

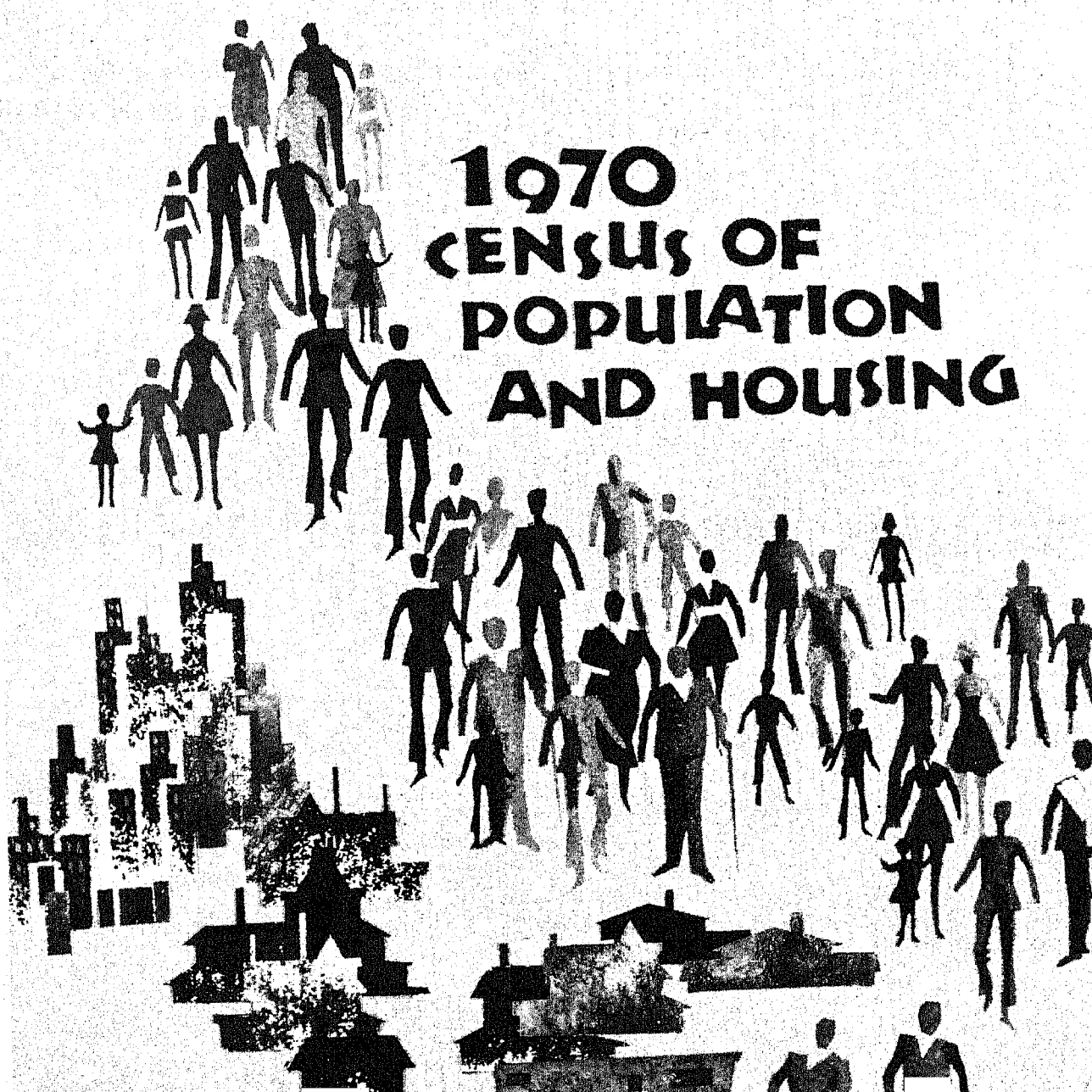
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Census Tracts

SALEM, OREG.
STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA



1970 CENSUS OF POPULATION AND HOUSING

U.S. DEPARTMENT
OF COMMERCE
BUREAU OF
THE CENSUS

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STANDARD METROPOLITAN
STATISTICAL AREA

Issued February 1972

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LIST OF PHC(1) CENSUS TRACT REPORTS

The reports listed below are for Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas. An asterisk (*) indicates that the report includes data for tracts in selected areas adjacent to the SMSA.

Report number	Area	Report number	Area	Report number	Area
1	Abilene, Tex.	41	Charlotte, N.C.*	81	Great Falls, Mont.
2	Akron, Ohio	42	Chattanooga, Tenn.-Ga.	82	Green Bay, Wis.
3	Albany, Ga.	43	Chicago, Ill.	83	Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point, N.C.
4	Albany-Schenectady-Troy, N.Y.	44	Cincinnati, Ohio-Ky.-Ind.	84	Greenville, S.C.
5	Albuquerque, N. Mex.	45	Cleveland, Ohio	85	Hamilton-Middletown, Ohio
6	Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, Pa.-N.J.	46	Colorado Springs, Colo.	86	Harrisburg, Pa.
7	Altoona, Pa.	47	Columbia, Mo.	87	Hartford, Conn.*
8	Amarillo, Tex.	48	Columbia, S.C.	88	Honolulu, Hawaii*
9	Anaheim-Santa Ana-Garden Grove, Calif.	49	Columbus, Ga.-Ala.	89	Houston, Tex.*
10	Anderson, Ind.	50	Columbus, Ohio	90	Huntington-Ashland, W. Va.-Ky.-Ohio*
11	Ann Arbor, Mich.	51	Corpus Christi, Tex.	91	Huntsville, Ala.
12	Appleton-Oshkosh, Wis.	52	Dallas, Tex.	92	Indianapolis, Ind.
13	Asheville, N.C.	53	Davenport-Rock Island-Moline, Iowa-Ill.	93	Jackson, Mich.
14	Atlanta, Ga.*	54	Dayton, Ohio	94	Jackson, Miss.
15	Atlantic City, N.J.	55	Decatur, Ill.	95	Jacksonville, Fla.
16	Augusta, Ga.-S.C.	56	Denver, Colo.	96	Jersey City, N.J.
17	Austin, Tex.	57	Des Moines, Iowa	97	Johnstown, Pa.
18	Bakersfield, Calif.	58	Detroit, Mich.*	98	Kalamazoo, Mich.
19	Baltimore, Md.	59	Dubuque, Iowa	99	Kansas City, Mo.-Kans.*
20	Baton Rouge, La.*	60	Duluth-Superior, Minn.-Wis.	100	Kenosha, Wis.
21	Bay City, Mich.	61	Durham, N.C.	101	Knoxville, Tenn.*
22	Beaumont-Port Arthur-Orange, Tex.	62	El Paso, Tex.	102	Lafayette, La.
23	Billings, Mont.	63	Erie, Pa.	103	Lafayette-West Lafayette, Ind.
24	Biloxi-Gulfport, Miss.	64	Eugene, Oreg.	104	Lake Charles, La.
25	Binghamton, N.Y.-Pa.	65	Evansville, Ind.-Ky.	105	Lancaster, Pa.
26	Birmingham, Ala.	66	Fall River, Mass.-R.I.	106	Lansing, Mich.
27	Bloomington-Normal, Ill.	67	Fargo-Moorhead, N. Dak.-Minn.	107	Laredo, Tex.
28	Boise City, Idaho	68	Fayetteville, N.C.	108	Las Vegas, Nev.
29	Boston, Mass.*	69	Fitchburg-Leominster, Mass.*	109	Lawrence-Haverhill, Mass.-N.H.
30	Bridgeport, Conn.	70	Flint, Mich.	110	Lawton, Ohio
31	Bristol, Conn.*	71	Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood, Fla.	111	Lewiston-Auburn, Maine
32	Brockton, Mass.	72	Fort Smith, Ark.-Okla.	112	Lexington, Ky.
33	Brownsville-Harlingen-San Benito, Tex.	73	Fort Wayne, Ind.	113	Lima, Ohio
34	Bryan-College Station, Tex.	74	Fort Worth, Tex.*	114	Lincoln, Nebr.
35	Buffalo, N.Y.	75	Fresno, Calif.	115	Little Rock-North Little Rock, Ark.
36	Canton, Ohio	76	Gadsden, Ala.	116	Lorain-Elyria, Ohio*
37	Cedar Rapids, Iowa	77	Gainesville, Fla.	117	Los Angeles-Long Beach, Calif.
38	Champaign-Urbana, Ill.	78	Galveston-Texas City, Tex.	118	Louisville, Ky.-Ind.
39	Charleston, S.C.*	79	Gary-Hammond-East Chicago, Ind.	119	Lowell, Mass.
40	Charleston, W. Va.	80	Grand Rapids, Mich.*	120	Lubbock, Tex.

Report number	Area	Report number	Area	Report number	Area
121	Lynchburg, Va.*	161	Pine Bluff, Ark.	201	Spokane, Wash.
122	Macon, Ga.*	162	Pittsburgh, Pa.	202	Springfield, Ill.
123	Madison, Wis.	163	Pittsfield, Mass.	203	Springfield, Mo.
124	Manchester, N.H.	164	Portland, Maine*	204	Springfield, Ohio
125	Mansfield, Ohio	165	Portland, Oreg.-Wash.	205	Springfield-Chicopee-Holyoke, Mass.-Conn.*
126	McAllen-Pharr-Edinburg, Tex.	166	Providence-Pawtucket-Warwick, R.I.-Mass.*	206	Stamford, Conn.
127	Memphis, Tenn.-Ark.	167	Provo-Orem, Utah	207	Steubenville-Weirton, Ohio- W. Va.
128	Meriden, Conn.	168	Pueblo, Colo.	208	Stockton, Calif.
129	Miami, Fla.	169	Racine, Wis.	209	Syracuse, N.Y.
130	Midland, Tex.	170	Raleigh, N.C.	210	Tacoma, Wash.
131	Milwaukee, Wis.*	171	Reading, Pa.	211	Tallahassee, Fla.
132	Minneapolis-St. Paul, Minn.	172	Reno, Nev.	212	Tampa-St. Petersburg, Fla.
133	Mobile, Ala.	173	Richmond, Va.	213	Terre Haute, Ind.
134	Modesto, Calif.	174	Roanoke, Va.	214	Texarkana, Tex.-Ark.
135	Monroe, La.	175	Rochester, Minn.	215	Toledo, Ohio-Mich.
136	Montgomery, Ala.	176	Rochester, N.Y.	216	Topeka, Kans.
137	Muncie, Ind.	177	Rockford, Ill.	217	Trenton, N.J.
138	Muskegon-Muskegon Heights, Mich.	178	Sacramento, Calif.*	218	Tucson, Ariz.
139	Nashville-Davidson, Tenn.	179	Saginaw, Mich.	219	Tulsa, Okla.
140	New Bedford, Mass.	180	St. Joseph, Mo.	220	Tuscaloosa, Ala.
141	New Britain, Conn.	181	St. Louis, Mo.-Ill.*	221	Tyler, Tex.
142	New Haven, Conn.*	182	Salem, Oreg.	222	Utica-Rome, N.Y.
143	New London-Groton-Norwich, Conn.*	183	Salinas-Monterey, Calif.	223	Vallejo-Napa, Calif.
144	New Orleans, La.	184	Salt Lake City, Utah	224	Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton, N.J.
145	New York, N.Y.	185	San Angelo, Tex.	225	Waco, Tex.
146	Newark, N.J.*	186	San Antonio, Tex.	226	Washington, D.C.-Md.-Va.
147	Newport News-Hampton, Va.*	187	San Bernardino-Riverside- Ontario, Calif.	227	Waterbury, Conn.*
148	Norfolk-Portsmouth, Va.*	188	San Diego, Calif.	228	Waterloo, Iowa
149	Norwalk, Conn.*	189	San Francisco-Oakland, Calif.	229	West Palm Beach, Fla.
150	Odessa, Tex.	190	San Jose, Calif.	230	Wheeling, W. Va.-Ohio
151	Ogden, Utah	191	Santa Barbara, Calif.	231	Wichita, Kans.
152	Oklahoma City, Okla.	192	Santa Rosa, Calif.	232	Wichita Falls, Tex.*
153	Omaha, Nebr.-Iowa	193	Savannah, Ga.	233	Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton, Pa.
154	Orlando, Fla.	194	Scranton, Pa.	234	Wilmington, Del.-N.J.-Md.
155	Oxnard-Ventura, Calif.	195	Seattle-Everett, Wash.	235	Wilmington, N.C.
156	Paterson-Clifton-Passaic, N.J.	196	Sherman-Denison, Tex.	236	Worcester, Mass.*
157	Pensacola, Fla.	197	Shreveport, La.	237	York, Pa.
158	Peoria, Ill.	198	Sioux City, Iowa-Nebr.	238	Youngstown-Warren, Ohio*
159	Philadelphia, Pa.-N.J.	199	Sioux Falls, S. Dak.	239	Mayagüez, P.R.
160	Phoenix, Ariz.	200	South Bend, Ind.	240	Ponce, P.R.
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INTRODUCTION

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GENERAL

This report presents statistics by census tract on the characteristics of the population and housing units as reported in the 1970 Census of Population and Housing. Legal provision for this census, which was conducted as of April 1, 1970, was made in the Act of Congress of August 31, 1954 (amended August 1957), which codified Title 13, United States Code. This report series contains 241 reports as listed on page II. Each report relates to a particular standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA), and in some cases also covers certain areas adjacent to the SMSA. As stated on page App-2, there are 247 currently recognized SMSA's, including four in Puerto Rico. There are no reports in this series for six of these SMSA's because they were newly designated on the basis of the 1970 census results and census tracts had not been established for them previously.

This series of reports is one of the several series which present the information compiled from the census. For a description of the full data dissemination program see Appendix D, "Publication and Computer Summary Tape Program."

The content and procedures of the 1970 census were determined after

evaluation of the results of the 1960 census, consultation with a wide variety of users of census data, and extensive field pretesting. A number of changes were introduced in 1970 to improve the usefulness of the census results. For the characteristics shown in this report, the changes do not, however, affect to any appreciable extent the comparability of the 1970 data with those for 1960.

More detailed information on the technical and procedural matters covered in the text of this report can be obtained by writing to the Director, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D. C. 20233. Such information will also appear in later reports of the 1970 census.

Organization of the text.—The text consists of this introduction and four appendixes, which appear after the tables. Appendix A describes area classifications, defines census tracts, and traces some of the history of the development of census tract statistics. Appendix B provides definitions and explanations of the population and housing subjects appearing in the report. Appendix C presents information on sources of error in the data, sampling variability, ratio estimation, and editing procedures. Appendix D summarizes the data dissemination program of the 1970 census.

Content of the tables.—There are two numbered series of tables. Tables P-1 to P-8 present population statistics and tables H-1 to H-5 present housing statistics. Tables P-5 to P-8 and H-3 to H-5 relate to Negroes and to persons of Spanish language or surname or persons of Puerto Rican birth or parentage; they include only those tracts that have a population of 400 or more for the particular group.

The tables include data for the component counties and places of 25,000 or more in the SMSA, as well as for the tracts. All tables are arranged in identical fashion. Summations are presented first for the SMSA, followed by the component counties in alphabetical order (within State, if the SMSA crosses State lines). Shown under each county is the summation for each component place of 25,000 inhabitants or more and the balance of the county. Following these summations are the data for individual tracts (arranged in the above-mentioned geographic order) within the SMSA; and, in certain cases, for individual tracts in territory contiguous to the SMSA. When a tract crosses the boundary of a place of 25,000 inhabitants or more, statistics for the portion of the tract which lies inside the place are shown with the figure for the place; statistics for the remainder of the tract are shown as part of another place and/or under the county balance, as appropriate. The totals for each of these "split" tracts appear at the end of the table.

Sample size.—Tables P-1, H-1, and H-3 contain 100-percent data; the remaining tables contain data based on a sample of the population, with sampling rates of 20 percent or 15 percent. Figures for the total population or for some subgroups of the population (e.g., the population 5 years old and over) may differ from table to table or within the same table when the figures are tabulated from different samples. The sample size for each subject is stated in table C, Appendix C, "Accuracy of the Data." Appendix C also provides information on the sampling variability associated with the data.

Derived figures (percents, medians, etc.).—Percents, medians, and means, as well as certain rates and ratios are shown in these reports. For all types of derived figures in this report, the figure is not presented (but indicated by three dots "...") if the base is smaller than the minimum number prescribed for the sample on which the figure is based. The minimum bases are 5 (persons, families, households, or housing units) for figures derived from 100-percent tabulations, 25 for figures based on the 20-percent sample, and 33 for those based on the 15-percent sample. When a cross-tabulation of two or more characteristics covers subjects based on different samples, the minimum base for the smaller sample applies. Although figures are shown for all areas, except when the base is less than the specified minimum, the reader should exercise caution in the use and interpretation of data for very small areas or subgroups of the population; these data are especially subject to the effects of sampling variability, misreporting, and processing errors.

Percents which round to less than 0.1 are not shown but indicated as zero (i.e., "—"). The median, which is a type of average, is the middle value in a distribution, i.e., the median divides the distribution into two equal parts—one-half of the cases fall below the median and one-half of the cases exceed the median. When the median falls in the lower terminal category of an open-end distribution, the method of presentation is to show the initial value of the next category followed by a minus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "Less than \$5,000," it is shown as "\$5,000—." When the median falls in the upper terminal category of an open-end distribution, the method of

presentation is to show the initial value of the terminal category followed by a plus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "75 years and over," it is shown as "75+." The mean is the arithmetic average derived by adding the values in a particular distribution and dividing by the number of units in the distribution.

Symbols.—A dash "—" signifies zero. Three dots "..." mean not applicable, or that the base for the derived figure is too small for it to be shown, or that the data are being withheld to avoid disclosure of information for individuals. The symbol "U" means that the place is "unincorporated."

Boundaries.—Information on changes in the boundaries of tracts between 1960 and 1970 for this area appears after the Introduction. Information on boundary changes between 1960 and 1970 for certain types of areas other than tracts is given in the 1970 Population Census PC(1)-A report for each State.

DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

The 1970 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. In 1960, self-enumeration was first introduced on a nationwide scale as a substitute for the traditional census direct interview.

A census questionnaire was delivered by postal carriers to every household several days before Census Day, April 1, 1970. This questionnaire contained certain explanatory information and was accompanied by an instruction sheet; in areas with comparatively large proportions of Spanish-speaking persons, a Spanish version of the instruction sheet was also enclosed.

In the larger metropolitan areas and some adjacent counties, altogether containing about three-fifths of the population of the United States, the householder was requested to fill out and mail back the form on Census Day. Approximately 87 percent of the householders did so. The mailed-back forms were reviewed by the census enumerator (or, in some localities, a census clerk) and if the form was determined to be incomplete or inconsistent, a followup was made. The bulk of these followups were made by telephone, the rest by personal visit. For the households which did not mail back their forms, a followup was also made, in almost all cases by personal visit and in the remainder by telephone.

For the remaining two-fifths of the population, the householder was requested to fill out the form and give it to the enumerator when he called; approximately 80 percent did so. Incomplete and unfilled forms were completed by interview during the enumerator's visit.

Three types of questionnaires were used throughout the country; 80 percent of the households answered a form containing a limited number of population and housing questions and the remainder, split into 15-percent and 5-percent samples, answered forms which contained these questions as well as a number of additional questions. Some of the additional questions were the same on the 15-percent and 5-percent versions; others were different. A random procedure was used to determine which of the three forms any particular household answered.

In the metropolitan and adjacent areas, the designated type of questionnaire was sent to each household. In the remaining areas, the questionnaire

with a limited number of questions was distributed to all households, and the enumerators obtained the additional information by interview in those households designated for the 15-percent and 5-percent samples.

PROCESSING PROCEDURES

The 1970 census questionnaires were specially designed to be processed by FOSDIC (Film Optical Sensing Device for Input to Computer). For most items on the questionnaire, the information supplied by the respondent or obtained by the enumerator was indicated by marking the answers in

predesignated positions that would be "read" by FOSDIC from a microfilm copy of the questionnaire onto computer magnetic tape with no intervening manual processing. A number of the items, however, required reviewing written entries to determine the proper code. Consequently, the processing involved a manual coding and editing operation in which clerks determined the appropriate codes and marked the specified positions on the questionnaire; for example, the clerks applied a 2-digit numerical code for the country-of-birth entry. These marks, as well as those made by the respondent and enumerator, were read

by FOSDIC onto magnetic tape.

The tape containing the information from the questionnaires was processed on the Census Bureau's computers through a number of editing and tabulation steps (see Appendix C, "Accuracy of the Data"). One of the end results of this operation was a computer tape from which the tables in this report were prepared on a cathode-ray-tube phototypesetting machine at the Government Printing Office. Another end result was the summary tapes which are available for purchase, as described in Appendix D, "Publication and Computer Summary Tape Program."

Census tract comparability tables are not provided in this report because the area was tracted for the first time for 1970.

Table P-1. General Characteristics of the Population: 1970

(For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text)

Census Tracts	Marion County			Polk County			Salem (part in Marion County)							
	Total SMSA	Total	Salem (part)	Balance	Total	Salem (part)	Balance	Tract 0001	Tract 0002	Tract 0003	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0006	Tract 0007
RACE														
All persons	186 658	151 309	62 960	88 349	35 349	5 336	30 013	1 369	3 897	4 864	2 941	4 179	5 164	4 756
White	183 694	148 933	61 805	87 128	34 761	5 275	29 486	1 330	3 762	4 760	2 888	4 135	5 097	4 544
Negro	612	530	345	185	82	4	78	20	32	17	11	6	7	134
Percent Negro	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.3	1.5	0.8	0.3	0.4	0.1	0.1	2.8
AGE BY SEX														
Male, all ages														
Under 5 years	90 644	73 631	30 015	43 616	17 013	2 527	14 486	668	1 742	2 132	1 360	1 977	2 234	2 739
3 and 4 years	7 343	6 004	2 189	3 815	1 339	183	1 156	15	82	183	140	200	140	122
5 to 9 years	2 988	2 443	898	1 545	545	68	477	5	30	68	58	91	57	45
10 to 14 years	8 853	7 284	2 558	4 726	1 569	242	1 327	11	78	187	114	213	197	126
15 to 19 years	1 579	1 297	446	851	282	42	240	1	11	38	29	41	31	14
20 to 24 years	1 625	1 356	463	893	269	46	223	1	8	33	20	44	38	27
25 to 34 years	10 011	8 158	2 976	5 182	1 853	253	1 600	12	127	204	148	199	228	124
35 to 44 years	2 023	1 642	615	1 027	381	49	332	-	27	43	26	37	53	37
45 to 54 years	9 288	7 367	3 037	4 330	1 921	237	1 684	39	396	174	144	174	211	134
55 to 64 years	1 984	1 597	600	997	387	46	341	4	31	32	23	41	40	28
65 to 74 years	2 036	1 655	674	981	381	57	324	3	28	48	34	45	59	34
75 years and over	2 029	1 633	614	1 019	396	66	330	2	28	33	21	44	52	33
	1 756	1 387	593	794	369	30	339	16	138	28	35	23	30	23
	1 483	1 095	556	539	388	38	350	14	171	33	31	21	30	16
	6 705	5 314	2 714	2 600	1 391	155	1 236	87	314	196	120	123	158	321
	1 400	1 044	529	515	356	36	320	17	131	33	22	20	32	33
	1 285	984	505	479	301	22	279	18	78	24	23	28	29	56
	10 756	8 910	4 024	4 886	1 846	289	1 557	93	155	271	178	267	231	668
	9 403	7 651	3 056	4 595	1 752	268	1 484	59	99	153	119	204	192	385
	10 137	8 173	3 455	4 718	1 964	326	1 638	106	145	223	132	220	267	349
	4 300	3 505	1 513	1 992	795	135	660	66	63	110	70	104	136	127
	3 981	3 252	1 354	1 898	729	143	586	61	68	99	56	85	142	116
	6 218	5 043	1 967	3 076	1 175	186	976	59	122	185	88	121	209	154
	3 649	2 970	1 172	1 798	679	110	569	60	93	147	51	67	123	113
Female, all ages														
Under 5 years	96 014	77 678	32 945	44 733	18 336	2 809	15 527	701	2 155	2 732	1 581	2 202	2 930	2 017
3 and 4 years	7 028	5 802	2 143	3 659	1 226	179	1 047	13	74	208	144	165	183	130
5 to 9 years	2 828	2 340	828	1 512	488	70	418	2	26	72	62	64	63	49
10 to 14 years	8 553	6 974	2 487	4 487	1 579	240	1 339	5	81	209	126	233	201	129
15 to 19 years	1 488	1 237	455	782	251	39	212	-	9	40	23	40	39	27
20 to 24 years	1 621	1 331	485	846	290	39	251	1	16	31	27	59	39	20
25 to 34 years	9 513	7 758	2 840	4 918	1 755	263	1 492	16	140	206	157	223	211	120
35 to 44 years	1 996	1 611	603	1 008	385	61	324	2	29	39	35	52	48	26
45 to 54 years	9 479	7 285	3 242	4 043	2 194	245	1 949	76	434	225	171	171	217	151
55 to 64 years	1 929	1 565	613	952	364	56	308	4	23	41	28	45	39	33
65 to 74 years	1 966	1 624	648	976	342	43	299	1	34	42	37	30	49	36
75 years and over	1 894	1 535	612	923	359	61	298	6	27	47	31	34	51	32
	1 880	1 326	646	680	554	47	507	31	171	44	29	28	36	28
	1 810	1 235	723	512	575	38	537	34	179	51	46	34	42	22
	7 677	5 932	3 105	2 827	1 745	216	1 529	78	322	265	149	184	233	177
	1 746	1 259	704	555	487	38	449	25	118	49	31	28	56	27
	1 623	1 187	649	538	436	38	398	15	90	63	25	32	47	39
	10 905	8 915	3 649	5 266	1 990	326	1 664	54	146	258	188	286	273	262
	10 055	8 118	3 219	4 899	1 937	311	1 626	38	127	222	137	222	254	160
	10 476	8 482	3 645	4 837	1 994	367	1 627	59	160	252	150	258	352	235
	4 808	3 971	1 829	2 142	837	162	675	51	97	153	79	88	193	143
	4 580	3 804	1 729	2 075	776	144	632	64	114	153	66	114	182	127
	7 575	6 267	2 821	3 446	1 308	224	1 084	114	232	316	102	159	351	222
	5 365	4 370	2 236	2 134	995	132	863	133	228	265	112	99	280	161
RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD														
All persons	186 658	151 309	62 960	88 349	35 349	5 336	30 013	1 369	3 897	4 864	2 941	4 179	5 164	4 756
In households	176 508	142 563	56 128	86 435	33 945	5 323	28 622	1 267	2 710	4 754	2 605	4 131	5 042	3 483
Head of household	59 175	47 963	21 194	26 769	11 212	1 890	9 322	931	1 297	1 875	948	1 390	1 967	1 381
Head of family	46 961	37 930	15 137	22 793	9 031	1 519	7 512	786	640	1 222	725	1 135	1 440	1 033
Primary individual	12 214	10 033	6 057	3 976	2 181	371	1 810	146	657	653	223	255	527	348
Wife of head	42 168	33 942	13 103	20 839	8 226	1 356	6 870	136	507	1 019	614	982	1 208	909
Other relative of head	72 091	58 530	20 690	37 840	13 561	1 995	11 566	143	811	1 734	986	1 695	1 775	1 134
Not related to head	3 074	2 128	1 141	987	946	82	864	57	95	126	57	64	92	59
In group quarters	10 150	8 746	6 832	1 914	1 404	13	1 391	102	1 187	110	336	48	122	1 273
Persons per household	2.98	2.97	2.65	3.23	3.03	2.82	3.07	1.36	2.09	2.54	2.75	2.97	2.56	2.52
TYPE OF FAMILY AND NUMBER OF OWN CHILDREN														
All families	46 961	37 930	15 137	22 793	9 031	1 519	7 512	186	640	1 222	725	1 135	1 440	1 033
With own children under 18 years	24 669	19 840	7 516	12 324	4 829	765	4 064	44	261	561	365	623	643	428
Number of children	58 126	47 194	16 521	30 673	10 932	1 615	9 317	80	592	1 315	777	1 391	1 371	879
Husband-wife families	42 168	33 942	13 103	20 839	8 226	1 356	6 870	136	507	1 019	614	982	1 208	909
With own children under 18 years	21 868	17 522	6 264	11 258	4 346	662	3 684	21	192	442	293	513	511	353
Number of children	52 099	42 147	13 915	28 232	9 952	1 425	8 527	38	440	1 069	632	1 162	1 097	739
Percent of total under 18 years	82.5	81.7	73.4	86.5	86.2	84.4	86.5	41.3	58.4	74.2	63.0	78.9	75.7	78.0
Families with other male head	846	690	264	426	156	18	138	5	11	26	12	18	26	12
With own children under 18 years	309	247	105	142	62	9	53	2	5	11	4	5	6	5
Number of children	620	506	194	312	114	15	99	2	13	15	9	6	9	7
Families with female head	3 947	3 298	1 770	1 528	649	145	504	45	122	177	99	135	206	112
With own children under 18 years	2 492	2 071	1 147	924	421	94	327	21	64	108	68	105	126	70
Number of children	5 407	4 541	2 412	2 129	866	175	691	40	139	231	136	223	265	133
Percent of total under 18 years	8.6	8.8	12.7	6.5	7.5	10.4	7.0	43.5	18.5	16.0	13.6	15.1	18.3	14.0
Persons under 18 years	63 139	51 589	18 954	32 635	11 550	1 689	9 861	92	753	1 440	1 003	1 472	1 450	947
MARITAL STATUS														
Male, 14 years old and over														
Single	66 460	53 827	22 907	30 920	12 633	1 898	10 735	630	1 482	1 601	984	1 402	1 722	2 404
Married	17 964	14 518	6 770	7 748	3 446	409								

Table P-1. General Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

[For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Salem (part in Marion County)—Con.															
Census Tracts	Tract 0008	Tract 0009	Tract 0010	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0013	Tract 0016	Tract 0017	Tract 0019	Tract 0020	Tract 0021	Tract 0022	Tract 0023	Tract 0024	Tract 0028
RACE															
All persons	1 284	6 083	2 303	4 099	4 284	3 451	34	344	2 282	735	5 014	5 561	294	19	3
White	1 232	5 956	2 285	4 087	4 201	3 436	34	338	2 192	731	4 960	5 527	288	19	3
Negro	16	23	1	—	17	—	—	1	54	—	1	5	—	—	—
Percent Negro	1.2	0.4	—	—	0.4	—	—	0.3	2.4	—	—	0.1	—	—	—
AGE BY SEX															
Male, all ages															
Under 5 years	675	2 752	1 054	2 000	1 946	1 563	15	162	1 297	374	2 453	2 721	142	7	...
3 and 4 years	5	241	111	183	154	99	—	15	17	42	224	201	14	1	...
5 to 9 years	2	88	43	79	63	40	—	5	14	17	94	93	6	—	...
5 years	15	191	93	218	145	105	—	23	151	44	306	330	11	—	...
6 years	1	34	22	41	39	16	—	4	10	4	50	57	3	—	...
10 to 14 years	4	39	17	44	14	22	—	5	30	8	55	51	3	—	...
14 years	14	235	74	250	197	155	—	10	274	38	315	361	11	—	...
15 to 19 years	5	52	13	55	41	37	—	—	54	6	49	78	2	—	...
15 years	43	193	74	188	205	154	—	11	328	47	223	285	14	—	...
16 years	3	48	12	49	49	27	—	2	65	11	71	63	1	—	...
17 years	9	40	10	57	48	38	—	1	81	11	54	72	2	—	...
18 years	5	43	22	40	53	33	—	5	63	9	46	80	2	—	...
19 years	12	34	12	30	34	28	—	2	63	10	33	39	3	—	...
20 to 24 years	14	28	18	12	21	28	—	1	56	6	19	31	6	—	...
20 years	61	352	105	93	175	128	4	7	221	20	128	90	11	—	...
21 years	11	42	12	23	34	22	—	1	56	7	15	17	1	—	...
22 years	14	61	15	21	27	20	1	1	45	1	18	23	2	—	...
25 to 34 years	117	364	156	246	211	165	—	28	187	44	307	316	18	2	...
35 to 44 years	95	229	67	228	190	167	—	16	75	49	310	399	20	—	...
45 to 54 years	91	276	136	283	239	222	1	14	36	43	288	372	12	—	...
55 to 59 years	62	141	62	111	93	93	2	12	5	12	96	139	8	1	...
60 to 64 years	57	121	65	80	97	95	3	7	3	13	97	81	8	—	...
65 to 74 years	79	255	73	88	169	112	3	11	—	20	108	99	10	1	...
75 years and over	36	154	38	32	71	68	2	8	—	2	51	48	5	2	...
Female, all ages															
Under 5 years	609	3 331	1 249	2 099	2 338	1 888	19	182	985	361	2 561	2 840	152	12	...
3 and 4 years	6	228	108	156	139	86	—	12	16	35	210	213	17	—	...
5 to 9 years	3	88	39	53	41	38	—	6	12	12	96	95	7	—	...
5 years	8	220	89	200	165	128	—	15	77	34	254	298	15	—	...
6 years	2	50	15	28	37	24	—	2	10	8	43	55	3	—	...
10 to 14 years	1	41	15	43	31	22	—	6	9	9	57	57	3	—	...
14 years	9	197	91	224	217	180	—	15	176	34	285	328	11	—	...
15 to 19 years	2	40	17	47	47	39	—	4	48	9	59	58	2	—	...
15 years	24	228	100	198	194	174	3	17	332	39	211	264	13	—	...
16 years	6	35	19	43	37	36	—	2	78	10	53	78	3	—	...
17 years	2	38	20	60	49	29	—	3	91	8	49	68	2	—	...
18 years	2	42	13	44	41	31	—	5	80	12	45	65	4	—	...
19 years	6	43	17	31	25	36	1	2	43	6	35	32	2	—	...
20 to 24 years	8	70	31	20	42	42	2	5	40	3	29	21	2	—	...
20 years	77	440	172	118	194	196	1	11	171	23	165	119	10	—	...
21 years	32	97	29	18	43	51	—	3	48	3	27	17	2	—	...
22 years	18	89	34	30	37	38	—	1	40	3	23	22	3	—	...
25 to 34 years	70	342	135	264	251	169	—	35	138	46	350	361	19	2	...
35 to 44 years	84	253	81	298	230	200	—	14	50	49	350	432	18	—	...
45 to 54 years	89	329	162	296	269	239	4	28	14	50	293	394	11	1	...
55 to 59 years	48	229	101	87	148	123	1	17	7	21	104	124	15	—	...
60 to 64 years	53	218	62	87	135	109	4	6	3	8	114	100	8	2	...
65 to 74 years	70	372	85	109	244	158	4	6	1	17	129	114	8	7	...
75 years and over	71	275	63	62	152	126	2	6	—	5	96	93	7	—	...
RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD															
All persons	1 284	6 083	2 303	4 099	4 284	3 451	34	344	2 282	735	5 014	5 561	294	19	...
In households	103	5 995	2 294	4 099	4 284	3 426	34	344	79	735	4 960	5 477	294	9	...
Head of household	26	2 583	927	1 267	1 628	1 318	19	126	47	210	1 534	1 613	102	4	...
Head of family	24	1 629	665	1 141	1 170	925	15	101	10	196	1 322	1 470	84	3	...
Primary individual	2	954	262	126	458	393	4	25	37	14	212	143	18	1	...
Wife of head	21	1 358	550	1 031	1 015	814	14	90	9	176	1 200	1 366	80	3	...
Other relative of head	56	1 889	780	1 766	1 535	1 187	1	124	21	337	2 151	2 454	109	1	...
Not related to head	—	165	37	35	106	107	—	4	2	12	75	44	3	1	...
In group quarters	1 181	88	9	—	—	25	—	—	2 203	—	54	84	—	10	...
Persons per household	3.96	2.32	2.47	3.24	2.63	2.60	1.79	2.73	1.68	3.50	3.23	3.40	2.88	...	...
TYPE OF FAMILY AND NUMBER OF OWN CHILDREN															
All families	24	1 629	665	1 141	1 170	925	15	101	10	196	1 322	1 470	84	3	...
With own children under 18 years	16	683	293	674	561	402	—	42	5	126	805	947	36	1	...
Number of children	48	1 484	631	1 457	1 213	888	—	98	18	271	1 831	2 094	82	1	...
Husband-wife families	21	1 358	550	1 031	1 015	814	14	90	9	176	1 200	1 366	80	3	...
With own children under 18 years	14	527	221	600	461	339	—	34	4	115	721	869	33	1	...
Number of children	43	1 165	466	1 297	997	753	—	80	14	247	1 665	1 935	75	1	...
Percent of total under 18 years	51.2	74.8	70.4	85.1	77.0	79.5	—	74.1	1.2	85.8	87.1	89.7	80.6	...	...
Families with other male head	2	39	17	12	25	19	1	—	—	5	20	14	—	—	...
With own children under 18 years	1	15	5	4	13	11	—	—	—	1	8	9	—	—	...
Number of children	3	27	13	7	31	25	—	—	—	3	11	13	—	—	...
Families with female head	1	232	98	98	130	92	—	11	1	15	102	90	4	—	...
With own children under 18 years	1	141	67	70	87	52	—	8	1	10	76	69	3	—	...
Number of children	2	292	152	153	185	110	—	18	4	21	155	146	7	—	...
Percent of total under 18 years	2.4	18.7	23.0	10.0	14.3	11.6	—	16.7	0.3	7.3	8.1	6.8	7.5	—	...
Persons under 18 years	84	1 558	662	1 524	1 294	947	—	108	1 169	288	1 912	2 157	93	1	...
MARITAL STATUS															
Male, 14 years old and over															
Single	646	2 137	789	1 404	1 491	1 241	15	114	909	256	1 657	1 907	108	6	...
Married	381	517	154	316	368	305	—	16	896	69	368	452	21	1	...
Separated	155	1 418	568	1 048	1 036	846	14	93	12	180	1 232	1 396	81	5	...
Widowed	26	29	8	7	6	14	—	2	—	—	11	11	—	—	...
Divorced	34	75	19	17	35	34	—	2	—	1	23	30	—	—	...
Female, 14 years old and over	588	2 726	978	1 566	1 864	1 533	19	144	764	267	1 871	2 059	111	12	...
Single	194	505	165	290	377	373	—	27	738	53	341	371	12	3	...
Married	235	1 479	611	1 066	1 06										

Table P-1. General Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

(For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text)

		Balance of Marion County													
		Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0007	Tract 0010	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0015	Tract 0016	Tract 0017	Tract 0018	Tract 0019	Tract 0020	Tract 0022	Tract 0023
Census Tracts															
RACE															
All persons		1 054	509	145	39	10	4 963	6 273	6 803	3 781	5 629	14	475	127	990
White		1 013	500	145	39	10	4 911	6 150	6 746	3 726	5 511	14	464	126	962
Negro		22	9	—	—	—	2	9	12	55	—	—	10	—	12
Percent Negro		2.1	—	—	—	—	—	0.1	0.1	0.3	1.0	—	2.1	—	1.2
AGE BY SEX															
Male, all ages		480	241	68	24	6	2 368	3 035	3 331	1 897	3 041	6	231	61	494
Under 5 years		54	22	6	1	1	209	272	296	171	253	2	15	5	38
3 and 4 years		23	9	—	1	—	72	110	119	68	97	—	5	4	17
5 to 9 years		34	35	8	2	1	252	375	412	235	281	1	27	5	54
5 years		3	7	2	—	—	42	70	83	48	58	1	7	—	8
6 years		12	5	10	—	1	45	84	83	35	47	—	2	2	14
10 to 14 years		48	30	10	4	—	294	333	396	258	277	—	31	7	67
14 years		10	5	1	—	—	57	66	72	40	53	—	5	2	9
15 to 19 years		41	16	3	3	—	208	292	277	156	371	—	21	5	54
15 years		10	7	1	—	—	47	74	59	40	70	—	9	1	12
16 years		10	—	2	—	—	39	82	64	40	58	—	3	1	11
17 years		10	2	—	1	—	68	68	72	42	59	—	3	2	16
18 years		6	—	—	—	—	33	45	47	24	82	—	3	1	8
19 years		5	—	—	2	—	21	23	35	10	102	—	3	—	7
20 to 24 years		47	15	7	2	1	122	161	184	90	484	1	12	3	19
20 years		7	—	1	1	—	17	21	34	18	110	—	1	—	2
21 years		8	2	—	—	—	13	31	28	10	114	—	4	—	5
25 to 34 years		65	38	10	1	1	323	392	484	241	436	—	15	8	55
35 to 44 years		48	29	5	2	—	294	371	401	198	283	1	29	15	64
45 to 54 years		56	27	7	5	—	312	348	355	235	287	1	33	7	63
55 to 59 years		29	6	1	2	—	89	136	155	74	98	—	19	1	25
60 to 64 years		15	10	3	1	1	81	119	129	66	98	—	7	2	25
65 to 74 years		26	6	7	1	1	126	156	162	117	121	—	14	1	21
75 years and over		17	7	1	—	—	58	80	80	56	52	—	8	—	9
Female, all ages		574	268	77	15	4	2 595	3 238	3 472	1 884	2 588	8	244	66	496
Under 5 years		54	29	12	—	—	194	290	309	143	251	1	9	5	38
3 and 4 years		19	10	3	—	—	85	125	136	73	108	1	5	2	15
5 to 9 years		47	34	8	1	—	277	310	372	199	242	1	30	7	48
5 years		13	8	—	—	—	38	54	63	35	51	1	5	—	13
6 years		6	2	4	—	—	61	58	69	42	45	—	7	2	9
10 to 14 years		63	19	5	1	1	296	344	369	197	276	2	32	4	56
14 years		16	5	—	—	—	57	81	60	38	49	—	6	1	13
15 to 19 years		59	29	1	3	—	206	305	286	133	199	—	20	12	57
15 years		11	6	1	—	—	54	77	64	40	45	—	6	3	15
16 years		11	10	—	1	—	57	67	68	31	48	—	4	3	18
17 years		9	5	—	1	—	47	70	66	25	54	—	4	2	10
18 years		14	4	—	—	—	31	56	49	22	33	—	5	4	7
19 years		14	4	—	1	—	17	35	39	15	19	—	1	—	7
20 to 24 years		68	23	12	—	1	172	231	252	124	203	1	12	3	28
20 years		15	5	1	—	—	32	42	48	14	29	—	1	—	3
21 years		15	4	4	—	1	31	51	43	25	34	1	3	—	6
25 to 34 years		60	50	12	1	1	376	436	539	252	408	1	25	14	69
35 to 44 years		68	28	8	1	—	328	403	426	211	310	—	32	6	58
45 to 54 years		58	25	6	3	—	320	354	371	239	296	1	37	9	67
55 to 59 years		22	8	4	1	1	94	156	153	100	123	—	14	2	28
60 to 64 years		27	8	2	2	—	99	125	131	85	93	—	12	1	22
65 to 74 years		33	7	5	1	—	154	170	170	111	131	1	16	2	16
75 years and over		15	8	2	1	—	79	114	94	90	56	—	5	—	9
RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD															
All persons		1 054	509	145	39	10	4 963	6 273	6 803	3 781	5 629	14	475	127	990
In households		1 054	509	145	39	10	4 946	6 267	6 769	3 703	5 086	14	475	127	978
Head of household		372	161	49	13	4	1 560	1 935	2 036	1 137	1 586	3	149	38	284
Head of family		290	133	42	8	3	1 376	1 690	1 822	981	1 390	3	123	35	256
Primary individual		82	28	7	5	1	184	245	214	156	196	—	26	3	28
Wife of head		251	121	36	7	3	1 245	1 567	1 669	905	1 270	3	115	32	236
Other relative of head		411	222	59	13	3	2 071	2 698	2 963	1 618	2 179	8	206	56	453
Not related to head		20	5	1	6	—	70	67	101	43	51	—	5	1	5
In group quarters		—	—	—	—	—	17	6	34	78	543	—	—	—	12
Persons per household		2.83	3.16	2.96	3.00	...	3.17	3.24	3.32	3.26	3.21	...	3.19	3.34	3.44
TYPE OF FAMILY AND NUMBER OF OWN CHILDREN															
All families		290	133	42	8	3	1 376	1 690	1 822	981	1 390	3	123	35	256
With own children under 18 years		162	82	22	2	1	820	1 017	1 060	574	816	2	65	21	145
Number of children		330	195	51	12	3	1 752	2 254	2 415	1 352	1 815	7	158	43	342
Husband-wife families		251	121	36	7	3	1 245	1 567	1 669	905	1 270	3	115	32	236
With own children under 18 years		131	73	17	1	1	729	932	956	525	743	2	62	20	136
Number of children		266	173	38	4	3	1 589	2 077	2 190	1 245	1 661	7	153	40	322
Percent of total under 18 years		73.7	84.8	71.7	33.3	...	86.6	87.9	86.0	87.6	86.8	100.0	88.4	88.9	84.1
Families with other male head		7	3	—	1	—	18	18	25	10	24	—	3	—	3
With own children under 18 years		1	2	—	1	—	11	9	10	3	11	—	—	—	3
Number of children		1	3	—	8	—	23	16	29	3	20	—	—	—	10
Families with female head		32	9	6	—	—	113	105	128	66	96	—	5	3	17
With own children under 18 years		30	7	5	—	—	80	76	94	46	62	—	3	1	6
Number of children		63	19	13	—	—	140	161	196	104	134	—	5	3	10
Percent of total under 18 years		17.5	9.3	24.5	—	—	7.6	6.8	7.7	7.3	7.0	—	2.9	6.7	2.6
Persons under 18 years		361	204	53	12	3	1 834	2 362	2 547	1 421	1 914	7	173	45	383
MARITAL STATUS															
Male, 14 years old and over		354	159	45	19	4	1 670	2 121	2 299	1 273	2 283	3	163	46	344
Single		72	29	5	9	1	343	442	497	284	748	—	36	10	83
Married		259	125	38	9	3	1 269	1 600	1 724	937	1 426	3	118	34	242
Separated		7	1	1	—	—	5	13	11	12	33	—	1	1	2
Widowed		6	4	1	—	—	23	31	34	26	27	—	7	—	7
Divorced		17	1	1	1	—	35	48	44	26	82	—	2	2	12
Female, 14 years old and over		426	191	52	13	3	1 885	2 375	2 482	1 383	1 883	4	179	51	367
Single		78	49	2	2	—	339	459	458	215	322	—	39	13	87
Married		279	125	40	8	3	1 297	1 637	1 747	951	1 327	3	117	34	249
Separated		17	2	1	1	—	23	30	27	21	23	—	—	1	5
Widowed		40	15	4	2	—	160	196	178	156	139	1	19	4	17
Divorced		29	2	6	1	—	89	83	99	6					

Table P-1. General Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

(For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text)

Census Tracts

Balance of Marion County—Con.

	Tract 0024	Tract 0025	Tract 0026	Tract 0027	Tract 0028	Tract 0101	Tract 0102	Tract 0103	Tract 0104	Tract 0105	Tract 0106	Tract 0107	Tract 0108
RACE													
All persons	906	4 926	1 841	3 658	1 070	1 570	4 571	12 165	3 684	8 472	2 201	6 343	6 130
White	900	4 794	1 800	3 606	1 055	1 567	4 496	12 027	3 646	8 394	2 186	6 275	6 065
Negro	-	9	-	8	4	-	7	19	-	-	-	6	1
Percent Negro	-	0.2	-	0.2	0.4	-	0.2	0.2	-	-	-	0.1	-
AGE BY SEX													
Male, all ages													
Under 5 years	476	2 405	927	1 795	536	817	2 245	5 913	1 791	4 121	1 123	3 099	3 085
3 and 4 years	35	201	70	150	45	87	217	506	140	297	95	348	279
5 to 9 years	20	80	31	68	19	36	95	185	69	122	38	137	120
10 to 14 years	41	244	88	209	60	115	218	537	178	416	111	389	398
15 to 19 years	6	34	15	27	10	26	37	91	30	72	15	79	80
20 to 24 years	5	42	16	37	11	22	47	109	35	68	22	83	65
25 to 34 years	62	275	142	275	67	98	237	599	241	487	115	368	461
35 to 44 years	10	58	33	53	13	16	47	142	46	106	24	69	86
45 to 54 years	65	246	106	171	51	107	176	564	231	419	113	294	340
55 to 59 years	12	56	20	36	17	22	46	133	44	99	26	86	70
60 to 64 years	15	42	26	36	14	19	48	131	40	111	23	71	90
65 to 74 years	19	67	26	43	8	28	31	142	46	94	28	54	90
75 years and over	12	50	22	38	6	27	33	92	54	81	25	55	48
	7	31	12	18	6	11	18	66	47	34	11	28	42
	21	125	53	69	21	42	111	325	146	189	61	147	142
	6	23	7	14	3	9	17	66	43	42	14	29	27
	7	24	10	15	1	9	18	61	20	35	7	31	26
	37	238	89	202	51	78	262	507	163	384	121	365	320
	50	241	88	214	68	78	236	455	165	434	123	330	373
	77	300	119	210	67	87	268	514	158	435	144	314	289
	31	153	40	77	29	39	128	233	82	184	69	156	136
	21	110	40	66	21	33	112	309	72	239	62	124	132
	24	171	60	91	40	35	188	822	112	378	80	169	148
	12	101	32	61	16	18	92	542	103	259	29	95	67
Female, all ages													
Under 5 years	430	2 321	914	1 863	534	753	2 326	6 252	1 893	4 351	1 078	3 244	3 045
3 and 4 years	23	198	57	139	39	65	194	475	171	303	82	311	267
5 to 9 years	11	82	26	51	14	33	76	184	69	115	31	135	103
10 to 14 years	45	234	99	208	52	112	239	557	190	396	99	345	335
15 to 19 years	6	45	12	28	13	18	41	100	36	67	21	68	46
20 to 24 years	7	42	14	35	7	22	44	122	31	74	17	53	73
25 to 34 years	45	265	110	239	55	103	244	564	210	485	124	402	407
35 to 44 years	10	49	26	50	13	23	48	113	37	112	28	93	80
45 to 54 years	49	244	105	202	56	86	191	503	218	371	88	293	327
55 to 59 years	9	60	28	52	12	24	40	103	36	88	21	68	89
60 to 64 years	13	53	29	54	17	27	41	125	34	92	21	76	76
65 to 74 years	15	54	19	55	16	14	55	101	50	86	23	73	69
75 years and over	7	36	19	25	6	11	31	90	53	59	16	45	57
	5	41	10	16	5	10	24	84	45	46	7	31	36
	21	146	58	72	31	43	148	390	124	218	55	201	190
	8	33	10	14	7	10	25	86	34	50	10	44	34
	2	20	14	12	5	8	35	75	27	32	11	39	40
	41	270	99	227	64	70	272	515	151	429	125	390	369
	59	282	105	258	68	93	243	476	161	438	133	347	357
	71	302	116	203	71	77	259	559	172	459	155	314	293
	27	127	42	83	25	30	146	289	81	231	62	158	135
	22	129	42	52	25	27	124	420	84	234	51	136	122
	22	157	50	112	32	28	178	1 028	141	463	67	205	146
	5	167	31	68	16	19	88	476	190	324	37	142	97
RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD													
All persons	906	4 926	1 841	3 658	1 070	1 570	4 571	12 165	3 684	8 472	2 201	6 343	6 130
In households	906	4 788	1 831	3 489	1 070	1 555	4 571	11 957	3 237	8 356	2 195	6 262	6 096
Head of household	265	1 481	526	1 033	321	382	1 466	4 060	897	2 750	745	1 813	1 703
Head of family	245	1 279	471	899	290	334	1 249	3 310	704	2 221	608	1 534	1 497
Primary individual	20	202	55	134	31	48	217	750	193	529	137	459	206
Wife of head	231	1 188	440	830	278	312	1 141	3 017	607	2 000	554	1 400	1 381
Other relative of head	398	2 063	853	1 576	458	845	1 918	4 759	1 679	5 000	1 277	2 985	2 936
Not related to head	12	56	12	50	13	16	46	121	54	93	19	64	36
In group quarters	-	138	10	169	-	15	-	208	447	116	6	81	34
Persons per household	3.42	3.23	3.48	3.38	3.33	4.07	3.12	2.95	3.61	3.04	2.95	3.45	3.58
TYPE OF FAMILY AND NUMBER OF OWN CHILDREN													
All families	245	1 279	471	899	290	334	1 249	3 310	704	2 221	608	1 534	1 497
With own children under 18 years	131	655	273	508	151	222	631	1 320	402	1 098	305	918	921
Number of children	319	1 612	678	1 280	371	687	1 543	3 645	1 325	2 820	724	2 483	2 457
Husband-wife families	231	1 188	440	830	278	312	1 141	3 017	607	2 000	554	1 400	1 381
With own children under 18 years	123	607	253	469	146	214	592	1 198	367	985	272	855	849
Number of children	300	1 495	628	1 193	357	666	1 453	3 324	1 228	2 575	647	2 318	2 280
Percent of total under 18 years	89.8	85.5	88.0	79.7	88.8	93.3	90.2	83.7	89.0	87.2	84.2	89.5	86.7
Families with other male head	5	18	3	15	2	10	36	71	23	56	14	34	27
With own children under 18 years	1	7	-	8	-	1	5	22	4	17	5	8	13
Number of children	3	23	-	19	-	1	11	51	11	29	6	17	28
Families with female head	9	73	28	54	10	12	72	222	74	165	40	100	89
With own children under 18 years	7	41	20	31	5	7	34	100	31	96	28	55	59
Number of children	16	94	50	68	14	20	79	270	86	216	71	148	149
Percent of total under 18 years	4.8	5.4	7.0	4.5	3.5	2.8	4.9	6.8	6.2	7.3	9.2	5.7	5.7
Persons under 18 years	334	1 749	714	1 496	402	714	1 610	3 973	1 380	2 954	768	2 591	2 631
MARITAL STATUS													
Male, 14 years old and over													
Single	348	1 743	640	1 214	377	533	1 620	4 413	1 278	3 027	826	2 063	2 035
Married	101	417	193	301	82	184	345	1 020	551	772	190	505	528
Separated	237	1 235	449	864	284	331	1 187	3 141	649	2 091	580	1 454	1 429
Widowed	1	8	4	12	-	7	10	24	9	26	13	16	11
Divorced	8	50	13	30	6	11	43	150	61	103	26	62	30
	2	41	5	19	5	7	45	102	17	61	30	42	48
Female, 14 years old and over													
Single	327	1 873	674	1 327	401	496	1 697	4 769	1 359	3 279	801	2 279	2 116
Married	63	344	158	305	77	130	308	800	458	613	121	485	430
Separated	236	1 251	452	873	293	324	1 186	3 184	658	2 109	580	1 477	1 459
Widowed	3	14	5	16	4	2	17	54	10	37	10	32	31
Divorced	18	222	47	119	25	32	169	658	222	476	73	265	180
	8	56	17	30	6	10	34	127	21	81	27	52	47

Table P-1. General Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

[For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts	Totals for split tracts in Marion County—Con.								Totals for split tracts in Polk County	
	Tract 0016	Tract 0017	Tract 0019	Tract 0020	Tract 0022	Tract 0023	Tract 0024	Tract 0028	Tract 0052	Tract 0053
RACE										
All persons	6 837	4 125	2 296	1 210	5 688	1 284	925	1 073	4 973	3 327
White	6 780	4 064	2 206	1 195	5 653	1 250	919	1 058	4 946	3 297
Negro	9	13	54	10	5	12	—	4	—	9
Percent Negro	0.1	0.3	2.4	0.8	0.1	0.9	—	0.4	—	0.3
AGE BY SEX										
Male, all ages										
Under 5 years	3 346	2 059	1 303	605	2 782	636	483	538	2 272	1 647
3 and 4 years	296	186	19	57	206	52	36	45	137	99
5 to 9 years	412	258	152	71	335	65	41	60	229	163
10 to 14 years	396	268	274	69	368	78	62	67	262	180
15 to 19 years	277	167	328	68	290	68	65	51	219	169
20 to 24 years	188	97	222	32	93	30	21	21	79	56
25 to 34 years	484	269	187	59	324	73	39	51	229	162
35 to 44 years	401	214	76	78	414	84	50	68	273	222
45 to 54 years	356	249	37	76	379	75	77	67	332	217
55 to 59 years	157	86	5	31	140	33	32	29	118	92
60 to 64 years	132	73	3	20	83	33	21	21	109	94
65 to 74 years	165	128	—	34	100	31	25	41	159	146
75 years and over	82	64	—	10	50	14	14	17	126	47
Female, all ages										
Under 5 years	3 491	2 066	993	605	2 906	648	442	535	2 701	1 680
3 and 4 years	309	155	17	44	218	55	23	39	152	94
5 to 9 years	372	214	78	64	305	63	45	52	213	172
10 to 14 years	369	212	178	66	332	67	45	55	266	206
15 to 19 years	289	150	332	59	276	70	49	56	239	136
20 to 24 years	253	135	172	35	122	38	21	31	99	66
25 to 34 years	539	287	139	71	375	88	43	64	256	177
35 to 44 years	426	225	50	81	438	76	59	68	340	237
45 to 54 years	375	267	15	87	403	78	71	71	332	203
55 to 59 years	154	117	7	35	126	43	27	25	135	104
60 to 64 years	135	91	3	20	101	30	24	25	122	97
65 to 74 years	174	117	2	33	116	24	29	33	258	143
75 years and over	96	96	—	10	94	16	5	16	289	45
RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD										
All persons	6 837	4 125	2 296	1 210	5 688	1 284	925	1 073	4 973	3 327
In households	6 803	4 047	93	1 210	5 604	1 272	915	1 073	4 673	3 299
Head of household	2 055	1 263	50	359	1 651	386	269	322	1 568	1 039
Head of family	1 837	1 082	13	319	1 505	340	248	291	1 283	935
Primary individual	218	181	37	40	146	46	21	31	285	104
Wife of head	1 683	995	12	291	1 398	316	234	279	1 192	900
Other relative of head	2 964	1 742	29	543	2 510	562	399	459	1 865	1 330
Not related to head	101	47	2	17	45	8	13	13	48	30
In group quarters	34	78	2 203	—	84	12	10	—	300	28
Persons per household	3.31	3.20	1.86	3.37	3.39	3.30	3.40	3.33	2.98	3.18
TYPE OF FAMILY AND NUMBER OF OWN CHILDREN										
All families	1 837	1 082	13	319	1 505	340	248	291	1 283	935
With own children under 18 years	1 060	616	7	191	968	181	132	151	695	459
Number of children	2 415	1 450	25	429	2 137	424	320	371	1 552	1 092
Husband-wife families	1 683	995	12	291	1 398	316	234	279	1 192	900
With own children under 18 years	956	559	6	177	889	169	124	146	634	440
Number of children	2 190	1 325	21	400	1 975	397	301	357	1 429	1 060
Percent of total under 18 years	86.0	86.7	1.8	86.8	89.7	83.4	89.9	88.8	88.6	92.7
Families with other male head	26	10	—	8	14	3	5	2	15	9
With own children under 18 years	10	3	—	1	9	3	1	—	6	6
Number of children	29	3	—	3	13	10	3	—	9	7
Families with female head	128	77	1	20	93	21	9	10	76	26
With own children under 18 years	94	54	1	13	70	9	7	5	55	13
Number of children	196	122	4	26	149	17	16	14	114	25
Percent of total under 18 years	7.7	8.0	0.3	5.6	6.8	3.6	4.8	3.5	7.1	2.2
Persons under 18 years	2 547	1 529	1 176	461	2 202	476	335	402	1 612	1 143
MARITAL STATUS										
Male, 14 years old and over										
Single	2 314	1 387	912	419	1 953	452	354	379	1 699	1 242
Married	497	300	896	105	462	104	102	82	361	281
Separated	1 738	1 030	15	298	1 430	323	242	286	1 274	915
Widowed	11	14	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	7
Divorced	34	28	—	8	30	7	8	6	35	25
	45	29	1	8	31	18	2	5	29	21
Female, 14 years old and over										
Single	2 501	1 527	768	446	2 110	478	339	402	2 139	1 240
Married	458	242	738	92	384	99	66	77	393	222
Separated	1 761	1 046	17	298	1 462	333	243	294	1 287	917
Widowed	27	24	1	3	16	6	4	4	16	4
Divorced	181	169	7	40	174	26	22	25	373	84
	101	70	6	16	90	20	8	6	86	17

Table P-2. Social Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

(Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text)

Census Tracts	Balance of Marion County													
	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0007	Tract 0010	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0015	Tract 0016	Tract 0017	Tract 0018	Tract 0019	Tract 0020	Tract 0022	Tract 0023
NATIVITY, PARENTAGE, & COUNTRY OF ORIGIN														
All persons	1 054	594	143	56	—	4 903	6 273	6 783	3 805	5 615	—	445	169	883
Native of native parentage	916	507	131	56	—	4 314	5 615	6 115	3 405	4 863	—	379	169	776
Native of foreign or mixed parentage	93	75	12	—	—	483	569	550	326	618	—	50	—	97
Foreign born	45	12	—	—	—	106	89	118	74	134	—	16	—	10
Foreign stock	138	87	12	—	—	589	658	668	400	752	—	66	—	107
United Kingdom	—	10	—	—	—	88	52	39	23	67	—	33	—	12
Ireland (Eire)	—	—	—	—	—	12	10	17	—	20	—	—	—	—
Sweden	17	—	—	—	—	13	78	30	28	5	—	—	—	—
Germany	30	—	—	—	—	98	88	82	28	142	—	—	—	43
Poland	6	—	—	—	—	—	8	19	—	8	—	—	—	—
Czechoslovakia	—	—	—	—	—	4	7	38	—	—	—	—	—	—
Austria	—	—	—	—	—	9	—	17	5	14	—	—	—	—
Hungary	—	—	—	—	—	—	26	—	28	3	—	—	—	—
U.S.S.R.	9	—	—	—	—	29	45	45	27	43	—	—	—	—
Italy	6	7	—	—	—	19	—	5	—	12	—	—	—	—
Canada	22	6	—	—	—	89	131	199	101	187	—	6	—	14
Mexico	—	—	—	—	—	9	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—
Cuba	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other America	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
All other and not reported	48	64	12	—	—	219	206	177	160	245	—	27	—	38
Persons of Spanish language ¹	27	—	—	—	—	36	77	26	45	106	—	—	—	—
Other persons of Spanish surname ¹	27	—	—	—	—	6	25	6	12	37	—	—	—	—
Persons of Spanish mother tongue	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Persons of Puerto Rican birth or parentage	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT														
Enrolled persons, 3 to 34 years old	272	154	27	37	—	1 507	1 939	1 999	1 127	1 754	—	108	89	280
Nursery school	12	—	—	—	—	14	6	13	13	—	—	—	19	17
Public	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Kindergarten	6	19	—	—	—	44	83	82	29	43	—	15	9	6
Public	—	13	—	—	—	32	39	11	20	18	—	5	—	—
Elementary	156	89	20	30	—	951	1 103	1 264	740	901	—	73	29	100
Public	144	76	20	30	—	844	1 050	1 197	690	841	—	73	29	93
High school	73	31	7	7	—	382	605	500	259	445	—	5	32	133
Public	65	31	7	7	—	366	560	467	248	414	—	5	32	118
College	25	15	—	—	—	116	142	140	86	365	—	15	—	24
Percent enrolled in school by age:														
16 and 17 years	61.1	...	—	...	—	92.7	84.7	84.6	99.9	93.0	—	...	...	99.9
18 and 19 years	57.7	...	—	...	—	49.0	77.3	63.1	64.2	73.1	—	...	...	76.9
20 and 21 years	14.5	...	—	...	—	47.0	46.6	20.2	39.0	27.3	—	...	...	...
22 to 24 years	16.3	22.6	—	...	—	8.5	16.2	17.9	7.3	19.6	—	...	...	...
25 to 34 years	2.5	—	—	...	—	7.6	4.7	4.4	6.1	8.1	—	...	...	10.0
Percent 16 to 21 years not high school graduates and not enrolled in school	9.6	15.8	...	—	—	5.8	9.3	11.9	7.4	21.6	—	20.6	—	9.1
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED														
Persons, 25 years old and over	527	278	62	21	—	2 723	3 358	3 663	2 056	2 769	—	271	74	506
No school years completed	4	—	—	4	—	4	24	12	3	—	—	3	—	—
Elementary: 1 to 4 years	13	—	—	—	—	12	31	72	26	25	—	13	—	5
5 to 7 years	19	—	16	—	—	99	131	113	122	92	—	44	—	21
8 years	69	29	—	4	—	260	369	476	289	291	—	44	—	64
High school: 1 to 3 years	108	16	—	—	—	316	567	539	395	391	—	27	16	48
4 years	189	148	28	8	—	1 122	1 303	1 538	728	1 252	—	105	26	221
College: 1 to 3 years	56	44	9	5	—	430	493	565	259	386	—	30	13	48
4 years or more	69	41	—	—	—	480	440	348	234	332	—	5	19	99
Median school years completed	12.3	12.6	12.2	...	...	12.6	12.4	12.3	12.5	12.5	—	12.0	12.8	12.5
Percent high school graduates	59.6	83.8	59.7	...	...	74.6	66.6	66.9	59.4	71.1	—	51.7	78.4	72.7
CHILDREN EVER BORN														
Women, 35 to 44 years old ever married	81	43	9	4	—	293	469	363	231	324	—	39	15	51
Children ever born	258	99	29	16	—	758	1 429	1 122	682	1 041	—	154	51	162
Per 1,000 women ever married	3 185	2 302	...	...	—	2 587	3 047	3 091	2 952	3 213	—	3 949	...	3 176
RESIDENCE IN 1965														
Persons, 5 years old and over, 1970:														
Same house as in 1970	928	493	112	52	—	4 528	5 713	6 198	3 494	5 149	—	429	132	834
Different house:	231	135	44	10	—	2 466	2 255	2 936	1 533	2 048	—	238	90	433
In central city of this SMSA	220	134	51	38	—	456	968	845	441	464	—	35	—	172
In other part of this SMSA	89	7	5	—	—	391	684	658	338	734	—	51	42	47
Outside this SMSA:	288	171	12	—	—	1 037	1 442	1 263	919	1 619	—	79	—	177
North and West	282	147	12	—	—	962	1 430	1 221	839	1 584	—	79	—	177
South	6	24	—	—	—	75	12	42	80	35	—	—	—	—
Abroad	8	—	—	—	—	7	50	23	15	40	—	9	—	—
MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION AND PLACE OF WORK														
All workers	442	212	32	10	—	1 905	2 450	2 510	1 463	1 991	—	153	38	397
Private auto: Driver	345	200	32	10	—	1 714	2 033	2 145	1 294	1 597	—	140	30	337
Passenger	60	—	—	—	—	77	247	176	116	238	—	13	—	33
Bus or streetcar	9	6	—	—	—	11	37	—	—	18	—	—	—	6
Subway, elevated train, or railroad	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walked to work	—	—	—	—	—	38	25	61	18	72	—	—	—	8
Worked at home	9	6	—	—	—	37	49	56	12	25	—	—	—	13
Other	19	—	—	—	—	28	59	72	23	41	—	—	—	8
Inside SMSA:														
Salem city (part)	317	177	18	10	—	1 656	2 188	2 207	1 287	1 787	—	104	38	359
Remainder of Marion County	228	133	18	10	—	1 350	1 579	982	1 374	1 374	—	86	38	281
Salem city (part)	83	44	—	—	—	201	415	535	234	368	—	13	—	63
Remainder of Polk County	6	—	—	—	—	61	31	57	33	19	—	—	—	15
Outside SMSA:														
Place of work not reported	63	15	14	—	—	121	167	144	84	90	—	34	—	32

¹See text for definition. ²Includes "Moved, 1965 residence not reported."

Table P-2. Social Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts	Totals for split tracts in Marion County—Con.								Totals for split tracts in Polk County	
	Tract 0016	Tract 0017	Tract 0019	Tract 0020	Tract 0022	Tract 0023	Tract 0024	Tract 0028	Tract 0052	Tract 0053
NATIVITY, PARENTAGE, & COUNTRY OF ORIGIN										
All persons	6 816	4 202	2 298	1 189	5 691	1 158	964	1 119	4 885	3 292
Native of native parentage	6 148	3 709	2 277	1 012	4 870	1 019	885	992	4 095	2 800
Native of foreign or mixed parentage	550	399	—	125	693	129	72	108	621	406
Foreign born	118	94	21	52	128	10	7	19	169	86
Foreign stock	668	493	21	177	821	139	79	127	790	492
United Kingdom	39	23	8	58	86	12	7	12	56	47
Ireland (Eire)	17	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	27	11
Sweden	30	28	—	—	13	5	—	—	60	73
Germany	82	50	—	6	174	48	—	28	167	124
Poland	19	—	—	—	15	—	—	13	13	19
Czechoslovakia	38	—	—	—	—	—	14	—	—	—
Austria	17	5	—	—	39	—	—	—	7	13
Hungary	—	28	—	—	19	—	—	8	—	—
U.S.S.R.	45	27	—	—	26	—	7	—	41	13
Italy	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	17
Canada	199	109	4	49	121	14	37	6	213	65
Mexico	—	17	—	—	12	—	—	38	6	7
Cuba	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other America	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
All other and not reported	177	206	—	64	316	60	14	22	193	103
Persons of Spanish language ¹	26	68	—	—	56	—	—	83	60	56
Other persons of Spanish surname ¹	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Persons of Spanish mother tongue	6	18	—	—	37	—	—	83	36	33
Persons of Puerto Rican birth or parentage	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT										
Enrolled persons, 3 to 34 years old	1 999	1 237	191	298	2 024	317	301	358	1 424	971
Nursery school	13	13	7	—	88	17	—	6	46	5
Public	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—
Kindergarten	82	41	—	15	137	12	8	26	52	19
Public	11	26	—	5	17	—	—	6	5	10
Elementary	1 264	815	12	129	1 186	118	164	211	784	564
Public	1 197	754	12	129	1 083	111	164	160	638	498
High school	500	282	164	106	576	146	129	102	471	316
Public	467	271	164	106	558	131	129	86	441	259
College	140	86	8	48	37	24	—	13	71	67
Percent enrolled in school by age:										
16 and 17 years	84.6	99.9	28.7	99.9	97.1	97.2	99.9	98.2	94.1	96.3
18 and 19 years	63.1	64.2	3.2	63.3	61.5	64.3	—	—	78.2	75.8
20 and 21 years	20.2	36.5	—	57.6	19.7	—	—	—	18.7	—
22 to 24 years	17.1	6.7	3.0	—	12.1	19.4	22.6	—	11.2	11.9
25 to 34 years	4.4	5.3	—	7.9	—	5.6	—	4.5	6.9	10.0
Percent 16 to 21 years not high school graduates and not enrolled in school	11.9	6.9	46.9	8.5	4.8	10.1	—	6.4	4.8	4.9
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED										
Persons, 25 years old and over	3 681	2 290	544	642	3 101	700	508	608	3 010	2 004
No school years completed	12	3	125	3	—	—	—	6	9	6
Elementary: 1 to 4 years	77	26	—	17	19	5	—	4	25	23
5 to 7 years	118	132	—	49	85	27	24	58	99	65
8 years	476	325	56	72	137	90	29	86	311	219
High school: 1 to 3 years	543	439	66	119	246	78	76	108	359	242
4 years	1 538	827	248	237	1 079	306	189	206	1 049	758
College: 1 to 3 years	565	301	31	101	634	68	80	76	534	269
4 years or more	352	237	18	44	901	126	110	64	624	422
Median school years completed	12.4	12.3	12.1	12.3	13.0	12.5	12.7	12.2	12.7	12.6
Percent high school graduates	66.7	59.6	54.6	59.5	84.3	71.4	74.6	56.9	73.3	72.3
CHILDREN EVER BORN										
Women, 35 to 44 years old ever married	363	240	12	83	443	76	46	49	327	229
Children ever born	1 122	708	24	284	1 303	235	116	204	941	655
Per 1,000 women ever married	3 091	2 950	—	3 422	2 941	3 092	2 522	4 163	2 878	2 860
RESIDENCE IN 1965										
Persons, 5 years old and over, 1970 ²	6 231	3 866	2 270	1 097	5 253	1 063	894	1 045	4 621	3 105
Same house as in 1970	2 936	1 717	1 342	589	2 506	525	489	488	2 268	1 226
Different house:										
In central city of this SMSA	851	493	37	88	1 102	212	251	244	793	401
In other part of this SMSA	658	379	—	74	163	65	62	138	217	467
Outside this SMSA	1 275	925	113	264	1 206	237	77	119	937	953
North and West	1 221	845	106	253	1 177	237	77	119	937	913
South	54	80	7	11	29	—	—	—	—	40
Abroad	23	15	28	30	123	—	—	—	68	—
MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION AND PLACE OF WORK										
All workers	2 531	1 597	61	454	2 147	498	327	377	1 743	1 214
Private auto: Driver	2 166	1 375	35	364	1 851	398	300	279	1 432	968
Passenger	176	139	7	49	133	39	27	23	134	82
Bus or streetcar	—	—	—	—	—	18	—	—	37	—
Subway, elevated train, or railroad	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walked to work	61	27	19	—	72	30	—	—	18	29
Worked at home	56	20	—	41	43	13	—	47	26	115
Other	72	36	—	—	48	—	—	28	116	40
Inside SMSA	2 207	1 391	61	359	1 966	431	310	280	1 485	1 020
Salem city (part)	1 579	1 059	61	313	1 801	353	244	250	1 100	608
Remainder of Marion County	535	255	—	20	119	63	51	7	39	58
Salem city (part)	57	33	—	15	18	15	—	—	193	103
Remainder of Polk County	36	44	—	11	28	—	15	23	153	251
Outside SMSA	144	90	—	54	124	49	17	64	109	116
Place of work not reported	180	116	—	41	57	18	—	33	169	78

¹See text for definition. ²Includes "Moved, 1965 residence not reported."

Table P-3. Labor Force Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

(Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text)

Census Tracts	Totals for split tracts in Marion County—Con.								Totals for split tracts in Polk County	
	Tract 0016	Tract 0017	Tract 0019	Tract 0020	Tract 0022	Tract 0023	Tract 0024	Tract 0028	Tract 0052	Tract 0053
EMPLOYMENT STATUS										
Male, 16 years old and over	2 198	1 311	856	437	1 754	428	342	351	1 586	1 116
Labor force	1 699	1 013	42	322	1 509	284	276	253	1 199	853
Percent of total	77.3	77.3	4.9	73.7	86.0	66.4	80.7	72.1	75.6	76.4
Civilian labor force	1 690	1 013	42	322	1 504	284	276	253	1 194	853
Employed	1 621	965	37	281	1 441	268	252	231	1 141	808
Unemployed	69	48	5	41	63	16	24	22	53	45
Percent of civilian labor force	4.1	4.7	11.9	12.7	4.2	5.6	8.7	8.7	4.4	5.3
Not in labor force	499	298	814	115	245	144	66	98	387	263
Inmate of institution	—	12	814	—	15	—	—	—	71	—
Enrolled in school	162	55	—	40	106	57	30	36	102	50
Other under 65 years	127	105	—	35	29	33	15	20	38	77
Other 65 years and over	210	126	—	40	95	54	21	42	176	136
Male, 16 to 21 years old	282	134	344	95	255	79	69	52	192	97
Not enrolled in school	102	25	344	30	61	10	32	15	41	25
Not high school graduates	30	4	190	12	19	10	—	—	9	6
Unemployed or not in labor force	5	—	190	5	14	10	—	—	—	—
Female, 16 years old and over	2 352	1 443	695	404	1 921	455	301	361	1 969	1 180
Labor force	1 086	585	19	169	767	246	90	159	738	424
Percent of total	46.2	40.5	2.7	41.8	39.9	54.1	29.9	44.0	37.5	35.9
Civilian labor force	1 086	585	19	169	767	246	90	159	732	424
Employed	1 007	550	19	158	720	224	90	134	703	393
Unemployed	79	35	—	11	47	22	—	25	29	31
Percent of civilian labor force	7.3	6.0	—	6.5	6.1	8.9	—	15.7	4.0	7.3
Not in labor force	1 266	858	676	235	1 154	209	211	202	1 231	756
Married women, husband present	1 635	975	18	285	1 346	300	267	251	1 151	940
In labor force	713	396	6	115	479	162	86	120	511	344
With own children under 6 years	404	236	4	76	298	65	68	57	218	166
In labor force	164	62	—	4	53	12	18	21	81	33
OCCUPATION										
Total employed, 16 years old and over	2 628	1 515	56	439	2 161	492	342	365	1 844	1 201
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	392	247	17	33	557	107	68	68	353	291
Health workers	92	67	7	—	116	21	9	15	65	67
Teachers, elementary and secondary schools	120	35	—	13	97	21	15	18	92	71
Managers and administrators, except farm	283	143	4	62	343	66	39	23	305	109
Salaried	234	105	4	48	284	56	33	19	249	89
Self-employed in retail trade	23	17	—	8	19	5	—	4	20	10
Sales workers	200	102	—	58	255	34	16	15	234	93
Retail trade	122	69	—	37	114	24	10	9	115	40
Clerical and kindred workers	487	275	6	79	423	87	33	48	338	165
Craftsmen, foreman, and kindred workers	393	215	—	46	174	65	65	73	203	169
Construction craftsmen	105	74	—	9	21	19	30	27	47	64
Mechanics and repairmen	102	58	—	17	40	25	5	19	31	16
Operatives, except transport	191	93	5	23	74	38	54	19	80	79
Transport equipment operatives	112	107	—	18	39	5	15	25	6	34
Laborers, except farm	176	79	—	37	68	12	10	—	36	22
Farm workers	66	24	—	4	22	20	5	59	45	92
Service workers ¹	310	226	24	79	169	58	33	35	223	147
Cleaning and food service workers	149	100	6	27	88	32	12	22	90	64
Protective service workers	30	28	—	5	15	—	10	—	57	33
Personal and health service workers	117	55	18	40	48	26	11	13	67	42
Private household workers	18	4	—	—	37	—	4	—	21	—
Female employed, 16 years old and over	1 007	550	19	158	720	224	90	134	703	393
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	230	95	—	8	146	56	23	38	131	123
Teachers, elementary and secondary schools	98	21	—	8	57	16	9	18	68	52
Managers and administrators, except farm	27	19	—	15	33	22	7	4	65	—
Sales workers	86	33	—	14	75	20	—	9	101	36
Clerical and kindred workers	365	221	6	69	297	64	29	32	282	121
Secretaries, stenographers, and typists	122	79	6	22	138	27	9	—	97	68
Operatives, including transport	59	31	—	—	13	15	6	11	18	5
Other blue-collar workers	39	18	—	—	14	5	5	—	—	9
Farm workers	10	3	—	—	6	5	—	5	5	19
Service workers, except private household	173	126	13	52	99	37	16	35	84	80
Private household workers	18	4	—	—	37	—	4	—	17	—
INDUSTRY										
Total employed, 16 years old and over	2 628	1 515	56	439	2 161	492	342	365	1 844	1 201
Construction	259	188	—	52	101	44	45	47	135	73
Manufacturing	376	222	5	60	232	60	71	55	311	177
Durable goods	156	99	—	22	89	14	29	19	119	90
Transportation	55	43	—	3	17	6	9	9	—	13
Communications, utilities, and sanitary services	75	42	—	4	39	15	16	11	50	51
Wholesale trade	96	33	—	27	58	15	9	16	54	33
Retail trade	513	305	—	117	349	76	49	44	252	164
Finance, insurance, and real estate	175	81	—	23	232	39	15	6	182	72
Business and repair services	52	55	—	—	62	9	10	9	57	30
Personal services	60	12	—	23	81	11	15	6	60	7
Health services	230	171	48	28	198	36	20	28	138	99
Educational services	275	89	—	17	243	64	31	33	180	164
Other professional and related services	77	66	—	8	171	22	22	22	86	34
Public administration	269	170	3	69	316	70	25	15	269	154
Other industries	116	38	—	8	62	25	5	64	70	130
CLASS OF WORKER										
Total employed, 16 years old and over	2 628	1 515	56	439	2 161	492	342	365	1 844	1 201
Private wage and salary workers	1 726	989	5	284	1 265	297	263	221	1 134	708
Government workers	694	416	51	124	670	151	63	80	489	320
Local government workers	292	124	—	21	264	31	25	37	175	131
Self-employed workers	200	105	—	31	222	44	16	64	184	163
Unpaid family workers	8	5	—	—	4	—	—	—	37	10

¹Includes allocated cases, not shown separately.

Table P-4. Income Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts	Totals for split tracts in Marion County—Con.								Totals for split tracts in Polk County	
	Tract 0016	Tract 0017	Tract 0019	Tract 0020	Tract 0022	Tract 0023	Tract 0024	Tract 0028	Tract 0052	Tract 0053
INCOME IN 1969 OF FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS										
All families	1 799	1 103	19	321	1 526	339	277	283	1 265	919
Less than \$1,000	37	24	—	4	10	5	5	17	11	22
\$1,000 to \$1,999	22	40	—	4	—	—	11	5	17	9
\$2,000 to \$2,999	97	69	—	3	38	10	—	11	24	27
\$3,000 to \$3,999	84	64	—	8	28	23	—	16	49	35
\$4,000 to \$4,999	50	35	—	11	16	23	4	30	49	44
\$5,000 to \$5,999	67	56	—	37	30	15	16	11	23	31
\$6,000 to \$6,999	102	76	—	12	40	12	11	22	57	73
\$7,000 to \$7,999	148	93	—	38	59	5	16	10	45	60
\$8,000 to \$8,999	132	83	—	21	74	27	27	9	59	55
\$9,000 to \$9,999	176	90	—	19	81	29	23	34	82	82
\$10,000 to \$11,999	271	155	3	56	230	58	49	26	112	86
\$12,000 to \$14,999	299	176	5	52	293	56	38	50	252	139
\$15,000 to \$24,999	295	129	11	49	462	71	40	37	379	193
\$25,000 to \$49,999	19	9	—	7	151	5	37	5	82	59
\$50,000 or more	—	4	—	—	14	—	—	—	24	4
Median income	\$9 912	\$9 128	...	\$10 125	\$13 608	\$10 707	\$11 041	\$9 309	\$13 244	\$10 500
Mean income	\$10 272	\$9 489	...	\$10 682	\$15 127	\$11 185	\$13 315	\$9 380	\$14 215	\$12 286
Families and unrelated individuals	2 181	1 349	55	398	1 672	393	287	332	1 563	1 038
Median income	\$9 139	\$7 770	\$5 750	\$8 429	\$13 023	\$9 776	\$10 837	\$8 615	\$11 508	\$9 610
Mean income	\$9 281	\$8 333	\$9 729	\$9 270	\$14 184	\$10 041	\$12 971	\$8 780	\$12 288	\$11 315
Unrelated individuals	382	246	36	77	146	54	10	49	298	119
Median income	\$2 950	\$2 657	\$5 071	\$1 794	\$2 636	\$3 188	...	\$2 821	\$2 362	\$1 790
Mean income	\$4 611	\$3 151	\$4 771	\$3 384	\$4 334	\$2 864	...	\$5 319	\$4 107	\$3 812
TYPE OF INCOME IN 1969 OF FAMILIES										
All families	1 799	1 103	19	321	1 526	339	277	283	1 265	919
With wage or salary income	1 612	949	19	286	1 376	283	266	229	1 052	743
Mean wage or salary income	\$9 800	\$8 953	...	\$9 627	\$12 155	\$10 579	\$11 389	\$8 014	\$11 920	\$10 903
With nonfarm self-employment income	196	133	7	32	300	46	30	45	221	182
Mean nonfarm self-employment income	\$6 231	\$6 918	...	\$5 422	\$13 509	\$8 345	\$6 753	\$8 892	\$14 258	\$7 795
With farm self-employment income	84	29	—	32	40	46	18	61	69	169
Mean farm self-employment income	\$943	\$1 160	...	—	\$486	\$193	...	\$2 253	\$3 653	\$1 345
With Social Security income	297	277	—	91	177	90	42	90	241	199
Mean Social Security income	\$1 977	\$1 528	...	\$1 958	\$2 082	\$1 445	\$1 343	\$1 368	\$1 893	\$1 802
With public assistance or public welfare income	88	40	—	23	13	—	—	9	42	20
Mean public assistance or public welfare income	\$1 362	\$1 385	...	...	...	...	...	...	\$826	...
With other income	580	406	14	182	987	189	146	159	561	531
Mean other income	\$1 163	\$1 324	...	\$1 540	\$1 923	\$1 455	\$1 943	\$903	\$2 761	\$2 148
RATIO OF FAMILY INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL¹										
Percent of families with incomes:										
Less than .50 of poverty level	2.1	4.4	—	1.2	0.7	1.5	1.8	6.0	0.9	3.4
.50 to .74	2.4	3.4	—	2.5	0.7	1.5	—	3.2	1.7	0.5
.75 to .99	3.5	4.1	—	1.2	0.7	—	4.0	1.8	0.9	0.9
1.00 to 1.24	3.6	4.8	—	0.9	1.8	1.5	—	5.7	1.3	2.8
1.25 to 1.49	3.8	4.7	—	4.7	2.6	5.4	—	3.5	3.2	4.1
1.50 to 1.99	11.8	8.0	—	13.4	5.5	8.8	16.6	11.3	7.4	8.5
2.00 to 2.99	25.4	25.4	...	29.6	18.7	24.2	15.9	25.8	15.8	23.4
3.00 or more	47.4	45.2	...	46.4	69.3	56.9	61.7	42.8	68.8	56.4
INCOME BELOW POVERTY LEVEL¹										
Families	144	131	—	16	32	10	16	31	44	44
Percent of all families	8.0	11.9	—	5.0	2.1	2.9	5.8	11.0	3.5	4.8
Mean family income	\$2 095	\$2 160	...	...	\$1 447	...	...	\$1 542	\$1 552	\$1 109
Mean income deficit	\$1 237	\$1 634	...	...	\$1 582	...	...	\$2 255	\$1 178	\$1 928
Percent receiving public assistance income	25.0	12.2	—	...	—	—	—	12.9	13.6	...
Mean size of family	3.65	4.24	—	...	3.91	...	...	4.32	2.59	3.14
With related children under 18 years	85	105	—	12	25	10	5	20	22	23
Mean number of related children under 18 years	2.94	3.05	—	...	3.24	...	...	...	...	...
With related children under 6 years	42	63	—	8	6	—	—	5	11	18
Mean number of related children under 6 years	1.38	1.75	—	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Families with female head	34	46	—	—	20	—	5	5	17	14
With related children under 18 years	34	46	—	—	20	—	5	5	12	14
Mean number of related children under 18 years	2.44	2.91	—	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
With related children under 6 years	12	33	—	—	6	—	—	5	6	9
Percent in labor force	—	66.7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
Mean number of related children under 6 years	...	1.27	—	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Family heads	144	131	—	16	32	10	16	31	44	44
Percent 65 years and over	24.3	16.8	—	...	21.9	...	...	19.4	—	...
Civilian male heads under 65 years	79	63	—	12	5	10	5	20	27	30
Percent in labor force	59.5	73.0	—	...	...	...	...	...	81.5	70.0
Unrelated individuals	136	88	—	42	42	24	6	13	113	47
Percent of all unrelated individuals	35.6	35.8	—	54.5	28.8	44.4	...	26.5	37.9	39.5
Mean income	\$1 085	\$859	...	\$894	\$598	...	...	...	\$1 057	\$1 089
Mean income deficit	\$733	\$941	...	\$978	\$1 262	...	...	...	\$748	\$626
Percent receiving public assistance income	16.2	—	—	...	16.7	...	...	...	13.3	...
Percent 65 years and over	59.6	56.8	—	19.0	28.6	...	...	...	57.5	57.4
Persons	661	643	—	134	167	69	38	147	227	185
Percent of all persons	9.7	15.8	—	11.4	3.0	5.9	4.0	13.2	5.0	5.6
Percent receiving Social Security income	21.9	16.3	—	6.0	13.8	5.8	55.3	6.8	40.1	21.6
Percent 65 years and over	25.7	13.1	—	9.0	13.8	5.8	42.1	6.8	28.6	14.6
Percent receiving Social Security income	68.8	91.7	—	...	...	...	...	...	100.0	100.0
Related children under 18 years	244	324	—	57	86	18	5	79	33	59
Percent living with both parents	68.4	54.3	—	100.0	17.4	...	...	82.3	63.6	55.9
Households	193	141	—	37	44	9	6	21	130	54
Percent of all households	11.1	13.4	—	11.2	2.7	3.5	3.2	12.5	9.2	8.2
Owner occupied	114	56	—	22	24	4	6	6	43	43
Mean value of unit	\$11 900	\$13 800	...	...	...	...	...	...	\$24 100	\$14 100
Renter occupied	79	85	—	15	20	5	—	15	87	11
Mean gross rent	\$106	\$98	...	...	...	...	...	...	\$60	...
Percent lacking some or all plumbing facilities	2.6	—	—	—	11.4	—	—	—	4.6	—

¹Excludes inmates of institutions, members of the Armed Forces living in barracks, college students in dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 14 years.

Table P-5. General and Social Characteristics of the Negro Population: 1970

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

**Census Tracts With
400 or More Negro
Population**

	Marion County			Polk County			
	Total SMSA	Total	Salem (part)	Balance	Total	Salem (part)	Balance
AGE BY SEX							
Male, all ages							
Under 5 years	279	255	203	52	24	--	24
3 and 4 years	25	21	7	14	4	--	4
5 to 9 years	22	18	4	14	4	--	4
10 to 14 years	13	13	13	--	--	--	--
15 to 19 years	4	4	4	--	--	--	--
20 to 24 years	4	4	4	--	--	--	--
25 to 34 years	8	4	2	2	4	--	4
35 to 44 years	3	3	2	1	--	--	--
45 to 54 years	39	39	27	12	--	--	--
55 to 59 years	1	1	--	1	--	--	--
60 to 64 years	5	5	4	1	--	--	--
65 to 74 years	6	6	--	6	--	--	--
75 years and over	19	19	19	--	--	--	--
	8	8	4	4	--	--	--
	59	59	39	20	--	--	--
	12	12	--	12	--	--	--
	32	32	28	4	--	--	--
	57	53	53	--	4	--	4
	44	40	40	--	4	--	4
	10	10	6	4	--	--	--
	11	11	11	--	--	--	--
	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	9	5	5	--	4	--	4
	4	--	--	--	4	--	4
Female, all ages							
Under 5 years	149	114	81	33	35	--	35
3 and 4 years	3	3	3	--	--	--	--
5 to 9 years	3	3	3	--	--	--	--
10 to 14 years	24	15	8	7	9	--	9
15 to 19 years	4	4	4	--	--	--	--
20 to 24 years	31	31	17	14	--	--	--
25 to 34 years	8	8	4	4	--	--	--
35 to 44 years	31	22	18	4	9	--	9
45 to 54 years	6	6	6	--	--	--	--
55 to 59 years	12	12	12	--	--	--	--
60 to 64 years	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
65 to 74 years	5	--	--	--	5	--	5
75 years and over	8	4	--	4	--	--	4
	13	13	9	4	4	--	4
	4	4	4	--	--	--	--
	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	6	6	6	--	--	--	--
	13	9	5	4	4	--	4
	16	7	7	--	9	--	9
	7	3	3	--	4	--	4
	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	5	5	5	--	--	--	--
	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD							
All persons	428	369	284	85	59	--	59
In households	172	122	80	42	50	--	50
Head of household	39	23	19	4	16	--	16
Head of family	25	13	9	4	12	--	12
Primary individual	14	10	10	--	4	--	4
Wife of head	37	29	17	12	8	--	8
Other relative of head	82	65	44	21	17	--	17
Not related to head	14	5	--	5	9	--	9
In group quarters	256	247	204	43	9	--	9
Persons per household	4.41	...	...	...	...	--	...
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD							
All households	39	23	19	4	16	--	16
Male primary individual	5	5	5	--	--	--	--
Female primary individual	9	5	5	--	4	--	4
Husband-wife households	24	12	8	4	12	--	12
Households with other male head	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Households with female head	1	1	1	--	--	--	--
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT							
Persons, 14 to 21 years old	111	102	71	31	9	--	9
Not attending school	63	63	43	20	--	--	--
Not high school graduates	45	45	29	16	--	--	--
Percent of total	40.5	44.1	40.8	51.6	--	--	--
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED							
Persons, 25 years old and over	182	149	141	8	33	--	33
No school years completed	20	7	7	--	13	--	13
Elementary: 1 to 4 years	28	24	20	4	4	--	4
5 to 7 years	16	12	8	4	4	--	4
8 years	25	21	21	--	4	--	4
High school: 1 to 3 years	50	46	46	--	4	--	4
4 years	34	34	34	--	--	--	--
College: 1 to 3 years	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
4 years or more	9	5	5	--	4	--	4
Median school years completed	9.1	9.7	9.9	...	4.5	--	4.5
Percent high school graduates	23.6	26.2	27.7	--	12.1	--	12.1
RESIDENCE IN 1965							
Persons, 5 years old and over, 1970 ¹	380	337	285	52	43	--	43
Same house as in 1970	68	68	68	--	--	--	--
Different house:							
In central city of this SMSA	19	14	14	--	5	--	5
In other part of this SMSA	5	5	--	5	--	--	--
Outside this SMSA	247	209	162	47	38	--	38
North and West	222	184	137	47	38	--	38
South	25	25	25	--	--	--	--
Abroad	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

¹Includes "Moved, 1965 residence not reported."

Table P-6. Economic Characteristics of the Negro Population: 1970

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

**Census Tracts With
400 or More Negro
Population**

	Marion County			Polk County			
	Total SMSA	Total	Salem (part)	Balance	Total	Salem (part)	Balance
EMPLOYMENT STATUS AND OCCUPATION							
Male, 16 years old and over	232	216	181	35	16	-	16
Labor force	30	18	14	4	12	-	12
Civilian labor force	30	18	14	4	12	-	12
Employed	26	14	14	-	12	-	12
Unemployed	4	4	-	4	-	-	-
Not in labor force	202	198	167	31	4	-	4
Female, 16 years old and over	85	59	47	12	26	-	26
Labor force	9	5	5	-	4	-	4
Civilian labor force	9	5	5	-	4	-	4
Employed	4	4	4	-	4	-	4
Unemployed	5	5	5	-	-	-	-
Not in labor force	76	54	42	12	22	-	22
Married women in labor force, husband present	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
With own children under 6 years	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total employed, 16 years old and over	30	14	14	-	16	-	16
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	9	5	5	-	4	-	4
Managers and administrators, except farm	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sales workers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Clerical and kindred workers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers	4	-	-	-	4	-	4
Operatives, except transport	3	3	3	-	-	-	-
Transport equipment operatives	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Laborers, except farm	4	-	-	-	4	-	4
Farm workers	4	-	-	-	4	-	4
Service workers, except private household	6	6	6	-	-	-	-
Private household workers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Female employed, 16 years old and over	4	-	-	-	4	-	4
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Managers and administrators, except farm	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sales workers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Clerical and kindred workers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operatives, including transport	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other blue-collar workers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Farm workers	4	-	-	-	4	-	4
Service workers, except private household	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Private household workers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
FAMILY INCOME IN 1969							
All families	25	13	9	4	12	-	12
Less than \$1,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$1,000 to \$1,999	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$2,000 to \$2,999	3	3	3	-	-	-	-
\$3,000 to \$3,999	4	-	-	-	4	-	4
\$4,000 to \$4,999	4	4	-	4	-	-	-
\$5,000 to \$5,999	1	1	1	-	-	-	-
\$6,000 to \$6,999	4	-	-	-	4	-	4
\$7,000 to \$7,999	5	5	5	-	-	-	-
\$8,000 to \$8,999	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$9,000 to \$9,999	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$10,000 or more	4	-	-	-	4	-	4
Median income: Families	\$6 125	...	...	...	...	...	...
Families and unrelated individuals	\$1 125	\$930	\$890	...	\$2 000	-	\$2 000
RATIO OF FAMILY INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL¹							
Percent of families with incomes:							
Less than .50 of poverty level	12.0	...	...	-	-	-	-
.50 to .74	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
.75 to .99	20.0	...	...	...	-	-	-
1.00 to 1.24	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1.25 to 1.49	16.0	-	-	-	...	-	...
1.50 to 1.99	16.0	-	-	-	...	-	...
2.00 or more	36.0	...	...	-	...	-	...
INCOME BELOW POVERTY LEVEL¹							
Families	8	8	4	4	-	-	-
Percent of all families	32.0	...	...	...	-	-	-
Mean family income	...	...	...	...	-	-	-
Mean income deficit	...	...	...	...	-	-	-
Percent receiving public assistance income	...	...	...	...	-	-	-
Mean size of family	...	...	...	...	-	-	-
With related children under 18 years	8	8	4	4	-	-	-
Mean number of related children under 18 years	...	...	...	...	-	-	-
With related children under 6 years	3	3	3	-	-	-	-
Mean number of related children under 6 years	...	...	...	...	-	-	-
Families with female head	1	1	1	-	-	-	-
With related children under 18 years	1	1	1	-	-	-	-
Mean number of related children under 18 years	...	...	...	...	-	-	-
With related children under 6 years	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Percent in labor force	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mean number of related children under 6 years	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Family heads	8	8	4	4	-	-	-
Percent 65 years and over	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Civilian male heads under 65 years	7	7	3	4	-	-	-
Percent in labor force	...	...	...	...	-	-	-
Unrelated individuals	20	11	11	-	9	-	9
Percent of all unrelated individuals	69.0	...	...	...	-	-	-
Mean income	...	...	...	...	-	-	-
Mean income deficit	...	...	...	...	-	-	-
Percent receiving public assistance income	...	...	...	...	-	-	-
Percent 65 years and over	...	...	...	...	-	-	-
Persons	81	72	40	32	9	-	9
Percent of all persons	46.8	58.5	46.5	86.5	18.0	-	18.0
Percent receiving Social Security income	6.2	6.9	2.5	12.5	-	-	-
Percent 65 years and over	12.3	13.9	25.0	-	-	-	-
Percent receiving Social Security income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Related children under 18 years	48	48	27	21	-	-	-
Percent living with both parents	72.9	72.9	51.9	...	-	-	-
Households	17	13	9	4	4	-	4
Percent of all households	54.8	...	...	...	-	-	-
Owner occupied	4	4	-	4	-	-	-
Mean value of unit	...	...	...	...	-	-	-
Renter occupied	13	9	9	-	4	-	4
Mean gross rent	...	...	...	...	-	-	-
Percent lacking some or all plumbing facilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

¹Excludes inmates of institutions, members of the Armed Forces living in barracks, college students in dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 14 years.

Table P-7. General and Social Characteristics of Persons of Spanish Language: 1970

(Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text)

**Census Tracts With
400 or More Persons
of Spanish Language**

	Marion County			Palk County			Balance of Marion County			Balance of Palk County	
	Total SMSA	Total	Salem (part)	Balance	Total	Salem (part)	Balance	Tract 0025	Tract 0103	Tract 0108	Tract 0203
AGE BY SEX											
Male, all ages											
Under 5 years	2 464	2 043	418	1 625	421	31	390	229	555	212	218
3 and 4 years	314	285	70	215	29	-	29	42	96	16	29
5 to 9 years	164	140	46	94	24	-	24	20	34	-	24
5 years	427	352	47	305	75	-	75	55	82	79	21
6 years	56	46	9	37	10	-	10	14	11	8	-
10 to 14 years	104	98	-	98	6	-	6	13	26	24	-
14 years	372	300	22	278	72	5	67	37	93	48	52
15 to 19 years	93	59	-	59	34	-	34	8	41	-	42
15 years	302	240	51	189	62	11	51	41	61	-	42
16 years	49	33	6	27	16	-	16	8	19	-	7
17 years	65	45	8	37	20	6	14	8	18	-	14
18 years	78	57	17	40	21	-	21	8	15	-	21
19 years	57	52	-	52	5	5	-	-	9	-	-
20 to 24 years	53	53	20	33	-	-	-	25	-	-	-
20 years	191	183	47	136	8	-	8	7	66	10	8
21 years	38	30	4	26	8	-	8	-	7	-	8
25 to 34 years	72	72	21	51	-	-	-	-	27	10	-
25 to 34 years	325	252	73	179	73	-	73	18	36	9	34
35 to 44 years	220	176	18	158	44	8	36	22	58	45	14
45 to 54 years	163	150	59	91	13	-	13	7	34	6	6
55 to 59 years	58	46	14	32	12	-	12	-	10	-	6
60 to 64 years	70	50	12	38	20	7	13	-	19	-	6
65 to 74 years	18	5	5	-	13	-	13	-	-	-	-
75 years and over	4	4	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Female, all ages											
Under 5 years	2 617	2 172	426	1 746	445	30	415	210	661	187	199
3 and 4 years	484	405	75	330	79	8	71	44	111	45	42
5 to 9 years	248	204	20	184	44	8	36	39	63	37	20
5 years	344	306	31	275	38	-	38	51	74	29	19
6 years	91	81	-	81	10	-	10	18	15	7	10
10 to 14 years	96	91	18	73	5	-	5	16	12	14	5
14 years	409	326	22	304	83	6	77	43	128	40	30
15 to 19 years	91	85	5	80	6	6	-	18	21	-	-
15 years	303	241	73	168	62	-	62	18	109	-	36
16 years	56	44	10	34	12	-	12	-	27	-	12
17 years	60	48	14	34	12	-	12	-	20	-	5
18 years	33	24	9	15	9	-	9	-	8	-	-
19 years	83	54	14	40	29	-	29	9	24	-	19
20 to 24 years	71	71	26	45	-	-	-	9	30	-	-
20 years	221	200	44	156	21	-	21	17	64	6	21
21 years	70	64	25	39	6	-	6	9	5	-	6
25 to 34 years	65	65	7	58	-	-	-	-	27	-	-
35 to 44 years	398	326	70	256	72	9	63	20	92	36	17
45 to 54 years	169	138	28	110	31	-	31	17	29	24	15
55 to 59 years	172	139	47	92	33	7	26	-	35	7	19
60 to 64 years	53	34	12	22	19	-	19	-	3	-	-
65 to 74 years	40	40	24	16	-	-	-	-	16	-	-
75 years and over	17	10	-	7	7	-	7	-	-	-	-
7	7	7	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD											
All persons											
In households	5 081	4 215	844	3 371	866	61	805	439	1 216	400	417
Head of household	5 001	4 135	810	3 325	866	61	805	439	1 210	400	417
Head of family	989	817	244	573	172	15	157	63	214	60	63
Primary individual	920	748	185	563	172	15	157	58	214	60	63
Wife of head	69	69	59	10	-	-	-	5	-	-	-
Other relative of head	857	680	138	542	177	16	161	54	199	64	66
Not related to head	3 144	2 627	417	2 210	517	30	487	322	797	276	288
In group quarters	11	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Persons per household	80	80	34	46	-	-	-	-	6	-	-
5.06	5.06	3.32	5.80	5.03	...	5.13	6.97	5.65	6.67	6.62	
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD											
All households											
Male primary individual	989	817	244	573	172	15	157	63	214	60	63
Female primary individual	41	41	31	10	-	-	-	5	-	-	-
Husband-wife households	28	28	28	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Households with other male head	847	675	134	541	172	15	157	51	211	60	63
Households with female head	31	31	24	7	-	-	-	7	-	-	-
42	42	27	15	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT											
Persons, 16 to 21 years old											
Not attending school	745	635	165	470	110	11	99	60	190	10	73
Not high school graduates	369	332	58	274	37	5	32	35	122	-	32
Percent of total	289	263	28	235	26	5	21	35	110	-	21
38.8	41.4	17.0	50.0	23.6	...	21.2	58.3	57.9	-	-	28.8
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED											
Persons, 25 years old and over											
No school years completed	1 714	1 377	362	1 015	337	31	306	84	332	127	117
Elementary: 1 to 4 years	161	151	35	116	10	-	10	-	76	-	10
5 to 7 years	293	263	41	222	30	-	30	34	109	24	30
8 years	288	232	49	183	56	8	48	14	54	50	34
High school: 1 to 3 years	157	111	6	105	46	-	46	16	48	24	5
4 years	198	143	71	72	55	7	48	8	19	9	-
College: 1 to 3 years	314	267	85	182	47	-	47	7	26	20	21
4 years or more	195	135	44	91	60	16	44	-	-	-	71
Median school years completed	108	75	31	44	33	-	33	5	-	-	6
Percent high school graduates	8.7	8.4	11.1	7.4	10.4	...	10.2	7.0	4.3	6.9	6.8
36.0	34.6	44.2	31.2	41.5	...	40.5	14.3	7.8	15.7	-	32.5
RESIDENCE IN 1965											
Persons, 5 years old and over, 1970¹											
Same house as in 1970	4 283	3 525	699	2 826	758	53	705	353	1 009	339	346
Different house:	1 074	958	210	748	116	14	102	67	325	166	76
In central city of this SMSA	452	383	186	197	69	-	69	102	-	-	-
In other part of this SMSA	975	740	2	738	235	-	235	12	306	84	205
Outside this SMSA	1 331	1 140	244	896	191	8	183	149	260	60	36
North and West	921	740	237	503	181	8	173	46	206	19	26
South	410	400	7	393	10	-	10	103	54	41	10
Abroad	105	38	21	17	67	17	50	-	-	17	13

¹Includes "Moved, 1965 residence not reported."

Table P-8. Economic Characteristics of Persons of Spanish Language: 1970

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text!]

Census Tracts With 400 or More Persons of Spanish Language

EMPLOYMENT STATUS AND OCCUPATION

	Total SMSA	Marion County			Polk County			Balance of Marion County			Balance of Polk County
		Total	Salem (part)	Balance	Total	Salem (part)	Balance	Tract 0025	Tract 0103	Tract 0108	Tract 0203
Male, 16 years old and over	1 302	1 073	273	800	229	26	203	87	265	70	109
Labor force	1 009	826	169	657	183	26	157	73	232	70	85
Civilian labor force	1 009	826	169	657	183	26	157	73	232	70	85
Employed	926	750	158	592	176	26	150	73	187	62	78
Unemployed	83	76	11	65	7	-	7	-	45	8	7
Not in labor force	293	247	104	143	46	-	46	14	33	-	24
Female, 16 years old and over	1 324	1 091	288	803	233	16	217	72	321	73	96
Labor force	495	407	155	252	88	-	88	58	64	25	54
Civilian labor force	495	407	155	252	88	-	88	58	64	25	54
Employed	470	382	155	227	88	-	88	58	57	25	54
Unemployed	25	25	-	25	-	-	-	-	7	-	-
Not in labor force	829	684	133	551	145	16	129	14	257	48	42
Married women in labor force, husband present	266	201	52	149	65	-	65	40	25	16	31
With own children under 6 years	139	125	17	108	14	-	14	31	25	9	14
Total employed, 16 years old and over	1 396	1 132	313	819	264	26	238	131	244	87	132
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	101	89	40	49	12	-	12	14	-	-	-
Managers and administrators, except farm	43	30	15	15	13	7	6	-	9	-	-
Sales workers	51	51	19	32	-	-	-	18	-	-	-
Clerical and kindred workers	122	103	66	37	19	-	19	-	24	-	11
Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers	163	137	40	97	26	8	18	15	22	-	5
Operatives, except transport	190	155	23	132	35	-	35	15	56	8	10
Transport equipment operatives	31	24	4	20	7	-	7	-	14	-	-
Laborers, except farm	185	132	38	94	53	6	47	16	27	24	25
Farm workers	332	267	15	252	65	-	65	44	74	49	58
Service workers, except private household	157	128	42	86	29	-	29	9	18	6	23
Private household workers	21	16	11	5	5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Female employed, 16 years old and over	470	382	155	227	88	-	88	58	57	25	54
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	49	43	29	14	6	-	6	-	-	-	-
Managers and administrators, except farm	10	10	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sales workers	34	34	10	24	-	-	-	18	-	-	-
Clerical and kindred workers	83	70	45	25	13	-	13	-	18	-	5
Operatives, including transport	38	26	-	26	12	-	12	8	14	-	5
Other blue-collar workers	39	32	16	16	7	-	7	-	-	9	-
Farm workers	105	73	8	65	32	-	32	23	7	16	32
Service workers, except private household	100	82	30	52	18	-	18	9	18	-	12
Private household workers	12	12	7	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
FAMILY INCOME IN 1969	920	748	185	563	172	15	157	58	214	60	63
All families	920	748	185	563	172	15	157	58	214	60	63
Less than \$1,000	33	26	-	26	7	-	7	7	19	-	-
\$1,000 to \$1,999	26	26	19	7	-	-	-	7	-	-	-
\$2,000 to \$2,999	86	74	7	67	12	-	12	-	45	-	5
\$3,000 to \$3,999	88	81	18	63	7	-	7	6	28	16	-
\$4,000 to \$4,999	78	62	32	30	16	-	16	-	6	6	10
\$5,000 to \$5,999	90	79	10	69	11	7	4	7	32	6	4
\$6,000 to \$6,999	87	81	13	68	6	-	6	16	15	-	-
\$7,000 to \$7,999	80	57	9	48	23	-	23	-	22	-	7
\$8,000 to \$8,999	103	76	20	56	27	8	19	7	7	23	11
\$9,000 to \$9,999	62	41	4	37	21	-	21	8	7	-	14
\$10,000 or more	187	145	53	92	42	-	42	-	33	9	12
Median income: Families	\$6 678	\$6 321	\$6 500	\$6 287	\$8 148	...	\$8 184	\$6 125	\$5 281	\$8 087	\$8 500
Families and unrelated individuals	\$6 400	\$6 074	\$5 625	\$6 191	\$8 148	...	\$8 184	\$6 281	\$5 281	\$8 087	\$8 500
RATIO OF FAMILY INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL¹											
Percent of families with incomes:											
Less than .50 of poverty level	8.9	10.0	6.5	11.2	4.1	-	4.5	24.1	22.9	-	-
.50 to .74	7.3	7.4	5.9	7.8	7.0	-	7.6	10.3	4.7	26.7	7.9
.75 to .99	8.3	9.0	7.6	9.4	5.2	-	5.7	12.1	8.4	-	14.3
1.00 to 1.24	11.6	14.3	7.0	16.7	-	-	-	12.1	16.8	10.0	-
1.25 to 1.49	12.9	12.3	10.3	13.0	15.7	-	17.2	12.1	12.1	25.0	17.5
1.50 to 1.99	14.5	14.4	16.2	13.9	14.5	-	15.9	13.8	17.3	13.3	28.6
2.00 or more	36.5	32.6	46.5	28.1	53.5	...	49.0	15.5	17.8	25.0	31.7
INCOME BELOW POVERTY LEVEL¹											
Families	225	197	37	160	28	-	28	27	77	16	14
Percent of all families	24.5	26.3	20.0	28.4	16.3	-	17.8	46.6	36.0	26.7	22.2
Mean family income	\$2 910	\$2 914	\$2 549	\$2 998	...	...	...	...	\$2 434	...	...
Mean income deficit	\$1 982	\$2 069	\$1 853	\$2 119	...	...	...	...	\$2 407	...	...
Percent receiving public assistance income	17.3	17.8	10.8	19.4	...	...	...	...	20.8	...	...
Mean size of family	5.94	6.02	4.78	6.31	...	...	...	...	6.18	...	...
With related children under 18 years	196	175	23	152	21	-	21	27	77	16	14
Mean number of related children under 18 years	4.21	4.18	...	4.25	...	...	...	...	3.95	...	...
With related children under 6 years	155	138	12	126	17	-	17	27	65	16	10
Mean number of related children under 6 years	2.12	2.15	...	2.12	...	...	...	...	2.17	...	...
Families with female head	3	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	-
With related children under 18 years	3	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	-
Mean number of related children under 18 years	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
With related children under 6 years	3	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	-
Percent in labor force	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mean number of related children under 6 years	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Family heads	225	197	37	160	28	-	28	27	77	16	14
Percent 65 years and over	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Civilian male heads under 65 years	222	194	37	157	28	-	28	27	74	16	14
Percent in labor force	89.6	90.2	67.6	95.5	...	...	...	...	100.0	...	...
Unrelated individuals	10	10	5	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Percent of all unrelated individuals	9.3	9.3	7.1	13.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mean income	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mean income deficit	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Percent receiving public assistance income	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Percent 65 years and over	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Persons	1 347	1 196	182	1 014	151	-	151	177	476	128	102
Percent of all persons	26.8	28.7	22.5	30.3	17.4	-	18.8	40.3	39.3	32.0	24.5
Percent receiving Social Security income	0.8	0.9	-	1.1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Percent 65 years and over	0.4	0.4	-	0.5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Percent receiving Social Security income	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Related children under 18 years	828	718	80	638	110	-	110	144	294	97	94
Percent living with both parents	90.2	90.5	100.0	89.3	88.2	-	88.2	61.8	95.6	100.0	86.2
Households	199	185	37	148	14	-	14	21	77	16	14
Percent of all households	22.1	24.6	16.4	28.2	9.3	-	10.3	36.8	37.0	31.4	22.2
Owner occupied	73	64	17	47	9	-	9	-	19	8	9
Mean value of unit	\$10 100	\$10 000	...	\$8 800	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Renter occupied	126	121	20	101	5	-	5	21	58	8	5
Mean gross rent	\$62	\$62	...	\$54	...	...	...	...	\$67	...	...
Percent lacking some or all plumbing facilities	9.5	10.3	...	12.8	...	...	...	...	16.9	...	...

¹Excludes inmates of institutions, members of the Armed Forces living in barracks, college students in dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 14 years.

Table H-1. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970—Continued**

[For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts	Salem (part in Marion County)—Con.															
	Tract 0008	Tract 0009	Tract 0010	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0013	Tract 0016	Tract 0017	Tract 0019	Tract 0020	Tract 0021	Tract 0022	Tract 0023	Tract 0024	Tract 0028	
All housing units	27	2 744	990	1 315	1 691	1 369	19	129	56	218	1 624	1 670	107	5	1	
Vacant—seasonal and migratory	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	
All year-round housing units	27	2 744	990	1 315	1 691	1 368	19	129	56	218	1 623	1 670	107	5	1	
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS																
Owner occupied	—	1 161	450	992	991	807	16	80	—	169	1 144	1 411	77	3	...	
Cooperative and condominium	—	—	—	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
White	—	1 156	447	991	988	806	16	78	—	168	1 134	1 406	76	3	...	
Negro	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
Renter occupied	26	1 422	477	275	637	511	3	46	47	41	390	202	25	1	...	
White	24	1 393	472	275	618	508	3	46	47	41	385	199	25	1	...	
Negro	—	5	1	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	...	
Vacant year-round	1	161	63	48	63	50	—	3	9	8	89	57	5	1	...	
For sale only	—	10	3	9	15	8	—	—	—	1	31	40	—	—	...	
Vacant less than 6 months	—	4	—	—	13	7	—	—	—	—	30	37	—	—	...	
Median price asked	—	\$11 300	—	\$18 800	\$13 400	\$19 200	—	—	—	—	\$22 300	\$29 200	—	—	...	
For rent	1	110	40	33	33	25	—	1	6	5	33	7	3	1	...	
Vacant less than 2 months	—	102	38	33	29	25	—	—	6	5	21	4	—	—	...	
Median rent asked	—	\$89	\$104	\$167	\$93	\$103	—	—	\$34	\$110	\$159	\$110	—	—	...	
Other	—	41	20	6	15	17	—	2	3	2	25	10	2	—	...	
LACKING SOME OR ALL PLUMBING FACILITIES																
All units	—	58	9	1	19	2	—	—	—	—	3	3	2	—	...	
Owner occupied	—	13	2	1	9	1	—	—	—	—	3	2	1	—	...	
Negro	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
Renter occupied	—	42	5	—	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
Negro	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
Vacant year-round	—	3	2	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	...	
For sale only	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	...	
For rent	—	1	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
COMPLETE KITCHEN FACILITIES AND ACCESS																
Lacking complete kitchen facilities	—	75	8	4	20	14	—	1	43	4	2	2	3	—	...	
Access only through other living quarters	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	
ROOMS																
1 room	—	99	11	5	3	4	1	1	13	2	6	1	—	—	...	
2 rooms	—	148	117	10	24	30	2	1	33	9	12	5	5	1	...	
3 rooms	3	513	126	38	251	232	5	13	—	7	100	39	12	—	...	
4 rooms	—	725	293	232	415	208	8	42	—	29	278	121	30	1	...	
5 rooms	4	568	252	299	334	212	2	41	—	57	381	326	22	2	...	
6 rooms	3	345	130	309	291	247	—	18	1	59	440	461	23	—	...	
7 rooms	5	191	43	199	181	182	—	8	7	32	233	347	7	1	...	
8 rooms	10	94	13	110	91	104	1	3	1	15	96	193	4	—	...	
9 rooms or more	2	61	5	113	101	149	—	2	1	8	77	177	4	—	...	
Median	7.2	4.3	4.3	5.7	5.0	5.5	3.7	4.7	2.0	5.6	5.6	6.2	4.8	4.8	...	
All occupied housing units	26	2 583	927	1 267	1 628	1 318	19	126	47	210	1 534	1 613	102	4	...	
PERSONS																
1 person	2	852	239	115	398	331	4	25	36	13	184	130	16	—	...	
2 persons	6	957	361	395	585	484	15	49	4	61	467	430	42	—	...	
3 persons	2	346	136	245	242	184	—	19	2	38	282	296	10	—	...	
4 persons	6	184	103	254	195	155	—	18	—	50	264	386	17	—	...	
5 persons	6	118	47	155	115	86	—	7	3	22	181	241	9	—	...	
6 persons or more	4	126	41	103	93	78	—	8	2	26	156	130	8	—	...	
Median, all occupied units	4.0	2.0	2.1	3.0	2.2	2.2	1.9	2.3	1.2	3.3	2.9	3.3	2.3	—	...	
Median, owner occupied units	—	2.0	2.1	3.1	2.3	2.4	1.8	2.2	—	3.4	3.1	3.4	2.4	—	...	
Median, renter occupied units	4.0	1.9	2.1	2.6	2.1	1.7	...	2.6	1.2	3.2	2.4	3.2	2.3	—	...	
Units with roomers, boarders, or lodgers	—	50	11	9	35	11	—	1	—	2	18	10	3	—	...	
PERSONS PER ROOM																
1.00 or less	25	2 496	884	1 229	1 589	1 293	18	117	47	198	1 468	1 575	98	—	...	
1.01 to 1.50	—	69	37	34	34	22	—	8	—	7	58	36	4	—	...	
1.51 or more	1	18	6	4	5	3	—	1	—	5	8	2	—	—	...	
Units with all plumbing facilities—1.01 or more	1	85	42	38	39	25	1	9	—	12	66	38	4	—	...	
VALUE																
Specified owner occupied units ¹	—	1 063	267	946	971	787	...	40	—	157	1 065	1 392	53	—	...	
Less than \$5,000	—	40	5	—	13	—	—	—	—	1	2	3	—	—	...	
\$5,000 to \$7,499	—	117	29	11	42	6	—	—	—	1	8	8	—	—	...	
\$7,500 to \$9,999	—	237	70	38	106	36	—	7	—	6	30	36	6	—	...	
\$10,000 to \$14,999	—	411	118	199	354	125	—	14	—	55	241	180	14	—	...	
\$15,000 to \$19,999	—	176	36	284	249	190	—	14	—	51	432	374	18	—	...	
\$20,000 to \$24,999	—	51	6	203	100	130	—	3	—	29	179	319	7	—	...	
\$25,000 to \$34,999	—	23	3	165	69	170	—	1	—	10	108	320	5	—	...	
\$35,000 to \$49,999	—	2	—	42	27	96	—	1	—	3	51	116	3	—	...	
\$50,000 or more	—	6	—	4	11	34	—	—	—	1	14	36	—	—	...	
Median	—	\$11 400	\$11 200	\$18 800	\$14 600	\$21 400	...	\$14 600	—	\$16 300	\$17 900	\$21 500	\$16 600	—	...	
CONTRACT RENT																
Specified renter occupied units ²	25	1 421	474	275	637	510	...	45	37	38	388	199	22	—	...	
Less than \$30	5	10	11	2	2	11	—	—	13	1	7	1	2	—	...	
\$30 to \$39	—	40	21	1	5	12	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	...	
\$40 to \$59	1	223	52	10	80	20	—	5	2	—	18	17	2	—	...	
\$60 to \$79	1	365	121	44	118	66	—	11	—	6	41	19	10	—	...	
\$80 to \$99	2	337	96	30	132	154	—	9	1	4	69	33	4	—	...	
\$100 to \$149	15	351	156	120	259	200	—	13	—	19	188	85	2	—	...	
\$150 to \$199	—	54	5	54	20	27	—	3	—	4	46	30	—	—	...	
\$200 to \$249	—	7	—	8	1	4	—	—	—	—	7	3	—	—	...	
\$250 or more	—	1	—	—	2	1	—	—	—	—	1	4	—	—	...	
No cash rent	1	33	12	6	18	15	—	4	2	3	7	7	2	—	...	
Median	\$108	\$83	\$85	\$125	\$96	\$98	...	\$88	\$32	\$113	\$121	\$112	\$70	—	...	

¹Limited to one-family homes on less than 10 acres and no business on property. ²Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-1. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970—Continued**

[For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts	Balance of Marion County													
	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0007	Tract 0010	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0015	Tract 0016	Tract 0017	Tract 0018	Tract 0019	Tract 0020	Tract 0022	Tract 0023
All housing units	393	164	49	13	4	1 604	1 998	2 101	1 171	1 650	3	157	38	295
Vacant—seasonal and migratory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
All year-round housing units	393	164	49	13	4	1 604	1 998	2 101	1 171	1 650	3	157	38	294
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS														
Owner occupied	180	121	19	8	...	1 211	1 503	1 582	901	1 243	...	124	33	244
Cooperative and condominium	-	-	-	-	...	-	-	-	-	-	...	-	-	-
White	178	119	19	8	...	1 204	1 486	1 570	890	1 235	...	124	33	242
Negro	1	-	-	-	...	-	-	-	1	3	...	-	-	-
Renter occupied	192	40	30	5	...	349	432	454	236	343	...	25	5	40
White	183	39	30	5	...	344	422	449	233	336	...	24	5	39
Negro	3	-	-	-	...	2	4	-	-	2	...	1	-	-
Vacant year-round	21	3	-	-	...	44	63	65	34	64	...	8	-	10
For sale only	3	-	-	-	...	12	15	27	4	18	...	2	-	2
Vacant less than 6 months .....	...	-	-	-	...	9	11	23	...	17	...	-	-	-
Median price asked .....	...	-	-	-	...	\$20 000	\$16 300	\$21 400	...	\$19 000	...	-	-	-
For rent	16	2	-	-	...	21	13	23	15	21	...	-	-	3
Vacant less than 2 months	16	-	-	-	...	18	12	8	10	20	...	-	-	-
Median rent asked	\$99	...	-	-	...	\$122	\$105	\$127	\$98	\$156	...	-	-	5
Other	2	1	-	-	...	11	35	15	15	25	...	6	-	-
LACKING SOME OR ALL PLUMBING FACILITIES														
All units	2	-	1	2	...	7	11	15	10	9	...	7	1	4
Owner occupied	1	-	1	1	...	1	6	9	3	6	...	5	1	2
Negro	-	-	-	-	...	-	-	-	-	-	...	-	-	-
Renter occupied	1	-	-	1	...	6	3	4	4	3	...	2	-	1
Negro	-	-	-	-	...	-	-	-	-	-	...	-	-	-
Vacant year-round	-	-	-	-	...	-	2	2	3	-	...	-	-	1
For sale only	-	-	-	-	...	-	1	1	-	-	...	-	-	-
For rent	-	-	-	-	...	-	-	-	-	-	...	-	-	-
COMPLETE KITCHEN FACILITIES AND ACCESS														
Lacking complete kitchen facilities	-	-	-	2	...	4	10	7	10	-	...	3	-	2
Access only through other living quarters	-	-	-	-	...	-	-	-	-	-	...	-	-	-
ROOMS														
1 room	-	-	-	-	...	4	2	7	7	4	...	1	1	1
2 rooms	18	3	1	-	...	13	21	27	34	19	...	2	-	6
3 rooms	39	24	3	2	...	70	104	112	82	97	...	15	2	17
4 rooms	145	13	17	2	...	286	430	423	220	367	...	21	5	36
5 rooms	69	33	15	2	...	421	536	483	286	468	...	35	5	74
6 rooms	66	58	6	4	...	447	464	595	307	414	...	38	11	64
7 rooms	44	26	4	2	...	238	282	302	151	177	...	22	4	49
8 rooms	7	6	2	-	...	76	92	109	54	70	...	13	5	24
9 rooms or more	5	1	1	1	...	49	67	43	30	34	...	10	5	23
Median	4.5	5.7	4.7	5.6	...	5.5	5.3	5.5	5.3	5.2	...	5.6	6.0	5.7
All occupied housing units	372	161	49	13	...	1 560	1 935	2 036	1 137	1 586	...	149	38	284
PERSONS														
1 person	69	24	6	3	...	156	227	192	139	181	...	23	3	26
2 persons	122	48	20	5	...	513	579	617	343	488	...	48	11	82
3 persons	80	25	12	1	...	276	347	370	182	288	...	29	6	47
4 persons	51	26	4	2	...	324	358	405	229	303	...	16	9	40
5 persons	27	25	2	-	...	173	251	251	121	202	...	14	7	33
6 persons or more	23	13	5	2	...	118	173	201	123	124	...	19	2	36
Median, all occupied units	2.5	2.8	2.4	2.2	...	2.9	3.0	3.1	3.0	2.9	...	2.6	3.3	3.2
Median, owner occupied units	2.8	3.3	2.2	2.3	...	3.0	3.1	3.1	2.9	2.9	...	2.5	3.6	3.3
Median, renter occupied units	2.2	2.0	2.8	2.0	...	2.5	2.7	3.0	3.2	2.9	...	3.1	2.0	2.9
Units with roomers, boarders, or lodgers	7	2	1	2	...	22	16	36	15	15	...	2	1	1
PERSONS PER ROOM														
1.00 or less	347	156	47	11	...	1 509	1 844	1 919	1 083	1 505	...	141	34	269
1.01 to 1.50	19	5	2	2	...	44	76	98	44	67	...	5	3	12
1.51 or more	6	-	-	-	...	7	15	19	10	14	...	3	1	3
Units with all plumbing facilities—1.01 or more	25	5	2	1	...	50	89	115	54	79	...	7	4	15
VALUE														
Specified owner occupied units ¹	173	120	18	8	...	1 127	1 366	1 329	711	999	...	88	30	190
Less than \$5,000	4	-	-	-	...	6	14	22	9	8	...	5	1	2
\$5,000 to \$7,499	10	5	-	1	...	17	50	41	18	30	...	7	7	8
\$7,500 to \$9,999	14	1	4	1	...	57	80	100	61	67	...	7	2	18
\$10,000 to \$14,999	32	3	11	2	...	275	333	253	222	289	...	17	2	44
\$15,000 to \$19,999	50	75	1	2	...	434	410	399	254	395	...	25	6	35
\$20,000 to \$24,999	45	32	1	1	...	233	257	380	83	142	...	11	-	24
\$25,000 to \$34,999	12	3	1	1	...	85	188	113	54	60	...	11	11	41
\$35,000 to \$49,999	5	-	-	-	...	18	31	18	10	7	...	5	5	16
\$50,000 or more	1	1	-	-	...	2	3	3	-	1	...	-	2	2
Median	\$17 700	\$18 800	\$12 900	\$15 000	...	\$17 500	\$17 200	\$18 400	\$15 700	\$16 300	...	\$16 300	\$27 700	\$18 100
CONTRACT RENT														
Specified renter occupied units ²	192	40	27	...	...	339	429	446	225	326	...	23	5	30
Less than \$30	5	-	-	-	...	-	4	15	1	6	...	1	-	1
\$30 to \$39	2	-	1	-	...	-	2	5	5	7	...	-	-	-
\$40 to \$59	25	-	6	-	...	17	42	47	22	22	...	5	1	5
\$60 to \$79	16	1	2	-	...	29	54	81	56	86	...	3	1	5
\$80 to \$99	69	17	7	-	...	99	89	98	39	56	...	7	7	4
\$100 to \$149	72	18	10	-	...	136	196	129	86	97	...	6	1	9
\$150 to \$199	-	2	1	-	...	39	22	50	6	32	...	-	-	-
\$200 to \$249	-	-	-	-	...	2	1	-	-	3	...	-	-	2
\$250 or more	-	-	-	-	...	-	-	-	-	-	...	-	-	-
No cash rent	3	2	-	-	...	17	19	21	10	17	...	1	1	3
Median	\$96	\$101	\$88	...	...	\$105	\$103	\$94	\$94	\$90	...	\$83	...	\$85

¹Limited to one-family homes on less than 10 acres and no business on property.

²Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-1. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970—Continued**

[For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts	Balance of Marion County—Con.												
	Tract 0024	Tract 0025	Tract 0026	Tract 0027	Tract 0028	Tract 0101	Tract 0102	Tract 0103	Tract 0104	Tract 0105	Tract 0106	Tract 0107	Tract 0108
All housing units	292	1 682	547	1 062	382	522	1 555	4 263	1 051	2 955	1 112	2 336	2 228
Vacant—seasonal and migratory	9	109	5	1	53	125	23	4	19	86	—	460	426
All year-round housing units	283	1 573	542	1 061	329	397	1 532	4 259	1 032	2 869	1 112	1 876	1 802
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS													
Owner occupied.....	225	1 155	417	830	257	241	1 132	3 151	628	2 073	492	1 356	1 248
Cooperative and condominium	16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
White.....	225	1 131	415	828	255	241	1 122	3 135	624	2 066	490	1 351	1 237
Negro.....	—	—	—	—	1	—	4	2	—	—	—	—	—
Renter occupied.....	40	326	109	203	64	141	334	909	269	677	253	457	455
White.....	38	311	104	201	63	141	327	893	265	671	253	451	454
Negro.....	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
Vacant year-round.....	18	92	16	28	8	15	66	199	135	119	367	63	99
For sale only.....	3	19	4	13	1	1	8	40	4	16	7	10	8
Vacant less than 6 months.....	—	15	—	7	—	—	5	27	—	10	5	10	7
Median price asked.....	—	\$24 000	—	\$26 700	—	—	\$11 300	\$15 900	—	\$10 000	—	\$20 000	\$15 400
For rent.....	7	17	3	2	3	7	9	75	118	40	38	23	36
Vacant less than 2 months.....	4	10	—	—	—	3	5	61	13	31	19	15	7
Median rent asked.....	\$77	\$57	—	—	—	—	\$93	\$93	\$104	\$80	\$53	\$62	\$56
Other.....	8	56	9	13	4	7	49	84	13	63	322	30	55
LACKING SOME OR ALL PLUMBING FACILITIES													
All units.....	6	81	22	17	9	32	53	117	39	87	204	51	127
Owner occupied.....	4	27	8	11	6	8	16	55	15	49	35	17	47
Negro.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Renter occupied.....	1	33	7	5	1	23	23	50	19	20	15	31	54
Negro.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Vacant year-round.....	1	21	7	1	2	1	14	12	5	18	154	3	26
For sale only.....	—	3	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	—
For rent.....	—	2	—	—	—	—	1	5	1	—	2	—	11
COMPLETE KITCHEN FACILITIES AND ACCESS													
Lacking complete kitchen facilities.....	—	56	10	5	6	13	46	40	22	65	150	36	86
Access only through other living quarters	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	1	—	—	—	—
ROOMS													
1 room.....	—	34	—	5	3	8	24	25	72	26	39	22	51
2 rooms.....	3	40	4	20	5	17	57	137	89	66	126	57	59
3 rooms.....	19	120	39	78	20	25	149	310	80	244	239	117	145
4 rooms.....	45	386	71	194	63	54	337	1 373	143	578	296	326	417
5 rooms.....	74	325	118	249	87	84	351	1 122	157	683	186	434	461
6 rooms.....	59	319	144	187	76	81	275	633	191	581	137	413	345
7 rooms.....	36	189	90	161	39	45	170	358	143	359	54	283	183
8 rooms.....	22	97	51	86	17	49	99	185	88	196	21	134	89
9 rooms or more.....	25	63	25	81	19	34	70	116	69	136	14	90	52
Median.....	5.5	5.1	5.8	5.4	5.3	5.6	5.1	4.8	5.3	5.3	4.0	5.5	5.0
All occupied housing units	265	1 481	526	1 033	321	382	1 466	4 060	897	2 750	745	1 813	1 703
PERSONS													
1 person.....	15	191	55	118	27	45	202	707	170	500	130	264	194
2 persons.....	97	500	162	318	109	84	534	1 815	255	969	269	508	498
3 persons.....	46	259	90	156	65	60	227	404	115	377	117	274	256
4 persons.....	41	228	79	168	47	52	206	393	86	354	102	263	265
5 persons.....	30	127	56	144	33	48	139	284	87	258	52	227	177
6 persons or more.....	36	176	84	129	40	93	158	457	184	292	75	277	313
Median, all occupied units.....	2.9	2.7	3.0	3.0	2.9	3.5	2.5	2.2	2.7	2.4	2.4	3.0	3.1
Median, owner occupied units.....	2.8	2.6	3.0	3.0	2.8	3.5	2.4	2.2	2.9	2.4	2.3	3.0	3.0
Median, renter occupied units.....	3.4	3.1	3.3	2.9	3.0	3.7	2.9	2.9	2.4	2.5	2.8	3.1	3.5
Units with roomers, boarders, or lodgers.....	3	13	5	10	1	6	19	31	33	35	10	12	19
PERSONS PER ROOM													
1.00 or less.....	241	1 350	488	951	291	320	1 354	3 673	791	2 567	668	1 626	1 441
1.01 to 1.50.....	19	77	28	61	22	36	70	234	60	139	56	136	181
1.51 or more.....	5	54	10	21	8	26	42	153	46	44	21	51	81
Units with all plumbing facilities—1.01 or more.....	22	117	37	80	28	49	105	356	91	175	69	166	231
VALUE													
Specified owner occupied units ¹	150	659	139	503	139	99	525	2 478	389	1 452	349	905	697
Less than \$5,000.....	3	37	1	27	8	11	21	73	26	85	44	25	84
\$5,000 to \$7,499.....	6	71	11	49	5	6	69	137	54	177	79	65	119
\$7,500 to \$9,999.....	8	78	9	54	16	10	86	194	71	272	83	109	120
\$10,000 to \$14,999.....	31	135	30	80	37	29	134	799	120	401	66	222	169
\$15,000 to \$19,999.....	29	107	34	89	34	19	100	845	62	279	46	245	150
\$20,000 to \$24,999.....	13	104	26	67	10	13	45	272	34	118	16	140	29
\$25,000 to \$34,999.....	27	92	24	90	25	9	45	136	20	92	14	75	19
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	16	29	3	39	3	2	21	18	2	24	—	16	4
\$50,000 or more.....	17	6	1	8	1	—	4	4	—	4	1	8	3
Median.....	\$19 600	\$15 400	\$17 600	\$16 900	\$15 400	\$14 200	\$13 100	\$15 200	\$11 800	\$12 000	\$9 100	\$15 600	\$10 600
CONTRACT RENT													
Specified renter occupied units ²	24	243	66	158	54	81	261	814	217	563	233	369	305
Less than \$30.....	—	13	—	4	—	5	10	52	3	14	26	34	7
\$30 to \$39.....	4	20	3	12	3	6	9	22	10	19	8	5	14
\$40 to \$59.....	4	61	15	43	8	21	42	117	36	120	85	53	79
\$60 to \$79.....	7	35	21	39	9	17	68	149	36	179	68	91	96
\$80 to \$99.....	2	23	8	15	3	5	47	157	58	91	17	78	33
\$100 to \$149.....	2	31	7	11	24	3	37	227	46	84	4	70	38
\$150 to \$199.....	2	7	1	3	2	—	3	10	1	4	—	10	—
\$200 to \$249.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$250 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No cash rent.....	3	33	11	31	5	24	45	79	27	49	25	28	38
Median.....	\$74	\$65	\$73	\$62	\$102	\$56	\$75	\$84	\$84	\$71	\$56	\$78	\$67

¹Limited to one-family homes on less than 10 acres and no business on property.

²Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-1. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970—Continued**

[For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts	Totals for split tracts in Marion County—Con.							Totals for split tracts in Polk County		
	Tract 0016	Tract 0017	Tract 0019	Tract 0020	Tract 0022	Tract 0023	Tract 0024	Tract 0028	Tract 0052	Tract 0053
All housing units	2 120	1 300	59	375	1 708	402	297	383	1 637	1 098
Vacant—seasonal and migratory	—	—	—	—	—	1	9	53	17	13
All year-round housing units	2 120	1 300	59	375	1 708	401	288	330	1 620	1 085
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS										
Owner occupied	1 598	981	2	293	1 444	321	228	258	1 205	873
Cooperative and condominium	—	—	—	—	—	—	16	—	48	5
White	1 586	968	2	292	1 439	318	228	256	1 200	870
Negro	1	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Renter occupied	457	282	48	66	207	65	41	64	363	166
White	452	279	48	65	204	64	39	63	360	162
Negro	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Vacant year-round	65	37	9	16	57	15	19	8	52	46
For sale only	27	4	—	3	40	2	3	1	20	15
Vacant less than 6 months	23	—	—	—	37	—	—	—	17	13
Median price asked	\$21 400	—	—	—	\$29 200	—	—	—	\$27 000	\$25 000
For rent	23	16	6	5	7	6	8	3	10	3
Vacant less than 2 months	8	11	6	5	4	3	5	—	8	—
Median rent asked	\$127	\$95	\$34	\$110	\$110	\$63	\$75	—	\$80	—
Other	15	17	3	8	10	7	8	4	22	28
LACKING SOME OR ALL PLUMBING FACILITIES										
All units	15	10	—	7	4	6	6	9	3	18
Owner occupied	9	3	—	5	3	3	4	6	2	10
Negro	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Renter occupied	4	4	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—
Negro	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Vacant year-round	2	3	—	—	1	2	1	2	—	—
For sale only	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
For rent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
COMPLETE KITCHEN FACILITIES AND ACCESS										
Lacking complete kitchen facilities	7	11	43	7	2	5	—	6	4	15
Access only through other living quarters	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
ROOMS										
1 room	8	8	13	3	2	1	—	3	3	5
2 rooms	29	35	33	11	5	11	4	5	13	12
3 rooms	117	95	—	22	41	29	19	20	203	40
4 rooms	431	262	—	50	126	66	46	63	181	178
5 rooms	485	327	2	92	331	97	76	88	316	245
6 rooms	595	325	1	97	472	87	59	76	349	228
7 rooms	302	159	8	54	351	56	37	39	237	171
8 rooms	110	57	1	28	198	28	22	17	136	98
9 rooms or more	43	32	1	18	182	27	25	19	182	108
Median	5.5	5.3	2.0	5.6	6.2	5.5	5.5	5.3	5.8	5.8
All occupied housing units	2 055	1 263	50	359	1 651	386	269	322	1 568	1 039
PERSONS										
1 person	196	164	36	36	133	42	16	27	267	99
2 persons	632	392	4	109	441	124	98	109	523	405
3 persons	370	201	4	67	302	57	48	66	232	163
4 persons	405	247	—	66	395	77	41	47	274	141
5 persons	251	128	3	36	248	42	30	33	144	115
6 persons or more	201	131	3	45	132	44	36	40	128	116
Median, all occupied units	3.0	2.9	1.2	3.0	3.3	3.0	2.9	2.9	2.5	2.6
Median, owner occupied units	3.0	2.8	—	3.0	3.4	3.1	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.5
Median, renter occupied units	3.0	3.1	1.2	3.1	3.2	2.5	3.4	3.0	1.7	3.5
Units with roomers, boarders, or lodgers	36	16	—	4	11	4	3	1	12	9
PERSONS PER ROOM										
1.00 or less	1 937	1 200	49	339	1 609	367	245	292	1 532	995
1.01 to 1.50	98	52	—	12	39	16	19	22	30	31
1.51 or more	20	11	1	8	3	3	5	8	6	13
Units with all plumbing facilities—1.01 or more	116	63	1	19	42	19	22	28	36	41
VALUE										
Specified owner occupied units ¹	1 330	751	—	245	1 422	243	153	140	1 088	575
Less than \$5,000	22	9	—	6	4	2	3	8	2	3
\$5,000 to \$7,499	41	18	—	8	9	8	6	5	10	10
\$7,500 to \$9,999	100	68	—	13	38	24	9	16	28	19
\$10,000 to \$14,999	253	236	—	72	182	58	31	37	151	66
\$15,000 to \$19,999	399	268	—	76	380	53	30	34	261	106
\$20,000 to \$24,999	380	86	—	40	319	31	14	11	269	123
\$25,000 to \$34,999	113	55	—	21	331	46	27	25	264	171
\$35,000 to \$49,999	19	11	—	8	121	19	16	3	83	57
\$50,000 or more	3	—	—	1	38	2	17	1	20	18
Median	\$18 400	\$15 700	—	\$16 300	\$21 500	\$17 600	\$19 500	\$15 500	\$21 700	\$23 400
CONTRACT RENT										
Specified renter occupied units ²	449	270	37	61	204	52	25	54	347	99
Less than \$30	16	1	13	2	1	3	—	—	2	11
\$30 to \$39	5	5	19	—	1	1	4	3	96	4
\$40 to \$59	47	27	2	5	18	7	4	8	68	13
\$60 to \$79	82	67	—	9	20	15	7	9	47	21
\$80 to \$99	99	48	1	11	34	8	3	3	47	13
\$100 to \$149	129	99	—	25	86	11	2	24	50	13
\$150 to \$199	50	9	—	4	30	—	2	2	16	9
\$200 to \$249	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	11	—
\$250 or more	—	—	—	1	3	—	—	—	—	1
No cash rent	21	14	2	4	8	5	3	5	10	14
Median	\$94	\$93	\$32	\$102	\$111	\$76	\$74	\$102	\$61	\$74

¹Limited to one-family homes on less than 10 acres and no business on property. ²Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-2. **Structural, Equipment, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970—Continued**

(Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text)

Census Tracts	Salem (part in Marion County)—Con.														
	Tract 0008	Tract 0009	Tract 0010	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0013	Tract 0016	Tract 0017	Tract 0019	Tract 0020	Tract 0021	Tract 0022	Tract 0023	Tract 0024	Tract 0028
All year-round housing units	27	2 744	984	1 315	1 691	1 362	18	149	62	236	1 624	1 611	125	9	—
UNITS IN STRUCTURE															
1 (includes mobile home or trailer)	22	1 726	707	1 177	1 316	980	...	138	19	212	1 391	1 553	112	...	—
2	5	162	73	21	55	43	...	—	—	6	19	23	13	...	—
3 and 4	—	209	60	48	30	41	...	11	—	—	42	9	—	...	—
5 to 49	—	647	144	69	275	298	...	—	43	18	172	26	—	...	—
50 or more	—	—	—	—	15	—	...	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	—
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT															
1969 to March 1970	—	30	134	89	22	4	...	10	—	6	190	79	15	...	—
1965 to 1968	—	175	114	158	120	124	...	37	—	15	198	224	22	...	—
1960 to 1964	—	278	55	82	194	159	...	17	4	31	340	353	17	...	—
1950 to 1959	—	320	191	708	309	511	...	43	11	121	616	710	19	...	—
1940 to 1949	—	433	154	196	349	150	...	31	40	41	144	159	10	...	—
1939 or earlier	27	1 508	336	82	697	414	...	11	7	22	136	86	42	...	—
HEATING EQUIPMENT															
Steam or hot water	27	133	—	25	19	59	...	—	47	—	5	24	—	...	—
Warm air furnace	—	1 183	357	918	884	663	...	84	11	140	1 057	1 257	48	...	—
Built-in electric units	—	902	325	237	522	386	...	27	4	65	455	214	56	...	—
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	—	89	81	39	115	9	...	33	—	15	37	72	6	...	—
Other means or not heated	—	437	221	96	151	245	...	5	—	16	70	44	15	...	—
BASEMENT															
All units with basement	27	1 214	105	351	832	740	...	10	—	46	242	418	13	...	—
One-family houses with basement	22	779	77	344	722	664	...	10	—	46	196	409	13	...	—
SELECTED EQUIPMENT															
With more than 1 bathroom	16	419	162	595	469	644	...	45	19	82	829	1 140	6	...	—
With public water supply	24	2 747	965	1 315	1 691	1 342	...	75	58	198	1 539	1 581	56	...	—
With public sewer	24	2 747	972	1 305	1 691	1 327	...	122	58	217	1 599	1 603	84	...	—
With air conditioning	6	178	91	52	71	70	...	35	—	26	92	112	—	...	—
Room unit(s)	6	134	44	20	47	37	...	29	—	18	39	25	—	...	—
Central system	—	44	47	32	24	33	...	6	—	8	53	87	—	...	—
All occupied housing units	24	2 585	916	1 267	1 628	1 326	...	147	58	247	1 534	1 547	109	...	—
YEAR MOVED INTO UNIT															
1968 to March 1970 .....	...	1 211	538	398	604	525	...	38	53	66	677	445	40	...	—
1965 to 1967 .....	...	389	174	329	266	177	...	39	5	81	301	377	28	...	—
1960 to 1964 .....	...	266	44	203	234	161	...	34	—	32	261	349	23	...	—
1950 to 1959 .....	...	394	72	279	331	324	...	36	—	62	232	330	6	...	—
1949 or earlier .....	...	325	88	58	193	139	...	—	—	6	63	46	12	...	—
AUTOMOBILES AVAILABLE															
1 .....	...	1 365	473	592	805	631	...	66	41	109	746	515	65	...	—
2 .....	...	607	280	516	489	469	...	52	—	105	636	838	34	...	—
3 or more .....	...	87	34	100	118	85	...	—	—	18	78	160	—	...	—
None .....	...	526	129	59	216	141	...	29	17	15	74	34	10	...	—
GROSS RENT															
Specified renter occupied units¹	27	1 421	465	275	637	500	...	46	40	47	386	168	39	...	—
Less than \$40	—	27	13	—	5	—	...	—	36	—	—	—	—	...	—
\$40 to \$59	5	124	29	—	21	18	...	—	—	—	—	8	—	...	—
\$60 to \$79	—	214	58	39	58	48	...	—	—	—	6	—	—	...	—
\$80 to \$99	—	289	68	40	109	72	...	—	4	—	45	—	—	...	—
\$100 to \$149	22	615	273	79	338	293	...	16	—	42	166	81	22	...	—
\$150 to \$199	—	113	8	95	69	45	...	16	—	—	133	52	5	...	—
\$200 to \$249	—	4	6	6	10	24	...	6	—	—	19	16	—	...	—
\$250 or more	—	—	—	—	5	—	...	—	—	—	5	6	—	...	—
No cash rent	—	35	10	16	22	—	...	8	—	5	12	5	12	...	—
Median	\$115	\$102	\$108	\$137	\$114	\$116	...	\$159	\$33	\$133	\$142	\$146	\$112	...	—
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME BY INCOME															
Specified renter occupied units¹	27	1 421	465	275	637	500	...	46	40	47	386	168	39	...	—
Less than \$5,000	—	640	217	58	242	177	...	17	18	5	130	41	19	...	—
Less than 20 percent	—	38	7	—	—	5	...	—	18	—	—	—	—	...	—
20 to 24 percent	—	60	4	—	24	4	...	—	—	—	6	—	—	...	—
25 to 34 percent	—	151	43	6	15	31	...	6	—	—	6	—	6	...	—
35 percent or more	—	366	147	46	192	132	...	11	—	—	118	36	5	...	—
Not computed	—	25	16	6	11	5	...	—	—	5	—	5	8	...	—
Median	—	35.0+	35.0+	35.0+	35.0+	35.0+	...	...	...	—	35.0+	35.0+	...	...	—
\$5,000 to \$9,999	5	494	166	116	253	186	...	19	18	26	129	49	6	...	—
Less than 20 percent	—	342	98	57	105	117	...	—	18	5	43	17	6	...	—
20 to 24 percent	—	84	53	—	93	55	...	—	—	21	24	11	—	...	—
25 to 34 percent	—	58	11	49	44	10	...	11	—	—	40	16	—	...	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	6	—	4	...	—	—	—	10	5	—	...	—
Not computed	—	10	4	4	11	—	...	8	—	—	12	—	—	...	—
Median .....	...	17.8	18.5	19.8	20.9	18.8	...	...	...	21.9	23.2	23.4	...	...	—
\$10,000 to \$14,999	11	246	55	76	95	107	...	10	4	11	76	55	14	...	—
25 percent or more	—	4	—	—	5	—	...	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	—
Not computed	—	—	—	6	—	—	...	—	—	—	—	5	4	...	—
Median .....	...	13.1	13.1	14.1	12.6	12.8	...	...	...	...	16.6	14.3	...	...	—
\$15,000 or more	11	41	27	25	47	30	...	—	—	5	51	23	—	...	—
25 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	—
Not computed	—	5	—	—	—	—	...	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	—
Median .....	...	10.0—	10.0—	10.0—	10.0—	10.0—	...	...	...	...	10.9	...	...	...	—

¹Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-2. Structural, Equipment, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970—Continued

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts	Balance of Marion County													
	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0007	Tract 0010	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0015	Tract 0016	Tract 0017	Tract 0018	Tract 0019	Tract 0020	Tract 0022	Tract 0023
All year-round housing units	392	171	43	12	4	1 591	1 998	2 122	1 174	1 640	6	157	42	282
UNITS IN STRUCTURE														
1 (includes mobile home or trailer)	257	155	24	...	...	1 387	1 810	1 941	1 132	1 546	...	157	42	276
2	12	16	19	...	...	15	69	19	13	56	...	-	-	-
3 and 4 .....	-	-	-	...	...	54	48	36	13	6	...	-	-	6
5 to 49	76	-	-	...	...	135	71	126	16	32	...	-	-	-
50 or more	47	-	-	...	...	-	-	-	-	-	...	-	-	-
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT														
1969 to March 1970	9	11	-	...	...	98	208	193	33	209	...	4	-	44
1965 to 1968	36	30	-	...	...	180	429	409	171	224	...	18	10	39
1960 to 1964	120	102	14	...	...	438	338	534	160	277	...	15	-	48
1950 to 1959	138	23	14	...	...	514	567	461	357	541	...	31	28	42
1940 to 1949	50	-	15	...	...	284	292	325	246	255	...	32	-	19
1939 or earlier	39	5	-	...	...	77	164	200	207	134	...	57	4	90
HEATING EQUIPMENT														
Steam or hot water .....	-	-	-	...	...	30	10	16	5	5	...	-	12	-
Warm air furnace	120	105	15	...	...	860	994	1 222	591	462	...	83	26	165
Built-in electric units	203	66	23	...	...	535	699	495	316	608	...	36	4	55
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	-	-	5	...	...	59	96	112	56	64	...	-	-	6
Other means or not heated	69	-	-	...	...	107	199	277	206	501	...	38	-	56
BASEMENT														
All units with basement	30	-	-	...	...	196	181	174	115	191	...	43	28	44
One-family houses with basement	30	-	-	...	...	191	176	165	115	183	...	43	28	44
SELECTED EQUIPMENT														
With more than 1 bathroom	114	112	5	...	...	772	880	928	341	609	...	30	32	153
With public water supply	323	170	39	...	...	1 300	1 522	1 086	462	1 097	...	-	-	30
With public sewer	321	178	33	...	...	1 500	1 822	1 785	905	1 346	...	-	-	28
With air conditioning	10	-	-	...	...	105	116	161	182	93	...	-	-	13
Room unit(s)	10	-	-	...	...	61	71	84	182	60	...	-	-	15
Central system .....	-	-	-	...	...	44	45	77	-	33	...	-	-	-
All occupied housing units	389	173	46	...	...	1 529	1 935	2 049	1 139	1 564	...	143	37	278
YEAR MOVED INTO UNIT														
1968 to March 1970	241	111	20	...	...	503	763	732	430	682	...	53	7	106
1965 to 1967	60	49	13	...	...	348	463	473	233	299	...	18	-	28
1960 to 1964	14	5	5	...	...	342	330	488	255	210	...	20	17	71
1950 to 1959	46	8	8	...	...	245	257	255	160	254	...	49	8	34
1949 or earlier	28	-	-	...	...	71	122	101	61	119	...	23	5	39
AUTOMOBILES AVAILABLE														
1	234	62	40	...	...	722	949	687	454	662	...	79	22	61
2	87	111	6	...	...	642	738	1 020	491	722	...	58	15	172
3 or more	34	-	-	...	...	106	106	228	105	111	...	17	-	30
None	34	-	-	...	...	59	142	114	89	69	...	9	-	15
GROSS RENT														
Specified renter occupied units¹	202	55	29	...	...	319	432	460	240	317	...	34	-	25
Less than \$40 .....	-	-	-	...	...	-	5	14	-	-	...	-	-	-
\$40 to \$59 .....	-	-	-	...	...	4	4	21	5	4	...	5	-	-
\$60 to \$79	24	-	19	...	...	21	27	52	27	23	...	5	-	5
\$80 to \$99	24	5	-	...	...	69	65	65	53	52	...	5	-	10
\$100 to \$149	131	30	10	...	...	115	230	185	98	51	...	20	-	-
\$150 to \$199	23	15	-	...	...	86	60	88	29	140	...	-	-	-
\$200 to \$249 .....	-	-	-	...	...	12	16	19	9	8	...	-	-	-
\$250 or more .....	-	-	-	...	...	-	4	-	-	5	...	-	-	5
No cash rent	-	5	-	...	...	12	21	16	19	34	...	-	-	-
Median	\$110	\$123	\$75	...	...	\$117	\$123	\$115	\$110	\$154	...	\$107	-	...
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME BY INCOME														
Specified renter occupied units¹	202	55	29	...	...	319	432	460	240	317	...	34	-	25
Less than \$5,000	74	11	14	...	...	95	138	131	79	87	...	14	-	5
Less than 20 percent .....	-	-	-	...	...	5	6	7	-	10	...	-	-	-
20 to 24 percent	13	-	6	...	...	5	7	9	8	5	...	-	-	5
25 to 34 percent	14	-	-	...	...	15	27	23	23	11	...	-	-	-
35 percent or more	41	6	8	...	...	53	86	87	42	41	...	9	-	-
Not computed	6	5	-	...	...	17	12	5	6	20	...	5	-	-
Median	35.0+	...	...	...	...	35.0+	35.0+	35.0+	35.0+	35.0+	...	...	-	...
\$5,000 to \$9,999	84	34	15	...	...	156	187	217	103	119	...	5	-	20
Less than 20 percent	52	18	10	...	...	69	81	113	53	29	...	-	-	-
20 to 24 percent	17	12	-	...	...	55	68	58	22	37	...	-	-	15
25 to 34 percent	15	4	5	...	...	25	28	21	15	33	...	5	-	-
35 percent or more .....	-	-	-	...	...	7	10	14	-	10	...	-	-	-
Not computed .....	-	-	-	...	...	-	-	11	13	10	...	-	-	5
Median	18.3	19.7	...	...	...	20.8	20.9	19.2	18.7	23.4	...	...	-	...
\$10,000 to \$14,999	33	-	-	...	...	44	82	86	46	76	...	6	-	-
25 percent or more .....	-	-	-	...	...	-	-	-	-	-	...	-	-	-
Not computed .....	-	-	-	...	...	-	13	-	-	-	...	-	-	-
Median	12.5	-	-	...	...	12.7	13.8	15.4	13.3	15.6	...	...	-	...
\$15,000 or more	11	10	-	...	...	24	25	26	12	35	...	9	-	-
25 percent or more .....	-	-	-	...	...	-	-	-	-	-	...	-	-	-
Not computed	-	5	-	...	...	-	-	-	-	4	...	-	-	-
Median .....	...	...	-	...	...	...	10.0	10.9	...	12.9	...	...	-	...

¹Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-2. Structural, Equipment, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970—Continued

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts	Balance of Marion County—Con.												
	Tract 0024	Tract 0025	Tract 0026	Tract 0027	Tract 0028	Tract 0101	Tract 0102	Tract 0103	Tract 0104	Tract 0105	Tract 0106	Tract 0107	Tract 0108
All year-round housing units	296	1 589	527	1 062	326	387	1 543	4 246	1 046	2 873	1 092	1 917	1 802
UNITS IN STRUCTURE													
1 (includes mobile home or trailer)	276	1 534	520	1 019	313	379	1 470	3 882	831	2 665	1 009	1 865	1 738
2	20	35	—	22	8	8	30	91	12	53	24	3	27
3 and 4	—	4	—	11	5	—	22	38	5	50	4	15	13
5 to 49	—	16	7	10	—	—	21	224	54	105	55	34	24
50 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	144	—	—	—	—
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT													
1969 to March 1970	10	123	16	85	21	15	98	211	28	119	56	79	69
1965 to 1968	61	209	55	165	55	14	209	1 054	215	248	192	217	181
1960 to 1964	57	150	52	131	44	19	211	872	53	166	98	281	163
1950 to 1959	42	363	90	174	51	65	202	529	111	347	214	322	366
1940 to 1949	36	279	64	121	61	102	130	393	95	342	161	327	265
1939 or earlier	90	465	250	386	94	172	693	1 187	544	1 651	371	691	758
HEATING EQUIPMENT													
Steam or hot water	—	15	8	15	—	—	26	42	150	40	9	13	17
Warm air furnace	153	675	356	432	188	147	722	1 782	387	949	196	574	523
Built-in electric units	68	283	112	241	41	28	319	837	216	683	141	429	256
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	6	133	5	32	9	10	30	249	14	210	4	37	64
Other means or not heated	69	483	46	342	88	202	446	1 336	279	991	742	864	942
BASEMENT													
All units with basement	139	268	209	228	105	116	266	295	384	956	176	293	204
One-family houses with basement	125	263	209	217	105	116	262	278	289	934	163	293	193
SELECTED EQUIPMENT													
With more than 1 bathroom	127	513	180	420	105	92	299	952	247	636	88	521	262
With public water supply	48	384	9	254	6	85	701	3 346	653	1 886	655	1 143	451
With public sewer	40	81	9	9	—	—	343	3 047	637	1 510	59	1 004	264
With air conditioning	65	98	25	86	15	32	189	343	35	160	98	117	77
Room unit(s)	32	67	—	42	7	19	99	247	19	113	91	49	70
Central system	33	31	25	44	8	13	90	96	16	47	7	68	7
All occupied housing units	275	1 512	521	1 033	325	373	1 475	4 034	897	2 787	698	1 823	1 703
YEAR MOVED INTO UNIT													
1968 to March 1970	80	489	113	371	95	105	521	1 362	280	973	272	602	551
1965 to 1967	52	334	92	221	72	77	295	1 168	166	446	145	323	337
1960 to 1964	84	229	70	191	55	47	246	743	95	492	110	339	285
1950 to 1959	32	308	105	145	62	64	164	424	112	431	132	300	321
1949 or earlier	27	152	141	105	41	80	249	337	244	445	39	259	209
AUTOMOBILES AVAILABLE													
1	85	765	149	317	144	177	672	2 500	496	1 526	446	780	664
2	177	558	261	486	128	142	580	917	229	755	156	752	720
3 or more	13	120	85	161	42	45	109	228	67	101	29	133	177
None	—	69	26	69	11	9	114	389	105	405	67	158	142
GROSS RENT													
Specified renter occupied units ¹	34	250	57	167	44	60	279	845	238	567	212	377	305
Less than \$40	—	7	—	6	—	—	5	47	11	12	—	5	—
\$40 to \$59	—	11	—	5	—	—	8	23	63	27	39	45	31
\$60 to \$79	7	64	—	38	—	—	15	62	82	26	119	58	72
\$80 to \$99	11	56	7	32	4	—	16	47	193	58	96	47	63
\$100 to \$149	16	46	29	41	15	10	113	293	83	191	26	143	91
\$150 to \$199	—	42	—	13	—	—	—	11	88	—	24	—	15
\$200 to \$249	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	13	—	9	7	6
\$250 or more	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	14	—	—
No cash rent	—	19	11	15	6	11	18	61	33	63	29	15	39
Median	\$98	\$89	\$108	\$89	\$80	\$83	\$96	\$101	\$95	\$95	\$75	\$103	\$95
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME BY INCOME													
Specified renter occupied units ¹	34	250	57	167	44	60	279	845	238	567	212	377	305
Less than \$5,000	—	100	12	83	20	20	109	274	128	265	88	143	144
Less than 20 percent	—	5	—	5	—	—	4	27	11	5	20	9	—
20 to 24 percent	—	12	—	18	4	—	15	15	20	27	—	6	10
25 to 34 percent	—	22	—	23	5	—	10	40	28	52	10	49	38
35 percent or more	—	51	7	27	—	10	71	156	49	132	37	69	67
Not computed	—	10	—	10	6	6	7	36	20	49	21	10	29
Median .....	...	35.0+	...	30.9	...	...	35.0+	35.0+	33.2	35.0+	35.0+	35.0+	35.0+
\$5,000 to \$9,999	17	93	20	50	20	30	111	358	101	233	84	151	134
Less than 20 percent	17	65	—	35	14	20	82	182	60	143	76	95	96
20 to 24 percent	—	—	10	15	—	5	15	85	18	40	—	18	33
25 to 34 percent	—	4	—	—	—	—	8	71	5	24	—	33	—
35 percent or more	—	10	5	—	—	—	10	—	—	10	—	—	—
Not computed	—	14	5	—	6	5	6	10	18	16	8	5	5
Median .....	...	15.6	...	17.5	...	13.9	16.9	19.6	16.0	17.8	13.3	17.4	16.4
\$10,000 to \$14,999	12	52	19	34	—	5	54	174	9	59	21	67	11
25 percent or more	—	—	6	5	—	—	5	20	—	—	—	5	5
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	...	13.9	...	14.8	...	...	12.5	12.9	...	12.7	...	16.2	...
\$15,000 or more	5	5	6	—	4	5	5	39	—	10	19	16	16
25 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10.0-	...	...	...	...	...

¹Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-2. Structural, Equipment, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970—Continued

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts	Salem (part in Polk County)			Balance of Polk County						Totals for split tracts in Marion County				
	Tract 0051	Tract 0052	Tract 0053	Tract 0052	Tract 0053	Tract 0201	Tract 0202	Tract 0203	Tract 0204	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0007	Tract 0010	Tract 0013
All year-round housing units	958	957	54	606	1 025	321	3 079	3 189	1 515	1 388	1 629	1 483	996	1 366
UNITS IN STRUCTURE														
1 (includes mobile home or trailer)	686	882	54	392	1 025	321	2 769	2 429	1 458	975	1 426	1 092	719	984
2	29	29	—	7	—	—	62	71	15	62	35	57	73	43
3 and 4	99	30	—	195	—	—	74	102	10	51	20	96	40	41
5 to 49	144	16	—	12	—	—	174	587	32	238	92	238	144	298
50 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	62	56	—	—	—
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT														
1969 to March 1970	49	66	6	20	138	—	145	199	35	9	114	105	134	4
1965 to 1968	102	130	5	216	214	5	260	570	112	224	131	235	114	124
1960 to 1964	85	208	18	103	129	15	298	501	99	287	273	242	55	159
1950 to 1959	111	289	25	153	174	51	653	519	220	347	637	460	191	511
1940 to 1949	371	166	—	75	82	25	672	366	302	336	224	330	158	150
1939 or earlier	240	98	—	39	288	225	1 051	1 034	747	185	250	111	344	418
HEATING EQUIPMENT														
Steam or hot water	5	25	—	4	31	—	72	31	—	7	6	35	—	59
Warm air furnace	68	437	34	151	599	89	1 272	640	212	445	688	736	365	663
Built-in electric units	666	365	16	346	178	31	431	1 377	149	561	513	564	325	386
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	42	4	—	5	39	21	264	172	65	58	99	99	81	13
Other means or not heated	177	126	4	100	178	180	1 040	969	1 089	317	323	49	225	245
BASEMENT														
All units with basement	164	470	35	174	430	52	444	355	185	189	126	166	109	744
One-family houses with basement	125	459	35	162	430	52	429	309	181	149	116	160	81	668
SELECTED EQUIPMENT														
With more than 1 bathroom	55	672	48	251	566	49	884	775	112	298	475	378	167	644
With public water supply	967	921	43	524	385	12	2 632	2 634	707	1 304	1 479	1 296	965	1 342
With public sewer	967	893	7	265	146	6	2 054	2 494	275	1 302	1 610	1 463	972	1 327
With air conditioning	112	127	6	11	71	15	211	131	28	38	60	76	91	70
Room unit(s)	100	74	6	5	23	15	147	77	21	38	33	61	44	37
Central system	12	53	—	6	48	—	64	54	7	—	27	15	47	33
All occupied housing units	913	912	55	587	986	324	3 010	3 049	1 376	1 336	1 563	1 427	927	1 326
YEAR MOVED INTO UNIT														
1968 to March 1970	410	267	16	289	355	111	1 157	1 608	412	709	620	510	544	525
1965 to 1967	117	261	7	130	208	44	523	392	322	167	282	333	174	177
1960 to 1964	99	198	26	84	171	55	469	444	203	174	271	250	44	161
1950 to 1959	118	155	6	60	144	22	466	227	241	187	270	257	72	324
1949 or earlier	169	31	—	24	108	92	395	378	198	99	120	77	93	139
AUTOMOBILES AVAILABLE														
1	485	268	14	234	437	185	1 408	1 510	639	737	684	749	484	631
2	177	474	35	222	410	109	933	877	510	328	603	443	280	469
3 or more	25	148	6	17	110	23	282	271	150	101	111	85	34	85
None	226	22	—	114	29	7	387	391	77	170	165	150	129	141
GROSS RENT														
Specified renter occupied units ¹	454	86	...	252	71	...	806	1 287	334	676	569	532	465	500
Less than \$40	6	—	...	75	7	...	32	32	10	4	10	10	13	—
\$40 to \$59	30	—	...	57	—	...	70	78	32	10	76	20	29	18
\$60 to \$79	108	13	...	59	5	...	119	123	170	74	46	57	58	48
\$80 to \$99	122	35	...	26	14	...	150	250	54	119	74	42	68	72
\$100 to \$149	142	27	...	22	19	...	330	543	32	405	245	350	273	293
\$150 to \$199	17	6	...	13	12	...	42	155	5	48	87	36	8	45
\$200 to \$249	—	5	...	—	—	...	5	32	—	—	7	5	6	24
\$250 or more	—	—	...	—	7	...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No cash rent	29	—	...	—	7	...	58	74	31	16	24	12	10	—
Median	\$93	\$98	...	\$57	\$122	...	\$100	\$108	\$74	\$109	\$112	\$118	\$108	\$116
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME BY INCOME														
Specified renter occupied units ¹	454	86	...	252	71	...	806	1 287	334	676	569	532	465	500
Less than \$5,000	251	25	...	186	19	...	363	761	98	263	236	206	217	177
Less than 20 percent	17	—	...	29	7	...	21	41	26	5	31	5	7	5
20 to 24 percent	18	—	...	53	—	...	26	42	10	24	11	12	4	4
25 to 34 percent	60	12	...	23	—	...	112	110	6	72	16	60	43	31
35 percent or more	131	13	...	75	5	...	177	470	45	138	158	123	147	132
Not computed	25	—	...	6	7	...	27	98	11	24	20	6	16	5
Median	35.0+	35.0+	...	28.5	...	...	35.0+	35.0+	35.0+	35.0+	35.0+	35.0+	35.0+	35.0+
\$5,000 to \$9,999	146	40	...	47	31	...	316	318	170	279	253	254	166	186
Less than 20 percent	85	34	...	30	19	...	207	159	140	170	119	108	98	117
20 to 24 percent	7	—	...	10	5	...	63	102	16	41	80	80	53	55
25 to 34 percent	44	6	...	—	7	...	25	42	—	62	43	59	11	10
35 percent or more	—	—	...	7	—	...	—	5	—	7	7	7	—	4
Not computed	10	—	...	—	—	...	21	10	14	6	4	—	4	—
Median	17.7	14.3	...	17.5	19.1	...	17.9	19.8	12.4	18.4	20.3	21.2	18.5	18.8
\$10,000 to \$14,999	45	21	...	19	—	...	86	142	55	101	41	61	55	107
25 percent or more	—	—	...	—	—	...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	...	—	—	...	10	6	6	—	—	6	—	—
Median	11.7	...	...	...	...	...	13.6	13.0	10.0	12.7	15.3	13.3	13.1	12.8
\$15,000 or more	12	—	...	—	21	...	41	66	11	33	39	11	27	30
25 percent or more	—	—	...	—	—	...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	...	—	—	...	—	—	—	6	5	—	—	—
Median .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	10.0	10.0	...	10.0	10.0	...	10.0	10.0

¹Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-2. Structural, Equipment, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970—Continued

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts	Totals for split tracts in Marion County—Con.								Totals for split tracts in Polk County	
	Tract 0016	Tract 0017	Tract 0019	Tract 0020	Tract 0022	Tract 0023	Tract 0024	Tract 0028	Tract 0052	Tract 0053
All year-round housing units	2 140	1 323	68	393	1 653	407	305	326	1 563	1 079
UNITS IN STRUCTURE										
1 (includes mobile home or trailer)	1 959	1 270	25	369	1 595	388	285	313	1 274	1 079
2	19	13	—	6	23	13	20	8	36	—
3 and 4	36	24	—	—	9	6	—	5	225	—
5 to 49	126	16	43	18	26	—	—	—	28	—
50 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1969 to March 1970	193	43	—	10	79	59	10	21	86	144
1965 to 1968	413	208	—	33	234	61	61	55	346	219
1960 to 1964	548	177	4	46	353	65	57	44	311	147
1950 to 1959	461	400	11	152	738	61	42	51	442	199
1940 to 1949	325	277	40	73	159	29	36	61	241	82
1939 or earlier	200	218	13	79	90	132	99	94	137	288
HEATING EQUIPMENT										
Steam or hot water	16	5	47	—	36	—	—	—	29	31
Warm air furnace	1 222	675	11	223	1 283	213	157	188	588	633
Built-in electric units	499	343	4	101	218	111	73	41	711	194
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	112	89	—	15	72	12	6	9	9	39
Other means or not heated	291	211	6	54	44	71	69	88	226	182
BASEMENT										
All units with basement	174	125	—	89	446	57	148	105	644	465
One-family houses with basement	165	125	—	89	437	57	134	105	621	465
SELECTED EQUIPMENT										
With more than 1 bathroom	934	386	19	112	1 172	159	133	105	923	614
With public water supply	1 086	537	58	198	1 581	86	48	6	1 455	428
With public sewer	1 805	1 027	58	217	1 603	114	40	—	1 158	153
With air conditioning	161	217	—	26	112	28	65	15	138	77
Room unit(s)	84	211	—	18	25	13	32	7	79	29
Central system	77	6	—	8	87	15	33	8	59	48
All occupied housing units	2 069	1 286	58	410	1 584	387	281	325	1 499	1 041
YEAR MOVED INTO UNIT										
1968 to March 1970	732	468	53	119	452	146	80	95	556	371
1965 to 1967	493	272	5	99	377	56	58	72	391	215
1960 to 1964	488	289	—	52	366	94	84	55	282	197
1950 to 1959	255	196	—	111	338	40	32	62	215	150
1949 or earlier	101	61	—	29	51	51	27	41	55	108
AUTOMOBILES AVAILABLE										
1	693	520	41	188	537	126	85	144	502	451
2	1 034	543	—	163	853	206	183	128	696	445
3 or more	228	105	—	35	160	30	13	42	165	116
None	114	118	17	24	34	25	—	11	136	29
GROSS RENT										
Specified renter occupied units ¹	460	286	40	81	168	64	34	44	338	77
Less than \$40	14	—	36	—	—	—	—	—	75	7
\$40 to \$59	21	5	—	5	8	—	—	5	57	—
\$60 to \$79	52	27	—	4	—	5	7	14	72	5
\$80 to \$99	65	53	4	5	—	—	11	4	61	14
\$100 to \$149	185	114	—	62	81	32	16	15	49	19
\$150 to \$199	88	45	—	—	52	5	—	—	19	12
\$200 to \$249	19	15	—	—	16	—	—	—	5	7
\$250 or more	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—
No cash rent	16	27	—	5	5	17	—	6	—	13
Median	\$115	\$115	\$33	\$126	\$146	\$110	\$98	\$80	\$72	\$122
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME BY INCOME										
Specified renter occupied units ¹	460	286	40	81	168	64	34	44	338	77
Less than \$5,000	131	96	18	19	41	24	—	20	211	19
Less than 20 percent	7	—	18	—	—	—	—	5	29	7
20 to 24 percent	9	8	—	—	—	5	—	4	53	—
25 to 34 percent	23	29	—	—	—	6	—	5	35	—
35 percent or more	87	53	—	9	36	5	—	—	88	5
Not computed	5	6	—	10	5	8	—	6	6	7
Median	35.0+	35.0+	...	...	35.0+	...	...	...	30.9	...
\$5,000 to \$9,999	217	122	18	31	49	26	17	20	87	31
Less than 20 percent	113	53	18	5	17	6	17	14	64	19
20 to 24 percent	58	22	—	21	11	15	—	—	10	5
25 to 34 percent	21	26	—	5	16	—	—	—	6	7
35 percent or more	14	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	7	—
Not computed	11	21	—	—	—	5	—	6	—	—
Median	19.2	19.6	...	22.5	23.4	...	...	...	15.7	19.1
\$10,000 to \$14,999	86	56	4	17	55	14	12	—	40	—
25 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	5	4	—	—	—	—
Median	15.4	13.5	...	...	14.3	...	...	...	12.9	...
\$15,000 or more	26	12	—	14	23	—	5	4	—	27
25 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6
Median	10.9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

¹Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-3. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With Negro Head of Household: 1970**

[For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts With 400 or More Negro Population

	Marion County			Polk County			
	Total SMSA	Total	Salem (part)	Balance	Total	Salem (part)	Balance
All occupied housing units	83	60	33	27	23	1	22
TENURE AND PLUMBING							
Owner occupied	19	18	5	13	1	-	1
With all plumbing facilities	19	18	5	13	...	-	...
Renter occupied	64	42	28	14	22	1	21
With all plumbing facilities	59	40	26	14	19	...	18
ROOMS							
1 room	3	2	2	-	1	...	1
2 rooms	6	2	1	1	4	...	4
3 and 4 rooms	46	34	17	17	12	...	11
5 and 6 rooms	20	15	9	6	5	...	5
7 rooms or more	8	7	4	3	1	...	1
Median	4.1	4.1	4.2	4.1	4.0	...	4.0
PERSONS							
1 person	20	15	11	4	5	...	5
2 and 3 persons	29	21	10	11	8	...	8
4 and 5 persons	17	12	6	6	5	...	4
6 persons or more	17	12	6	6	5	...	5
Median	2.8	2.8	2.4	3.1	2.8	...	2.5
Units with roomers, boarders, or lodgers	4	1	1	-	3	...	3
PERSONS PER ROOM							
1.00 or less	69	49	28	21	20	...	19
1.01 to 1.50	8	6	5	1	2	...	2
1.51 or more	6	5	-	5	1	...	1
Units with all plumbing facilities - 1.01 or more	14	11	5	6	3	...	3
VALUE							
Specified owner occupied units¹	13	12	5	7	...	-	...
Less than \$5,000	1	-	-	-	...	-	...
\$5,000 to \$9,999	4	4	1	3	...	-	...
\$10,000 to \$14,999	4	4	3	1	...	-	...
\$15,000 to \$19,999	3	3	1	2	...	-	...
\$20,000 to \$34,999	1	1	-	1	...	-	...
\$35,000 or more	-	-	-	-	...	-	...
Median	\$11 900	\$12 500	\$13 100	\$11 300	...	-	...
CONTRACT RENT							
Specified renter occupied units²	58	41	28	13	17	...	16
Median	\$74	\$75	\$74	\$76	\$69	...	\$68

¹Limited to one-family homes on less than 10 acres and no business on property.

²Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more and all "no cash rent" units.

Table H-4. **Structural, Equipment, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With Negro Head of Household: 1970**

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

**Census Tracts With
400 or More Negro
Population**

	Total SMSA	Marion County			Polk County		
		Total	Salem (part)	Balance	Total	Salem (part)	Balance
All occupied housing units	48	30	26	4	18	-	18
UNITS IN STRUCTURE							
1 (includes mobile home or trailer)	28	15	11	...	-	-	...
2 to 4	5	5	5	...	-	-	...
5 or more	15	10	10	...	-	-	...
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT							
1960 to March 1970	-	-	-	...	-	-	...
1950 to 1959	-	-	-	...	-	-	...
1949 or earlier	48	30	26	...	-	-	...
SELECTED EQUIPMENT							
With air conditioning	-	-	-	...	-	-	...
With more than 1 bathroom	13	8	8	...	-	-	...
With central or built-in heating system	30	26	26	...	-	-	...
With public water supply	46	35	35	...	-	-	...
With public sewer	46	35	35	...	-	-	...
With automobile(s) available	38	28	28	...	-	-	...
1	33	28	28	...	-	-	...
2 or more	5	-	-	...	-	-	...
YEAR MOVED INTO UNIT							
1968 to March 1970	46	35	35	...	-	-	...
1960 to 1967	5	-	-	...	-	-	...
1959 or earlier	-	-	-	...	-	-	...
GROSS RENT							
Specified renter occupied units ¹	34	26	26	-	-	-	...
Less than \$40	5	5	5	-	-	-	...
\$40 to \$59	5	-	-	-	-	-	...
\$60 to \$79	5	5	5	-	-	-	...
\$80 to \$99	-	-	-	-	-	-	...
\$100 to \$149	14	11	11	-	-	-	...
\$150 to \$199	5	5	5	-	-	-	...
\$200 or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	...
No cash rent	-	-	-	-	-	-	...
Median	\$106	\$115	\$115	-	-	-	...
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME BY INCOME							
Less than \$10,000	34	26	26	-	-	-	...
25 percent or more	21	16	16	-	-	-	...
35 percent or more	14	9	9	-	-	-	...
Not computed	-	-	-	-	-	-	...
Median	30.7	29.3	29.3	-	-	-	...

¹Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-5. Characteristics of Housing Units With Household Head of Spanish Language: 1970

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

**Census Tracts With
400 or More Persons
of Spanish Language**

	Marion County			Polk County			Balance of Marion County			Balance of Polk County	
	Total SMSA	Total	Salem (part)	Balance	Total	Salem (part)	Balance	Tract 0025	Tract 0103	Tract 0108	Tract 0203
All occupied housing units	1 019	845	257	588	174	14	160	70	220	62	67
TENURE AND PLUMBING											
Owner occupied	458	357	99	258	101	14	87	15	88	46	32
With all plumbing facilities	451	350	99	251	101	...	87	...	81	46	...
Renter occupied	561	488	158	330	73	...	73	55	132	16	35
With all plumbing facilities	491	418	118	300	73	...	73	46	126	...	35
ROOMS											
1 room	57	57	35	22	-	...	-	-	22	-	-
2 rooms	100	74	17	57	26	...	18	23	25	-	18
3 and 4 rooms	297	244	53	191	53	...	53	24	64	27	17
5 and 6 rooms	433	370	125	245	63	...	63	23	102	35	21
7 rooms or more	132	100	27	73	32	...	26	-	7	-	11
UNITS IN STRUCTURE											
1 (includes mobile home or trailer)	883	720	186	534	163	...	149	63	198	62	56
2 to 4	65	60	28	32	5	...	5	7	11	-	5
5 or more	71	65	43	22	6	...	6	-	11	-	6
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT											
1960 to March 1970	129	103	21	82	26	...	26	-	13	-	13
1950 to 1959	196	145	49	96	51	...	43	-	39	29	21
1949 or earlier	694	597	187	410	97	...	91	70	168	33	33
PERSONS											
1 person	69	69	63	6	-	...	-	-	-	-	-
2 and 3 persons	337	256	102	154	81	...	67	15	61	6	12
4 and 5 persons	233	203	59	144	30	...	30	7	62	13	17
6 persons or more	380	317	33	284	63	...	63	48	97	43	38
Median	4.2	4.3	2.9	5.4	3.9	...	4.3	7.3	5.0	6.7	5.9
Units with roomers, boarders, or lodgers	19	19	6	13	-	...	-	-	6	-	-
PERSONS PER ROOM											
1.00 or less	601	493	239	254	108	...	102	24	58	22	27
1.01 to 1.50	221	177	6	171	44	...	36	5	93	23	18
1.51 or more	197	175	12	163	22	...	22	41	69	17	22
Units with all plumbing facilities - 1.01 or more	390	324	18	306	66	...	58	37	149	40	40
YEAR MOVED INTO UNIT											
1968 to March 1970	535	449	138	311	86	...	78	54	131	29	36
1960 to 1967	438	363	98	265	75	...	75	16	89	33	31
1959 or earlier	46	33	21	12	13	...	7	-	-	-	-
SELECTED EQUIPMENT											
With air conditioning	70	58	13	45	12	...	6	-	13	6	-
With more than 1 bathroom	139	113	19	94	26	...	26	18	7	9	12
With central or built-in heating system	487	408	194	214	79	...	65	23	60	8	17
With public water supply	707	571	248	323	136	...	122	26	163	-	67
With public sewer	668	547	257	290	121	...	107	-	163	-	67
With automobile(s) available	966	792	229	563	174	...	160	70	207	56	67
1	475	368	115	253	107	...	99	38	100	23	41
2 or more	491	424	114	310	67	...	61	32	107	33	26
VALUE											
Specified owner occupied units ¹	407	320	78	242	87	...	73	...	81	37	...
Less than \$5,000	54	47	-	47	7	...	7	...	14	20	...
\$5,000 to \$9,999	102	67	-	67	35	...	21	...	41	-	...
\$10,000 to \$14,999	112	93	38	55	19	...	19	...	26	9	...
\$15,000 to \$19,999	91	65	33	32	26	...	26	...	-	8	...
\$20,000 to \$34,999	41	41	7	34	-	...	-	...	-	-	...
\$35,000 or more	7	7	-	7	-	...	-	...	-	-	...
Median	\$11 800	\$12 100	\$15 100	\$10 400	\$10 300	...	\$11 900	...	\$8 900	\$5000-	...
GROSS RENT											
Specified renter occupied units ²	520	453	158	295	67	-	67	48	132	...	35
Less than \$40	17	17	8	9	-	-	-	9	-	...	-
\$40 to \$59	77	71	25	46	6	-	6	-	15	...	6
\$60 to \$79	110	74	23	51	36	-	36	9	22	...	11
\$80 to \$99	128	128	36	92	-	-	-	16	68	...	-
\$100 to \$149	141	116	59	57	25	-	25	9	19	...	18
\$150 to \$199	11	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	-
\$200 or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	...	-
No cash rent	36	36	7	29	-	-	-	5	8	...	-
Median	\$85	\$86	\$95	\$83	\$76	-	\$76	\$82	\$85	...	\$102
CONTRACT RENT											
Specified renter occupied units ³	520	453	158	295	67	-	67	48	132	...	35
Median	\$60	\$60	\$62	\$59	\$57	-	\$57	\$54	\$60	...	\$91
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME BY INCOME											
Less than \$10,000	458	412	152	260	46	-	46	41	126	...	30
25 percent or more	131	125	37	88	6	-	6	18	64	...	6
35 percent or more	82	82	11	71	-	-	-	18	53	...	-
Not computed	36	36	7	29	-	-	-	5	8	...	-
Median	20.6	21.3	22.0	19.8	16.2	-	16.2	20.0	29.5	...	...

¹Limited to one-family homes on less than 10 acres and no business on property.

²Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

³Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more and all "no cash rent" units.

Appendix A.—AREA CLASSIFICATIONS

CENSUS TRACTS	App-1
Definition of census tract	App-1
Historical background	App-1
Description of tracted area	App-1
Comparability from census to census	App-1
STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS	App-2

CENSUS TRACTS

Definition of census tract.—Census tracts are small areas into which large cities and adjacent areas have been divided for statistical purposes. Tract boundaries were established cooperatively by a local committee and the Bureau of the Census. Tracts were generally designed to be relatively uniform with respect to population characteristics, economic status, and living conditions. The average tract has about 4,000 residents. Tract boundaries are established with the intention of being maintained over a long time so that comparisons may be made from census to census.

In the decennial censuses, the Bureau of the Census tabulates population and housing information for each census tract. The practice of local agencies to tabulate locally collected data by tracts has increased the value of census tract data in many areas.

Tracts are generally numbered in a consecutive series, with separate series for the central city and for each county. Insofar as possible, the numbers are consecutive within each city, community, township, and the like. In these tables, tracts which contain no population and no housing units are not listed. Tracts populated only by crews of vessels are identified by the tract number suffix "99."

Historical background.—The concept of census tracts was originated by the late Dr. Walter Laidlaw in New York City in 1906. He was convinced of the need for data for homogeneous subdivisions of cities as a basis for studying neighborhoods smaller than boroughs or wards. At his request, the Bureau of the Census tabulated census tract data from the 1910 census for New York and seven other cities with a population of over 500,000. Tract data were again tabulated for the same 8 cities in 1920, and in 1930 this number was increased to 18. In 1940, tract data were tabulated for 60 cities, some with adjacent tracted areas; and, beginning in 1940, housing data were added to the population data in the tract reports. In 1950, final reports were published for 64 tracted areas, many of which included statistics for two or more large cities. By 1960, the program had expanded to include reports for 180 tracted areas (of which 3 were in Puerto Rico).

Tract statistics from the 1970 census are published for 241 areas, 238 in the United States and 3 in the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico. All of these tracted areas are standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's). The goal of extending the census tract program to all SMSA's was achieved in the 1970 census except for six areas that were designated as SMSA's on the basis of the 1970 census count and had not been tracted.

Much of the credit for the growing interest in tract data belongs to the late Howard Whipple Green of Cleveland. He aroused the interest of research workers in numerous cities in the potential usefulness of tract statistics for the analysis of sociological, marketing, and administrative

problems. In his capacity as Chairman of the Committee on Census Enumeration Areas of the American Statistical Association for 25 years, he accepted the responsibility for appointing a Census Tract Key Person in each area where tracts were established, for providing guidance on delineating and maintaining census tracts, and for maintaining a census tract library. These duties were assumed by the Bureau of the Census in 1955. However, the Census Bureau no longer appoints Census Tract Key Persons. They are selected by the local census tract committees.

For a further discussion of census tract data and their uses, see U.S. Bureau of the Census, *Census Tract Manual*, Fifth Edition, 1966, Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402.

Description of tracted area.—The map included in this report identifies the boundaries of the area for which the tract statistics are presented. The map also identifies the location and number of each tract and, when appropriate, the limits of cities, townships, counties, or other subdivisions of the tracted area. Boundaries of the tracted area generally constitute a standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA). A few, however, include the SMSA plus an adjoining area outside it. These are designated as including the adjacent area, and the map covers the tracts in the adjacent area as well as those in the SMSA itself.

Comparability from census to census.—One of the principles followed in relation to census tracts is to preserve comparability from census to census. Keeping tract boundaries unchanged makes possible the study of changes

in social and economic characteristics of neighborhoods. There are, nonetheless, several situations where boundaries of individual tracts are changed. For example, it is sometimes necessary to change the boundaries of tracts to add small areas annexed to a city. Similarly, changes in tract boundaries occur when territory is detached from a city or separately incorporated. Changes may also occur in physical features that are used as tract boundaries, such as street or highway relocations. The census tract limits are changed to conform with the revised feature or to follow another nearby visible feature. Census tracts with very large increases in population are subdivided into two or more smaller tracts. On the other hand, a re-examination of the existing tract boundaries may result in modifications of boundaries to provide larger or more homogeneous units. Tables A and B, showing the comparability of tracts between 1960 and 1970, appear at the end of the Introduction.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS

The Bureau of the Census recognizes 243 standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's) in the United States and 4 in Puerto Rico, making a total of 247 in the 1970 census. These include the 231 SMSA's as defined and named in the Bureau of the Budget publication, **Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas: 1967**, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. Since 1967, 16 SMSA's have been added; of which two were defined in January 1968 and an additional 14 were defined in February 1971 on the basis of the results of the 1970 census. Changes in SMSA boundaries or titles made after February 1971 are not recognized in this series of reports. SMSA's are defined by the Office of Management and Budget (formerly Bureau of the Budget).

Except in the New England States, a standard metropolitan statistical area

is a county or group of contiguous counties which contains at least one city of 50,000 inhabitants or more, or "twin cities" with a combined population of at least 50,000. In addition to the county or counties containing such a city or cities, contiguous counties are included in an SMSA if, according to certain criteria, they are socially and economically integrated with the central city. In the New England States, SMSA's consist of towns and cities instead of counties. In recent years, four cities (High Point, N.C., Macon, Ga., Oklahoma City, Okla., and Sioux Falls, S. Dak.) have annexed territory which lies outside the boundaries of the SMSA. The figures shown in the tables for these cities exclude the portions which lie outside the SMSA. Each SMSA must include at least one central city, and the complete title of an SMSA identifies the central city or cities. For a detailed description of the criteria used in defining SMSA's, see the Bureau of the Budget publication cited above.

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GENERAL

Facsimiles of the census questions and more complete definitions of the subject characteristics may be found in the 1970 Population Census PC(1)-C reports for population items and in the 1970 Housing Census HC(1)-B reports for housing items.

Certain characteristics defined here appear in both the population and the housing tables. Definitions for such characteristics are presented only once, in the section "Population Characteristics" or in the section "Housing Characteristics," depending on the nature of the subject (except for "group quarters," which appears in both sections).

POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS

Age.—The age classification is based on the age of the person in completed years as of April 1, 1970, and was determined from the reply to questions on age and on month and year of birth.

Race.—Data are shown for two racial categories, white and Negro. The

category "white" includes persons who indicated their race as white, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories on the questionnaire but entered Mexican, Puerto Rican, or a response suggesting Indo-European stock. The category "Negro" includes persons who indicated their race as Negro or Black, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories on the questionnaire but who had such entries as Jamaican, Trinidadian, West Indian, Haitian, and Ethiopian. All other racial categories, such as American Indian, Japanese, and Chinese, are included in the total but not shown separately. The classification by race shown for occupied housing units refers to the race of the head of the household occupying the unit.

Differences in the statistics on race in tables P-1, H-1, and H-3, containing 100-percent data, and tables P-5, P-6, and H-4, containing sample data, are due partly to the manual editing of the sample questionnaires. Many persons who reported their race as "Other" on the questionnaire also supplied a write-in entry that indicated the proper race classification should have been one of the specific race categories, e.g., white, Negro, etc. While the field edit procedures included a review of such entries on all questionnaires before the 100-percent data were tabulated, manual editing of the sample questionnaires after the 100-percent data were tabulated resulted in some further changes in classification by race.

Nativity, parentage, and country of origin.—The category "native" comprises persons born in the United

States, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico or an outlying area of the United States, or at sea. Also included in this category is the small number of persons who, although they were born in a foreign country, have at least one native American parent. The category "foreign-born" includes all persons not classified as native. The category "native of native parentage" comprises native persons both of whose parents are also natives of the United States. "Native of foreign or mixed parentage" comprises native persons one or both of whose parents are foreign born.

The category "foreign stock" includes the foreign-born population and the native population of foreign or mixed parentage. In this report, persons of foreign stock are classified according to their country of origin. Natives of foreign parentage whose parents were born in different countries are classified according to the country of birth of the father. Natives of mixed parentage are classified according to the country of birth of the foreign-born parent.

Spanish heritage.—In the census tract reports, separate tables are presented for the population of Spanish heritage, which is variously identified in the reports for different areas: in 42 States and the District of Columbia it is identified as "Persons of Spanish language"; in five Southwestern States, as "Persons of Spanish language or Spanish surname"; and in the Middle Atlantic States, as "Persons of Puerto Rican birth or parentage." Similarly, separate housing statistics are presented for housing units in these categories, identified on the basis of the classification of the household head occupying the unit. The specific definitions

involved in identifying these population groups are given below.

Spanish language.—Persons of Spanish language comprise persons of Spanish mother tongue (see definition below) and all other persons in families in which the head or wife reported Spanish as his or her mother tongue. A housing unit is classified as occupied by persons of Spanish language if the head or his wife reported Spanish as his or her mother tongue.

Spanish surname.—In five Southwestern States (Arizona, California, Colorado, New Mexico, and Texas) persons with Spanish surnames are identified. Separate statistics are presented, in these States, for persons of Spanish language combined with all additional persons of Spanish surname. These additional persons are shown in the category "Other persons of Spanish surname."

Puerto Rican birth or parentage.—The population of Puerto Rican birth or parentage includes persons born in Puerto Rico and persons born in the United States or an outlying area with one or both parents born in Puerto Rico. Statistics for this group are shown for areas in New York, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania.

Spanish mother tongue.—Mother tongue is defined as the language spoken in the person's home when he was a child.

In two tracted areas that cross State lines, Wilmington, Del.—N.J.—Md., and Texarkana, Tex.—Ark., the population of Spanish heritage in each State portion is identified, for tabula-

tion purposes, in the manner specified above for that State, and the segments for the different States are combined to form a total for the area. The term used to describe this population in tables P-7, P-8, and H-5, however, is the term applicable in the State containing the major portion of the SMSA. Thus, for the Wilmington SMSA, the term applicable in Delaware, "Persons of Spanish language," is used; and in the Texarkana SMSA the term applicable in Texas, "Persons of Spanish language or Spanish surname," is used.

Household.—A household includes all the persons who occupy a group of rooms or a single room which constitutes a housing unit (see definition of housing unit, below). The average population per household is obtained by dividing the population in households by the number of household heads.

The population per household for Negroes and persons of Spanish heritage, shown in tables P-5 and P-7, may not in all cases be a true representation of the household size for these groups. For example, some persons of a given group may be roomers or domestic employees living with household heads of a different ethnic classification.

Relationship to head of household.—Four categories of relationship to head of household are recognized in this report:

1. **Head of household.**—One person in each household is designated as the "head," that is, the person who is regarded as the head by the members of the household. However, if a married woman living with her husband was reported as the head, her husband was con-

sidered the head for the purpose of simplifying the tabulations. Two types of household heads are distinguished — the head of a family and a primary individual. A family head is a household head living with one or more persons related to him by blood, marriage, or adoption. A primary individual is a household head living alone or with nonrelatives only.

2. *Wife of head.*—A woman married to and living with a household head, including women in common-law marriages as well as women in formal marriages. In table P-1, which is based on 100-percent tabulations, the number of wives is the same as the number of "husband-wife households" and the number of "husband-wife families." In tables P-5 and P-7, which are based on a sample and are limited to a specific ethnic group, the numbers may differ, because of minor differences in the weighting of the data and because a husband and wife do not always have the same ethnic classification.
3. *Other relative of head.*—All persons related to the head of the household by blood, marriage, or adoption except "wife of head."
4. *Not related to head.*—All persons in the household not related to the head by blood, marriage, or adoption. Roomers, boarders, lodgers, partners, resident employees, wards, and foster children are included in this category.

Group quarters.—Persons in living arrangements other than households are classified by the Bureau of the Census as living in group quarters. Group quarters are located most frequently in institutions, rooming houses, military

barracks, college dormitories, fraternity and sorority houses, hospitals, monasteries, convents, and ships. A house or apartment is considered group quarters if it is shared by the person in charge and five or more persons unrelated to him, or, if there is no person in charge, by six or more unrelated persons.

Inmate of institution.—Inmates of institutions are persons under care or custody at the time of enumeration in homes, schools, hospitals or wards for juveniles, the physically handicapped, or the mentally handicapped; homes or hospitals for mental, tuberculosis, or other chronic disease patients; homes for unwed mothers; nursing, convalescent, and rest homes; homes for the aged and dependent; and correctional institutions.

Family.—According to 1970 census definitions, a family consists of a household head and one or more other persons living in the same household who are related to the head by blood, marriage, or adoption; all persons in a household who are related to the head are regarded as members of his (her) family. A "husband-wife family" is a family in which the head and his wife are enumerated as members of the same household. Not all households contain families, because a household may be composed of a group of unrelated persons or one person living alone. The mean size of family is derived by dividing the number of persons in families by the total number of families.

Own children and related children.—This report shows statistics on families by presence of "own" children and "related" children of specified ages. A child under 18 years old is defined

as an "own child" if he or she is a single (never married) son, daughter, stepchild, or adopted child. The number of children "living with both parents" includes stepchildren and adopted children as well as sons and daughters born to the couple. "Related children" in a family include all persons under 18 related to the head except "wife of head." The "mean number of related children" is derived by dividing the total number of related children of the specified age in families by the number of families having children of that age. In table P-1 the number of own children under 18 years of age is divided by "persons under 18 years" to obtain the "percent of total under 18 years."

Unrelated individuals.—An unrelated individual, as defined in this report, may be any of the following: a household head living alone or with nonrelatives only, a household member not related to the head, or a person living in group quarters who is not an inmate of an institution.

Marital status.—The marital status classification refers to the status at the time of enumeration. Persons classified as "married" consist of those who have been married only once and those who remarried after having been widowed or divorced. Persons reported as separated (living apart because of marital discord, with or without a legal separation) are classified as a subcategory of married persons. Persons in common-law marriages are classified as married, and persons whose only marriage had been annulled are classified as never married. All persons reported as never married are shown as "single" in this report.

Children ever born.—In this report, statistics on the number of children ever born are presented for women 35 to 44 years old who have ever been married. Respondents were instructed to include children born to the woman before her present marriage, children no longer living, and children away from home, as well as children born to the woman who were still living in the home.

School enrollment.—School enrollment is shown for persons 3 to 34 years old. Persons were included as enrolled in school if they reported attending a "regular" school or college at any time between February 1, 1970, and the time of enumeration. Regular schooling is that which may advance a person toward an elementary school certificate or high school diploma, or a college, university, or professional degree. Schooling that was not obtained in a regular school and schooling from a tutor or through correspondence courses were counted only if the credits obtained were regarded as transferable to a school in the regular school system. Persons were included as enrolled in nursery school only if the school included instruction as an important and integral phase of its program. Schooling which is generally regarded as not "regular" includes that given in nursery schools which simply provide custodial day care, in specialized vocational, trade, or business schools, in on-the-job training, and through correspondence courses.

Elementary school, as defined here, includes grades 1 to 8, and high school includes grades 9 to 12. If a person was attending a junior high school, the equivalent in terms of 8 years of elementary school and 4 years of high school was recorded. In general,

a "public" school is defined as any school which is controlled and supported primarily by a local, State, or Federal government agency.

Years of school completed.—The data on years of school completed were derived from the answers to the two questions: (a) "What is the highest grade (or year) of regular school he has ever attended?" and (b) "Did he finish the highest grade (or year) he attended?" Persons whose highest grade of attendance was in a foreign school system, or in an ungraded school whose highest level of schooling was measured by "readers," or whose training was received through a tutor were instructed to report the approximate equivalent grade in the regular United States school system. A person was reported as not having completed a given grade if he dropped out or failed to pass the last grade attended.

Residence in 1965.—Residence on April 1, 1965, is the usual place of residence five years before enumeration. The category "same house" includes all persons five years old and over who did not move during the five years as well as those who had moved but by 1970 had returned to their 1965 residence. The category "different house" includes persons who, on April 1, 1965, lived in the United States in a different house from the one they occupied on April 1, 1970, and for whom sufficient information concerning the 1965 residence was collected. These persons were subdivided into three groups according to their 1965 residence in or outside a standard metropolitan statistical area: "in central city of this SMSA," "in other part of this SMSA," and "outside this SMSA." The category

"abroad" includes those with residence in a foreign country or outlying area of the United States in 1965.

Reference week.—The data on employment status and place of work relate to the calendar week preceding the date on which the respondents completed their questionnaires or were interviewed by enumerators. This week is not the same for all respondents because not all persons were enumerated during the same week.

Employment status.—Employed persons comprise all civilians 16 years old and over who were either (a) "at work" — those who did any work at all as paid employees or in their own business or profession, or on their own farm, or who worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers on a family farm or in a family business; or (b) were "with a job but not at work" — those who did not work during the reference week but had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent due to illness, bad weather, industrial dispute, vacation, or other personal reasons. Excluded from the employed are persons whose only activity consisted of work around the house or volunteer work for religious, charitable, and similar organizations.

Persons are classified as unemployed if they were civilians 16 years old and over and: (a) were neither "at work" nor "with a job, but not at work" during the reference week, (b) were looking for work during the past 4 weeks, and (c) were available to accept a job. Persons who did not work at all during the reference week and were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off are also included as unemployed.

The "civilian labor force" consists of persons classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria described above. The "labor force" includes all persons in the civilian labor force plus members of the Armed Forces (persons on active duty with the United States Army, Air Force, Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard). All persons 16 years old and over who are not classified as members of the labor force are defined as "not in labor force." This category consists mainly of students, housewives, retired workers, seasonal workers enumerated in an "off" season who were not looking for work, inmates of institutions, disabled persons, and persons doing only incidental unpaid family work (less than 15 hours during the reference week). Of these groups, students and inmates are shown separately in selected tables.

Place of work.—Place of work refers to the geographic location at which civilians and Armed Forces personnel not on leave carried out their occupational or job activities during the reference week. For the purposes of this report, these locations were defined with respect to the boundaries of the standard metropolitan statistical area as "inside SMSA" and "outside SMSA." Locations within the SMSA, were subdivided into the central business district of the central city, the balance of that county, or, if outside that county, the specific county of the SMSA.

The central business district (CBD) is usually the downtown retail trade area of the city. As defined by the Bureau of the Census, the CBD is an area of very high land valuation characterized by a high concentration of retail business offices, theaters, hotels, and service businesses, and with a

high traffic flow. CBD's consist of one or more census tracts and have been defined only in cities with a population of 100,000 or more. In order to be counted as working in the CBD, the respondent had to give the exact address (street name and number) of his place of work. Since some respondents did not do this, the number of persons working in the CBD is usually understated by an unknown amount.

The exact address (number and street name) for the place of work was asked. Persons working at more than one job were asked to report the location of the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the reference week. Salesmen, deliverymen, and others who work in several places each week were requested to give the address at which they began work each day, if they reported to a central headquarters. For cases in which daily work was not begun at a central place each day, the person was asked to report the exact address of the place where he worked the most hours last week. If his employer operated in more than one location (such as a grocery store chain or public school system), the exact address of the location or branch where the respondent worked was requested. When the number or street name could not be given, the name of the building or the name of the company for which he worked was to be entered.

Means of transportation to work.—Means of transportation to work refers to the chief means of travel or type of conveyance used in traveling to and from work on the last day the respondent worked at the address given as his or her place of work. The "chief means" referred to the

means of transportation covering the greatest distance if more than one means was used in daily travel. "Worked at home" was marked by a person who worked on a farm where he lived or in an office or shop in his home.

Occupation, industry, and class of worker.—The data on these three subjects in this report are for employed persons 16 years old and over and refer to the job held during the reference week. For persons employed at two or more jobs, the data refer to the job at which the person worked the greatest number of hours. The occupation and industry statistics presented here are based on the detailed systems developed for the 1970 census: see 1970 Census of Population, *Classified Index of Industries and Occupations*, U. S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D. C., 1971.

Income in 1969.—Information on money income received in the calendar year 1969 was requested from persons 14 years old and over. "Total income" is the algebraic sum of the amounts reported separately for wage and salary income, nonfarm net self-employment income, farm net self-employment income, Social Security or railroad retirement income, public assistance or welfare income, and all other income. The figures represent the amount of income regularly received before deductions for personal income taxes, Social Security, bond purchases, union dues, medicare deductions, etc.

"Wage or salary income" is defined as the total money earnings received for work performed as an employee at any time during the calendar year 1969. It includes wages, salary, pay from Armed Forces, commissions, tips, piece rate payments,

and cash bonuses earned. "Nonfarm net self-employment income" is defined as net money income (gross receipts minus business expenses) received from a business, professional enterprise, or partnership in which the person was engaged on his own account. "Farm net self-employment income" is defined as the net money income (gross receipts minus operating expenses) received from the operation of a farm by a person on his own account, as an owner, renter, or shareholder.

"Social Security or railroad retirement income" includes cash receipts of Social Security pensions, survivors' benefits, permanent disability insurance payments, and special benefit payments made by the Social Security Administration (under the National old-age, survivors, disability, and health insurance programs) before deductions of health insurance premiums. "Medicare" reimbursements are not included. Cash receipts from retirement, disability, and survivors' benefit payments made by the U. S. Government under the Railroad Retirement Act are also included. "Public assistance income" includes cash receipts of payments made under the following public assistance programs: aid to families with dependent children, old-age assistance, general assistance, aid to the blind, and aid to the permanently and totally disabled. Separate payments received for hospital or other medical care are excluded from this item. "Income from all other sources" includes money income received from sources such as interest; dividends; net income (or loss) from property rentals; net receipts from roomers or boarders; veteran's payments; public or private pensions, periodic receipts from insurance policies or annuities; unemployment insurance benefits;

workmen's compensation cash benefits; net royalties; periodic payments from estates and trust funds; alimony or child support from persons who are not members of the household; net gambling gains; nonservice scholarships and fellowships; and money received for transportation and/or subsistence by persons participating in special governmental training programs, e.g., under the Manpower Development and Training Act.

Receipts from the following sources were not included as income: money received from the sale of property (unless the recipient was engaged in the business of selling such property); the value of income "in kind" such as food produced and consumed in the home or free living quarters; withdrawal of bank deposits; money borrowed; tax refunds; exchange of money between relatives living in the same household; gifts and lump-sum inheritances, insurance payments, and other types of lump-sum receipts.

Although the income statistics cover the calendar year 1969, the characteristics of persons and the composition of families refer to the time of enumeration (April 1, 1970). For most families, however, the income reported was received by persons who were members of the family throughout 1969.

The median income is the amount which divides the distribution into two equal groups, one having incomes above the median and the other having incomes below the median. For families and unrelated individuals the median income is based on the distribution of the total number of families and unrelated individuals, including those with no income.

The mean income is the amount obtained by dividing the total in-

come of a particular statistical universe by the number of units in that universe. Thus, mean family income is obtained by dividing total family income by the total number of families. For the six types of income the means are based on families having those types of income.

Care should be exercised in using and interpreting mean income values in the statistics for small areas or small subgroups of the population. Since the mean is strongly influenced by extreme values in the distribution, it is especially susceptible to the effects of sampling variability, misreporting, and processing errors. The median, which is not affected by extreme values, is, therefore, a better measure than the mean when the population base is small. The mean, nevertheless, is shown in this report for most small areas and small subgroups because, when weighted according to the number of cases, the means can be added to obtain summary measures for areas and groups other than those shown in this report.

Poverty status in 1969.—Families and unrelated individuals are classified as being above or below the poverty level, using the poverty index adopted by a Federal Interagency Committee in 1969. This index provides a range of income cutoffs or "poverty thresholds" adjusted to take into account such factors as family size, sex and age of the family head, the number of children, and farm-nonfarm residence. The poverty cutoffs for farm families have been set at 85 percent of the nonfarm levels. These income cutoffs are updated every year to reflect the changes in the Consumer Price Index. The poverty threshold for a nonfarm family of four was \$3,743 in 1969. For a detailed explanation of the poverty

definition, see *Current Population Reports*, Series P-23, No. 28, "Revisions in Poverty Statistics, 1959 to 1968."

Households below the poverty level are defined as households in which the total 1969 income of the family or primary individual was below the poverty level. The incomes of persons in the household other than members of the family or the primary individual are not included when determining poverty status of a household.

The households for which poverty status is shown cannot be compared with the total number of households shown elsewhere. The former exclude those in certain types of housing units: owner-occupied units are restricted to one-family units on places of less than 10 acres and without a business on the property; and renter-occupied units exclude one-family units on places of 10 acres or more.

The "ratio of family income to poverty level" is obtained by dividing the income of a family by its corresponding poverty threshold. The "income deficit" is the difference between the total income of families and unrelated individuals below the poverty level and their respective poverty thresholds. In computing the income deficit, families reporting a net income loss are assigned zero dollars, and for such cases the income deficit is equal to the poverty threshold. The aggregate income deficit provides an estimate of the amount of money which would be required to raise the incomes of all poor families and unrelated individuals to their respective thresholds at the poverty level. The mean income deficit is the amount obtained by dividing the aggregate income deficit of a group below the poverty level by the number of families or unrelated individuals (as appropriate) in that group.

HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

Housing units and group quarters.—Living quarters are classified in the census as either housing units or group quarters. Usually, living quarters are in structures intended for residential use (e.g., a one-family home, apartment house, hotel or motel, boarding house, mobile home or trailer, etc.). Living quarters may also be in structures intended for nonresidential use (e.g., the rooms in a warehouse where a watchman lives), as well as in tents, caves, old railroad cars, etc.

A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room occupied or intended for occupancy as separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants do not live and eat with any other persons in the structure and which quarters have either (1) direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall or (2) complete kitchen facilities for the exclusive use of the occupants. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or non-related persons who share living arrangements (except as described in the next paragraph on group quarters). For vacant units, the criteria for separateness, direct access, and complete kitchen facilities for exclusive use are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible (or to the previous occupants if this information cannot be obtained). Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing inventory, except that mobile homes, trailers, tents, etc., are included only if they are occupied.

Group quarters are living arrangements for institutional inmates or for

other groups containing five or more persons not related to the person in charge. Group quarters are located most frequently in institutions, boarding houses, military barracks, college dormitories, fraternity and sorority houses, hospitals, monasteries, convents, and ships. A house or apartment is considered group quarters if it is shared by the person in charge and five or more persons unrelated to him, or if there is no person in charge, by six or more unrelated persons. Information on the housing characteristics of group quarters was not collected in the census.

Year-round housing units.—Data on housing characteristics are limited to year-round housing units; i.e., all occupied units plus vacant units which are intended for year-round use. Vacant units intended for seasonal occupancy and vacant units held for migratory labor are excluded because it is difficult to obtain reliable information for them. Counts of the total housing inventory, however, are given for each area presented in this report.

Occupied housing units.—A housing unit is classified as occupied if a person or group of persons is living in it at the time of enumeration or if the occupants are only temporarily absent, for example, on vacation. However, if the persons staying in the unit have their usual place of residence elsewhere the unit is classified as vacant.

Vacant housing units.—A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. In addition, a vacant unit may be one which is occupied entirely by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere.

New units not yet occupied are enumerated as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded if unfit for human habitation because the roof, walls, windows, or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements, or if there is positive evidence (such as a sign on the house or in the block) that the unit is to be demolished or is condemned.

Vacant housing units are classified in this report as either "seasonal and migratory" (i.e., intended for seasonal occupancy or held for migratory labor) or "year-round." "Seasonal" units are intended for occupancy during only certain seasons of the year. "Migratory" units are vacant units held for occupancy by migratory labor employed in farm work during the crop season. "Year-round" vacant housing units are available or intended for occupancy at any time of the year. A unit in a resort area which is usually occupied on a year-round basis is considered year-round. A unit used only occasionally throughout the year is also considered year-round.

Year-round vacant units are subdivided as follows: "for sale only"; "for rent" which also includes vacant units offered either for rent or for sale; and "other" which includes units sold or rented but not yet occupied by the new owner or renter, units held for the occasional use of the owner, and units being held off the market for other reasons.

Tenure.—A housing unit is "owner occupied" if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit, even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. A cooperative or condominium unit is "owner oc-

cupied" only if the owner or co-owner lives in it. All other occupied units are classified as "renter occupied," including units rented for cash rent and those occupied without payment of cash rent.

Persons.—Persons occupying the housing unit include not only occupants related to the head of the household but also any lodgers, roomers, boarders, partners, wards, foster children and resident employees who share the living quarters of the household head. The data on "persons" show the number of housing units occupied by the specified number of persons.

Units with one or more roomers, boarders, or lodgers are shown as a separate category. Not included as "roomers, boarders, or lodgers" are foster children or wards, servants who live in, companions, and partners.

Year moved into unit.—Data on year moved into unit are based on the information reported for the head of the household. The question refers to the year of latest move. Thus, if the head moved back into a unit he had previously occupied or if he moved from one apartment to another in the same building, the year he moved into his present unit was to be reported.

Complete kitchen facilities.—A unit has complete kitchen facilities when it has all three of the following for the exclusive use of the occupants of the unit: (1) An installed sink with piped water; (2) a range or cookstove; and (3) a mechanical refrigerator. All kitchen facilities must be located in the structure, although they need not be in the same room. Quarters with only portable cooking equipment are not considered as hav-

ing a range or cookstove. "Lacking complete kitchen facilities" means that the unit does not have all three specified kitchen facilities, or that they are also for the use of the occupants of other housing units.

Access.—"Access only through other living quarters" means that the occupants of a housing unit must go through someone else's living quarters to enter their own; that is, they do not have a direct entrance from the outside or through a common or public hall.

Rooms.—Rooms to be counted include whole rooms used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Not counted as rooms are bathrooms, porches, balconies, foyers, halls, half-rooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullman kitchens, utility rooms, unfinished attics, basements, or other space used for storage.

Persons per room.—This is computed by dividing the number of persons in the unit by the number of rooms in the unit. The figures shown, therefore, refer to the number of housing units having the specified ratio of persons per room.

Year structure built.—Year structure built refers to when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted.

Units in structure.—In the determination of the number of units in a structure, all housing units, both occupied and vacant, were counted. The statistics are presented in terms of the number of housing units in structures of specified size, not in

terms of the number of residential structures.

A structure is a separate building that either has open space on all sides or is separated from other structures by dividing walls that extend from ground to roof.

Basement.—Statistics on basements are presented in terms of the number of housing units located in structures built with a basement, and are separately tabulated for one-family houses with basements. A structure has a basement if there is enclosed space in which persons can walk upright under all or part of the building.

Plumbing facilities.—The category "with all plumbing facilities" consists of units which have hot and cold piped water, as well as a flush toilet and a bathtub or shower inside the structure for the exclusive use of the occupants of the unit. "Lacking some or all plumbing" means that the unit does not have all three specified plumbing facilities (hot and cold piped water, as well as flush toilet and bathtub or shower inside the structure), or that the toilet or bathing facilities are also for the use of the occupants of other housing units.

Selected equipment.—Statistics are presented for the number of housing units with the following selected equipment.

With more than one bathroom.—A complete bathroom is a room with flush toilet, bathtub or shower, and wash basin with piped water. A partial or half bathroom has at least a flush toilet or bathtub (or shower), but does not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom. A housing

unit "with more than one bathroom" has, in addition to one complete bathroom, one or more partial or complete bathrooms.

With public water supply.—A public system refers to a common source supplying running water to six or more housing units. The water may be supplied by a city, county, water district, or private water company, or it may be obtained from a well which supplied six or more housing units.

With public sewer.—A "public sewer" is connected to a city, county, sanitary district, neighborhood, or subdivision sewer system. It may be operated by a government body or by a private organization. Small sewage treatment plants which in some localities are called neighborhood septic tanks are also classified as public sewers.

With air conditioning.—Air conditioning is the cooling of air by a refrigeration unit. A central system is a central installation which air-conditions the entire housing unit. A room unit is an individual air conditioner which is installed in a window or an outside wall and is generally intended to cool one room, although it may sometimes be used to cool more than one room.

Heating equipment.—The list of heating equipment refers to the type of heating equipment and not to the fuel used. "Steam or hot water" refers to a central heating system in which heat from steam or hot water is delivered through radiators or other outlets. "Warm air furnace" refers to a central system which provides warm air through ducts leading

to various rooms; central heat pumps are included in this category. "Built-in electric units" are permanently installed in the floors, walls or ceilings. A "floor, wall, or pipeless furnace" delivers warm air to the room right above the furnace or to the room(s) on one or both sides of the wall in which the furnace is installed. "Other means" includes room heaters with or without flue, fireplaces, stoves, and portable heaters of all types.

A housing unit "With central or built-in heating system" contains a steam or hot water system, a warm-air furnace, built-in electric units, or a floor, wall, or pipeless furnace.

Automobiles available.—Statistics on automobiles available represent the number of passenger automobiles, including station wagons, which are owned or regularly used by any member of the household and which are ordinarily kept at home. Taxicabs, pickups, or larger trucks were not to be counted.

Value.—Value is the respondent's estimate of how much the property (house and lot) would sell for if it were for sale. The term "specified owner-occupied units" means that the value data are limited to owner-occupied one-family houses on less than ten acres, without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. Owner-occupied cooperatives, condominiums, mobile homes, and trailers are excluded from the value tabulations.

Mean value.—Mean value is the sum of the individual values reported, divided by the number of owner-occupied units for which value is shown. For purposes of computation, the mid-

points of the intervals were used, except that a mean value of \$3,500 was assigned to housing units in the interval "less than \$5,000" and a mean of \$60,000 was assigned to units in the interval "\$50,000 or more."

Contract rent.—Contract rent is the monthly rent agreed to, or contracted for, even if the furnishings, utilities, or services are included. The term "specified renter-occupied units" means that the contract rent data exclude one-family houses on ten acres or more. Renter units occupied without payment of cash rent are

shown separately as "no cash rent" in the rent tabulations.

Gross rent.—Monthly gross rent is the summation of contract rent plus the estimated average monthly cost of utilities (water, electricity, gas) and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.), if these items are paid for by the renter, in addition to rent. Thus, gross rent is intended to eliminate individual differences which result from varying practices with respect to the inclusion of heat and utilities as part of the rental payment.

Mean gross rent.—Mean gross rent is the sum of the individual rental

amounts divided by the number of renter-occupied units, excluding one-family houses on ten acres or more.

Gross rent as percentage of income.—The yearly gross rent (monthly gross rent multiplied by 12) is expressed as a percentage of the total income in 1969 of the family or primary individual. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units for which no cash is paid and units occupied by families or primary individuals who reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "not computed."

Appendix C.—ACCURACY OF THE DATA

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SOURCES OF ERROR

Human and mechanical errors occur in any mass statistical operation such as a decennial census. Errors during the data collection phase can include failure to obtain required information from respondents, obtaining incorrect or inconsistent information, and recording information in the wrong place or incorrectly. Errors can also occur during the field review of the enumerator's work, the clerical handling of the questionnaires, and the various stages of the electronic processing of the material. Careful efforts are made in every census to keep the errors in each step at an acceptably low level. Quality control and check measures are utilized throughout the census operation.

In the manual editing and coding operation, a sample of the work of each coder was verified, and a coder who showed consistently high error rates was retrained. A coder who still did not produce work of acceptable quality after retraining was removed from the coding operation. In addition, provision was made for correction of any work units for which the error rate exceeded a maximum level. Information on error rates will be given in later publications.

As was done for the 1950 and 1960 censuses, evaluative material on many aspects of the 1970 census will be published as soon as the appropriate data are accumulated and analyzed.

A major concern in the evaluation work is to ascertain, insofar as possible, the degree of completeness of the count of both population and housing units.

EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA

The objective of the processing operation is to produce a set of statistics that describes the Nation's population and housing as accurately and clearly as possible. To meet this objective, certain unacceptable entries were edited.

In the field, questionnaires were reviewed for completeness by a census clerk or enumerator, and a followup was made for missing information. The major review occurred in the central processing office, where the editing and coding operation provided an opportunity to correct obvious errors in the respondents' entries for those items which required manual processing. In coding relationship to household head, for example, the clerk made use of written entries, which the computer is not able to read, in determining the correct entry where the machine readable item was blank or contained conflicting information. For a few of the items, the respondents' entries were reviewed for reasonableness or consistency on the basis of other information on the questionnaire. As a rule, however, editing was performed by hand only when it could not be done effectively by machine.

As one of the first steps in mechanical editing, the configuration of marks on the questionnaire was scanned electronically to determine whether it contained information for a person or merely spurious marks. If the

questionnaire contained entries for at least two of the basic characteristics (relationship, sex, race, age, marital status), or for at least two relevant sample characteristics, the inference was made that the marks represented a person. Names were not used as a criterion of the presence of a person because the electronic scanning was unable to distinguish between a name and any other entry in the name space.

If any characteristics for a person or housing unit were missing, they were, in most cases, supplied by allocation. Allocations, or assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries, were needed most often where an entry for a given item was lacking or where the information reported for a person or housing unit on that item was inconsistent with other information for the person or housing unit. The assignment of acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries, it is believed, enhances the usefulness of the data.

For housing data, the assignment was based on related information reported for the housing unit or on information reported for a similar unit in the immediate neighborhood. For example, if tenure for an occupied unit was omitted but a rental amount was reported, the computer automatically edited tenure to "rented for cash rent." The technique may also be illustrated by the procedure used in the assignment for unknown age. The computer stored reported ages of persons by sex, race, household relationship, and marital status. Each stored age was retained in the computer only until a person having the same set of characteristics, and with age reported was processed through the computer in the edit operation; this stored age was assigned to the next person whose age was

unknown and who otherwise had the same set of specified characteristics.

The editing process also includes another type of correction; namely, the assignment of a full set of characteristics for a person. When there was indication that a housing unit was occupied but the questionnaire contained no information for any person, a previously processed household was selected as a substitute and the full set of characteristics for each substitute person was duplicated.

Specific tolerances were established for the number of computer allocations and substitutions that would be permitted. If the number of corrections was beyond tolerance, the questionnaires in which the errors occurred were clerically reviewed. If it was found that the errors resulted from damaged questionnaires, from improper microfilming, from faulty reading by FOSDIC of undamaged questionnaires, or from other types of machine failure, the questionnaires were reprocessed.

The extent of allocation for States, counties, and other areas will be shown in the allocation tables in chapters B and C of the 1970 Census of Population Volume I, **Characteristics of the Population**, and chapters A and B of Census of Housing Volume I, **Characteristics for States, Cities, and Counties**.

SAMPLE DESIGN

For persons living in housing units at the time of the 1970 census, the housing unit, including all its occupants, was the sampling unit; for persons in group quarters identified in advance of the census, it was the person. In nonmail areas, the enumerator canvassed his assigned area and listed all housing units in an

address register sequentially in the order in which he first visited the units whether or not he completed the interview. Every fifth line of the address register was designated as a sample line, and the housing units listed on these lines were included in the sample. Each enumerator was given a random line on which he was to start listing and the order of canvassing was indicated in advance, although the instructions allowed some latitude in the order of

visiting addresses. In mail areas, the list of housing units was prepared prior to Census Day either by employing commercial mailing lists corrected through the cooperation of the post office or by listing the units in a process similar to that used in nonmail areas. As in other areas, every fifth housing unit of these lists was designated to be in the sample. In group quarters, all persons were listed and every fifth person was selected for the sample.

TABLE C. Sample Rate for Subjects Included in This Report

[Subjects marked with an asterisk (*) were tabulated on a 100% basis for tables P-1, H-1, and H-3. All subjects shown in the tables for persons of Spanish heritage (P-7, P-8, and H-5) were tabulated on a 15% basis. The subjects covered in the remaining tables (P-2 to P-6, H-2, and H-4) were tabulated according to the sample rates shown below]

Population subjects	Sample rate (percent)	Housing subjects	Sample rate (percent)
*Sex	20	*All year-round housing units	20
*Race	20	*Occupied housing units: table H-2.	15
*Age	20	table H-4.	20
*Household relationship	20	*Cooperative or condominium	—
*Family composition	20	*Vacancy status	—
*Marital status	—	*Tenure of housing unit	—
Children ever born	20	Year moved into unit	15
Country of origin	15	*Number of rooms	—
Nativity and parentage	15	*Size of household (persons)	—
School enrollment	15	*Persons per room	—
Years of school completed	20	*Plumbing facilities	—
Residence in 1965	15	Bathrooms	15
Employment status	20	Source of water	15
Place of work	15	Sewage disposal	15
Means of transportation to work .	15	*Complete kitchen facilities	—
Occupation	20	*Access	—
Industry	20	Units in structure	20
Class of worker	20	Year structure built	20
Income	20	Basement	20
Poverty status	20	Heating equipment	20
		Air conditioning	15
		Automobiles available	15
		*Value	—
		*Contract rent	—
		Gross rent	20

This 20-percent sample was subdivided into a 15-percent and a 5-percent sample by designating every fourth 20-percent sample unit as a member of the 5-percent sample. The remaining sample units became the 15-percent sample. Two types of sample questionnaires were used, one for the 5-percent and one for the 15-percent sample units. Some questions were included on both the 5-percent and 15-percent sample forms and therefore appear for a sample of 20 percent of the units in the census. Other items appeared on either the 15-percent or the 5-percent questionnaires. The sample rates for the various items appearing in this report are shown in table C.

Although the sampling procedure did not automatically insure an exact 20-percent sample of persons or housing units in each locality, the sample design was unbiased if carried through according to instructions; generally for large areas the deviation from 20 percent was found to be quite small. Biases may have arisen when the enumerator failed to follow his listing and sampling instructions exactly. Quality control procedures were used throughout the census process, however, and where there was clear evidence that the sampling procedures were not properly followed, the work was returned to the field for re-sampling. No attempt at sampling was made for the relatively small numbers of persons and housing units (in most States, less than one percent) added to the enumeration from the post-census post office check, the various supplemental forms, and the special check of vacant units. The ratio estimation procedure described below adjusts the sample data to reflect these classes of population and housing units.

RATIO ESTIMATION

The statistics based on 1970 census sample data are estimates made through the use of ratio estimation procedures, applied separately for the 15- and 20-percent samples. The first step in carrying through the ratio estimates was to establish the areas within which separate ratios were to be prepared. These are referred to as "weighting areas." A single set of weighting areas, containing a minimum population size of 2,500, was defined for use with the 15- and 20-percent samples. Weighting areas were established by mechanical operation on the computer and were defined to conform, as nearly as possible, to areas for which tabulations are produced. In general, sample estimates for a tract may be expected to agree with complete counts whenever the tract was a weighting area. However, tracts were not weighting areas whenever the population was less than 2,500 persons, where the tract was a part of more than one county subdivision or place, or where the Census procedure was not the same in all parts of the tract. In these situations, part of a tract may have been combined with other partial or complete tracts to make up a weighting area and sample estimates for an individual tract in the combination may not agree with complete counts for the tract.

Separate ratio estimation processes were used for persons and for housing units. The ratio estimation process for persons operated in three stages. The first stage employed 19 household-type groups (the first of which was empty by definition). The second stage used two groups, head of household and not head of household, and the third stage used 24 age-sex-race groups.

<i>Group</i>	STAGE I
	<i>Male Head With Own Children Under 18</i>
1	1-person household
2	2-person household
3	3-person household
.	.
.	.
6	6-or-more-person household
	<i>Male Head Without Own Children Under 18</i>
7-12	1-person to 6-or-more-person households
	<i>Female Head</i>
13-18	1-person to 6-or-more-person households
19	<i>Group Quarters Persons</i>
	STAGE II
20	<i>Head of Household</i>
21	<i>Not Head of Household (including persons in group quarters)</i>
	STAGE III
	<i>Male Negro</i>
22	Age under 5 years
23	5-13
24	14-24
25	25-44
26	45-64
27	65 and older
	<i>Male, Not Negro</i>
28-33	Same age groups as for Male Negro
	<i>Female Negro</i>
34-39	Same age groups as for Male Negro
	<i>Female, Not Negro</i>
40-45	Same age groups as for Male Negro

APPENDIX C—Continued

The ratio estimation process for housing operated in two stages for occupied housing units, and in one stage for vacant units. The first stage for occupied units employed 18 household-type groups (the first of which was empty by definition); the second stage for occupied units used four groups: owner and renter occupied units, by race. The single stage for vacant units employed three groups: year-round vacant for sale, year-round vacant for rent, and other vacant.

Occupied housing units:

<i>Group</i>	STAGE I
	<i>Male Head With Own Children Under 18</i>
1	1-person household
2	2-person household
3	3-person household
.	.
.	.
6	6-or-more-person household
	<i>Male Head Without Own Children Under 18</i>
7-12	1-person to 6-or-more person households
	<i>Female Head</i>
13-18	1-person to 6-or-more-person households
	STAGE II
	<i>Owner Occupied</i>
19	Negro
20	Not Negro
	<i>Renter Occupied</i>
21	Negro
22	Not Negro

Vacant housing units:

<i>Group</i>	STAGE I
23	Year-round vacant for sale
24	Year-round vacant for rent
25	Other vacant

At each stage, for each of the groups, the ratio of the complete count to the weighted sample count in the group was computed and applied to the weight of each sample person or housing unit in the group. For population, this operation was performed for each of the 19 groups in the first stage, then for the two groups in the second stage and finally for the 24 groups in the third stage. For occupied housing units this was performed first for the 18 groups in the first stage and then for the 4 groups in the second stage.

As a rule, the weighted sample counts within each of the groups in the final stage should agree with the complete counts for the weighting areas. Close, although not exact, consistency can be expected for the groups in the preceding stages. There are some exceptions to this general rule, however. As indicated above, there may be differences between the complete counts and sample estimates when the tabulation area is not made up of whole weighting areas. As a result, sample estimates at the tract level may not agree with complete counts when the tract did not form a weighting area. Generally, for 15- and 20-percent items, there may be such a difference whenever the population in the tract is less than 2,500 people. Furthermore, in order to increase the reliability, a separate ratio was not computed in a ratio estimation group whenever certain criteria pertaining to the complete counts and the magnitude of the weight were

not met. For example, for the 15- and 20-percent population sample the complete count of persons in a group had to exceed 85 persons and the ratio of the complete count to the un-weighted sample count could not exceed 20. Where these criteria were not met, groups were combined in a specific order until the conditions were met. Where this occurred, consistency between the weighted sample and the complete counts would apply as indicated above for the combined group but not necessarily for each of the groups in the combination.

Each sample person or housing unit was assigned an integral weight to avoid the complications involved in rounding in the final tables. If, for example, the final weight for a group was 5.2, one-fifth of the persons or housing units in the group (selected at random) were assigned a weight of 6 and the remaining four-fifths a weight of 5.

The estimates realize some of the gains in sampling efficiency that would have resulted had the persons and housing units been stratified into the groups before sampling. The net effect is a reduction in both the sampling error and possible bias of most statistics below what would be obtained by weighting the results of the sample by a uniform factor (e.g., by weighting the 20-percent sample results by a uniform factor of 5). The reduction in sampling error will be trivial for some items and substantial for others. A by-product of this estimation procedure is that estimates for this sample are, in general, consistent with the complete count for the groups used in the estimation procedure. A more complete discussion of the technical aspects of these ratio estimates will be presented in a separate report.

SAMPLING VARIABILITY

The estimates from sample tabulations are subject to sampling variability. The standard errors of these estimates can be approximated by using the data in tables D through F. The chances are about 2 out of 3 that the difference (due to sampling variability) between the sample estimate and the figure that would have been obtained from a complete count of the population is less than the standard error. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the difference is less than twice the standard error and about 99 out of 100 that it is less than 2½ times the standard error. The amount by which the estimated standard error must be multiplied to obtain other odds deemed more appropriate can be found in most statistical textbooks. The sampling errors may be obtained by using the factors shown in table F in conjunction with table D for absolute numbers and in conjunction with table E for percentages. In addition to sampling errors, these tables reflect the effect of simple response variance, but not of bias arising in the collection, processing and estimation steps, nor of the correlated errors enumerators introduce; estimates of the magnitude of some of these factors in the total error are being evaluated and will be published at a later date.

Table D shows approximate standard errors of estimated numbers for most statistics based on the 20-percent sample. In determining the figures for this table, some aspects of the sample design, the estimation process, and the population of the area over which the data have been compiled are ignored. Table E shows standard errors of most percentages based on

the 20-percent sample. Linear interpolation in tables D and E will provide approximate results that are satisfactory for most purposes. Table F provides a factor by which the standard errors shown in tables D or E should be multiplied to adjust for the combined effect of the sample size (i.e., whether a 20-percent or 15-percent sample) the sample design and the estimation procedure.

To estimate the standard error for a given characteristic based on the 15-percent sample, or for a more precise estimate for the 20-percent sample, locate in table F the factor applying to the characteristic and sample size used to tabulate the data and multiply this factor by the standard error found in table D or E. If the estimate is not identified in table F, use the factor shown for "all other." Where data are shown as cross-classifications of two characteristics, locate and use the larger factor. Similarly, if an item collected on a 20-percent basis has been tabulated for the 15-percent sample, use the factor appropriate for the 15-percent sample.

The standard errors estimated from these tables are not directly applicable to differences between two sample estimates. In order to estimate the standard error of a difference, the tables are to be used somewhat differently in the three following situations:

1. For a difference between the sample figure and one based on a complete count (e.g., arising from comparisons between 1970 sample statistics and complete-count statistics for 1960 or 1950), the standard error is identical with the standard error of the 1970 estimate alone.

2. For a difference between two sample figures (that is, one from 1970 and the other from 1960, or both from the same census year), the standard error is approximately the square root of the sum of the squares of the standard errors of each estimate considered separately. This formula will represent the actual standard error quite accurately for the difference between estimates of the same characteristic in two different areas, or for the difference between separate and uncorrelated characteristics in the same area. If, however, there is a high positive correlation between the two characteristics, the formula will overestimate the true standard error. The approximate standard error for the 1970 sample figure is derived directly from tables D through F. The standard error of a 25-percent 1960 sample figure may be obtained from the relevant 1960 census report or an approximate value may be obtained by multiplying the appropriate value in table D or E by 0.9.

3. For a difference between two sample estimates, one of which represents a subclass of the other, the tables can be used directly, with the difference considered as the sample estimate.

The sampling variability of the medians presented in certain tables (median years of school completed, median rent, etc.) depends on the size of the base and on the distribution on which the median is based. An approximate method for measuring the reliability of an estimated median is to determine an interval about the estimated median such that there is a stated degree of confidence the true median lies

APPENDIX C—Continued

within the interval. As the first step in estimating the upper and lower limits of the interval (that is, the confidence limits) about the median, compute one-half the number on which the median is based (designated $N/2$). From table D, following the method outlined in other parts of this section, compute the standard error of an estimated number equal to $N/2$. Subtract this standard error from $N/2$. Cumulate the frequencies (in the table on which the median is based) until the total first exceeds the difference between $N/2$ and its standard error and by linear interpolation obtain a value corresponding to this number. In a corresponding manner, add the standard error to $N/2$, cumulate the frequencies in the table, and obtain a value in the table on which the median is based corresponding to the

sum of $N/2$ and its standard error. The chances are about 2 out of 3 that the median would lie between these two values. The range for 19 chances out of 20 and for 99 in 100 can be computed in a similar manner by multiplying the standard error by the appropriate factors before subtracting from and adding to one-half the number reporting the characteristic. Interpolation to obtain the values corresponding to these numbers gives the confidence limits for the median.

The sampling variability of a mean, such as the number of children ever born per 1,000 women or mean income, presented in certain tables, depends on the variability of the distribution on which the mean is based, the size of the sample, the sample design, (for example, the use of house-

holds as the sampling unit), and the use of ratio estimates.

An approximation to the variability of the mean may be obtained as follows: compute the standard deviation of the distribution on which the mean is based; divide this figure by the square root of one-fifth of the total units in the distribution; multiply this quotient by the factor from table F appropriate to the statistic and the actual sample rate on which the mean is based. If the distribution is not published in the detailed tables, calculate the standard deviation from a comparable distribution for a larger area or for a similar population group; divide by the square root of one-fifth of the units on which the mean of interest is based; multiply the quotient by the factor from table F.

TABLE D. Approximate Standard Error of Estimated Number Based on 20-Percent Sample
(Range of 2 chances out of 3)

Estimated number (persons or housing units)	Standard error	Estimated number (persons or housing units)	Standard error
50.....	15	1,000.....	60
100.....	20	2,500.....	85
250.....	30	5,000.....	100
500.....	45		

TABLE E. Approximate Standard Error of Estimated Percentage Based on 20-Percent Sample
(Range of 2 chances out of 3)

Estimated percentage	Base of percentage (persons or housing units)					
	500	1,000	2,500	5,000	10,000	15,000
2 or 98.....	1.3	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2
5 or 95.....	2.0	1.4	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.4
10 or 90.....	2.7	1.9	1.2	0.8	0.6	0.5
25 or 75.....	3.9	2.7	1.7	1.2	0.9	0.7
50.....	4.5	3.2	2.0	1.4	1.0	0.8

TABLE F. Factor to be Applied to Standard Errors

[Subjects marked with an asterisk were tabulated on a 100% basis for tables P-1, H-1, and H-3.
Standard errors are not applicable to these tables]

Population subjects ¹	Sample rate (percent)	Factor	Housing subjects ¹	Sample rate (percent)	Factor
*Race	20	1.6	*Tenure	20	0.2
*Age	20	0.8	*Rooms	20	1.0
*Household relationship	20	0.5	*Persons per room	20	0.4
*Family composition	20	0.6	*Value	20	1.0
Country of origin (including ... Spanish heritage subjects)	15	1.6	Units in structure	20	0.8
Nativity and parentage	15	1.7	Year structure built	20	0.9
School enrollment	15	1.0	Heating equipment	20	0.8
Years of school completed	20	1.0	Basement	20	0.9
Residence in 1965	15	2.0	Source of water	15	1.0
Employment status	20	0.8	Sewage disposal	15	1.0
Place of work	15	1.3	Air conditioning	15	1.1
Means of transportation to work	15	1.3	Year moved into unit	15	1.1
Occupation	20	1.1	Gross rent	20	0.9
Industry	20	1.1	All other—20 percent	20	1.0
Class of worker	20	1.1	—15 percent	15	1.2
Income—persons	20	1.0			
—families	20	1.0			
Poverty status—persons	20	1.9			
—families	20	1.0			
All other—20 percent	20	1.0			
—15 percent	15	1.2			

¹Tabulations of data for persons of Spanish heritage are based on the 15-percent sample. For subjects shown in this table as based on the 20-percent sample, the factor for persons of Spanish heritage is obtained by multiplying the appropriate factor in this table by 1.2. For subjects shown as based on the 15-percent sample, the factor in this table can be used directly.

Appendix D.—PUBLICATION AND COMPUTER SUMMARY TAPE PROGRAM

The results of the 1970 Census of Population and Housing are being issued in the form of printed reports, microfiche copies of the printed reports, computer summary tapes, computer printouts, and microfilm. Listed below are short descriptions of the final report series and computer tapes, as currently planned. More detailed information on this program can be obtained by writing to the Publications Distribution Section, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

Population Census Reports

Volume I.

CHARACTERISTICS OF THE POPULATION

This volume will consist of 58 "parts"—number 1 for the United States, numbers 2 through 52 for the 50 States and the District of Columbia in alphabetical order, and numbers 53 through 58 for Puerto Rico, Guam, Virgin Islands, American Samoa, Canal Zone, and Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, respectively. Each part, which will be a separate cloth-bound book, will contain four chapters designated as A, B, C, and D. Each chapter (for each of the 58 areas) will first be issued as an individual paperbound report in four series designated as PC(1)-A, B, C, and D, respectively. The 58 PC(1)-A reports will be specially assembled and issued in a clothbound book, designated as Part A.

■ Series PC(1)-A. NUMBER OF INHABITANTS.

Final official population counts are presented for States, counties by urban and rural residence, standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's), urbanized areas, county subdivisions, all incorporated places, and unincorporated places of 1,000 inhabitants or more.

■ Series PC(1)-B. GENERAL POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS

Statistics on age, sex, race, marital status, and relationship to head of household are presented for States, counties by urban and rural residence, SMSA's, urbanized areas, county subdivisions, and places of 1,000 inhabitants or more.

■ Series PC(1)-C. GENERAL SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS

Statistics are presented on nativity and parentage, State or country of birth, Spanish origin, mother tongue, residence 5 years ago, year moved into present house, school enrollment (public or private), years of school completed, vocational training, number of children ever born, family composition, disability, veteran status, employment status, place of work, means of transportation to work, occupation group, industry group, class of worker, and income (by type) in 1969 of families and individuals. Each subject is shown for some or all of the following areas: States, counties (by urban, rural-nonfarm, and rural-farm residence), SMSA's, urbanized areas, and places of 2,500 inhabitants or more.

■ Series PC(1)-D. DETAILED CHARACTERISTICS

These reports will cover most of the subjects shown in Series PC(1)-C, above, presenting the data in considerable detail and cross-classified by age, race, and other characteristics. Each subject will be shown for some or all of the following areas: States (by urban, rural-nonfarm, and rural-farm residence), SMSA's, and large cities.

Volume II. SUBJECT REPORTS

Each report in this volume, also designated as Series PC(2), will concentrate on a particular subject. Detailed information and cross-relationships will generally be provided on a national and regional level; in some reports, data for States or SMSA's will also be shown. Among the characteristics to be covered are national origin and race, fertility, families, marital status, migration, education, unemployment, occupation, industry, and income.

Housing Census Reports

Volume I. HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS FOR STATES, CITIES, AND COUNTIES

This volume will consist of 58 "parts"—number 1 for the United States, numbers 2 through 52 for the 50 States and the District of Columbia in alphabetical order, and numbers 53 through 58 for Puerto Rico, Guam, Virgin Islands, American Samoa, Canal Zone, and Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, respectively. Each part, which will be a separate cloth-bound book, will contain two chapters designated as A and B. Each chapter (for each of the 58 areas) will first be issued as an individual paperbound report in two series designated as HC(1)-A and B, respectively.

■ Series HC(1)-A. GENERAL HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

Statistics on tenure, kitchen facilities, plumbing facilities, number of rooms, persons per room, units in structure, mobile home, telephone, value, contract rent, and vacancy status are presented for some or all of the following areas: States (by urban and rural residence), SMSA's, urbanized areas, places of 1,000 inhabitants or more, and counties.

■ Series HC(1)-B. DETAILED HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

Statistics are presented on a more detailed basis for the subjects included in the Series HC(1)-A reports, as well as on such additional subjects as year moved into unit, year structure built, basement, heating equipment, fuels, air conditioning, water and sewage, appliances, gross rent, and ownership of second home. Each subject is shown for some or all of the following areas: States (by urban, rural-nonfarm, and rural-farm residence), SMSA's, urbanized areas, places of 2,500 inhabitants or more, and counties (by rural and rural-farm residence).

Volume II. METROPOLITAN HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

These reports, also designated as Series HC(2), will cover most of the 1970 census housing subjects in considerable detail and cross-classification. There will be one report for each SMSA, presenting data for the SMSA and its central cities and places of 50,000 inhabitants or more, as well as a national summary report.

Volume III. BLOCK STATISTICS

One report, under the designation Series HC(3), is issued for each urbanized area showing data for individual blocks on selected housing and population subjects. The series also includes reports for the communities outside urbanized areas which have contracted with the Census Bureau to provide block statistics from the 1970 census.

Volume IV. COMPONENTS OF INVENTORY CHANGE

This volume will contain data on the disposition of the 1960 inventory and the source of the 1970 inventory, such as new construction, conversions, mergers, demolitions, and other additions and losses. Cross-tabulations of 1970 and 1960 characteristics for units that have not changed and characteristics of the present and previous residence of recent movers will also be provided. Statistics will be shown for 15 selected SMSA's and for the United States and regions.

Volume V. RESIDENTIAL FINANCE

This volume will present data regarding the financing of privately owned nonfarm residential properties. Statistics will be shown on amount of outstanding mortgage debt, manner of acquisition of property, homeowner expenses, and other owner, property, and mortgage characteristics for the United States and regions.

**Volume VI.
ESTIMATES OF "SUBSTANDARD"
HOUSING**

This volume will present counts of "sub-standard" housing units for counties and cities, based on the number of units lacking plumbing facilities combined with estimates of units with all plumbing facilities but in "dilapidated" condition.

**Volume VII.
SUBJECT REPORTS**

Each report in this volume will concentrate on a particular subject. Detailed information and cross-classifications will generally be provided on a national and regional level; in some reports, data for States or SMSA's may also be shown. Among the subjects to be covered are housing characteristics by household composition, housing of minority groups and senior citizens, and households in mobile homes.

Joint Population-Housing Reports

**Series PHC(1).
CENSUS TRACT REPORTS**

This series contains one report for each SMSA, showing data for most of the population and housing subjects included in the 1970 census.

**Series PHC(2).
GENERAL DEMOGRAPHIC TRENDS FOR
METROPOLITAN AREAS, 1960 to 1970**

This series consists of one report for each State and the District of Columbia, as well as a national summary report, presenting statistics for the State and for SMSA's and their central cities and constituent counties. Comparative 1960 and 1970 data are shown on population counts by age and race and on such housing subjects as tenure, plumbing facilities, value, and contract rent.

**Series PHC(3).
EMPLOYMENT PROFILES OF SELECTED
LOW-INCOME AREAS**

This series will consist of approximately 70 reports, each presenting statistics on the social and economic characteristics of the residents of a particular low-income area. The data relate to low-income neighborhoods in 54 cities and seven rural poverty areas. Each report will provide statistics on employment and unemployment, education, vocational training, availability for work, job history, and income, as well as on value or rent and number of rooms in the housing unit.

Additional Reports

**Series PHC(E).
EVALUATION REPORTS**

This open series will present the results of the extensive evaluation program conducted as an integral part of the 1970 census program, and relating to such matters as completeness of enumeration and quality of the data on characteristics.

**Series PHC(R).
PROCEDURAL REPORTS**

This open series presents information on various administrative and methodological aspects of the 1970 census, and will include a comprehensive procedural history of the 1970 census. The first report issued focuses on the forms and procedures used in the data collection phase of the census.

Computer Summary Tapes

The major portion of the results of the 1970 census will be produced in a set of six tabulation counts. To help meet the needs of census users, these counts are being designed to provide data with much greater subject and geographic detail than it is feasible or desirable to publish in printed reports. The data so tabulated will generally be available—subject to suppression of certain detail where necessary to protect confidentiality—on magnetic computer tape, printouts, and microfilm, at the cost of preparing the copy.

First Count—source of the PC(1)-A reports; contains about 400 cells of data on the subjects covered in the PC(1)-B and HC(1)-A reports and tabulated for each of the approximately 250,000 enumeration districts in the United States.

Second Count—source of the PC(1)-B, HC(1)-A, and part of the PHC(1) reports; contains about 3,500 cells of data covering the subjects in these reports and tabulated for the approximately 35,000 tracts and 35,000 county subdivisions in the United States.

Third Count—source of the HC(3) reports; contains about 250 cells of data on the subjects covered in the PC(1)-B and HC(1)-A reports and tabulated for approximately 1,500,000 blocks in the United States

Fourth Count—source of the PC(1)-C, HC(1)-B, and part of the PHC(1) reports; contains about 13,000 cells of data covering the subjects in these reports and tabulated for the approximately 35,000 tracts and 35,000 county subdivisions in the United States; also contains about 30,000 cells of data for each county.

Fifth Count—will contain approximately 800 cells of population and housing data for 5-digit ZIP code areas in SMSA's and 3-digit ZIP code areas outside SMSA's; the ZIP code data will be available only on tape.

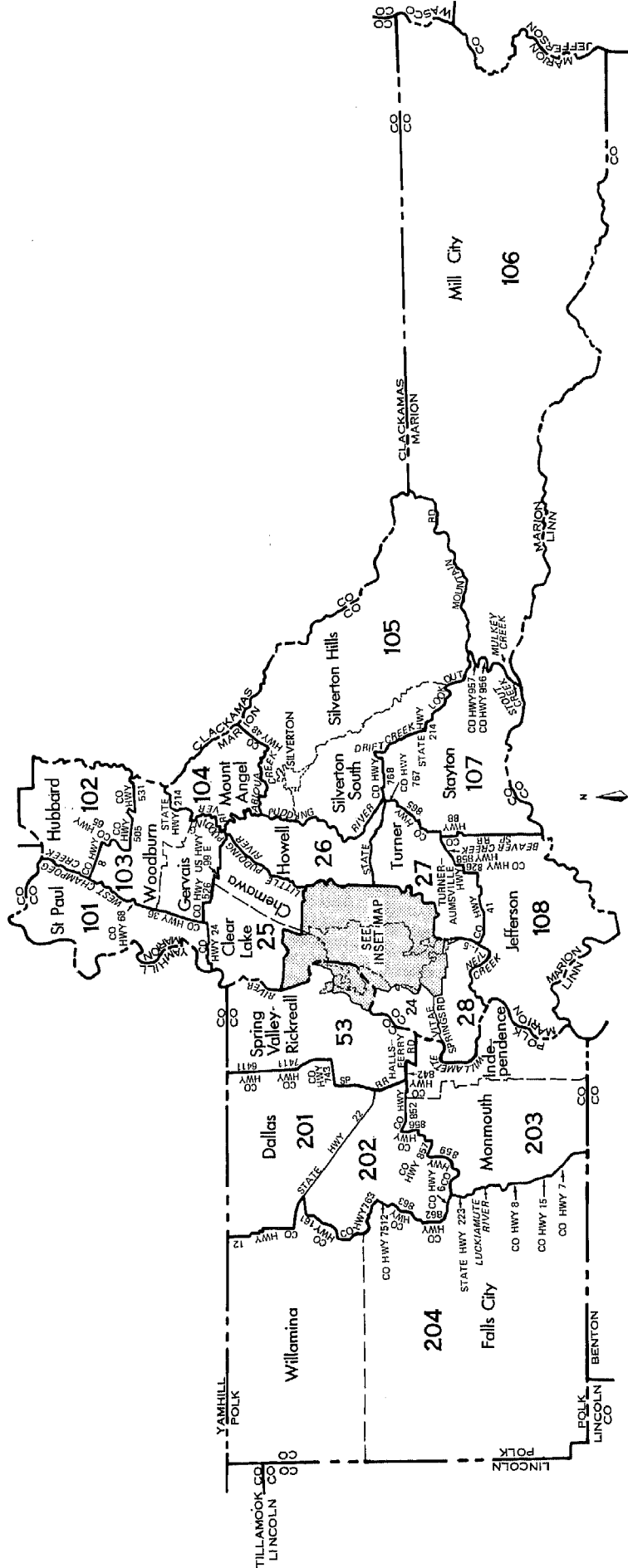
Sixth Count—source of the PC(1)-D and HC(2) reports; will contain about 260,000 cells of data covering the subjects in these reports and tabulated for States, SMSA's, and large cities.

The tapes will generally be organized on a State basis. To use the First Count and Third Count tapes, it will be necessary to purchase the appropriate enumeration district and block maps.

The term "cells" used herein to indicate the scope of subject content of the several counts refers to each figure or statistic in the tabulation for a specific geographic area. For example, in the Third Count, there are six cells for a cross-classification of race by sex: three categories of race (white, Negro, other race) by two categories of sex (male, female).

In addition to the above-mentioned summary tapes, the Census Bureau will make available for purchase certain sample tape files containing population and housing characteristics as shown on individual census records. These files will contain no names or addresses, and the geographic identification will be sufficiently broad to protect confidentiality. There will be six files, each containing a 1-percent national sample of persons and housing units. Three of the files will be drawn from the population covered by the census 15-percent sample and three from the population in the census 5-percent sample. Each of these three files will provide a different type of geographic information: One will identify individual large SMSA's and, for the rest of the country, groups of counties; the second will identify individual States and, where they are sufficiently large, will provide urban-rural and metropolitan-nonmetropolitan detail; and the third will identify State groups and size of place, with each individual record showing selected characteristics of the person's neighborhood.

CENSUS TRACTS IN THE SALEM, OREG. SMSA



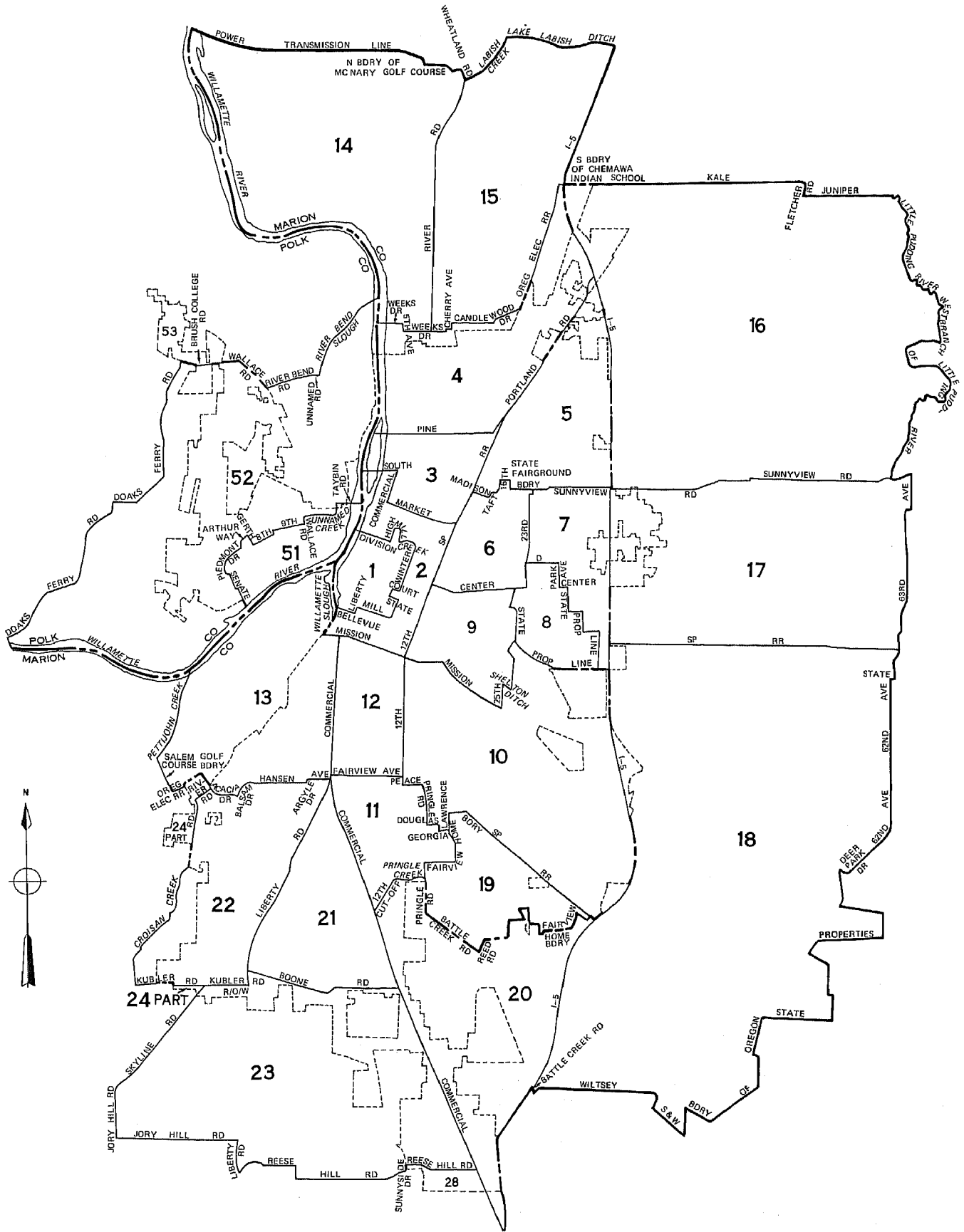
BOUNDARY SYMBOLS

Census Tract Boundaries:

- County
 - Corporate Limit
 - Census County Division
 - Other Tracts
- Boundaries Which Are Not Tracts:**
- Corporate Limit
 - Census County Division

CENSUS TRACTS IN THE SALEM, OREG. SMSA

INSET MAP - SALEM AND VICINITY



1970 Census of Population and Housing
 CENSUS TRACTS
 SALEM, OREG.
 STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA
 Final Report PHC(1)-182