number of related children under 6 years Families with female head With related children under 18 years Mean number of telated children under 18 years With related children under 6 years With related children under 6 years Percent in labor force Mean number of related children under 6 years	10.1 \$1 968 \$1 404 27.6 3.60 2 563 2.80 1 521 1 531 1 331 2.52 722	10.3 \$1 965 \$1 398 28.2 3.59 2 474 2.80 1 468 1.64 1 496 2.53 697	11.9 \$1 973 \$1 397 31.5 3.58 2 037 2.80 1 225 1.68 1 287 1 124 2.53 629 17.6	6.5 \$1 929 \$1 399 14.3 3.61 437 2.81 243 1.44 209 172 2.49 68 13.2	\$1 616 8.3 3.99 89 2.96 53 1.66 35 2.23 2.5	\$1 510 30.6 3.80 41 2.54 28 1.25 19 19	\$2 127 \$1 435 8.1 3.86 3.52 34 1.97 13 13	100 9.3 \$7745 \$2 143 13.0 2.89 35 2.51 16 	94 8.0 \$1 548 \$1 990 35.1 3.74 66 3.00 29 1.79 50 50 2.78 24	100 9.5 \$1 104 \$1 453 13.0 2.37 28 1.82 19 41 14 	111 13.4 \$2 165 \$1 279 18.0 3.60 2.88 31 1.19 30 22 	114 15.3 \$1 983 \$1 585 32.5 3.84 2.80 35 1.89 56 56 2.66 21	12.0 11.4 \$2 231 \$1 176 25.8 3.69 70 3.27 49 1.61 49 42 3.19 25	22.6 \$1 800 \$1 511 56.0 3.47 144 2.51 98 1.57 113 113 2.33 71 14.1	3.28 3.26 2.78 1.6 2.78 1.6 2.78 1.6 3.6 2.78
Family haeds Percent 65 years and over Civilian male heads under 65 years Percent in labor force	- 26.9 - 1 565	27.4 1 494	3 154 26.8 1 155 71.3	735 29,9 339 77,9	11.7 71	16.3 22	111 45.0 43 53.5	100 68.0 27 77.8	94 5.3 39 51.3	100 48.0 32 40.6	111 23,4 63 90.5	114 18.4 37 62.2	120 31.7 40 90.0	1 82 22.5 33 54.5	68 55.9 17
Unrelated Individuals Percent of all unrelated individuals Mean income Mean income deficit Percent receiving public assistance income Percent 65 years and over	- 38.3 - \$959 - \$840	38.6 \$965 \$835 14.5	4 080 39.6 \$965 \$837 15.9 61.0	34.4 \$968 \$822 7.9	30.7 \$776 \$1 003 6.8	29.2 \$818 \$1 023 16.5	96 32.9 \$861 \$901	106 36.8 \$682 \$1 095	182 44.7 \$924 \$855 26.9 70.9	177 50.9 \$598 \$1 178 16.9 74.0	134 39.0 \$1 042 \$769 25.4 56.0	226 43.3 \$1 102 \$690 10.6 61.9	169 48.7 \$1 118 \$678 11.2 59.8	144 47.4 \$1 101 \$664 18.1 84.7	66 28.4 \$699 \$1 074 13.6 75.8
Persons Percent of all persons Percent receiving Social Security Income Percent 65 years and over Percent receiving Social Security Income Related children under 18 years Percent living with both parents	- 13.0 - 25.5 - 26.3 - 75.0	13.2 25.8 26.6 75.7 6 859	25.2 26.2 74.8 5 661	8.3 28.4 28.4 79.3 1 198	8.2 16.8 17.0 71.6 259	4.4 11.7 17.4 56.5 107	525 9.6 33.0 33.1 74.1 196 79.6	395 10.8 13.4 50.9 21.4 77 70.1	534 12.6 30.7 25.1 92.5 187 29.9	414 11.4 33.6 54.6 57.1 44 79.5	534 16.2 23.8 22.8 91.8 168 61.9	664 20.3 23.0 26.7 74.0 268 39.9	612 15.8 31.2 27.1 85.5 236 41.9	775 25.6 24.6 25.0 76.8 362 24.3	289 7.3 30.8 36.7 73.6 101 67.3
Households Percent of all households Owner occupied Mean value of unit Renter occupied Mean gross rent Percent lacking some or all plumbing facilities	_ 15.3 _ 1 550 _ \$15 600 _ 5 23:	15.9 1 428 2 \$15 100 5 5 156 5 \$79	18.6 737 \$15 200 4 766 \$79	9.2 691 \$15 000 390 \$78	8.8 122 3 \$21 300 79 3 \$120	5.2 32 \$21 200 57 \$67	189 12.0 103 \$11 500 86 \$66 5.8	135 12.7 43 \$16 800 92 \$69	198 16.6 11 187 \$80 5.1	172 17.0 9 163 \$85 5.2	198 20.1 - 198 \$82 4.5	260 24.8 5 255 \$66 5.8	202 17.9 9 193 \$87 2.5	293 29.7 10 283 \$56	107 8.7 59 \$17 700 48 \$65 -

Excludes inmates of institutions, members of the Armed Forces living in barracks, college students in dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 14 years.

Table P-4. Income Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

, [Data basea	on sample,	see lexi.		The Dual Con	derived in		enr, mediar ledford – Co				,			
Census Tracts	Tract 6511	Tract 6512	Tract 6513	Tract 6514	Tract 6515	Tract 6516	Tract 6517	Tract 6518	Tract 6519	Tract 6520	Tract 6521	Tract 6522	Tract 6523	Tract 6524	Tract 6525
INCOME IN 1969 OF FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS				-											
All families Less than \$1,000 \$1,000 to \$1,999 \$2,000 to \$2,999 \$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$5,999 \$6,000 to \$6,999 \$7,000 to \$7,999 \$8,000 to \$8,999 \$9,000 to \$1,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or mare Median income Mean income Families and unrelated individuals Median income Median income Median income	1 228 25 29 98 87 114 98 114 95 104 154 17 286 \$8 098 1 668 \$5 820 6 796	584 28 48 48 35 50 035 54 62 56 67 14 18 10 - \$6 889 \$7 039 933 \$5 57	757 26 52 93 43 88 83 58 40 54 24 23 71 62 64 —————————————————————————————————	908 11 21 58 63 63 85 64 52 39 65 182 106 94 5 - - \$8 949 \$8 929 1 312 8 7 240	880 23 41 37 66 82 64 47 109 83 75 100 104 45 4 - \$7 734 \$7 86 87 87 87 87 83 85 90 90 83 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90	1 157 18 31 107 41 82 71 88 114 80 165 161 154 14 - \$8 961 \$9 680 1 686 1 7 376 \$8 174	516 17 8 24 85 36 39 38 8 59 16 53 49 75 5 9 \$6 136 \$10 727 1 004 \$5 012 \$7 521	201 	617 60 16 66 45 77 42 26 51 77 21 53 27 56 \$6 096 \$8 833 \$877 \$4 668 \$5 633	875 21 11 49 94 57 93 35 58 81 63 104 99 73 26 11 \$8 21 \$9 700	\$13 554 1 275 \$8 478	956 33 19 34 38 55 45 67 64 40 05 8 160 99 99 \$5 \$10 313 812 88 88 822 \$11 214	971 21 40 66 96 96 64 113 69 61 75 72 104 10 75 5 72 104 115 110 75 5 72 104 110 75 5 72 104 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105	835 15 29 43 39 50 79 74 74 60 125 117 31 20 	923 49 51 65 79 69 69 60 78 90 106 64 100 72 33 7 7 7 7 7 130 1 155 \$5 691 \$6 137
Unrelated individuals	440 \$2 446 \$3 164	349 \$1 948 \$2 591	573 \$2 313 \$3 199	404 \$2 412 \$3 444	310 \$2 161 \$2 672	489 \$3 510 \$4 608	488 \$2 915 \$4 130	847 \$2 642 \$3 460	260 \$2 341 \$2 786	425 \$2 948 \$3 631	390 \$2 000 \$2 982	192 \$2 100 \$2 929	234 \$2 204 \$2 534	232 \$1 890 \$2 369	232 \$1 736 \$2 183
TYPE OF INCOME IN 1969 OF FAMILIES	· 						574	201	617	875	885	956	971	835	923
All families With wage or salary income Mean wage or salary income With nonfarm self-employment income Mean nonfarm self-employment income With farm self-employment income	1 228 1 021 \$7 698 81 \$6 620	584 478 \$7 028 28 \$3 939	757 580 \$7 279 45 \$5 901	908 769 \$8 341 94 \$5 374 5	880 757 \$7 774 61 \$3 471	119	516 426 \$10 046 26 \$23 465	201 148 \$7 798 9	475 \$7 237 11	744 \$8 355 88 \$13 007 6	794 \$9 734 142 \$12 213 6	762 \$10 206 158 \$17 351	837 \$7 916 46 \$4 305	732 \$8 510 65 \$5 482	\$7 223 42 \$5 745
Mean farm self-employment income With Social Security income Mean Social Security income With public assistance or public welfare income Mean public assistance or public welfare income With other income With other income	323 \$1 362 219 \$1 935 465 \$1 473	150 \$1 295 142 \$2 188 114 \$1 192	220 \$1 250 185 \$1 734 201 \$1 187	313 \$1 422 54 \$1 333 467 \$1 446	185 \$1 416 120 \$2 028 286 \$1 121	327 \$1 543 51 \$1 626 517 \$1 766	100 \$1 569 110 \$2 160 140 \$1 794	\$1 786 42 \$2 193 92 \$2 524	153 \$1 566 166 \$1 626 131 \$1 673	283 \$1 305 91 \$1 789 249 \$2 171	293 \$1 413 36 \$1 444 464 \$4 430	294 \$1 314 64 \$1 281 456 \$2 904	293 \$1 354 97 \$988 319 \$1 156	253 \$1 589 82 \$1 205 205 \$1 208	\$1 006 75 \$1 514 172 \$883
RATIO OF FAMILY INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL!	ľ														
Percent of families with incomes: Less than .50 of poverty level	3.9 5.5 6.1 3.3 8.6 16.9 23.4 32.3	9.4 5.3 8.0 7.0 6.3 16.1 28.3 19.5	7.4 4.0 9.2 9.5 6.2 17.0 21.5 25.1	1.8 2.5 4.6 8.0 5.8 13.0 24.8 39.4	3.3 4.2 7.2 7.5 3.9 18.9 19.7 35.5	2.8 1.4 3.4 4.7 4.4 11.8 24.3 47.4	4.1 6.8 3.5 8.3 10.5 9.3 17.6 39.9	2.5 3.5 7.0 7.0 3.0 16.4 30.3 30.3	9.7 4.4 9.2 11.0 7.1 15.4 18.6 24.5	3.0 1.9 4.8 5.5 8.9 19.5 19.2 37.1	0.8 1.2 2.5 2.8 2.7 9.8 26.6 53.6	4.9 0.5 2.1 4.1 3.6 8.6 22.4 53.9	4.2 2.7 6.2 6.1 6.7 14.2 24.2 35.7	2.3 2.0 5.6 4.9 4.9 12.8 29.6 37.8	7.4 6.2 5.5 6.1 9.8 14.5 23.7 26.9
INCOME BELOW POVERTY LEVEL	İ					0.7	74	26	144	85	40	72	127	83	176
Percent of all families	\$2 159 \$1 338 43.7 3.69 152 2.54 95 1.57 91 86 2.08 49	133 22.8 \$1 748 \$1 469 36.1 3.26 1.63 38 38 2.05 22	156 20.6 \$1 987 \$1 370 48.1 3.49 121 2.50 83 1.69 70 70 2.11 38 -	81 8.9 \$2 388 \$1 202 17.3 4.11 48 3.75 23 22 22	129 14.7 \$2 281 \$1 224 41.1 3.88 90 3.30 73 1.48 64 64 2.86 60.7 1.55	87 7.5 \$2 080 \$1 123 31.0 3.29 43 2.51 22 38 18	14.3 \$2 213 \$1 598 62.2 4.31 61 3.62 2.57 58 54 3.76 49 38.8 2.57	12.9 \$2 604 \$1 323 80.8 4.12 26 2.46 2.46 2.14 14 1 8	23.3 \$1 502 \$1 971 36.8 3.70 83 3.14 45 2.04 61 50 2.86 28 17.9 1.00	9.7 \$2 189 \$1 249 18.8 3.62 47 2.85 32 1.94 30 20	4.5 \$2 456 \$1 753 12.5 4.65 34.05 7 7 22 22 22	7.5 \$664 \$1 848 6.9 3.10 24 15 	13.1 \$2 086 \$1 073 22.8 3.41 67 2.88 32 1.22 48 34 2.12 10	9.9 \$2 142 \$861 6.0 3.02 39 1.82 10 5 	19.1 \$1 736 \$1 630 14.2 3.52 123 2.36 52 1.42 41 37 1.81 9
Family heads Percent 65 years and over Civilian mole heads under 65 years Percent in labor force	14.7	133 15.0 75 69.3	156 19.9 61 70.5	81 34.6 31 67.7	129 30.2 26 84.6	87 26.4 38 78.9	74 5.4 12	26 19.2 7	144 35.4 38 86.8	85 31.8 38 57.9	18	33.3 44 79.5	28.3 48 43.8	39.8 45 88.9	30.7 81 93.8
Unrelated individuals Percent of all unrelated individuals Mean income Mean income deficit Percent receiving public assistance income Percent 65 yeors and over	37.3 \$1 024 \$797 20.1	175 50.1 \$847 \$994 24.0 43.4	211 36.8 \$966 \$862 19.0 45.5	31.4 \$935 \$876 8.7 63.8	34.8 \$1 012 \$761 17.6 77.8	161 32.9 \$1 084 \$691 3.1 72.7	178 36.5 \$957 \$894 6.2 44.9	283 33.4 \$1 074 \$790 20.5 34.3	91 35.0 \$712 \$1 061 17.6 83.5	156 36.7 \$951 \$847 8.3 57.7	46.6	43.2 \$1 001 \$787 12.0 5 51.8	102 43.6 \$951 \$814 13.7 82.4	51.7 \$931 \$850 11.7 72.5	107 46.1 \$1 040 \$729 13.1 76.6
Persons Percent of all persons Percent receiving Social Security income Percent 65 years and over Percent receiving Social Security income Related children under 18 years Percent living with both parents	18.4 20.3 16.8 84.1	609 23.0 14.0 17.7 47.2 237 54.0	756 24.0 26.6 20.1 86.2 330 42.1	460 12.5 30.2 28.5 90.8 179 51.4	608 18.0 21.1 23.7 81.3 296 26.4	447 10.0 34.0 33.8 85.4 110 55.5	497 20.6 15.7 16.9 60.7 187 7.0	390 27.3 25.4 26.2 78.4 53 43.4	624 26.4 22.9 24.8 80.0 234 45.7		10.4 25.7 22.7 92.7	9.3 7 23.9 7 26.5 7 65.4 4 83	535 15.9 35.5 32.7 75.4 190 60.5	12.5 36.7 42.3 76.4 67	23.3 25.3 67.4 264
Households Percent of all households Owner occupied Mean value of unit Renter accupied Mean gross rent Percent lacking some or all plumbing facilities	294 22.5 39 \$13 800 255 \$88 1.7	241 \$80 12.4	284 26.2 23 261 \$82 19.4	151 15.6 23 128 \$89	222 21.6 51 \$10 000 171 \$73 2.3	74 \$82 3.8	185 \$111		137 \$61 4.0	139 \$8 3.8) 12. 2: 5 9 1 \$8 3 7.	4 11.0 2 66 . \$21 600 2 39 0 \$87	17.9 11 147	18.4 14 132	24.1 5 217 \$93

**Excludes inmates of institutions, members of the Armed Forces living in barracks, college students in dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 14 years.

Table P-4. Income Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

Ţ		ew Bedford		T	un bose to			ance of SM	····					Part in Pig Coun	
Census Tracts	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract 5601	Tract 5611
	6526	6527	6528	6528.99	6531	6532	6533	6541	6542	6551	6552	6553	6554	3001	3011
INCOME IN 1969 OF FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS															
All families Less than \$1,000. \$1,000 to \$1,999. \$2,000 to \$2,999. \$3,000 to \$2,999. \$5,000 to \$4,999. \$5,000 to \$5,999. \$5,000 to \$5,999. \$7,000 to \$7,999. \$9,000 to \$7,999. \$10,000 to \$1,999. \$10,000 to \$1,999. \$10,000 to \$1,999. \$12,000 to \$1,999. \$12,000 to \$14,999. \$15,000 to \$49,999. \$50,000 or more. Medion income Medion income Mean income Fomilies and unrelated individuals	979 30 48 137 136 89 118 74 80 64 45 79 41 35 3 4 \$5 49 \$6 184	1 115 9 46 145 84 83 87 101 103 130 111 83 80 35 13 57 024 \$7 589 1 517	1 055 10 21 51 47 35 60 97 67 96 80 161 152 163 10 5 \$9 544 510 175	307	1 799 23 23 33 79 81 105 119 109 158 101 293 306 298 58 115 597	1 747 31 78 113 74 49 95 150 142 158 261 245 231 51 - \$9 934		1 010 20 38 5 43 77 75 92 94 218 153 26 \$10 27 \$10 726	990 16 16 39 46 41 71 108 89 84 177 173 62 		1 215 30 14 33 49 54 73 70 108 131 99 214 188 143 9 - \$9 460 \$9 695	981 120 13 31 65 56 79 101 79 80 168 141 111 16 \$9 \$9 \$10 441	1 218 16 81 50 66 63 90 73 83 94 202 148 204 20 11 \$9 745 \$10 570	1 201 26 30 43 84 91 41 133 73 63 176 224 200 61 510 756 \$11 647	863 34 112 114 110 41: 25 68 67 54 125 140 129 59 51 11 164 \$13 300
Median income	\$3 950 \$5 186	\$5 452 \$6 309	\$8 572 \$9 061	\$2 817 \$3 705	\$9 472 \$10 625	\$8 708	\$9 361 \$12 401	\$9 654 \$9 816	\$7 941 \$7 964	\$9 447	\$8 069 \$8 080	\$7 857 \$8 854	\$8 912 \$9 582	\$9 354 \$10 198	\$9 883 \$11 489
Unrelated individuals	472 \$2 000 \$3 116	402 \$1 880 \$2 758	200 \$2 293 \$3 186	307 \$2 817 \$3 705	313 \$2 078 \$5 035	306 \$1 968 \$3 699	415 \$3 858 \$7 234	141 \$2 214 \$3 298	206 \$3 000 \$3 018	117 \$2 688 \$3 645	435 \$1 951 \$3 568	351 \$3 417 \$4 416	251 \$3 518 \$4 789	296 \$3 115 \$4 323	\$232 \$2 971 \$4 751
TYPE OF INCOME IN 1969 OF FAMILIES					. ~~			1 010	000	905	1 215	981	1 218	1 201	863
All families With wage or salary income Mean wage or salary income With nonform self-employment income Mean nonform self-employment income With form self-employment income Mean form self-employment income With Social Security income With Social Security income Mean Social Security income Mean public assistance or public welfare income Mean public assistance or public welfare income With other income Mean other income	24 6 320 \$1 179 243 \$1 928 209	1 115 882 \$7 997 36 \$3 619 	1 055 908 \$9 879 119 \$5 260 		1 799 1 622 \$10 536 272 \$7 097 15 380 \$1 451 93 \$1 097 819 \$1 476	1 747 1 521 \$9 673 171 \$5 765 28 \$3 532 438 \$1 198 60 \$1 139 649 \$1 486	\$ 533 \$ 329 \$11 378 \$223 \$12 033 \$12 033 21 391 \$1 462 48 \$996 915 \$2 910	1 010 914 \$9 926 130 \$6 626 32 \$905 194 \$1 461 15 371 \$1 544	\$90 \$81 \$8737 88 \$4573 5 307 \$1230 54 \$824 384 \$753	895 811 \$9 445 85 \$8 020 20 225 \$1 401 74 \$1 134 377 \$1 731	1 116 \$9 078 105	\$9 162 129 \$11 234 5 210 \$1 549 51 \$2 851 348 \$1 769	1 061 \$9 943 108	1 054 \$11 298 143 \$5 164 186 \$1 559 63 \$1 396 624 \$1 543	769 \$11 963 94 \$7 654 11 156 \$1 776 51 \$1 179 361 \$3 400
RATIO OF FAMILY INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL!															
Percent of families with incomes: Less than .50 of poverty level	6.5 12.9 7.0 8.1 19.2 26.9	2.4 2.4 11.7 8.3 9.0 11.4 27.8 27.0	0.9 2.6 2.4 4.4 3.4 10.7 24.5 51.2	 	1.3 1.3 2.5 3.1 3.9 10.1 26.3 51.5	2.9 3.9 5.4 3.4 2.3 10.6 25.9 45.6	1.2 1.7 2.1 3.5 2.1 10.7 22.2 56.5	3.3 1.3 1.9 0.5 3.8 8.4 35.0 45.9	2.5 1.9 2.5 3.7 5.5 17.2 28.5 38.2	0.6 1.7 6.0 1.6 13.6 32.2 44.4	3.1 1.6 2.1 1.4 4.9 12.1 27.1 47.8	2.2 0.9 2.4 2.4 5.7 12.0 32.5 41.7	2.1 1.9 1.2 8.4 3.6 7.7 29.5 45.6	2.2 - 2.4 4.1 2.9 12.6 23.3 52.5	3.9 0.6 3.0 3.5 1.9 9.6 21.1 56.4
INCOME BELOW POVERTY LEVEL															
Percent of all families Percent of all families Mean family income Mean income deficit Percent receiving public assistance income Mean size of family With related children under 18 years Mean number of related children under 18 years With related children under of years Mean number of related children under 6 years Families with famale head With related children under 18 years Mean number of related children under 18 year With related children under 18 years Mean number of related children under 18 year Percent in labor force Mean number of related children under 6 years	26.1 25.2 \$1.353 40.2 4.24 1.96 1.85 1.85 97 90 5- 2.92 56 2.14	\$776 53.3 3.29 137 2.32 94 1.21 128 117 2.17 78 26.9	62 5.9 \$2 248 \$957 16.1. 3.32 277 10. 33 20 2.54		92 5.1 7 8 392 81 512 17.4 4.23 3.31 47 1.72 17 112 12	213 12.2 \$1 922 \$1 219 11.7 3.27 114 2.31 35 1.29 66 57 1.75	\$1 152 7.9 4.18 38 4.08 22 32	\$1 825 \$1 713 9.2 3.77 43 2.81 19 11	69 7.0 \$1 730 \$1 692 23.2 3.51 51 2.57 34 1.18 28 28 2.57 15	20 2.2 20 15 	82 6.7 \$1 141 \$1 561 12.2 3.52 41 3.00 33 1.85 10 3	55 5.6 \$1 875 \$1 062 18.2 3.022 24 16 15 15	63 5.2 \$1 606 \$1 671 25.4 3.48 48 2.466 22 25 2.84 9	\$1 811 18.2 4.55 55 2.87 34 1.76 30 2.43	5 5 5
Femily heads Percent 65 years and over Civilion male heads under 65 years Percent in labor force	11.7 129	22.8 25	41.9 10	? 0	- 92 - 16.3 - 65 - 78.5	213 35.7 76 78.9	35.5 28	10.8 3 47	26.1 28 82.1	20 - 15	82 37.8 48 79.2	56.4 9		l	21.5 46
Unrelated Individuals Percent of all unrelated individuals Mean income deficit Percent receiving public assistance income Percent 65 years and over	43.0 \$1 003 \$810 28.1 60.1	42.8 \$1 167 \$638 29.7 49.4	42. \$1 09 \$67 76.	0 5 6 - 2	- 138 - 44.1 - \$935 - \$874 - 54.3	\$1 021 \$764 10.3 70.5	22.4 \$79' \$98' \$5.6 5.73.	4 46.8 1 \$792 2 \$1 037 4 7.6 1 33.3	26.2 \$1 090 \$668 16.7 90.7	42 35.9 \$975 \$800 - 78.6	185 42.5 \$1 076 \$698 7.0 77.3	25.1 \$992 \$827 12.5 51.1	24.5 \$905 \$89 18.0 70.5	32.1 \$755 \$1 049 6.3 26.3	28.9 \$804 \$938 7.5 85.1
Persons Percent of all persons Percent receiving Social Security income Percent 65 years and over Percent receiving Social Security income Related children under 18 years Percent living with both parents	31.1 14.1 16. 71.0 63	7 18.9 2 30.4 1 22.3 0 92.5 1 330	8. 48. 39. 95.	0 3 7 7	- 527 - 7.8 - 15.6 - 22.2 - 54.7 - 194 - 70.1	13.4 29.3 28.0 80.3	7. 2 29. 3 26. 5 83. 0 14	3 7.9 2 19.6 8 11.3 6 100.0 4 123	7.7 35.8 29.4 87.4 126	4.0 28.8 25.0 100.0 51	44.1	6.6 42.1 40.2 85.3 1 67	6.0 19.3 2 26.4 1 58.7	7.1 9.1 7.1 72.1 75.1	7 8.9 3 25.7 2 28.4 0 71.4 105 74.3
Households Percent of all households Owner accupied	33. 37. 37. 38.	7 24.0 7 - 5 310 9 \$8) 10 - \$14 00) 5	.6 55	- 147 - 8.0 - 119 - \$14 100 - 28 - \$115 - 28.6) 13 9 13: 0 \$15 20: 8 9: 6 \$9	5 6. 2 6 0 \$20 20 7 4 3 \$7	3 7.4 3 48 10 \$18 100 14 15	9.9 3 55 3 \$14 900 5 46 45	5.5 49 \$14 000	13.8 100 \$14 100 83 \$55	9.5 3 53 3 \$14 900 3 55	9 6. 3 6 3 \$12 10 5 2	7. 9 4 0 \$14 50 2 4	5 10.5 7 75 0 \$25 500 9 30 3 \$81

1Excludes inmates of institutions, members of the Armed Forces living in barracks, college students in dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 14 years.

Table P-5. General and Social Characteristics of the Negro Population: 1970

Γ	Data based on sample, se		in Bristol County	jores (percent,	median, etc.) and meaning		v Bedford	
Census Tracts With 400 or More Negro Population	Total SMSA	Total	New Bedford	Balance	Part in Plymouth County	Tract 6515	Tract 6517	Tract 6519
AGE BY SEX	1 654	1 615	1 543	72	39	286 58	361 68	310 19
Under 5 years	235 72	229 72	212 72	17	5	25 37	29 41	31
5 to 9 years	189 35	184 35	1 <i>7</i> 9 35	5	-	5	9 7	5
6 years	48 184	48 184	48 170	14	-	10 33	22	34 10
10 to 14 years	44	44 147	40 143	4	_	4 27	4 54	32
15 to 19 years	147 32	32	32 11	_	_	12	11 5	8
16 years	11 29	11 29	29	-	<u>-</u>	3 7	14 13	- 8
18 years	40 35	40 35	40 31	4	-	5 25	11 31	9 15
20 to 24 years	110 17	110 17	104 17	6	_	6 13	9	4
21 years	27 155	27 150	27 146	4	5	18	50 19	16
25 to 34 years	207 212	207 202	188 199	19 3	10	25 50	41	50 42 10
45 to 54 years55 to 59 years	40	34 51	34 51	-	6	_ 4	16	5
60 to 64 years65 to 74 years	51 62	55	55	_	7	9	9 10	22 34
75 years and over	62	62	62	53	74	366	360	355
Under 5 years	1 919 205	1 845 205	1 792 200	5 5	[~]	42 21	40 18	15 8
3 and 4 years5 to 9 years	108 253	108 230	103 226	5 4	23	64 20	62 18	7
5 yeors	63 67	57 62	57 62	_	6 5	22	7 24	- 85
6 years	232 37	232 37	224 33	8 4	-	36 15	5 29	16
14 years	157	150	145 20	5 5	7 7	46 6		5
15 years16 years	32 36	25 36	36 37	=	_	13 15	2	5 6
17 years18 years	37 24	37 24	24	~	_	5 7	10 17	-
19 years 20 to 24 years	28 106	28 106	28 106	_	-	29 9	32 22	-
20 years 21 years	35 7	35 7	35 7	-		7 25	56	27
25 to 34 years	206 245	199 245	196 233	3 12		49	35 35	59 33
35 to 44 years	203	184 51	180 51	4	- 1	37 .4	12	7 25
55 to 59 years	51 68	55 92	55 86	- 6	13	15 13	29	34 47
65 to 74 years	101	96 96	90	6		6	6	47
RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD	ļ .				,,,,	652	721	665
All persons	3 573 3 498	3 460 3 385	3 335 3 266	125 119	113	652 200	700 228	665 222
Head of household	1 130	1 090 822	1 062 794	28 28	28	172	191 37	139 83
Primary individual	280	268 498	268 473	25	12 27	28 74	117	69 357
Other relative of head	1 785	1 739	1 673 58	66	46	378	350 5	17
In group quarters	. 75	58 75	69	4.25		3.26	3.07	3.00
Persons per household	3.10	3.11	3.08	4.20				
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD All households	1 130	1 090	1 062	28	40	200 7	228 26	222 61
Male primary individual Female primary individual	172	172 96	172 96	-	12	21 97	11 111	22 60
Rusband-wife households Households with ather male head	540	512 34	484 34	28	28 -	4 71	10 70	20 59
Households with female head		276	276	•	-	, ,	,,,	-
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT			200		_	90	103	43
Persons, 16 to 27 years old	_ 143	326 143	322 143 70		<u>-</u> [43 8	63 36	9
Not high school graduatesPercent of total		70 21.5	21.7		-	8.9	35.0	20.9
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED							217	411
Persons, 25 years old and over		1 683 5)	1 626 51	5	72	255 4	318 -	41 15
No school years completedElementary: 1 to 4 years	-1 51	51	51 369	1	5 15	6 45	76	124
5 to 7 years 8 years	- 399 274	384 262	251	i	12	39 84	59 88	54 90
High school: 1 to 3 years4 years	- 445 386	419 367	412 343	2		62 7	46 32	71 11
College: 1 to 3 years4 years or more	_ 70	70 79	70 79		10.0	8 10.2	17 9.8	5. 8.5
Median school years completed Percent high school graduates	9.7	9.7 30.7	9.7 30.3	10. 42.		30.2	29.9	21.2
RESIDENCE IN 1965							575	677
Parsons, 5 years old and over, 1970:	2 861 1 514	2 714 1 391	2 653 1 377		1 147	560 420	133	442
Different house:		573	526	4	-	120	124 13	94
In other part of this SMSA	54	54 111	54 111		7	20	42 42	13 13
Outside this SMSANorth and West	[] [11]	iii	ii <u>i</u>		- 7	20	42 - 21	- 59
Abrood		194	194		-	<u>, </u>	21	

"Includes "Moved, 1965 residence not reported."

Table P-6. Economic Characteristics of the Negro Population: 1970

			um base for derived t	3				
Census Tracts With		Part	in Bristol County				New Bedford	
400 or More Negro Population	Total SMSA	Total	New Bedford	Balance	Part in Plymouth County	Tract 6515	Tract 6517	Tract 6519
EMPLOYMENT STATUS AND OCCUPATION Male, 16 years old and over	1 014 735	986 714	950 678	36 36	28 21	146 122	219 146	217 119
Civilian labor force	717 650	696 634	664 606	32 28	21 16	118 109	146 133	119 105
Unemployed	67 279	62 272	58 272	4	5 7	9 24	13 73	14 98
Female, 16 years old and over	1 197	1 153	1 122 511	31 14	44 12	218 114	234 107	243 102
Civilian labor force	537 537 487	525 525 475	511 461	14 14 14	12	114 110	107 89	102 88
Unemployed	50 660	50 628	50 611	- 17	32	4 104	18 127	14 141
Married women in labor force, husband present		266 63	252 63	14	=	41	59 29	41 6
Total employed, 16 years old and over	1 137	1 109 152	1 067	42 6	28	219 34	222 40	193
Professional, technical, and kindred workers Managers and administrators, except form Sales workers	40	40 11	40 11	-		-	11	10
Clerical and kindred warkers Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers	88	83 122	75 1 2 2	8	5	5 45	12 40	27
Operatives, except transport Transport equipment operatives	407	402 14	390	12 5	5	52 -	48 -	109
Laborers, except farmFarm workers	91	91 9	91 9	-		26 	23 4	9 5
Service workers, except private household Private household workers		167 18	160 14	7 4	6 6	49 8	38 6	15 -
Female emplayed, 16 years old and over Professional, technical, and kindred workers		475 93	461 93	14	12	1 10 26	89 32	88
Managers and administrators, except form Sales workers	.] 11	11 6	11 6		-	-	6	6
Clerical and kindred workers	. 45 194	45 194	45 187	7	-	5 26	12 15	7 64
Other blue-collar workers	-)	22	22	-		14	- - 18	- 5
Service workers, except private household Private household workers		86 18	83 14	3 4	6	31 8	6	-
FAMILY INCOME IN 1969 All families	850	522	794	28	28	172	191	139
Less than \$1,000\$1,000 to \$1,999	_ 51	5) 26	51 26	-	-	11	12	15 5 11
\$2,000 to \$2,999 \$3,000 to \$3,999	- 69	62 111	62 111	=	7	3 15	20 53	11 5
\$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$5,999	_ 56	56 99	56 99	-	. 5	23 12	4 29	5 13 17
\$6,000 to \$6,999 \$7,000 to \$7,999	- 56 - 61	50 61	47 61	3	-	13 12	15	6 17
\$8,000 to \$8,999 \$9,000 to \$9,999	_ 36	65 36	54 32	11	-	14	14 8	4 5 41
\$10,000 or more Median income: Families Families and unrelated individuals	_ \$6 143	205 \$6 120 \$5 192	195 \$5 919 \$5 080	\$9 000 \$9 000	\$6 333	56 \$6 692 \$6 000	32 \$5 086 \$3 917	\$6 583 \$4 192
RATIO OF FAMILY INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL!		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,	,		,		
Percent of families with incomes: Less than .50 of poverty level	7.2	7.4	7.7	-	-	9.9	6.3	10.8 3.6
.50 to .74	_[8.8	8.8 9.1	9.1 9.4	-	-	6.4 8.1	18.3 - 13.1	7.9
1.00 to 1.24 1.25 to 1.49 1.50 to 1.99	5.8	9.9 6.0 13.0	10.2 6.2 13.0	14.	25.0 - 3 35.7	15.1 6.4 18.0	12.0 15.2	9.4 7.9 7.9
2.00 or more	45.6	45.9	44.5	85.		36.0	35.1	52.5
INCOME BELOW POVERTY LEVEL		208	208			42	47	31 22.3
Percent of all families Mean family income	\$2 325	25.3 \$2 325	26.2 \$2 325		- -	\$24.4 \$2 100	24.6 \$1 948	\$1 221 \$1 916
Mean income deficit Percent receiving public assistance income	45.2	\$1 654 45.2	\$1 654 45.2] =	\$1 863 40.5 4,36	\$1 877 59.6 4.34	32.3 3.13
Mean size of family With related children under 18 years Mean number of related children under 18 years	[180 [4.54 180 3.38	4.54 180 3.38		- - -	39 3,13	43 3.30	15
With related children under 6 years Mean number of related children under 6 years _	140	140 1.99	140 1.99			39 1.74	43 2.14	-
Families with female head With related children under 18 years	120	120 109	120 109			27 27	36 36	16 10
Mean number of related children under 18 year With related children under 6 years	[74	3.17 74	3.17 74		- -	2.30 27	3.44 36	··· <u>-</u>
Percent in labor force	1.97	33.8 1.97 208	33.8 1.97 208		-	37.0 1.93 42	33.3 2.06 47	31
Percent 65 years and over Civilian male heads under 65 years	11.1	11.1 76	208 11.1 76			7.1	8.5 7	35.5 10
Percent in labor force Usralated individuals	86.8	86.8 80	86.8 80		_	ii	10	27
Percent of all unrelated individuals Mean income	26.5 \$721	27.6 \$721	27.6 \$721			39.3	23.8	27.0 \$728
Mean income deficit Percent receiving public assistance income	\$1 133 27.5	\$1 133 27.5	\$1 133 27.5		-			\$1 060 22.2
Percent 65 years and over	1 025	37.5 1 025	37.5 1 025			194	214	85.2 124 18.6
Percent of all persons Percent receiving Social Security Income Percent 65 years and over	[7.2	30.6 7.2	31.7 7.2		- -	29.8	30.6 - 1.9	25.8 32.3
Percent 65 years and over Percent receiving Social Security income Related children under 18 years	59.0	6.0 59.0 554	6.0 59.0 554		-	6.2	1.9 99	57.5 55
Percent living with both parents Housekolds	43.9	43.9	43.9 242			32.1	13.1 52	58.2 27
Percent of all households Owner occupied	24.4 11	25.3	26.0 11		-[-	27.7	26.1 4	14.1 -
Mean value of unit	231	231	231		-	46	48	27
Mean gross rent Percent lacking same or all plumbing facilities	\$84 4.5	\$84 4.5	\$84 4.5		-	- \$65 	\$120 -	\$55 22.2

^{*}Excludes inmates of institutions, members of the Armed Forces living in barracks, college students in dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 14 years.

Table P-7. General and Social Characteristics of Persons of Spanish Language: 1970

<u></u>	ata based on sample, see text.	For minimum base for derived figu	Part in Bristol County	edning of symbols, see text)	
Census Tracts With 400 or More Persons			Pari in Brisioi County		
of Spanish Language	Total SMSA	Total	New Bedford	Balance	Part in Plymouth County
AGE BY SEX				61	60
Mele, cil ages	601 78	541 64	480 53	11	14 7
3 and 4 years	45 90	38 90	38 84	6	-
5 years	6	6 31	31	6	-
6 years	65	65 5	53 5	12	-
14 years	47	25	25	-	22
15 years	6	- -	- 6	-	8
17 years18 years	14 27	6 19	19	-	8
19 years	47	47	4 7 7	-	-
20 years	7	7 15	15	14	6
25 to 34 years	76 54	70 42	56 31	11	12
45 to 54 years	102 15	96 15	96 8	7	-
55 to 59 years60 to 64 years	iĩ	11	11	-	-
65 to 74 years 75 years and over	16	16	16	-	-
Female, all ages	785 129	735 139	664 127	71 12	50
Under 5 years	139 36	36 118	30 118	6	5
5 to 9 years	123 5	33	33	-	5
6 years10 to 14 years	33 101	95	76 6	19	6
14 years 15 to 19 years	12) 68	68	50 14	18	-
15 years	14) 16,	14 16	7	9	-
17 years	- 16	16	16		-
19 years 20 to 24 years	22 59	22 59	13 59	-	-
20 years21 years	22	22 9	22 9	-	-
25 to 34 years	71 62	60 62	55 52	10	14
35 to 44 years	75 24	61 24	54 24	-	-
55 to 59 years	- 8	8	- 8	-	-
65 to 74 years 75 years and over	55	41	41	-	14
RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD				132	110
All personsIn households	1 386 1 364	1 276 1 254	1 144 1 122	132 132 32	110
Head of household	419 331	395 307	363 283	24 8	24
Primary individual	88 204	88 179	80 157	22	25 53
Wife of headOther relative of head	733	680	602	78	8
Not related to head	22 3.26	22 3.17	22 3.09		
Persons per household	3.20				
All households	419	395	363 46	32	24
Male primary individual	54 34		34 154	24	24
Husband-wife households	202 20	20	20 109		-
Households with female head	109	109	107		
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT	148	132	114	18	16
Persons, 16 to 21 years old	103 75	95	95 75	-	-
Not high school graduates Percent of total	50.7		65.8	- (
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED			450	54	63
Persons, 25 years eld and over No school years completed	569 81	1 74	452 74	34 	7
Elementary: 1 to 4 years 5 to 7 years	82 114	82	82 82	25	7
High school: 1 to 3 years	57	51 64	51 64	-	6 26
A years College: I to 3 years	101	75	54 7	21	δ 5
4 years or more	5.	1) 46	38 7.7	8 12.1	12.2
Median school years completed	29.0		21.9	53.7	58.7
RESIDENCE IN 1965		, , , , ,	964	109	96
Persons, 5 years old and over, 1970	1 16 44		334	42	
Different house: In central city of this SMSA	25	249	207 52	42 -	1
In other part of this SMSA	5. 8 7	2 52 5 79 79	65 65	14 14	-
Narth and West	1	6) _=	83	'-	6
Abroad	9	/ 83	03		

*Includes "Moved, 1965 residence not reported."

Table P-8. Economic Characteristics of Persons of Spanish Language: 1970

(Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text)

Census Tracts With	tuata basea on sample, see text.		Part in Bristol County		
400 or More Persons of Spanish Language	T_4_ C44CA	Tabel	No D. dfard	Balana	Doublin Dlumouth County
	Total SMSA	Total	New Bedford	Balance	Part in Plymouth County
EMPLOYMENT STATUS AND OCCUPATION Male, 16 years old and over	362 274	322 256	290 224	32 32	40 18
Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed	274 229 45	256 211 45	224 179 45	32 32	18 18 -
Not in labor force	98 408	66 369	66 329	_ _ 40	22 39
Labor force	135 135	117 117	98 98	19 19	18 18
Employed Unemployed Not in labor force	126 9 273	108 9 252	98 	10 9 21	18 - 21
Married women in labor force, husband present With own children under 6 years	l l	62 23	52 13	10 10	18 5
Total employed, 16 years old and over Professional, technical, and kindred workers Managers and administrators, except farm		319 30 —	277 22	42 8 -	36 5 6
Sales workersClerical and kindred workersCraftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers	86	61 44	40 44	21	7 6
Operatives, except transport Transport equipment operatives Laborers, except form	156	150 - 34	137 - 34	13 - -	6 6
Farm workers Service workers, except private household Private household workers	_	- - -	- -		
female employed, 16 years old and over Professional, technical, and kindred workers	126 19	108 14	 98 14	10	18 ; 5 ;
Managers and administrators, except farm Sales workers Clerical and kindred workers	_	44	- - - 34	_ - 10	- - 7
Operatives, including transportOther blue-collar workers	56	50	50	- -	6 -
Farm workers Service workers, except private household Private household workers	. -	-	-	-	=
FAMILY INCOME IN 1969 All families		307	283	24	24
Less than \$1,000\$1,000 to \$1,999\$2,000 to \$2,999	. 15	16 15 70	16 15 70	<u>-</u>	
\$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$5,999	.] 21	42 15	42 15	- -	6
\$6,000 to \$6,999 \$7,000 to \$7,999	. 21 15	21	16 15 9	6	- 6
\$8,000 to \$8,999 \$9,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 or more	_ 38	38 65	27 58	11 7	- 12
Median income: FamiliesFamilies and unrelated individuals	\$5 094 \$4 424		\$3 964 \$4 019	:::	•••
RATIO OF FAMILY INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL Percent of families with incomes: Less than .50 of poverty level	1	16.6	18.0	_	_
.50 to .74 .75 to .99 1.00 to 1.24	- 4.8 - 20.5	5.2	5.7 24.0	-	-
1.25 to 1.49 1.50 to 1.99	- 1.8 - 10.6	7.5	- 8.1		,
2.00 or more INCOME BELOW POVERTY LEVEL ¹	- 46.8	46.6	44.2	•••	
Familles Percent of all families Mean family income		44.0	135 47.7 \$2 347	=	-
Mean income deficit Percent receiving public assistance income	- \$1 296 - 74.1	\$1 296 74.1	\$2 347 \$1 296 74.1	- - -	
Mean size of family With related children under 18 years Mean number of related children under 18 years _	_ 119	119	3.96 119 2.80	- -	-
With related children under 6 years Mean number of related children under 6 years Families with female head	- 75 1 92	75 1.92	75 1.92	- -	
With related children under 18 years Mean number of related children under 18 years	- 68	68	68 68 2.90	- - - -	-
With related children under 6 years Percent in labor force Mean number of related children under 6 years	_ [20.5	20.5	44 20.5 2.00	-	-
Family heads Percent 65 years and over	_ 135 11 9	135 11.9	135 11.9	- - -	-
Civilion male heads under 65 years Percent in labor force Unrelated Individuals	49.0	49.0	51 49.0 15	-	
Percent of all unrelated individuals Mean income Mean income deficit	22.3	15.8	17.2		:::
Percent receiving public assistance income Percent 65 years and over		1	•••	- - -	-
Persons Percent of all persons Percent receiving Social Security income	40.7	43.6	550 48.7 5.1	-	7.3
Percent 65 years and over Percent receiving Social Security income Related children under 18 years	4.3	4.4	4.4		-
Percent living with both parents	15.4 143	15.4	428 15.4 143	 	-
Percent of all households Owner occupied Mean value of unit	36.9		43.1		-
Mean gross rent	143 \$103	\$103	143 \$103	-	-
Percent lacking some or all plumbing facilities	12.0		12.6	-	

1Excludes inmotes of institutions, members of the Armed Forces living in barracks, callege students in dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 14 years.

Table H-1. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970

[For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

		T	in Bristol C			an, etc.) and	THEOMING	or symbols,	, see lexij	New B	edford				·
Census Tracts	Total SMSA	Total	New Bedford	Balance	Part in Ply- mouth County	Tract 6501	Tract 6502	Tract 6503	Tract 6504	Tract 6505	Tract 6506	Tract 6507	Tract 6508	Tract 6509	Tract 6510
All housing units Vacant – seasonal and migratory	54 019 1 142	50 716 446	36 597 29	14 119 417	3 303 696	1 832 12	1 770	1 329	1 527	1 404	1 200	1 262	1 421	1 090	1 359
All year-round housing units	52 877	50 270	36 568	13 702	2 607	1 820	1 769	1 327	1 527	1 403	1 200	1 262	1 421	1 090	1 359
Owner occupied Cooperative and condominium White Negro Renter occupied White Negro Vacant year-round For sole only Vacant less than 6 months Median price asked For ron1 Vacant less than 2 months Median rent asked Other	26 922 359 23 868 22 883 806 1 566 115 72 \$18 400 802 374 \$62	25 543 84 25 069 322 23 274 22 301 795 1 453 102 66 \$18 000 785 369 \$61 566	14 840 297 20 583 19 683 19 683 1787 1 145 54 35 \$17 500 725 342 \$60 366	10 703 29 10 629 25 2 691 2 665 8 308 48 31 \$18 800 60 27 \$70 200	1 900 1 853 37 594 582 582 11 113 6 \$22 500 17 5 \$106 83	1 584 6 6 1 570 3 201 198 1 35 12 5 \$18 800 13 5 \$66 10	1 365 15 1 364 2 16 1 	700 698 1 596 594 31 15 8 861	456 455 1 1 036 1 031 2 35 1 27 7	524 7 521 - 847 844 1 32 - - 32 24 \$53	202 202 964 960 3 34- - 23 11 \$64	126 	335 333 1 055 1 051 31 - - 19 7 \$56	261 259 824 809 12 5 1	1 052 - 1 035 14 288 282 5 19 4 10 4 \$800
All units Owner occupied Negro Renter occupied Negro Vacont year-round For sale only For rent	2 387 629 12 1 470 71 288 12 136	2 303 582 10 1 443 71 278 11	1 774 233 9 1 317 70 224 3 132	529 349 1 126 1 54 8 4	84 47 2 27 10 1	46 27 - 8 - 11 3	18 12 - 3 - 3	20 9 - 8 - 3 - 1	81 13 63 5 2	55 5 36 14 14	36 2 33 1	90 - 87 - 3 - 2	19 2 - 12 - 5 - 2	9 4 - 5 - -	13 10
COMPLETE KITCHEN FACILITIES AND ACCESS Lacking complete kitchen facilities	1 091 96	1 067 92	959 83	108 9	24 4	9 -	2	14	31 11	53 6	18 5	95 3	19 5	6 1	9 -
ROOMS I room	915 1 118 3 843 11 208 17 274 10 275 4 523 2 215 1 506 5.0	903 1 081 3 718 10 770 16 675 9 726 4 142 1 986 1 269 5.0	851 823 3 001 8 084 12 567 6 662 2 651 1 234 695 4.9	52 258 717 2 686 4 108 3 064 1 491 752 574 5.3	12 37 125 438 599 549 381 229 237 5.7	3 11 110 392 730 346 136 59 33 5.0	1 12 67 465 651 359 136 57 21 5.0	1 17 104 303 405 339 91 44 23 5.1	14 41 121 325 679 232 83 23 9	41 6 68 260 666 271 68 20 3 5.0	6 27 158 302 434 207 45 15 6 4.7	83 19 313 276 319 160 71 15 6 4.3	1 13 90 381 687 186 43 15 5	39 18 95 292 425 171 39 7 4	4 7 29 303 424 339 161 69 23 5.3
All occupied housing units	51 311	48 817	35 423	13 394	2 494	1 785	1 753	1 296	1 492	1 371	1 166	1 212	1 390	1 085	1 340
PERSONS persons	10 743 15 451 9 103 7 176 4 378 4 460 2.5 2.8 2.2	10 369 14 702 8 676 6 760 4 105 2.5 2.8 2.2 570	8 476 10 603 6 175 4 549 2 767 2 853 2.4 2.7 2.2	1 893 4 099 2 501 2 211 1 338 1 352 2.8 3.0 2.2 138	374 749 427 416 273 255 2.8 2.9 2.5	181 535 346 314 215 194 3.0 3.1 2.2	176 599 401 277 153 147 2.8 2.8 2.5	259 463 209 175 100 90 2.3 2.5 2.2	325 447 313 173 107 127 2.4 2.7 2.4	294 477 289 167 71 73 2.3 2.5 2.2	285 322 230 140 100 89 2.4 2.8 2.4	431 293 155 139 92 102 2.1 2.4 2.0	305 443 253 198 104 87 2.4 2.6 2.3	284 314 175 129 86 97 2.3 2.5 2.2	187 470 255 210 128 90 2.6 2.6 2.4
PERSONS PER ROOM 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Units with all plumbing facilities – 1.01 or more	48 420 2 378 513 2 799	46 039 2 283 495 2 694	33 384 1 664 373 1 979	12 653 619 122 715	2 381 95 18 105	1 660 105 20 124	1 663 80 10 90	1 249 36 11 46	1 388 89 15 104	1 313 51 7 57	1 079 72 15 84	1 105 75 32 107	1 304 70 16 86	1 011 68 6 74	1 301 32 7 37
VALUE Specified owner occupied units 1 Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$7,499 \$7,500 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$14,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$35,000 or more Median CONTRACT DENT	19 930 338 655 1 234 4 844 5 846 3 659 2 261 735 358 \$17 400	18 240 318 608 1 159 4 582 5 517 3 362 1 903 546 245 \$17 100	9 089 111 263 587 2 485 2 952 1 625 805 209 52 \$16 800	9 151 207 345 572 2 097 2 565 1 737 1 098 337 193 \$17 600	1 690 20 47 75 262 329 297 358 189 113 \$21 900	1 458 15 35 48 217 505 442 170 23 3 \$19 300 \$	1 148 14 23 41 239 459 248 113 11	431 3 8 26 97 139 100 48 8 8 2	133 1 8 12 60 43 7 1 1	188 4 3 25 77 64 12 3 -	24 1 1 3 13 5 1 1 - - - \$13	18 - - 3 6 5 3 - 1	75 	146 - 1 10 45 48 31 8 3	963 6 11 19 154 285 249 180 54 5 \$20 100
Specified renter occupied units 2 Less 1 fan \$10 S10 23 652 788 1 500 8 916 8 916 1 671 266 33 24 780 \$60	23 081 776 1 488 8 877 7 137 2 329 1 533 204 23 15 699 \$60	20 509 667 1 418 8 382 6 451 1 917 1 132 92 7 6 437 \$59	2 572 109 70 495 686 412 401 112 16 9 262 \$70	571 12 12 39 92 116 138 62 10 9 81 \$95	200 8 2 29 37 30 65 6 - - 23 \$85	386 8 4 127 162 43 18 1 1 - 23 \$64	595 8 16 162 242 80 41 16 2 28 \$66	1 035 29 49 418 414 69 41 2 - 13 \$60	847 19 25 355 337 71 22 	964 23 75 498 294 43 20 - - 11 \$54	1 085 19 79 560 301 95 22 - - 9 \$53	1 055 27 49 490 409 52 20 - - 8 8	815 2 65 382 206 97 56 3 4 \$55	286 10 6 72 75 45 25 33 3 1 16 \$70	

^{*}Limited to ane-family homes on less than 10 acres and no business on property.
*Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or mare.

Table H-1. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970—Continued

[For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text!

	New Bedford – Con.														
Census Tracts	Tract 6511	Tract 6512	Tract 6513	Tract 6514	Tract 6515	Tract 6516	Tract 6517	Tract 6518	Tract 6519	Tract 6520	Tract 6521	Tract 6522	Tract 6523	Tract 6524	Tract 6525
All housing units Vacant — seasonal and migratory	1 745	937 -	1 317	1 323 2	1 149 2	1 642	1 005	1 005	879 -	1 288	1 197 -	1 191	1 221	1 063 8	1 136
All year-round housing units	1 745	937	1 317	1 321	1 147	1 642	1 005	1 005	879	1 288	1 197	1 191	1 221	1 055	1 136
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS															ĺ
Owner occupied	600	113	285	546	570	967 7	287	81	193 5	451 7	640	882	486	377 8	270
Cooperative and condominium	597	110	274	517 23	484 73	921 37	212 67	73 3	153 32	421 23	631 6	876 2	479 l	376 l	270
Renter occupied	1 042	2 765	950	718	549	634	646	822	086	774 711	531 524	299 296	718 708	658 655	838 831
White	1 019 11	740 16	908 37	679 32 57	435 102	597 33	473 153	759 50	459 204	53	3	2	4	1	28
Vacant year-roundFor sale only	103 2	59	82 2	57 4	28 7	41	72 2	102 1	6 -	63 6	26 5	10	17	20	40
Vacant less than 6 months		-			5	• • • •			_	<u>ه</u> 000 \$10		-	_	-]
For rent	69 28	50 7	49	34 20	11	9 5	55 32	67 48		47 34	15 11	7 1	8 -	13	10 5
Median rent asked	\$58 32	\$46 9	\$51 31	\$81 19	\$63 10	\$72 31	\$66 15	\$59 34		\$69 10	\$68 6	\$65 3	\$64 9	\$39 7	\$40 18
LACKING SOME OR ALL PLUMBING FACILITIES															j
All units	48 5	69	148 14	47 9	20 10	13 4	61 9	420 4	64 8	105 7	31 11	8 2	45 12	20 4	67 11
Owner occupied	- 29	4 - 52	126	1 33	10	1 5	4 50	360	1 53	í 84	20	4	28	12	43
Renter occupied	-	13	5	2 5	2	1	5 2	18 56	27 3	7 14	-	2	20 5	- 12 4	13
For sale only	14	-	8	_	-	-	-	_	-	- 9	-	-	-	2	-
COMPLETE KITCHEN FACILITIES AND ACCESS	10	13	5	2	-	-	~	42	-	y	-	-	-	2	1
Lacking complete kitchen facilities	29	52	43	20	11	10	22	283	17	29	8	6	11	9	28
Access only through other living quarters	4	8	4	1	-	3	3	2	5	3	-	1	1	2	1
1 room	1	1	67	27	27	1	40	347	37	64	5	-	1	_	. ,∫
2 rooms	96	19 171	77 284	39 101	5 25	6 52	106 162	224 192	16 102	75 138	9 46	2 10	2 37	18 31	95
4 rooms	469	208 346	255	216	241 344	243 459	214 183	92 69	254 222	234 280	192 293	98 327	354 556	183 578	292 571
5 rooms 6 rooms	688 286	141	281 191	336 322	284	479	126	33 20	151	282 102	276 156	341 231	169 67	181 43	116
7 rooms	106 63	43 6	74 39	125 86	132 71	230 130	73 56	14	50 26	59	107	118	29 6	20	13
9 rooms or more Median	30 4.9	2 4.7	49 4.4	69 5.3	18 5.3	42 5.6	45 4.4	14 2.2	21 4.6	54 5.0	113 5.7	64 6.0	4.9	5.0	4.8
All occupied housing units	1 642	878	1 235	1 264	1 119	1 601	933	903	873	1 225	1 171	1 781	1 204	1 035	1 108
PERSONS		0,1	, 202		,,		,		•	,					
) person	366	235	486	318	257 296	360 520	370 219	684 133	272 208	349 317	267 354	208 432	228 413	200 325	217 296
2 persons3 persons	494 288	224 134	305 152	349 207	204	270	103	39	132	210	186 161	214 171	238 165	236 118	228 173
4 persons5 persons	21 2 141	118 75	120 74	166 107	154 93	200 130	96 59	23 .7	108 70	146 109	85	92	84	79 77	88 106
6 persons or more	141 2.4	92 2.4	98 1.9	117 2.4	115 2.5	121 2.3	86 1.9	17 1.2	83 2.3	94 2.3	118 2.4	64 2.4	76 2.4	2.5 2.5	2.7 2.7
Median, awner occupied units	2.6 2.3	2.4 2.4	2.5 1.7	3.1 2.1	2.7 2.4	2.5 2.2	2.8 1.5	2.1 1.1	2.6 2.2	2.9 2.1	2.7 2.1	2.4 2.3	2.4 2.4	2.5	2.7
Units with roomers, boarders, or lodgers	25	20	30	22	14	22	31	22	18	27	13	11	8	3	5
PERSONS PER ROOM												1 160	1 136	973	991
1.00 or less	86	779 72	1 168	1 204 50	1 053 57	1 560 35	882 39	885 .7	807 55	1 157	1 141	21	62	52 10	92 25
1.51 or more Units with all plumbing facilities — 1.01 or more	14 98	27 96	16 64	10 58	9 66	6 41	12 49	11 12	11 64	15 64	6 30	21	67	61	111
VALUE	1													124	4.7
Specified owner occupied units'Less than \$5,000	. 7	23 2	115	265 7	419 8	664 4	172 6	29 1	51 3	198	403	703 6	233 4	134 3 4	2 6
\$5,000 to \$7,499 \$7,500 to \$9,999	13	3 6	5 19	9 22	21 50	33 53	12 25	3	8 13	11 27	2 29	10 16	4 21	17	6
\$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999	98	10	46 25	113 81	202 117	278 233	70 30	12 7	20 6	27 77 59	120 103	107 236	94 68	49 44	27 2 3
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	19	i	11	25	18	43 16	12 11	5	Ĭ	9	53 43	151	26 16	13 4	3
\$35,000 to \$49,999	4	-	2	2	-	4	5	1	-	3	29	49 17	-	-	- 1
\$50,000 or more Median	\$14 200	\$10 200	\$13 100	\$14 300	\$13 200	\$14 400	\$12 700	\$14 300	\$10 200	\$13 800	20 \$17 100	\$19 500	\$14 700	\$14 300	\$11 500
CONTRACT RENT Specified renter occupied units?	,	717	040	73.0	540	422		002	114	774	530	299	709	658	838
Less than \$30	48	765 34	948 38 99	718 16	11	633 18	646 5		647 23	774 22	18	10	37 51	25 42	40 95
\$30 to \$39 \$40 to \$59	394	69 357	333	33 240	43 225	18 117	12 177	271	61 353	39 262	43 144	41	331	340 202	452 210
\$60 to \$79 \$80 to \$99	390 92	213 60	242 124	268 91	165 56	253 136	181 83		148 42	256 126	183 73	86 74	210 55	19	25
\$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	36	22	91 3	58 2	27	62 1	162 11	79	7	56	50 2	65 4	4	5 -	í
\$200 to \$249 \$250 or more		-	ī	-	-	j	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	- 1
No cash rent Median	. 21	9 \$52	17 \$60		13 \$57		13	18	13 \$50	12	17 \$64	15 \$80	20 \$54	25 \$53	\$50

^{*}Limited to one-family homes on less than 10 acres and no business on property. ** *Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-1. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970—Continued

[For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Ţ		lew Bedfor		ures (per	ent, median,	ejc./ and			ASA in Bristo	ol County				Part in Ply Count	
Census Tracts	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract 5601	Tract 5611
	6526	6527		6528.99	6531	6532	6533	6541	6542	6551	6552	6553	6554	1 759	1 544
All housing units Vacant — seasonal and migratory	1 482 -	1 574 1	1 249 -	-	2 148 46	2 040 9	2 240 306	1 179 25	1 199 	971 3	1 554	1 294 1	1 494 26	290	406
All year-round housing units	1 482	1 573	1 249	-	2 102	2 031	1 934	1 154	1 198	968	1 554	1 293	1 468	1 469	1 138
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS							1.540	004	928	817	1 093	829	1 142	1 060	840
Owner occupiedCooperative and condominium	270	359	858	-	1 787 - 1 780	1 581 10 1 565	1 542 5 1 538	984 978	926	801	1 089	815	1 137	1 045	808
White	267 1 1 124	359 1 167	857 1 383	_	1 700 1 277	7 427	1 333	2 128	1 242	5 142	2 428	439 439	275 270	10 341 339	27 253 243
White	1 066	1 161	382 1	-	277	417	330	127	241 1 28	141	426 - 33	436 2 25	1 51	1 68	10 45
Vacant year-round	88 1	47	8 1	-	38 6	23 4	59 11 7	42 6 4	12 6	- -	2		6 5	10 5	
Vacant less than 6 months	63	- 40	 - 3	-	\$18 800		\$21 900 7	3	\$18 800 7	5	9	8	\$11 700 7 5	\$25 000 13 5	4
Far rent Vacant less than 2 months	22 \$49	23 \$57		-	\$70	\$8.5	.;;	33	\$55 9	\$85 4	3 \$78 22	\$65 16	\$70 38	\$103 45	38
Other	24	7	4	-	26	11	41	33	7	*	**	.•			
LACKING SOME OR ALL PLUMBING FACILITIES	161	49	11	_	116	92	58	35	57	36	50 28	30 15	55 38	39 24	45 23
All valts	18	11	6	-	82	59 	34	22 - 9	33 - 16	28 - 6	38 - 9	13	9	1 12	1 15
Renter occupied	114	32	5 -	-	24 - 10	28 5	12 12	4	- 8	- 2	<u>-</u> 3	2	8	3	7
Vacant year-round For sale only For rent	29 - 17	6 - 1	-	-	2	1	1	1 -	4	_	ī	-	-	1 -	-
COMPLETE KITCHEN FACILITIES AND ACCESS	Ì "														
Lacking complete kitchen facilities	100	23	2	-	26	11 2	19	11	9	5	4 2	14 -	9 1	9 2	15
Access only through other living quarters ROOMS	7	4	2	_	1	2								_	
1 room	38 19	1 18	7	-	16 21	19	6 52	2 11	6 22	2 9	6 56	46	7 22 133	7 23 65	14
2 rooms	129 535	140 481	35 224		92 376	59 494	71 297	54 224	83 288 370	36 187 311	71 246 549	118 201 321	373 390	279 349	159 250
5 rooms6 rooms	459 166	652 168	503 340	-	625 505 251	720 432 180	449 419 276	373 280 109	239 108	246 108	365 156	288 157	290 146	326 209	223 172
7 rooms	103 25 8	83 24 6	99 24 17	-	142	73 49	160 204	57 44	53 29	45 24	72 33	89 71 5.4	61 46 5.0	108 103 5.5	121 134 5.9
9 rooms or more	4.5	4.7	5.2	-	5.4	5.1	5.7	5.3	5.0	5.3	5.2	3.4	J.U]	J.,
All occupied housing units	1 394	1 526	1 241	-	2 064	2 008	1 875	1 112	1 170	959	1 521	1 268	1 417	1 401	1 093
PERSONS 1 person	385	366	181		250	250	309	97 294	155 359	97 289	251 452	259 368	225 493	188 432	186 317
2 persons 3 persons	. 396 204	514 258	445 246		400	609 421 352	622 308 294	210 241	197 187	172 153	313 261	228 166	252 183	254 245 148	173) 171 125
4 persons 5 persons 6 persons or more	108	184 106 98	177 104 88		1 000	191 185	181	132 138	132 140	115	116 128 2.7	118 129 2.5	131 133 2.5		121
Median, all occupied units	2.3	2.3 2.5	2.5 2.6		2.9	2.8 3.0		3.3 3.3 2.8	2.9 3.2 2.0	3.0 3.2 2.5	2.9 2.2	3.0 2.0	2.5 2.3	3.0	2.8 2.6
Median, renter occupied units Units with roomers, boarders, or lodgers	. 2.2	2.2 10	2.3 5		2.3	2.4 15		9		7	9	26	23	8	8
PERSONS PER ROOM													1.24	1 332	1 049
1.00 or less		1 440 76	1 203 36		1 954	1 891 106		1 031		885 61 13	1 447 59 15	1 204 53 11	1 346 57	62	33 11
1.51 or more Units with all plumbing facilities – 1.01 or more	_ 44	10 83	2 38		- 25 - 102	112		10 77		72	73	63	89		42
VALUE											***	673	1 05	936	754
Specified owner occupied units!	_ 4	100 1	606 2		- 1 574 - 41	1 290 40	24	765 9 16	18	756 16 28	892 17 27	10 21		6 10 4 17	10 30
\$5,000 to \$7,499 \$7,500 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999	- 10 - 15	10	10 23		- 43 - 93 - 308	56 83 297	49	31	50 226	40 181	60 276	50 212	29	4 153	109
\$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	- 1 7	38 40 7	152 226 132		- 424 - 338	335 259	257 271	225 226	276 121	235 167	309 138 55	212 89 63	12	8 197	100
\$25,000 to \$44,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999]] -	i 1	52 8		- 209 - 78	152 51	139	19	3	80 9	8	13	1	7 94 8 36	95 77
\$50,000 or more Median	_ i _	\$14 900	\$17 500		- \$18 500	\$17 500	\$22 600	\$19 700	\$16 100	\$17 500	\$15 900	\$15 900	\$15 00	0 \$21 500	\$22 700
CONTRACT RENT							301	108	3 240	133	427	439	26		
Specified renter occupied units?	_ 82	43	383 5 24		- 250 - 18 - 10	406 26 15	2	6	18	5 2	14 11	13 9		5 5 3 4	. 8
\$30 to \$39 \$40 to \$59 \$60 to \$79	579	557	116		- 35 - 56	104 94	66	22 28	3 50	9 32	90 163 55	69 147 116	7	9 59	33 31
\$80 to \$99\$100 to \$149	42	57 41	52 21		- 34 - 50	28	80		2 23	29 32 3		63 4	6	2 84 3 38	. 54 24
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	2	2	1 -		- 11 - 3					1		-		1 5 - 6	
\$250 or more No cash rent	19		21 \$63		- 32 - \$75		42			20 \$84		18 \$75			
mediun		, <u>)</u>	φυυ			ilu bara									

*Limited to ane-family homes on less than 10 acres and no business on property. ** **Excludes one-family

²Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-2. Structural, Equipment, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970

	[Data pased	on sample	, see text.	For minim	um base fo	r derived tig	jures (perc	ent, mediar	n, etc.) and	meaning o	f symbols,	see text]			
Carrana Transka		Part in	Bristol Co	unty	Part in					New Bed	dford				
Census Tracts	Total SMSA	Total	New Bedford	Balance	Ply- mouth County	Tract 6501	Tract 6502	Tract 6503	Tract 6504	Tract 6505	Tract 6506	Tract 6507	Tract 6508	Tract 6509	Tract 6510
All year-round housing units	52 885	50 282	36 577	13 705	2 603	1 816	1 773	1 329	1 527	1 404	1 200	1 262	1 421	1 092	1 359
UNITS IN STRUCTURE															
1 (includes mobile home or trailer)	24 307	21 971	10 844	11 127	2 336	1 639	1 270	496	203	204	27	35	81	215	1 159
3 and 4	9 862 12 516	9 726 12 411	8 064 11 727	1 662	136 105	100	309 117	442 273	343 696	432 573	71 672	74 558	195 877	190 461	181
5 to 49 50 or more	6 125 75	6 099 75	5 867 75	232	26	44	77	118	285	195	430	595	268	226	6
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT)
1969 to March 1970 1965 to 1968	535 2 506	480 2 209	192 872	288 1 337	55 297	107 467	10 133	19 10	_ 19	_ 5	-	5	-	23	26 96
1960 to 1964	2 441 5 991	2 160 5 466	869 3 014	1 291	281 525	311 362	161 543	31	29	18 22	- 5	12	- 4	26 367	174 482
1940 to 1949	3 633 37 779	3 384 36 583	2 094	1 290 7 047	249 1 196	138 431	215 711	163 121 985	68 1 411	88 1 271	15 1 180	49 1 196	25 1 392	226 450	140 441
HEATING EQUIPMENT	37 777	30 303	29 330	7 047	1 176	431	711	703	1 411	1 2/1	1 100	1 170	1 372	430	441
Steam or hot water	23 672	22 355	14 945	7 410	1 317	661	1 060	600	376	442	196	338	218	719	820
Warm air furnace	659	8 358 564	5 092 335	3 266 229	873 95	865 54	345 15	241 13	118 7	149 31	17 5	87 8	94 32	98 25	428
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnaceOther means or not heated	803 18 520	737 18 268	372 15 833	365 2 435	66 252	48 188	21 332	17 458	10 1 016	27 755	11 971	5 824	1 077	10 240	13 98
BASEMENT	Ì	1													l
All units with basement One-family houses with basement	50 024 22 021	47 913 20 141	35 826 10 443	12 087 9 698	2 111 1 880	1 631 1 493	1 753 1 250	1 329 496	1 517 198	1 404 204	1 190 27	1 249 31	1 421 81	1 001 215	1 328 1 133
SELECTED EQUIPMENT				i											
With more than 1 bathroomWith public water supply	50 998	6 250 48 592	3 726 36 389	2 524 12 203	953 2 406	230 1 788	284 1 775	151 1 329	91 1 527	70 1 404	37 1 200	47 1 254	38 1 421	20 1 092	254 1 357
With public sewerWith oir conditioning	4 045	39 319 3 834	35 082 2 619	4 237 1 215	526 211	1 094 271	1 557 164	1 329 142	1 523 65	1 396 102	1 200 44	1 262 29	1 421 93	1 075 30	1 095
Room unit(s)	3 760 285	3 571 263	2 506 113	1 065 150	189 22	264 7	142 22	142	58 7	90 12	44 -	29 -	93 -	30	107
All assuming bounders under				•• ••											
All occupied housing units	51 251	48 780	35 303	13 477	2 471	1 783	1 759	1 296	1 492	1 371	1 166	1 212	1 390	1 087	1 338
YEAR MOVED INTO UNIT	10.747	10.100	6 616	2.00.4	.05								207	201	183
1965 to 1967	9 045	12 132 8 637	9 218 6 677	2 914 1 960	635 408	456 421	271 270	214 163	404 243	280 166	329 227	385 296	397 269	301 212	200 148
1950 to 1959	11 099	7 353 10 541 10 117	4 995 7 281 7 132	2 358 3 260 2 985	413 558 457	346 332 228	332 576	242 389 288	242 333 270	231 293	194 183 233	196 166 169	189 252 283	226 215 133	690
AUTOMOBILES AVAILABLE	10 3/4	10 117	7 132	2 703	437	220	310	200	270	401	233	107	203	199	
1	26 247	25 060	17 722	7 338	1 187	1 047	3 081	761	857	752	472	539	757	508	404
23 or more	10 470	9 502 1 758	5 249 955	4 253 803	968 144	557 86	455 48	255 72	115 21	181	72 23	77 5	165 16	104 22	819 36
None	- 12 632	12 460	11 377	1 083	172	93	175	208	499	421	599	591	452	453	79
GROSS RENT															
Specified renter occupied units \ Less than \$40	. 326	326	20 472 314 2 569	2 584 12	556	205	385	596 .4	1 036	847	964 11	1 080	1 055	806 44 290	290 - 45
\$60 to \$79 \$80 to \$99	. 5 471	5 455	5 044 6 192	117 411	16	28	34 116	18 168	93 273	45 174	48 285	212 303	61 280	155 188	72 59
\$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	. 6 397	6 197	5 329 532	602 868 303	94 200 92	26 81	154 55	206 170	400 214	366 232	373 238	345 208	446 242	116	51 26
\$200 to \$249 \$250 or more	- 107	56	37 10	19	51	37 -	6 -	16 -	44	9	5	6	22	- 4	15
No cash rentMedian	- 754	683	445 \$86	14 238 \$101		33 \$117	20 \$85	14 \$91	- 4 \$86	21 \$92	- 4 \$87	- 6 \$81	 4 \$89	\$67	22 \$84
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME BY INCOME	-	1	400	4101	φ120	φ117	- pou	φ71	фоо	₽47	401	401	.φ07	40 7	
Specified renter occupied units	23 612	23 056	20 472	2 584	556	205	385	596	1 036	847	964	1 080	1 055	808	290
Less than \$5,000 Less than 20 percent	- 11 172	10 999	10 036 840	963 37	173	95 6	184 15	217	349 18	309	429 56	535 29	416 10	482 70	132
20 to 24 percent 25 to 34 percent	_ 1 149	1 144	1 086	58 187	5 14	17	36 5)	18 54	38 50	35 67	37 86	70 127	32 109	94 105	22 16
35 percent or more	- 5 835	5 741	5 227 731	514 167	94	49 23	50 32	96 49	201 42	156 45	241 9	275 34	250 15	191 22	37 34
Median	_ 35.0+	35.0 +	35.0+	35.0+	35.0+	35.0+	29,9	35.0+	35.0+	35.0+	35.0+	35.0+	35.0 +	31.3	27.5
\$5,000 to \$9,999	_1 6 068		7 009 5 422	975 563		73 28	146 136	244 198	472 370	373 271	364 287	354 279	405 361	244 203	96 67
20 to 24 percent	- 1 324 - 557		1 071 385	208 153		30 5	10	35 6	69 33	82	68 5	66 9	25 19	22 15	19
Not computed	- 78 - 149	123 (י	38 93	21 30	19	5 5		~ 5	_	, 11	4	-	-	4	5
Median	i				20.0	21.0	15.5	16.3	14,5	15.5	16.8	16.7	14.7	14.8	15.7
\$10,000 to \$14,999 25 percent or more————————————————————————————————————	11 أء	∖ 5	2 667	5	6	27 	51 -	111	166	137	137	135	198	71 -	30 - 5
Not computed Median	- 126 - 10.7					14.2	10.0 —	11.8	10.0-	10.0-	10.7	10.0-	10.1	11.4	10.2
\$15,000 or more25 percent or more	- 955	910	760	150	45	10	4	24	49	28	34	56	36	9	32
Not computed	_ 1 32		- 26 	10.0		5	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10.0-
	10.0	10.0-	10,0-	10.0 —	10.1	• • •	•••		10.0-	10.0	10.0-	10.0-	10.0-		10.0-

Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-2. Structural, Equipment, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970—Continued

	[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning or symbols, see text) New Bedford — Can.														
Census Tracts	Tract 6511	Tract 6512	Tract 6513	Tract 6514	Tract 6515	Tract 6516	Tract 6517	Tract 6518	Tract 6519	Tract 6520	Tract 6521	Tract 6522	Tract 6523	Tract 6524	Tract 6525
All year-round housing units	1 745	937	1 317	1 319	1 146	1 642	1 005	1 045	839	1 288	1 197	1 191	1 221	1 058	1 136
UNITS IN STRUCTURE															
1 (includes mobile home or trailer)	320	48	222	282	529	733	218	75	220	218	510	754	255	156	45
2 3 and 4	573 691	80 439	411 441	562 376	336 252	697 182	327 187	65 193	243 256	354 476	267 380	350 83	310 530	256 548	101 791
5 to 49 50 or more	161	370 -	243 -	99	29 -	30 -	198 75	712 —	120	240	40 	4	126	98	199
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT															
1969 to March 1970	-	- 5	-	-	6 26	-	-	-	-	3	5 5	5 30	15	- 5	-1
1965 to 1968	5	5 5	- 5	5	200	16 44	10	_ 10	45	12	26	28 154	11 80	8 31	11
1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	27 92 1 621	40 887	21 1 291	107 1 207	58 852	67 1 515	35 960	21 1 014	105 689	32 1 241	32 1 129	109 865	99 1 016	32 982	1 099
HEATING EQUIPMENT	1 021	007	1 271	1 207	UJZ	1 313	,,,,								
Steam or hot water	593	105	568	722	646	1 024	479	805 83	443 55	576 143	631 235	890 154	480 130	298 51	103
Warm air furnace Built-in electric units	234 11	52 10	129 11	214	208 6	351 15	187 21	6	12	7	10	5 20	6 30	5 14	48
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Other means or not heated	901	15 755	5 604	10 368	5 281	12 240	15 303	6 145	11 318	562	321	122	575	690	5 980
BASEMENT															
All units with basement	1 741 320	923 43	1 310 222	1 319 282	1 066 509	1 642 733	987 204	1 004 75	696 11 7	1 285 218	1 193 510	1 176 744	1 206 245	1 049 147	1 131 45
SELECTED EQUIPMENT															
With more than 1 bathroom With public water supply	219 1 745	54 931	107 1 315	128 1 259	128 1 106	407 1 642	174 1 005	43 920	95 964	135 1 288	100 1 180	425 1 170	85 1 204	37 1 063	1 136
With public sewerWith oir conditioning	1 745 118	915 25	1 315 52	1 259 68	1 106 155	1 642 299	1 005 28	920	934 47	1 282 39	1 160 100	1 170 260	1 204 95	1 063 40	1 130
Room unit(s) Central system	118	25	52	68	152 3	299 –	28 -	-	26 21	18 21	100	240 20	95 -	40 —	64
,															
All occupied housing units	1 642	878	1 235	1 200	1 080	1 601	933	818	958	1 225	1 160	1 160	1 204	1 035	1 108
YEAR MOVED INTO UNIT															
1968 to March 1970	414 139	365 179	609 137	500 240	260 200	331 149	525 164	379 207	320 124	114 601	120 360	140 240	210 258	273 278	381 232
1960 to 1964	277 317	85 134	69 250	120 220	200 200	162 307	83 131	52 99	108 262	109 126	260 180	60 360	122 221	86 107	182 142
1949 or earlier	495	115	170	120	220	652	30	81	144	275	240	360	393	291	171
AUTOMOBILES AVAILABLE	700	364	528	700	640	1 025	641	277	292	369	680	600	657	425	470
2 3 or more	792 238 40	53 14	54 34	140 60	80	158 78	50 6	17	15	85 227	260 20	440	192 38	120 30	45 17
Nane	572	447	619	300	360	340	236	524	651	544	200	120	317	460	576
GROSS RENT									400	774	525	299	663	658	
Specified renter occupied units Less than \$40	1 012	765 _~	970 18	718 10 79	543 20 97	634 4 57	646 - 32	855 86 207	629 44 218	774 102	4 58	12	10 90	24	838 5 51
\$40 to \$59	178	95 189 242	173 176 263	158 190	106 138	42 216	126 98	269 103	126 108	154 257	74 130	59 41	215 234	193 233	292 303
\$80 to \$99	1 283	211 17	301 23	254 16	177	257 36	338 35	139	110 6	248 8	200 33	125 41	79 9	170 14	162
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 or more	-	5	-	~	-	- 6	12	_	_	-	5 -	_	-	_	-
No cash rent	40	6 \$87	16 \$87	11 \$93	5 \$86	16 \$99	5 \$109	51 \$68	17 \$68	5 \$87	21 \$98	21 \$111	26 \$80	24 \$87	\$83
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME BY INCOME		•	•												
Specified renter occupied units:	1 012	765	970	718	543	634	646	855	629	774	525	299	663	658	838
Less than \$5,000 Less than 20 percent	538	402 18	604 55	370 33	296 21	203 11	390 12	631 86	345 80	349 17	1 76 1 2	148	314 29	255 5	409 40
20 to 24 percent 25 to 34 percent	. 60	10 95	69 124	48 67	55 82	10 66	42 60	71 142	45 71	30 76	31	5 26 95	50 86 144	35 43 149	21 98
35 percent or more	278 23	253 26	313 43	200 22	116 22	101 15	260 16	252 80 33.3	125 24 30.0	221 5 35.0 +	127 6 35.0+	22 35.0+	5 33.8	23 35.0 +	215 35
Median		35.0+	35.0+	35.0+	32.4	35.0+ 249	35.0+ 158	170	207	270	229	68	231	246	35.0+
\$5,000 to \$9,999	245	277 245	232 127	226 159 45	160 139 21	156 59	67 67	153 12	181 20	211 41	185	27 14	180 25	198	290 259
20 to 24 percent	. 23	17 15	71 28	22	-	19	24	5	6	18	19 6	22	5 5	14 4	26 5
35 percent or more	. 16	13.8	6 19.0	16.8	14.9	6 18.1	20.9	12.5	15.5	16.2	15.5	5 21.6	16 14.6	15,7	14.0
Median \$10,000 to \$14,999		63	97	10.0	66	130	50	35	55	104	83	68	93	142	115
25 percent or more		- 6	- 5	-	-	_	_	_	10	-	9			10	-
Median		10.5	10.0	11.9	12.2	11.7	10.0	11.8	10.0 –	10.0	10.0-	13.3	10.0-	10.0-	10.0-
\$15,000 or more	. 10	23	37 -	20	21	52 -	48	19	22	51 -	37	15	25 -	15	2 4
Not computed	. -	-	10.0-	-		10.0 —	10.0-			10.0-	6 10.0—				
	1														

*Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-2. Structural, Equipment, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970 - Continued

	[Data based	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		ror minim	ium base toi	derived to					of symbols,	see fext]		Part in Pl	umouth
Census Tracts		New Bedfor					Ba	lance of SA	ASA in Brist	tol County				Cour	
	Tract 6526	Tract 6527	Tract 6528	Tract 6528.99	Tract 6531	Tract 6532	Tract 6533	Tract 6541	Tract 6542	Tract 6551	Tract 6552	Tract 6553	Tract 6554	Tract 5601	Tract 5611
All year-round housing units	1 482	1 574	1 252	_	2 109	2 027	1 923	1 150	1 201	971	1 554	1 294	1 476	1 482	1 121
UNITS IN STRUCTURE				Ì											
1 (includes mobile home or trailer)	128 136	127 264	675 395	-1	1 906 148	1 536 345	1 751 116	1 078 42	904 216	881 64	1 020 281	735 319	1 316 131	1 306 91	1 030 45
3 and 4 5 to 49 50 or more	766 452	705 478	158 24	-	21 34	141 5	48 8	30	44 37	21 5	189 64	166 74	24	75 10	30 16
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT	_	-	~	-	_	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
1969 to March 1970	-	_	11	_	47	41	43	74	29	4	15	16	19	42	13
1965 to 1968	- 8 6	37	28 63 322	-	283 271 475	252 275	191 159	232 170	108 85	87 131	63 77	21 19	100 104	195 187	102 94
1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	70 1 398	14 1 523	49 779	-	200 833	354 197 908	440 172 918	241 91 342	197 109 673	206 99 444	187 76 1 136	94 48 1 096	258 298 697	302 151 605	223 98 591
HEATING EQUIPMENT							710	042	0/0		1 100	, 0,0	5,7	003	3
Steam or hat water Warm air furnace	214 33	241 116	697 227	-	1 150 546	976 526	1 217	691	520	644	823	720	669	793	524 396
Built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	17	10 22	5 10	-	26 70	32 32 28	423 63 53	334 5 32	319 26 31	177 5 24	280 16 39	306 5 11	355 51 77	477 12 47	83 19
Other means or not heated	1 211	1 185	313	-	317	465	167	88	305	121	396	252	324	153	99
BASEMENT All units with basement	1 473	1 574	1 228	_	1 785	1 914	1 697	1 017	1 098	830	1 488	1 205	1 053	1 234	877
One-family houses with bosement SELECTED EQUIPMENT	1 473 123	127	651	-	1 603	1 433	1 540	952	831	765	1 000	870	904	1 084	796
With more than 1 bathroom		64	247	_	531	317	753	184	54	168	213	123	181	550	403
With public water supply With public sewer	1 467	1 574 1 574	1 258 1 239	-	1 666 103	1 911 675	1 607 131	727	1 283 125	787 18	1 554 1 416	1 281	1 387	1 307 164	1 099 362
With oir conditioning Room unit(s) Central system	27	24 24	131 131	-	192 170 22	177 163 14	185 159 26	103 85 18	111 94 17	75 75	157 146	44 44	171	126 119 7	85 70 15
		_	_	-	22	14	20	16	17	-	11	-	42	,	"
All occupied housing units	1 394	1 526	1 252	-	2 066	2 014	1 852	1 119	1 261	959	1 521	1 268	1 417	1 401	1 070
YEAR MOVED INTO UNIT															
1968 to March 1970 1965 to 1967	500 256	429 277	128 169	-	425 302	391 260	345 372	285 181	244 252	270 81	399 207	307 103	248 202	424 260	211 148
1960 to 1964	195 104	295 186	191 506	-	414 532	392 480	282 503	176 303	247 184	153 274	139 356	287 302	268 326	239 300	174 258
1949 or earlier	339	339	258	-	393	491	350	174	334	181	420	269	373	178	279
1	537	781	766	_	1 024	1 024	795	568	699	531	854	917	926	645	542
2 3 or more None	.1 -	114 26	320 19	-,	764 124	662 125	815 146	371 138	372 27	317 60	429 72	220 35	303 76	619 65	349 79
GROSS RENT	/69	605	147	-	154	203	96	42	163	51	166	96	112	72	100
Specified renter occupied units	1 124	1 167	388		262	392	317	104	235	132	428	439	275	334	222
Less than \$40 \$40 to \$59 \$60 to \$79	140	5 125	23	-	5 10	7 25	36	-	15	-	11	20	-		-
\$80 to \$99 \$100 to \$149	341	443 283 289	69 102 149	-	56 50 94	69 96 96	22 25 99	16 11 51	37 69 45	18 21 33	118 129 122	75 152 163	49 165	16 47 133	47 67
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	44	5	22	-	27	58	73 5	10	26	33 5	19	14	43	66 26	26 25
\$250 or more	. 1 7	17 \$80	23 \$98	-	5 15 \$101	41 \$97	9 48	12	43	22	29	10	18	18 28	14 43
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME BY INCOME	1	400	φ70	_	şiüi	Ф У/	\$121	\$111	\$90	\$132	\$93	\$96	\$121	\$127	\$130
Specified renter occupied units!	. 1 124	1 167	388	_	262	392	317	104	235	132	428	439	275	334	222
Less than \$5,000 Less than 20 percent	717	614 40	127 5	-	74	155	137 6	27	133	29	135	176 15	97	128	45
20 to 24 percent 25 to 34 percent 35 percent or more	.1 129	71 129 360	5 32 75	_	5 21	12 22	9 25	10	10 22	11	6 24	16 45	7	5 14	-
Not computed Median	. 35	14 35.0 +	10 35.0+	-	38 10 35.0+	88 26 35.0+	67 30 35.0+	11 6	49 43 35.0+	11 7	82 23 35.0 +	90 10 35.0 +	78 12 35.0+	65 38 35.0 +	29 16 35.0+
\$5,000 to \$9,999 Less than 20 percent	293	409	166	-	84	156	99	49	80	46	186	173	102	101	91
20 to 24 percent 25 to 34 percent	47 28	360 33 12	119 25 14	-	62 12 5	98 23 16	49 27 19	22 16	35 17	22 6	112 49	127 26	36 32	46 25 19	37 20
35 percent or more Not computed		4	8	-	_ 5	19	4	11	23 5	12 -	19 - 6	20 - -	34 - -	6 5	13 21
Median \$10,000 to \$14,999		14,7 129	16.2	-	17.3	16.8	20.1	20.8	21.5	20.8	17.3	16.5	22.3	20.4	19.7
Not computed	: 1	129 - 9	76 - -	-	63 - 10	68 5	54 12	28 - 6	22 -	48 5 15	83	71 	59 - 6	86 6	60
Median	- 10.0	10.0	12.1	-	10.0-	10.0-	15.0			19.8	12.3	11.0	12.8	15.6	17.1
\$15,000 or more 25 percent or more Not computed		15	19 ~ 5	-	41	13	27	_	-	9 -	24	19	17 -	19	26
Median	10.0-		• • • •		10.0-			-							10.0

Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-3. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With Negro Head of Household: 1970

[For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts With		Part in Bristol County						
400 or More Negro Population	Total SMSA	Total	New Bedford	Balance	Part in Plymouth County	Tract 6515	Tract 6517	Tract 6519
All occupied housing units	1 165	1 117	1 084	33	48	175	220	236
TENURE AND PLUMBING								
Owner occupied	359 347 806 735	322 312 795 724	297 288 787 717	25 24 8 7	37 35 11 11	73 72 102 100	67 63 153 148	32 31 204 177
ROOMS	ĺ							
1 room	45 31 383 510 196 4.9	45 30 367 488 187 4.9	45 30 361 465 183 4.9	6 23 4 5.1	16 22 9 5.0	57 89 28 5.1	5 82 85 48 4.9	19 7 97 87 26 4.4
PERSONS								
l person	257 458 275 175 2.9	249 438 264 166 2.8	248 423 257 156 2.8	1 15 7 10 3.6	8 20 11 9 3.2	24 67 54 30 3.4	50 94 42 34 2.7	70 94 51 21 2.3
PERSONS PER ROOM	''	.,						
1.00 or less	1 038 111 16 123	996 105 16 118	970 99 15 112	26 6 1 6	42 6 5	154 17 4 21	198 19 3 21	218 15 3 17
VALUE							40	12
Specified owner occupied units* Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$19,499 \$35,000 ar more Median	245 5 41 102 52 41 4 \$13 700	211 2 34 96 45 32 2 \$13 600	189 2 30 88 40 27 2 \$13 500	22 -4 8 5 5 - \$14 400	34 3 7 6 7 9 2 \$15 400	57 1 4 31 15 6 513 800	40 1 13 5 4 1 \$10 900	3 8 1 2 \$11 500
CONTRACT RENT							369	187
Specified renter occupied units?	776 \$60	766 \$60	761 \$60	\$48	10 \$80	100 \$61	153 \$61	\$52

^{**}Limited to ane-family homes on less than 10 acres and no business on property. *** Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more and all "no cash rent" units.

Table H-4. Structural, Equipment, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With Negro Head of Household: 1970

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts With 400 or More Negro		Po	ort in Bristol County				New Bedford	
Population	Total SMSA	Total	New Bedford	Balance	Part in Plymouth County	Tract 6515	Tract 6517	Tract 6519
All occupied housing units	1 098	1 062	1 035	27	36	175	210	240
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1 (includes mobile home or troiler) 2 to 4 5 or more	363 556 179	332 551 179	305 551 179	27	31 5 -	80 90 5	66 115 29	63 127 50
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1960 to March 1970	28 124 946	22 111 929	17 103 915	5 8 14	6 13 17	12 78 85	- 4 206	- 10 230
SELECTED EQUIPMENT With air conditioning. With more than 1 bathroom With central or built-in heating system With public water supply With public sewer With automobile(s) available 1 2 or more.	105 82 722 1 073 1 018 504 477 27	105 75 690 1 021 1 010 466 439 27	105 75 669 1 002 995 447 424 23	- 21 19 15 19 15	7 32 52 8 38 38	80 142 200 200 120 120	36 108 199 199 113	20 32 154 269 269 60 45 15
YEAR MOVED INTO UNIT 1968 to March 1970 1960 to 1967	412 308 353	412 293 316	397 289 316	15 4 ~	_ 15 37	80 40 80	116 70 13	76 57 136
GROSS RENT Specified renter occupied units¹ Less than \$40 \$40 to \$459 \$40 to \$79 \$80 to \$99 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 or mare. No cash ren! Median.	765 277 158 153 169 193 38 5 22	761 27 158 153 169 189 38 5 22	75s 27 158 153 169 183 38 5 22 \$84			102 - 27 30 18 27 - - - \$76	153 10 15 30 80 13 5	201 27 69 48 23 17 - - 17 \$57
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME BY INCOME Less than \$10,000	691 284 176 39 23.5	687 284 176 39 23.6	681 284 176 39 23.7	··· ··· ··· ···	··· ··· ··· ···	91 45 34 6 27.3	138 73 51 5 28.0	180 44 32 7 18.3

Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-5. Characteristics of Housing Units With Household Head of Spanish Language: 1970

[Do	ta based on sample, see text.	For minimum base for derived figures		aning of symbols, see lexil	
Census Tracts With 400 or More Persons		Р	art in Bristol County		
of Spanish Language	Total SMSA	Total	New Bedford	Balance	Part in Plymouth County
All occupied housing units	412	387	356	31	25
TENURE AND PLUMBING				24	13
Owner occupied With all plumbing facilities Renter occupied With all plumbing facilities	66 66 346 298	53 53 334 286	29 327 279		12
ROOMS			20		
1 room	29 - 146 199 38	29 - 141 194 23	29 141 186	:::	
UNITS IN STRUCTURE	1		23		
1 (includes mobile home or trailer)	79 198 135	54 198 135	198 135		:::
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT	20	23	-		
1960 to March 1970 1950 to 1959 1949 or earlier	28 15 369	15 349	7 349		:::
PERSONS	75	75	6 8		
1 person 2 and 3 persons 4 and 5 persons 5 persons 6 persons ar more Median 5 Units with roomers, boarders, or lodgers 5 persons with roomers, boarders, or lodgers 5 persons 6	184 130 23 2.4	179 110 23 2.4	179 94 15 2.3	::: ::: :::	:::
PERSONS PER ROOM					
1.60 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Units with all plumbing facilities – 1.01 or more	382 8 22 15	357 8 22 15	326 8 22 15	:::	:::
YEAR MOVED INTO UNIT		247	234		
1968 to March 1970	252 85 75	72 72 68	62 60		
SELECTED EQUIPMENT	35	35	35		
With air canditioning With more than 1 bathraam With central or built-in heating system With public water supply With public sever With automobile(s) available	18 234 412 357 215 181 34	13 209 387 357 190 156 34	178 356 349 159 139 20	 	::: ::: ::: :::
2 or more	34				
Specified owner occupied units*	37 - - 37 \$27 000	 	-	::: ::: ::: :::	::: ::: ::: :::
GROSS RENT					
Specified renter occupied units2 Less than \$40 \$40 to \$59 \$60 to \$79 \$80 to \$99 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 or more No cosh rent Median	346 - 92 63 58 100 19 7 7	92 63 58 95 19	327 		::: ::: ::: ::: ::: :::
CONTRACT RENT	15		207	***	
Specified renter occupied units ²	346 \$57		327 \$56	***	···
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME BY INCOME		075	275	•••	
Less than \$10,000 25 percent or more 35 percent or more Not computed Median	287 178 150 7 35.0 +	171	171 150 - 35.0+	•••	

*Limited to one-family homes on less than 10 acres and no business on property. ** 2Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

³Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more and all "no cash rent" units.

Appendix A.—AREA CLASSIFICATIONS

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CENSUS TRACTS

Definition of census tract.-Census tracts are small areas into which large cities and adjacent areas have been divided for statistical purposes. Tract boundaries were established cooperatively by a local committee and the Bureau of the Census. Tracts were generally designed to be relatively uniform with respect to population characteristics, economic status, and living conditions. The average tract has about 4,000 residents. Tract boundaries are established with the intention of being maintained over a long time so that comparisons may be made from census to census.

In the decennial censuses, the Bureau of the Census tabulates population and housing information for each census tract. The practice of local agencies to tabulate locally collected data by tracts has increased the value of census tract data in many areas.

Tracts are generally numbered in a consecutive series, with separate series for the central city and for each county. Insofar as possible, the numbers are consecutive within each city, community, township, and the like. In these tables, tracts which contain no population and no housing units are not listed. Tracts populated only by crews of vessels are identified by the tract number suffix "99."

Historical background.—The concept of census tracts was originated by the late Dr. Walter Laidlaw in New York City in 1906. He was convinced of the need for data for homogeneous subdivisions of cities as a basis for studying neighborhoods smaller than boroughs or wards. At his request, the Bureau of the Census tabulated census tract data from the 1910 census for New York and seven other cities with a population of over 500,000. Tract data were again tabulated for the same 8 cities in 1920, and in 1930 this number was increased to 18. In 1940, tract data were tabulated for 60 cities, some with adjacent tracted areas; and, beginning in 1940, housing data were added to the population data in the tract reports. In 1950, final reports were published for 64 tracted areas, many of which included statistics for two or more large cities, By 1960, the program had expanded to include reports for 180 tracted areas (of which 3 were in Puerto Rico).

Tract statistics from the 1970 census are published for 241 areas, 238 in the United States and 3 in the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico. All of these tracted areas are standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's). The goal of extending the census tract program to all SMSA's was achieved in the 1970 census except for six areas that were designated as SMSA's on the basis of the 1970 census count and had not been tracted.

Much of the credit for the growing interest in tract data belongs to the late Howard Whipple Green of Cleveland. He aroused the interest of research workers in numerous cities in the potential usefulness of tract statistics for the analysis of sociological, marketing, and administrative

problems. In his capacity as Chairman of the Committee on Census Enumeration Areas of the American Statistical Association for 25 years, he accepted the responsibility for appointing a Census Tract Key Person in each area where tracts were established, for providing guidance on delineating and maintaining census tracts, and for maintaining a census tract library. These duties were assumed by the Bureau of the Census in 1955. However, the Census Bureau no longer appoints Census Tract Key Persons. They are selected by the local census tract committees.

For a further discussion of census tract data and their uses, see U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census Tract Manual, Fifth Edition, 1966, Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402.

Description of tracted area.—The map included in this report identifies the boundaries of the area for which the tract statistics are presented. The map also identifies the location and number of each tract and, when appropriate, the limits of cities, townships, counties, or other subdivisions of the tracted area. Boundaries of the tracted area generally constitute a standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA). A few, however, include the SMSA plus an adjoining area outside it. These are designated as including the adjacent area, and the map covers the tracts in the adjacent area as well as those in the SMSA itself.

Comparability from census to census.— One of the principles followed in relation to census tracts is to preserve comparability from census to census. Keeping tract boundaries unchanged makes possible the study of changes in social and economic characteristics of neighborhoods. There are. nonetheless, several situations where boundaries of individual tracts are changed. For example, it is sometimes necessary to change the boundaries of tracts to add small areas annexed to a city. Similarly, changes in tract boundaries occur when territory is detached from a city or separately incorporated. Changes may also occur in physical features that are used as tract boundaries, such as street or highway relocations. The census tract limits are changed to conform with the revised feature or to follow another nearby visible feature. Census tracts with very large increases in population are subdivided into two or more smaller tracts. On the other hand, a re-examination of the existing tract boundaries may result in modifications of boundaries to provide larger or more homogeneous units. Tables A and B, showing the comparability of tracts between 1960 and 1970, appear at the end of the Introduction.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS

The Bureau of the Census recognizes 243 standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's) in the United States and 4 in Puerto Rico, making a total of 247 in the 1970 census. These include the 231 SMSA's as defined and named in the Bureau of the Budget publication, Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas: 1967, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. Since 1967, 16 SMSA's have been added, of which two were defined in January 1968 and an additional 14 were defined in February 1971 on the basis of the results of the 1970 census. Changes in SMSA boundaries or titles made after February 1971 are not recognized in this series of reports, SMSA's are defined by the Office of Management and Budget (formerly Bureau of the Budget).

Except in the New England States, a standard metropolitan statistical area

is a county or group of contiguous counties which contains at least one city of 50,000 inhabitants or more. or "twin cities" with a combined population of at least 50,000. In addition to the county or counties containing such a city or cities, contiquous counties are included in an SMSA if, according to certain criteria, they are socially and economically integrated with the central city. In the New England States, SMSA's consist of towns and cities instead of counties. In recent years, four cities (High Point, N.C., Macon, Ga., Oklahoma City, Okla., and Sioux Falls, S. Dak.) have annexed territory which lies outside the boundaries of the The figures shown in the SMSA. tables for these cities exclude the portions which lie outside the SMSA. Each SMSA must include at least one central city, and the complete title of an SMSA identifies the central city or cities. For a detailed description of the criteria used in defining SMSA's, see the Bureau of the Budget publication cited above.

Appendix B.—DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS OF SUBJECT CHARACTERISTICS

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GENERAL

Facsimiles of the census questions and more complete definitions of the subject characteristics may be found in the 1970 Population Census PC(1)-C reports for population items and in the 1970 Housing Census HC(1)-B reports for housing items.

Certain characteristics defined here appear in both the population and the housing tables. Definitions for such characteristics are presented only once, in the section "Population Characteristics" or in the section "Housing Characteristics," depending on the nature of the subject (except for "group quarters," which appears in both sections).

POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS

Age.—The age classification is based on the age of the person in completed years as of April 1, 1970, and was determined from the reply to questions on age and on month and year of birth.

Race.—Data are shown for two racial categories, white and Negro. The

category "white" includes persons who indicated their race as white, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories on the questionnaire but entered Mexican, Puerto Rican, or a response suggesting Indo-European stock. The category "Negro" includes persons who indicated their race as Negro or Black, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories on the questionnaire but who had such entries as Jamaican, Trinidadian, West Indian, Haitian, and Ethiopian. All other racial categories, such as American Indian, Japanese, and Chinese, are included in the total but not shown separately. The classification by race shown for occupied housing units refers to the race of the head of the household occupying the unit.

Differences in the statistics on race in tables P-1, H-1, and H-3, containing 100-percent data, and tables P-5, P-6, and H-4, containing sample data, are due partly to the manual editing of the sample questionnaires. Many persons who reported their race as "Other" on the questionnaire also supplied a write-in entry that indicated the proper race classification should have been one of the specific race categories, e.g., white, Negro, etc. While the field edit procedures included a review of such entries on all questionnaires before the 100-percent data were tabulated, manual editing of the sample questionnaires after the 100-percent data were tabulated resulted in some further changes in classification by race.

Nativity, parentage, and country of origin.—The category "native" comprises persons born in the United

States, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico or an outlying area of the United States, or at sea. Also included in this category is the small number of persons who, although they were born in a foreign country, have at least one native American parent. The category "foreign-born" includes all persons not classified as native. The category "native of native parentage" comprises native persons both of whose parents are also natives of the United States, "Native of foreign or mixed parentage" comprises native persons one or both of whose parents are foreign born.

The category "foreign stock" includes the foreign-born population and the native population of foreign or mixed parentage. In this report, persons of foreign stock are classified according to their country of origin. Natives of foreign parentage whose parents were born in different countries are classified according to the country of birth of the father. Natives of mixed parentage are classified according to the country of birth of the foreign-born parent.

Spanish heritage.-In the census tract reports, separate tables are presented for the population of Spanish heritage, which is variously identified in the reports for different areas: in 42 States and the District of Columbia it is identified as "Persons of Spanish language"; in five Southwestern States. as "Persons of Spanish language or Spanish surname"; and in the Middle Atlantic States, as "Persons of Puerto Rican birth or parentage." Similarly, separate housing statistics are presented for housing units in these categories, identified on the basis of the classification of the household head occupying the unit. The specific definitions involved in identifying these population groups are given below.

Spanish language.—Persons of Spanish language comprise persons of Spanish mother tongue (see definition below) and all other persons in families in which the head or wife reported Spanish as his or her mother tongue. A housing unit is classified as occupied by persons of Spanish language if the head or his wife reported Spanish as his or her mother tongue.

Spanish surname.—In five Southwestern States (Arizona, California, Colorado, New Mexico, and Texas) persons with Spanish surnames are identified. Separate statistics are presented, in these States, for persons of Spanish language combined with all additional persons of Spanish surname. These additional persons are shown in the category "Other persons of Spanish surname."

Puerto Rican birth or parentage.— The population of Puerto Rican birth or parentage includes persons born in Puerto Rico and persons born in the United States or an outlying area with one or both parents born in Puerto Rico. Statistics for this group are shown for areas in New York, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania.

Spanish mother tongue.—Mother tongue is defined as the language spoken in the person's home when he was a child.

In two tracted areas that cross State lines, Wilmington, Del.—N.J.—Md., and Texarkana, Tex.—Ark., the population of Spanish heritage in each State portion is identified, for tabula-

tion purposes, in the manner specified above for that State, and the segments for the different States are combined to form a total for the area. The term used to describe this population in tables P-7, P-8, and H-5, however, is the term applicable in the State containing the major portion of the SMSA. Thus, for the Wilmington SMSA, the term applicable in Delaware, "Persons of Spanish language," is used; and in the Texarkana SMSA the term applicable in Texas, "Persons of Spanish language or Spanish surname," is used.

Household.—A household includes all the persons who occupy a group of rooms or a single room which constitutes a housing unit (see definition of housing unit, below). The average population per household is obtained by dividing the population in households by the number of household heads.

The population per household for Negroes and persons of Spanish heritage, shown in tables P-5 and P-7, may not in all cases be a true representation of the household size for these groups. For example, some persons of a given group may be roomers or domestic employees living with household heads of a different ethnic classification.

Relationship to head of household.— Four categories of relationship to head of household are recognized in this report:

1. Head of household.—One person in each household is designated as the "head," that is, the person who is regarded as the head by the members of the household. However, if a married woman living with her husband was reported as the head, her husband was con-

sidered the head for the purpose of simplifying the tabulations. Two types of household heads are distinguished — the head of a family and a primary individual. A family head is a household head living with one or more persons related to him by blood, marriage, or adoption. A primary individual is a household head living alone or with nonrelatives only.

- 2. Wife of head.-A woman married to and living with a household head, including women in common-law marriages as well as women in formal marriages. In table P-1, which is based on 100-percent tabulations. the number of wives is the same as the number of "husband-wife households" and the number of "husbandwife families." In tables P-5 and P-7, which are based on a sample and are limited to a specific ethnic group, the numbers may differ, because of minor differences in the weighting of the data and because a husband and wife do not always have the same ethnic classification.
- Other relative of head.—All persons related to the head of the household by blood, marriage, or adoption except "wife of head."
- 4. Not related to head.—All persons in the household not related to the head by blood, marriage, or adoption. Roomers, boarders, lodgers, partners, resident employees, wards, and foster children are included in this category.

Group quarters.—Persons in living arrangements other than households are classified by the Bureau of the Census as living in group quarters. Group quarters are located most frequently in institutions, rooming houses, military

barracks, college dormitories, fraternity and sorority houses, hospitals, monasteries, convents, and ships. A house or apartment is considered group quarters if it is shared by the person in charge and five or more persons unrelated to him, or, if there is no person in charge, by six or more unrelated persons.

Inmate of institution.—Inmates of institutions are persons under care or custody at the time of enumeration in homes, schools, hospitals or wards for juveniles, the physically handicapped, or the mentally handicapped; homes or hospitals for mental, tuberculosis, or other chronic disease patients; homes for unwed mothers; nursing, convalescent, and rest homes; homes for the aged and dependent; and correctional institutions.

Family.-According to 1970 census definitions, a family consists of a household head and one or more other persons living in the same household who are related to the head by blood, marriage, or adoption; all persons in a household who are related to the head are regarded as members of his (her) family. A "husband-wife family" is a family in which the head and his wife are enumerated as members of the same household. Not all households contain families, because a household may be composed of a group of unrelated persons or one person living alone. The mean size of family is derived by dividing the number of persons in families by the total number of families.

Own children and related children.— This report shows statistics on families by presence of "own" children and "related" children of specified ages. A child under 18 years old is defined as an "own child" if he or she is a single (never married) son, daughter, stepchild, or adopted child. The number of children "living with both parents" includes stepchildren and adopted children as well as sons and daughters born to the couple. "Related children" in a family include all persons under 18 related to the head except "wife of head." The "mean number of related children" is derived by dividing the total number of related children of the specified age in families by the number of families having children of that age. In table P-1 the number of own children under 18 years of age is divided by "persons under 18 years" to obtain the "percent of total under 18 years."

Unrelated individuals.—An unrelated individual, as defined in this report, may be any of the following: a household head living alone or with nonrelatives only, a household member not related to the head, or a person living in group quarters who is not an inmate of an institution.

Marital status.-The marital status classification refers to the status at the time of enumeration. Persons classified as "married" consist of those who have been married only once and those who remarried after having been widowed or divorced. Persons reported as separated (living apart because of marital discord, with or without a legal separation) are classified as a subcategory of married persons. Persons in common-law marriages are classified as married, and persons whose only marriage had been annulled are classified as never married. All persons reported as never married are shown as "single" in this report.

Children ever born.—In this report, statistics on the number of children ever born are presented for women 35 to 44 years old who have ever been married. Respondents were instructed to include children born to the woman before her present marriage, children no longer living, and children away from home, as well as children born to the woman who were still living in the home.

School enrollment.-School enrollment is shown for persons 3 to 34 years old. Persons were included as enrolled in school if they reported attending a "regular" school or college at any time between February 1, 1970, and the time of enumeration. Regular schooling is that which may advance a person toward an elementary school certificate or high school diploma, or a college, university, or professional degree. Schooling that was not obtained in a regular school and schooling from a tutor or through correspondence courses were counted only if the credits obtained were regarded as transferable to a school in the regular school system. Persons were included as enrolled in nursery school only if the school included instruction as an important and integral phase of its program. Schooling which is generally regarded as not "regular" includes that given in nursery schools which simply provide custodial day care, in specialized vocational, trade, or business schools, in on-the-job training, and through correspondence courses.

Elementary school, as defined here, includes grades 1 to 8, and high school includes grades 9 to 12. If a person was attending a junior high school, the equivalent in terms of 8 years of elementary school and 4 years of high school was recorded. In general,

a "public" school is defined as any school which is controlled and supported primarily by a local, State, or Federal government agency.

Years of school completed.-The data on years of school completed were derived from the answers to the two questions: (a) "What is the highest grade (or year) of regular school he has ever attended?" and (b) "Did he finish the highest grade (or year) he attended?" Persons whose highest grade of attendance was in a foreign school system, or in an ungraded school whose highest level of schooling was measured by "readers," or whose training was received through a tutor were instructed to report the approximate equivalent grade in the regular United States school system. A person was reported as not having completed a given grade if he dropped out or failed to pass the last grade attended.

Residence in 1965.-Residence on April 1, 1965, is the usual place of residence five years before enumeration. The category "same house" includes all persons five years old and over who did not move during the five years as well as those who had moved but by 1970 had returned to their 1965 residence. The category "different house" includes persons who, on April 1, 1965, lived in the United States in a different house from the one they occupied on April 1, 1970, and for whom sufficient information concerning the 1965 residence was These persons were subdivided into three groups according to their 1965 residence in or outside a standard metropolitan statistical area: "in central city of this SMSA," $^{\prime\prime}$ in other part of this SMSA, $^{\prime\prime}$ and "outside this SMSA." The category

"abroad" includes those with residence in a foreign country or outlying area of the United States in 1965.

Reference week.—The data on employment status and place of work relate to the calendar week preceding the date on which the respondents completed their questionnaires or were interviewed by enumerators. This week is not the same for all respondents because not all persons were enumerated during the same week.

Employment status.-Employed persons comprise all civilians 16 years old and over who were either (a) "at work" — those who did any work at all as paid employees or in their own business or profession, or on their own farm, or who worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers on a family farm or in a family business; or (b) were "with a job but not at work" - those who did not work during the reference week but had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent due to illness, bad weather, industrial dispute, vacation, or other personal reasons Excluded from employed are persons whose only activity consisted of work around the house or volunteer work for religious. charitable, and similar organizations.

Persons are classified as unemployed if they were civilians 16 years old and over and: (a) were neither "at work" nor "with a job, but not at work" during the reference week, (b) were looking for work during the past 4 weeks, and (c) were available to accept a job. Persons who did not work at all during the reference week and were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off are also included as unemployed.

The "civilian labor force" consists of persons classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria described above. The "labor force" includes all persons in the civilian labor force plus members of the Armed Forces (persons on active duty with the United States Army, Air Force, Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard). All persons 16 years old and over who are not classified as members of the labor force are defined as "not in labor force." This category consists mainly of students, housewives, retired workers, seasonal workers enumerated in an "off" season who were not looking for work, inmates of institutions, disabled persons, and persons doing only incidental unpaid family work (less than 15 hours during the reference week). Of these groups, students and inmates are shown separately in selected tables.

Place of work.-Place of work refers to the geographic location at which civilians and Armed Forces personnel not on leave carried out their occupational or job activities during the reference week. For the purposes of this report, these locations were defined with respect to the boundaries of the standard metropolitan statistical area as "inside SMSA" and "outside SMSA." Locations within the SMSA, were subdivided into the central business district of the central city, the balance of that county, or, if outside that county, the specific county of the SMSA.

The central business district (CBD) is usually the downtown retail trade area of the city. As defined by the Bureau of the Census, the CBD is an area of very high land valuation characterized by a high concentration of retail business offices, theaters, hotels, and service businesses, and with a

high traffic flow. CBD's consist of one or more census tracts and have been defined only in cities with a population of 100,000 or more. In order to be counted as working in the CBD, the respondent had to give the exact address (street name and number) of his place of work. Since some respondents did not do this, the number of persons working in the CBD is usually understated by an unknown amount.

The exact address (number and street name) for the place of work was asked. Persons working at more than one job were asked to report the location of the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the reference week. Salesmen, deliverymen, and others who work in several places each week were requested to give the address at which they began work each day, if they reported to a central headquarters. For cases in which daily work was not begun at a central place each day, the person was asked to report the exact address of the place where he worked the most hours last week. If his employer operated in more than one location (such as a grocery store chain or public school system), the exact address of the location or branch where the respondent worked was requested. When the number or street name could not be given, the name of the building or the name of the company for which he worked was to be entered.

Means of transportation to work.— Means of transportation to work refers to the chief means of travel or type of conveyance used in traveling to and from work on the last day the respondent worked at the address given as his or her place of work. The "chief means" referred to the means of transportation covering the greatest distance if more than one means was used in daily travel. "Worked at home" was marked by a person who worked on a farm where he lived or in an office or shop in his home.

Occupation, industry, and class of worker.-The data on these three subjects in this report are for employed persons 16 years old and over and refer to the job held during the reference week. For persons employed at two or more jobs, the data refer to the job at which the person worked the greatest number of hours. The occupation and industry statistics presented here are based on the detailed systems developed for the 1970 census: see 1970 Census of Population, Classified Index of Industries and Occupations, U. S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D. C., 1971.

Income in 1969.-Information on money income received in the calendar year 1969 was requested from persons 14 years old and over. "Total income" is the algebraic sum of the amounts reported separately for wage and salary income, nonfarm net self-employment income, farm net self-employment income, Social Security or railroad retirement income, public assistance or welfare income, and all other income. The figures represent the amount of income regularly received before deductions for personal income taxes, Social Security, bond purchases, union dues, medicare deductions, etc.

"Wage or salary income" is defined as the total money earnings received for work performed as an employee at any time during the calendar year 1969. It includes wages, salary, pay from Armed Forces, commissions, tips, piece rate payments,

and cash bonuses earned. "Nonfarm net self-employment income" is defined as net money income (gross receipts minus business expenses) received from a business, professional enterprise, or partnership in which the person was engaged on his own account. "Farm net self-employment income" is defined as the net money income (gross receipts minus operating expenses) received from the operation of a farm by a person on his own account, as an owner, renter, or share-cropper.

"Social Security or railroad retirement income" includes cash receipts of Social Security pensions, survivors' benefits, permanent disability insurance payments, and special benefit payments made by the Social Security Administration (under the National old-age, survivors, disability, and health insurance programs) before deductions of health insurance premiums. "Medicare" reimbursements are not included. Cash receipts from retirement, disability, and survivors' benefit payments made by the U.S. Government under the Railroad Retirement Act are also included. "Public assistance income" includes cash receipts of payments made under the following public assistance programs: aid to families with dependent children, old-age assistance, general assistance, aid to the blind, and aid to the permanently and totally disabled. Separate payments received for hospital or other medical care are excluded from this item. "Income from all other sources" includes money income received from sources such as interest; dividends; net income (or loss) from property rentals; net receipts from roomers or boarders; veteran's payments; public or private pensions, periodic receipts from insurance policies or annuities; unemployment insurance benefits;

workmen's compensation cash benefits; net royalties; periodic payments from estates and trust funds; alimony or child support from persons who are not members of the household; net gambling gains; nonservice scholarships and fellowships; and money received for transportation and/or subsistence by persons participating in special governmental training programs, e.g., under the Manpower Development and Training Act.

Receipts from the following sources were not included as income: money received from the sale of property (unless the recipient was engaged in the business of selling such property); the value of income "in kind" such as food produced and consumed in the home or free living quarters; withdrawal of bank deposits; money borrowed; tax refunds; exchange of money between relatives living in the same household; gifts and lump-sum inheritances, insurance payments, and other types of lump-sum receipts.

Although the income statistics cover the calendar year 1969, the characteristics of persons and the composition of families refer to the time of enumeration (April 1, 1970). For most families, however, the income reported was received by persons who were members of the family throughout 1969,

The median income is the amount which divides the distribution into two equal groups, one having incomes above the median and the other having incomes below the median. For families and unrelated individuals the median income is based on the distribution of the total number of families and unrelated individuals, including those with no income.

The mean income is the amount obtained by dividing the total in-

come of a particular statistical universe by the number of units in that universe. Thus, mean family income is obtained by dividing total family income by the total number of families. For the six types of income the means are based on families having those types of income.

Care should be exercised in using and interpreting mean income values in the statistics for small areas or small subgroups of the population. Since the mean is strongly influenced by extreme values in the distribution, it is especially susceptible to the effects of sampling variability, misreporting, and processing errors. The median, which is not affected by extreme values, is, therefore, a better measure than the mean when the population base is small. The mean, nevertheless, is shown in this report for most small areas and small subgroups because, when weighted according to the number of cases, the means can be added to obtain summary measures for areas and groups other than those shown in this report.

Poverty status in 1969.-Families and unrelated individuals are classified as being above or below the poverty level, using the poverty index adopted by a Federal Interagency Committee in 1969. This index provides a range of income cutoffs or "poverty thresholds" adjusted to take into account such factors as family size, sex and age of the family head, the number of children, and farm-nonfarm residence. The poverty cutoffs for farm families have been set at 85 percent of the nonfarm levels. These income cutoffs are updated every year to reflect the changes in the Consumer Price Index. The poverty threshold for a nonfarm family of four was \$3,743 in 1969. For a detailed explanation of the poverty

definition, see Current Population Reports, Series P-23, No. 28, "Revisions in Poverty Statistics, 1959 to 1968."

Households below the poverty level are defined as households in which the total 1969 income of the family or primary individual was below the poverty level. The incomes of persons in the household other than members of the family or the primary individual are not included when determining poverty status of a household.

The households for which poverty status is shown cannot be compared with the total number of households shown elsewhere. The former exclude those in certain types of housing units: owner-occupied units are restricted to one-family units on places of less than 10 acres and without a business on the property; and renter-occupied units exclude one-family units on places of 10 acres or more.

The "ratio of family income to poverty level" is obtained by dividing the income of a family by its corresponding poverty threshold. The "income deficit" is the difference between the total income of families and unrelated individuals below the poverty level and their respective poverty thresholds. In computing the income deficit, families reporting a net income loss are assigned zero dollars, and for such cases the income deficit is equal to the poverty threshold. The aggregate income deficit provides an estimate of the amount of money which would be required to raise the incomes of all poor families and unrelated individuals to their respective thresholds at the poverty level. The mean income deficit is the amount obtained by dividing the aggregate income deficit of a group below the poverty level by the number of families or unrelated individuals (as appropriate) in that group.

HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

Housing units and group quarters.— Living quarters are classified in the census as either housing units or group quarters. Usually, living quarters are in structures intended for residential use (e.g., a one-family home, apartment house, hotel or motel, boarding house, mobile home or trailer, etc.). Living quarters may also be in structures intended for nonresidential use (e.g., the rooms in a warehouse where a watchman lives), as well as in tents, caves, old railroad cars, etc.

A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room occupied or intended for occupancy as separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants do not live and eat with any other persons in the structure and which quarters have either (1) direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall or (2) complete kitchen facilities for the exclusive use of the occupants. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or nonrelated persons who share living arrangements (except as described in the next paragraph on group quarters). For vacant units, the criteria for separateness, direct access, and complete kitchen facilities for exclusive use are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible (or to the previous occupants if this information cannot Both occupied and be obtained). vacant housing units are included in the housing inventory, except that mobile homes, trailers, tents, etc., are included only if they are occupied.

Group quarters are living arrangements for institutional inmates or for

other groups containing five or more persons not related to the person Group quarters are loin charge. cated most frequently in institutions, boarding houses, military barracks, college dormitories, fraternity and sorority houses, hospitals, monasteries, convents, and ships. A house or apartment is considered group quarters if it is shared by the person in charge and five or more persons unrelated to him, or if there is no person in charge, by six or more unrelated persons. Information on the housing characteristics of group quarters was not collected in the census.

Year-round housing units.—Data on housing characteristics are limited to year-round housing units; i.e., all occupied units plus vacant units which are intended for year-round use. Vacant units intended for seasonal occupancy and vacant units held for migratory labor are excluded because it is difficult to obtain reliable information for them. Counts of the total housing inventory, however, are given for each area presented in this report.

Occupied housing units.—A housing unit is classified as occupied if a person or group of persons is living in it at the time of enumeration or if the occupants are only temporarily absent, for example, on vacation. However, if the persons staying in the unit have their usual place of residence elsewhere the unit is classified as vacant.

Vacant housing units.—A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. In addition, a vacant unit may be one which is occupied entirely by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere.

New units not yet occupied are enumerated as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded if unfit for human habitation because the roof, walls, windows, or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements, or if there is positive evidence (such as a sign on the house or in the block) that the unit is to be demolished or is condemned.

Vacant housing units are classified in this report as either "seasonal and migratory" (i.e., intended for seasonal occupancy or held for migratory labor) or "year-round." "Seasonal" units are intended for occupancy during only certain seasons of the year. "Migratory" units are vacant units held for occupancy by migratory labor employed in farm work during the "Year-round" vacant crop season. housing units are available or intended for occupancy at any time of the vear. A unit in a resort area which is usually occupied on a year-round basis is considered year-round. A unit used only occasionally throughout the year is also considered yearround.

Year-round vacant units are subdivided as follows: "for sale only"; "for rent" which also includes vacant units offered either for rent or for sale; and "other" which includes units sold or rented but not yet occupied by the new owner or renter, units held for the occasional use of the owner, and units being held off the market for other reasons.

Tenure.—A housing unit is "owner occupied" if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit, even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. A cooperative or condominium unit is "owner oc-

cupied" only if the owner or coowner lives in it. All other occupied units are classified as "renter occupied," including units rented for cash rent and those occupied without payment of cash rent.

Persons.—Persons occupying the housing unit include not only occupants related to the head of the household but also any lodgers, roomers, boarders, partners, wards, foster children and resident employees who share the living quarters of the household head. The data on "persons" show the number of housing units occupied by the specified number of persons.

Units with one or more roomers, boarders, or lodgers are shown as a separate category. Not included as "roomers, boarders, or lodgers" are foster children or wards, servants who live in, companions, and partners.

Year moved into unit.—Data on year moved into unit are based on the information reported for the head of the household. The question refers to the year of latest move. Thus, if the head moved back into a unit he had previously occupied or if he moved from one apartment to another in the same building, the year he moved into his present unit was to be reported.

Complete kitchen facilities.—A unit has complete kitchen facilities when it has all three of the following for the exclusive use of the occupants of the unit: (1) An installed sink with piped water; (2) a range or cookstove; and (3) a mechanical refrigerator. All kitchen facilities must be located in the structure, although they need not be in the same room. Quarters with only portable cooking equipment are not considered as hav-

ing a range or cookstove. "Lacking complete kitchen facilities" means that the unit does not have all three specified kitchen facilities, or that they are also for the use of the occupants of other housing units.

Access.—"Access only through other living quarters" means that the occupants of a housing unit must go through someone else's living quarters to enter their own; that is, they do not have a direct entrance from the outside or through a common or public hall.

Rooms.—Rooms to be counted include whole rooms used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Not counted as rooms are bathrooms, porches, balconies, foyers, halls, half-rooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullman kitchens, utility rooms, unfinished attics, basements, or other space used for storage.

Persons per room.—This is computed by dividing the number of persons in the unit by the number of rooms in the unit. The figures shown, therefore, refer to the number of housing units having the specified ratio of persons per room.

Year structure built.—Year structure built refers to when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted.

Units in structure.—In the determination of the number of units in a structure, all housing units, both occupied and vacant, were counted. The statistics are presented in terms of the number of housing units in structures of specified size, not in

terms of the number of residential structures.

A structure is a separate building that either has open space on all sides or is separated from other structures by dividing walls that extend from ground to roof.

Basement.—Statistics on basements are presented in terms of the number of housing units located in structures built with a basement, and are separately tabulated for one-family houses with basements. A structure has a basement if there is enclosed space in which persons can walk upright under all or part of the building.

Plumbing facilities.-The category "with all plumbing facilities" consists of units which have hot and cold piped water, as well as a flush toilet and a bathtub or shower inside the structure for the exclusive use of the occupants of the unit. "Lacking some or all plumbing" means that the unit does not have all three specified plumbing facilities (hot and cold piped water, as well as flush toilet and bathtub or shower inside the structure), or that the toilet or bathing facilities are also for the use of the occupants of other housing units,

Selected equipment.—Statistics are presented for the number of housing units with the following selected equipment.

With more than one bathroom.— A complete bathroom is a room with flush toilet, bathtub or shower, and wash basin with piped water. A partial or half bathroom has at least a flush toilet or bathtub (or shower), but does not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom. A housing

unit "with more than one bathroom" has, in addition to one complete bathroom, one or more partial or complete bathrooms.

With public water supply.—A public system refers to a common source supplying running water to six or more housing units. The water may be supplied by a city, county, water district, or private water company, or it may be obtained from a well which supplied six or more housing units.

With public sewer.—A "public sewer" is connected to a city, county, sanitary district, neighborhood, or subdivision sewer system. It may be operated by a government body or by a private organization. Small sewage treatment plants which in some localities are called neighborhood septic tanks are also classified as public sewers.

With air conditioning.—Air conditioning is the cooling of air by a refrigeration unit. A central system is a central installation which air-conditions the entire housing unit. A room unit is an individual air conditioner which is installed in a window or an outside wall and is generally intended to cool one room, although it may sometimes be used to cool more than one room.

Heating equipment.—The list of heating equipment refers to the type of heating equipment and not to the fuel used. "Steam or hot water" refers to a central heating system in which heat from steam or hot water is delivered through radiators or other outlets. "Warm air furnace" refers to a central system which provides warm air through ducts leading

to various rooms; central heat pumps are included in this category. "Built-in electric units" are permanently installed in the floors, walls or ceilings. A "floor, wall, or pipeless furnace" delivers warm air to the room right above the furnace or to the room(s) on one or both sides of the wall in which the furnace is installed. "Other means" includes room heaters with or without flue, fireplaces, stoves, and portable heaters of all types.

A housing unit "With central or built-in heating system" contains a steam or hot water system, a warm-air furnace, built-in electric units, or a floor, wall, or pipeless furnace.

Automobiles available.—Statistics on automobiles available represent the number of passenger automobiles, including station wagons, which are owned or regularly used by any member of the household and which are ordinarily kept at home. Taxicabs, pickups, or larger trucks were not to be counted.

Value.—Value is the respondent's estimate of how much the property (house and lot) would sell for if it were for sale. The term "specified owner-occupied units" means that the value data are limited to owner-occupied one-family houses on less than ten acres, without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. Owner-occupied cooperatives, condominiums, mobile homes, and trailers are excluded from the value tabulations.

Mean value.—Mean value is the sum of the individual values reported, divided by the number of owner-occupied units for which value is shown. For purposes of computation, the mid-

points of the intervals were used, except that a mean value of \$3,500 was assigned to housing units in the interval "less than \$5,000" and a mean of \$60,000 was assigned to units in the interval "\$50,000 or more."

Contract rent.—Contract rent is the monthly rent agreed to, or contracted for, even if the furnishings, utilities, or services are included. The term "specified renter-occupied units" means that the contract rent data exclude one-family houses on ten acres or more. Renter units occupied without payment of cash rent are

shown separately as "no cash rent" in the rent tabulations.

Gross rent.—Monthly gross rent is the summation of contract rent plus the estimated average monthly cost of utilities (water, electricity, gas) and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.), if these items are paid for by the renter, in addition to rent. Thus, gross rent is intended to eliminate individual differences which result from varying practices with respect to the inclusion of heat and utilities as part of the rental payment.

Mean gross rent.—Mean gross rent is the sum of the individual rental amounts divided by the number of renter-occupied units, excluding one-family houses on ten acres or more.

Gross rent as percentage of income.—
The yearly gross rent (monthly gross rent multiplied by 12) is expressed as a percentage of the total income in 1969 of the family or primary individual. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units for which no cash is paid and units occupied by families or primary individuals who reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "not computed."

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SOURCES OF ERROR

Human and mechanical errors occur in any mass statistical operation such as a decennial census. Errors during the data collection phase can include failure to obtain required information from respondents, obtaining incorrect or inconsistent information, and recording information in the wrong place or incorrectly. Errors can also occur during the field review of the enumerator's work, the clerical handling of the questionnaires, and the various stages of the electronic processing of the material. Careful efforts are made in every census to keep the errors in each step at an acceptably low level. Quality control and check measures are utilized throughout the census operation.

In the manual editing and coding operation, a sample of the work of each coder was verified, and a coder who showed consistently high error rates was retrained. A coder who still did not produce work of acceptable quality after retraining was removed from the coding operation. In addition, provision was made for correction of any work units for which the error rate exceeded a maximum level. Information on error rates will be given in later publications.

As was done for the 1950 and 1960 censuses, evaluative material on many aspects of the 1970 census will be published as soon as the appropriate data are accumulated and analyzed.

A major concern in the evaluation work is to ascertain, insofar as possible, the degree of completeness of the count of both population and housing units.

EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA

The objective of the processing operation is to produce a set of statistics that describes the Nation's population and housing as accurately and clearly as possible. To meet this objective, certain unacceptable entries were edited.

In the field, questionnaires were reviewed for completeness by a census clerk or enumerator, and a followup was made for missing information. The major review occurred in the central processing office, where the editing and coding operation provided an opportunity to correct obvious errors in the respondents' entries for those items which required manual processing. In coding relationship to household head, for example, the clerk made use of written entries, which the computer is not able to read, in determining the correct entry where the machine readable item was blank or contained conflicting information. For a few of the items, the respondents' entries were reviewed for reasonableness or consistency on the basis of other information on the questionnaire. As a rule, however, editing was performed by hand only when it could not be done effectively by machine.

As one of the first steps in mechanical editing, the configuration of marks on the questionnaire was scanned electronically to determine whether it contained information for a person or merely spurious marks. If the

questionnaire contained entries for at least two of the basic characteristics (relationship, sex, race, age, marital status), or for at least two relevant sample characteristics, the inference was made that the marks represented a person. Names were not used as a criterion of the presence of a person because the electronic scanning was unable to distinguish between a name and any other entry in the name space.

If any characteristics for a person or housing unit were missing, they were, in most cases, supplied by allocation. Allocations, or assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries, were needed most often where an entry for a given item was lacking or where the information reported for a person or housing unit on that item was inconsistent with other information for the person or The assignment of housing unit. acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries, it is believed, enhances the usefulness of the data.

For housing data, the assignment was based on related information reported for the housing unit or on information reported for a similar unit in the immediate neighborhood. For example, if tenure for an occupied unit was omitted but a rental amount was reported, the computer automatically edited tenure to "rented for cash rent." The technique may also be illustrated by the procedure used in the assignment for unknown The computer stored reported age. ages of persons by sex, race, household relationship, and marital status. Each stored age was retained in the computer only until a person having the same set of characteristics, and with age reported was processed through the computer in the edit operation; this stored age was assigned to the next person whose age was unknown and who otherwise had the same set of specified characteristics.

The editing process also includes another type of correction; namely, the assignment of a full set of characteristics for a person. When there was indication that a housing unit was occupied but the questionnaire contained no information for any person, a previously processed household was selected as a substitute and the full set of characteristics for each substitute person was duplicated.

Specific tolerances were established for the number of computer allocations and substitutions that would be permitted. If the number of corrections was beyond tolerance, the questionnaires in which the errors occurred were clerically reviewed. If it was found that the errors resulted from damaged questionnaires, from improper microfilming, from faulty reading by FOSDIC of undamaged questionnaires, or from other types of machine failure, the questionnaires were reprocessed.

The extent of allocation for States, counties, and other areas will be shown in the allocation tables in chapters B and C of the 1970 Census of Population Volume I, Characteristics of the Population, and chapters A and B of Census of Housing Volume I, Characteristics for States, Cities, and Counties.

SAMPLE DESIGN

For persons living in housing units at the time of the 1970 census, the housing unit, including all its occupants, was the sampling unit; for persons in group quarters identified in advance of the census, it was the person. In nonmail areas, the enumerator canvassed his assigned area and listed all housing units in an

address register sequentially in the order in which he first visited the units whether or not he completed the interview. Every fifth line of the address register was designated as a sample line, and the housing units listed on these lines were included in the sample. Each enumerator was given a random line on which he was to start listing and the order of canvassing was indicated in advance, although the instructions allowed some latitude in the order of

visiting addresses. In mail areas, the list of housing units was prepared prior to Census Day either by employing commercial mailing lists corrected through the cooperation of the post office or by listing the units in a process similar to that used in nonmail areas. As in other areas, every fifth housing unit of these lists was designated to be in the sample. In group quarters, all persons were listed and every fifth person was selected for the sample.

TABLE C. Sample Rate for Subjects Included in This Report

[Subjects marked with an asterisk (*) were tabulated on a 100% basis for tables P-1, H-1, and H-3. All subjects shown in the tables for persons of Spanish heritage (P-7, P-8, and H-5) were tabulated on a 15% basis. The subjects covered in the remaining tables (P-2 to P-6, H-2, and H-4) were tabulated according to the sample rates shown below]

Population subjects	ample rate ercent)	Sampl Housing subjects rate (percer	
*Sex		*All year-round housing units 2	
*Race	20	*Occupied housing units: table H-2. 1	5
*Age	20	table H-4. 2	0
*Household relationship		*Cooperative or condominium	
*Family composition	20	*Vacancy status	
*Marital status		*Tenure of housing unit	
Children ever born	20	Year moved into unit 1	15
Country of origin	15	*Number of rooms	-
Nativity and parentage	15	*Size of household (persons)	
School enrollment	15	*Persons per room	
Years of school completed	20	*Plumbing facilities	
Residence in 1965	15	Daumoonis	5
Employment status	20	Source of water 1	15
Place of work	15	Dewage disposal	5
Means of transportation to wor	k . 15	*Complete kitchen facilities	-
Occupation	20	*Access	
Industry	20	Units in structure	20
Class of worker	20	I cal structure built	20
Income	20	Dasement	20
Poverty status	20	rreating equipment	20
		Air conditioning 1	5
		Automobiles available 1	15
		*Value	
		*Contract rent	_
		Gross rent	<u>'</u> U

This 20-percent sample was subdivided into a 15-percent and a 5percent sample by designating every fourth 20-percent sample unit as a member of the 5-percent sample. The remaining sample units became the 15-percent sample. Two types of sample questionnaires were used, one for the 5-percent and one for the 15-percent sample units. Some questions were included on both the 5percent and 15-percent sample forms and therefore appear for a sample of 20 percent of the units in the census. Other items appeared on either the 15-percent or the 5-percent questionnaires. The sample rates for the various items appearing in this report are shown in table C.

Although the sampling procedure did not automatically insure an exact 20-percent sample of persons or housing units in each locality, the sample design was unbiased if carried through according to instructions; generally for large areas the deviation from 20 percent was found to be quite small. Biases may have arisen when the enumerator failed to follow his listing and sampling instructions exactly, Quality control procedures were used throughout the census process, however, and where there was clear evidence that the sampling procedures were not properly followed, the work was returned to the field for resampling. No attempt at sampling was rnade for the relatively small numbers of persons and housing units (in most States, less than one percent) added to the enumeration from the post-census post office check, the various supplemental forms, and the special check of vacant units. The ratio estimation procedure described below adjusts the sample data to reflect these classes of population and housing units.

RATIO ESTIMATION

The statistics based on 1970 census sample data are estimates made through the use of ratio estimation procedures, applied separately for the 15- and 20percent samples. The first step in carrying through the ratio estimates was to establish the areas within which separate ratios were to be prepared. These are referred to as "weighting areas." A single set of weighting areas, containing a minimum population size of 2,500, was defined for use with the 15- and 20-percent samples. Weighting areas were established by mechanical operation on the computer and were defined to conform, as nearly as possible, to areas for which tabulations are produced. In general, sample estimates for a tract may be expected to agree with complete counts whenever the tract was a weighting area. However, tracts were not weighting areas whenever the population was less than 2,500 persons, where the tract was a part of more than one county subdivision or place, or where the Census procedure was not the same in all parts of the tract. In these situations, part of a tract may have been combined with other partial or complete tracts to make up a weighting area and sample estimates for an individual tract in the combination may not agree with complete counts for the tract.

Separate ratio estimation processes were used for persons and for housing units. The ratio estimation process for persons operated in three stages. The first stage employed 19 household-type groups (the first of which was empty by definition). The second stage used two groups, head of household and not head of household, and the third stage used 24 age-sex-race groups.

Gro up	STAGE I
	Male Head With Own Children
1	Under 18 1-person household
2	2-person household
3	3-person household
•	•
6	6-or-more-person house- hold
7-12	Male Head Without Own Children Under 18 1-person to 6-or-more- person households
13-18	Female Head 1-person to 6-or-more- person households
19	Group Quarters Persons
	STAGE II
20	Head of Household
21	Not Head of Household (in- cluding persons in group quarters)
	STAGE III
	Male Negro
22	Age under 5 years
23	5-13
24 25	14-24 25-44
26 26	45-64
27	65 and older
28-33	Male, Not Negro Same age groups as for Male Negro
34-39	Female Negro Same age groups as for Male Negro
40-45	Female, Not Negro Same age groups as for

Male Negro

The ratio estimation process for housing operated in two stages for occupied housing units, and in one stage for vacant units. The first stage for occupied units employed 18 household-type groups (the first of which was empty by definition); the second stage for occupied units used four groups: owner and renter occupied units, by race. The single stage for vacant units employed three groups: year-round vacant for sale, year-round vacant for rent, and other vacant.

Occupied housing units:

Group	STAGE I
	Male Head With Own Children
	Under 18
1	1-person household
2	2-person household
3	3-person household
	•
6	6-or-more-person house-
	hold
	Male Head Without Own
	Children Under 18
7-12	1-person to 6-or-more
	person households
	Female Head
13-18	
13-10	1-person to 6-or-more- person households
	person nouseholds
	STAGE II
	Owner Conveid
19	Owner Occupied
20	Negro Not Negro
20	MOT Medio
	Renter Occupied
21	Negro
22	Not Negro

Vacant housing units:

Group	STAGE 1
23	Year-round vacant for sale
24	Year-round vacant for rent
25	Other vacant

At each stage, for each of the groups, the ratio of the complete count to the weighted sample count in the group was computed and applied to the weight of each sample person or housing unit in the group. For population, this operation was performed for each of the 19 groups in the first stage, then for the two groups in the second stage and finally for the 24 groups in the third stage. For occupied housing units this was performed first for the 18 groups in the first stage and then for the 4 groups in the second stage.

As a rule, the weighted sample counts within each of the groups in the final stage should agree with the complete counts for the weighting areas. Close, although not exact, consistency can be expected for the groups in the preceding stages. There are some exceptions to this general rule, however, As indicated above, there may be differences between the complete counts and sample estimates when the tabulation area is not made up of whole weighting areas. As a result, sample estimates at the tract level may not agree with complete counts when the tract did not form a weighting area. Generally, for 15and 20-percent items, there may be such a difference whenever the population in the tract is less than 2.500 people. Furthermore, in order to increase the reliability, a separate ratio was not computed in a ratio estimation group whenever certain criteria pertaining to the complete counts and the magnitude of the weight were not met. For example, for the 15and 20-percent population sample the
complete count of persons in a group
had to exceed 85 persons and the ratio
of the complete count to the unweighted sample count could not exceed 20. Where these criteria were
not met, groups were combined in
a specific order until the conditions
were met. Where this occurred, consistency between the weighted sample
and the complete counts would apply
as indicated above for the combined
group but not necessarily for each of
the groups in the combination.

Each sample person or housing unit was assigned an integral weight to avoid the complications involved in rounding in the final tables. If, for example, the final weight for a group was 5.2, one-fifth of the persons or housing units in the group (selected at random) were assigned a weight of 6 and the remaining four-fifths a weight of 5.

The estimates realize some of the gains in sampling efficiency that would have resulted had the persons and housing units been stratified into the The net groups before sampling. effect is a reduction in both the sampling error and possible bias of most statistics below what would be obtained by weighting the results of the sample by a uniform factor (e.g., by weighting the 20-percent sample results by a uniform factor of 5). The reduction in sampling error will be trivial for some items and substantial for others. A by-product of this estimation procedure is that estimates for this sample are, in general, consistent with the complete count for the groups used in the estimation A more complete disprocedure. cussion of the technical aspects of these ratio estimates will be presented in a separate report.

SAMPLING VARIABILITY

The estimates from sample tabulations are subject to sampling variability. The standard errors of these estimates can be approximated by using the data in tables D through F. The chances are about 2 out of 3 that the difference (due to sampling variability) between the sample estimate and the figure that would have been obtained from a complete count of the population is less than the standard error. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the difference is less than twice the standard error and about 99 out of 100 that it is less than 21/2 times the standard error. The amount by which the estimated standard error must be multiplied to obtain other odds deemed more appropriate can be found in most statistical textbooks. The sampling errors may be obtained by using the factors shown in table F in conjunction with table D for absolute numbers and in conjunction with table E for percentages. In addition to sampling errors, these tables reflect the effect of simple response variance, but not of bias arising in the collection, processing and estimation steps, nor of the correlated errors enumerators introduce; estimates of the magnitude of some of these factors in the total error are being evaluated and will be published at a later date.

Table D shows approximate standard errors of estimated numbers for most statistics based on the 20-percent sample. In determining the figures for this table, some aspects of the sample design, the estimation process, and the population of the area over which the data have been compiled are ignored. Table E shows standard errors of most percentages based on

the 20-percent sample. Linear interpolation in tables D and E will provide approximate results that are satisfactory for most purposes. Table F provides a factor by which the standard errors shown in tables D or E should be multiplied to adjust for the combined effect of the sample size (i.e., whether a 20-percent or 15-percent sample) the sample design and the estimation procedure.

To estimate the standard error for a given characteristic based on the 15-percent sample, or for a more precise estimate for the 20-percent sample, locate in table F the factor applying to the characteristic and sample size used to tabulate the data and multiply this factor by the standard error found in table D or E. If the estimate is not identified in table F, use the factor shown for "all other." Where data are shown as cross-classifications of two characteristics, locate and use the larger factor. Similarly, if an item collected on a 20-percent basis has been tabulated for the 15-percent sample, use the factor appropriate for the 15-percent sample.

The standard errors estimated from these tables are not directly applicable to differences between two sample estimates. In order to estimate the standard error of a difference, the tables are to be used somewhat differently in the three following situations:

1. For a difference between the sample figure and one based on a complete count (e.g., arising from comparisons between 1970 sample statistics and complete-count statistics for 1960 or 1950), the standard error is identical with the standard error of the 1970 estimate alone.

- 2. For a difference between two sample figures (that is, one from 1970 and the other from 1960, or both from the same census year), the standard error is approximately the square root of the sum of the squares of the standard errors of each estimate considered separately. This formula will represent the actual standard error quite accurately for the difference between estimates of the same characteristic in two different areas, or for the difference between separate and uncorrelated characteristics in the same area. If, however, there is a high positive correlation between the two characteristics, the formula will overestimate the true standard error. The approximate standard error for the 1970 sample figure is derived directly from tables D through F. The standard error of a 25-percent 1960 sample figure may be obtained from the relevant 1960 census report or an approximate value may be obtained by multiplying the appropriate value in table D or E by 0.9.
- For a difference between two sample estimates, one of which represents a subclass of the other, the tables can be used directly, with the difference considered as the sample estimate.

The sampling variability of the medians presented in certain tables (median years of school completed, median rent, etc.) depends on the size of the base and on the distribution on which the median is based. An approximate method for measuring the reliability of an estimated median is to determine an interval about the estimated median such that there is a stated degree of confidence the true median lies

within the interval. As the first step in estimating the upper and lower limits of the interval (that is, the confidence limits) about the median, compute one-half the number on which the median is based (designated N/2). From table D, following the method outlined in other parts of this section, compute the standard error of an estimated number equal to N/2. Subtract this standard error from N/2. Cumulate the frequencies (in the table on which the median is based) until the total first exceeds the difference between N/2 and its standard error and by linear interpolation obtain a value corresponding to this number. In a corresponding manner, add the standard error to N/2, cumulate the frequencies in the table, and obtain a value in the table on which the median is based corresponding to the sum of N/2 and its standard error. The chances are about 2 out of 3 that the median would lie between these two values. The range for 19 chances out of 20 and for 99 in 100 can be computed in a similar manner by multiplying the standard error by the appropriate factors before subtracting from and adding to one-half the number reporting the characteristic. Interpolation to obtain the values corresponding to these numbers gives the confidence limits for the median.

The sampling variability of a mean, such as the number of children ever born per 1,000 women or mean income, presented in certain tables, depends on the variability of the distribution on which the mean is based, the size of the sample, the sample design, (for example, the use of house-

holds as the sampling unit), and the use of ratio estimates.

An approximation to the variability of the mean may be obtained compute the standard as follows: deviation of the distribution on which the mean is based; divide this figure by the square root of one-fifth of the total units in the distribution; multiply this quotient by the factor from table F appropriate to the statistic and the actual sample rate on which the mean is based. If the distribution is not published in the detailed tables, calculate the standard deviation from a comparable distribution for a larger area or for a similar population group; divide by the square root of one-fifth of the units on which the mean of interest is based; multiply the quotient by the factor from table F.

TABLE D. Approximate Standard Error of Estimated Number Based on 20-Percent Sample (Range of 2 chances out of 3)

Estimated number (persons or housing units)	Standard error	Estimated number (persons or housing units)	Standard error
50	20 30	1,000	60 85 100

TABLE E. Approximate Standard Error of Estimated Percentage Based on 20-Percent Sample (Range of 2 chances out of 3)

Estimated percentage	Base of percentage (persons or housing units)					
	500	1,000	2,500	5,000	10,000	15,000
2 or 98	1.3	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2
5 or 95	2.0	1.4	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.4
10 or 90	2.7	1.9	1.2	0.8	0.6	0.5
25 or 75	3.9	2.7	1.7	1.2	0.9	0.7
50	4.5	3.2	2.0	1.4	1.0	0.8

TABLE F. Factor to be Applied to Standard Errors

[Subjects marked with an asterisk were tabulated on a 100% basis for tables P-1, H-1, and H-3. Standard errors are not applicable to these tables]

Population	Sample rate		Housing	Sample rate	
subjects ¹	(percent)	Factor	subjects ¹	(percent)	Factor
*Race	20	1.6	*Tenure	20	0.2
*Age	20	0.8	*Rooms	20	1.0
*Household relationship	20	0.5	*Persons per room	20	0.4
*Family composition	20	0.6	*Value	20	1.0
Country of origin (including		5.5	Units in structure	20	0.8
Spanish heritage subjects)	15	1.6	Year structure built	20	0.9
Nativity and parentage	15	1.7	Heating equipment	20	0.8
School enrollment	15	1.0	Basement	20	0.9
Years of school completed	20	1.0	Source of water	15	1.0
Residence in 1965	15	2.0	Sewage disposal	15	1.0
Employment status	20	0.8	Air conditioning	15	1.1
Place of work	15	1.3	Year moved into unit	15	1.1
Means of transportation			Gross rent	20	0.9
to work	15	1.3	All other—20 percent	20	1.0
Occupation	20	1.1	-15 percent	15	1.2
Industry	20	1.1	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Class of worker	20	1.1			
Income—persons	20	1.0			
-families	20	1,0			
Poverty status persons	20	1.9			
—families	20	1.0			
All other 20 percent	20	1.0			
-15 percent	15	1.2			

¹ Tabulations of data for persons of Spanish heritage are based on the 15-percent sample. For subjects shown in this table as based on the 20-percent sample, the factor for persons of Spanish heritage is obtained by multiplying the appropriate factor in this table by 1.2. For subjects shown as based on the 15-percent sample, the factor in this table can be used directly.

Appendix D.—PUBLICATION AND COMPUTER SUMMARY TAPE PROGRAM

The results of the 1970 Census of Population and Housing are being issued in the form of printed reports, microfiche copies of the printed reports, computer summary tapes, computer printouts, and microfilm. Listed below are short descriptions of the final report series and computer tapes, as currently planned. More detailed information on this program can be obtained by writing to the Publications Distribution Section, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

Population Census Reports

Volume I

CHARACTERISTICS OF THE POPULATION

This volume will consist of 58 "parts"—number 1 for the United States, numbers 2 through 52 for the 50 States and the District of Columbia in alphabetical order, and numbers 53 through 58 for Puerto Rico, Guam, Virgin Islands, American Samoa, Canal Zone, and Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, respectively. Each part, which will be a separate clothbound book, will contain four chapters designated as A, B, C, and D. Each chapter (for each of the 58 areas) will first be issued as an individual paperbound report in four series designated as PC(1)-A, B, C, and D, respectively. The 58 PC(1)-A reports will be specially assembled and issued in a clothbound book, designated as Part A.

■ Series PC(1)-A. NUMBER OF INHABITANTS.

Final official population counts are presented for States, counties by urban and rural residence, standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's), urbanized areas, county subdivisions, all incorporated places, and unincorporated places of 1,000 inhabitants or more.

■ Series PC(1)-B. GENERAL POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS

Statistics on age, sex, race, marital status, and relationship to head of household are presented for States, counties by urban and rural residence, SMSA's, urbanized areas, county subdivisions, and places of 1,000 inhabitants or more.

Series PC(1)-C. GENERAL SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS

Statistics are presented on nativity and parentage, State or country of birth, Spanish origin, mother tongue, residence 5 years ago, year moved into present house, school enrollment (public or private), years of school completed, vocational training, number of children ever born, family composition, disability, veteran status, employment status, place of work, means of transportation to work, occupation group, industry group, class of worker, and income (by type) in 1969 of families and individuals. Each subject is shown for some or all of the following areas: States, counties (by urban, rural-nonfarm, and rural-farm residence), SMSA's, urbanized areas, and places of 2,500 inhabitants or more.

Series PC(1)-D. DETAILED CHARACTERISTICS

These reports will cover most of the subjects shown in Series PC(1)-C, above, presenting the data in considerable detail and cross-classified by age, race, and other characteristics. Each subject will be shown for some or all of the following areas: States (by urban, rural-nonfarm, and rural-farm residence), SMSA's, and large cities.

Volume II. SUBJECT REPORTS

Each report in this volume, also designated as Series PC(2), will concentrate on a particular subject. Detailed information and cross-relationships will generally be provided on a national and regional level; in some reports, data for States or SMSA's will also be shown. Among the characteristics to be covered are national origin and race, fertility, familles, marital status, migration, education, unemployment, occupation, industry, and income.

Housing Census Reports

Volume I. HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS FOR STATES, CITIES, AND COUNTIES

This volume will consist of 58 "parts"—number I for the United States, numbers 2 through 52 for the 50 States and the District of Columbia in alphabetical order, and numbers 53 through 58 for Puerto Rico, Guam, Virgin Islands, American Samoa, Canal Zone, and Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, respectively. Each part, which will be a separate clothbound book, will contain two chapter designated as A and B. Each chapter (for each of the 58 areas) will first be issued as an individual paperbound report in two series designated as HC(1)-A and B, respectively.

Series HC(1)-A, GENERAL HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

Statistics on tenure, kitchen facilities, plumbing facilities, number of rooms, persons per room, units in structure, mobile home, telephone, value, contract rent, and vacancy status are presented for some or all of the following areas: States (by urban and rural residence), SMSA's, urbanized areas, places of 1,000 inhabitants or more, and counties.

Series HC(1)-B. DETAILED HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

Statistics are presented on a more detailed basis for the subjects included in the Series HC(1)-A reports, as well as on such additional subjects as year moved into unit, year structure built, basement, heating equipment, fuels, air conditioning, water and sewage, appliances, gross rent, and ownership of second home. Each subject is shown for some or all of the following areas: States (by urban, rural-nonfarm, and rural-farm residence), SMSA's, urbanized areas, places of 2,500 inhabitants or more, and counties (by rural and rural-farm residence).

Volume II. METROPOLITAN HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

These reports, also designated as Series HC(2), will cover most of the 1970 census housing subjects in considerable detail and cross-classification. There will be one report for each SMSA, presenting data for the SMSA and its central cities and places of 50,000 inhabitants or more, as well as a national summary report.

Volume III. BLOCK STATISTICS

One report, under the designation Series HC(3), is issued for each urbanized area showing data for individual blocks on selected housing and population subjects. The series also includes reports for the communities outside urbanized areas which have contracted with the Census Bureau to provide block statistics from the 1970 census.

COMPONENTS OF INVENTORY CHANGE

This volume will contain data on the disposition of the 1960 inventory and the source of the 1970 inventory, such as new construction, conversions, mergers, demolitions, and other additions and losses. Cross-tabulations of 1970 and 1960 characteristics for units that have not changed and characteristics of the present and previous residence of recent movers will also be provided. Statistics will be shown for 15 selected SMSA's and for the United States and regions.

Volume V. RESIDENTIAL FINANCE

This volume will present data regarding the financing of privately owned nonfarm residential properties. Statistics will be shown on amount of outstanding morting age debt, manner of acquisition of property, homeowner expenses, and other owner, property, and mortgage characteristics for the United States and regions.

Volume VI. ESTIMATES OF "SUBSTANDARD" HOUSING

This volume will present counts of "substandard" housing units for counties and cities, based on the number of units lacking plumbing facilities combined with estimates of units with all plumbing facilities but in "dilapidated" condition.

Volume VII. SUBJECT REPORTS

Each report in this volume will concentrate on a particular subject. Detailed information and cross-classifications will generally be provided on a national and regional level; in some reports, data for States or SMSA's may also be shown. Among the subjects to be covered are housing charactristics by household composition, housing of minority groups and senior citizens, and households in mobile homes.

Joint Population-Housing Reports

Series PHC(1). CENSUS TRACT REPORTS

This series contains one report for each SMSA, showing data for most of the population and housing subjects included in the 1970 census.

Series PHC(2).

GENERAL DEMOGRAPHIC TRENDS FOR METROPOLITAN AREAS, 1960 to 1970

This series consists of one report for each State and the District of Columbia, as well as a national summary report, presenting statistics for the State and for SMSA's and their central cities and constituent counties. Comparative 1960 and 1970 data are shown on population counts by age and race and on such housing subjects as tenure, plumbing facilities, value, and contract rent.

Series PHC(3). EMPLOYMENT PROFILES OF SELECTED LOW-INCOME AREAS

This series will consist of approximately 70 reports, each presenting statistics on the social and economic characteristics of the residents of a particular low-income area. The data relate to low-income neighborhoods in 54 cities and seven rural poverty areas. Each report will provide statistics on employment and unemployment, education, vocational training, availability for work, job history, and income, as well as on value or rent and number of rooms in the housing unit.

Additional Reports

Series PHC(E). EVALUATION REPORTS

This open series will present the results of the extensive evaluation program conducted as an integral part of the 1970 census program, and relating to such matters as completeness of enumeration and quality of the data on characteristics.

Series PHC(R). PROCEDURAL REPORTS

This open series presents information on various administrative and methodological aspects of the 1970 census, and will include a comprehensive procedural history of the 1970 census. The first report issued focuses on the forms and procedures used in the data collection phase of the census.

Computer Summary Tapes

The major portion of the results of the 1970 census will be produced in a set of six tabulation counts. To help meet the needs of census users, these counts are being designed to provide data with much greater subject and geographic detail than it is feasible or desirable to publish in printed reports. The data so tabulated will generally be available—subject to suppression of certain detail where necessary to protect confidentiality—on magnetic computer tape, printouts, and microfilm, at the cost of preparing the copy.

First Count—source of the PC(1)-A reports; contains about 400 cells of data on the subjects covered in the PC(1)-B and HC(1)-A reports and tabulated for each of the approximately 250,000 enumeration districts in the United States.

Second Count—source of the PC(1)-B, HC(1)-A, and part of the PHC(1) reports; contains about 3,500 cells of data covering the subjects in these reports and tabulated for the approximately 35,000 tracts and 35,000 county subdivisions in the United States.

Third Count—source of the HC(3) reports; contains about 250 cells of data on the subjects covered in the PC(1)-B and HC(1)-A reports and tabulated for approximately 1,500,000 blocks in the United States

Fourth Count—source of the PC(1)-C, HC (1)-B, and part of the PHC(1) reports; contains about 13,000 cells of data covering the subjects in these reports and tabulated for the approximately 35,000 tracts and 35,000 county subdivisions in the United States; also contains about 30,000 cells of data for each county.

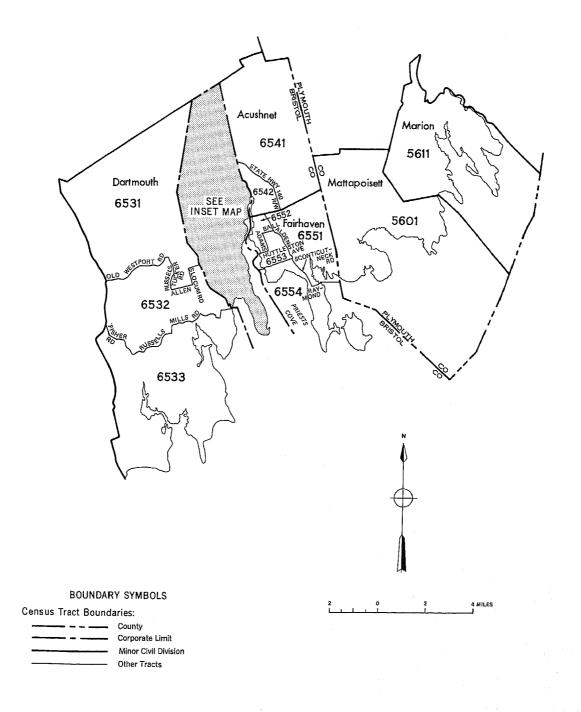
Fifth Count—will contain approximately 800 cells of population and housing data for 5-digit ZIP code areas in SMSA's and 3-digit ZIP code areas outside SMSA's; the ZIP code data will be available only on tape.

Sixth Count—source of the PC(1)-D and HC(2) reports; will contain about 260,-000 cells of data covering the subjects in these reports and tabulated for States, SMSA's, and large cities.

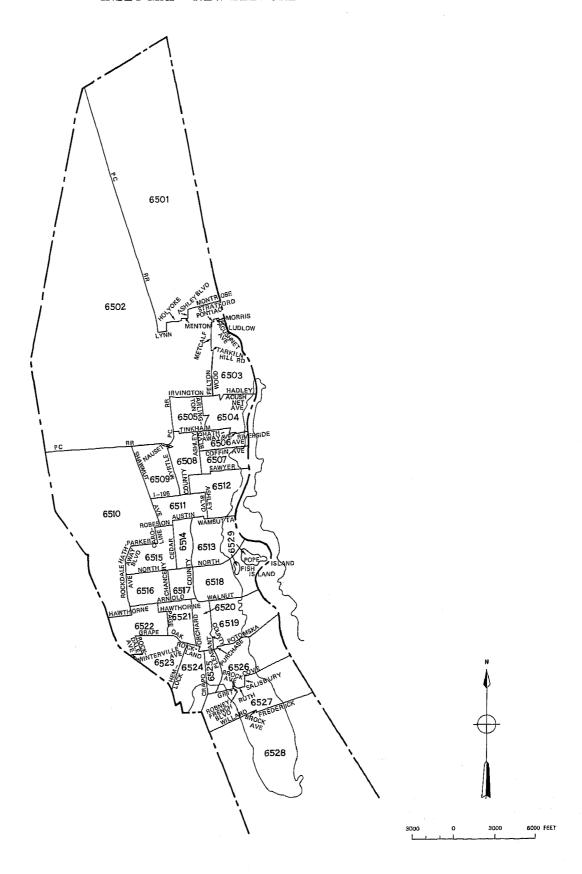
The tapes will generally be organized on a State basis. To use the First Count and Third Count tapes, it will be necessary to purchase the appropriate enumeration district and block maps.

The term "cells" used herein to indicate the scope of subject content of the several counts refers to each figure or statistic in the tabulation for a specific geographic area. For example, in the Third Count, there are six cells for a cross-classification of race by sex: three categories of race (white, Negro, other race) by two categories of sex (male, female). In addition to the above-mentioned summary tapes, the Census Bureau will make available for purchase certain sample tape files containing population and housrape rises containing population and nous-ing characteristics as shown on individual census records. These files will contain no names or addresses, and the geo-grahic identification will be sufficiently broad to protect confidentiality. There will be six files, each containing a 1-percent national sample of persons and housing units. Three of the files will be drawn from the population covered by the census 15-percent sample and three from the population in the census 5-percent sample. Each of these three files will provide a different type of geographic information: One will identify individual large SMSA's and, for the rest of the country, groups of counties; the second will identify individual States and, where they are sufficiently large, will provide the sufficiently large, will provide urban-rural and metropolitan-nonmetro-politan detail; and the third will identify State groups and size of place, with each individual record showing selected char-acteristics of the person's neighborhood.

CENSUS TRACTS IN THE NEW BEDFORD, MASS. SMSA



CENSUS TRACTS IN THE NEW BEDFORD, MASS. SMSA INSET MAP - NEW BEDFORD



1970 Census of Population and Housing
CENSUS TRACTS
NEW BEDFORD, MASS.
STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA
Final Report PHC(1)—140

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