Census Tracts

ROCHESTER, MINN. STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA

1970 CENSUS OF POPULATION AND HOUSING

J.S. DEPARTMENT **OF COMMERCE** BUREAU OF THE CENSUS



A UNITED STATES

PHC(1)-175

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

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ACKNOWLEDGMENTS-Many persons participated in the various activities of the 1970 census. Primary direction of the program was performed by Conrad Taeuber, Associate Director for Demographic Fields, assisted by David L. Kaplan, 1970 Census Coordinator, and in conjunction with Joseph F. Daly, then Associate Director for Research and Methodology, William I. Merkin, Associate Director for Administration, and Paul R. Squires, Associate Director for Data Collection and Statistical Processing.

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The housing section of this report was planned and written under the supervision of Arthur F. Young, Chief, Housing Division, by Aaron Josowitz, Assistant Division Chief, Nathan Krevor, Chief, Coordination and Research Branch, and Paul F. Coe. Important contributions to the processing and review of the data were made by Peter J. Fronczek.

The procedures for sample selection, sample weighting, and computation of sampling

variances were developed in the Statistical Methods Division, under the supervision of Joseph Waksberg, Chief, and Morton Boisen and Robert H. Hanson, Assistant Division Chiefs, assisted by William T. Alsbrooks, Peter A. Bounpane, Barbara A. Boyes, and Carlton W. Pruden.

Geographic plans and procedures were developed in the Geography Division under the supervision of William T. Fay, then Chief, and Robert C. Klove and Gerald J. Post, Assistant Division Chiefs.

Data collection activities were administered by the Field Division, Jefferson D. McPike, then Chief, and Richard C. Burt and Dean H. Weber, Assistant Division Chiefs, with the assistance of the directors of the Bureau's data collection centers.

Systems and processing procedures were developed under the direction of Morris Gorinson, Assistant Division Chief, Census Planning Division. Florence Wright, assisted by John F. Powell, Orville M. Slye, and Erne Wilkins, was responsible for the clerical procedures, and Roger O. Lepage, assisted by John Murphy, Jr., Margaret P. Brooks, and Howard R. Dennis, was responsible for the computer programming. Donald R. Dalzell was responsible for the computer procedures and programs used for the electronic preparation of the tables in this report.

The manual processing and microfilming of the questionnaires and the review of tabulation controls were performed in the Jeffersonville Census Operations Division, under the direction of Joseph F. Arbena, then Chief, and Robert L. Hagan, then Population and Housing Census Operations Manager, with the assistance of Rex L. Pullin. The manual coding operations were supervised by John C. Campbell, assisted by Herbert J. Hough, Joe D. Kolb, and Leo C. Schilling. William L. Pangburn, supervised the microfilming operation. Dan N. Harding, assisted by Nora H. Shouse, was responsible for the tabulation review work. FOSDIC and computer processing were performed in the Computer Facilities Division under the supervision of James R. Pepal, Chief, and E. Richard Bourdon and James W. Shores, Assistant Division Chiefs. Development of the FOSDIC equipment was directed by William M. Gaines, Assistant Division Chief, and McRae Anderson. Development of the automatic microfilming equipment was directed by Anthony A. Berlinsky.

Publications planning, editing, and printing were performed in the Administrative and Publications Services Division, Cecil B. Matthews, Chief, under the direction of Raymond J. Koski, Assistant Division Chief, and Gerald A. Mann.

Important contributions were made by Robert B. Voight and Sherry L. Courtland in the planning and coordination of the 1970 census program; and by John W. H. Spencer, Sol Dolleck, and M. Douglas Fahey in the systems design and operations for processing the census data.

Library of Congress Card No. 73-186611

SUGGESTED CITATION

U.S. Bureau of the Census Census of Population and Housing: 1970 CENSUS TRACTS Final Report PHC(1)-175 Rochester, Minn. SMSA

U.S. Government Printing Office Washington, D.C. 1972

For sale by the Superintendent of Documents U.S. Government Printing Office Washington, D.C. 20402, or any Department of Commerce Field Office.

Price 55 cents Stock Number 0301-2547

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1970 CENSUS OF POPULATION AND HOUSING

Census Tracts

ROCHESTER, MINN. STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA

LIST OF PHC(1) CENSUS TRACT REPORTS

The reports listed below are for Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas. An asterisk (*) indicates that the report includes data for tracts in selected areas adjacent to the SMSA.

Report		Report		i Report	
number	Area	number	Area	number	Area
1	Abilene, Tex.	41	Charlotte, N.C.*	81	Great Falls, Mont.
2	Akron, Ohio		Chattanooga, TennGa.	82	Green Bay, Wis.
3	Albany, Ga.		Chicago, III.	83	Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point, N.C.
4	Albany-Schenectady-Troy, N.Y.		Cincinnati, Ohio-KyInd.	84	Greenville, S.C.
5	Albuquerque, N. Mex.		Cleveland, Dhio	85	Hamilton-Middletown, Ohio
6	Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, PaN.J.	46	Colorado Springs, Colo.	86	Harrisburg, Pa.
7	Altoona, Pa.	47	Columbia, Mo.	87	Hartford, Conn.*
8	Amarillo, Tex.	48	Columbia, S.C.	88	Honolulu, Hawaii*
9	Anaheim-Santa Ana-Garden Grove, Calif.	49	Columbus, GaAla.	89	Houston, Tex.*
10	Anderson, Ind.	50	Columbus, Óhio	90	Huntington-Ashland, W. VaKy Ohio*
11	Ann Arbor, Mich.	51	Corpus Christi, Tex.	91	Huntsville, Ala.
12	Appleton-Oshkosh, Wis.	52	Dallas, Tex.	92	Indianapolis, Ind.
13	Asheville, N.C.	53	Davenport-Rock Island-Moline, Iowa-III.	93	Jackson, Mich.
14	Atlanta, Ga.*	54	Dayton, Ohio	94	Jackson, Miss.
15	Atlantic City, N.J.	55	Decatur, III.	95	Jacksonville, Fla.
16	Augusta, GaS.C.	56	Denver, Colo.	96	Jersey City, N.J.
17	Austin, Tex.	57	Des Moines, Iowa	97	Johnstown, Pa.
18	Bakersfield, Calif.	58	Detroit, Mich.*	98	Kalamazoo, Mich.
19	Baltimore, Md.	59	Dubuque, Iowa	99	Kansas City, MoKans.*
20	Baton Rouge, La.*	60	Duluth-Superior, MinnWis.	100	Kenosha, Wis.
21	Bay City, Mich.	61	Durham, N.C.	101	Knoxville, Tenn.*
22	Beaumont-Port Arthur-Orange, Tex.	62	El Paso, Tex.	102	Lafayette, La.
23	Billings, Mont.	63	Erie, Pa.	103	Lafayette-West Lafayette, Ind.
24	Biloxi-Gulfport, Miss.	64	Eugene, Oreg.	104	Lake Charles, La.
25	Binghamton, N.YPa.	65	Evansville, IndKy.	105	Lancaster, Pa.
26	Birmingham, Ala.	66	Fall River, MassR.I.	106	Lansing, Mich.
27	Bloomington-Normal, III.	67	Fargo-Moorhead, N. DakMinn.	107	Laredo, Tex.
28	Boise City, Idaho	68	Fayetteville, N.C.	108	Las Vegas, Nev.
29	Boston, Mass.*	69	Fitchburg-Leominster, Mass.*	109	Lawrence-Haverhill, MassN.H.
30	Bridgeport, Conn.	70	Flint, Mich.	110	Lawton, Ohio
31	Bristol, Conn.*	71	Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood, Fla.	111	Lewiston-Auburn, Maine
32	Brockton, Mass.	72	Fort Smith, ArkOkla.	112	Lexington, Ky.
33	Brownsville-Harlingen-San Benito, Tex.	73	Fort Wayne, Ind.	113	Lima, Ohio
34	Bryan-College Station, Tex.	74	Fort Worth, Tex.*	114	Lincoln, Nebr.
35	Buffalo, N.Y.	75	Fresno, Calif.	115	Little Rock-North Little Rock, Ark.
36	Canton, Ohio	76	Gadsden, Ala.	116	Lorain-Elyria, Ohio*
37	Cedar Rapids, Iowa	77	Gainesville, Fla.	117	Los Angeles-Long Beach, Calif.
38	Champaign-Urbana, III.	78	Galveston-Texas City, Tex.	118	Louisville, KyInd.
39	Charleston, S.C.*	79	Gary-Hammond-East Chicago, Ind.	119	Lowell, Mass.
40	Charleston, W. Va.	80	Grand Rapids, Mich.*	120	Lubbock, Tex.

Report		Report		Report	
number	Агеа	number	Area	number	Area
121	Lynchburg, Va.*	161	Pine Bluff, Ark.	201	Spokane, Wash.
122	Macon, Ga.*	162	Pittsburgh, Pa.	202	Springfield, III.
123	Madison, Wis.	163	Pittsfield, Mass.	203	Springfield, Mo.
124	Manchester, N.H.	164	Portland, Maine*	204	Springfield, Ohio
125	Mansfield, Ohio	165	Portland, OregWash.	205	Springfield-Chicopee-Holyake, MassConn.
126	McAllen-Pharr-Edinburg, Tex.	166	Providence-Pawtucket-Warwick, R.IMass.*	206	Stamford, Conn.
127	Memphis, TennArk.	167	Provo-Orem, Utah	207	Steubenville-Weirton, Ohio- W. Va.
128	Meriden, Conn.	168	Pueblo, Colo.	208	Stockton, Calif.
129	Miami, Fla.	169	Racine, Wis.	209	Syracuse, N.Y.
130	Midland, Tex.	170	Raleigh, N.C.	210	Tacoma, Wash.
131	Milwaukee, Wis.*	171	Reading, Pa.	211	Tallahassee, Fla.
132	Minneapolis-St. Paul, Minn.	172	Reno, Nev.	212	Tampa-St. Petersburg, Fla.
133	Mobile, Ala.	173	Richmond, Va.	213	Terre Haute, Ind.
134	Modesto, Calif.	174	Roanoke, Va.	214	Texarkana, TexArk.
135	Monroe, La.	175	Rochester, Minn.	215	Toledo, Ohio-Mich.
136	Montgomery, Ala.	176	Rochester, N.Y.	216	Topeka, Kans.
137	Muncie, Ind.	170	Rockford, III.	217	Trenton, N.J.
138	Muskegon-Muskegon Heights, Mich.	178	Sacramento, Calif.*	218	Tucson, Ariz.
139	Nashville-Davidson, Tenn.	179	Saginaw, Mich.	2 19	Tulsa, Okla.
140	New Bedford, Mass.	180	St. Joseph, Mo.	220	Tuscaloosa, Ala.
141	New Britain, Conn.	181	St. Louis, MoIII.*	221	Tyler, Tex.
142	New Haven, Conn.*	182	Salem, Oreg.	222	Utica-Rome, N.Y.
143	New London-Groton-Norwich, Conn.*	183	Salinas-Monterey, Calif.	223	Vallejo-Napa, Calif.
144	New Orleans, La.	184	Salt Lake City, Utah	224	Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton, N.J.
145	New York, N.Y.	185	San Angelo, Tex.	225	Waco, Tex.
146	Noncords N. I.*	186	San Antonio, Tex.	226	Washington, D.CMdVa.
140	Newark, N.J.* Newport News-Hampton, Va.*	180	San Bernardino-Riverside- Ontario, Calif.	227	Waterbury, Conn.*
147	Norfolk-Portsmouth, Va.*	187	San Diego, Calif.	228	Waterloo, lowa
148	Norwalk, Conn.*	189	San Francisco-Dakland, Calif.	229	West Palm Beach, Fla.
149	Odessa, Tex.	185	San Jose, Calif.	230	Wheeling, W. VaOhio
				231	Wichita, Kans.
151	Ogden, Utah	191	Santa Barbara, Calif.	232	Wichita Falls, Tex.*
152	Oklahoma City, Okla.	192	Santa Rosa, Calif.	233	Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton, Pa.
153	Omaha, NebrIowa	193	Savannah, Ga.	234	Wilmington, DelN.JMd.
154	Orlando, Fla.	194	Scranton, Pa.	235	Wilmington, N.C.
155	Oxnard-Ventura, Calif.	195	Seattle-Everett, Wash.	236	Worcester, Mass.*
156	Paterson-Clifton-Passaic, N.J.	196	Sherman-Denison, Tex.	237	York, Pa.
157	Pensacola, Fla.	197	Shreveport, La.	238	Youngstown Warren, Ohio*
158	Peoria, III.	198	Sioux City, Iowa-Nebr.	239	Mayagüez, P.R.
159	Philadelphia, PaN.J.	199	Sioux Falls, S. Dak.	240	Ponce, P.R.
160	Phoenix, Ariz.	200	South Bend, Ind.	241	San Juan, P.R.

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INTRODUCTION

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GENERAL

This report presents statistics by census tract on the characteristics of the population and housing units as reported in the 1970 Census of Population and Housing. Legal provision for this census, which was conducted as of April 1, 1970, was made in the Act of Congress of August 31, 1954 (amended August 1957), which codified Title 13, United States Code. This report series contains 241 reports as listed on page II. Each report relates to a particular standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA), and in some cases also covers certain areas adjacent to the SMSA. As stated on page App-2, there are 247 currently recognized SMSA's, including four in Puerto Rico. There are no reports in this series for six of these SMSA's because they were newly designated on the basis of the 1970 census results and census tracts had not been established for them previously.

This series of reports is one of the several series which present the information compiled from the census. For a description of the full data dissemination program see Appendix D, "Publication and Computer Summary Tape Program."

The content and procedures of the 1970 census were determined after

evaluation of the results of the 1960 census, consultation with a wide variety of users of census data, and extensive field pretesting. A number of changes were introduced in 1970 to improve the usefulness of the census results. For the characteristics shown in this report, the changes do not, however, affect to any appreciable extent the comparability of the 1970 data with those for 1960.

APPENDIXES

More detailed information on the technical and procedural matters covered in the text of this report can be obtained by writing to the Director, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D. C. 20233. Such information will also appear in later reports of the 1970 census.

Organization of the text.-The text consists of this introduction and four appendixes, which appear after the tables. Appendix A describes area classifications, defines census tracts, and traces some of the history of the development of census tract statis-Appendix B provides definitics. tions and explanations of the population and housing subjects appearing in the report. Appendix C presents information on sources of error in the data, sampling variability, ratio estimation, and editing procedures. Appendix D summarizes the data dissemination program of the 1970 census.

Content of the tables.—There are two numbered series of tables. Tables P-1 to P-8 present population statistics and tables H-1 to H-5 present housing statistics. Tables P-5 to P-8 and H-3 to H-5 relate to Negroes and to persons of Spanish language or surname or persons of Puerto Rican birth or parentage; they include only those tracts that have a population of 400 or more for the particular group.

The tables include data for the component counties and places of 25,000 or more in the SMSA, as well as for the tracts. All tables are arranged in identical fashion. Summations are presented first for the SMSA, followed by the component counties in alphabetical order (within State, if the SMSA crosses State lines). Shown under each county is the summation for each component place of 25,000 inhabitants or more and the balance of the county. Following these summations are the data for individual tracts (arranged in the abovementioned geographic order) within the SMSA; and, in certain cases, for individual tracts in territory contiguous to the SMSA. When a tract crosses the boundary of a place of 25,000 inhabitants or more, statistics for the portion of the tract which lies inside the place are shown with the figure for the place; statistics for the remainder of the tract are shown as part of another place and/or under the county balance, as appropriate. The totals for each of these "split" tracts appear at the end of the table.

 A. Area Classifications
 App-1

 B. Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics
 App-3

 C. Accuracy of the Data
 App-13

 D. Publication and Computer Summary Tape Program
 App-20

Sample size .- Tables P-1, H-1, and H-3 contain 100-percent data; the remaining tables contain data based on a sample of the population, with sampling rates of 20 percent or 15 percent. Figures for the total population or for some subgroups of the population (e.g., the population 5 years old and over) may differ from table to table or within the same table when the figures are tabulated from different samples. The sample size for each subject is stated in table C, Appendix C, "Accuracy of the Data." Appendix C also provides information on the sampling variability associated with the data.

INTRODUCTION—Continued

Derived figures (percents, medians, etc.).-Percents, medians, and means, as well as certain rates and ratios are shown in these reports. For all types of derived figures in this report, the figure is not presented (but indicated by three dots "...") if the base is smaller than the minimum number prescribed for the sample on which the figure is based. The minimum bases are 5 (persons, families, households, or housing units) for figures derived from 100-percent tabulations. 25 for figures based on the 20-percent sample, and 33 for those based on the 15-percent sample. When a crosstabulation of two or more characteristics covers subjects based on different samples, the minimum base for the smaller sample applies, Although figures are shown for all areas, except when the base is less than the specified minimum, the reader should exercise caution in the use and interpretation of data for very small areas or subgroups of the population; these data are especially subject to the effects of sampling variability, misreporting, and processing errors.

Percents which round to less than 0.1 are not shown but indicated as zero (i.e., "-"). The median, which is a type of average, is the middle value in a distribution, i.e., the median divides the distribution into two equal parts-one-half of the cases fall below the median and one-half of the cases exceed the median. When the median falls in the lower terminal category of an open-end distribution, the method of presentation is to show the initial value of the next category followed by a minus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "Less than \$5,000," it is shown as "\$5,000-." When the median falls in the upper terminal category of an open-end distribution, the method of presentation is to show the initial value of the terminal category followed by a plus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "75 years and over," it is shown as "75+." The mean is the arithmetic average derived by adding the values in a particular distribution and dividing by the number of units in the distribution.

Symbols.-A dash "-" signifies zero. Three dots "..." mean not applicable, or that the base for the derived figure is too small for it to be shown, or that the data are being withheld to avoid disclosure of information for individuals. The symbol "U" means that the place is "unincorporated."

Boundaries.—Information on changes in the boundaries of tracts between 1960 and 1970 for this area appears after the Introduction. Information on boundary changes between 1960 and 1970 for certain types of areas other than tracts is given in the 1970 Population Census PC(1)-A report for each State.

DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

The 1970 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. In 1960, self-enumeration was first introduced on a nationwide scale as a substitute for the traditional census direct interview.

A census questionnaire was delivered by postal carriers to every household several days before Census Day, April 1, 1970. This questionnaire contained certain explanatory information and was accompanied by an instruction sheet; in areas with comparatively large proportions of Spanish-speaking persons, a Spanish version of the instruction sheet was also enclosed.

In the larger metropolitan areas and some adjacent counties, altogether containing about three-fifths of the population of the United States, the householder was requested to fill out and mail back the form on Census Day, Approximately 87 percent of the householders did so. The mailedback forms were reviewed by the census enumerator (or, in some localities, a census clerk) and if the form was determined to be incomplete or inconsistent, a followup was made. The bulk of these followups were made by telephone, the rest by personal visit. For the households which did not mail back their forms, a followup was also made, in almost all cases by personal visit and in the remainder by telephone.

For the remaining two-fifths of the population, the householder was requested to fill out the form and give it to the enumerator when he called; approximately 80 percent did so. Incomplete and unfilled forms were completed by interview during the enumerator's visit.

Three types of questionnaires were used throughout the country; 80 percent of the households answered a form containing a limited number of population and housing questions and the remainder, split into 15-percent and 5-percent samples, answered forms which contained these questions as well as a number of additional questions. Some of the additional questions were the same on the 15-percent and 5-percent versions; others were different. A random procedure was used to determine which of the three forms anv particular household answered.

In the metropolitan and adjacent areas, the designated type of questionnaire was sent to each household. In the remaining areas, the questionnaire

INTRODUCTION-Continued

with a limited number of questions was distributed to all households, and the enumerators obtained the additional information by interview in those households designated for the 15-percent and 5-percent samples.

PROCESSING PROCEDURES

The 1970 census questionnaires were specially designed to be processed by FOSDIC (Film Optical Sensing Device for Input to Computer). For most items on the questionnaire, the information supplied by the respondent or obtained by the enumerator was indicated by marking the answers in predesignated positions that would be "read" by FOSDIC from a microfilm copy of the questionnaire onto computer magnetic tape with no intervening manual processing. A number of the items, however, required reviewing written entries to determine the proper code. Consequently, the processing involved a manual coding and editing operation in which clerks determined the appropriate codes and marked the specified positions on the questionnaire; for example, the clerks applied a 2-digit numerical code for the country-of-birth entry. These marks, as well as those made by the respondent and enumerator, were read by FOSDIC onto magnetic tape.

The tape containing the information from the questionnaires was processed on the Census Bureau's computers through a number of editing and tabulation steps (see Appendix C, "Accuracy of the Data"). One of the end results of this operation was a computer tape from which the tables in this report were prepared on a cathode-ray-tube phototypesetting machine at the Government Printing Office. Another end result was the summary tapes which are available for purchase, as described in Appendix D, "Publication and Computer Summary Tape Program."

Census tract comparability tables are not provided in this report because the area was tracted for the first time for 1970.

Table P-1. General Characteristics of the Population: 1970

[For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Contract Transfer	0	Imsted County					<u> </u>	Rochester				
Census Tracts	Total	Rochester	Balance	Tract 0001	Tract 0002	Tract 0003	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0006	Tract 0007	Tract 0008	Tract 0010
RACE					<u> </u>					······		
All persons White Negro	84 104 83 357 222	53 766 53 106 186	30 338 30 251 36	917 876 16	4 677 4 593 15	5 356 5 316 12	5 422 5 348 18	4 299 4 135 7	5 507 5 477 16	3 896 3 872 10	687 678 2	2 935 2 915
Percent Negro	0.3	0.3	0.1	1.7	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	10 0.3
Mele, all ages Under 5 years	39 861 4 391	24 407 2 620	15 454 1 771	338 6	2 153 250	2 357 180	2 052	1 512 111	2 431	1 870	381	1 412
3 and 4 years 5 to 9 years 5 years	1 695 5 076 1 002	1 013 2 931 589	682 2 145 413	2 9 3	85 236 66	81 214 34	147 58 188 26	33 93 19	208 85 233 49	161 63 229 35	2 - 2	187 74 183
6 years 10 to 14 years 14 years	977 4 574 867	561 2 585 488	416 1 989 379	3 7 3	45 190 32	41 216 51	38 233 42	16 108 23	40 263 54	38 237		37 35 131 17
15 to 19 years 15 years	3 480 813 756	2 058 451 447	1 422 362 309	46 5 4	205 42 44	191 37	232	152 26	255 49	48 166 39	2 35 5	105
17 years	765 641 505	441 399 320	324 242 185	5 17 15	44 42 42 35	40 43 38	44 55 57 39	21 20 45 40	54 63 54	40 33 23	7	30 21 20
20 to 24 yeors	2 301 408 351	1 561 282 247	740 126 104	24	159 26 29	33 183 37	37 99 20	227 47	35 185 41	31 98 26	32 12	13 88 17
25 to 34 years	6 315 4 522 3 653	4 036 2 795 2 286	2 279 1 727	43 37	348 194	39 309 199	17 229 232	37 240 135	25 295 233	17 221 220	8 39 23 61	11 304 162
55 to 59 yeors	1 482 1 260	899 824	1 367 583 436	44 28 26	180 83 75	236 124 123	275 115 108	120 61 79	324 106 112	214 109 81	61 42 43 51	118 39 27
75 years and over Female, all ages	1 725 1 082 44 243	1 080 732 29 359	645 350 14 884	46 22 579	132 101 2 524	229 153 2 999	116 78 3 370	115 71 2 787	128 89 3 076	80 54 2 026	51 42 306	39 29 1 523
Under 5 years 3 and 4 years 5 to 9 years	4 075 1 638 4 812	2 451 997 2 766	1 624 641 2 046	7 2 5	237 98 208	195 73 223	137 60 202	82 30 111	196 73 209	154 64 210	1	182 74 176
5 yeors 6 yeors 10 to 14 yeors	877 987 4 307	530 583 2 493	347 404 1 814	3 10	40 38	53 43 223	38 48 236	15 22 101	40 48 255	36 51 216	- - 5	38 35 160
14 years 15 to 19 years 15 years	786 4 012 749	436 2 787 464	350 1 225	115	165 35 218 41	43 227 43	43 495 48	24 405 28	43 289 53	46 213 43	1 24	27 106
16 yeors 17 yeors 18 yeors	728 698 929	426 413 728	285 302 285 201	6 1 52	32 45 60	46 24 63	59 38 161	23 22 126	52 51	43 49	4 3 3 7	19 23 22 19
19 years	908 4 317 951	756 3 268 788	152 1 049 163	55 171 75	40 229 43	51 233 46	189 583 215	206 702 181	67 66 288 72	47 31 116	7 17	23
21 years 25 to 34 years	849 6 725 4 452	678 4 405 2 823	171 2 320 1 629	41 40 22	5) 370 214	59 335	131 307	149 294	68 320	24 25 237	4 22	27 19 313
45 to 54 years	3 865 1 760 1 533	2 578 1 249 1 102	1 287 511 431	38 27 38	214 209 143 115	251 294 209 185	290 327 175	143 184 135	310 360 157	222 262 127	34 55 23	149 125 46 38
65 to 74 years	2 468 1 917	1 864	604 344	59 47	231 185	336 288	172 268 178	167 271 192	139 252 301	69 117 83	29 43 51	38 51 27
RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD		** ***							_			
All persons In households Head of household	84 104 81 521 25 202	53 766 51 257 17 046	30 338 30 264 8 156	917 716 431	4 677 4 577 1 562	5 356 5 140 1 979	5 422 4 776 1 781	4 299 4 084 1 869	5 507 5 212 1 775	3 896 3 896 1 186	687 6 2	2 935 2 927 890
Head of family Primary individual Wife of head	19 860 5 342 18 125	12 485 4 561 11 204	7 375 781 6 921	127 304 90	1 162 400 1 001	1 336 643 1 145	1 110 671 978	798 1 071 640	1 326 449 1 123	1 023 163 939	2	771 119 711
Other relative of head Not related to head In group quarters	36 140 2 054 2 583	21 270 1 737 2 509	14 870 317 74	113 82 201	1 871 143 100	1 832 184 216	1 715 302 646	1 016 559 215	2 152 162 295	1 730	2 681	1 279 47 8
Persons per household	3.23	3.01	3.71	1.66	2.93	2,60	2,68	2.19	2.94	3.28	•••	3.29
CHILDREN All families	19 860	12 485	7 375	127	1 162	1 336	1 110	704	1 204	1 000		
With own children under 18 years	12 517 30 961	7 638 18 084	4 879 12 877	32 61	634 1 484	643 1 443	581 1 417	798 324 700	1 326 710 1 641	1 023 583 1 435	2 2 2	771 492 1 128
Husbond-wife families With own children under 18 years Number of children	18 125 11 689 29 220	11 204 7 026 16 892	6 921 4 663 12 328	90 25 42	1 001 571 1 355	1 145 544 1 249	978 541 1 343	640 276 626	1 123 612 1 473	939 537 1 334	2 2 2	711 454 1 045
Percent of total under 18 years Families with other male head With own children under 18 years	92.0 330 102	91.4 176	93.0 154 41	63.6 6	88.4 25 6	84.2 21 8	93.0 18 6	83.9 20	87.4 29	91,7 13	4.0 -	90.5 12
Number of children Families with female head	205 1 405	61 110 1 105	95 300	i 31	11 136	12 170	9 114	6 10 138	8 15 174	5 9 71	-	8 18 48
With own children under 18 years Number of children Percent of total under 18 years	726 1 536 4.8	551 1 082 5.9	175 454 3.4	6 18 27.3	57 118 7.7	91 182 12.3	34 65 4.5	42 64 8,6	90 153 9.1	41 92 6.3	-	30 65 5.6
Persons under 18 years	31 744	18 488	13 256	66	1 532	1 484	1 444	746	1 686	1 454	50	1 155
MARITAL STATUS Mole, 14 years old and over	26 687	16 759	9 928	319	1 509	1 798	1 526	1 223	1 781	1 291	370	928
Single Married Separated Widowed	6 990 18 677 124	4 413 11 639 94 240	2 577 7 038 30	154 101 3	405 1 036 10	449 1 228 17	447 1 025 4	460 681 13	523 1 167 16	299 957 4	239 88 8	177 718
Widowed Divorced Female, 14 years old and over	552 468 31 835	360 347 22 085	192 121 9 750	31 33 560	42 26 1 949	67 54 2:401	31 23 2 838	36 46 2 517	48 43 2 459	19 16 1 492	21 22 299	19 14
Single Morried Separated	8 985 18 895 201	7 059 11 785 150	1 926 7 110	334 116 10	520 1 042 15	543 1 228 16	1 465 1 037 10	1 410 701 25	780 1 198	339 972	127 85	1 032 211 734
Widowed	3 024 931	2 444 797	51 580 134	88 22	298 89	486 144	264 72	317 89	22 360 121	8 142 39	4 55 32	7 50 37

CENSUS TRACTS

Table P-1. General Characteristics of the Population: 1970-Continued

[For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

·			Rock	nester — Con.		· · · · · ·			Balance o	f Olmsted Co	unty	<u> </u>
Census Tracts	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Troct 0013	Troct 0014	Tract 0015	Trect 0016	Tract 0017	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0007	Tract 0009	Troci 0010
RACE					·· _·····					-12- 12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-12-1		
All persons White Negro	698 691 2	1 133 1 131 1	2 560 2 540 7	3 936 3 892 24	6 465 6 410 24	4 286 4 261 9	992 971 13		89 89	478 476	6 657 6 617 24	9 9
Percent Negro	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.6	0.4	0.2	1.3	-	-	-	0.4	-
Mole, all ages	346 38	558 57	1 286 179	1 931 320	3 244 450	2 066 213	470	-	33	243 21	3 410 493	5
3 and 4 years 5 ta 9 years 5 years	9 38 9	25 55 10	80 244 51	121 317 73	181 571 110	84 255 50	32 64 17		i 	6 45 10	191 523 102	1
6 years 10 to 14 years 14 years	8 22 6	16 75 23	51 177 30	63 196 33	118 453 71	36 253 52	13 15 1		- 3 1	10 33 4	102 432 76	
15 to 19 years	26 7 3	53 10 16	88 25 20	86 22 23	199 62 39	209 53 50	10 4	-	1 ī	24 5 1	261 53 64	-
17 years 18 years 19 years 20 to 24 years	8	12 6 9	11 15 17	16 14 11	44 36 18	57 32 17	3 1 1	-		7 7 4	54 49 41	~
20 years 21 years 25 to 34 years	55 5 7 61	41 5 4 89	40 5 7 268	118 12 13 490	92 13 13	88 12 13 267	32	-	7 	11 2 1 25	204 29 29 622	
35 to 44 years	43 35 6	62 60 16	172 68 12	230 93 26	658 522 198 48	309 246 80	175 22 14	-	4 2	25 29 24 12	369 241 94	
60 to 64 years65 to 74 years75 years and aver	8 8 6	28 16 6	21 9 8	18 15 22	21 25 7	51 64 31	37	-	-	14 11 4	57 85 29	ī
Femele, all ages Under 5 years 3 and 4 years	352 36	575 54 22	1 274 186 82	2 005 297 115	3 221 414 188	2 220 192 78	522 81 27	-	56 3	235 19 10	3 247 400 140	4
5 to 9 years	26 3 5	56 11 10	219 42 65	288 58 58	534 102 103	241 39 44	27 56 12 13	-	1	36 4 3	480 89 89	-
10 to 14 years 14 years 15 to 19 years	23 4 27	59 9 48	155 21 84	191 28 102	422 57 211	247 49 215	25 3		10	30 6 28	399 77 234	
15 yeors 16 yeors 17 yeors	4 2 6	12 9 9	30 12 21	22 18 22 22	64 56 42	49 42 55	$\frac{3}{3}$		ī	7 8 6	47 61 48	
18 years 19 years 20 to 24 years	10 5 69	9 9 74	12 9 67	18 202	31 18 166	41 28 145	1 1 56		4 5 34	4 3 12	38 40 301	- - -
20 years 21 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	12 12 48	13 84 67	7 15 302	19 24 513	28 20 738	26 35 323	3 12 159		3 5 3	4 4 30	42 50 637	- 1
45 to 54 years	50 33 9 10	65 19 20	129 74 24 12	189 84 23 15	418 198 45 29	314 258 80 62	21 12 7 2		3	31 21 8 10	321 231 72 56	-
65 to 74 years 75 years and over	15 6	22 7	13	20 81	28 18	95 48	43 52	-	-	73	82 34	1
RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD	698	1 133	2 560	3 936	6 465	4 286	992	_	89	478	6 657	
In households Head of household Head of family	698 263 189	1 133 370 286	2 560 607 582	3 811 1 050 931	6 454 1 623 1 506	4 286 1 303 1 086	981 355 250	-	84 28 6	470 116 105	6 657 1 758 1 624	9 3 3
Primory individual Wife of head Other relative of head Not related to head	74 171 244	84 260 481	25 559 1 376	119 874 1 821	117 1 451 3 326	217 1 024 1 930	105 236 382		22 4 8	11 91 258	134 1 542 3 297	33
In group quarters Persons per household	20 - 2.65	3.06	18 	66 125 3.63	54 11 3.98	29 	8 11 2.76		44 5 3.00	5 8 4.05	60 	-
TYPE OF FAMILY AND NUMBER OF OWN CHILDREN												
All families With own children under 18 years Number of children	189 101 208	286 176 416	582 486 1 270	931 734 1 701	1 506 1 251 3 120	1 086 716 1 693	250 173 365	-	6 5 8	105 68 206	1 624 1 184 2 974	3 2 2
Husband-wife families With own children under 18 years Number of children	171 91 188	260 160 395	559 474 1 231	874 691 1 616	1 451 1 202 3 019	1 024 681 1 626	236 165 348	-	4 3	91 63	1 542 1 124	3 22
Percent of total under 18 years Femilies with other male head With own children under 18 years	88.7	93.2 6	96.2 1	93.3 10	95.8 5	95.3 8	95.1 2	-	5 45.5 1	185 84.9 7	2 813 92.1 13	2 • • • • •-
Number of children		20	22	8 47	5 13 50	2 3 54	-	-	1 1 1	1 7 7	5 9 69	
With own children under 18 years Number of children Percent of total under 18 years	10 20 9.4	15 20 4.7	12 39 3.0	38 77 4.4	44 88 2.8	33 64 3.7	8 17 4.6		1 2 18.2	4 14 6.4	55 152 5.0	
Persons under 18 years MARITAL STATUS	212	424	1 279	1 732	3 151	1 707	366	-	11	218	3 054	3
Male, 14 years old and over Single Married	254 68	394 116	716 142	1 131 201	1 841 359	1 397 339	281 35	-	30 19	148 48	2 038 433	4
Separated Widowed Divorced	177 1 3 6	266 3 1 11	564 3 8 2	898 6 14 18	1 458 1 8 16	1 037 3 8	238 1 4		7	96 2 4	1 556 2 22	1 1 00
Femele, 14 years old and over	271 57	415 106	735 134	1 257 236	1 908 353	13 1 589 394	4 363 50	-	4 51 45	156 54	27 2 045 339	3
Married Separated Widawed Divorced	178 4 30	269 6 28	563 21	903 8 81 27	1 472 7 52	1 049 7 104	238 1 68		5	54 95 1 4	1 579 12 80	1 20 1
	6	12	17	37	31	42	7		1	3	47	

Table P-1. General Characteristics of the Population: 1970-Continued

[For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

					Balan	ce of Olmsted	County Con	•				
Census Tracts	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0015	Tract 0016	Tract 0017	Tract 0018	Tract 0019	Tract 0020	Tract 0021	Tract 0022
RACE												
All persons	1 676 1 673	2 011 2 006	19 19	331 328	143 143	2 104 2 093	286 286	1 419 1 417	3 945 3 940	4 814 4 809	2 802 2 795	3 555 3 551
Negro Percent Negro		5 0.2	-	-	_	3 0.1	-	-	1	-	1	2 0.1
AGE BY SEX												
Male, all ages Under 5 years	825 74	1 028 95	10	178 23 7	74 15	1 093 147	1 42 21	688 86	2 030 182	2 489 238	1 374 167	1 832 208
3 and 4 yeors5 to 9 yeors5 to 9 yeors5	25 122 18	34 115 28	2	7 18 7	14	38 140	7 2]	34 126	81 265	97 311	68 214	89 228
5 years 6 years 10 to 14 years	21 123	20 177		5 21	4 3 4	19 26 106	6 2 19	26 22 62	54 51 274	52 58 348	38 48 158	49 47 225
14 years 15 to 19 years	33 93	29 137	1	3 24	26	22 78	3 13	8 51	50 179	72 279	24 108	50 167
15 years 16 years	26 20 22	40 37 35	-	85	5	21 17	4	14 10	52 37	67 61	23 20	44 35
17 years 18 years 19 years	12 13	20 5	-	4 6 1		17 16 7	3 2 3	13 8 6	40 32 18	69 41 41	28 21 16	35 32 28 28
20 to 24 years20 years	24 5	15 6	-	6	i _	98 16	2	28 4	90 21	101 22	63 6	90 15
21 years 25 to 34 years	5 106	4 121	2	21	20	14 182	27	2 149	14 269	13 250	7 231	15 240
35 to 44 years 45 to 54 years 55 to 59 years	124 86 30	159 115 35	2	18 19 5	11 3	126 101 41	16 8 5	75 43 28	217 196 96	254 262 106	140 95 54	182 170 77
60 to 64 years65 to 74 years	13 18	35 25 24	-	7 14	-	27 33	5 4	10 17	87 109	100 153	36 59	65 117
75 years and over Female, all ages	12 851	10 983	- 9	2 153	- 69	14 1 011	1 144	13 731	66 1 915	87 2 325	49 1 428	63 1 723
Under 5 years 3 and 4 years	83 41	82 29	-	18 7	17 5	110 39	20 7	102 36	186 75	212 90	184 87	187
5 to 9 years	121 22 20	134 24 27	2	12	8	126 25 27	25 4	119	263 43	294 49	192 33 35	233 33
6 years	120 120 22	147 33	-	25 4	3 4	121 23	5 19 1	22 83 16	59 217 41	60 299 55	145 27	49 204 45
15 to 19 years 15 years	76 18	91	3	10 1	3	75 14	13 3	45 11	17i 44	208 59	109 26	149
16 years17 years	14 26	25 22 22	1	2 4	3	15 19	1	15	41 45	57 47	23 21	41 33
18 years 19 years 20 to 24 years	8 10 33	15 7 37	2	1		12 15 128	2 2 7	10 3 43	23 18 101	28 17 123	23 16 110	30 15 104
20 years 21 years	6	6 6	-	1	-	27 26	-	3 8	11 19	17	19 15	24 14
25 to 34 years	132 131	129 163	2	2) 20	21	159 101	24 12	152	270 217	266 260	239 131	236 163
45 to 54 yeors 55 to 59 yeors 60 to 64 yeors	76 25 16	103 33 28	2	17 6 2	3	98 36 20	5 9 4	37 22 11	180 85 74	255 92 103	94 53 47	162 70 60
65 to 74 years	22 16	25 11	-	9 3	ī	21 16	3	28 20	103 48	130 83	68 56	105
RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD												
All persons	1 676 1 676	2 011 2 011	19 19	331 331	143 143	2 104 2 080	286 286	1 419 1 419	3 945 3 945	4 814 4 791	2 802 2 802	3 555 3 541
Head of household	424 397	505 473	4	86 82	36 35	593 534	66 61	385 348	1 120 997	1 297 1 148	800 687	935 871
Primary individual Wife of head Other relative of head	27 381 857	32 460 1 027	4	81 163	35 72	505 964	5 58 158	37 334 686	123 929 1 863	149 1060 2380	113 633 1 352	64 801 1 771
Not related to head	14	19	-	1	-	18 24	4	14	33	54 23	17	34 14
Persons per household	3.95	3.98	•••	3.85	3.97	3.51	4.33	3.69	3.52	3.69	3.50	3.79
TYPE OF FAMILY AND NUMBER OF OWN CHILDREN												
All families With own children under 18 years Number of children	397 290 745	473 339 907	4 3 8	82 51 136	35 32 69	534 332 835	61 44 139	348 256 637	997 605 1614	1 148 693 1 980	687 443 1 166	871 532 1 451
Husband-wife families With own children under 18 years	381 279	460 330	4	81 51	35 32	505 318	58 44	334 247	929 583	1 060 655	633 415	801 514
Number of children Percent of total under 18 years	720 93.6	889 95,5	8 100,0	136 96.5	69 98.6	806 94.5	139 97.9	610 94.3	1 562 94.9	1 889 91,6	1 084 90.3	1 411 94.1
Families with other male head With own children under 18 years	4 4	2 1	-	-	Ξ	12 6	1	2 1	38 4	32	13 3	29 6
Number of children Families with famale head	9 12	3 11	-	- 1	-	11 17	- 2	4 12	13 30	18 56	7 41	13 41
With own children under 18 years Number of children	7	8 15	_	2	~	8 18	-	8 23	18 39	29 73	25 75	12 27
Percent of total under 18 years Persons under 18 years	2.1 769	1.6 931	- 8	141	70	2.1 853	142	3.6 647	2.4 1 646	3.5 2062	6.2 1 201	1.8
MARITAL STATUS		·										
Male, 14 years old and over Single	539 145	670 193	6 2	119 34	43 8	722 180	84 22	422 76	1 359 361	1 664 507	859 191	1 221
Married Separated	384	464	4	83 1	35	515 3	61	336	950 6	1 087	640 1	817 817
Widowed Divorced	5 5	7 6	_	1	-	14 13	1	4 6	35 13	48 22	17	34 13
Female, 14 years old and over Single	549 122	653 154	7 3	102 17	40 4	677 113	81 15	443 67	1 290 251	1 575 325	934 175	1 144 242
Morried Separated	392 4	472 5	4	83	35	528 6	61	339 1	951 6	1 094	652 6	817
Widowed Divorced	28 7	24 3	-	1	1	24 12	5	31 6	78 10	139 17	88 19	77 8

CENSUS TRACTS

Table P-1. General Characteristics of the Population: 1970-Continued

[[]For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

_	<u></u>				Totals	for split tracts	5				
Census Tracts	Tract 0004	Trect 0005	Troct 0007	Tract 0010	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0015	Tract 0016	Tract 0017
RACE											
All persons	5 422 5 348	4 388 4 224	4 374 4 348	2 944 2 924	2 374 2 364	3 144 3 137	2 579 2 559	4 267 4 220	6 608 6 553	6 390 6 354	1 278 1 257
Negro Percent Negro	18 0.3	7 0.2	10 0,2	10 0.3	2 0.1	6 0.2	2 007 7 0.3	24 0.6	24 0.4	12 0.2	13 1.0
AGE BY SEX											
Male, atl ages Under 5 years	2 052 147	1 545 112	2 113 182	1 417	1 171 112	1 586 152	1 296 179	2 109 343	3 318 465	3 159 360	612
3 and 4 years 5 to 9 years	58 188	34 93	69 274	187 74 184	34 160	59 170	80 246	128 335	185 585	\22 395	132 39 85 23 15 34
5 years6 years	26 38	19 16	45 48	37 36	27 29	38 36	51 51	80 68	114 121	69 62	23 15
10 to 14 years14 years	233 42	111 24	270 52	132 18	145 39	252 52	180 31	217 36	457 73 205	359 74	4
15 to 19 years	232 44 55	153 26 22	190 44	105 21	119 33	190 50 53	89 25 20	110 30	205 67 39	287 74	23 8
) & years 17 years 18 years	57 39	20 45	41 40 30	30 21 20	33 23 29 20	47	11 15	28 20 20	44	67 74 48	6
19 years20 to 24 years	37 99	40 234	35 109	13 88	14 79	26 14 56	18 40	12 124	36 19 93	24 186	4 34
20 years21 years	20 17	47 37	28 18	17 11	10 12	11 8	5 7	12 13	13 13	28 27	
25 to 34 years	229 232	255 139	246 249	305 163	167 167	210 221	268 174	511 248	678 533	449 435 347	202 38 22 9
45 to 54 years60 to 64 years60 to 64 years60 to 64 years60 to 64 years	275 115 108	122 61 79	238 121 85	118 39	121 36	175 51	70 12	112 31	201 48	121	22 9 8
65 to 74 years 75 years and over	108	115 71	91 58	27 40 29	21 26 18	53 40 16	21 9 8	25 29 24	21 25 7	78 97 45	11 14
Female, oll ages	3 370	2 843	2 261	1 527	1 203	1 558	1 283	2 158	3 290	3 231	666
Under 5 years 3 and 4 years 5 to 9 years	137 60	85 30	173 74	183 74	119 52	136 51	186 82	315 122	431 193	302 117	101 34
5 years	202 38 48	112 16 22	246 40 54	176 38 35	147 25 25	190 35 37	221 42 67	300 58 61	542 103 106	367 64 71	81 16 18
10 to 14 years14 years	236 43	102 24	246 52	160 27	143 26	206 42	155 21	216	426	368 72	44
15 to 19 years 15 years	495 48	415 28	241 50	106	103	139 37	87 30	32 112 23	214	290	21
16 years17 years	59 38	24 22	51 55	23 22 19	22 16 32	31 31	13 21	20 26	64 56 45	63 57 74	1
18 years 19 years	161 189	130 211	51 34	23	32 18 15	24 16	14	24 19	31	53 43	3
20 to 24 years	583 215	736 184	128 28 29	150 27	102 18	111 15 19	67 7	212 20	172 28 20	273 53	63 3
21 years 25 to 34 years	131 307	154 297	267	19 314	18 180	213	15 302	26 534	759	61 482	12 183
35 to 44 years 45 to 54 years 55 to 59 years	290 327 175	144 187	253 283	150 125	181 109	230 168	131 76	209 101	424 201	415 356	33 17 16
60 to 64 years	175 172 268	135 167 271	135 79 124	46 38 52	34 26 37	52 48	24 12	29 17	45 29	116 82 116	6 46
75 years and over	178	192	86	27	22	47 18	13 9	29 84	28 19	64	55
RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD											
All persons	5 422 4 776	4 388 4 168	4 374 4 366	2 944 2 936	2 374 2 374	3 144 3 144	2 579 2 579	4 267 4 142	6 608 6 597	6 390 6 366	1 278 1 267
Head of household Head of family	1 781 1 110	1 897 804	1 302 1 128	893 774	687 586	875 759	611 586	1 136	1 659 1 541	1 896 1 620	421 311
Primary individual	671 978	1 093	174	119 714	101 552	116 720	25 563	123 955	118 1 486	276 1 529	110 294
Other relative of head Not related to head In group quarters	1 715 302 646	1 024 603 220	1 988 46 8	1 282 47 8	1 101 34	1 508 41	1 387 18	1 984 67	3 398 54	2 894	540 12
Persons per household	2.68	2.20	3.35	3.29	3.46	3.59	4.22	125 3.65	11 3.98	24 3.36	11 3.01
TYPE OF FAMILY AND NUMBER OF OWN CHILDREN											
All families With own children under 18 years	1 110 581	804 329	1 128 651	774 494	586 391	759 515	586 489	1 013 785	1 541 1 283	1 620 1 048	311 217
Number of children Husband-wife families	1 417 978	708 644	1 641 1 030	1 130 714	953 552	1 323 720	1 278 563	1 837 955	3 189 1 486	2 528	504 294
With own children under 18 years Number of children	541 1 343	279 631	600 1 519	456	370 908	490	477	742 1 752	1 234 3 088	999 2 432	209 487
Percent of total under 18 years Families with other male head	93.0 18	83.4 21	90.8 20	90.4 12	92.6	94.8	96.3	93.5	95.9	95.0	95.9
With own children under 18 years Number of children	6	7 11	6 16	8 18	4 9	8 2 4	1 -	10 5 8	5 5	20 8	3
Families with female head	114	139	78	48	30	31	- 22	48	13 50	14 71	14
With own children under 18 years Number of children Percent of total under 18 years	34 65	43 66	45 106	30 65	17 36	23 35	12 39	38 77	44 88	41 82	8 17
Persons under 18 years	4.5 1 444	8.7 757	6.3 1 672	5.6 1 158	3.7 981	2.6 1 355	3.0 1 287	4.1 1 873	2.7 3 221	3.2 2 560	3.3 508
MARITAL STATUS											
Male, 14 years old and overSingle	1 526 447	1 253 479	1 439 347	932 178	793 213	1 064	722	1 250	1 884	2 119	365
Married Separated	1 025	688 13	1 053	721	561	309 730 3	144 568	235 981	367 1 493	519 1 552	57 299
Widowed Divorced	31 23	36 50	23 16	19 14	8 11	8 17	- 3 - 8 - 2	15	1 8	6 22 24	5
Female, 14 years old end over	2 838	2 568	1 648	1 035	820	1 068	742	19 1 359	16 1948	26 2 266	444
Single Married Separated	1 465	1 455 706	393	211 737	179 570	260 741	137 567	253 986	357 1 507	507 1 577	65 299
Widowed	10 264 72	25 317	9 146	7 50	8 58	11 52	21	8 82	7 53	13 128	~'i 73
	<u>/2</u>	90	42	37	13	15	17	38	31	54	7

Table P-2. Social Characteristics of the Population: 1970

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Courses Transfer	0	Imsted County					· · · · ·	Rochester				
Census Tracts	Total	Rochester	Balance	Tract 0001	Tract 0002	Tract 0003	Tract 0004	Troct 0005	Tract 0006	Tract 0007	Tract 0008	Tract 0010
NATIVITY, PARENTAGE, & COUNTRY OF ORIGIN												
All persons Native of native parentage Native of foreign or mixed parentage	84 104 73 799 8 410	53 766 46 360	30 338 27 439	873 714	4 721 3 772	5 244 4 396	5 422 4 516	4 299 3 535	5 507 4 598	3 896 3 360	799 667	2 990 2 700
Foreign born	1 895	5 850 1 556	2 560 339	124 35	710 239	756 92	658 248	537 227	822 87	426 110	108 24	238 52
Foreign stockUnited Kingdom	10 305 752	7 406 504	2 899 248	159 8	949 34	848 29	906 140	764 27	909 59	536 26	1 32 24	290
Ireland (Eire)	351 523	245 387	106 136	16 5	38 44	27	26 37	31 19	39 85	16 33	7	13
Germany Poland	2 962 198	1 953 150	1 009	17	305	320 33	125 17	220 14	358	128	58	82 7
CzechoslovakiaAustria	160 127	122	38 21	75	. 14 19	ĩĩ	12 6	15	7	- 21 	-	14
HungaryU,S.S.R	38 187	38 123	64	-	21	8 16	-	15	8 13	7	-	87
ItolyCanoda	169 1 033	140 772	29 261	6 28	42	31	22 210	43	14 113	12	7	14 15
Mexico Cubo	89 15	89 15	-	**	-	-	10 5	-	-	-	-	36
Other AmericaAll other and nat reported	229 3 472	199 2 563	30 909	9 58	101 331	52 321	296	358	213	210	36	94
Persons of Spanish language: Other persons of Spanish surname:	588	504	84	4	94	66	38	23	-	22	-	42
Persons of Spanish mother tongue Persons of Puerto Rican birth or parentage	401	333	 88 -	4	80		38	15		`is	···· 	 36
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT												
Enrolled persons, 3 to 34 years old Nursery school Public	25 707 509 69	15 655 416	10 052 93	262	1 202 53	1 199	1 900 51	92 0 6	1 474 5]	1 251 23	63	984 44
Kindergorten Public	1 939	60 1 187	752	13	113	5 142	24 42	33	5 104	14 97	-	91
Elementary Public	1 903 14 790 13 494) 162 8 390	741 6 400	13 47	106 606	· 142 637	42 707	33 316	92 679	97 707	15	91 580
High school Public	5 735	7 342 3 343 2 924	6 152 2 392 2 304	47 36	464 285	580 243	581 484	212 207	475 502	611 309	15	561 203
College	2 734	2 319	415	36 166	229 145	215 172	378 616	122 358	449 138	287 115	9 39	203 66
Percent enrolled in school by age: 16 and 17 years	92.8	90.5	96.3		79.4	82.1	94.7	76.6	99.9	99 .9	72.7	91.2
18 and 19 years 20 and 21 years	55.5 27.9	57.5 33.7	50.0 6.2	59.8 67.6	50.0 27.9	58.3 22.1	72.2	50.9 27.9	39.8 22.2	58,1 27,8	86.5	77.6 10.2
22 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	9.5 5.9	11.4 7.1	5.0 3.7	43.3 10.1	6.6 7.3	10.2 4.8	28.1 16.4	12.4 10.5	12.8 7.0	16.1 3.3	-	7.4
Percent 16 to 21 years not high school graduates and not enrolled in school	5.1	4,4	6.8	4.7	5.9	6.6	1.7	3.0	3.9	2.8	33.7	7.2
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED												
Persons, 25 years old and over No school years completed	42 760 98	28 263 73	14 497 25	522 5	2 569	3 168 5	2 875	2 207	3 140 13	2 101	660	1 485
Elementary: 1 to 4 years 5 to 7 years	332 1 664	260 998	72 666	25 53	21 132	51 191	10 49	18 163	58 151	5 33	38 54	6 42
8 years High school: 1 to 3 years	6 458 4 170	3 509 2 495	2 949 1 675	108 74	376 282	658 381	178	348 276	580 330	305 297	238 85	179 96
4 years Coflege: 1 to 3 years	15 312 7 030	9 727 5 107	5 585 1 923	115 70	854 390	1 166 434	642 685	598 400	1 069	844 339	155	546 218
4 years or more Median school years completed	7 696 12.6	6 094 12.7	1 602	72 11.8	509 12,5	282 12.3	1 191 14.9	384 12.5	478 12.4	278 12.5	48 9.0	398 12.8
Percent high school graduates	70.2	74.0	62.8	49.2	68.2	59.4	87.6	62.6	63.9	69.5	37.1	78.2
Women, 35 to 44 years old ever married	4 272	2 616	1 656	36	164	209	261	95	244	193	6	163
Children ever born Per 1,000 women ever married	14 819 3 469	8 582 3 281	6 23/ 3 766	85 2 361	3 652	653 3 124	953 3 651	316 3 326	936 3 836	641 3 321	12	531 3 258
RESIDENCE IN 1965 Persons, 5 years old and ever, 1970 ²	75 665	48 712	26 953	860	4 237	4 880	5 140	4 112	5 105	3 583	789	2 620
Same house as in 1970 Different house:	37 155	22 248	14 907	305	2 222	2 559	2 435	1 581	2 771	2 321	219	855
In central city of this SMSA In other part of this SMSA	12 005 5 002	9 036 1 944	2 969 3 058	78 12	734 161	882 530	895 67	712 171	851 132	543 111	14 32	777 162
Outside this SMSA North and West	17 962 16 652	12 881 11 828	5 081	346 335 11	845 737	775 697	1 370 1 229	1 200	1 140 1 095	529 486	127 127	785 709
South Abroad	1 310 980	1 053 743	257 237	11 23	108 108	78 12	141 139	94 195	45 48	43 36	8	76 27
MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION AND PLACE OF WORK										_		
All workers Private auto: Driver	34 143 22 169	22 776 14 575	11 367 7 594	413 120	1 937 1 344	2 256	2 154 963	2 516 841	2 538 1 618	1 675 1 157	61 36	1 181 854
Passenger Bus or streetcar	3 798 670	2 743 648	1 055	12 13	220 58	337 128	179 19	187 73	375 88	261 89	-	139 40
Subway, elevated train, or railroad	4 130	3 595	535	254	200	369	942	1 195	225	74	25	56
Worked at home Other	2 455 921	670 545	1 785	14	58 57	18 71	31 20	149 71	169 63	65 29	-	29 63
Inside SMSA Rochester city	30 693 27 634	20 511 20 206	10 182 7 428	276 270	1 791 1 719	1 982 1 933	1 921 1 921	2 257 2 208	2 330 2 318	1 565 1 546	46 46	1 114
Remainder of Olmsted County	3 059 1 333	305 606	2 754 727	6 30	72	49 62	91	49 75	12	19 17	40	B 54
Place of work not reported	2 117	1 659	458	107	9ĭ	212	142	184	129	93	8	13

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'See text for definition. Includes "Moved, 1965 residence not reported."

Table P-2. Social Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

Data based on sample, see text,	For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) a	nd meaning of symbols, see text)
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			Roci	nester – Con.					Balance o	f Olmsted Co	unty]
Census Tracts	Troct 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0015	Tract 0016	Tract 0017	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0007	Tract 0009	Tract 0010
NATIVITY, PARENTAGE, & COUNTRY OF ORIGIN												
All persons	780 682	996 919	2 560 2 377	3 908 3 622	6 465 5 901	4 286 3 762	1 020	-	92 84	436 368	6 426 5 842	21
Native of foreign or mixed parentage	78 20	66 11	108 75	234 52	395 169	440 84	150 31	-	8	68	525 59	:::}
Foreign stock	98	77	183	286	564	524	181		8	68	584	
United Kingdom	-	-	21	51 20	33 30	52 7	22	-	-	7	27 22	
Ireland (Eire)	-	_	-	25	48	37	7	-	-		30	
Germony	20	10	18 25	34	102 13	m	45 13		-	777	173	
Czechoslovakia	_	6	-	5	31	-	-	-	-	-	7	
Austria Hungary	-	19	-	5	24	6 7	_	-	-	-		
U.S.S.R.	36	-	7	7	7 14	15	30	-	-	8	19	
Canada	-	18	29	-	64	54	35	-	-	-	72	• • •
MexicoCuba		-	4	-	36	7	6	-	-	-	-	
Other America	42	17	8 71	132	162	29 199	23	-		39	30 198	
Persons of Sponish language		18	64	10	36	87	²³	-	-		30	
Other persons of Sponish surname!	• • •	•••		•••					•••	• • •		•••
Persons of Spanish mother tongue Persons of Puerto Rican birth or parentage	-	12	<u>11</u>	5	15	36	_	-	-	-	30	
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT							}					
Enrolled persons, 3 to 34 years old	201 7	254	937 6	1 158 29	2 285 69	1 397 72	168	-	Ξ	141 7	2 099 13	
Public	-	-	6	6	-	-		_	-	-	-	•••
Kindergorten Public	=	-	118 112	128 128	219 219	72 72	15	-	-	-	176 176	
Elementary Public	126 94	142 142	607 578	764 746	1 569 1 384	797 761	91 91	-	-	74 74	1 402 } 284	
High school	44	98	131	119	304	369	-	-	-	60	346	
Public	44 24	98 14	107 75	113 118	265 124	369 87	62	-	-	60	309 162	
Percent enrolled in school by age:												
16 and 17 years 18 and 19 years	61.7	99.9 99.9	58.7 77.0	70.4 39.5	89.0 22.6	97.9 63.8	_	-	-	· • •	90.6 57.2	
20 and 21 years	17.6	-	23.1	8.3	27.5	30.2	-[-	-	-	13.5	
22 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	12.2	10.4	15.5 5.3	12.8 4.5	3.1 6.8	2.7 1.2	20.9	_	-	-	8.4 5.4	
Percent 16 to 21 years not high school graduates and not enrolled in school	4.9	4.3	_	11.1	3.6	2.8	-	-	_	-	4.4	
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED												
Persons, 25 years old and ever No school years completed	342	534	1 086 11	1 802 15	2 998	2 235	539	-	26	227	2 874	
Elementory: 1 to 4 years	-		8	10	าดี	-	-	-	-	5		
5 to 7 years8 years	14 37	10 90	10 45	37 95	93	59 118	61	-	-	22 33	135 430	
High school: 1 io 3 years	34 101	73 216	109 558	79 826	97 1 187	115	32	-		10 92	431 1 308	
College: 1 to 3 years	66	59	179	375	798	763 442	87 149	_	11 9	39	298	
4 years or more Median school years completed	90 12.9	86 12.4	166 12.6	365 12.8	808 13.4	729 13.4	210 14.8	-	6 13.7	26 12,5	272 12.3	
Percent high school graduates	75.1	67.6	83.1	86.9	93.2	86.5	82.7	-	100.0	69.2	65.3	
CHILDREN EVER BORN												
Women, 35 to 44 years old ever married Children ever born	58 169	70 218	178 633	195 538	432	302 959	10 45	-	-	17 40	291 1 038	
Per 1,000 women ever married	2 914	3 114	3 556	2 759	2 995	3 175	•••	-	-		3 567	•••
Persons, 5 years old and ever, 1970?	701	893	2 196	3 322	5 594	3 876	804	-	77	394	5 573	
Same house as in 1970	196	555	980	1 201	2 140	1 831	77	-	-	228	2 770	
In central city of this SMSA	112	70	317	778	1 185	888	200	-	7	107	914	
In other port of this SMSA Outside this SMSA	329	10 190	177 626	131 1 125	112 2 092	115 955	21 447	-	8 46	21 38	315 1 311	
North and WestSouthSouth	317 12	144 46	580 46	1 011 114	1 965	891 64	399 48	-	46	38	1 246	
Abroad	-	15	9	23	18	40	40	-	7	-	103	
MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION AND PLACE OF WORK												
A# workers Private auto: Driver	281	475 321	1 016 768	1 691 1 371	2 292 1 954	1 871 1 374	293 240	-	69 69	134 84	2 570 1 996	• • •
Possenger Bus or streetcar	54	92	146	256	187	291	7	-	-	-	325	• • •
Subway, elevated train, or railroad	-	-	_	5	41	68 -	12	-	-	-	6 -	
Walked to work Worked at home		32 11	11 36	46 13	33 36	73 35	8 20	-	-	32	54 115	• • •
Other	6	19	55	-	41	30	6	-	-	18	74	• • •
Inside SMSARochester city	367 351	444 424	775 758	1 572	2 081	1 697	293	-	69	115	2 390	
Remainder of Olmsted County	16	424 20	17	1 560 12	2 081	1 672	293	-	69	115	2 272 118	
Outside SMSA Place of work not reported	40	31	29 212	16 103	53 158	38 136	_	-	-	7 12	67 113	• • •
See text for definition. Includes "Moved										1 <i>4</i>		

'See text for definition. Includes "Moved, 1965 residence not reported."

Table P-2. Social Characteristics of the Population: 1970-Continued

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

					Balana	e of Olmsted	County Con	•				
Census Tracts	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0015	Tract 0016	Tract 0017	Tract 0018	Tract 0019	Tract 0020	Trect 0021	Tract 0022
NATIVITY, PARENTAGE, & COUNTRY OF ORIGIN									4 000	4 849	0 818	
All personsNative of notive parentage	1 769 1 495	1 940 1 768	71 65	373 373	155 143	2 124	288 228	1 362 1 252	4 000 3 572	4 863 4 386	2 818 2 560	3 600
Native of foreign or mixed parentage	233	115	6	· _	12	125	54	86	386	433	235	274
Foreign born	41	57	-	-	-	20	6	24	42	44	23	23
Foreign stock United Kingdom	274 15	172 48	6	-	12	145	60 9	110 20	428	4 77 44	258 6	297
treland (Eire)	-	7	6	-	-	27	22	-	8	14	-	
Sweden Germony	5 45	7 54	2	-	6	15 41	15	38	25 181	24 231	122	24 102
Poland	29	-		-	-		-	-	6	6	-	-
Czechoslovakia Austria	8 14	-	-	-	-	8	_		777	8	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
U.S.S.R.	7	5	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	8	33	-
Canada	<u> </u>	27	-	-	-	26	14	-	69	41	6	6
Mexico	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-1
Other America		-	-	-	-			-		a.	- -	9 7
All other and not reported	151	24	-	-	6	22	-	52	125	94 23	91 _	77
Persons of Spanish language'	-	16		-	-	15	-	-]
Persons of Spanish mother tongue Persons of Puerto Rican birth or porentage	-	 8 	-	-	-		-	-	Ξ	23	-	-
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT Enrolled porsons, 3 to 34 years old	715	752	47	186	35	587	89	387	1 296	1 661	908	1 143
Nursery school	10	9	-	5	5	-		-	6	-	38	-
PublicKindergorten	27	9 58	-	-	-	46	6	33	90	142	71	97
Public	27	58			,õ	41	6	33 271	90 842	142	71 578	91 755
Elementory Public	485 471	374 340	23 6	120 108	19 19	386 374	61 61	271	825	1 005	566	748
High school	181	275	18	36	6	114	15 9	53 53	334 334	454 448	221 221	279 279
Public College	172 12	263 36	6	36 25	6 5	114 41	7	30	24	55		12
Percent enrolled in school by age:												
16 and 17 years	85.7	99.9			•••	85.0	•••	59.4	99.3 50.0	93.9 51.6	99.9 37.7	92.4 24.8
18 and 19 years 20 and 21 years	42.9	56.3		•••_		50.0 7.4	-	•••	9.7	9.0	57.7	-
22 to 24 years	.=	-3	-	-	-	5.0	10.9	7.0	4.4	7.8 4.2	-	4.6
25 to 34 years Percent 16 to 21 years not high school graduates and not enrolled in school	4.8 5.8	7.7 4.1	-		_	3.8 10.8		-	- 9.1	9.1	10.5	4.0
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED												
Persons, 25 years old and over	807	975	28	179	55	1 021	152	671	1 961	2 418	1 340	1 755
No school years completed	<u> </u>	12	-	4	-	7	-	-	25	ģ		10
5 to 7 years	19	33	5	20	-	38 158	9 27	15 109	122 607	118 652	60 196	90 591
8 years High school: 1 to 3 years	63 37	63 35	-	8	-	137	24	52	215	353	138	235
4 years	306 172	210 191	23	96 42	22 18	388 159	70 12	284 126	678 198	903 287	607 224	579 148
College: 1 to 3 years 4 years or more	210	431	-	9	15	134	10	85	116	87	115	86
Median school years completed	12.9 85.3	15.1 85.3	12.4 82.1	12.6 82.1	13.9 100.0	12.4 66.7	12.2 60.5	12.6 73.8	12.0 50.6	12.1 52.8	12.5 70.6	11.2 46.3
Percent high school graduates	02.0	05.5	02.7	02.1	100.0	0011						
CHILDREN EVER BORN Women, 35 to 44 years old ever married	127	165	4	24	10	97	6	54	209	306	168	178
Children ever born Per 1,000 women ever married	484 3 811	616 3 733	16 	96	24	369 3 804	36	154 2 852	782 3 742	1 166 3 810	3 637	805 4 522
RESIDENCE IN 1965										4 495		
Persons, 5 years old and over, 1970? Same house as in 1970	1 586 799	1 751 997	71 71	368 216	103 29	1 864 749	252 118	1 166 541	3 609 2 368	4 425 2 738	2 512 1 183	3 186
Different house:			~ ,					136		178	48	206
In central city of this SMSA In other part of this SMSA	279 78	330 107	-	50 73	-	404 195	53 25	154	257 642	547	384	509
Outside this SMSA	384	169	-	29	74	429 429	25 56 56	324 280	292 292	873 864	793 787	247 241
North and WestSouthSouth	299 85	134 35	-	29	67 7	-		44	-	9	6	6
Abroad	20	37	-	-	-	27	-	-	10	-	20	13
MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION AND PLACE OF WORK	554	694	35	135	35	931	111	437	1 460	1 794	1 054	1 349
Private auto: Driver	439	591	12	81 7	29	605 }45	91 15	344 16	883 64	809 191	669 115	887 69
Possenger	71	37	-	<u>/</u>	-	;40	-	-	16	-	-	-
Subway, elevated train, or railroad	-	-	-	34	-	ñ	-	14	44	140	214	16
Walked to work Worked at home	8 7	46	23	13	6	117	5	28	419	600	35	339 38
Other	29	20	-	-	_	53	-	35	34	54	21	
Inside SMSA	496	637 637	35 35	135 71	26 26	857 825	111	423 282	1 318 807	1 315 449	1 007 501	1 243
Rochester city Remainder of Olmsted County	496	637	-	64	-	32	-	141	511	866	506	727
Outside SMSA	13	4 53	-	-	9	9 65	-	14	97 45	389 90	47	71 35
Place of work not reported	45	33	-	-		~~~~	-	-	-10			

See text for definition. 2Includes "Moved, 1965 residence not reported."

Table P-2. Social Characteristics of the Population: 1970-Continued

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

, T	Data based on san			<u></u>		for split tracts					
Census Tracts	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0007	Tract 0010	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0015	Tract 0016	Tract 0017
NATIVITY, PARENTAGE, & COUNTRY OF ORIGIN											1 308
All persons	5 422 4 516	4 391 3 619	4 332 3 728	3 011 2 721	2 549 2 177	2 936 2 687	2 631 2 442	4 281 3 995	6 620 6 044	6 410 5 741	1 067
Native of native parentage Native of foreign or mixed parentage	658	545	494	238	311	181	114	234	407	565 104	204 37
Foreign born	248	227	110	52	61	86	75	52	169 576	669	241
Foreign stock	906 140	772 27	604 33	290	372 15	249 48	189 21	286 51	33	58	9
Ireland (Eire)	26	31	16	.5	-	7	6	20 25	30 54	34 52	44
Sweden	37 125	19 220	33 135	13 82	5 65	64	18	34	102	152	60
Poland	17	14	28	7	29 8	7 6	25	5	13 31	8	13
Czechoslovakia	12	15 22	-	14	14	19	=	5	24	6	-
Kungary	-	15	7	8 7	Ξ	5	7	7	7	7	30
U.S.S.R.	22	-	20	14	43	-		7	14 64	15 80	49
Canada	210 10	43	83	15 36	-	45	29	-	36	7	-1
Cuba	5	-	-	-	_	-	4 8	-	-	29	6
Other AmericaAll other and not reported	296	366	249	94	193	41	71	132	168	221	23
Persons of Spanish language'	38	23	22	42	~	34	64	10	36	102	-
Other persons of Spanish surname!					·· <u>-</u>	20		5	15	43	
Persons of Spanish mother tangue Persons of Puerto Rican birth or parentage	38	15	15	36	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
						1 00/	684	1 344	2 320	1 984	257
Earolied persons, 3 to 34 years old	1 900 51	920 6	1 392 30	990 44	916 17	1 006 9	984 6	34	74	72	-
Public	24		14	97	27	9 58	6 118	6 128	219	118	21
Kindergarten Public	42 42	33 33	97 97	97	27	58	112	128	219	113	21 152
Elementory	707 581	316 212	781 685	580 561	611 565	516 482	630 584	884 854	1 588) 403	1 183 1 135	152
PublicHigh school	484	207	369	203	225	373	149	155	310	483 483	15
Public	378 616	122 358	347 115	203 66	216 36	361 50	107 81	149 143	271 129	128	69
Percent enrolled in school by age:			00.0	01.0	67.0	99.9	63.8	79.2	90.5	94,9	
16 and 17 years18 and 19 years	94.7 72.2	76.6 48.6	99.9 58.5	91.2 77.6	82.0 54.7	71.2	82.9	54.9	27.3	59.1	
20 and 21 years	66.2	27.4	25.3	10.2	9.2	-	23.1 15.5	8.3 12.4	27.5 2.9	21,3 3.8	-
22 to 24 years25 to 34 years	28.1 16.4	11.8 10.0	15.0 3.1	7.3	10.7 3.3	8.5	5.3	4.4	6.7	2.2	19.2
Percent 16 to 21 years not high school graduates and not enrolled in school	1.7	2.9	2.5	7.2	5.4	4.2		10.9	3.5	5.4	-
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED											(0)
Persons, 25 years old and over	2 875	2 233	2 328	1 493	1 149	1 509	1 114	1 981 15	3 053 5	3 256 9	691 -
No school years completed	5 10	18	10	6	-	12	8	14	١Ō	7	- 9
5 to 7 years	49 178	163 348	55 338	42 179	33 100	43 153	15 45	37 115	93	97 276	88
8 years High school: 1 to 3 years	115	296	307	96	71	108	109	87	97 1 209	252 1 151	88 56 157
College: 1 to 3 years	642	609 409	936 378	554 218	407 238	426 250	581 179	922 417	816	601	161
4 years or more	1 191	390	304	398 12.8	300 12,9	517 13.2	166 12.6	374 12,8	823 13.4	863 12.9	220 13.7
Median school years completed Percent high school graduates	14.9 87.6	12.5 63.1	12.5 69.5	78.4	82.2	79.1	83.1	86.5	93.3	80.3	77.9
CHILDREN EVER BORN											
Women, 35 to 44 years old ever married Children ever born	261 953	95 316	210 681	163 531	185 653	235 834	182 649	219 634	442 1 318	399 1 328	16 8)
Per 1,000 women ever married		3 326	3 243	3 258	3 530	3 549	3 566	2 895	2 982	3 328	•••
RESIDENCE IN 1965	5 140	4 189	3 977	2 636	2 287	2 644	2 267	3 690	5 697	5 740	1 056
Persons, 5 years old and over, 19702 Same house as in 1970		1 581	2 549	855	995	1 552	1 051	1 417	2 169	2 580	195
Different house: In central city of this SMSA		719	650	777	391	400	317	828	1 185	1 292	253
In other part of this SMSA	. 67	179	132	162	78	117	177	204	112 2 166	310 1 384	46 503
Outside this SMSA North and West	. 1 370 1 229	1 246	567 524	801 725	713 616	359 278	626 580	1 154 1 040	2 032	1 320	455
SouthAbroad	. 141	94 202	43 36	76 27	97 20	81 52	46 9	114 23	134 18	64 67	48 42
MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION AND PLACE OF WORK											
All workers		2 585 910	1 809 1 241	1 186 859	961 720	1 169 912	1 051 780	1 826 1 452	2 327 1 983	2 802	404 331
Possenger	179	187	261	139	125	129	146	263	187	436	331 22 12
Bus or streetcar Subway, elevated train, or railroad		73	89	40	14	-	-	5	41	68 	-
Walked to work	942	1 195	74	56	60	32 57	11	80	33	84	8
Worked at home		149 71	97 47	29 63	7 35	57 39	59 55	26	42 41	152 83	25 6
Inside SMSA	1 921	2 326	1 680	1 119	863	1 081	810	1 707	2 107	2 554	404
Rochester city	- 1 921	2 277 49	1 661 19	1 111	847 16	1 061 20	793 17	1 631 76	2 107	2 497 57	404
Outside SMSA	- 91	75	24	54	13	4	29	16	62	47	-
Place of work not reported		184	105	13	85	84	212	103	158	201	-

"See text for definition. Includes "Moved, 1965 residence not reported."

Table P-3. Labor Force Characteristics of the Population: 1970

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

	0	Imsted County						Rochester				
Census Tracts	Total	Rochester	Balance	Tract 0001	Tract 0002	Tract 0003	Troct 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0006	Tract 0007	Tract 0008	Tract 0010
EMPLOYMENT STATUS					·····							
Mele, 16 years old and over Labor force Percent of total Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed Percent of civilian labor force	24 957 21 013 84.2 20 990 20 257 733 3.5	15 794 13 157 83.3 13 149 12 732 417 3.2	9 163 7 856 85.7 7 841 7 525 316 4.0	290 191 65.9 191 185 6 3.1	1 438 1 124 78.2 1 124 1 089 35 3.1	1 657 1 238 74,7 1 238 1 188 50 4.0	1 453 1 177 81.0 1 177 1 134 43 3.7	1 160 898 77.4 898 871 27 3.0	1 682 1 439 85.6 1 439 1 375 64 4.4	1 222 1 070 87.6 1 067 1 016 51 4.8	404 32 7.9 32 32 -	889 793 89.2 793 754 39 4.9
Not in labor force Inmate of institution Enrolled in school Other under 65 years Other 65 years and over	3 944 564 1 007 687 1 686	2 637 553 490 476 1 118	1 307 11 517 211 568	99 9 	314 13 58 62 181	419 45 43 63 268	276 43 91 33 109	262 27 50 51 134	243 11 44 65 123	152 39 22 91	372 372 - -	96 14 40
Male, 16 to 21 years old Not enrolled in school Not high school graduates Unemployed or not in lobor force	3 337 942 193 89	2 094 629 125 63	1 243 313 68 26	31 22 11	224 66 11	211 74 22 12	201 20 	210 95 11 5	283 103 14 4	176 34 7 7	55 20 20 20	1 30 28 9 -
Female, 16 years old and over Labor force Percent of total Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed Percent of civilian labor force Not in labor force	30 416 15 195 50,0 15 183 14 704 479 3,2 15 221	21 312 11 007 51.6 10 995 10 685 310 2.8 10 305	9 104 4 188 46.0 4 188 4 019 169 4.0 4 916	502 235 46.8 235 226 9 3.8 267	1 957 1 006 51.4 1 006 967 39 3.9 951	2 250 1 117 49.6 1 117 1 077 40 3.6 1 133	2 729 1 257 46.1 1 245 1 217 28 2.2 1 472	2 481 1 769 71.3 1 769 1 750 19 1.1 712	2 358 1 222 51.8 1 222 1 183 39 3.2 1 136	1 394 693 49.7 678 15 2.2 701	365 20 5.5 20 20 	989 573 57.9 573 528 45 7.9 416
Married women, husband present In labor force With own children under 6 years In labor force	18 382 8 254 6 844 2 274	11 364 5 090 4 090 1 328	7 018 3 164 2 754 946	94 35 6 -	1 041 465 393 116	1 215 571 347 142	952 250 203 33	631 306 160 78	1 138 590 344 124	970 422 240 82	7 7 7 7	692 375 259 91
OCCUPATION												
Tetal employed, 16 years old and over Professional, technical, and kindred workers Health workers Teachers, elementary and secondary schools Managers and administrators, except farm Solaried Self-employed in retail trade	34 961 9 254 3 948 1 135 3 058 2 540 272	23 417 7 194 3 175 871 2 200 1 830 206	11 544 2 060 773 264 858 710 66	411 97 66 17 5 -	2 056 634 297 102 112 89 6	2 265 372 167 54 162 78 41	2 351 1 120 753 67 301 267 19	2 621 820 492 88 158 89 58	2 558 560 149 109 176 161 15	1 694 378 159 55 137 115 16	52 12 6 - -	1 282 399 145 83 95 87 4
Sales workers	2 660 1 759 5 249 3 546 1 034 808 2 023 803	1 877 1 277 3 849 2 026 522 422 1 112 411	783 482 1 400 1 520 512 386 911 392	14 9 53 45 5 11 20	119 72 377 233 62 39 111 18	325 249 391 237 62 61 139 76	157 108 275 82 34 14 13 12	173 150 495 133 50 15 102 79	230 156 418 268 92 64 212 57	121 76 329 182 51 27 63 51	5 20 	98 77 198 171 45 20 64 9
Laborers, except farm Form workers Service workers Cleaning and foad service workers Protective service workers Personal and health service workers Private hausehold workers	730 1 749 5 289 2 835 331 1 798 600	458 79 3 811 1 954 260 1 344 400	272 1 670 1 478 881 71 454 200	25 131 68 53 9	83 12 311 145 22 138 46	41 11 482 321 25 115 29	26 14 305 88 21 156 46	30 604 222 12 319 23	74 5 518 299 32 165 40	42 10 317 181 46 72 64	5 - - 5 -	24 202 151 46 22
Femele employed, 16 years old and ever Professional, technical, and kindred workers Teachers, elementary and secondary schools Managers and administrators, except farm Sales workers Clericol and kindred workers Secretories, stenogrophers, and typists	14 704 3 918 790 455 1 314 4 092 1 442	10 685 3 166 617 367 978 2 953 1 112	4 019 752 173 88 336 1 139 330	226 43 5 35 15	967 301 86 33 74 262 92	1 077 191 31 37 210 258 88	1 217 579 44 72 82 233 117	1 750 621 84 56 106 417 200	1 183 241 63 43 123 333 118	678 146 45 10 38 261 78	20 - - 20 -	528 167 55 5 30 153 66
Operatives, including transport Other blue-collar workers Farm workers Service workers, except private household Private household workers	602 166 215 3 360 582	348 116 2 375 382	254 50 215 985 200	9 5 120 9	46 9 196 46	40 6 - 306 29	4 - 205 42	33 20 474 23	69 11 323 40	17 7 135 64		20 19 117 17
INDUSTRY												
Total employed, 16 years old and over Construction Manufacturing Durable goods Transportation Communications, utilities, and sanitary services Wholesale trade Retail trade	34 961 2 025 5 732 4 600 763 789 740 6 188	23 417 1 097 3 755 3 063 444 589 460 4 184	11 544 928 1 977 1 537 319 200 280 2 004	411 32 29 16 	2 056 93 264 188 38 55 52 325	2 265 161 251 161 66 61 44 560	2 351 58 196 151 24 24 28 282	2 621 121 305 209 32 35 16 367	2 558 134 381 314 58 109 30 538	1 694 111 199 143 26 62 14 346	52 10 5 - 7	1 282 82 203 161 41 27 9 283
Finance, insurance, and real estate Business and repair services Hersonal services Health services Educational services Other professional and related services Public administration Other Industries	977 824 2 287 8 036 2 097 1 416 1 016 2 071	723 480 1 649 6 311 1 591 1 123 728 283	254 344 638 1 725 506 293 288 1 788	11 9 72 169 7 - 6 1}	51 50 160 604 168 68 104 24	75 67 231 464 102 98 55 30	85 20 115 1 142 126 159 58 34	34 28 211 1 081 160 157 60 14	102 24 205 543 173 185 60 16	53 37 202 338 137 74 81 14	- 30 5 -	43 52 75 248 128 48 29 14
CLASS OF WORKER										• • •		
Total amployed, 16 years old and over Private wage and salary workers Government workers Local government workers Self-employed workers Unpaid family workers	34 961 27 796 3 976 2 429 2 915 274	23 417 19 393 2 891 1 922 1 077 56	11 544 8 403 1 085 507 1 838 218	411 367 22 3 22 -	2 056 1 628 329 180 94 5	2 265 1 838 219 152 208	2 351 1 960 263 146 128 -	2 621 2 281 210 126 120 10	2 558 2 188 269 184 97 4	1 694 1 336 273 212 80 5	52 29 23 	1 282 1 036 201 164 45 -

Includes allocated cases, not shown separately.

Table P-3. Labor Force Characteristics of the Population: 1970-Continued

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

i	(Data based on s	uniple, see lex								f Olmsted Cou		
Census Tracts			Roch	ester – Con.								
	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0015	Tract 0016	Tract 0017	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0007	Tract 0009	Tract 0010
EMPLOYMENT STATUS												
Male, 16 years old and over	247 225	340 291	678 657	1 072 1 009	1 695 1 631	1 292 1 144	275 238	-	40 40	135 101	1 855 1 687)
Percent of total	91.1 225	85.6 291	96.9 657	94.1 1 009	96.2 1 626	88.5 1 144	86.5 238	-	100.0 40 37	74.8 101 101	90,9 1 682 1 574	:::]
EmployedUnemployed	214 11	276 15	646 11	976 33	1 612	1 126	238	-	37 3 7.5	-	108	
Percent of civilian labor force	4.9 22	5.2 49	1.7 21	3.3 63	0.9 64	1.6 148	37	-	-	34	168	
Inmote of institution	ม	13	11	33	29	55	27	-		5	76	
Other under 65 yearsOther 65 yearsOther 65 years and over	ที	14 22	10	26 _	19 16	32 61	10	-	-	25	36 56	
Mele, 16 to 21 years old Not enrolifed in school Not high school graduates Unemployed or not in labor force	31 10 -	42 - - -	84 11 	76 54 10 10	163 55 5	171 31 5 5	6 6 			12 3 -	232 65 12 8	
Female, 16 years old and over	294	388	693	1 203	1 835 787	1 498 774	376 68	-	37 25	134 56	1 895 1 048	
labor force Percent of total Civilian labor force	216 73.5 216	207 53.4 207	386 55.7 386	677 56.3 677	42.9 787	51.7 774	18.1 68		67.6 25	41.8 56	55.3 1 048	
EmployedUnemployed	211	197 10	382	666 11	757 30	758 16	68		25	50 6	1 012	
Percent of civilian labor force	2.3	4.8 181	1.0 307	1.6 526	3.8 1 048	2.1 724	308	1	12	10.7 78	3.4 847	
Married women, husbond present In labor force With own children under 6 years In labor force	118	258 111 87 23	566 278 277 93	869 470 484 210	1 481 575 754 200	1 049 469 341 94	237 48 144 16		12	80 35 32 9	1 530 826 684 265	···· ···
OCCUPATION		20	~	2.0								
Tetal employed, 16 years old and over Professional, technical, and kindred workers	425 157	473 111	1 028 233	1 642 526	2 369 932	1 884 691	306 152	-	62 21	151 40	2 586 443	
Health workers	71	49 16	66 18	170 61	249 73	291 99	45 20	-	21	15	207 14	
Managers and administrators, except form Salaried	31 26	53 53	116 116	169 147	348 324	293 247	32 26	-	-	11 11	163 148	
Self-employed in retail tradeSelf-employed in retail trade	1	- 7	- 80	5 104	10 201	26 177	6 25	-	-	_	- 205	
Retail trade Clerical and kindred workers	41 92	3 80	65 122	58 320	99 409	109 237	5 33	-	-	10	153 412	
Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers Construction craftsmen	. 11	50	137 28	157 35	169 29	127 24	24	-	16 3	9 3	372 111 85	
Mechanics and repairmen Operatives, except transport Transport equipment operatives	. 6	19 63 16	35 70 56	31 98 17	36 78 9	35 56 5	15 12 6	-	13 - -	- 4 5	308 108	
Laborers, except farm	. 20	13	14	6	16	39	-	_	-	4 47	65 75	
Farm workers Service workers ' Cleaning and food service workers	. 67	75 25	6 152 104	225 99	5 153 91	254 126	12 10 5		25	16 10	429 258	
Protective service workers	. 10	15 31	18 26	11 86	10 43	38 76	5	- 1	25	6	32 129	
Private household workers	1	5	42	20	49	5	-	-	-	5 50	6 1 012	
Female employed, 16 years old and over Professional, technical, and kindred workers Feachers, elementary and secondary schools	. 69	197 56 6	382 47 13	666 157 37	757 211 45	758 302 79	68 35 14		25	15	172	
Managers and administrators, except form	17	10	14 61	29 42	31 81	27 90	15	-	-	-	13	
Clericol and kindred workers	- 92 31	56 15	96 26	243 79	286 130	190 44	18 13		-	10 5	330 100	
Operatives, including transport Other blue-collar workers		15 5	25 5	37 9	11	22 16	-	-	-	4	76 13	
Farm workers Service workers, except private household Private household workers	29	46	92 42	129 20	- 97 40	106	-	-	25	5 11 5	3 288 6	
INDUSTRY	-	5	42	20	40	5	-	-	-	5	0	
Total employed, 16 years old and over		473	1 028	1 642	2 369	1 884	306		62	151	2 586 236	•••
Construction Monufacturing Duroble goods	- 15	25 85 62	47 236 207	73 399 360	73 789 735	72 305 259	10 88 83	- 1	3 11 11	8 16 16	440 354	• • •
Transportation Communications, utilities, and sanitary services	- 18	4 14	45 10	20 72	47 38	19 57	6	- 1	1	-	111 39	
Wholesole trade Retail trade	- 47	34 69	17 247	52 223	73 342	38 393	26	-	-	16	72 566	•••
Finance, insurance, and real estate Business and repair services		39 15	31 11	21 63	115 61	58 26	11	-	2	- 4	31 93	
Personol services	- 116	31 85	96 153	85 370	98 373	54 523	572	- 1	25	14 36	127 528	• • •
Educational services Other professional and related services Public administration	- 8	26 14 20	45 27 53	137 79 38	138 112 81	178 75 53	25 15 17	-	21	5	71 43 102	•••
	15	12	10	10	29	53 33	iź		-	52	127	•••
Tatel employed, 36 years old and over	425	473	1 028	1 642	2 369	1 884	306	_	62	151	2 586	
Private wage and salary workers	- 343	410 58	881 111	1 389 222	2 020 252	1 453 306	234 61	-	37 25	121	2 112 322	•••
Local gavernment workers Self-employed workers Inpaid family workers	. 10	53	60 36	157 26 5	188 92 5	214 103 22	34 11	-	-	25	119 137 15	
lincluder allocated cares, not show a second		~					-	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	15	•••

Includes allocated cases, not shown separately.

Table P-3. Labor Force Characteristics of the Population: 1970-Continued

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

					Balanc	e of Olmsted	County - Con					
Census Tracts	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Troct 0015	Tract 0016	Tract 0017	Tract 0018	Tract 0019	Tract 0020	Tract 0021	Troct 0022
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••									
Mole, 16 years old and over Parcent of total Civilian lobor force Employed Unemployed Percent of civilian labor force Insta of institution Enrolled in school Other under 65 years and over	410 84.4 410 392 18 4.4 76 	586 490 83.6 490 10 2.0 96 - 69 11	18 18 18 18 - - - - -	130 104 80.0 104 104 - - 26 - 12 10 4	38 38 100.0 38 34 4 10.5 - - -	686 633 92.3 633 627 6 0.9 53 - 8 10 35	85 63 74.1 63 63 - - 22 - 4 9 9	376 340 90.4 333 328 5 1.5 36 - - 6 30	1 210 996 82.3 993 949 44 4.4 214 - 60 41 113	1 568 1 315 83.9 1 315 1 261 54 4.1 253 - 122 19 112	826 714 86.4 714 674 40 5.6 112 - 43 9 60	1 120 903 80.6 903 879 24 2.7 217 11 75 41 90
Meie, 16 to 21 years old Not enrolled in school Not high school graduates Unemployed or not in labor force	89 23 8	104 8 8	4	29 5 5 5	4	74 32 11 5	4	19 7 -	125 29 7	277 67 13	114 25 4	156 49 -
Femele, 16 years old and over Labor force Percent of total Civilian labor force Unemployed Percent of civilian labor force Not in labor force Married women, husband present In labor force	147 30.3 147 142 5 3.4 338 365 104	601 232 38.6 232 224 8 3.4 369 467 164	23 9 14 14	97 46 47.4 46 46 - 51 87 36	42 42 38 	658 347 52.7 343 4 1.2 311 524 236	94 42 44.7 42 42 - 52 82 37	436 189 43.3 189 168 21 11.1 247 347 148	1 164 493 42.4 493 475 18 3.7 671 919 410	1 471 624 42.4 624 599 25 4.0 847 1 072 475	899 472 52.5 472 455 17 3.6 427 659 346	1 064 458 43.0 458 429 29 6.3 606 818 347
With own children under 6 years In labor force	160 13	171 49	-	24 9	24	223 76	33 6	186 55	304 101	372 133	256 117	269 113
OCCUPATION Total employed, 16 years old and over	534	704	27	150	34	970	105	404		1 0/0	1 100	
Professional, technical, and kindred workers Health workers Teachers, elementary and secondary schools Managers and administrators, except form Salaried Self-employed in retail trade	161 57 13 86 86	318 158 20 49 43	5 - - -	21 5 - 9 5 -	13 4 13 13 13	264 124 22 63 63	105 17 6 - 4 4 -	496 133 14 24 65 57 –	1 424 178 62 31 74 66 8	1 860 169 31 70 109 72 31	1 129 152 33 37 148 91 21	1 308 125 57 12 64 51 6
Sales workers Retail trade Clerical and kindred workers Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers Construction craftsmen Mechanics and repairmen. Operatives, except transport Transport equipment operatives	12 61 66 37 16 36	40 16 57 78 21 17 36 5	- - 5 - 5 -	17 8 27 10 5 - 4		65 42 95)54 39 30 58 34	6 25 4 - 4 4 10	38 11 85 50 14 19 48 14	81 58 124 206 57 67 140 38	90 56 178 211 111 33 105 77	119 78 176 146 44 55 78 27	69 42 150 189 67 42 90 58
Laborers, except farm Farm workers Service warkers' Cleaning and food service workers Protective service workers Personal and health service workers Private household warkers	6 53 37 16	37 80 40 5 29 4	13 4 4 -	52 5 5 - - 5	4	45 98 79 47 16 15	30 24 6 5	5 42 28 14 16	28 377 154 95 8 51 24	29 662 197 127 4 48 33	50 5 210 19 14 60 18	40 300 154 87 8 54 69
Female employed, 16 years old and over Professional, technical, and kindred workers Teachers, elementory and secondary schools Managers and administrators, except farm Soles workers Clerical and kindred workers Secretaries, stenographers, and typists	142 35 9 16 48 13	224 81 20 9 23 53 18	9 5 	46 4 23 6		343 116 12 22 83 6	42 - - 6 14 6	168 35 21 5 11 67 22	475 93 31 15 23 94 56	599 90 43 5 36 144 33	455 47 16 19 63 151 50	429 63 12 18 21 122 15
Operatives, including transport Other blue-collar workers Farm workers Service workers, except private household Private household workers	7 	6 6 - 42 4	- - 4 -	- 5 5 5		24 7 11 65 15	17 5	5 	58 71 97 24	36 19 92 144 33	5 152 18	33 5 28 70 69
INDUSTRY												
Tetal employed, 16 years old and over Construction Manufacturing Durable goods Transportation , Communications, utilities, and sanitary services Wholesale trade Wholesale trade Retail trade Finance, insurance, and real estate Business and repair services	534 35 145 91 12 9 23 91 33 10	704 36 138 107 7 - 4 80 6 5	27 - 4 5	150 5 19 19 - 9 29 5 6	34 9 4 13	970 100 185 150 40 33 27 158 19 5	105 25 17 5 5 12	496 42 142 137 16 	1 424 114 231 196 20 10 27 198 16 70	1 860 135 189 122 48 35 17 282 44 58	1 129 100 228 158 18 39 51 250 46 15	1 308 114 199 150 42 26 22 196 28 36
Personal services Health services Educational services Other professional and related services Public administration Other industries CLASS OF WORKER	18 85 33 15 14 11	49 234 32 62 14 37	5	5 5 4 6 5 52	4 - - 4	36 185 22 35 20 105	21 19 	25 34 46 5 5	83 155 60 32 28 380	88 108 105 40 39 672	93 125 73 26 39 26	79 182 29 29 17 309
Tatel employed, 16 years old and over Private wage and solary workers Government workers Local government workers Self-employed workers Unpaid family workers	534 462 46 24 26 -	704 602 48 30 54 -	27 9 - 18 -	1 50 86 10 5 54 	34 30 - - 4 	970 794 81 21 75 20	105 90 11 	496 395 61 44 40	1 424 892 131 54 348 53	1 860 964 159 109 647 90	1 129 878 126 85 112 13	1 308 927 60 16 294 27

Includes allocated cases, not shown separately.

Table P-3. Labor Force Characteristics of the Population: 1970-Continued

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

, in the second se					Totals f	or split tracts			·····		
Census Tracts	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0007	Tract 0010	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0015	Tract 0016	Trect 0017
EMPLOYMENT STATUS				<u></u>							
Male, 16 years old and ever Labor force Percent of total Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed Percent of civilian labor force Inmate of institution Enrolled in school Other under 65 years	1 453 1 177 81.0 1 177 1 134 43 3.7 276 43 91 33	1 200 938 78.2 938 908 30 3.2 262 27 50 51	1 357 1 171 86.3 1 168 1 17 51 4.4 186 - 44 26	893 797 89.2 797 758 39 4.9 96 - 42 14	733 635 86.6 635 606 29 4.6 98 - 54 15 29	926 781 84.3 781 756 25 3.2 145 	696 675 97.0 675 664 11 1.6 21 - 11 10	1 202 1 113 92.6 1 113 1 080 33 3.0 89 33 16 36 4	1 733 1 669 96.3 1 664 1 646 18 1.1 64 - 29 19 16	1 978 1 777 89,8 1 753 24 1.4 201 	360 301 83.6 301 301 - - - 59 - 4 36 19
Other 65 years and over Male, 16 to 21 years ald Not enrolled in school Not high school graduotes Unemplayed or nat in labor force	109 201 20 -	134 210 95 11 5	116 188 37 7 7 7	40 1 30 28 9	120 33 8 8	38 146 8 8 	88 11 -	105 59 15 15	167 55 5	245 63 16 10	10 6 - -
Female, 16 years old and over Labor force Percent of total Civilian tabor force Unemployed Percent of civilian labor force Not in labor force	2 729 1 257 46.1 1 245 1 217 28 2.2 1 472	2 518 1 794 71.2 1 794 1 775 19 1.1 724	1 528 749 49.0 749 728 21 2.8 779	993 573 57.7 573 528 45 7.9 420	779 363 46.6 363 353 10 2.8 416	989 439 44.4 439 421 18 4.1 550	716 395 55.2 395 391 4 1.0 321	1 300 723 55.6 723 712 11 1.5 577	1 877 787 41.9 787 757 30 3.8 1 090 1 519	2 156 1 121 52.0 1 121 1 101 20 1.8 1 035 1 573	470 110 23.4 110 110 - 360 319
Married women, husband present In labar force With own children under 6 years In labar force	952 250 203 33	643 306 172 78	1 050 457 272 91	696 375 263 91	529 222 204 32	725 275 258 72	580 278 277 93	956 506 508 219	575 778 200	705 564 170	85 177 22
OCCUPATION											
Total ampleyed, 16 years old and ever Professional, technical, and kindred workers Health workers Teachers, elementary and secondary schools Managers and administrators, except form Salaried Self-employed in retail trade	2 351 1 120 753 67 301 267 19	2 683 841 492 109 158 89 58	1 845 418 174 55 148 126 16	1 286 399 145 83 95 87 4	959 318 128 39 117 112	1 177 429 207 36 102 96	1 055 238 66 18 116 116	1 792 547 175 61 178 152 5	2 403 945 253 73 361 337 10	2 854 955 415 121 356 310 26	411 169 51 20 36 30 6
Soles workers Retail Irade Clerical and kindred workers Croftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers Construction croftsmen Mechanics and repoirmen Operatives, except transport Transport equipment operatives	157 108 275 82 34 14 13 12	173 150 495 149 53 28 102 79	121 76 339 191 54 27 67 56	98 77 198 171 45 20 64 13	94 53 153 77 42 16 42 12	47 19 137 128 21 36 99 21	80 65 122 142 28 40 70 56	121 66 347 167 40 31 102 17	201 99 409 173 29 36 78 9	242 151 332 281 63 65 114 39	31 11 58 28 19 16 16
Laborers, except form form workers Service workers! Cleoning and food service workers Protective service workers Personal and health service workers Private hausehold workers	26 14 305 88 21 156 46	30 4 629 222 12 344 23	46 57 333 191 46 78 69	24 202 151 46 22	26 120 66 10 24	13 37 155 65 20 60 9	14 19 156 108 18 26 42	6 52 230 104 11 86 25	16 9 153 91 10 43 49	84 98 333 173 38 92 20	- 12 40 29 - 11 5
Famale employed, 1.6 years old and over Professional, technical, and kindred workers Teachers, elementary and secondary schools Managers and administrators, except form Sales workers Clerical and kindred workers Secretaries, stenographers, and typists	1 217 579 44 72 82 233 117	1 775 621 84 56 106 417 200	728 161 45 10 38 271 83	528 167 55 30 153 66	353 104 24 33 140 44	421 137 26 19 27 109 33	391 52 13 14 61 96 26	712 157 37 33 46 266 85	757 211 45 31 81 286 130	1 101 418 91 27 112 273 50	110 35 14 21 32 19
Operatives, including transport Other blue-collor warkers Farm workers Service warkers, except private household Private household warkers	4 	33 20 499 23	21 7 5 146 69	20 19 117 117	7 4 65	21 11 88 9	25 5 96 42	37 9 5 134 25	11 97 40	46 23 11 171 20	- - 17 5
INDUSTRY											
Total employed, 16 years old and over Construction Manufacturing Durable goods Transportation Communications, utilities, and sanitary services Wholesole trade Retail trade Finance, insurance, and real estate	24 24 28 282	2 683 124 316 220 32 35 16 367 34	1 845 119 215 159 26 62 14 362 53	1 286 82 203 161 41 27 9 287 43	959 40 160 30 26 70 206 38	1 177 61 223 169 11 14 38 149 45	1 055 47 236 207 45 10 17 247 35	1 792 78 418 379 20 72 61 252 26	2 403 73 798 744 47 42 73 355 115	2 854 172 490 409 59 90 65 551 77	411 10 113 100 11 9 6 38
Personal services Health services Clucational services Other professional and related services Public administration Other industries	20 115 1 142 126	30 211 106 181 157 60 14	41 216 374 142 74 81 66	43 52 75 248 128 48 29 14	16 27 201 69 23 27 26	43 20 80 319 58 76 34 49	16 96 153 50 27 53 23	20 69 375 141 85 43 62	61 98 377 138 112 81 33	31 90 708 200 110 73 138	24 26 91 25 19 22 17
CLASS OF WORKER Total amployed, 16 years old and over	2 351	2 683	1 845	1 286	959	1 177	1 055	} 792	2 403	2 854	411
Private wage and salary workers Government workers Lacal government workers Self-employed workers Unpaid family workers	1 960 263 146 128	2 318 235 126 120 10	1 457 278 212 105 5	1 040 201 164 45	805 118 71 36	1 012 106 83 59 -	1 055 890 111 60 54	1 475 232 162 80 5	2 050 252 188 96 5	2 247 387 235 178 42	324 72 36 15

includes allocated cases, not shown separately.

Table P-4. Income Characteristics of the Population: 1970

[Dato based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) ond meaning of symbols, see text]

	6	Imsted Count	у				, ,	Rochester				
Census Tracts	Total	Rochester	Balance	Tract 0001	Tract 0002	Troct 0003	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0006	Tract 0007	Tract 0008	Tract 0010
INCOME IN 1969 OF FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS												
All families Less than \$1,000 \$1,000 to \$1,999 \$2,000 to \$2,999 \$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999	208 382 707 728	12 409 66 211 420 401	7 441 142 171 287 327	130 10 14 23 4	1 141 5 26 48 45	1 348 7 31 120 54	1 107 4 23 53 27	799 9 23 57 41	1 274 	1 042 	6 - - -	745 19 43
\$5,000 to \$5,999 \$6,000 to \$7,999 \$7,000 to \$7,999 \$9,000 to \$8,999 \$10,000 to \$19,999 \$12,000 to \$14,999 \$12,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$49,999 \$25,000 to \$40,999 \$25,000	780 923 1 114 1 317 1 394 3 202 3 588 3 580 983 128	495 425 663 752 766 1 958 2 417 2 644 650 66	321 355 448 451 565 628 1 244 1 171 936 333 62	5 4 5 1 - 14 31 9 -	80 68 76 117 74 91 154 167 178 12	76 58 65 114 106 73 190 218 209 27	52 22 46 49 41 79 107 239 285 38	46 66 30 42 28 42 139 113 144 19	71 46 32 60 71 117 226 240 222 47	48 12 46 55 68 118 187 182 190 31		26 14 35 37 40 41 121 163 192 4 10
Median income Mean income Families and unrelated individuals	\$10 972 \$12 033 28 532	\$11 563 \$12 560 19 947	\$10 041 \$11 156 8 585	\$7 000 \$7 613 644	\$9 346 \$9 934 1 764	\$9 589 \$9 867 2 152	\$15 356 \$19 105 2 639	\$10 223 \$10 372 2 594	\$10 867 \$11 376 2 112	\$10 738 \$11 582 1 245		\$11 942 \$12 482 922
Median income Mean income Unrelated individuals	\$8 680 \$9 620 8 682	\$8 235 \$9 334 7 538	\$9 389 \$10 284 1 144	\$2 107 \$4 471 514	\$7 071 \$7 697 623	\$6 013 \$7 328 804	\$6 063 \$10 604 1 532	\$4 014 \$5 670 1 795	\$7 670 \$8 269 838	\$9 956 \$10 451 203	\$902 \$3 320 39	\$10 694 \$11 026
Median income Mean income TYPE OF INCOME IN 1969 OF FAMILIES	\$2 920 \$4 103	\$2 919 \$4 025	\$2 926 \$4 616	\$1 746 \$3 676	\$2 489 \$3 600	\$2 226 \$3 071	\$3 145 \$4 461	\$2 862 \$3 578	\$2 586 \$3 547	\$3 250 \$4 651	\$848 \$1 938	177 \$3 971 \$4 902
All families With wage or solary income Mean wage or solary income With nonfarm self-employment income Mean nonform self-employment income With farm self-employment income With farm self-employment income With farm self-employment income With farm self-employment income With Social Security income Mean Social Security income With back assistance or public welfare income Mean public assistance or public welfare income With other income With other income	17 826 \$11 135 2 303 \$6 831 1 970 \$3 219	12 409 11 372 \$11 790 1 354 \$7 071 252 \$1 247 1 876 \$1 732 320 \$1 515 6 040 \$1 349	7 441 6 454 \$9 980 949 \$6 489 1 718 \$3 508 1 110 \$1 566 167 \$1 412 2 710 \$1 639	130 92 \$7 501 18 53 \$1 385 10 57 \$1 657	1 141 1 001 \$9 690 107 \$4 596 15 277 \$1 947 55 \$1 279 \$1 279 \$1 016	1 348 1 143 \$8 890 202 \$6 990 29 370 \$1 575 \$1 358 824 \$1 215	1 107 941 \$17 953 169 \$10 434 33 -\$1 144 219 \$1 817 568 \$3 755	799 709 \$9 467 100 \$7 655 14 i7i \$1 762 8 318 \$1 508	1 274 1 159 \$10 902 96 \$7 166 20 245 \$1 706 30 \$1 447 493 \$1 378	1 042 927 \$10 568 141 \$6 967 29 \$745 150 \$1 788 50 \$1 438 533 \$1 739	6 	745 711 \$11 627 88 \$4 438 10 83 \$1 935 32 \$1 094 348 \$991
RATIO OF FAMILY INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL! Percent of families with incomes:									·	•		••••
Less than .50 of poverty leve? .50 to .74 .75 to .99 1.00 to 1.24 1.25 to 1.49 .50 to 1.99 .50 to 1.24 1.50 to 1.99 .50 to 2.99 .50 to 2.99 .50 to 2.99 .50 to 2.99 .50 to 2.99	1.8 1.5 2.1 3.4 3.7 9.7 26.3 51.5	1.1 1.5 1.8 2.7 3.1 9.0 25.0 55.9	2.9 1.7 2.7 4.6 4.8 10.8 28.4 44.3	7.7 3.1 11.5 3.8 13.8 10.8 7.7 41.5	0.4 1.7 2.9 3.2 3.1 14.7 33.9 40.1	0.9 3.2 5.3 4.2 13.0 26.1 44.2	2.) 1.7 1.4 2.6 2.1 4.9 13.4 71.9	2.5 2.0 2.6 4.8 6.9 10.9 19.4 50.9	1,0 1.5 3.1 3.9 3.8 10.0 19.8 56.9	0.5 1.3 2.2 1.1 6.4 7.8 29.1 51.6		0.5 1.9 2.3 2.4 10.6 23.4 58.9
INCOME BELOW POVERTY LEVEL ¹	1 070	F04										
Families Percent of all families Mean family income Mean income deficit Percent receiving public assistance income Mean size of family With related children under 18 years Mean number of related children under 18 years Mean number of related children under 6 years Mean number of related children under 6 years Mean number of related children under 18 years Mean number of related children under 18 years With related children under 18 years Mean number of related children under 18 years Mean number of related children under 18 years Mean number of related children under 6 years Percent in labor force Mean number of related children under 6 years	1 072 5.4 \$1 841 \$1 329 601 2.81 355 1.47 238 190 2.69 107 57.9 1.11	536 4.3 \$1 990 \$1 179 13.2 3.26 294 2.57 170 1.31 164 136 2.68 76 53.9 1.13	536 7,2 \$1 692 \$1 478 9,5 3,76 307 3,03 185 1,62 74 54 2,70 31 67,7 1,06	29 22.3 \$1 712 \$1 287 34.5 3.03 10 10 10 10 	57 5.0 \$2 316 \$881 17.5 3.33 2.61 20 14 10 10 	98 7.3 \$1 952 \$1 149 16.3 3.24 48 3.08 28 1.36 35 31 2.84 21 	57 5.1 \$1 933 \$1 480 3.60 3.4 2.50 20 - - - -	57 7.1 \$1 581 \$1 21} 7.0 2.61 30 1.50 25 1.20 8 4 4 	71 5.6 \$2 102 \$869 2.33 27 2.30 9 25 18 - -	42 4.0 \$2 370 \$813 40.5 3.38 22 17 15 11 		18 2.4 14 9 9 - -
Femily heads Percent 65 years and over Civilion male heads under 65 years Percent in labor force	1 072 29.0 558 89.2	536 30,2 225 86,7	536 27.8 333 91.0	29 51.7 4	57 35.1 27 59.3	98 46.9 17	57 17.5 47 100.0	57 28.1 33 84.8	71 40.8 24	42 47.6 11	-	18 9
Unreleted individuals Percent of all unreloted individuals Mean income deficit Percent receiving public assistance income Percent 65 years ond over	2 953 35.5 \$904 \$910 5.7 38.6	2 545 35.4 \$913 \$907 5.7 36.7	408 35.7 \$849 \$930 5.6 50.5	285 55.4 \$864 \$967 5.6 16.1	252 40.4 \$726 \$1 082 4.4 32.5	341 42.4 \$1 117 \$674 11.7 66.9	306 25.7 \$772 \$1 059 2.9 19.6	636 35.4 \$929 \$902 6.0 22.6	361 43.1 \$877 \$933 59.8	77 37.9 \$997 \$803 6,5 59.7	23 79,3 	35 19.8 \$1 223 \$592 22.9 57.1
Persons Percent of all persons Percent receiving Social Security income Percent 65 years and over Percent receiving Social Security income Related children under 18 years Percent living with both parents	6 716 8.2 24.9 25.0 83.7 1 598 63,3	4 295 8.3 28.0 28.6 81.3 728 47.5	2 421 8.0 19.4 18.8 89.9 870 76.4	373 43.3 24.4 19.0 91.5 37 -	442 9.6 24.7 26.2 79.3 75 26.7	659 12.9 42,8 47.0 86.8 137 47.4	511 10.3 15.9 13.7 82.9 95 100.0	785 18.4 21.3 22.4 76.1 40 20.0	569 10.5 36.0 49.7 66.1 65 49.2	219 5.6 34.2 35.2 89.6 64 48.4	23 48.9 	113 3.8 22,1 17.7 43 32.6
Heuseholds Percent of all households Owner accupied Mean value of unit Renter occupied Mean gross rent Percent lacking some or all plumbing facilities	2 114 10.3 878 \$15 900 1 236 \$103 14.1	1 755 11.2 642 \$17 300 1 113 \$107 14.1	359 7.6 236 \$12 200 123 \$68 14,5	135 41.0 - 135 \$91 47.4	167 12.0 67 \$14 800 100 \$107 9.6	347 19.4 168 \$13 700 179 \$81 20.7	175 10.6 62 \$24 500 113 \$126 -	369 22,0 54 \$19 600 315 \$100 19,2	228 14.5 131 \$15 000 97 \$92 7.0	91 7.9 63 \$14 800 28 \$144 -		39 4.6 15 24

*Excludes inmates of institutions, members of the Armed Forces living in barracks, college students in dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 14 years.

Table P-4. Income Characteristics of the Population: 1970-Continued

(Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text)

			Ro	chester — Con.					Balance	of Olmsted C	ounty	
Census Tracts	Tract 001 ?	Tract 0012	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0015	Tract 0016	Troct 0017	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0007	Tract 0009	Tract 0010
INCOME IN 1969 OF FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS												
Ati families Less than \$1,000	184 6	252 5	589	936 5	1 507	1 086	263 10	_	11	102	1 575 6	
\$1,000 to \$1,999 \$2,000 to \$2,999	Š	-	-	-	18 20	23	10	-	-	18	17 44	
\$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999	5	5 5	7	19	26 8	10 32	4	-	-	10	29 28	
\$5,000 to \$5,999	20	10	16	55	24	10	-	-	-	4	50	
\$6,000 to \$6,999 \$7,000 to \$7,999	6	24	15 34	34 42	22 55	26 36	14 5	-	-	17	97 194	
\$8,000 to \$8,999 \$9,000 to \$9,999	21 10	35 19	26 42	75 54	79 81	61 32	26 5	_	5	5	179	
\$10,000 to \$11,999 \$12,000 to \$14,999	26 43	54 44	126 209	242 248	207 384	128 195	65 67		-	6	332 309	
\$15,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$49,999	33 4	33 15	95 3	162	510 73	383 130	45 	-	6 -	22 15	176 25	
\$50,000 or more Median income Mean income	\$11 077 \$11 358	3 \$10 852 \$12 592	\$12 179 \$11 792	\$11 521 \$11 593	\$13 668 \$13 959	15 \$14 769 \$16 495	\$11 400 \$10 826	-		\$7 824 \$12 296	\$10 328 \$10 688	
Families and unrelated individuals	299	365	623	1 152	1 707	1 314	370	-	65	165	1 786	
Median income	\$8 592 \$8 998	\$8 917 \$10 136	\$12 062 \$11 476	\$11 026 \$10 628	\$13 059 \$13 010	\$13 402 \$14 658	\$9 600 \$8 722	-	\$6 500 \$6 064	\$4 795 \$9 402	\$9 832 \$10 008	
Unrelated individuals Median income Mean income	115 \$4 500 \$5 223	113 \$4 050 \$4 658	34 \$3 929 \$6 010	216 \$6 455 \$6 447	200 \$5 444 \$5 861	228 \$4 615 \$5 908	107 \$2 813 \$3 551	-	54 \$4 400 \$4 729	63 \$977 \$4 716	211 \$3 711 \$4 934	• • •
TYPE OF INCOME IN 1969 OF FAMILIES												
All families	184 177	252 252	589 589	936 914	1 507 1 492	1 086 1 017	263 242	-	11 11	102 96	1 575 1 491	:::
Mean wage or solary income With nonform self-employment income	\$10 640 30	\$11 620 19	\$11 135 42	\$11 312 35	\$13 093 169	\$15 156 127	\$10 307	Ξ		\$11 293 10	\$9 976 173	
Mean nonform self-employment income	\$3 720	15	\$4 107 9	\$7 750 4	\$4 820 48	\$11 706 15		-	-	24	\$4 786 70	
Mean farm self-employment income With Social Security income	24	33	21	· 17	\$1 052 82	105		-	-	·	\$5 495 137	
Mean Social Security income With public assistance or public welfare income		\$1 379			\$1 404 29	\$1 747 6	\$2 121	-	-	\$2 535	\$1 747 48	
Mean public assistance or public welfare income	-	-			\$1 764		5	-	-	-	\$1 775	
With other income Mean other income	53 \$801	152 \$652	266 \$591	420 \$430	843 \$557	589 \$1 427	61 \$3 002	-		43 \$510	426 \$989)
RATIO OF FAMILY INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL												
Less than .50 of poverty level		2.0	-	0.5	0.3	1.0	3.8	-	-	5.9	0.7)
.50 to .7475 to .99	-	2.0 2.0		-	1.9 0.3	0.6	4.2	-	-	-	1.7 1.7	
1.00 to 1.24 1.25 to 1.49	-	2.0	2.0 1.9	2.2 2.1	1.2 1.5	1.0 0.5	1.5	-	-	10.8 19.6	1.7 3.8	
1.50 to 1.99 2.00 to 2.99	26.6	2.0 39.3	9.3 37.4	9.1 33.3	5.6 25.9	5.6 16.3	8.0 29.3	-		22.5	11.2 33.8)
3.00 or more	53.8	50.8	49.4	52.7	63.2	75.0	53.2	-		41.2	45.5	
Families Percent of all families		15 6.0	=	5 0.5	38 2.5	17 1.6	21 8.0	-	-	6 5.9	64 4.1	
Mean family income		•••	-		\$1 943 \$1 183			_	-		\$2 138 \$1 051	
Percent receiving public assistance income Mean size of family	í –	_	-	-	3.16	-		-		-	21.9 3.45	
With related children under 18 years Mean number of related children under 18 years	6	10		<u> </u>	34 1.74	ʻii	17	-	=	6	34 2,85	
With related children under 6 years Mean number of related children under 6 years	- 1	10	_	-	20	5		-	-		29 1,52	
Families with female head With related children under 18 years	11	-	-	-	15 15	ii n	ij	-	-	-	14	
Mean number of related children under 18 years. With related children under 6 years	· · · ·	-	-	-	15			-	-	-		•••
Percent in labor force Mean number of related children under 6 years	-		-	-	•••	5 -	=	-	-	-	14	•••
Family hoods		- 15	-	- 5	 38		21	-	-	- 6		•••
Percent 65 years and over Civilian male heads under 65 years Percent in labor force		15		5	23		10		-	6	46.9 20	
Uarelated individuals Percent of all unrelated individuals	27	34 30.1	4 11.8	58 26.9	56 28.0	16	34	-	12	37	67	
Mean income Mean income deficit	\$693	\$1 185	•••	\$912	\$1 113	7.0	31.8 \$1_050	-	22.2	58.7 \$141	31.8 \$881	•••
Percent receiving public assistance income Percent 65 years and over	- 1	\$598 70.6		\$959 10.3	\$699 - 42.9	···- 	\$758 38.2 76.5	-	···· 	\$1 681 10.8	\$947 7.5 38.8	• • • • • • • • •
Persons	55	119	4	68	176	74	105	_	12	85	288	
Percent of all persons	23.6	11.6 32.8	0.2	1.8 48.5	2.7 17.6	1.7 36.5	10.5 24.8	-	12.0	20,7 4,7	4.4 24.7	
Percent 65 years and over Percent receiving Social Security income		20.2	-	-	13.6	36.5 100.0	24.8 100.0	-	-	4.7	27.1 84.6	
Related children under 18 years Percent living with both parents	1 10	44 100.0	-	-	52 61.5	27	39 12.8	-		35	96 60,4	
Households Percent of all households	25 9.9	39 11.9	-	10 1.0	57 3.6	22	51	-	-	-	52	
Owner occupied	6	16	-	1.0	43	1.9 11	13.9 6	-	-	2	4.1 33	
Renter occupied	19	23	-	10	\$29 500 14	'ii	45	· -	-	-	\$16 900 19	•••
Percent locking some or all plumbing facilities		20.5	-	·· <u>·</u>			\$200	-	-	-	11.5	
Eveludes imposes of institutions and the state												

"Excludes inmotes of institutions, members of the Armed Forces living in barracks, college students in dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 14 years.

Table P-4. Income Characteristics of the Population: 1970-Continued

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

					Bala	nce of Olmste	d County Co	n.				
Census Tracts	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0013	Troct 0014	Tract 0015	Tract 0016	Tract 0017	Tract 0018	Troct 0019	Tract 0020	Tract 0021	Tract 0022
INCOME IN 1969 OF FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS												
All families	394	491	14	84	34	547	66	332	1 034	1 174	677 4	902
Less than \$1,000 \$1,000 to \$1,999	6	8	-	5	-	11	-	4	77 57	27 34	3	20 34
\$2,000 to \$2,999 \$3,000 to \$3,999	8	-	-	7	-	5 22	4	6	67 83	73 117	13 27	42 39
\$4,000 to \$4,999	15	14 14	-	- 4	4	30 10	-	8	69 62	69 71	14 18	65 109
\$5,000 to \$5,999 \$6,000 to \$6,999	16	21	-	8	-	39	4	19	52	100	43 37	57
\$7,000 to \$7,999 \$8,000 to \$8,999	30 18	22 21	-	6 9	-	29 43	8	22 14	54 94	53 87	14	84 59
\$9,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$11,999	26 36	25 28	5	15	76	53 81	12 16	31 59	80 154	57 189	82 154	61 163
\$12,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$24,999	63 103	60 121	4	30	8 5	111 93	11 5	82 59	75 93	191 76	135 117	92 60
\$25,000 to \$49,999	54 19	119 38	-	-	-	15	ě	19	17	30	16	17
\$50,000 or more Median income	\$14 000	\$17 686		\$10 400	\$10 667	\$10 778	\$10 625	\$11 797	\$7 926	\$8 494	\$11 084	\$8 017 \$8 783
Mean income	\$18 213 465	\$21 274 534		\$9 451 88	\$10 812 34	\$11 537 672	\$11 764 66	\$12 596 384	\$7 912 1 158	\$8 845 1 372	\$11 900 794	984
Medion income	\$12 793 \$16 003	\$16 473 \$20 110	•••	\$10 133 \$9 069	\$10 667 \$10 812	\$10 273 \$10 893	\$10 625 \$11 764	\$10 915 \$11 379	\$7 204 \$7 439	\$7 507 \$8 145	\$10 442 \$10 679	\$7 663 \$8 336
Unrelated individuals Median income Mean income	71 \$1 457 \$3 737	43 \$6 214 \$6 820		4 		125 \$4 808 \$8 078		52 \$4 250 \$3 611	124 \$2 095 \$3 497	198 \$2 844 \$3 990	117 \$2 536 \$3 617	82 \$2 286 \$3 421
TYPE OF INCOME IN 1969 OF FAMILIES											•	
All families With wage or salary income	394 378	491 449	14 14	84 65	34 34	547 502	66 66	332 324	1 034 775	1 174 879	677 624	902 742
Mean wage or salary income With nonfarm self-employment income	\$14 045 66	\$18 820 96		\$8 092 11	\$10 429 4	\$10 428 48	\$8 810 13	\$10 517 39	\$8 119 65	\$7 160 171	\$9 526 154	\$7 854 94
Mean nonform self-employment income	\$10 759 5	\$10 986 61	· 14	36		\$7 267 88	23	\$9 168 5	\$4 518 399	\$4 061 538	\$8 605 44	\$4 382 407
Mean farm self-employment income		\$3 281		\$4 201		\$4 271 53	15	57	\$2 636 172	\$4 486 254	\$1 550 125	\$2 857 162
With Social Security income Mean Social Security income	21	72 \$1 749	-	8	2	\$1 444	• • •	\$1 418	\$1 166	\$1 451	\$1 956	\$1 498
With public assistance or public welfare income Mean public assistance or public welfare income	8	-	-	1.	2		2		29 \$553	35 \$1 284	28 \$2 654	11
With other income Mean other income	141 \$7 911	261 \$2 354	4	28 \$1 646	4	213 \$1 254	45 \$893	192 \$1 683	316 \$1 032	429 \$1 328	337 \$1 186	260 \$1 045
RATIO OF FAMILY INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL												
Percent of families with incomes: Less than .50 of poverty level	1.5	1.6		6.0	-	0.7	-	1.2	10.3	3.0	0.6	2.9
,50 to .74 ,75 to .99	-	-	-	-	-	4.2	2	1.8	4.0 4.9	2.2 4.3	0.4 1.9	2.9 3.2
1.00 to 1.24	1.3 5.1	1.0 1.0	-	8.3	23.5	2.7 4.0	6,1	2.7	5.7 6.4	9.1 6.7	0.9 5.2	10.4
1.50 to 1.99	5.6 26.4	6.3 18.5	-	10.7 57.1	17.6	10.2 22.7	6.1 53.0	6.6 35.5	12.6 25.5	16.2 22.6	10.6 31.9	10.1 29,8
2.00 to 2.99	60.2	71.5	•••	17.9	58.8	55.4	34.8	52.1	30.7	35.9	48.4	36.8
INCOME BELOW POVERTY LEVEL		8		5		27	_	10	198	111	20	81
Families Percent of all families	6 1.5	8 1.6	-	6,0	-	4.9	-	3,0	19.1	9.5	3.0	9.0
Mean family income Mean income deficit			-	• • •	-	\$2 748 \$1 093	-		\$1 271 \$1 821	\$2 189 \$1 378	•••	\$1 402 \$1 177
Percent receiving public assistance income	- 	-	-	-		4.74	-		8,1 3.64	12.6 4.47	•••	3.7 3.04
With related children under 18 years Mean number of related children under 18 years	6	-	-	5	-	20	-	4	112 2.90	86 2.85	-	34 2.53
With related children under 6 years	-	-	-	5	-	20	-	-	65 1.65	44 1.68	-	22
Mean number of related children under 6 years Families with female head	6	-	-	···-	-		-	-	18	19	3	14
With related children under 18 years Mean number of related children under 18 years_	6 	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	···;
With related children under 6 years Percent in labor force	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	=	10		
Mean number of related children under 6 years _	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	
Feating heads Percent 65 years and over	6 	8	-	5	-	27 25,9	-	10	198 19.7	111 21,6	20	81 40.7
Civilian male heads under 65 years	-	8	-	5	-	20	-	10 	146 89.0	77 96.1	4	37 86.5
Uarelated Individuals	48	15	-	4	-	11	_	25	51	56	47	35
Percent of all unrelated individuals	67.6 \$755	34.9	-	•••	Ξ	8.8	-	48.1 \$570	41.1 \$690	28.3 \$1_117	40.2 \$1 188	42.7 \$997
Mean income deficit Percent receiving public assistance income	\$1 063	•••	Ξ	••••	-	·· <u>·</u>	-	\$1 180	\$1 053 7.8	\$585 16,1	\$633 10.6	\$669
Percent 65 years and over	47.9		-	-	-	-	-	100.0	47.1	91.1	55.3	62.9
Persons	84	31	-	34		139	-	57	771 10 7	552	87 3.0	281 8.0
Percent of all persons Percent receiving Social Security income	5.0 27.4	1.5 16.1	-	7.9	-	6.7 5.0		4.2 54.4	19.7 14.3	11.3 16.8	3.0 50.6	28.8
Percent 65 years and over Percent receiving Social Security income	27.4	16.1	-	-	-	5.0	-	43.9 100.0	12.1 88.2	15.9 100.0	56.3 89.8	29.5 78.3
Related children under 18 years	22	-	-	19 •••	-	72 100.0	-	13	281 85.8	242 77.7	-	90 82.2
Households	22	-	-	5	-	-	-	30 8.4	94 24.6	56 9,7	63 8.9	37 15.8
Percent of all households	5.6 16	-	_	13.9	-	-	-	25	60	41	36	25
Meon volue of unit Renter occupied		-			-	-		\$11 700 5	\$11 900 34	\$10 700 15	\$8 600 27	\$9 800 12
Mean gross rent		-	-		-	-	_	•••_	\$50 19.1	·· <u>·</u>	\$69 22.2	37.8
Percent lacking some or all plumbing facilities	-											

Excludes inmotes of institutions, members of the Armed Forces living in barrocks, college students in dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 14 years.

Table P-4. Income Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Γ					Totals	for split tracts	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Census Tracts	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract 0016	Tract 0017
	0004	0005	0007	0010	0011	0012	0013	0014	0015	0016	
INCOME IN 1969 OF FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS											
All families Less than \$1,000	1 107	810 9	1 144	749	578 6	743 13	603	1 020 5	1 541	1 633 5	329 10
\$1,000 to \$1,999	23 53	23 57	21 40	19	11 8	-	-	5 7	18 20	11 28	15
\$3,000 to \$3,999	27	41	72	43	5	5 19	7 16	19	26 12	32 62	4
\$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$5,999	52 22	46 66	53 16	26 14	15 20	24	16	59	28 22	20 65	18
\$6,000 to \$6,999 \$7,000 to \$7,999	46 49	30 42	46 72	35 37	21 36	45 22 56	15 34	42 48	55	65	5
\$8,000 to \$8,999 \$7,000 to \$9,999	42 41	28 47	68 123	44 41	36 39 36	56 44	26 47	84 54	79 88	104 85	34 17
\$10,000 to \$11,999	79 107	139 113	193 182	121 163	62 106	82 104	131 213	257 278	213 392	209 306	81 78
\$12,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$24,999	239	150	212	192	136	154 134	95 3	162	515 73	476 145	50
\$25,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	285 38	19	46	4	58 19	41	_	-	\$13 603	20 \$13 279	\$11 247
Median income	\$15 356 \$19 105	\$10 230 \$10 402	\$10 632 \$11 645	\$11 909 \$12 459	\$12 849 \$16 031	\$13 774 \$18 329	\$12 134 \$11 776	\$11 455 \$11 416	\$13 890	\$14 834	\$17 014
Families and unrelated individuals Median income	2 639 \$6 063	2 659 \$4 040	1 410 \$9 690	926 \$10 661	764 \$10 763	899 \$11 807	637 \$12 020	1 240 \$10 979 \$10 517	1 741 \$13 009 \$12 968	1 986 \$12 203 \$13 384	436 \$10 074 \$9 183
Mean incame	\$10 604 1 532	\$5 680 1 849	\$10 329 266	\$11 015 177	\$13 262 186	\$16 060 156	\$11 468 34	220	200	353	107
Median income Mean income	\$3 145 \$4 461	\$2 877 \$3 611	\$3 038 \$4 666	\$3 971 \$4 902	\$3 600 \$4 655	\$4 467 \$5 254	\$3 929 \$6 010	\$6 364 \$6 349	\$5 444 \$5 861	\$4 679 \$6 676	\$2 813 \$3 551
TYPE OF INCOME IN 1969 OF FAMILIES							603	1 020	1 541	1 633	329
All families With wage or salary income	1 107 941	810 720	1 144 1 023	749 715	578 555	743 701	603	979	1 526	1 519 \$13 593	308 \$9 986
Mean wage or salary income	\$17 953 169	\$9 511 100	\$10 636 151	\$11 608 88	\$12 959 96	\$16 232 115	\$10 978 47	\$11 098 46	\$13 034 173	175	24
Mean nonform self-employment income With form self-employment income	\$10 434 33	\$7 655 14	\$6 761 53	\$4 438 10	\$8 559 5	\$9 733 76	\$4 250 23	\$7 104 40	\$4 722 52	\$10 488 103	28
Meon farm self-employment income	-\$1 144 219	i7i	\$849 184	83	45	\$3 107 105	21	\$3 776 25	\$1 167 82	\$3 525 158	\$5 504 41
Mean Social Security income	\$1 817	\$1 762	\$1 926	\$1 935	\$2 041	\$1 632		\$1 858 9	\$1 404 29	\$1 646 12	\$1 816 7
With public assistance or public welfare income Mean public assistance or public welfare income	-	8	50 \$1 438	32 \$1 094	8	-		448	\$1 764 847	802	106
With other income	568 \$3 755	329 \$1 467	576 \$1 648	348 \$991	194 \$5 969	413 \$1 727	270 \$657	\$506	\$556	\$1 381	\$2 107
RATIO OF FAMILY INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL											
Percent of families with incomes: Less than .50 of poverty level	2.1	2.5	1.0		2.9	1.7	-	1.0	0.3	0.9	3.0 3.3
.50 to .74	1.7 1.4	2.0 2.6	1.2 2.0	0.5 1.9	-	0.7 0.7	-	-	1.8 0.3	1.8	2.4
1.00 to 1.24	2.6 2.1	4.7 6.8	1.9 7.6	2.3 2.4	1.7 3.5	0.7 1.3	2.0 1.8	2.7 2.0	1.2 2.0	1.6 1.7	
1.50 to 1.99 2.00 to 2.99	4.9 13.4	10.7 19.8	7.1 28.5	10.5 23.8	7.3 26.5	4.8 25.6	9.1 37.3	9.2 35.3	5.5 25.8	7.2 18.4	7.6 34.0
3.00 or more	71.9	51.0	50.7	58.6	58.1	64.5	49.8	49.8	63.1	68.5	49.5
INCOME BELOW POVERTY LEVEL'	57	57	48	18	17	23		10	38	44	21
Percent of oll families	5.1 \$1 933	7.0 \$1 581	4.2 \$2 361	2.4	2.9	3.1	-	1.0	2.5 \$1 943	2.7 \$2 286	6.4
Mean income deficit	\$1 480	\$1 211	\$1 061 35.4		···-		-	···-	\$1 183	\$1 331	
Percent receiving public assistance income	3.60	7.0 2.61	3.96	 14	- 	iò	-	5	3.16 34	4.23 31	·ii
With related children under 18 years Mean number of related children under 18 years	34 2.50	30 1.50	28 3.79				-		1.74	3.32 25	
With related children under 6 years Mean number of related children under 6 years	20	25 1,20	17	-	-	10	-	5	20	1.24	ii
families with female head With related children under 18 years	-	8 4	15 11	9 9	17 12	-	-	-	15 15	11	11
Mean number of related children under 18 years_ With related children under 6 years			'ii	·· <u>·</u>	•••	-	-	-	15		•••
Percent in labor force	1			-	-	-	-	-	•••		-
Family heads	57	57	48	18	17	23	-	10	38	44	21
Percent 65 years and over Civilian mole heads under 65 years Percent in labor force	17.5 47 100.0	28.1 33 84.8	41.7 17	9	-	23	-	10	23	29.5 20	10
Unrelated individuals Percent of oll unrelated individuals	306 25.7	648 35.0	114 42.9	35 19.8	75 40.3	49 31,4	4 11.8	62 28.2	56 28.0	27 7.6	34 31.8
Mean income	\$772 \$1 059	\$934 \$897	42.9 \$719 \$1 088	\$1 223 \$592	40.3 \$733 \$1 092	\$1 027		\$921 \$938	\$1 113	\$1 387 \$412	\$1 050 \$758
Mean income deficit Percent receiving public assistance income Percent 65 years and over	2.9	\$897 5.9 22.2	\$1 088 4,4 43.9	\$392 22.9 57.1	\$1 092 - 34.7	\$778 		\$938 9.7	\$699 42.9	59.3	38.2
Persons	511	797	304	113	139	150	4	102	176	213	105
Percent of all persons Percent receiving Social Security income	10.3 15.9	18.2 21.0	7.1 26.0	3.8 22.1	5.7 25.9	4.9 29.3	0.2	2,4 32,4	2.7 17.6	3.3 16.0	8.0 24.8
Percent 65 years and over Percent receiving Social Security income	13.7 82.9	22.1	26.6 90.1	17.7	18.7 100.0	19.3 100.0	_	-	13.6	16.0) 00.0	24.8 100.0
Related children under 18 years Percent living with both parents	95	40 20.0	99 31.3	43 32.6	32	44	-	19	52 61.5	99 72.7	39 12.8
Households Percent of all households	175 10.6	369 21.7	91 7.6	39 4.6	47 7.3	39 5.4	-	15 1.4	57 3,5	22 1.6	5 13.0
Owner occupied Mean value of unit	62	54 \$19 600	63 \$14 800	15	22	16	-	-	43 \$29 500	'n	
Renter occupied Mean gross rent	113	315 \$100	\$14 800 28 \$144	24	25 \$132	23	-	15	14	'ii	4. \$20
Percent locking some or all plumbing facilities		19.2			-	20.5	-		•••	···-	φ20

*Excludes inmates of institutions, members of the Armed Forces living in borracks, college students in dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 14 years.

Table P-5. General and Social Characteristics of the Negro Population: 1970

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts With		Dimsted County	
400 or More Negro Population	Total	Rochester	Bolance
AGE BY SEX			
Male, all ages	96	96	_
Under 5 years 3 and 4 years	18 5	18 5	-
5 to 9 years	9	9	-
5 years6 years	-	-	
10 to 14 years	9	9	-
14 years 15 to 19 years	- 4	- 4	-
15 years	-	-	-
16 years 17 years	- 4	- 4	-
18 years	-	-	-
19 years	12	12	-
20 years	4	· 4	-
21 years	4	4 16	-
35 to 44 years	28	28	_
45 to 54 years	-	-	-
60 to 64 years		=	-
65 to 74 years	-	-	-
75 years and over	-	-	-
Female, all ages	86	86	-
3 and 4 years		-	-
5 to 9 years	8	8	-
S years	-	-	-
10 to 14 years	4	4	-
14 years 15 to 19 years	-	-	-
15 years	-		-
16 years		-	-
17 years	-	-	_
19 years	~	-	-
20 years	24	24	
21 years		-	-
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	21	21 9	-
15 to 54 years	4	4	-
55 to 59 years60 to 64 years00 to 64 year	-	-	-
55 to 74 years	5	- 5	_
75 years and over	11	11	-
All persons	182 149	182 149	-
Head of household	55	55	-
Head of family Primary individual	31 24	31 24	-
Wife of head	36	36	-
Other relative of head	58	58	-
n group quarters	33	33	-
ersons per household	2.71	2.71	-
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD			
All households	55	55	_
Male primary individual	12 12	12 12	_
Husband-wife households	31	31	-
louseholds with other male head	-	-	-
	-	_	-
CHOOL ENROLLMENT			
Persons, 16 to 21 years old	12	12	
tot attending school Not high school graduates	4 4	4	-
Percent of total		• • • •	-
EARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED			
Persons, 25 years old and over	94	94	-
lo school years completed	-	-	-
lementary: 1 to 4 years 5 to 7 years	- 5	5	-
8 years	-	~	[
igh school: 1 to 3 years 4 years	17	17	_
ollege: 1 to 3 years	26	26	-
4 years or moreAddian school years completed	46 15.9	46 15.9	-
ercent high school graduates	94.7	94.7	-
ESIDENCE IN 1965			
Persons, 5 years ald and over, 1970'	187 46	187 46	-
Different house:			-
In central city of this SMSA	27	27	-
In other part of this SMSA Outside this SMSA	98	98	-
	56	58	_
North and West	40	40	

Includes "Moved, 1965 residence not reported."

Table P-6. Economic Characteristics of the Negro Population: 1970

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts With	0	imsted County	
400 or More Negro Population	Total	Rochester	Balance
MPLOYMENT STATUS AND OCCUPATION			
Male, 16 years old and ever	60 40	60 40	
Civilian labor force	40 40	40 40	-
Employed	_	-	_
ot in labor force	20	20	-
Female, 16 years eld and aver	74 41	74 41	-
Civilian labor force	34	34 34	-
	34	-	-
at in labor force	33 14	33 14	-
With own children under 6 years	-	-	-
Total employed, 16 years old and over	74 57	74 57	-
rafessional, technical, and kindred workers	57	- -	-
ales workers	-	-	-
roftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers	~	- .	-
peratives, except transport	4	4	-
aborers, except form	-	-	-
orm workers	13	13	-
rivate household workers	-	-	
Famale employed, 16 years old and ever rafessional, technical, and kindred workers	34 17	34 17	
hanagers and administrators, except form	-	-	
oles workers	=	-	-
peratives, including transport	4	4	-
iher blue-collar warkers	Ξ	-	-
ervice workers, except private household rivate household workers	13	13	-
AMILY INCOME IN 1969	_	_	
All families	31	31	•
ess than \$1,000 1,000 to \$1,999	-	-	
2,000 to \$2,999	-	-	
3,000 to \$3,999	-	=	
5,000 to \$5,999	4	4	-
6,000 to \$6,999		5	
8,000 to \$8,999	-	-	
10,000 or more	22	22	-
Median income: Families Families and unrelated individuals	\$13 500 \$5 125	\$13 500 \$5 125	-
RATIO OF FAMILY INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL			
Less than .50 of poverty level	-	~	-
.50 to .74	-	-	-
1.00 to 1.24			
1.25 to 1.49 1.50 to 1.99	16.1	16.1	
2.00 or more	83.9	83.9	
Percent of all families	2	-	
Mean family income Mean income deficit	-	_	
Percent receiving public assistance income	-	-	
Mean size of family With related children under 18 years	_	-	
Mean number of related children under 18 years With related children under 6 years	-	-	
Mean number of related children under 6 years	-	-	
Fomilies with female head With related children under 18 years	-	~	
Mean number of related children under 18 years_	-	-	
With related children under 6 years Percent in Jobar force	-		
Mean number of related children under 6 years 🗉	-	-	
Percent 65 years and over	-	-	
Civilian male heads under 65 years Percent in labor force	-	-	
Unrelated individuals	25	25	
Percent of all unrelated individuals	48.1 \$950	48.1 \$950	
Mean income deficit	\$942	\$942	
Percent receiving public assistance income	20.0	20.0	
Persons	25	25	
Percent of all persons	14.1 60.0	14.1 60.0	
Percent 65 years and over Percent receiving Social Security income	44.0	44.0	
Related children under 18 years	~		
Percent living with both parents	9	- 9	
Percent of all households	16.4	16.4	
Owner occupied Mean value of unit	5	5	
Renter occupied Mean gross rent	4	4	
Percent locking some or all plumbing facilities		• • •	

Excludes inmales of institutions, members of the Armed Forces living in borracks, college students in dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 14 years.

Table P-7. General and Social Characteristics of Persons of Spanish Language: 1970

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, medion, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts With	(Dimsted County	
00 or More Persons f Spanish Language E BY SEX Male, ell eget	Total	Rochester	Balance
GE BY SEX			
	265 83	224 67	61 16
ader 5 years	63 40	32	8
to 9 years	27	27	
5 years	-	-	-
o years	16	6	10
14 years	16	,6	-
5 to 19 years	11	11	-
16 years	11	11	-
17 years	-	-	-
	-		-
) to 24 years	11	11	-
20 years	-	-	_
21 years	67	60	7
5 to 44 years	48	35	13
5 to 54 years	7 7	7	7
	8	-	ä
5 to 74 years	-	-	-
5 years and over	-	-	-
Female, all ares	303	280	23
nder 5 years	57	57	-
3 and 4 years	30 40	30 40	-
	40	10	-
6 years	14	14	-
) to 14 years	27	27	-
	6 34	6 34	-
15 years	26	26	-
16 years	-	8	-
	8	8	_
19 years	-	-	-
) to 24 years	48	41 5	7
	5	-	-
	50	42	ε
5 to 44 years	25	25 7	-
to 54 years	15 7	7	-
) to 64 years	-	-	-
5 to 74 years	-	-	_
	-		
	588	504	84
	577	493	84
Head of household	134	105	29
Head of family	129	100 5	29
Wife of bead	117	94	23
Other relative of head	307	275	33
Not related to head	19 11	19 11	-
group quarters	4.31	4.70	
YPE OF HOUSEHOLD			
All households	134	105	21
ale primary individual	5	5	-
	115	93	2
ouseholds with other male head	7	7	
ouseholds with female head	7	/	•
		04	
	24 5	24 5	
Not high school graduates	-	-	
Percent of total	-	-	
EARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED			
	234	183	5
o school years completed	-	-	
ementary: 1 to 4 years	-	-	
8 years	-		
igh school: 1 to 3 years	20	20	2
4 years	53 40	31 26	2 -
	121	106	1.
edian school years completed	16.5 91.5	17 + 89.1	13. 100.
ESIDENCE IN 1965			
Persons, 5 years old and over, 1970'	448	380	6
ame house as in 1970	125	86	3
ifferent house:	44	44	
tieren nouse:		42	
In central city of this SMSA	42		
In central city of this SMSA In other part of this SMSA Outside this SMSA	166	158	
In central city of this SMSA In other part of this SMSA		158 116 42	

Includes "Moved, 1965 residence not reported."

Table P-8. Economic Characteristics of Persons of Spanish Language: 1970

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts With		Olmsted County	
400 or More Persons of Spanish Language	Total	Rochester	Balance
EMPLOYMENT STATUS AND OCCUPATION Male, 16 years old and over	159	124	35 35
Labor force Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed	159 159 149 10	124 124 114 10	35 35 35
Vol in labor force Female, 16 years old and ever	- 153 82	 130 74	- 23 8
Civilian labor force	82 82	74 74	8 8 15
Not in labor force Narried wamen in labor force, husband present With own children under 6 years	71 63 44 231	56 55 44 188	8 - 43
Total employed, 16 years eld and over rofessional, technical, and kindred workers Anagers and administrators, except form jales workers	118 17 13	103 17 13	15
lerical and kindred workers rafismen, foremen, and kindred workers)peratives, except transport ransport equipment operatives	18 7 5 -	18 	7
aborers, except farm arm workers ervice workers, except private household	13 40	32	13 8 -
Private household workers	- 82 27 9	- 74 27 9	8
Managers and administrators, except farm Sales workers Clerical and kindred workers Operatives, including Iransport	6 18 -	6 18	-
Diher blue-collar workers	- 22		
FAMILY INCOME IN 1969 All families	129	100	29
Less than \$1,000			
\$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$5,999 \$6,000 to \$6,999	7 ~ 15	- - 15	7
\$7,000 to \$7,999 \$8,000 to \$8,999 \$0,000 or \$8,999 \$10,000 or more Median income: Families	15 12 80 \$13 722	15 12 58 \$13 846	 22
Families and unrelated individuals RATIO OF FAMILY INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL ¹	\$11 429	\$9 792	
Percent of families with incomes: Less than .50 of poverty level .50 to .74 .75 to .99	-		-
1.00 to 1.24 1.25 to 1.49 1.50 to 1.99 2.00 or more	 20.2 79.8	- - 19.0 81.0	
	-	-	
Percent of all families Mean family income Mean income deficit		-	-
Percent receiving public assistance income Mean size of family With related children under 18 years Mean number of related children under 18 years			-
With related children under 6 years Mean number of related children under 6 years families with female head With related children under 18 years			-
Mean number of related children under 18 years. With related children under 6 years Percent in labor force		-	-
Mean number of related children under 6 years _ Family heads _ Percent 65 years and over Civilian male heads under 65 years	-		-
Percent in labor force Unrolated individuals Percent of oll unrelated individuals	54.3	19 54.3	-
Mean income Mean income deficit Percent receiving public assistance income Percent 65 years and over	-	···· 	-
Persons Percent of all persons Percent receiving Social Security income Percent is dyears and over	19 3.2 -	19 3.8 	-
Percent receiving Social Security income Related children under 18 years Percent living with both parents	-		-
Hevseholds Percent of all households Owner occupied Meon value of unit		-	-
Renter occupied Mean gross rent Percent lacking some or all plumbing facilities	-		-

*Excludes inmates of institutions, members of the Armed Forces living in borracks, college students in dormitories, ond unrelated individuals under 14 years.

Table H-1. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970-

[For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

	0	Imsted County		Rochester								
Census Tracts	Total	Rochester	Balance	Tract 0001	Tract 0002	Tract 0003	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0006	Tract 0007	Tract 0008	Tract 0010
All housing units Vacant — seasonal and migratory	26 639 75	18 068 1	8 571 74	522_	1 641	2 063 1	1 889	1 978	1 858	1 203	2	942
Ail year-round housing units	26 564	18 067	8 497	522	1 641	2 062	1 889	1 978	1 858	1 203	2	942
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS	17 519	10 721	6 798	73	987	1 213	978	654	1 153	1 008	••••	605
Cooperative and condominium White Renter occupied White Negro Yacant year-round For sole only Vacant less than 6 months Median price asked Vacant less than 2 months Median rent asked	32 17 460 29 7 683 7 559 1 362 203 167 \$28 100 721 462 \$147	32 10 673 23 6 325 6 210 36 1 021 151 126 \$29 800 634 416 \$149		71 2 358 350 3 91 1 36 35 \$74	983 1 575 553 4 79 8 8 \$14 600 55 42 \$111	6 1 207 2 766 759 1 83 11 7 \$17 500 51 24 \$84	26 975 1 803 786 4 108 12 9 \$35 000 68 47 \$167	653 1 215 1 188 4 109 3 84 74 \$107	1 149 3 622 618 2 83 10 6 \$36 500 51 31 \$137	1 005 2 178 177 17 6 3 	···· ···· ···· ····	604 1 285 280 2 52 14 13 \$26 300 30 19 \$171
Other	438	236	202	54	16	21	28	22	22	8	•••	ð
All whits	1 364 435 1 674 2 255 35 70	812 104 554 2 154 26 58	552 331 120 101 9 12	217 5 156 56 6	54 14 37 3 1 2	181 12 136 33 25	22 3 16 3 2	198 14 162 22 15	60 14 39 7 6	7 6 1 1 1	· · · · · · · · · · · · ·	13 11 1 1 1 1 1
COMPLETE KITCHEN FACILITIES AND ACCESS	799	437	362	153	9	68	32	94	15	8		15
Access only through other living quarters	25	22	3	2	í	2	_	ព	3	-	•••	-
room 2 rooms 3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms 7 rooms 8 rooms 9 rooms or more Median	688 1 311 3 036 4 585 6 509 4 352 2 937 1 742 1 404 5.1	637 1 191 2 573 3 171 4 293 2 651 1 751 1 003 797 4.8	51 120 463 1 414 2 216 1 701 1 186 739 607 5.5	197 107 99 46 24 25 11 6 7 2.1	29 78 219 383 389 300 152 64 27 4,8	74 143 336 374 492 377 169 64 33 4.7	62 208 313 230 255 192 189 157 283 5.0	154 289 536 300 238 186 147 86 42 3.5	35 110 289 377 462 275 184 78 48 48	1 62 211 426 271 119 71 26 5.2	···· ··· ··· ···	4 29 85 26B 252 147 92 41 24 4.8
All occupied housing units	25 202	17 046	8 156	431	1 562	1 979	1 781	1 869	1 775	1 186		890
PERSONS 1 persons 2 persons 3 persons 4 persons 5 persons 6 persons or more Median, oll occupied units Median, owner occupied units Median, where occupied units Units with roomers, boarders, or lodgers	4 315 6 795 4 084 4 177 2 859 2 972 2.9 3.4 2.0 652	3 630 4 711 2 742 2 644 1 722 1 597 2.6 3.3 1.8 546	685 2 084 1 342 1 533 1 137 1 375 3.5 3.5 3.1 106	259 116 27 14 8 7 1.3 1.8 1.3 1.3 1.3	328 485 266 215 129 139 2.4 2.6 2.2 52	550 656 284 226 143 120 2.2 2.4 1.7 108	498 557 266 190 124 146 2.2 3.0 1.5 35	754 584 238 145 63 1.8 2.3 1.5 172	372 556 308 231 145 163 2.4 2.8 2.0 63	143 366 200 205 141 131 2.9 3.0 2.7 17	···· ··· ··· ···	101 256 175 171 85 102 3.0 3.6 2.2 11
PERSONS PER ROOM	02 504	16 1 80	7 416	408	1 461	1 897	1 736	1 819	1 672	1 110		833
1.00 or less	23 596 1 356 250 1 548	736 130 856	620 120 692	408 12 11 20	86 15 101	70 12 79	36 9 45	36 14 49	81 22 103	66 10 76	••••	52 52 56
VALUE Specified owner occupied units1	13 547	9 586	3 961	26	863	1 036	863	463	1 009	957		567
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$7,499 \$7,500 to \$7,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$24,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$30,000 to \$49,999	105 229 432 101 3 885 3 209 2 245 842 499 \$20 000	16 47 195 1 345 2 768 2 482 1 746 654 333 \$20 900	89 182 237 756 1 117 727 499 188 166 \$18 200	1 3 12 6 2 2 518 900	4 33 275 322 168 52 6 \$16 700	6 10 42 312 495 127 44 - \$16 300	1 4 29 104 168 193 183 181 \$31 500	2 75 172 122 65 13 9 \$19 400	12 46 244 311 222 118 45 5 \$18 200	7 31 221 374 198 87 31 8 \$18 100	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	6 15 107 122 124 180 13 \$21 400
CONTRACT RENT	·							1 010				
Specified renter occupied units? Less than \$30	7 170 68 95 483 825 2 550 1 607 210 149 307 \$122	6 312 39 75 405 704 267 1547 193 134 187 \$125	858 29 20 78 121 115 283 60 17 15 120 \$101	358 10 19 80 114 35 61 17 6 2 12 12 \$69	575 1 5 32 74 89 272 67 18 3 14 \$109	763 7 90 142 146 271 57 4 1 20 \$95	801 4 5 22 46 82 285 260 20 55 22 \$141	1 212 2 16 127 180 503 150 31 6 28 28 \$110	621 13 5 37 79 92 238 116 6 7 28 115	178 1 1 32 81 35 8 9 9 \$127	···· ··· ··· ···	285

Limited to one-family homes on less than 10 acres and no business on property. 2Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-1. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970-Continued

[For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

]	For minimum b			hester - Con.					Balance a	of Olmsted Co	unty	
Census Tracts	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0013	Tract DO14	Tract 0015	Tract 0016	Troct 0017	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0007	Tract 0009	Tract 0010
All housing units Vacant seasonal and migratory	286	396	622	1 127	1 703	1 378	458	1	52	122 1	1 799	3
All year-round housing units	286	396	622	1 127	1 703	1 378	458	T	52	121	1 799	3
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS												
Owner occupied	110	244	565	678	1 349	998	105	•••		90	1 509	
Cooperative and condominium	110	244	561	674	1 338	995	104	•••	-	90	1 503	
NegroRenter occupied	153	126	1 42	3 372	5 274	1 305	250		28	26	249	
White	151	125	41	363 7	273	301	244	•••	28	25	244 2	
Negro	23	26	15	77	80	75 29	103	•••	24	5	4Ĩ 3	• • •
For sale only Vacant less than 6 months		3	8 4	9 8	35 35	27			-			
Median price asked	22	···. 5	\$22 500	\$28 000 62	\$34 600 29	\$37 500 37	iói	•••	23	i	14	
Vacant less than 2 months	16	5	-	29 \$155	26	22 \$170	44 \$197	•••	23 \$269	•••	7 \$103	
Median rent askedOther	\$161	\$125 18	ī	\$105	\$175 16	ş170 9	1197		\$205]		24	
LACKING SOME OR ALL PLUMBING FACILITIES							ĺ					1
All units	-	5 2	8 5	7	19 3	20 10	1	•••	-	6	63 36	
Owner occupied	~	-	-	~	-		-	•••	-	- 4	14	
Renter occupied	-	3	1	2	-	-	-	•••	-		-	
Vacant year-round For sale only	-	-	2	1	16 16	9 8	-		-	2	13	
For rent	-	-	-	1	-		-	•••	-	•••	3	
COMPLETE KITCHEN FACILITIES AND ACCESS			•	e.	•	24			7	7	33	
Lacking complete kitchen facilitiesAccess only through other living quarters	2	1	2	5	9 1	24 2	-	•••	7	-		
ROOMS												
1 room	3	2	2	24	4	6	40		8	-	9	
2 rooms	11 76	26 94	6 12	32 119	11 96	67 144	58 93	•••	5	2	20 93	•••
4 rooms	87 61	69	44 319	257 416	147	252 262	124	•••	27 2	20 18	441 671	
5 rooms6 rooms	30	47	122	160	534 308	184	27 (î	18	297 157	
7 rooms8 rooms	9	69 75 47 23 19	69 24	75 33	296 213	202 135	14	•••	-	27 \7	75	
9 rooms or more Median	4.1	41 4.6	24 24 5.3	11 4.8	94 5.7	126 5.3	3.8	•••	3.6	11 6.2	36 5.0	•••
All countrol boundary units	~~~					1 102			28	116	1 758	
All occupied housing units	263	370	607	1 050	1 623	1 303	355	•••	28	110	1 / 50	•••
] person	59	68	21	85	92	200	100	•••	2	9	114	• • •
2 persons 3 persons	90 50	114 58	80 94	202 203	245 279	324 231	80 61	•••	8	24 17	391 333	•••
4 persons	33 16	54 38	162 132	265 180	432 301	247 153	54 42	•••	12	18 22	370 257	•••
5 persons6 persons or more		38	118	115	274	148	18)	•••	-	26 3.9	293 3,6	• • •
Median, all occupied units	15 2.3 3.0 2.0	2.6 3.4	4.2 4.2	3.6 4.1	4.0 4.2 2.2	3.1 3.6	2.5 4.2	•••	3.2	4.1	3.7	•••
Median, renter occupied units		1.8	3.3	2.4		1.7	1.9	•••	3.2	3.0	3.2 24	• • •
Units with roomers, bourders, or lodgers	2	14	8	9	2	4	3	•••	7	3	24	•••
PERSONS PER ROOM							Ì					
1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50	251 8	348 18	539 57	969 74	1 533 87	1 259 41	343 12	•••	23 3	106 8	1 536 192	• • •
1.51 or more Units with all plumbing facilities - 1.01 ar more		4	11	7 81	3	3	12		2	2	30 217	• • •
Units with all plumbing facilities - 1.01 or more	12	22	67	81	89	44	12	•••	5	10	217	• • •
VALUE							ł					
Specified owner occupied units1 Less than \$5,000	98	211	556	654	1 334	844	104	•••	-	47	1 068 12	• • •
\$5 000 to \$7 499		į	3	-	-	-	-	••••	-	3	26	• • •
\$7,500 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999	ī	5 37	12 23 218	5	4	ŝ	-	•••	-	9	42 282	• • •
\$20,000 to \$24,999	54	87 16	218 226	199 312	176 486	135 202	18 51		-	5 7	455 170	• • •
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	17	5	67	132	495 157	254 170	35		-	9	68	• • •
\$50,000 or more	1 -	38	_	1	16	73		•••	-	5	2	•••
Median	\$22 300	\$17 800	\$20 500	\$22 000	\$25 000	\$28 000	\$23 300	•••	-	\$23 900	\$16 700	•••
Specified renter occupied units?	152	126	42	371	272	305	250		28	10	221	
Less than \$30 \$30 to \$39	1 -		1	~ _	-	-	-	•••	_	-	4	
\$40 to \$59 \$60 to \$79	1 7	1 9	3 3	32	2	7 27	-		-	·]	18 24	• • •
\$80 to \$99	1 1	5	6	2	-	77	-	•••	_	5	33	•••
\$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	110	97 9	19 8	120 217	69 167	107 62	21		-4	-	95 26	***
\$200 to \$249 \$250 or more		i -	2	16	15	9	47	•••	11	-	1	
No cosh rent	2	4		7	2 17	12	5	•••	1	3	20	• • •
Median	\$166	\$125	\$128	\$163	\$167	\$123	\$188	•••	\$243	\$88	\$111	

Limited to one-family homes on less than 10 acres and no business on property. ²Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

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Table H-1. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970-Continued

[For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

		Dase for derive					ed County C					
Census Tracts	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0015	Tract 0016	Tract 0017	Tract 0018	Tract 0019	Tract 0020	Tract 0021	Tract 0022
All housing units Vacant — seasonal and migratory	434	520	4 -	86	39	602 _	69	402	1 251 68	1 365 2	826	996 3
All year-round housing units	434	520	4	86	39	602	69	402	1 183	1 363	826	993
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS		100										
Owner occupied Cooperative and condominium White		439 439	••••	59 59	36 36	531 529	54 	334 333	917 917	1 015 1 015	661 659	776 776
Negro	52	-	•••	27	- 30	1	12	51	203	282	139	110
Renter occupied	52	66 65	•••	26	2	62 61	12	51	203	282	139	159
Negro Vacant year-round		15		-	3	9	3	17	63	66	26	58 9
For sale only Vocant less than 6 months		1		-	3	1	1	7 7	5	6 5	8 7	6
Median price osked For rent	2			-	•••	·''i	···-	\$26 300 ¢	\$10 000 7	\$10 000 20	\$21 300 5	4
Vacant less than 2 months Median rent asked	••••	•••	•••	-	-	··· ***	- 2	\$95	\$98 \$98	\$62	\$75	 45
	2	11	•••		-	/	2	4	47	40	13	40
LACKING SOME OR ALL PLUMBING FACILITIES	6	5		1	_	22	6	9	134	115	33	152
Owner occupied	1	3	•••	-	-	13	3	7	80	69	19	100
Renter occupied	2	2	•••	ī	-	7	ī	ī	27	26	12	23
Vacant year-round	3		•••	-	-	2	•••	ī	27	20	2	29
For sole onlyFor rent		-		-	-		·· <u>-</u>	-	3 2	1 4	1	3 -
COMPLETE KITCHEN FACILITIES AND ACCESS												
Lacking complete kitchen facilitiesAccess only through other living quarters ROOMS	4	4 -	•••	2 -	4	14 _	6 -	6	97 _	77	14	87
1 room2 rooms	1	1 5		ļ	-	2 14	1	2	9 19	4 16	7 24	7 9
3 rooms	14	16	•••	3		89	3 8	25 37	77 198	52 159	40 134	34 136
4 rooms5 rooms	50 122	37 87	•••	19	3	156 104	13	173	251 291	256 313	263	233
6 rooms7 rooms	99 68	103	• • •	19 15	5 14	80 70	17	75 57	169	256	147 104	233 171
8 rooms 9 rooms or more	41 36	69 136	••••	14 5 6.0	11 5 7.3	42 45 4.9	12 3 6,1	20 12 5.3	101 68 5.6	163 144 6,1	79 28 5.3	92 78 5.8
Medion	5.8	6.7	•••	0.0	7.5	4.7	0,1	5.5	5.0	6.1	2,3	5.0
All occupied housing units	424	505		86	36	593	66	385	1 120	1 297	800	935
1 person 2 persons	22 81	26 113		4	1 3	53 177	5 9	31 83	115 338	134 365	108 211	61 254
3 persons4 persons	66 107	63 130		25 13 15	9 10	108 97	10 13	62 85	164 193	211 182	109 143	254 170 157
5 persons	74	74		10 19	iŏ	72 86	14 15	77 47	141 169	151 254	110	123 170
Median, owner occupied units	3.9 4.0	3.9 4.0		3.6 3.6	4.0 4.0	3.1 3.1	42	3.7 3.8	3.2 3.2	3.2 3.2	3.2 3.5 2.3	3,4 3,4
Median, renter occupied units	2.9	3.0	••••	3.6		3.3	4.1 4.5	2,7	3.0	3.3		3.5
Units with roomers, boorders, or lodgers	7	6	•••		-	8	1	5	8	20	10	7
PERSONS PER ROOM						6.10			1 007	1 100	7.0	
1.00 or less	394 27	480 23	••••	78 6	36	542 44 7	57 8	356 23	1 027	1 189 90	746 45	839 76
1.51 or more Units with all plumbing facilities _ 1.01 or more	3 30	2 25	•••	2 8	-	49	1 9	6 29	18 80	18 99	9 52	20 79
VALUE												
Specified owner occupied units' Less than \$5,000	351	350	•••	20	33	204	22 2	314 5	331 19	448 23	595 11	175
\$5,000 to \$7,499	2	2	•••	-	-	i 9	-	10 10	25 35	61 84	27 32	16 25 17
\$7,500 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999	4 21	18	•••	42	-	20	5	38 95	92 71	120 96 37	116 194	31
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	73 86	43 61		6	-	40 38 65	1	118	47 27	37	130	31 36 25 23 2
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	107 41	46 56	•••	4	19 13	24	4	36 2	10	21 2	73 10	23
\$50,000 ar more Median	17 \$24 400	122 \$35 800		\$23 300	\$33 700	6 \$24 100	\$16 500	\$20 000	5 \$14 600	\$12 000	\$18 100	\$14 800
		•-		••		41		En	80	100	140	
Specified renter accupied units? Less than \$30	51	38 3	•••	11	-	35	6 	50 3	82 7	129	1 39	56
\$30 to \$39 \$40 to \$59	2	-	•••	-	-		2	2	57	8 25	5 12	Ó I
\$60 to \$79	5 3	8 5	•••	2	-	2		9 10	11 8	29 16	23 26	7 5 17
\$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	24 8	10 5	•••	6 2	-	16 5	3	19 4	18 1	25 1	49 4	17
\$200 to \$249 \$250 or more	3	-		-	-	2	-	-		2	1	ī
No cash rent	\$ \$117	6 \$97		\$132		\$ \$131	1 \$103	3 \$99	25 \$78	19 \$73	14 \$92	16 \$96
	ψιι/	ψ//		tudon one fam	···			÷	414	4.0	+/*	

Limited to one-family homes on less than 10 acres and no business on property. 2Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-1. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970-Continued

[For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

			igures (percent			for split tract				······································	 }
Census Tracts	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0007	Tract 0010	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0015	Tract 0016	Tract 0017
All housing units Vacant—seasonal and migrotory	1 890	2 030	1 325 1	945	720	916	626	1 213	1 742	1 980	527
All year-round housing units	1 890	2 030	1 324	945	720	916	626	1 213	1 742	1 980	527
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS											
Owner occupied Cooperative and condominium White	978 26 975	654 653	1 098	606 605	482 482	683 683	569 565	737	1 385 1 374	1 529	159
Negro Renter occupied White	803 786	1 243 1 216	204	287	205 203	192 190	42 41	399 389	274 273	367 362	262 256
Write Negro Vacont year-round	4	1 218 4 133	202 22	282 2 52	203 1 33	190 2 41	15	7 77	273 1 83	2 84	4
For sale only Vacant less than 6 months	12	3	73	14 13	4	4	8	9	38 38	30 28	2
Median price asked For rent	\$35 000 69	107	\$6 300 4	\$26 300 30	24		\$22 500	\$28 000 62	\$35 800 29	\$36 700 38	iöi
Vocant less than 2 months Medion rent asked Other	48 \$165 28	97 \$119 23	 ii	19 \$171 8	\$157 \$157 5	6 \$124 29	- 7	29 \$155 6	26 \$175 16	22 \$169 16	44 \$197 3
LACKING SOME OR ALL PLUMBING FACILITIES											
All units Owner occupied	22 3	198 14	13 6	13 11	6 1	10 5	6 5	8 4	19 3	42 23	7 (
Negro Renter occupied	16	162	4	ī	2	5	ĩ	3	-	8	ĩ
Negro Vacant year-round	3	22	3	ī	3	-	2	ī	16	ų	2
For sale onlyFor rent	2	15	1 	ī	ī	-	-	ī	16	8 1	··· <u>·</u>
COMPLETE KITCHEN FACILITIES AND ACCESS Lacking complete kitchen facilities	32	10)	15	15	6	5	. 2	7	13	38	6
Access only through other living quarters	-	11	-	-	~	-	. 2	-	1	2	-
2 roams	62 208	162 294	1 18	4 29	4	3 31	2 6	25 33	4	8 81	40 59 96
3 rooms 4 rooms	313 230	545 327	70 231	85 269	90 137 183	110 106	12 44	122 266	96 148	233 408	132 [
5 rooms	255 192	240 187	444 289	253 147	183 129 77	162 150	319 125	435 179	537 313	366 264	101 44
7 rooms	189 158	147 86	146 88	92 42	46	89 88	69 25	90 47	310 224	272 177	44 26 19 10
9 rooms or more Median	283 5.0	42 3.5	37 5.3	24 4.8	40 5.1	177 5.8	24 5,3	16 4.9	99 5.7	171 5.2	4.0
All occupied housing units	1 781	1 897	1 302	893	687	875	613	1 136	1 659	1 896	421
PERSONS	100	757	169	101			01		02	757	105
2 persons	498 557 266	756 592 244	152 390	101 257 176	81 171	94 227	21 81	89 227	93 248	253 501 339	89 71
4 persons 5 persons	190 124	157 85	217 223 163	170	116 140 90	121 184 112	94 162	216 280 190	288 442 311	339 344 225	67 56
6 persons or more Median, all occupied units	146	63 1.8	157	102 3.0	89 3.3	137 3.5	134 119 4.2	134 3.6	277 4.0	223 234 3.1	33
Median, owner occupied units	3.0 1.5	2.3 1.6	3.1 2.7	3.6 2.2	3.9 2.2	3.8 2.1	4.2 3.3	4.1 2.5	4.0 4.2 2.2	3.4 1.9	2.7 4.2 2.0
Units with roomers, boarders, or lodgers	35	179	20	11	9	20	8	2.5	2,2	12	4
PERSONS PER ROOM											
1.00 or less	1 736	1 842 39	1 216 74	836 52 5	645 35 7	828 41	543 57	1 047 80	1 569 87	1 801 85	400 20
1.51 or more Units with all plumbing facilities — 1.01 or more	9 45	16 54	12 86	5 56	7 42	6 47	11 67	9 89	3 89	10 93	1 21
VALUE Specified owner accupied units'			1 004								141
Less than \$5,000		463 2	1 004	567 6	449	561]	559	674	1 367	1 048	126 2
\$7,500 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999	4 29	5	32 230	15 107	4 22	3 7 55	12	9		11 28	1
\$15,000 to \$19,999	104	172 122	379 205	122	96 140	130 77 51	23 218 227	201 318	176 486	175 240	25 52 36
\$25,000 to \$44,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	193	65 13	96 39	180 13	124 44	51 77	67 9	136	514 170	319 194	36
\$50,000 or more Median	181	\$19 400	13 \$18 200	\$21 400	17 \$23 600	160 \$26 500	\$20 500	\$22 000	17 \$25 300	79 \$27 100	\$22 900
Specified renter eccupied units? Less than \$30 \$30 to \$39		1 240	188 1	287	203	164 3	42 1	382	272	340	256
\$40 to \$59 \$60 to \$79	5 22	16 127 180	2	2	2	1	3	3	-	7	2
\$60 to \$99 \$100 to \$149	82	180 169 503	2 12 37 81 35	24	6 4	17 10	3	4	2	29 81	~
\$150 to \$199 \$20 to \$199	260	503 154 42		86 140	62 118	107 14	19 8	126 219	69 167	123 67	24 132 47 45
\$250 or more No cash rent	20 55 22	42 18 29	8 12	10 5 7	31	1	2	16	15	11	47 45
Median	\$141	<u></u>	\$125	\$155	\$160	\$121	\$128	\$162	17 \$167	18 \$124	5188

"Limited to one-family homes on less than 10 ocres and no business on property. "Excludes one-family homes on 10 ocres or more.

Table H-2. Structural, Equipment, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

	0	msted County						Rochester				
Census Tracts	Total	Rochester	Balance	Tract 0001	Tract 0002	Troct 0003	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0006	Tract 0007	Tract 0008	Tract 0010
All year-round housing units	26 578	18 068	8 510	515	7 648	2 059	1 889	1 978	1 858	1 203	6	953
UNITS IN STRUCTURE												
1 (includes mobile home or trailer)	18 816 2 204	10 823 1 933	7 993 271	59 55	978 286	1 177 407	974 136	571 257	1 166 314	1 045 154		652 55
3 ond 4	1 691	1 559 3 324	132	40 341	166	199 276	126	324 815	152	4		205 33
50 or more	481	429	52	20	-	-	235	11	~	-		8
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT	1 000	 .			00	-			0)			110
1969 to March 1970 1965 to 1968 1960 to 1964	1 300 3 477 3 830	814 2 361 2 472	486 1 116 1 358	19	28 31 66	7 61 59	8 276 91	20 63 186	21 189 60	10 32		118 376 101
1950 to 1959	5 569 2 468	3 731 1 952	1 838 516	3	278 293	145 483	340 168	89 72	480 276	527 320		101
1939 or earlier	9 934	6 738	3 196	484	952	1 304	1 006	1 548	832	314	•••	144
HEATING EQUIPMENT Steam or hot water	4 861	3 857	1 004	312	23)	218	520	648	321	68		252
Warm air furnace Built-in electric units	19 811	13 653 127	6 158 94	146	1 386	1 701	1 310	1 277	1 423	1 123		650 37
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Other means or not heated	307 1 378	125 306	182 1 072	57	18 13	64 69	13	26	25 83	12		14
BASEMENT												
All units with basement One-family houses with basement	23 928 17 074	16 928 10 440	7 000 6 634	510 54	1 495 941	2 019 1 153	1 854 966	1 944 571	1 741	1 179 1 026	•••	855 636
With more than 1 bothroom With public water supply	8 223 20 654	5 698 17 961	2 525 2 693	65 506	367 1 657	311 2 058	892 1 873	295 1 978	591 1 841	420 1 203		324 943
With public sever	20 097	17 977 7 573	2 120 1 657	506 117	1 657 666	2 058 696	1 875 1 057	1 978 541	1 841 790	1 203 516		943 417
Room unit(s) Central system	6 519 2 711	5 290 2 283	1 229 428	104 13	557 109	622 74	529 528	393 148	659 131	441 75	•••	311 106
All occupied housing units	25 202	17 046	8 156	392	1 601	1 974	1 781	1 869	1 775	1 186		901
YEAR MOVED INTO UNIT			(
1968 to March 1970 1965 to 1967	9 380 4 523	6 863 2 937	2 517 1 586	153 41	578 197	716 211	614 365	913 243	604 277	259 147	•••	445 217
1960 to 1964 1950 to 1959 1949 or earlier	3 876 4 353 3 070	2 491 2 860 1 895) 385 1 493 1 175	72 72 54	252 277 297	273 322 452	225 336 241	197 194 322	232 360 282	151 462 167		115 98 26
	3 0/0	1 0/3	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		277			0-0				
1	12 282	8 286	3 996	160	874	1 044	934	866	866 519	589		469
2 3 or more None	8 641 1 525 2 754	5 471 861 2 428	3 170 664 326	42	405 59 263	474 28 428	451 106 290	292 84 627	111	444 65 88	 	297 80 55
GROSS RENT	2 / 54	- 10										
Specified renter occupied units	7 208	6 320	888	315	613	761	799 9	1 209	613	178		295
Less than \$40 \$40 to \$59 \$60 to \$79	92 381 690	70 326 604	22 55 86	22 77 105	6 35 36	18 63 148	9 32	15 96 178	38 73	4		
\$80 to \$99 \$100 to \$149	911 2 400	777 2 109	134 291	21 50	76 300	230 213	71 291	182 496	76 205	20 57	***	16 88
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	2 020 307	1 851 281	169 26	35 5	122 25 7	68 5	268 21 64	163 44	154 44 12	66 13	•••	161 16
\$250 or more No cash rent Median	163 244 \$131	138 164 \$133	25 80 \$120	\$69 5	6 \$130	16 \$91	34 \$146	35 \$113	11 \$128	5 \$144	··· ···	10 \$76}
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME		• - ~										
BY INCOME		(100		315	613	761	799	1 209	613	178		295
Specified renter occupied units' Less than \$5,000 Less than 20 percent	7 208 2 982 169	6 320 2 727 148	888 255 21	229 16	194 11	385	352	786	261 5	64	, 	107
20 to 24 percent	184 367	151 322	33 45	27 44	10	26 43	11 31	48 107	14 37	65		- 9
35 percent or more Not computed	2 015 247	1 915	100 56	119 23 25 0 ±	133 19 35.0+	264 10 35.0 +	272 33 35.0 +	516 46 35.0 +	193 12 35.0 +	53 	•••	88 10 35.0 +
Median \$5,000 to \$9,999	35.0 + 2 244	35,0+ 1933	35.0 311	35.0+ 46	266	231	265	258	187	67	, 	67
Less than 20 percent20 to 24 percent	718 571	587 524	131 47	34 6	92 105	105	66 63 106	81 70	96 30	30 11		12
25 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed	691 200 64	616 161 45	75 39 19	6 	58 11	45 - 6	30	88 19	50 6 5	10 11 5		33 (4 -
Median	23.3	23.4	21.6	11.6	22.0	20.5	25.3	23.4	19.4	20.5		26.1
\$10,000 to \$14,999	1 426	1 162	264 5	34	10) 6	· 93	804 01 8	126	130	27	•••	76
Not computed Median	28 1 4.8	18 15,4	13.3	10.0-	16.3	12.3	14.9	13.4	14.7	14.8		16.4
\$15,000 or more 25 percent or more	556 14	498 9	58 5	6	52	52 	76	39	35	સ્થ	•••	45
Not computed Median	5 11.5	5 11.5	11.3		11,4	10.0~	5 12.7	11.9	11.3			12.1

*Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-2. Structural, Equipment, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970-Continued

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Ĺ		oinple, see lex		ester Con.				and meaning of		F Olmsted Cou	unty]
Census Tracts	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Troct 0013	Tract 0014	Troct 0015	Tract 0016	Tract 0017	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0007	Tract 0009	Tract 0010
All some sound bourles only	292	379	622	1 134	1 703	1 378	451		47	116	1 791	
All year-round housing units	272	3/4	UZA	1 134	, ,							
UNITS IN STRUCTURE										100	1 706	
1 (includes mobile home or trailer)	106 21	257	587 35	684 58	1 412 40	1 013	136	-	-	108	1 725	
3 and 4 5 to 49 50 ar mare	84 81	14 104	-	121 271	33 218	76 187	15 136 155	· _	47		14 5 	
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT	_	-	_	_								
1969 to March 1970		28	9	99	250	167	59		10 37	6 10	91 190	
1965 to 1968 1960 to 1964	39 171	67 75	66 119	283 548	383 590	212 270	286 95	-	-	21 32	424 770	
1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949	82	94 39	358 18	204	449 31	584 130		-	-	18 29	143 173	
1939 or earlier	-	76	52	~	-	15	11		-	29	173	
HEATING EQUIPMENT	165	12	16	407	324	339	24	-	42	-	100	
Warm air furnace Built-in electric units	127	355	577 4	727	1 379	1 039	427	-	5	103	1 529	
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	-	12	18 7	-	-	-	_	-	-	10 3	34 128	
BASEMENT		12	·				5					
All units with basement One-family houses with basement	261 106	320 238	601 573	1 055 684	1 597 1 401) 058 851	433 136	·	-	88 83	1 277 1 231	
With more than 1 bathroom With public water supply	56 292	111 364	197 622	265 1 145	978 1667	714 1 372	112 440	-	45	40	278 508	
With public sewer With air conditioning	292 163	371 139	622 205	1 145 528	1 667 735	1 372 687	440 316	-	45 39	- 9	156 461	
Room unit(s) Centrol system	95	24	183	447 81	543 192	336 351	46 270	-	26 13	- 9	408 53	
Centor system		115	22	51	172	351	210	-		-		
All occupied housing units	262	360	607	1 052	1 623	1 303	353	-	21	115	1 740	• • • •
YEAR MOVED INTO UNIT											(70	
1968 ta March 1970 1965 ta 1967	174 36	129 70	245 134	549 241	670 452	536 253	271 53		•••	20 18	670 390	
1960 to 1964	39 13	31 96	99 129	222 40	324 177	244 250	15 14	-	• • •	29 17	270 337	•••
1949 or earlier	-	34	-	-	-	20	-	-	•••	31	73	
AUTOMOBILES AVAILABLE	152	201	220	537	602	580	185	_		64	854	
2	82 28	120 13	330 42	436 65	921 92	578 76	80 12	-		37 6	634 200	
None	-	26	15	14	8	69	76	-		8	52	•••
GROSS RENT Specified renter occupied units	160	109	65	377	270	305	245		27		226	
Less than \$40	-	-	-	-		4	-	-	-		10	
\$60 to \$79 \$80 to \$99		5	14		-	10 56	-1	-	-		11 34	•••
\$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	32	65 35	13 30	75 266	77 147	133 79	14 129	-	-		70 72	•••
\$200 to \$249	-	-	8	15	9	18	63 31	-	21		16	
\$250 or more No cash rent	-	\$138	\$159	5 11 6149	14 23	5	8	-	\$288	•••	13 \$139	
Median GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME BY INCOME	\$107	\$130	\$107	\$169	\$166	\$121	\$191	-	\$200	•••	4137	
Specified renter occupied units '	160	109	65	377	270	305	245	_	27		226	
Less than \$5,000Less than 20 percent	42	33	8	44	58	67	97	-	6		42	
20 to 24 percent25 to 34 percent	- 1	10	-	5	-	9 10	-	_	-		5 19	•••
35 percent or moreNot computed	. 36	19	8	29 10	53 5	48	84 13		6		11	•••
Median		35.0+		35.0+	35.0+	35.0+	35.0+	-	•••	•••	31.6	•••
\$5,000 to \$9,999Less than 20 percent		54 22	23	137 14	123 10	97 25	46	-	16		84 15	•••
20 to 24 percent	. 28	17	12 11	40 57	5	38 25	6 24	-	-	•••	20 38	
35 percent or more	- 16	-	<u> </u>	15 11	29 13	25 4 5	16	-	16	•••	5	
Median		21.5		26.6	31.1	22.8	32.1	-			26,1	•••
\$10,000 to \$14,99925 percent or more	- 48	17	26	135	52	107	78	-	-		90 5	•••
Not computed	- 1	-	-	-	5	-	10 7	_	-	•••	-	•••
\$15,000 ar mare	F	 5	14.6 8	16.4	18.0	14.2	18.7	-	-	•••	13.9	•••
25 percent or more Not computed	- 1		8	61	37	34	24 4	-	5 5		10	•••
Median				12,5	10.0-	10.0_		-		•••		

Excludes one-family homes on 10 ocres or more.

Table H-2. Structural, Equipment, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970-Continued

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

]					Balanc	e of Olmsted	County — Con.					
Census Tracts	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Troct 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0015	Tract 0016	Troct 0017	Tract 0018	Tract 0019	Tract 0020	Tract 0021	Tract 0022
All year-round housing units	420	535	14	82	38	621	69	394	1 189	1 350	841	999
UNITS IN STRUCTURE												
) (includes mobile home or trailer)	388	518		82	38	600	69	362	1 158	1 265	701	965
2 3 ond 4	28 4	13 -4		-	-	10 11	-	10 17	18 8	41 44	73 15	27 7
5 to 4950 or more	-	-	• • •	-	-	-	-	5	5	-	47 5	-
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										•		
1969 to March 1970 1965 to 1968	5 50	49 64	•••	4 10	34	79 185	4	25 70	35 139	49 117	34 148	61 96
1960 to 1964	113 194	139 152	• • •	5 10	-	141 93	4 10	100 88	78 138	83 102	165 163	96 80 82
1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	35 23	34 97		9 44	4	30 93	6 45	5 106	102 697	67 932	20 311	47 633
HEATING EQUIPMENT												
Steam or hot water	71 336	86 395	•••	19 63	5 29	73 501	4 40	78 267	109 750	173 858	116 638	118 636
Built-in electric units		373 34 9		-	-	5	5	28	9 38	20 12	10 6	.11 34
Floor, wail, or pipeless furnace Other means or not heated	13	ıî		-	4	31	20	21	283	287	71	200
BASEMENT	201	610		70	20	224	69	340	1 022	1 229	762	846
All units with basement One-family houses with basement	381 349	518 501		78 78	38 38	334 323	69	340 325	996	1 164	638	825
SELECTED EQUIPMENT												
With more than 1 bathroom With public water supply	272 11	336 34		32	26 34	166 235	21	163 403	266 46	338 526	358 839	212 12
With public sewer	149	183		7	40	219 192	13	403 100	12 120	400 143	839 153	6 88 78
Room unit(s) Central system	79 70	109 74		7	-	134 58	13	75 25	89 31	117 26	94 59	10
All occupied housing units	422	507	•••	77	34	603	68	385	1 127	1 297	802	941
YEAR MOVED INTO UNIT								1/0	077	204	277	249
1968 to March 1970 1965 to 1967	144 97	123 131	•••	11 13	28	244 160	22 6	162	237 185	304 181	192 141	165 140
1960 to 1964 1950 to 1959	92 75	134 109	•••	20 19	-	99 68	25 15	80 61 34	170 221 314	185 273 354	126	167
1949 or earlier	14	10		14	6	32	-	34	314		00	
	139	111		13	14	276	34	169	521	813	448	528 289
2 3 or more	219 46	336 45		39 25	20	279 26	20 14	177	475	370 84	263 31 60	95 29
None	18	15	•••	-	-	22	-	22	70	30	60	27
GROSS RENT												
Specified renter accupied units' Less than \$40	60	29	• • •		-	•••	•••	35	105 22	146	142	62
\$40 to \$59 \$60 to \$79	15	5	•••	•••	-		•••	6	12	10 30	11	-
\$80 to \$99 \$100 to \$149	6 10	20	••••	•••	-		•••	16	16 26	19 57	54 45	22
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	15	4	•••	•••	· _		•••	9	11 _	21	17	8 -
\$250 or more No cash rent	4	Ξ		• • •	2	• • •	•••	4	9	9	5	25
Medion	\$141	\$112	•••	•••	_	•••	•••	\$131	\$83	\$107	\$98	\$129
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME BY INCOME												
Specified renter occupied units	60 1.4	29	•••		-			35 6	105 49	146 41	142 55	62 21
Less than \$5,000	14		•••		-				10	5	6	7
20 to 24 percent	6	-			-	•••			17	5 22	9 25	
35 percent or more Not computed	8 	-	•••	•••	-	•••		-	5 26.7		10 35.0+	14
Median	 22	- 17			-			15	26	56	28	28
\$5,000 to \$9,999 Less than 20 percent	7	12	•••		-		•••	5	22	29 10	12 11	15
20 to 24 percent25 to 34 percent26	5	5	•••	•••	-				4	13	5	ī
35 percent or more Not computed Median	4	-	•••		-			4	12.5	19.7	20.9	5
\$10,000 to \$14,999	16				-			14	19	40	52	13
25 percent or more Not computed	-	-			-		• • •	-	4	-	-	6
Median					-	•••	•••	• • •	•••	13.6	11.9	
\$15,000 or more	8	8			-	•••	•••	-	11	9	7	-
Not computed Median	-				-		***	-				-
												ł

'Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-2. Structural, Equipment, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970-Continued

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

					Totals	for split tracts					
Census Tracts	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0007	Tract 0010	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Troct 0015	Tract 0016	Troci 0017
All year-round housing units	1 889	2 025	1 319	957	712	914	636	1 216	1 741	1 999	520
UNITS IN STRUCTURE											
1 (includes mobile home or trailer)	974	571	1 153	652	494	775	601	766	1 450	1 613	205
2	136 126	257 324	154	59 205	49 88	17	35	58 121	40 33	112	9
5 to 49 50 or more	418 235	815 58	-	33	้ยั	104	-	271	218	187	15
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT	205	90	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	155
1969 to March 1970	8	30	4	110	5	77	9	103	284	044	
1965 to 1968	276	100	6 20	118 376	89	77 131	66	293	383	246 397	63 286
1960 to 1964	91 340	186 89	53 559	101 105	284 276	214 246	124 358	553 214	590 449	411 677	99 10
1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	168 1 006	72 1 548	338 343	113 144	35 23	73 173	18 61	9 44	31 4	160 108	6 56
HEATING EQUIPMENT											
Steam or hot water Warm air furnace	520 1 310	690 1 282	68 1 226	252 654	236 463	98 750	26 581	426 790	329 1 408	412 1 540	28 467
Built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnoce	46	27	-	37	403	34	4	-	-	5	407
Other means or not heated	13	26	10 15	14	13	9 23	18 7	-	4	11 31	20
BASEMENT											
All units with basement One-family houses with basement	1 854 966	1 944 571	1 267 1 109	859 636	642 455	838 739	615 587	1 133 762	1 635 1 439	1 392 1 174	502 205
SELECTED EQUIPMENT											1
With more than 1 bathroom	892 1 873	295	460	329	328	447	209	297	1 004	880	133
With public water supply With public sewer	1 875	2 023 2 023	1 203 1 203	943 943	303 292	398 371	622 622	1 145 1 145	1 701 1 707	1 607 1 591	440 440
With air conditioning Room unit(s)	1 057 529	580 419	525 441	417 311	312 174	322 133	205 183	535 454	735 543	879 470	329 57
Central system	528	161	84	106	138	189	22	81	1 92	409	270
All occupied housing units	1 781	1 890	1 301	906	684	867	619	1 129	1 657	1 906	421
YEAR MOVED INTO UNIT											
1968 to March 1970	614	934	279	450	318	252	245	560	698	780	293
1965 to 1967 1960 to 1964	365 225	243 197	165 180	217 115	133 131	201 165	134 99	254 242	452 324	413 343	59 40 29
1950 to 1959 1949 or earlier	336 241	194 322	479 198	98 26	88 14	205 44	134 7	59 14	177 6	318 52	29 -
AUTOMOBILES AVAILABLE											
2	934 451	873 292	653 481	474 297	291 301	312 456	220 342	550 475	616 941	856 857	219 100
3 or moreNone	106	98 627	71	80 55	74 18	58 41	42	90 14	92 8	102 91	26 76
GROSS RENT	2/0	01,		55	10	41	15	14	0	71	~
Specified renter occupied units	799	1 236	193	299	220	138	65	387	270	327	250
Less than \$40 \$40 to \$59	9 9	15 96	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	5
\$60 to \$79 \$80 to \$99	32 71	178	13 25	4 16	15 6	10	14		-	10 56	-
\$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	291 268	496 169	62 66	92 161	42 143	85 35	13 30	80 271	77 147	144 84	14 129
\$200 to \$249 \$250 or more	21 64	44 21	13	16	6	4	8	15	9 14	18	63 31
No cash rent Median	34 \$146	35 \$115	10 \$140	10 \$160	4 \$166	\$132	\$159	11 \$169	23 \$166	11 \$124	8 \$190
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME BY INCOME	,		•	1	4100	410z	4157	<i>φ(0)</i>	4100	4124	4110
Specified renter occupied units ¹	799	1 236	193	299	000						
Less than \$5,000 Less than 20 percent	352	792	74	107	220 56	138 33	65 8	387 49	270 58	327 73	250 97
20 to 24 percent	5	69 48	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	-
25 to 34 percent35 percent or more	31 272	107 522	5 53	9 88	6 44	10 19	8	5 34	53	10 48	84
Not computed Medion	33 35.0+	46 35.0 +	5 35,0 +	10 35.0+	6 35.0+	4 35.0+		10 35.0+	5 35.0 +	6 35.0+	13 35.0+
\$5,000 to \$9,999	265	274	72	71	88	71	23	137	123	102	51
Less than 20 percent	66 63 106	81 70	35 11	16 18	7 28	34 17	12	14 40	10 5	25 38	5
25 to 34 percent35 percent or more	106 30	88 35	10 11	33 4	27 22	20	ii _	57 15	66 29	30	24 16
Not computed Median	25.3	24.0	5 19.4	25.5	4 27.6	20.4	-	11 26.6	13 31.1	5 23,1	31.0
\$10,000 to \$14,999	106	126	27	76	64	21	26	140	52	118	78
25 percent or more	10 6	7	2	-	-	-	~	-	_	-	5
Median	14.9	13,4	14.8	16.4	15.7		14.6	16.2	5 18.0	14.3	18.7
\$15,000 or more 25 percent or more	76 5	44 5	20	45	12	13	8	61	37	34	24
Not computed Median	5 12,7	12.5	-	12.1	-		-	-	-		4
Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more					•••		•••	12.5	10.0	10.0-	

'Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-3. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With Negro Head of Household: 1970

[For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts With		Olmsted County	
400 or More Negro Population	Total	Rochester	Balance
All occupied housing units	68	59	9
TENURE AND PLUMBING			
Owner occupied With all plumbing facilities Renter occupied With all plumbing facilities	29 28 39 37	23 22 36 34	6 6 3
ROOMS			
1 room 2 rooms 3 and 4 rooms 5 and 6 rooms 7 rooms or more Median	2 9 24 28 5 4.4	2 9 21 22 5 4.0	- 3 6 5.0
PERSONS			
1 person 2 and 3 persons 4 and 5 persons 6 persons or more Median	16 25 22 5 2.9	16 21 18 4 2.7	- 4 1 3.7
Units with roomers, boarders, or lodgers	5	5	-
PERSONS PER ROOM			
1,00 or less 1,01 to 1,50 1,51 or more Units with all plumbing facilities – 1,01 or more	65 3 - 3	56 3 - 3	9 - - -
VALUE			
Specified owner occupied units' Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$34,999 \$20,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 or more Median	25 - 3 5 16 \$23 500	21 - 2 3 16 \$25 500	··· ··· ···
CONTRACT RENT			
Specified renter occupied units ²	37 \$148	35 \$152	•••

Limited to one-family homes on less than 10 acres and no business on property. *Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more and all "no cash rent" units.

Table H-4. Structural, Equipment, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With Negro Head of Household: 1970

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts With 400 or More Negro		Olmsted County	
Population	Total	Rochester	Balance
All occupied housing units	60	60	-
UNITS IN STRUCTURE			
1 (includes mobile home or trailer)	36	36	-
2 to 4	14	14	-
5 or more	10	10	-
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT			
1960 to March 1970	31	31	-1
1950 to 1959	8	8	-
1949 or earlier	21	21	-
With air conditioning	25	25	-1
With more than 1 bothroom	19	19	-
With central or built-in heating system	60	60	-
With public water supply	62	62	-
With public sewer	62	62	-1
With automobile(s) available	44	44	-
1	17	17	_
2 or more	27	27	-
YEAR MOVED INTO UNIT			
1968 to March 1970	36	36	-1
1960 to 1967	20	20	
1959 or earlier	6	6	-]
GROSS RENT			
Specified renter occupied units			_
Less than \$40			-1
\$40 to \$59			_
\$60 to \$79			
\$80 to \$99			-
\$100 to \$149	•••		-[
\$150 to \$199	•••		-
\$200 or more	•••		-
No cash rent	•••		-
Median	•••		-
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME BY INCOME			
Less than \$10,000			
25 percent or more			
35 percent or more			
Not computed			
Median			_

Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-5. Characteristics of Housing Units With Household Head of Spanish Language: 1970

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts With 400 or More Persons	C	Imsted County	
of Spanish Language	Total	Rochester	Balanci
All occupied housing units	132	105	22
TENURE AND PLUMBING			
Owner occupied	79	58	21
With all plumbing facilities	79 53	58 47	
With all plumbing facilities	53	47	••
ROOMS			
room		5	
and 4 rooms	5 41	35	••
and 6 rooms	44 42	38 27	
INITS IN STRUCTURE			
(includes mobile home or trailer)	100	73	
to 4 or more	32	32	••
FAR STRUCTURE BUILT			
960 to March 1970	64	43	
950 to 1959 949 or earlier	26 42	26 36	
ERSONS			
person	5	5	
and 3 persons	54 45	33 39	
persons or more	28	28	
Nedian nits with roomers, boarders, or ladgers	3.9 9	4.5 9	••
ERSONS PER ROOM			
00 or less	115	88	
01 to 1.50 51 or more	17	17	••
nits with all plumbing facilities - 1.01 or more	17	17	
EAR MOVED INTO UNIT			
968 to March 1970 960 to 1967 959 or earlier	77 49 6	65 40 -	•••
Vith air conditioning	64	49 47	
Vith mare than 1 bathroom Vith central or built-in heating system	62 132	105	
Vith public water supply	111	105	••
/ith public sewer/ith automobile(s) available	105 132	105 105	••
12 or more	79 53	67 38	•••
ALUE			
Specified owner occupied units	67	58	.,
ess than \$5,000		-	
10,000 to \$14,999 15,000 to \$19,999	6 19	6 19	••
20,000 to \$34,999	13	13	
35,000 or more ledian	\$23 300	20 \$21 500	••
ROSS RENT			
Specified renter occupied units? ss than \$40	53	47	
10 to \$59	-		••
50 to \$79 30 to \$99	-		••
00 to \$149	33 13	33 7	••
50 to \$199	7	7	••
o cosh rent edion	\$144	\$141	
ONTRACT RENT			
Specified renter occupied units ³	53 \$119	47 5117	
ROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME BY INCOME	¥	••••	
ess than \$10,000	32	32	
25 percent or more	5	5 5	
35 percent or more	د 	-	•••
Median	•••		••

Limited to one-family homes on less than 10 ocres and no business on property.

²Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

"Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more and all "no cash rent" units.

Appendix A.—AREA CLASSIFICATIONS

CENSUS TRACTS	App-1
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Description of tracted area	App-1
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CENSUS TRACTS

Definition of census tract.-Census tracts are small areas into which large cities and adjacent areas have been divided for statistical purposes. Tract boundaries were established cooperatively by a local committee and the Bureau of the Census. Tracts were generally designed to be relatively uniform with respect to population characteristics, economic status, and living conditions. The average tract has about 4,000 residents. Tract boundaries are established with the intention of being maintained over a long time so that comparisons may be made from census to census.

In the decennial censuses, the Bureau of the Census tabulates population and housing information for each census tract. The practice of local agencies to tabulate locally collected data by tracts has increased the value of census tract data in many areas.

Tracts are generally numbered in a consecutive series, with separate series for the central city and for each county. Insofar as possible, the numbers are consecutive within each city, community, township, and the like. In these tables, tracts which contain no population and no housing units are not listed. Tracts populated only by crews of vessels are identified by the tract number suffix "99."

Historical background.-The concept of census tracts was originated by the late Dr. Walter Laidlaw in New York City in 1906. He was convinced of the need for data for homogeneous subdivisions of cities as a basis for studying neighborhoods smaller than boroughs or wards. At his request, the Bureau of the Census tabulated census tract data from the 1910 census for New York and seven other cities with a population of over 500,000. Tract data were again tabulated for the same 8 cities in 1920, and in 1930 this number was increased to 18. In 1940, tract data were tabulated for 60 cities, some with adjacent tracted areas; and, beginning in 1940, housing data were added to the population data in the tract reports. In 1950, final reports were published for 64 tracted areas, many of which included statistics for two or more large cities. By 1960, the program had expanded to include reports for 180 tracted areas (of which 3 were in Puerto Rico).

Tract statistics from the 1970 census are published for 241 areas, 238 in the United States and 3 in the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico. All of these tracted areas are standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's). The goal of extending the census tract program to all SMSA's was achieved in the 1970 census except for six areas that were designated as SMSA's on the basis of the 1970 census count and had not been tracted.

Much of the credit for the growing interest in tract data belongs to the late Howard Whipple Green of Cleveland. He aroused the interest of research workers in numerous cities in the potential usefulness of tract statistics for the analysis of sociological, marketing, and administrative problems. In his capacity as Chairman of the Committee on Census Enumeration Areas of the American Statistical Association for 25 years, he accepted the responsibility for appointing a Census Tract Key Person in each area where tracts were established, for providing guidance on delineating and maintaining census tracts, and for maintaining a census tract library. These duties were assumed by the Bureau of the Census in 1955. However, the Census Bureau no longer appoints Census Tract Key Persons. They are selected by the local census tract committees.

For a further discussion of census tract data and their uses, see U.S. Bureau of the Census, **Census Tract Manual**, Fifth Edition, 1966, Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402.

Description of tracted area.-The map included in this report identifies the boundaries of the area for which the tract statistics are presented. The map also identifies the location and number of each tract and, when appropriate, the limits of cities, townships, counties, or other subdivisions of the tracted area. Boundaries of the tracted area generally constitute a standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA). A few, however, include the SMSA plus an adjoining area outside it. These are designated as including the adjacent area, and the map covers the tracts in the adjacent area as well as those in the SMSA itself.

Comparability from census to census.— One of the principles followed in relation to census tracts is to preserve comparability from census to census. Keeping tract boundaries unchanged makes possible the study of changes in social and economic characteristics of neighborhoods. There are, nonetheless, several situations where boundaries of individual tracts are changed. For example, it is sometimes necessary to change the boundaries of tracts to add small areas annexed to a city. Similarly, changes in tract boundaries occur when territory is detached from a city or separately incorporated. Changes may also occur in physical features that are used as tract boundaries, such as street or highway relocations. The census tract limits are changed to conform with the revised feature or to follow another nearby visible feature. Census tracts with very large increases in population are subdivided into two or more smaller tracts. On the other hand, a re-examination of the existing tract boundaries may result in modifications of boundaries to provide larger or more homogeneous units. Tables A and B, showing the comparability of tracts between 1960 and 1970, appear at the end of the Introduction.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS

The Bureau of the Census recognizes 243 standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's) in the United States and 4 in Puerto Rico, making a total of 247 in the 1970 census. These include the 231 SMSA's as defined and named in the Bureau of the Budget publication, Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas: 1967, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. Since 1967, 16 SMSA's have been added, of which two were defined in January 1968 and an additional 14 were defined in February 1971 on the basis of the results of the 1970 census. Changes in SMSA boundaries or titles made after February 1971 are not recognized in this series of reports. SMSA's are defined by the Office of Management and Budget (formerly Bureau of the Budget).

Except in the New England States, a standard metropolitan statistical area

is a county or group of contiguous counties which contains at least one city of 50,000 inhabitants or more, or "twin cities" with a combined population of at least 50,000. In addition to the county or counties containing such a city or cities, contiquous counties are included in an SMSA if, according to certain criteria, they are socially and economically integrated with the central city. In the New England States, SMSA's consist of towns and cities instead of counties. In recent years, four cities (High Point, N.C., Macon, Ga., Oklahoma City, Okla., and Sioux Falls, S. Dak.) have annexed territory which lies outside the boundaries of the The figures shown in the SMSA. tables for these cities exclude the portions which lie outside the SMSA. Each SMSA must include at least one central city, and the complete title of an SMSA identifies the central city or cities. For a detailed description of the criteria used in defining SMSA's, see the Bureau of the Budget publication cited above.

Appendix B.—DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS OF SUBJECT CHARACTERISTICS

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GENERAL

Facsimiles of the census questions and more complete definitions of the subject characteristics may be found in the 1970 Population Census PC(1)-C reports for population items and in the 1970 Housing Census HC(1)-B reports for housing items.

Certain characteristics defined here appear in both the population and the housing tables. Definitions for such characteristics are presented only once, in the section "Population Characteristics" or in the section "Housing Characteristics," depending on the nature of the subject (except for "group quarters," which appears in both sections).

POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS

Age.—The age classification is based on the age of the person in completed years as of April 1, 1970, and was determined from the reply to questions on age and on month and year of birth.

Race.-Data are shown for two racial categories, white and Negro. The

category "white" includes persons who indicated their race as white, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories on the questionnaire but entered Mexican, Puerto Rican, or a response suggesting Indo-European stock. The category "Negro" includes persons who indicated their race as Negro or Black, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories on the questionnaire but who had such entries as Jamaican, Trinidadian, West Indian, Haitian, and Ethiopian. All other racial categories, such as American Indian, Japanese, and Chinese, are included in the total but not shown separately. The classification by race shown for occupied housing units refers to the race of the head of the household occupying the unit.

Differences in the statistics on race in tables P-1, H-1, and H-3, containing 100-percent data, and tables P-5, P-6, and H-4, containing sample data, are due partly to the manual editing of the sample questionnaires. Many persons who reported their race as "Other" on the questionnaire also supplied a write-in entry that indicated the proper race classification should have been one of the specific race categories, e.g., white, Negro, etc. While the field edit procedures included a review of such entries on all questionnaires before the 100-percent data were tabulated, manual editing of the sample questionnaires after the 100-percent data were tabulated resulted in some further changes in classification by race.

Nativity, parentage, and country of origin.--The category "native" comprises persons born in the United States, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico or an outlying area of the United States, or at sea. Also included in this category is the small number of persons who, although they were born in a foreign country, have at least one native American parent. The category "foreign-born" includes all persons not classified as native. The category "native of native parentage" comprises native persons both of whose parents are also natives of the United States. "Native of foreign or mixed parentage" comprises native persons one or both of whose parents are foreign born,

The category "foreign stock" includes the foreign-born population and the native population of foreign or mixed parentage. In this report, persons of foreign stock are classified according to their country of origin. Natives of foreign parentage whose parents were born in different countries are classified according to the country of birth of the father. Natives of mixed parentage are classified according to the country of birth of the foreignborn parent.

Spanish heritage.-In the census tract reports, separate tables are presented for the population of Spanish heritage, which is variously identified in the reports for different areas: in 42 States and the District of Columbia it is identified as "Persons of Spanish language"; in five Southwestern States. as "Persons of Spanish language or Spanish surname"; and in the Middle Atlantic States, as "Persons of Puerto Rican birth or parentage," Similarly, separate housing statistics are presented for housing units in these categories. identified on the basis of the classification of the household head occupying the unit. The specific definitions involved in identifying these population groups are given below.

Spanish language.—Persons of Spanish language comprise persons of Spanish mother tongue (see definition below) and all other persons in families in which the head or wife reported Spanish as his or her mother tongue. A housing unit is classified as occupied by persons of Spanish language if the head or his wife reported Spanish as his or her mother tongue.

Spanish surname.—In five Southwestern States (Arizona, California, Colorado, New Mexico, and Texas) persons with Spanish surnames are identified. Separate statistics are presented, in these States, for persons of Spanish language combined with all additional persons of Spanish surname. These additional persons are shown in the category "Other persons of Spanish surname."

Puerto Rican birth or parentage.— The population of Puerto Rican birth or parentage includes persons born in Puerto Rico and persons born in the United States or an outlying area with one or both parents born in Puerto Rico. Statistics for this group are shown for areas in New York, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania.

Spanish mother tongue.—Mother tongue is defined as the language spoken in the person's home when he was a child.

In two tracted areas that cross State lines, Wilmington, Del.--N.J.--Md., and Texarkana, Tex.--Ark., the population of Spanish heritage in each State portion is identified, for tabulation purposes, in the manner specified above for that State, and the segments for the different States are combined to form a total for the area. The term used to describe this population in tables P-7, P-8, and H-5, however, is the term applicable in the State containing the major portion of the SMSA. Thus, for the Wilmington SMSA, the term applicable in Delaware, "Persons of Spanish language," is used; and in the Texarkana SMSA the term applicable in Texas, "Persons of Spanish language or Spanish surname," is used.

Household.—A household includes all the persons who occupy a group of rooms or a single room which constitutes a housing unit (see definition of housing unit, below). The average population per household is obtained by dividing the population in households by the number of household heads.

The population per household for Negroes and persons of Spanish heritage, shown in tables P-5 and P-7, may not in all cases be a true representation of the household size for these groups. For example, some persons of a given group may be roomers or domestic employees living with household heads of a different ethnic classification.

Relationship to head of household.-Four categories of relationship to head of household are recognized in this report:

 Head of household.—One person in each household is designated as the "head," that is, the person who is regarded as the head by the members of the household. However, if a married woman living with her husband was reported as the head, her husband was con-

APPENDIX B-Continued

sidered the head for the purpose of simplifying the tabulations. Two types of household heads are distinguished — the head of a family and a primary individual. A family head is a household head living with one or more persons related to him by blood, marriage, or adoption. A primary individual is a household head living alone or with nonrelatives only.

- 2. Wife of head.-A woman married to and living with a household head. including women in common-law marriages as well as women in format marriages. In table P-1, which is based on 100-percent tabulations, the number of wives is the same as the number of "husband-wife households" and the number of "husbandwife families," In tables P-5 and P-7, which are based on a sample and are limited to a specific ethnic group, the numbers may differ, because of minor differences in the weighting of the data and because a husband and wife do not always have the same ethnic classification.
- Other relative of head.—All persons related to the head of the household by blood, marriage, or adoption except "wife of head."
- 4. Not related to head.—All persons in the household not related to the head by blood, marriage, or adoption. Roomers, boarders, lodgers, partners, resident employees, wards, and foster children are included in this category.

Group quarters.—Persons in living arrangements other than households are classified by the Bureau of the Census as living in group quarters. Group quarters are located most frequently in institutions, rooming houses, military barracks, college dormitories, fraternity and sorority houses, hospitals, monasteries, convents, and ships. A house or apartment is considered group quarters if it is shared by the person in charge and five or more persons unrelated to him, or, if there is no person in charge, by six or more unrelated persons.

Inmate of institution.—Inmates of institutions are persons under care or custody at the time of enumeration in homes, schools, hospitals or wards for juveniles, the physically handicapped, or the mentally handicapped; homes or hospitals for mental, tuberculosis, or other chronic disease patients; homes for unwed mothers; nursing, convalescent, and rest homes; homes for the aged and dependent; and correctional institutions.

Family.-According to 1970 census definitions, a family consists of a household head and one or more other persons living in the same household who are related to the head by blood, marriage, or adoption; all persons in a household who are related to the head are regarded as members of his (her) family. A "husband-wife family" is a family in which the head and his wife are enumerated as members of the same household. Not all households contain families, because a household may be composed of a group of unrelated persons or one person living alone. The mean size of family is derived by dividing the number of persons in families by the total number of families.

Own children and related children.-This report shows statistics on families by presence of "own" children and "related" children of specified ages. A child under 18 years old is defined as an "own child" if he or she is a single (never married) son, daughter, stepchild, or adopted child. The number of children "living with both parents" includes stepchildren and adopted children as well as sons and daughters born to the couple. "Related children" in a family include all persons under 18 related to the head except "wife of head." The "mean number of related children" is derived by dividing the total number of related children of the specified age in families by the number of families having children of that age. In table P-1 the number of own children under 18 years of age is divided by "persons under 18 years" to obtain the "percent of total under 18 years."

Unrelated individuals.—An unrelated individual, as defined in this report, may be any of the following: a household head living alone or with nonrelatives only, a household member not related to the head, or a person living in group quarters who is not an inmate of an institution.

Marital status.-The marital status classification refers to the status at the time of enumeration. Persons classified as "married" consist of those who have been married only once and those who remarried after having been widowed or divorced. Persons reported as separated (living apart because of marital discord, with or without a legal separation) are classified as a subcategory of married persons. Persons in common-law marriages are classified as married, and persons whose only marriage had been annulled are classified as never married. All persons reported as never married are shown as "single" in this report.

APPENDIX B-Continued

Children ever born.—In this report, statistics on the number of children ever born are presented for women 35 to 44 years old who have ever been married. Respondents were instructed to include children born to the woman before her present marriage, children no longer living, and children away from home, as well as children born to the woman who were still living in the home.

School enrollment.-School enrollment is shown for persons 3 to 34 years old. Persons were included as enrolled in school if they reported attending a "regular" school or college at any time between February 1, 1970, and the time of enumeration. Regular schooling is that which may advance a person toward an elementary school certificate or high school diploma, or a college, university, or professional degree. Schooling that was not obtained in a regular school and schooling from a tutor or through correspondence courses were counted only if the credits obtained were regarded as transferable to a school in the regular school system. Persons were included as enrolled in nursery school only if the school included instruction as an important and integral phase of its program. Schooling which is generally regarded as not "regular" includes that given in nursery schools which simply provide custodial day care, in specialized vocational, trade, or business schools, in on-the-job training, and through correspondence courses.

Elementary school, as defined here, includes grades 1 to 8, and high school includes grades 9 to 12. If a person was attending a junior high school, the equivalent in terms of 8 years of elementary school and 4 years of high school was recorded. In general, a "public" school is defined as any school which is controlled and supported primarily by a local, State, or Federal government agency.

Years of school completed .- The data on years of school completed were derived from the answers to the two questions: (a) "What is the highest grade (or year) of regular school he has ever attended?" and (b) "Did he finish the highest grade (or year) he attended?" Persons whose highest grade of attendance was in a foreign school system, or in an ungraded school whose highest level of schooling was measured by "readers," or whose training was received through a tutor were instructed to report the approximate equivalent grade in the regular United States school system. A person was reported as not having completed a given grade if he dropped out or failed to pass the last grade attended.

Residence in 1965 .- Residence on April 1, 1965, is the usual place of residence five years before enumeration. The category "same house" includes all persons five years old and over who did not move during the five years as well as those who had moved but by 1970 had returned to their 1965 residence. The category "different house" includes persons who, on April 1, 1965, lived in the United States in a different house from the one they occupied on April 1, 1970, and for whom sufficient information concerning the 1965 residence was collected. These persons were subdivided into three groups according to their 1965 residence in or outside a standard metropolitan statistical area: "in central city of this SMSA." "in other part of this SMSA," and "outside this SMSA." The category "abroad" includes those with residence in a foreign country or outlying area of the United States in 1965.

Reference week.—The data on employment status and place of work relate to the calendar week preceding the date on which the respondents completed their questionnaires or were interviewed by enumerators. This week is not the same for all respondents because not all persons were enumerated during the same week.

Employment status.-Employed persons comprise all civilians 16 years old and over who were either (a) "at work" - those who did any work at all as paid employees or in their own business or profession, or on their own farm, or who worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers on a family farm or in a family business; or (b) were "with a job but not at work" - those who did not work during the reference week but had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent due to illness, bad weather, industrial dispute, vacation, or other personal reasons. Excluded from the employed are persons whose only activity consisted of work around the house or volunteer work for religious, charitable, and similar organizations.

Persons are classified as unemployed if they were civilians 16 years old and over and: (a) were neither "at work" nor "with a job, but not at work" during the reference week, (b) were looking for work during the past 4 weeks, and (c) were available to accept a job. Persons who did not work at all during the reference week and were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off are also included as unemployed.

The "civilian labor force" consists of persons classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria described above. The "labor force" includes all persons in the civilian labor force plus members of the Armed Forces (persons on active duty with the United States Army, Air Force, Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast All persons 16 years old Guard). and over who are not classified as members of the labor force are defined as "not in labor force." This category consists mainly of students, housewives, retired workers, seasonal workers enumerated in an "off" season who were not looking for work, inmates of institutions, disabled persons, and persons doing only incidental unpaid family work (less than 15 hours during the reference week). Of these groups, students and inmates are shown separately in selected tables.

Place of work .-- Place of work refers to the geographic location at which civilians and Armed Forces personnel not on leave carried out their occupational or job activities during the reference week. For the purposes of this report, these locations were defined with respect to the boundaries of the standard metropolitan statistical area as "inside SMSA" and "outside SMSA." Locations within the SMSA, were subdivided into the central business district of the central city, the balance of that county, or, if outside that county, the specific county of the SMSA.

The central business district (CBD) is usually the downtown retail trade area of the city. As defined by the Bureau of the Census, the CBD is an area of very high land valuation characterized by a high concentration of retail business offices, theaters, hotels, and service businesses, and with a high traffic flow. CBD's consist of one or more census tracts and have been defined only in cities with a population of 100,000 or more. In order to be counted as working in the CBD, the respondent had to give the exact address (street name and number) of his place of work. Since some respondents did not do this, the number of persons working in the CBD is usually understated by an unknown amount.

The exact address (number and street name) for the place of work was asked. Persons working at more than one job were asked to report the location of the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the reference week. Salesmen, deliverymen, and others who work in several places each week were requested to give the address at which they began work each day, if they reported to a central headquarters. For cases in which daily work was not begun at a central place each day, the person was asked to report the exact address of the place where he worked the most hours last week. If his employer operated in more than one location (such as a grocery store chain or public school system), the exact address of the location or branch where the respondent worked was requested. When the number or street name could not be given, the name of the building or the name of the company for which he worked was to be entered.

Means of transportation to work.— Means of transportation to work refers to the chief means of travelor type of conveyance used in traveling to and from work on the last day the respondent worked at the address given as his or her place of work. The "chief means" referred to the means of transportation covering the greatest distance if more than one means was used in daily travel. "Worked at home" was marked by a person who worked on a farm where he lived or in an office or shop in his home.

Occupation, industry, and class of worker .-- The data on these three subjects in this report are for employed persons 16 years old and over and refer to the job held during the reference week. For persons employed at two or more jobs, the data refer to the job at which the person worked the greatest number of hours. The occupation and industry statistics presented here are based on the detailed systems developed for the 1970 census: see 1970 Census of Population, Classified Index of Industries and Occupations, U. S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D. C., 1971.

Income in 1969.-Information on money income received in the calendar year 1969 was requested from persons 14 years old and over. "Total income" is the algebraic sum of the amounts reported separately for wage and salary income, nonfarm net self-employment income, farm net self-employment income, Social Security or railroad retirement income, public assistance or welfare income, and all other income. The figures represent the amount of income regularly received before deductions for personal income taxes, Social Security, bond purchases, union dues, medicare deductions, etc.

"Wage or salary income" is defined as the total money earnings received for work performed as an employee at any time during the calendar year 1969. It includes wages, salary, pay from Armed Forces, commissions, tips, piece rate payments,

APPENDIX B-Continued

and cash bonuses earned. "Nonfarm net self-employment income" is defined as net money income (gross receipts minus business expenses) received from a business, professional enterprise, or partnership in which the person was engaged on his own account. "Farm net self-employment income" is defined as the net money income (gross receipts minus operating expenses) received from the operation of a farm by a person on his own account, as an owner, renter, or sharecropper.

"Social Security or railroad retirement income" includes cash receipts of Social Security pensions, survivors' benefits, permanent disability insurance payments, and special benefit payments made by the Social Security Administration (under the National old-age, survivors, disability, and health insurance programs) before deductions of health insurance premiums, "Medicare" reimbursements are not included. Cash receipts from retirement, disability, and survivors' benefit payments made by the U.S. Government under the Railroad Retirement Act are also included. "Public assistance income" includes cash receipts of payments made under the following public assistance programs: aid to families with dependent children, old-age assistance, general assistance, aid to the blind, and aid to the permanently and totally disabled. Separate payments received for hospital or other medical care are excluded from this item. "Income from all other sources" includes money income received from sources such as interest; dividends; net income (or loss) from property rentals; net receipts from roomers or boarders; veteran's payments; public or private pensions, periodic receipts from insurance policies or annuities; unemployment insurance benefits;

workmen's compensation cash benefits; net royalties; periodic payments from estates and trust funds; alimony or child support from persons who are not members of the household; net gambling gains; nonservice scholarships and fellowships; and money received for transportation and/or subsistence by persons participating in special governmental training programs, e.g., under the Manpower Development and Training Act.

Receipts from the following sources were not included as income: money received from the sale of property (unless the recipient was engaged in the business of selling such property); the value of income "in kind" such as food produced and consumed in the home or free living quarters; withdrawal of bank deposits; money borrowed; tax refunds; exchange of money between relatives living in the same household; gifts and lump-sum inheritances, insurance payments, and other types of lump-sum receipts.

Although the income statistics cover the calendar year 1969, the characteristics of persons and the composition of families refer to the time of enumeration (April 1, 1970). For most families, however, the income reported was received by persons who were members of the family throughout 1969.

The median income is the amount which divides the distribution into two equal groups, one having incomes above the median and the other having incomes below the median. For families and unrelated individuals the median income is based on the distribution of the total number of families and unrelated individuals, including those with no income.

The mean income is the amount obtained by dividing the total in-

come of a particular statistical universe by the number of units in that universe. Thus, mean family income is obtained by dividing total family income by the total number of families. For the six types of income the means are based on families having those types of income.

Care should be exercised in using and interpreting mean income values in the statistics for small areas or small subgroups of the population. Since the mean is strongly influenced by extreme values in the distribution, it is especially susceptible to the effects of sampling variability, misreporting, and processing errors. The median, which is not affected by extreme values, is, therefore, a better measure than the mean when the population base is small. The mean, nevertheless, is shown in this report for most small areas and small subgroups because, when weighted according to the number of cases, the means can be added to obtain summary measures for areas and groups other than those shown in this report.

Poverty status in 1969.-Families and unrelated individuals are classified as being above or below the poverty level, using the poverty index adopted by a Federal Interagency Committee in 1969. This index provides a range of income cutoffs or "poverty thresholds" adjusted to take into account such factors as family size, sex and age of the family head, the number of children, and farm-nonfarm residence. The poverty cutoffs for farm families have been set at 85 percent of the nonfarm levels. These income cutoffs are updated every year to reflect the changes in the Consumer Price Index. The poverty threshold for a nonfarm family of four was \$3,743 in 1969. For a detailed explanation of the poverty

definition, see **Current Population Reports**, Series P-23, No. 28, "Revisions in Poverty Statistics, 1959 to 1968."

Households below the poverty level are defined as households in which the total 1969 income of the family or primary individual was below the poverty level. The incomes of persons in the household other than members of the family or the primary individual are not included when determining poverty status of a household.

The households for which poverty status is shown cannot be compared with the total number of households shown elsewhere. The former exclude those in certain types of housing units: owner-occupied units are restricted to one-family units on places of less than 10 acres and without a business on the property; and renter-occupied units exclude one-family units on places of 10 acres or more.

The "ratio of family income to poverty level" is obtained by dividing the income of a family by its corresponding poverty threshold. The "income deficit" is the difference between the total income of families and unrelated individuals below the poverty level and their respective poverty thresholds. In computing the income deficit, families reporting a net income loss are assigned zero dollars, and for such cases the income deficit is equal to the poverty threshold. The aggregate income deficit provides an estimate of the amount of money which would be required to raise the incomes of all poor families and unrelated individuals to their respective thresholds at the poverty level. The mean income deficit is the amount obtained by dividing the aggregate income deficit of a group below the poverty level by the number of families or unrelated individuals (as appropriate) in that group.

HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

Housing units and group quarters.— Living quarters are classified in the census as either housing units or group quarters. Usually, living quarters are in structures intended for residential use (e.g., a one-family home, apartment house, hotel or motel, boarding house, mobile home or trailer, etc.). Living quarters may also be in structures intended for nonresidential use (e.g., the rooms in a warehouse where a watchman lives), as well as in tents, caves, old railroad cars, etc.

A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room occupied or intended for occupancy as separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants do not live and eat with any other persons in the structure and which quarters have either (1) direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall or (2) complete kitchen facilities for the exclusive use of the occupants. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or nonrelated persons who share living arrangements (except as described in the next paragraph on group quarters). For vacant units, the criteria for separateness, direct access, and complete kitchen facilities for exclusive use are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible (or to the previous occupants if this information cannot be obtained). Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing inventory, except that mobile homes, trailers, tents, etc., are included only if they are occupied.

Group quarters are living arrangements for institutional inmates or for other groups containing five or more persons not related to the person Group quarters are loin charge. cated most frequently in institutions, boarding houses, military barracks, college dormitories, fraternity and sorority houses, hospitals, monasteries, convents, and ships. A house or apartment is considered group quarters if it is shared by the person in charge and five or more persons unrelated to him, or if there is no person in charge, by six or more unrelated persons. Information on the housing characteristics of group quarters was not collected in the census.

Year-round housing units.—Data on housing characteristics are limited to year-round housing units; i.e., all occupied units plus vacant units which are intended for year-round use. Vacant units intended for seasonal occupancy and vacant units held for migratory labor are excluded because it is difficult to obtain reliable information for them. Counts of the total housing inventory, however, are given for each area presented in this report.

Occupied housing units.—A housing unit is classified as occupied if a person or group of persons is living in it at the time of enumeration or if the occupants are only temporarily absent, for example, on vacation. However, if the persons staying in the unit have their usual place of residence elsewhere the unit is classified as vacant.

Vacant housing units.—A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. In addition, a vacant unit may be one which is occupied entirely by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere.

APPENDIX B-Continued

New units not yet occupied are enumerated as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded if unfit for human habitation because the roof, walls, windows, or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements, or if there is positive evidence (such as a sign on the house or in the block) that the unit is to be demolished or is condemned.

Vacant housing units are classified in this report as either "seasonal and migratory" (i.e., intended for seasonal occupancy or held for migratory labor) or "year-round." "Seasonal" units are intended for occupancy during only certain seasons of the year. "Migratory" units are vacant units held for occupancy by migratory labor employed in farm work during the crop season. "Year-round" vacant housing units are available or intended for occupancy at any time of the year. A unit in a resort area which is usually occupied on a year-round basis is considered year-round. А unit used only occasionally throughout the year is also considered yearround.

Year-round vacant units are subdivided as follows: "for sale only"; "for rent" which also includes vacant units offered either for rent or for sale; and "other" which includes units sold or rented but not yet occupied by the new owner or renter, units held for the occasional use of the owner, and units being held off the market for other reasons.

Tenure.—A housing unit is "owner occupied" if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit, even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. A cooperative or condominium unit is "owner occupied" only if the owner or coowner lives in it. All other occupied units are classified as "renter occupied," including units rented for cash rent and those occupied without payment of cash rent.

Persons.—Persons occupying the housing unit include not only occupants related to the head of the household but also any lodgers, roomers, boarders, partners, wards, foster children and resident employees who share the living quarters of the household head. The data on "persons" show the humber of housing units occupied by the specified number of persons.

Units with one or more roomers, boarders, or lodgers are shown as a separate category. Not included as "roomers, boarders, or lodgers" are foster children or wards, servants who live in, companions, and partners.

Year moved into unit.—Data on year moved into unit are based on the information reported for the head of the household. The question refers to the year of latest move. Thus, if the head moved back into a unit he had previously occupied or if he moved from one apartment to another in the same building, the year he moved into his present unit was to be reported.

Complete kitchen facilities.—A unit has complete kitchen facilities when it has all three of the following for the exclusive use of the occupants of the unit: (1) An installed sink with piped water; (2) a range or cookstove; and (3) a mechanical refrigerator. All kitchen facilities must be located in the structure, although they need not be in the same room. Quarters with only portable cooking equipment are not considered as having a range or cookstove. "Lacking complete kitchen facilities" means that the unit does not have all three specified kitchen facilities, or that they are also for the use of the occupants of other housing units.

Access.—"Access only through other living quarters" means that the occupants of a housing unit must go through someone else's living quarters to enter their own; that is, they do not have a direct entrance from the outside or through a common or public hall.

Rooms.—Rooms to be counted include whole rooms used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Not counted as rooms are bathrooms, porches, balconies, foyers, halls, halfrooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullman kitchens, utility rooms, unfinished attics, basements, or other space used for storage.

Persons per room.—This is computed by dividing the number of persons in the unit by the number of rooms in the unit. The figures shown, therefore, refer to the number of housing units having the specified ratio of persons per room.

Year structure built.-Year structure built refers to when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted.

Units in structure.—In the determination of the number of units in a structure, all housing units, both occupied and vacant, were counted. The statistics are presented in terms of the number of housing units in structures of specified size, not in terms of the number of residential structures.

A structure is a separate building that either has open space on all sides or is separated from other structures by dividing walls that extend from ground to roof.

Basement.—Statistics on basements are presented in terms of the number of housing units located in structures built with a basement, and are separately tabulated for one-family houses with basements. A structure has a basement if there is enclosed space in which persons can walk upright under all or part of the building.

Plumbing facilities.-The category "with all plumbing facilities" consists of units which have hot and cold piped water, as well as a flush toilet and a bathtub or shower inside the structure for the exclusive use of the occupants of the unit. "Lacking some or all plumbing" means that the unit does not have all three specified plumbing facilities (hot and cold piped water, as well as flush toilet and bathtub or shower inside the structure), or that the toilet or bathing facilities are also for the use of the occupants of other housing units.

Selected equipment.—Statistics are presented for the number of housing units with the following selected equipment.

With more than one bathroom.--A complete bathroom is a room with flush toilet, bathtub or shower, and wash basin with piped water. A partial or half bathroom has at least a flush toilet or bathtub (or shower), but does not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom. A housing unit "with more than one bathroom" has, in addition to one complete bathroom, one or more partial or complete bathrooms.

With public water supply.—A public system refers to a common source supplying running water to six or more housing units. The water may be supplied by a city, county, water district, or private water company, or it may be obtained from a well which supplied six or more housing units.

With public sewer.—A "public sewer" is connected to a city, county, sanitary district, neighborhood, or subdivision sewer system. It may be operated by a government body or by a private organization. Small sewage treatment plants which in some localities are called neighborhood septic tanks are also classified as public sewers.

With air conditioning.—Air conditioning is the cooling of air by a refrigeration unit. A central system is a central installation which air-conditions the entire housing unit. A room unit is an individual air conditioner which is installed in a window or an outside wall and is generally intended to cool one room, although it may sometimes be used to cool more than one room.

Heating equipment.—The list of heating equipment refers to the type of heating equipment and not to the fuel used. "Steam or hot water" refers to a central heating system in which heat from steam or hot water is delivered through radiators or other outlets. "Warm air furnace" refers to a central system which provides warm air through ducts leading to various rooms; central heat pumps are included in this category. "Builtin electric units" are permanently installed in the floors, walls or ceilings. A "floor, wall, or pipeless furnace" delivers warm air to the room right above the furnace or to the room(s) on one or both sides of the wall in which the furnace is installed. "Other means" includes room heaters with or without flue, fireplaces, stoves, and portable heaters of all types.

A housing unit "With central or built-in heating system" contains a steam or hot water system, a warm-air furnace, built-in electric units, or a floor, wall, or pipeless furnace.

Automobiles available.—Statistics on automobiles available represent the number of passenger automobiles, including station wagons, which are owned or regularly used by any member of the household and which are ordinarily kept at home. Taxicabs, pickups, or larger trucks were not to be counted.

Value.-Value is the respondent's estimate of how much the property (house and lot) would sell for if it were for The term "specified ownersale. occupied units" means that the value data are limited to owner-occupied one-family houses on less than ten acres, without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. Owner-occupied cooperatives, condominiums, mobile homes, and trailers are excluded from the value tabulations.

Mean value.—Mean value is the sum of the individual values reported, divided by the number of owner-occupied units for which value is shown. For purposes of computation, the mid-

APPENDIX B-Continued

points of the intervals were used, except that a mean value of \$3,500 was assigned to housing units in the interval "less than \$5,000" and a mean of \$60,000 was assigned to units in the interval "\$50,000 or more."

Contract rent.—Contract rent is the monthly rent agreed to, or contracted for, even if the furnishings, utilities, or services are included. The term "specified renter-occupied units" means that the contract rent data exclude one-family houses on ten acres or more. Renter units occupied without payment of cash rent are shown separately as "no cash rent" in the rent tabulations.

Gross rent.—Monthly gross rent is the summation of contract rent plus the estimated average monthly cost of utilities (water, electricity, gas) and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.), if these items are paid for by the renter, in addition to rent. Thus, gross rent is intended to eliminate individual differences which result from varying practices with respect to the inclusion of heat and utilities as part of the rental payment.

Mean gross rent. - Mean gross rent is the sum of the individual rental

amounts divided by the number of renter-occupied units, excluding onefamily houses on ten acres or more.

Gross rent as percentage of income.— The yearly gross rent (monthly gross rent multiplied by 12) is expressed as a percentage of the total income in 1969 of the family or primary individual. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units for which no cash is paid and units occupied by families or primary individuals who reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "not computed."

Appendix C.—ACCURACY OF THE DATA

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SOURCES OF ERROR

Human and mechanical errors occur in any mass statistical operation such as a decennial census. Errors during the data collection phase can include failure to obtain required information from respondents, obtaining incorrect or inconsistent information, and recording information in the wrong place or incorrectly. Errors can also occur during the field review of the enumerator's work, the clerical handling of the questionnaires, and the various stages of the electronic processing of the material. Careful efforts are made in every census to keep the errors in each step at an acceptably low level. Quality control and check measures are utilized throughout the census operation.

In the manual editing and coding operation, a sample of the work of each coder was verified, and a coder who showed consistently high error rates was retrained. A coder who still did not produce work of acceptable quality after retraining was removed from the coding operation. In addition, provision was made for correction of any work units for which the error rate exceeded a maximum level. Information on error rates will be given in later publications.

As was done for the 1950 and 1960 censuses, evaluative material on many aspects of the 1970 census will be published as soon as the appropriate data are accumulated and analyzed.

A major concern in the evaluation work is to ascertain, insofar as possible, the degree of completeness of the count of both population and housing units.

EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA

The objective of the processing operation is to produce a set of statistics that describes the Nation's population and housing as accurately and clearly as possible. To meet this objective, certain unacceptable entries were edited.

In the field, questionnaires were reviewed for completeness by a census clerk or enumerator, and a followup was made for missing information. The major review occurred in the central processing office, where the editing and coding operation provided an opportunity to correct obvious errors in the respondents' entries for those items which required manual processing. In coding relationship to household head, for example, the clerk made use of written entries, which the computer is not able to read, in determining the correct entry where the machine readable item was blank or contained conflicting information. For a few of the items, the respondents' entries were reviewed for reasonableness or consistency on the basis of other information on the questionnaire. As a rule, however, editing was performed by hand only when it could not be done effectively by machine.

As one of the first steps in mechanical editing, the configuration of marks on the questionnaire was scanned electronically to determine whether it contained information for a person or merely spurious marks. If the questionnaire contained entries for at least two of the basic characteristics (relationship, sex, race, age, marital status), or for at least two relevant sample characteristics, the inference was made that the marks represented a person. Names were not used as a criterion of the presence of a person because the electronic scanning was unable to distinguish between a name and any other entry in the name space.

If any characteristics for a person or housing unit were missing, they were, in most cases, supplied by allocation. Allocations, or assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries, were needed most often where an entry for a given item was lacking or where the information reported for a person or housing unit on that item was inconsistent with other information for the person or The assignment of housing unit. acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries, it is believed, enhances the usefulness of the data.

For housing data, the assignment was based on related information reported for the housing unit or on information reported for a similar unit in the immediate neighborhood. For example, if tenure for an occupied unit was omitted but a rental amount was reported, the computer automatically edited tenure to "rented for cash rent." The technique may also be illustrated by the procedure used in the assignment for unknown The computer stored reported age. ages of persons by sex, race, household relationship, and marital status. Each stored age was retained in the computer only until a person having the same set of characteristics, and with age reported was processed through the computer in the edit operation; this stored age was assigned to the next person whose age was unknown and who otherwise had the same set of specified characteristics.

The editing process also includes another type of correction; namely, the assignment of a full set of characteristics for a person. When there was indication that a housing unit was occupied but the questionnaire contained no information for any person, a previously processed household was selected as a substitute and the full set of characteristics for each substitute person was duplicated.

Specific tolerances were established for the number of computer allocations and substitutions that would be permitted. If the number of corrections was beyond tolerance, the questionnaires in which the errors occurred were clerically reviewed. If it was found that the errors resulted from damaged questionnaires, from improper microfilming, from faulty reading by FOSDIC of undamaged questionnaires, or from other types of machine failure, the questionnaires were reprocessed.

The extent of allocation for States, counties, and other areas will be shown in the allocation tables in chapters B and C of the 1970 Census of Population Volume I, Characteristics of the Population, and chapters A and B of Census of Housing Volume I, Characteristics for States, Cities, and Counties.

SAMPLE DESIGN

For persons living in housing units at the time of the 1970 census, the housing unit, including all its occupants, was the sampling unit; for persons in group quarters identified in advance of the census, it was the person. In nonmail areas, the enumerator canvassed his assigned area and listed all housing units in an address register sequentially in the order in which he first visited the units whether or not he completed the interview. Every fifth line of the address register was designated as a sample line, and the housing units listed on these lines were included in the sample. Each enumerator was given a random line on which he was to start listing and the order of canvassing was indicated in advance, although the instructions allowed some latitude in the order of visiting addresses. In mail areas, the list of housing units was prepared prior to Census Day either by employing commercial mailing lists corrected through the cooperation of the post office or by listing the units in a process similar to that used in nonmail areas. As in other areas, every fifth housing unit of these lists was designated to be in the sample. In group quarters, all persons were listed and every fifth person was selected for the sample.

*Contract rent

TABLE C. Sample Rate for Subjects Included in This Report

[Subjects marked with an asterisk (*) were tabulated on a 100% basis for tables P-1, H-1, and H-3. All subjects shown in the tables for persons of Spanish heritage (P-7, P-8, and H-5) were tabulated on a 15% basis. The subjects covered in the remaining tables (P-2 to P-6, H-2, and H-4) were tabulated according to the sample rates shown below]

Population subjects	Sample rate (percent)	Sample Housing subjects rate (percent)
*Sex *Race *Age *Household relationship *Family composition *Family composition *Marital status Children ever born Country of origin Nativity and parentage School enrollment Years of school completed Residence in 1965 Employment status Place of work Means of transportation to Occupation Industry Class of worker Income Poverty status	20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 15 15 15 20 15 20 	*All year-round housing units 20 *Occupied housing units: table H-2. 15 table H-4. 20 *Cooperative or condominium

This 20-percent sample was subdivided into a 15-percent and a 5percent sample by designating every fourth 20-percent sample unit as a member of the 5-percent sample. The remaining sample units became the 15-percent sample, Two types of sample questionnaires were used, one for the 5-percent and one for the 15-percent sample units. Some questions were included on both the 5percent and 15-percent sample forms and therefore appear for a sample of 20 percent of the units in the census. Other items appeared on either the 15-percent or the 5-percent questionnaires. The sample rates for the various items appearing in this report are shown in table C.

Although the sampling procedure did not automatically insure an exact 20-percent sample of persons or housing units in each locality, the sample design was unbiased if carried through according to instructions; generally for large areas the deviation from 20 percent was found to be quite small. Biases may have arisen when the enumerator failed to follow his listing and sampling instructions exactly. Quality control procedures were used throughout the census process, however, and where there was clear evidence that the sampling procedures were not properly followed, the work was returned to the field for re-No attempt at sampling sampling. was made for the relatively small numbers of persons and housing units (in most States, less than one percent) added to the enumeration from the post-census post office check, the various supplemental forms, and the special check of vacant units. The ratio estimation procedure described below adjusts the sample data to reflect these classes of population and housing units.

RATIO ESTIMATION

The statistics based on 1970 census sample data are estimates made through the use of ratio estimation procedures, applied separately for the 15- and 20percent samples. The first step in carrying through the ratio estimates was to establish the areas within which separate ratios were to be prepared. These are referred to as "weighting areas." A single set of weighting areas, containing a minimum population size of 2,500, was defined for use with the 15- and 20-percent samples. Weighting areas were established by mechanical operation on the computer and were defined to conform, as nearly as possible, to areas for which tabulations are produced. In general, sample estimates for a tract may be expected to agree with complete counts whenever the tract was However, tracts a weighting area. were not weighting areas whenever the population was less than 2,500 persons, where the tract was a part of more than one county subdivision or place, or where the Census procedure was not the same in all parts of the tract. In these situations, part of a tract may have been combined with other partial or complete tracts to make up a weighting area and sample estimates for an individual tract in the combination may not agree with complete counts for the tract.

Separate ratio estimation processes were used for persons and for housing units. The ratio estimation process for persons operated in three stages. The first stage employed 19 householdtype groups (the first of which was empty by definition). The second stage used two groups, head of household and not head of household, and the third stage used 24 age-sex-race groups.

Group	STAGE I
1 2 3 6	Male Head With Own Children Under 18 1-person household 2-person household 3-person household 6-or-more-person house- hold
	Male Head Without Own
7-12	Children Under 18 1-person to 6-or-more- person households
13-18	<i>Female Head</i> 1-person to 6-or-more- person households
19	Group Quarters Persons
	STAGE II
20	Head of Household
21	Not Head of Household (in- cluding persons in group quarters)
	STAGE III
22 23 24 25 26 27	<i>Male Negro</i> Age under 5 years 5-13 14-24 25-44 45-64 65 and older
28-33	<i>Male, Not Negro</i> Same age groups as for Male Negro
3 4-39	<i>Female Negro</i> Same age groups as for Male Negro
40-45	<i>Female, Not Negro</i> Same age groups as for Male Negro

The ratio estimation process for housing operated in two stages for occupied housing units, and in one stage for vacant units. The first stage for occupied units employed 18 household-type groups (the first of which was empty by definition); the second stage for occupied units used four groups: owner and renter occupied units, by race. The single stage for vacant units employed three groups: year-round vacant for sale, year-round vacant for rent, and other vacant.

Occupied housing units:

Group	STAGE I
	Male Head With Own Children Under 18
1	
1 2	1-person household
2 3	2-person household
3	3-person household
•	•
•	•
6	6-or-more-person house- hold
	Male Head Without Own
	Children Under 18
7-12	1-person to 6-or-more
	person households
	Female Head
13-18	1-person to 6-or-more-
	person households
	STAGE II
	Owner Occupied
19	Negro
20	Not Nearo
20	NOT NEGLO
	Renter Occupied
21	Negro
22	Not Negro

Vacant housing units:

STAGE I
Year-round vacant for sale
Year-round vacant for rent
Other vacant

At each stage, for each of the groups, the ratio of the complete count to the weighted sample count in the group was computed and applied to the weight of each sample person or housing unit in the group. For population, this operation was performed for each of the 19 groups in the first stage, then for the two groups in the second stage and finally for the 24 groups in the third stage. For occupied housing units this was performed first for the 18 groups in the first stage and then for the 4 groups in the second stage.

As a rule, the weighted sample counts within each of the groups in the final stage should agree with the complete counts for the weighting areas. Close, although not exact, consistency can be expected for the groups in the preceding stages. There are some exceptions to this general rule, however. As indicated above, there may be differences between the complete counts and sample estimates when the tabulation area is not made up of whole weighting areas. As a result, sample estimates at the tract level may not agree with complete counts when the tract did not form a weighting area. Generally, for 15and 20-percent items, there may be such a difference whenever the population in the tract is less than 2,500 people. Furthermore, in order to increase the reliability, a separate ratio was not computed in a ratio estimation group whenever certain criteria pertaining to the complete counts and the magnitude of the weight were

not met. For example, for the 15and 20-percent population sample the complete count of persons in a group had to exceed 85 persons and the ratio of the complete count to the unweighted sample count could not exceed 20. Where these criteria were not met, groups were combined in a specific order until the conditions were met. Where this occurred, consistency between the weighted sample and the complete counts would apply as indicated above for the combined group but not necessarily for each of the groups in the combination.

Each sample person or housing unit was assigned an integral weight to avoid the complications involved in rounding in the final tables. If, for example, the final weight for a group was 5.2, one-fifth of the persons or housing units in the group (selected at random) were assigned a weight of 6 and the remaining four-fifths a weight of 5.

The estimates realize some of the gains in sampling efficiency that would have resulted had the persons and housing units been stratified into the groups before sampling. The net effect is a reduction in both the sampling error and possible bias of most statistics below what would be obtained by weighting the results of the sample by a uniform factor (e.g., by weighting the 20-percent sample results by a uniform factor of 5). The reduction in sampling error will be trivial for some items and substantial for others. A by-product of this estimation procedure is that estimates for this sample are, in general, consistent with the complete count for the groups used in the estimation procedure. A more complete discussion of the technical aspects of these ratio estimates will be presented in a separate report.

SAMPLING VARIABILITY

The estimates from sample tabulations are subject to sampling variability. The standard errors of these estimates can be approximated by using the data in tables D through F. The chances are about 2 out of 3 that the difference (due to sampling variability) between the sample estimate and the figure that would have been obtained from a complete count of the population is less than the standard error. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the difference is less than twice the standard error and about 99 out of 100 that it is less than 2½ times the standard error. The amount by which the estimated standard error must be multiplied to obtain other odds deemed more appropriate can be found in most statistical textbooks. The sampling errors may be obtained by using the factors shown in table F in conjunction with table D for absolute numbers and in conjunction with table E for percentages. In addition to sampling errors, these tables reflect the effect of simple response variance, but not of bias arising in the collection, processing and estimation steps, nor of the correlated errors enumerators introduce: estimates of the magnitude of some of these factors in the total error are being evaluated and will be published at a later date.

Table D shows approximate standard errors of estimated numbers for most statistics based on the 20-percent sample. In determining the figures for this table, some aspects of the sample design, the estimation process, and the population of the area over which the data have been compiled are ignored. Table E shows standard errors of most percentages based on the 20-percent sample. Linear interpolation in tables D and E will provide approximate results that are satisfactory for most purposes. Table F provides a factor by which the standard errors shown in tables D or E should be multiplied to adjust for the combined effect of the sample size (i.e., whether a 20-percent or 15-percent sample) the sample design and the estimation procedure.

To estimate the standard error for a given characteristic based on the 15-percent sample, or for a more precise estimate for the 20-percent sample, locate in table F the factor applying to the characteristic and sample size used to tabulate the data and multiply this factor by the standard error found in table D or E. If the estimate is not identified in table F, use the factor shown for "all other." Where data are shown as cross-classifications of two characteristics, locate and use the larger factor. Similarly, if an item collected on a 20-percent basis has been tabulated for the 15-percent sample, use the factor appropriate for the 15-percent sample.

The standard errors estimated from these tables are not directly applicable to differences between two sample estimates. In order to estimate the standard error of a difference, the tables are to be used somewhat differently in the three following situations:

1. For a difference between the sample figure and one based on a complete count (e.g., arising from comparisons between 1970 sample statistics and complete-count statistics for 1960 or 1950), the standard error is identical with the standard error of the 1970 estimate alone.

- 2. For a difference between two sample figures (that is, one from 1970 and the other from 1960, or both from the same census year), the standard error is approximately the square root of the sum of the squares of the standard errors of each estimate considered separately. This formula will represent the actual standard error quite accurately for the difference between estimates of the same characteristic in two different areas, or for the difference between separate and uncorrelated characteristics in the same area. If, however, there is a high positive correlation between the two characteristics, the formula will overestimate the true standard error. The approximate standard error for the 1970 sample figure is derived directly from tables D through F. The standard error of a 25-percent 1960 sample figure may be obtained from the relevant 1960 census report or an approximate value may be obtained by multiplying the appropriate value in table D or E by 0.9.
- 3. For a difference between two sample estimates, one of which represents a subclass of the other, the tables can be used directly, with the difference considered as the sample estimate.

The sampling variability of the medians presented in certain tables (median years of school completed, median rent, etc.) depends on the size of the base and on the distribution on which the median is based. An approximate method for measuring the reliability of an estimated median is to determine an interval about the estimated median such that there is a stated degree of confidence the true median lies

APPENDIX C-Continued

within the interval. As the first step in estimating the upper and lower limits of the interval (that is, the confidence limits) about the median, compute one-half the number on which the median is based (designated N/2). From table D, following the method outlined in other parts of this section, compute the standard error of an estimated number equal to N/2. Subtract this standard error from N/2. Cumulate the frequencies (in the table on which the median is based) until the total first exceeds the difference between N/2 and its standard error and by linear interpolation obtain a value corresponding to this number. In a corresponding manner, add the standard error to N/2, cumulate the frequencies in the table, and obtain a value in the table on which the median is based corresponding to the

sum of N/2 and its standard error. The chances are about 2 out of 3 that the median would lie between these two values. The range for 19 chances out of 20 and for 99 in 100 can be computed in a similar manner by multiplying the standard error by the appropriate factors before subtracting from and adding to one-half the number reporting the characteristic. Interpolation to obtain the values corresponding to these numbers gives the confidence limits for the median.

The sampling variability of a mean, such as the number of children ever born per 1,000 women or mean income, presented in certain tables, depends on the variability of the distribution on which the mean is based, the size of the sample, the sample design, (for example, the use of households as the sampling unit), and the use of ratio estimates.

An approximation to the variability of the mean may be obtained compute the standard as follows: deviation of the distribution on which the mean is based; divide this figure by the square root of one-fifth of the total units in the distribution; multiply this quotient by the factor from table F appropriate to the statistic and the actual sample rate on which the mean is based. If the distribution is not published in the detailed tables, calculate the standard deviation from a comparable distribution for a larger area or for a similar population group; divide by the square root of one-fifth of the units on which the mean of interest is based; multiply the quotient by the factor from table F.

Estimated number (persons or housing units)	Standard error	Estimated number (persons or housing units)	Standard error		
50 100 250	20	1,000 2,500 5,000			

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TABLE D. Approximate Standard Error of Estimated Number Based on 20-Percent Sample (Range of 2 chances out of 3)

TABLE E.	Approximate Standard Error of Estimated Percentage Based on 20-Percent Sample			
(Range of 2 chances out of 3)				

Estimated percentage	Base of percentage (persons or housing units)					
	500	1,000	2,500	5,000	10,000	15,000
2 or 98	1.3	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2
5 or 95	2.0	1.4	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.4
10 or 90	2.7	1.9	1.2	0.8	0.6	0.5
25 or 75	3.9	2.7	1.7	1.2	0.9	0.7
50	4.5	3.2	2.0	1.4	1.0	0.8

Population subjects ¹	Sample rate (percent)	Factor	Housing subjects ¹	Sample rate (percent)	Factor
*Race	20	1.6	*Tenure	20	0.2
*Age	20	0.8	*Rooms	20	1.0
*Household relationship	20	0.5	*Persons per room	20	0.4
*Family composition	20	0.6	*Value	20	1.0
Country of origin (including			Units in structure	20	0.8
Spanish heritage subjects)	15	1.6	Year structure built	20	0.9
Nativity and parentage	15	1.7	Heating equipment	20	0.8
School enrollment	15	1.0	Basement	20	0.9
Years of school completed	20	1.0	Source of water	15	1.0
Residence in 1965	15	2.0	Sewage disposal	15	1.0
Employment status	20	0.8	Air conditioning	15	1.1
Place of work	15	1.3	Year moved into unit	15	1.1
Means of transportation			Gross rent	20	0.9
to work	15	1.3	All other - 20 percent	20	1.0
Occupation	20	1.1	—15 percent	15	1.2
Industry	20	1.1			
Class of worker	20	1.1			
Income-persons	20	1.0			
—families	20	1.0			
Poverty status – persons	20	1.9			
-families	20	1.0			
All other -20 percent	20	1.0			
	15	1.2			

TABLE F. Factor to be Applied to Standard Errors

[Subjects marked with an asterisk were tabulated on a 100% basis for tables P-1, H-1, and H-3. Standard errors are not applicable to these tables]

¹Tabulations of data for persons of Spanish heritage are based on the 15-percent sample. For subjects shown in this table as based on the 20-percent sample, the factor for persons of Spanish heritage is obtained by multiplying the appropriate factor in this table by 1.2. For subjects shown as based on the 15-percent sample, the factor in this table can be used directly.

Appendix D.—PUBLICATION AND COMPUTER SUMMARY TAPE PROGRAM

The results of the 1970 Census of Population and Housing are being issued in the form of printed reports, microfiche copies of the printed reports, computer summary tapes, computer printouts, and microfilm. Listed below are short descriptions of the final report series and computer tapes, as currently planned. More detailed information on this program can be obtained by writing to the Publications Distribution Section, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

Population Census Reports

Volume I.

CHARACTERISTICS OF THE POPULATION This volume will consist of 58 "parts" number 1 for the United States, numbers 2 through 52 for the 50 States and the District of Columbia in alphabetical order, and numbers 53 through 58 for Puerto Rico, Guam, Virgin Islands, American Samoa, Canal Zone, and Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, respectively. Each part, which will be a separate clothbound book, will contain four chapters designated as A, B, C, and D. Each chapter (for each of the 58 areas) will first be issued as an individual paperbound report in four series designated as PC(1)-A, B, C, and D, respectively. The 58 PC(1)-A reports will be specially assembled and issued in a clothbound book, designated as Part A.

Series PC(1)-A.

NUMBER OF INHABITANTS.

Final official population counts are presented for States, counties by urban and rural residence, standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's), urbanized areas, county subdivisions, all incorporated places, and unincorporated places of 1,000 inhabitants or more.

Series PC(1)-B. GENERAL POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS

Statistics on age, sex, race, marital status, and relationship to head of household are presented for States, counties by urban and rural residence, SMSA's, urbanized areas, county subdivisions, and places of 1,000 inhabitants or more.

Series PC(1)-C. GENERAL SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS

Statistics are presented on nativity and parentage, State or country of birth, Spanish origin, mother tongue, residence 5 years ago, year moved into present house, school enrollment (public or private), years of school completed, vocational training, number of children ever born, family composition, disability, veteran status, employment status, place of work, means of transportation to work, occupation group, industry group, class of worker, and income (by type) in 1969 of families and individuals. Each subject is shown for some or all of the following areas: States, counties (by urban, rural-nonfarm, and rural-farm residence), SMSA's, urbanized areas, and places of 2,500 inhabitants or more.

Series PC(1)-D. DETAILED CHARACTERISTICS reports will sever most of the

These reports will cover most of the subjects shown in Series PC(1)-C, above, presenting the data in considerable detail and cross-classified by age, race, and other characteristics. Each subject will be shown for some or all of the following areas: States (by urban, rural-nonfarm, and rural-farm residence), SMSA's, and large cities.

Volume II. SUBJECT REPORTS

Each report in this volume, also designated as Series PC(2), will concentrate on a particular subject. Detailed information and cross-relationships will generally be provided on a national and regional level; in some reports, data for States or SMSA's will also be shown. Among the characteristics to be covered are national origin and race, fertility, families, marital status, migration, education, unemployment, occupation, industry, and income.

Housing Census Reports

Volume I. HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS FOR STATES, CITIES, AND COUNTIES

This volume will consist of 58 "parts" number 1 for the United States, numbers 2 through 52 for the 50 States and the District of Columbia in alphabetical order, and numbers 53 through 58 for Puerto Rico, Guam, Virgin Islands, American Samoa, Canal Zone, and Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, respectively. Each part, which will be a separate clothbound book, will contain two chapters designated as A and B. Each chapter (for each of the 58 areas) will first be issued as an individual paperbound report in two series designated as HC(1)-A and B, respectively.

Series HC(1)-A. GENERAL HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

Statistics on tenure, kitchen facilities, plumbing facilities, number of rooms, persons per room, units in structure, mobile home, telephone, value, contract rent, and vacancy status are presented for some or all of the following areas: States (by urban and rural residence), SMSA's, urbanized areas, places of 1,000 inhabitants or more, and counties.

Series HC(1)-B. DETAILED HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

Statistics are presented on a more detailed basis for the subjects included In the Series HC(1)-A reports, as well as on such additional subjects as year moved into unit, year structure built, basement, heating equipment, fuels, air conditioning, water and sewage, appliances, gross rent, and ownership of second home. Each subject is shown for some or all of the following areas: States (by urban, rural-nonfarm, and rural-farm residence), SMSA's, urbanized areas, places of 2,500 inhabitants or more, and counties (by rural and rural-farm residence).

Volume II. METROPOLITAN HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

These reports, also designated as Series HC(2), will cover most of the 1970 census housing subjects in considerable detail and cross-classification. There will be one report for each SMSA, presenting data for the SMSA and its central cities and places of 50,000 inhabitants or more, as well as a national summary report.

Volume III. BLOCK STATISTICS

One report, under the designation Series HC(3), is issued for each urbanized area showing data for individual blocks on selected housing and population subjects. The series also includes reports for the communities outside urbanized areas which have contracted with the Census Bureau to provide block statistics from the 1970 census.

Volume IV.

COMPONENTS OF INVENTORY CHANGE This volume will contain data on the disposition of the 1960 inventory and the source of the 1970 inventory, such as new construction, conversions, mergers, demolitions, and other additions and losses. Cross-tabulations of 1970 and 1960 characteristics for units that have not changed and characteristics of the present and previous residence of recent movers will also be provided. Statistics and for the United States and regions.

Volume V.

RESIDENTIAL FINANCE This volume will present data regarding the financing of privately owned nonfarm residential properties. Statistics will be shown on amount of outstanding mortgage debt, manner of acquisition of property, homeowner expenses, and other owner, property, and mortgage characteristics for the United States and regions.

APPENDIX D----Continued

Volume VI. ESTIMATES OF "SUBSTANDARD" HOUSING

This volume will present counts of "substandard" housing units for counties and cities, based on the number of units lacking plumbing facilities combined with estimates of units with all plumbing facilities but in "dilapidated" condition.

Volume VII.

SUBJECT REPORTS Each report in this volume will concentrate on a particular subject. Detailed information and cross-classifications will generally be provided on a national and regional level; in some reports, data for States or SMSA's may also be shown. Among the subjects to be covered are housing charactristics by household composition, housing of minority groups and senior citizens, and households in mobile homes.

Joint Population-Housing Reports

Series PHC(1).

CENSUS TRACT REPORTS

This series contains one report for each SMSA, showing data for most of the population and housing subjects included in the 1970 census.

Series PHC(2).

GENERAL DEMOGRAPHIC TRENDS FOR METROPOLITAN AREAS, 1960 to 1970

This series consists of one report for each State and the District of Columbia, as well as a national summary report, presenting statistics for the State and for SMSA's and their central cities and constituent counties. Comparative 1960 and 1970 data are shown on population counts by age and race and on such housing subjects as tenure, plumbing facilities, value, and contract rent.

Series PHC(3).

EMPLOYMENT PROFILES OF SELECTED LOW-INCOME AREAS

This series will consist of approximately 70 reports, each presenting statistics on the social and economic characteristics of the residents of a particular low-income area. The data relate to low-income neighborhoods in 54 cities and seven rural poverty areas. Each report will provide statistics on employment and unemployment, education, vocational training, availability for work, job history, and income, as well as on value or rent and number of rooms in the housing unit.

Additional Reports

Series PHC(E).

EVALUATION REPORTS

This open series will present the results of the extensive evaluation program conducted as an integral part of the 1970 census program, and relating to such matters as completeness of enumeration and quality of the data on characteristics.

Series PHC(R). PROCEDURAL REPORTS

This open series presents information on various administrative and methodological aspects of the 1970 census, and will include a comprehensive procedural history of the 1970 census. The first report issued focuses on the forms and procedures used in the data collection phase of the census.

Computer Summary Tapes

The major portion of the results of the 1970 census will be produced in a set of six tabulation counts. To help meet the needs of census users, these counts are being designed to provide data with much greater subject and geographic detail than it is feasible or desirable to publish in printed reports. The data so tabulated will generally be available subject to suppression of certain detail where necessary to protect confidentiality —on magnetic computer tape, printouts, and microfilm, at the cost of preparing the copy.

- First Count—source of the PC(1)-A reports; contains about 400 cells of data on the subjects covered in the PC(1)-B and HC(1)-A reports and tabulated for each of the approximately 250,000 enumeration districts in the United States.
- Second Count—source of the PC(1)-B, HC(1)-A, and part of the PHC(1) reports; contains about 3,500 cells of data covering the subjects in these reports and tabulated for the approximately 35,000 tracts and 35,000 county subdivisions in the United States.
- Third Count—source of the HC(3) reports; contains about 250 cells of data on the subjects covered in the PC(1)-B and HC(1)-A reports and tabulated for approximately 1,500,000 blocks in the United States.

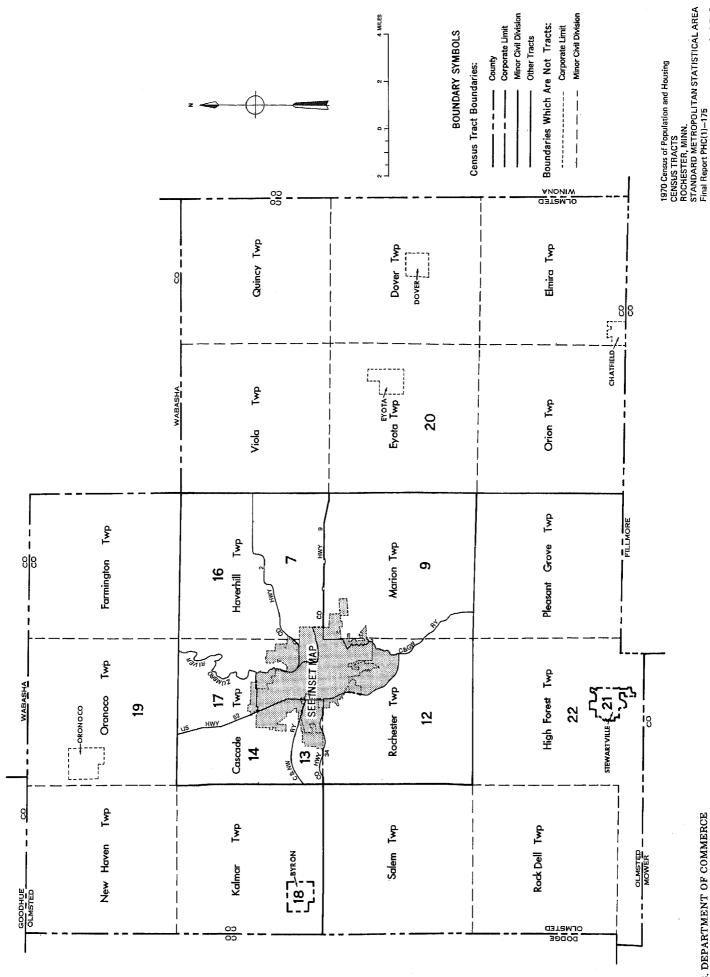
- Fourth Count—source of the PC(1)-C, HC (1)-B, and part of the PHC(1) reports; contains about 13,000 cells of data covering the subjects in these reports and tabulated for the approximately 35,000 tracts and 35,000 county subdivisions in the United States; also contains about 30,000 cells of data for each county.
- Fifth Count—will contain approximately 800 cells of population and housing data for 5-digit ZIP code areas in SMSA's and 3-digit ZIP code areas outside SMSA's; the ZIP code data will be available only on tape.
- Sixth Count—source of the PC(1)-D and HC(2) reports; will contain about 260,-000 cells of data covering the subjects in these reports and tabulated for States, SMSA's, and large cities.

The tapes will generally be organized on a State basis. To use the First Count and Third Count tapes, it will be necessary to purchase the appropriate enumeration district and block maps.

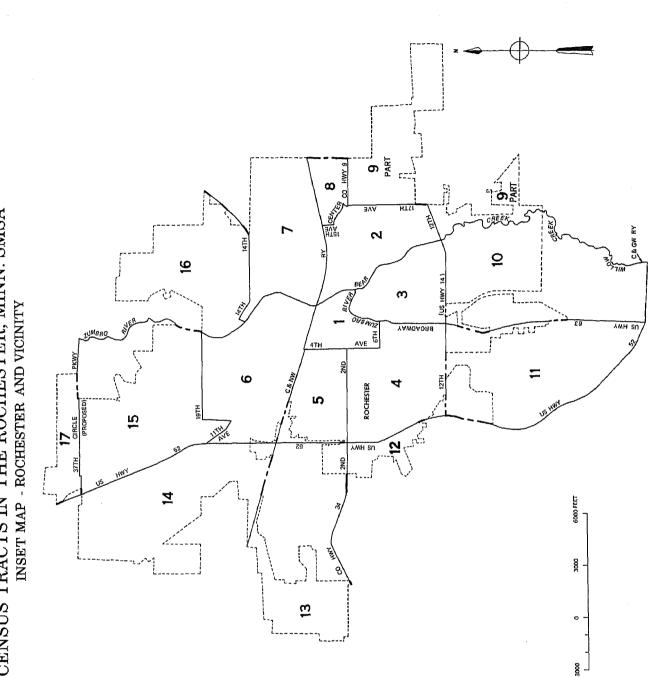
The term "cells" used herein to indicate the scope of subject content of the several counts refers to each figure or statistic in the tabulation for a specific geographic area. For example, in the Third Count, there are six cells for a cross-classification of race by sex: three categories of race (white, Negro, other race) by two categories of sex (male, female). In addition to the above-mentioned summary tapes, the Census Bureau will make available for purchase certain sample tape files containing population and housing characteristics as shown on individual census records. These files will contain no names or addresses, and the geo-grahic identification will be sufficiently broad to protect confidentiality. There will be six files, each containing a 1-per-cent national sample of persons and housing units. Three of the files will be drawn from the population covered by the census 15-percent sample and three from the population in the census 5-percent sample. Each of these three files will provide a different type of geographic information: One will identify individual large SMSA's and, for the rest of the country, groups of counties; the second will identify individual States and, where they are sufficiently large, will provide urban-rural and metropolitan-nonmetro-politan detail; and the third will identify State groups and size of place, with each individual record showing selected char-acteristics of the person's neighborhood.



CENSUS TRACTS IN THE ROCHESTER, MINN. SMSA



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CENSUS TRACTS IN THE ROCHESTER, MINN. SMSA

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

1970 Census of Population and Housing CENSUS TRACTS ROCHESTER, MINN. STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA Final Report PHC(1)–175 2 OF 2