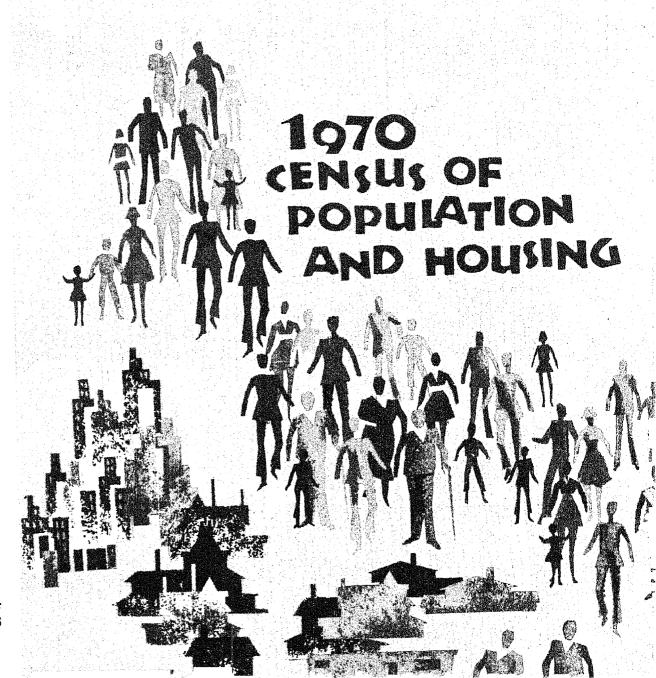


PHC(1)-23

Census Tracts

BILLINGS, MONT.
STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA



S. DEPARTMENT.
OF COMMERCE
BUREAU OF
THE CENSUS

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1970 (ENSUS OF POPULATION AND HOUSING

Census Tracts

BILLINGS, MONT. STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA

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The reports listed below are for Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas. An asterisk (*) indicates that the report includes data for tracts in selected areas adjacent to the SMSA.

Report		Report		Report	The state of the s
number	Area	number	Area	number	Area
[, ,
1	Abilene, Tex.	41	Charlotte, N.C.*	81	Great Falls, Mont.
2	Akran, Ohio	42	Chattanooga, TennGa.	82	Green Bay, Wis.
3	Albany, Ga.	43	Chicago, III.	83	Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point, N.C.
4	Albany-Schenectady-Troy, N.Y.	44	Cincinnati, Ohio-KyInd.	84	Greenville, S.C.
5	Albuquerque, N. Mex.	45	Cleveland, Ohio	85	Hamilton-Middletown, Ohio
1		ł		[
6	Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, PaN.J.	46	Colorado Springs, Colo.	86	Harrisburg, Pa.
7	Altoona, Pa.	47	Columbia, Mo.	87	Hartford, Conn.*
] 8	Amarillo, Tex.	48	Columbia, S.C.	88	Honolulu, Hawaii*
) 9	Anaheim-Santa Ana-Garden Grove, Calif.	49	Columbus, GaAla.	89	Houston, Tex.*
10	Anderson, Ind.	50	Columbus, Ohio	90	Huntington-Ashland, W. VaKy Ohio*
11	Ann Arbor, Mich.	51	Corpus Christi, Tex.	91	Huntsville, Ala.
12	Appleton-Oshkosh, Wis.	52	Dallas, Tex.	92	Indianapolis, Ind.
13	Asheville, N.C.	53	Davenport-Rock Island-Moline, Iowa-III.	93	Jackson, Mich.
14	Atlanta, Ga.*	54	Dayton, Ohio	94	Jackson, Miss.
15	Atlantic City, N.J.	55	Decatur, III.	95	Jacksonville, Fla.
16	Augusta, GaS.C.	56	Denver, Colo.	96	Jersey City, N.J.
17	Austin, Tex.	57	Des Moines, Iowa	97	Johnstown, Pa.
18	Bakersfield, Calif.	58	Detroit, Mich.*	98	Kalamazoo, Mich.
19	Baltimore, Md.	59	Dubuque, Iowa	99	Kansas City, MoKans.*
20	Baton Rouge, La.*	60	Duluth-Superior, MinnWis.	100	Kenosha, Wis.
	-		,		
21	Bay City, Mich.	61	Durham, N.C.	101	Knoxville, Tenn.*
22	Beaumont-Port Arthur-Orange, Tex.	62	El Paso, Tex.	102	Lafayette, La.
23	Billings, Mont.	63	Erie, Pa.	103	Lafayette-West Lafayette, Ind.
24	Biloxi-Gulfport, Miss.	64	Eugene, Oreg.	104	Lake Charles, La.
25	Binghamton, N.YPa.	65	Evansville, IndKy.	105	Lancaster, Pa.
26	Birmingham, Afa.	66	Fall River, MassR.I.	106	Lansing, Mich.
27	Bloomington-Normal, III.	67	Fargo-Moorhead, N. DakMinn.	107	Laredo, Tex.
28	Boise City, Idaho	68	Fayetteville, N.C.	108	Las Vegas, Nev.
29	Boston, Mass.*	69	Fitchburg-Leominster, Mass.*	109	Lawrence-Haverhill, MassN.H.
30	Bridgepart, Conn.	70	Flint, Mich.	110	Lawton, Ohio
31	Bristal, Conn.*	71	Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood, Fla.	111	Lewiston-Auburn, Maine
32	Brockton, Mass.	72	Fort Smith, Ark. Okla.	112	Lexington, Ky.
33	Brownsville-Harlingen-San Benito, Tex.	73	Fort Wayne, Ind.	113	• • •
34	Bryan-College Station, Tex.	74	Fort Worth, Tex.*	114	Lincoln, Nebr.
35	Buffalo, N.Y.	75	Fresno, Calif.	115	Little Rock-North Little Rock, Ark,
36	Canton, Ohio	76	Gadsden, Ala.	116	Lorain-Elyria, Ohio*
37	Cedar Rapids, Iowa	77	Gainesville, Fla.	117	Los Angeles-Long Beach, Calif.
38	Champaign-Urbana, III.	78	Galveston-Texas City, Tex.	118	Louisville, KyInd.
39	Charleston, S.C.*	79	Gary-Hammond-East Chicago, Ind.	119	Lowell, Mass.
40	Charleston, W. Va.	80	Grand Rapids, Mich.*	120	Lubback, Tex.
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Report		Report	1	Report	ı
Number	r Area	number	Area	Number	Area
121	Lynchburg, Va.*	161	Pine Bluff, Ark.	201	Spokane, Wash.
122	Macon, Ga.*	162	Pittsburgh, Pa.	202	Springfield, III.
123	Madison, Wis.	163	Pittsfield, Mass.	203	Springfield, Mo.
124	Manchester, N.H.	164	Portland, Maine*	204	Springfield, Ohio
125	Mansfield, Ohio	165	Portland, OregWash.	205	Springfield-Chicopee-Holyake, MassConn.
1			-	0.00	i i
126	McAllen-Pharr-Edinburg, Tex.	166	Providence-Pawtucket-Warwick, R.IMass.*	206	Stamford, Conn.
127	Memphis, TennArk.	167	Provo-Orem, Utah	207	Steubenville-Weirton, Ohio- W. Va.
128	Meriden, Conn.	168	Pueblo, Colo.	208	Stockton, Calif.
129	Miami, Fla.	169	Racine, Wis.	209	Syracuse, N.Y.
130	Midland, Tex.	170	Raleigh, N.C.	210	Tacoma, Wash.
131	Milwaukee, Wis.*	171	Reading, Pa.	211	Tallahassee, Fla.
132	Minneapolis-St. Paul, Minn.	172	Reno, Nev.	212	Tampa-St. Petersburg, Fla.
133	Mobile, Ala.	173	Richmond, Va.	213	Terre Haute, Ind.
134	Modesto, Calif.	174	Roanoke, Va.	214	Texarkana, TexArk.
135	Monroe, La.	175	Rochester, Minn.	215	Toledo, Ohio-Mich.
1	, ==-		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		,
136	Montgomery, Ala.	176	Rochester, N.Y.	216	Topeka, Kans.
137	Muncie, Ind.	177	Rockford, III.	217	Trenton, N.J.
138	Muskegon-Muskegon Heights, Mich.	178	Sacramento, Calif.*	218	Tucson, Ariz.
139	Nashville-Davidson, Tenn.	179	Saginaw, Mich.	219	Tulsa, Okla.
140	New Bedford, Mass.	180	St. Joseph, Mo.	220	Tuscaloosa, Ala.
141	New Britain, Conn.	181	St. Louis, MoIII.*	221	Tyler, Tex.
142	New Haven, Conn.*	182	Salem, Oreg.	222	Utica-Rome, N.Y.
143	New London-Groton-Norwich, Conn.*	183	Salinas-Monterey, Calif.	223	Vallejo-Napa, Calif.
144	New Orleans, La.	184	Salt Lake City, Utah	224	Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton, N.J.
145	New York, N.Y.	185	San Angelo, Tex.	225	Waco, Tex.
				226	Machineton D.C. Md. Ma
146	Newark, N.J.*	186	San Antonio, Tex.	227	Washington, D.CMdVa.
147	Newport News-Hampton, Va.*	187	San Bernardino-Riverside- Ontario, Calif.	228	Waterbury, Conn.* Waterloo, lowa
148	Norfolk-Portsmouth, Va.*	188	San Diego, Calif.	229	West Palm Beach, Fla.
149	Norwalk, Conn.*	189	San Francisco-Oakland, Calif.	230	
150	Odessa, Tex.	190	San Jose, Calif.	230	Wheeling, W. VaOhio
151	Ogden, Utah	191	Santa Barbara, Calif.	231	Wichita, Kans.
152	Oklahoma City, Okla.	192	Santa Rosa, Calif.	232	Wichita Falls, Tex.*
153	Omaha, NebrIowa	193	Savannah, Ga.	233	Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton, Pa.
154	Orlando, Fla.	194	Scranton, Pa.	234	Wilmington, DelN.JMd.
155	Oxnard-Ventura, Calif.	195	Seattle-Everett, Wash.	235	Wilmington, N.C.
'33	GANDIU-Y CIRCUIA, CAIII.	133	Gentus Lycicti, Prosii.	236	Worcester, Mass.*
156	Paterson-Clifton-Passaic, N.J.	196	Sherman-Denison, Tex.	237	York, Pa.
. 157	Pensacola, Fla.	197	Shreveport, La.	238	Youngstown-Warren, Ohio*
158	Peoria, III.	198	Sioux City, Iowa-Nebr.	239	Mayagüez, P.R.
159	Philadelphia, PaN.J.	199	Sioux Falls, S. Dak.	240	Ponce, P.R.
160	Phoenix, Ariz.	200	South Bend, Ind.	241	San Juan, P.R.

INTRODUCTION

APPENDIXES

A. Area Classifications	App-1
B. Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics	App-3
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GENERAL

This report presents statistics by census tract on the characteristics of the population and housing units as reported in the 1970 Census of Population and Housing. Legal provision for this census, which was conducted as of April 1, 1970, was made in the Act of Congress of August 31, 1954 (amended August 1957), which codified Title 13, United States Code. This report series contains 241 reports as listed on page II. Each report relates to a particular standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA), and in some cases also covers certain areas adjacent to the SMSA. As stated on page App-2, there are 247 currently recognized SMSA's, including four in Puerto Rico. There are no reports in this series for six of these SMSA's because they were newly designated on the basis of the 1970 census results and census tracts had not been established for them previously.

This series of reports is one of the several series which present the information compiled from the census. For a description of the full data dissemination program see Appendix D, "Publication and Computer Summary Tape Program."

The content and procedures of the 1970 census were determined after

evaluation of the results of the 1960 census, consultation with a wide variety of users of census data, and extensive field pretesting. A number of changes were introduced in 1970 to improve the usefulness of the census results. For the characteristics shown in this report, the changes do not, however, affect to any appreciable extent the comparability of the 1970 data with those for 1960.

More detailed information on the technical and procedural matters covered in the text of this report can be obtained by writing to the Director, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D. C. 20233. Such information will also appear in later reports of the 1970 census.

Organization of the text.-The text consists of this introduction and four appendixes, which appear after the tables. Appendix A describes area classifications, defines census tracts, and traces some of the history of the development of census tract statis-Appendix B provides definitions and explanations of the population and housing subjects appearing in the report. Appendix C presents information on sources of error in the data, sampling variability, ratio estimation, and editing procedures. Appendix D summarizes the data dissemination program of the 1970 census.

Content of the tables.—There are two numbered series of tables. Tables P-1 to P-8 present population statistics and tables H-1 to H-5 present housing statistics. Tables P-5 to P-8 and H-3 to H-5 relate to Negroes and to persons of Spanish language or surname or persons of Puerto Rican birth or parentage; they include only those tracts that have a population of 400 or more for the particular group.

The tables include data for the component counties and places of 25,000 or more in the SMSA, as well as for the tracts. All tables are arranged in identical fashion. Summations are presented first for the SMSA, followed by the component counties in alphabetical order (within State, if the SMSA crosses State lines). Shown under each county is the summation for each component place of 25,000 inhabitants or more and the balance of the county. Following these summations are the data for individual tracts (arranged in the abovementioned geographic order) within the SMSA; and, in certain cases, for individual tracts in territory contiguous to the SMSA. When a tract crosses the boundary of a place of 25,000 inhabitants or more, statistics for the portion of the tract which lies inside the place are shown with the figure for the place; statistics for the remainder of the tract are shown as part of another place and/or under the county balance, as appropriate. The totals for each of these "split" tracts appear at the end of the table.

Sample size.-Tables P-1, H-1, and H-3 contain 100-percent data; the remaining tables contain data based on a sample of the population, with sampling rates of 20 percent or 15 percent. Figures for the total population or for some subgroups of the population (e.g., the population 5 years old and over) may differ from table to table or within the same table when the figures are tabulated from different samples. The sample size for each subject is stated in table C, Appendix C, "Accuracy of the Data." Appendix C also provides information on the sampling variability associated with the data.

Derived figures (percents, medians, etc.).-Percents, medians, and means, as well as certain rates and ratios are shown in these reports. For all types of derived figures in this report, the figure is not presented (but indicated by three dots "...") if the base is smaller than the minimum number prescribed for the sample on which the figure is based. The minimum bases are 5 (persons, families, households, or housing units) for figures derived from 100-percent tabulations, 25 for figures based on the 20-percent sample, and 33 for those based on the 15-percent sample. When a crosstabulation of two or more characteristics covers subjects based on different samples, the minimum base for the smaller sample applies. Although figures are shown for all areas. except when the base is less than the specified minimum, the reader should exercise caution in the use and interpretation of data for very small areas or subgroups of the population; these data are especially subject to the effects of sampling variability, misreporting, and processing errors.

Percents which round to less than 0.1 are not shown but indicated as zero (i.e., "-"). The median, which is a type of average, is the middle value in a distribution, i.e., the median divides the distribution into two equal parts-one-half of the cases fall below the median and one-half of the cases exceed the median. When the median falls in the lower terminal category of an open-end distribution, the method of presentation is to show the initial value of the next category followed by a minus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "Less than \$5,000," it is shown as When the median falls "\$5,000-." in the upper terminal category of an open-end distribution, the method of

presentation is to show the initial value of the terminal category followed by a plus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "75 years and over," it is shown as "75+." The mean is the arithmetic average derived by adding the values in a particular distribution and dividing by the number of units in the distribution.

Symbols.—A dash "—" signifies zero. Three dots "..." mean not applicable, or that the base for the derived figure is too small for it to be shown, or that the data are being withheld to avoid disclosure of information for individuals. The symbol "U" means that the place is "unincorporated."

Boundaries.—Information on changes in the boundaries of tracts between 1960 and 1970 for this area appears after the Introduction. Information on boundary changes between 1960 and 1970 for certain types of areas other than tracts is given in the 1970 Population Census PC(1)-A report for each State.

DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

The 1970 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. In 1960, self-enumeration was first introduced on a nationwide scale as a substitute for the traditional census direct interview.

A census questionnaire was delivered by postal carriers to every household several days before Census Day, April 1, 1970. This questionnaire contained certain explanatory information and was accompanied by an instruction sheet; in areas with comparatively large proportions of Spanish-speaking persons, a Spanish version of the instruction sheet was also enclosed.

In the larger metropolitan areas and some adjacent counties, altogether containing about three-fifths of the population of the United States, the householder was requested to fill out and mail back the form on Census Day. Approximately 87 percent of the householders did so. The mailedback forms were reviewed by the census enumerator (or, in some localities, a census clerk) and if the form was determined to be incomplete or inconsistent, a followup was made. The bulk of these followups were made by telephone, the rest by personal visit. For the households which did not mail back their forms, a followup was also made, in almost all cases by personal visit and in the remainder by telephone.

For the remaining two-fifths of the population, the householder was requested to fill out the form and give it to the enumerator when he called; approximately 80 percent did so. Incomplete and unfilled forms were completed by interview during the enumerator's visit.

Three types of questionnaires were used throughout the country; 80 percent of the households answered a form containing a limited number of population and housing questions and the remainder, split into 15-percent and 5-percent samples, answered forms which contained these questions as well as a number of additional questions. Some of the additional questions were the same on the 15-percent and 5-percent versions; others were different. A random procedure was used to determine which of the three forms any particular household answered.

In the metropolitan and adjacent areas, the designated type of questionnaire was sent to each household. In the remaining areas, the questionnaire

INTRODUCTION—Continued

with a limited number of questions was distributed to all households, and the enumerators obtained the additional information by interview in those households designated for the 15-percent and 5-percent samples.

PROCESSING PROCEDURES

The 1970 census questionnaires were specially designed to be processed by FOSDIC (Film Optical Sensing Device for Input to Computer). For most items on the questionnaire, the information supplied by the respondent or obtained by the enumerator was indicated by marking the answers in

predesignated positions that would be 'read" by FOSDIC from a microfilm copy of the questionnaire onto computer magnetic tape with no intervening manual processing. A number of the items, however, required reviewing written entries to determine the proper code. Consequently, the processing involved a manual coding and editing operation in which clerks determined the appropriate codes and marked the specified positions on the questionnaire; for example, the clerks applied a 2-digit numerical code for the country-of-birth entry. marks, as well as those made by the respondent and enumerator, were read by FOSDIC onto magnetic tape.

The tape containing the information from the questionnaires was processed on the Census Bureau's computers through a number of editing and tabulation steps (see Appendix C, "Accuracy of the Data"). One of the end results of this operation was a computer tape from which the tables in this report were prepared on a cathode-ray-tube phototypesetting machine at the Government Printing Office. Another end result was the summary tapes which are available for purchase, as described in Appendix D, "Publication and Computer Summary Tape Program."

Census tract comparability tables are not provided in this report because the area was tracted for the first time for 1970.

Table P-1. General Characteristics of the Population: 1970

	ror minimum bas	vstane County	-3-700 (#47700)	.,		,,	Billings				
Census Tracts				Tract	Tract	Troct	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract
	Total	Billings	Balance	0001	0002	0003	0004	0005	0006	0007	0009
RACE											
White	87 367 85 765	61 581 60 329	25 786 25 436	1 503 1 411	3 795 3 634	4 577 4 179 104	7 395 7 278 21	5 243 5 200 11	4 116 4 051 14	1 82 169 11	4 407 4 301
Negro Percent Negro	227 0.3	212 0.3	0.1	0.1	15 0 .4	2.3	0.3	0.2	0.3	6,0	0.1
AGE BY SEX											
Male, all ages Under 5 years	42 460 3 573	29 551 2 479	12 909	666 21 13	1 786 153 43	2 281 204 85	3 210 248 77	2 505 193 77	1 974 89 42	115 9 4	2 223 232 112
3 and 4 years 5 to 9 years 5 years	1 499 4 586 818	1 034 3 102 548	1 484 270	13 9 1	114 26	231 50	246 37	196 35	140 22	13 3	308 65
6 years 10 to 14 years	904 5 114	617 3 444	287 1 670	3 20	31 99	50 222	40 316	32 267	27 214 53	3 9 2	52 289 45
14 years 15 to 19 years 15 years	1 024 4 349 997	687 3 088 663	337 1 261 334	33 6	21 152 30	37 186 - 36	55 304 62	64 249 47	380 40	4 1	231 63
16 years	944 895	665 624	279 271	1 3	21 27	49 29	63 68	54 61 57	38 35	2	43 55
18 years 19 years	807 706	578 558	229 148	13 10 107	27 47 335	37 35 148	47 64 421	57 30 241	117 150 279	ī 40	27 139
20 to 24 years 20 years 21 years	3 285 670 672	2 518 530 528	767 140 144	21 17	52 55	23 26	83 93	38 54	108 72	13 15	29 35
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	5 020 4 989	3 494 3 437	1 526 1 552	87 57	256 123	196 183	362 281 319	286 245 339	144 159 2 42	19 14 2	43 55 43 27 139 29 35 324 270 217
45 to 54 years 55 to 59 years 60 to 64 years	4 926 1 928 1 641	3 408 1 328 1 141	1 518 600 500	87 51 41	177 99 85	253 136 168	147 150	162 127	103 90	2 1	82 57 51
65 to 74 years	1 869	i 303 809	566 371	78 75	117 76	218 136	229 187	133 67	85 49	}	51 23
Female, all agesUnder 5 years	44 907	32 030 2 311	12 877 1 184	837 24	2 009 145	2 296 223	4 185 225	2 738 176	2 142 72	67 5	2 184 207
3 and 4 years5 to 9 years	1 424 4 378	941 2 925	483 1 453	5 1]	48 95	100 211 40	73 250 34	60 197 35	30 122 19	15 3	94 262 44
5 years	848	498 552 3 500	250 296 1 529	4 2 21	26 13 129	48 206	63 330	47 246	25 160	2 9	44 36 304 46
14 years15 to 19 years	960	670 3 566	290 1 165	.5 91	26 192	37 204	66 427	48 274	21 554	1 3	205
15 years	916	691 679 635	265 237 251	2 7 8	30 24 28	42 32 37	51 61 84	67 57 61	33 51 46		205 49 48 38 39 31
17 years 18 years 19 years	886 974 999	757 804	217 195	31 43	40 70	44 49	111 120	41 48	190 234	2 -	39 31
20 to 24 years	954	2 943 789	840 165 160	124 36 30	415 110 120	168 32 45	544 161 143	264 62 49	298 160 71	3 - -	162 40 34
21 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	5 462	698 3 764 3 717	1 698 1 537		203 139	246 190	377 368	280 302	142 190	16 9	350 277
45 to 54 years55 to 59 years	5 004 2 064	3 582 1 463	1 422 601	49 56 79 73 72	227 120	257 122	424 221	388 194	280 98 94	1 2 2	350 277 198 84 46 47
60 to 64 years 65 to 74 years 75 years and over	2 245	1 266 1 719 1 274	426 526 496	122 115	111 137 96	128 212 129	232 436 351	136 171 110	88 44	1	47 42
RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD											
All persons		61 581 60 048	25 786 25 363	1 503 1 427	3 795 3 789	4 577 4 568	7 395 7 249	5 243 5 243	4 116 3 156	182 140	4 407 4 401
in householdsHead of householdHead of family	27 641	20 036 15 292	7 605 6 525	971 270	1 633 1 015	1 828 1 092	2 998 1 843	1 854 1 478	997 881	34 32	1 219 1 094
Primary indivídual Wife of head	5 824 19 503	4 744 13 480	1 080 6 023 11 477	701 194 200	618 831 1 129	736 825 1 846	1 155 1 490 2 468	376 1 302 1 997	116 818 1 278	2 31 72	125 989 2 145
Other relative of head	. 1 368	25 422 1 110 1 533	258 423	62 76	196	69	293 146	90	63 960	72 3 42	48
Persons per household	1	3.00	3.34	1.47	2.32	2.50	2.42	2,83	3.17	4.12	3.61
TYPE OF FAMILY AND NUMBER OF OWN CHILDREN						1 000	1 843	1 478	881	32	1 094
All families With own children under 18 years Number of children	. 12 896	15 292 8 928 20 879	6 525 3 968 9 541	270 75 118	1 015 421 832	1 092 550 1 375	857 1 904	755 1 561	438 1 002	27 64	737 1 802
Husband-wife families	19 503	13 480 7 827	6 023 3 653	1 94 43	831 319	825 376	1 490 658	1 302 654	818 403	31 27	989 658
With own children under 18 yearsPumber of childrenPercent of total under 18 years	27 358	18 545 85,4	8 813 87.7	69 51.9	613 68.5	948 62.3	1 515 75.6	1 362 84.0	918 88.3	64 100.0	1 608 84.7
Families with other male head With own children under 18 years	404	288 94	116 46	11	28 6	46 12	47 20	29 12	11 3	-	19 .8
Number of children	265	173 1 524	92 386	65	7 156	23 221	32 306	16 147	13 52	1	17 86
With own children under 18 years Number of children	1 276 2 797	1 007 2 161	269 636	32 49	96 212 23.7	162 404 26,5	179 357 17.8	89 183 11.3	32 71 6,8	=	. 71 177 9.3
Percent of total under 18 years Persons under 18 years		10.0 21 718	6.3 10 051	36.8 133	895	1 522	2 004	1 622	1 040	64	1 898
MARITAL STATUS											
Male, 14 years old and overSingle	. 8372	21 213 6 042	8 998 2 330	621 217	1 441 448	1 661 479	2 455 723	1 913 493	1 584 711	86 45 3 9	1 439 368 1 019
MarriedSeparated	20 166 214	13 968 169 474	6 198 45 213	239 25 55	880 23 35	908 52 106	1 564 21 78	1 324 6 36	844 1 15	1 -	10 18
Widowed Divorced	986	729	257	110	78	168 1 693	90 3 446	60 2 167	14 1 809	2 39	34 1 457
Female, 14 years old and overSingle	7 52/	23 964 5 901 14 144	9 001 1 626 6 248	786 252 223	1 666 424 888	1 693 302 917	963 1 599	465 1 348	820 856	5 31	286 1 026
MarriedSeparatedWidowed	269 3 476	208 2 628	61 848	15 210	27 210	45 307	29 597	12 226	8 93	3	13 90 55
Divorced		1 291	279	101	144	167	287	128	40		23

Table P-1. General Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

Ţ	or minimum bas			ings – Con.				Bola	nce of Yellows	tone County	
Census Tracts	Tract 0010	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0017	Tract 0018	Tract 0002	Tract 0003	Tract 0005	Tract 0007
RACE								······································			
All persons	5 677 5 599	6 302 6 267	2 899 2 879	5 248 5 222	-	5 384 5 343	4 853 4 796	677 634	120 117		5 314 5 286
White Negro Percent Negro	11 0.2	4 0.1	5 0.2	0,1	-	0.1	"	6 0.9	-	•••	J 200 ~
Ţ	U.2	0,1	0.2	U,I		0.1		0.7	_	***	_
AGE BY SEX	2 741	3 016	1 425	2 544		2 653	2 412	344	61		2 640
Male, all ages	309	239 92	120	208 91	-	226 113	228	48 17	2	•••	261 105
3 and 4 years5 to 9 years	121 322	291	63 182	313	_	390	347	40	7	• • •	317
5 years	59 72	47 66	29 35	58 53	-	61 81	55 72	10 12	3	•••	60 66
10 to 14 years	295 62	347 67	186 37	363 81	-	431 82	386 76	38 .7	1	•••	334 70
15 to 19 years	221 50	295 62	152 30	299 72	_	310 81	272 83	29 6	7	***	223 51
16 years	56 44	69 66	48 33	74 70	_	91 69	56 64	3 7	3	***	54 40
18 years19 years	32 39	49 49	33 25 16	48 35	_	43 26	40 29	9 4	1	•••	47 31
20 to 24 years	255 41	255 45	67 14	79 20	_	90 24	62 \ 19	39 9	8 2	•••	164 26
21 years25 to 34 years	43 418	52 365	15 191	24 221	_	19 296	8 329	8 36	1 2	***	2R
35 to 44 years	301 269	326 394	219 175	441 367	_	441 295	377 272	22 35	7	***	374 334 272
55 to 59 years60 to 64 years	108 101	165 136	51 38	99 60	-	62 46	61	17 16	2		102 92
65 to 74 years	94	146 57	36 8	56 38	-	30 36	29	16 8	5	***	103 64
75 years and over	48 2 936	3 286	1 474	38 2 704	_	2 731	2 441	333	59		2 674
Under 5 years	311 108	213 88	116 50	177 87		209 86	208 108	40 9	9	•••	279 116
5 to 9 years5 years	278 51	283 47	168 27	329 43	=	365 61	339 64	46 6	7		336 66
6 years	44 3\2	51	30	72 412	-	59 445	60	8	ì		59 293
10 to 14 years	62	335 77	203 38	86	-	82	388 75	29 9	3		49
15 to 19 years	250 56	342 77	133 46	312 89	-	305 86	274 63	23 6	3 -		206 43
16 years	63 38	63 68	28 26	81 77	_	76 66	88 57	3 3	ī	• • •	38 42
18 years	45 48	62 72	18 15 87	44 21	-	44 33	46 20	4 7	2		45 38 211
20 to 24 years	10E 06	275 51	87 15	95 27	-	104 14	103	41 8	5 2	•••	211 32 51
21 years25 to 34 years	61 416	67 393	19 215	18 300	-	25 385	16 392	7 40	1 7		51 426
35 to 44 years	304 308	379 435	234 176	464 331	-	427	378 220	29 34	6		308 247
55 to 59 years	124 112	183 156	39 42	89 55	-	258 52 47	62 33	25	2	***	106 77
65 to 74 years	137 83	181 111	37 24	70 70	-	52 82	28	13	3	•••	108 77
RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD		***	2	,,		0		Ü		•••	•
All persons	5 677	6 302	2 899	5 248	_	5 384	4 853	677	120		5 314
In households Head of household	5 660 1 809	6 260 2 077	2 8 99 827	5 153 1 349	-	5 250 1 263	4 853 1 177	677 224	120 36		5 242 1 563
Head of family Primary individual	1 497 312	1 724 353	749 78	1 266 83	-	1 219 44	1 132	167 57	32 4	• • •	1 361 202
Wife of headOther relative of head	1 321 2 450	1 550 2 542	697 1 351	1 212 2 558	-	1 144 2 815	1 076 2 571	133 306	29 55		1 273 2 359
Not related to head	80 17	91 42	24	34 95	-	28 134	29	14	-		47 72
Persons per household	3.13	3.01	3.51	3.82		4.16	4.12	3.02	3.33		3.35
TYPE OF FAMILY AND NUMBER OF OWN CHILDREN											
All families With own children under 18 years	1 497 895	1 724 918	749 496	1 266 913		1 219 962	1 132 884	1 67 105	32 18		1 361 849
Number of children Husband-wife families	2 042 1 321	2 038 1 550	1 162 69 7	2 216 1 212	-	2 491 1 144	2 272	253 133	42 29	•••	2 000
With own children under 18 years	789 1 829	816 1 833	460 1 094	873 2 133	=	904 2 380	847 2 179	79 188	17 39		790 1 871
Percent of total under 18 years	85.7	86.7	92.2	94.2	-	93.9	94.5	69.9	81.3		89.6
Families with other male head	27 .6	25 7	7	10 4	-	9 5	19	5 1	<u> 1</u>		15 5
Number of children Families with female head	11 149	8 149	5 45	9 44	_	9 66	23 37	2 29	2		73
With own children under 18 years	100 202	95 197	33 63	36 74	-	53 102	29	25 63	1 3	• • • •	54 118
Percent of total under 18 years	9.5	9.3	5.3	3.3	-	4.0	3.0	23.4	6.3	• • • •	5.7
Persons under 18 years	2 134	2 113	1 186	2 265	-	2 535	2 307	269	48	•••	2 088
Male, 14 years old and over	1 877	2 206	974	1 741	_	1 688	1 527	225	44		1 798
Single Morried	436 1 358	538 1 591	240 708	462 1 241	-	475 1 168	407	61	11	• • •	402 1 300
Separated	6 28	8 28	4	6	-	6	1 085	139 3	30 !	• • •	7
Divorced	28 55	28 49	6 20	27 11	-	27 18	15 20	4 21	2		39 57
Female, 14 years old and over	2 097 373	2 532 529	1 025 215	1 872 456	-	1 794 421	1 581 390	227 41	38 5	• • •	1 815 285
Married Separated	1 383 18	1 614 13	716	1 255	-	1 191 12	1 097	140	30 1	• • • •	1 322 1 39
Widowed	226	262	66 28	132		138	68	20	2	•••	148
Divarced	115	127	28	29	_	44	26	26	1	• • •	60

Table P-1. General Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

	For minimum bas	c to tastica i	goreo (parcum)			lowstone Count					
Census Tracts	Tract 0008	Tract 0009	Tract 0010	Tract 0011	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0015	Tract 0016	Tract 0017	Tract 0018	Tract 0019
RACE											
All persons	2 165 2 116	2 515 2 450	43 43	9 9	319 319	3 179 3 146	3 561 3 530	1 320 1 251	612 604	1 492 1 482	4 459 4 448
Negro Percent Negro	_	0.2	_	-	-	1 -	0.1	-	-	-	-[
AGE BY SEX											1
Male, ali ages Under 5 years	1 111	1 254 114	21	5 2	137 14	1 665 132	1 849 136	668 48	290 36	701 55	2 162 140
3 and 4 years5 to 9 years	46 162	49 163	ĩ	ĩ	8 21	59 158	58 215	26 77	13 23 2	25 94 23	58 5 206 38
5 years 6 years	29 33	20 30	-	~	5 3	30 34	43 31	9 15	5	14	411
10 ta 14 years 14 years	170 30	165 30	2 1	~	16 2	239 50	223 36	85 13	30 10	91 18	268 69 211
15 to 19 years	103 32	110 23	1 -	-	11 5	210 59	196 51	71 24 13	23 5	66 22 12	55
16 years	23 19	20 25	-		3	56 45 33	48 43 39	15 11	2 7)3 8	55 48 56 31 21 114
18 years	17 12	24 18 102	1 3	-	2 1	17 82	15 85	8 34	8 29	11 35	21 114
20 to 24 years 20 years 21 years	71 9	20 18	-		· 1	17 18	20 10	6 11	2 5	9 6	20 29 203 269
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	130 127	154 143	2	ž	23 32 12	200 187	196 213	81 9 3	38 34	87 88	203 269
45 to 54 years 55 to 59 years	111 43	122	4 3	1	12 2 3	215 91	236 103	79 23	33 !5	75 26	315 119
60 to 64 years65 to 74 years	32 36	53 39 56	2 1	-	2	65 56	79 100	34 32	17 10 2	16 20 48	102 } 129 86
75 years and over	20 1 054	33 1 261) 22	4	182	.30 1 514	67 1 712	11 652	322	40 791	2 297
female, all ages Under 5 years 3 and 4 years	107	150 62	1	ĩ	14	142 54	144 56	50 19	20 11	56 32	171 70
5 to 9 years 5 years	135 27	148 27	_	~	25 7	164 25	180 30	97 13	31 7	83 11	30
6 years	21 150	35 154	$\bar{\tilde{2}}$	~	30 30	41 188	38 219	29 75	4 19 3	18 112	40 250 52
14 years 15 to 19 years	23 81	21 111	3	-	10 28	48 145	36 180	22 57 15	50 3	14 46 13	232
15 years	17 16	21 23	ī	~	8 4 7	39 32 26	50 38 42	14 17	2 7	11 10	55
17 years	17 22 9	20 20	- 1	~	, 5 4	26 26 22	31 19	7	\4 24	7 5	50 55 59 35 33 123
19 years	69 17	27 97 20	2	-		97 20	79 11	35 10	42 9	33 9	123 24 20
20 years 21 years 25 to 34 years	10 167	22 177]]	2	1 24	10 191	12 208	5 83	11 45	103	224
35 to 54 years	125 100	134 119	- 5	Į.	34 11	195 186	203 221	89 71	20 44	96 75	298 300
55 to 59 years 60 to 64 years	39 22	48 43	4 -	1	5	70 48	91 65	33 19	23 11	25 16 22	136
65 to 74 years 75 years and over	21 38	54 26	1 3	-	2 3	51 37	75 47	27 16	13 4	124	136 115
RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD											}
All persons	2 165 2 134	2 515 2 515	43 43	9 9	319 319	3 179 3 101	3 561 3 561	1 320 1 320	612 567	1 492 1 320	4 459 4 434
Head of householdHead of fomily	570 510	743 625	17 14	3 3	79 74	896 804	1 048 907	374 315	206 168 38	360 338 22	1 485 1 207 278
Primary individual	60 462	118 572	10 3	3 3	73 144	92 760 1 429	141 847 1 600	59 296 62 9	154 200	313 636	1 098
Other relative of head	1 079 23	1 165 35	16	3 - -	166 1 -	1 429 16 78	66	21	200 7 45	11 172	1 834 17 25
In group quariers Persons per household	31 3.74	3.38	2.53		4.04	3.46	3.40	3.53	2.75	3.67	2.99
TYPE OF FAMILY AND NUMBER OF OWN											
CHILDREN All families	510	625	14	3	74	804	907	315	168	338	1 207
With own children under 18 years	347 892	396 983	4	1 3	5 9 147	481 1 161	537 1 318	193 504	84 172	231 546	663 1 514
Husband-wife families	462 312	572 352	10 2	3	73 58	760 461	847 510	296 185	154 73	313 212	1 098 601
With own children under 18 years	806 84.5	864 84.2	3 42.9	3	144 98.0	1 117 87.3	1 254 90.3	484 91.3	151 84.4	505 88.3	1 384 88.8
Percent of total under 18 yearsFamilies with other male head	8	12	2	-	-	17 6	22 6	6	-	5 4	23 8
With own children under 18 years	4 5	17	i	=	-	14 27	11 38	11	14	10 20	10 86
Families with female head With own children under 18 years	40 31	41 37	2 !	-	1) 3	14 30	21 53	13 4 9	11 11 21	15 31	54 120
Number of children	81 8.5	102 9.9	2 28.6	_	2.0	2.3	3.8	1.7	11.7	5.4	7.7
Persons under 18 years	954	1 026	7	3	147	1 280	1 389	530	179	572	1 559
MARITAL STATUS	702	842	19	3	88	1 186	1 311	471	211	479	1 617
Male, 14 years old and over	703 · 181 495	218 584	5 12	3	13 75	363 780	369 874	143 304	47 156	116 326	401 1 119
Married Separated Widowed	12	1	2	=	-	3 16	9 36] 9	3	3]	50
Divorced	19	26	_ 19	- 3	123	27 1 068	32 1 20 5	15 452	5 255	6 554	47 1 727
Female, 14 years old and over	685 109	830 130 592	19 5 11	3 - 3	41 74	215 780	228 874	98 310	64 158	78 335	327 1 133
Morried Separated	486 4 59	592 4 63	2	-	8	3 64	6 77	3 3 36	3 24	5 129	9 216
Widowed	31	45	ī		-	9	26	8	9	12	51

Table P-1. General Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

					Totals	for split tracts					
Census Tracts	Tract 0002	Tract 0003	Tract 0005	Tract 0007	Tract 0009	Tract 0010	Tract 0011	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0017	Tract 0018
RACE											
All persons	4 472 4 268	4 697 4 296	5 244 5 201	5 496 5 455	6 922 6 751	5 720 5 642	6 311 6 276	5 567 5 541	3 179 3 146	5 996 5 947	6 345 6 278
Negro Percent Negro	21 0.5	104 2.2	11 0.2	11 0.2	10 0.1	11 0.2	0.1	0.1	i	0.1	1
AGE BY SEX	0.0	2.2	0.2		V. .	0.2	0.,	0.1		V.1	_
Mule, all ages	2 130	2 342	2 506	2 755	3 477	2 762	3 021	2 681	1 665	2 943	3 113
Under 5 years	201 60	206 85	193 77	270 109	346 161	309 121	241 93	222 99	132 59	262 126	283 126
5 to 9 years5 years	154 36	238 51	196 35	330 63	471 85	323 59	291 47	334 63	158 30	413 63	441 78
6 years 10 to 14 years	43 137	53 231	32 267	69 343	82 454	72 297	66 347	56 379	34	86 461	86 477
14 years 15 to 19 years	28 181	38 193	64 249	72	75 341	63 222	67 295	83 310	239 50 210	92	94
15 years	36 24	37 50	47 54	227 52 56 40 47 32	86 63	50 56	62 69	77 74	59 56	333 86 92	338 105
17 years	34 36	32 38	61 57	40 47	80 67	44	66 49	73 49 37	45 33 17	71 50	68 77
19 years 20 to 24 years 20	51 374	36 156	30 241	32	45 241	33 39 258	40	37	17	34	48 40 97
20 years	61	25 27	38	204 39	49	43	255 45 52	80 20 25	82 17	119 26	28
25 to 34 years	63 292	198	54 286	43 393	53 478	43 420	365 328	244	18 200	24 334	14 416
35 to 44 years	145 212	190 262	245 339 162	348 274	478 413 339 135	420 302 273	394	473 379	187 215	475 328	465 347
55 to 59 years	116 101	138 170	128	104 93	135 96 107	111 103	166 136	101 63	91 65	77 63	87 57
65 to 74 years 75 years and over	133 84	223 137	133 67	104 65	107 56	95 49	146 57	58 38	56 30	40 38	49 56
Famale, all agesUnder 5 years	2 342 185	2 355 232	2 738 176	2 741 284	3 445 357	2 958	3 290 214	2 886	1 514	3 053	3 232
3 and 4 years	57 141	102 218	60 197	120 351	156 410	312 108	88	191 95	142 54	229 97	264 140
5 years	32	41	35	69	71	278 51	283 47	354 50	164 25	396 68	422 75
6 years	21 158	49 214	47 246	61 302	71 458	44 314	51 3 <u>35</u>	74 442	41 188	63 464	78 500
14 years	35 215	40 207	48 274	50 209	67 316	62 253	77 342	96 340	48 145	85 355	89 320
15 years	36 27	42 32	67 57	43 38	70 71 58	56 64	77 63	97 85	39 32	89 78	76 99 67
17 years	31 44	38 44	61 41	43 47	59	38 46	68	84 49	26	78 73 58	67 53
19 years	77 456	51 173	48 264	38 214	58 259	49 303	62 72 275	25 101	26 22 97	57 146	53 25 136 30
20 years21 years	118 127	34 46	62 49	32 51	60 56	60 62	51 67	30 19	20 10	23 36	30 25
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	243 168	253 196	280 302	442 317	527 411	417 304	395 379	324 498	191 195	430 447	25 495 474
45 to 54 years55 to 59 years	261 145	266 122	388 194	248 108	317 132	313 128	435 184	342 89	186 70	302 75	295 87
60 to 64 years65 to 74 years	118 150	130 215	136 171	79 109	89 101	112 138	156 181	60 72	48 51	58 65	49 50
75 years and over	102	129	110	78	68	86	iii	73	37	86	140
RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD											
All persons	4 472 4 466	4 697 4 688	5 244 5 24 4	5 496 5 382	6 922 6 916	5 720 5 70 3	6 311 6 269	5 567 5 472	3 179 3 101	5 996 5 817	6 345 6 173
Head of household Head of family	1 857 1 182	1 864 1 124	1 855 1 478	1 597 1 393	1 962 1 719	1 826 1 511	2 080 1 727	1 428 1 340	896 804	1 469 1 387	1 537 1 470
Primary individual Wife of head	675 964	740 854	377 1 302	204 1 304	243 1 561	315 1 331	353 1 553	88 1 285	92 760	82 1 298	1 389
Other relative of head	1 435 210	1 901 69	1 997 90	2 431 50	3 310 83	2 466 80	2 545 91	2 724 35	1 429 16	3 015 35	3 207 40
In group quartersPersons per household	6 2.40	9 2.52	0.00	114	6	17	42	95	78	179	172
TYPE OF FAMILY AND NUMBER OF OWN CHILDREN	2.40	2.32	2.83	3.37	3.52	3.12	3,01	3.83	3,46	3,96	4,02
All familles With own children under 18 years	1 182	1 124	1 478	1 393	1 719	1 511	1 727	1 340	804	1 387	1 470
Number of children	1 085	568 1 417	755 1 561	876 2 064	1 133 2 785	899 2 048	919 2 041	972 2 363	481 1 161	1 046 2 663	1 115 2 818
Husband-wife families With own children under 18 years	964 398	854 393	1 302 654	1 304 817	1 561 1 010	1 331 791	1 553 817	1 285 931	760	1 298	1 389
Number of children Percent of total under 18 years	801	987 62,9	1 362 84.0	1 935 89,9	2 472 84.5	1 832 85.6	1 836 86.8	2 277 94.4	461 1 117 87.3	977 2 531	1 059 2 684
Families with other male head	33	47	29	15	31	29	25	94.4 10	87.3 17	93,3 9	93.2 24
With own children under 18 years	9	12 23	12 16	5 11	15 34	7 12	7 8	4 9	6 14	5 9	12 33
Families with female head With own children under 18 years	121	223 163	147 89	74 54	127 108	1 51 101	149 95	45 37	27	80	57
Number of children Percent of total under 18 years	275	407 25.9	183 11.3	118 5.5	279 9.5	204 9.5	197	77	14 30	64 123	44 101
Persons under 18 years		1 570	1 622	2 152	2 924	9.3 2 141	9.3 2 116	3,2 2 412	2.3 1 280	4.5 2 714	3.5 2 879
MARITAL STATUS	-										
Male, 14 years old and over	7 666 509	1 705 490	1 914 493	1 884 447	2 281 586	1 896 441	2 209	1 829	1 186	1 899	2 006
MarriedSeparated	1 019	938 53	1 325	1 339	1 603	1 370	538 1 594	475 1 316	363 780	522 1 324	523 1 411
WidowedDivarced	39	107 170	36 60	39 59	11 32	30	8 28	6 27	3 16	7 30	46
Female, 14 years old and over	1 893	1 731	2 167	59 1 854	60 2 287	55 2 116	49 2 535	11 1 995	27	23	26
Single	465	307 947	465 1 348	290 1 353	416 1 618	378 1 394	2 333 529 1 617	497	1 068 215	2 049 485	2 135 468
Widowed	31 230	46 309	12 226	19 151	17 153	1 394 18 228	13	1 329 9	780 3	1 349 15	1 432
Divorced	170	168	128	60	100	116	262 127	140 29	64 9	162 53	197 38

Table P-2. Social Characteristics of the Population: 1970

	Yello	wstone County				' 	Billings				
Census Tracts	Total	Billings	Balance	Trect 0001	Tract 0002	Tract 0003	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0006	Tract 0007	Tract 0009
MATIVITY, PARENTAGE, & COUNTRY OF ORIGIN											
Native of native parentage	87 401 72 072 12 719	61 581 50 886 8 857	25 820 21 186 3 862	1 416 1 062 337	3 769 2 971 672	4 464 3 239 991	7 395 5 932 1 289	5 243 4 274 827	4 116 3 483 440	208 208 —	4 407 3 639 670
Foreign steck	2 610 15 329	1 838 10 695	772 4 634	17 354	126 798	434 1 425	174 1 463	142 969	193 633	_	98 768
United Kingdom	979 299	783 218	196 81	, 45	47 22	50 7	160 88	90 26	12	_	83 7
SwedenGermany	616 2 187	468 1 548	148 639	13 69	44 129	20 142	7 9 181	75 149	27 52	_	24 145
Poland Czechoslovakia	197 182	106 121	91 61	4 6	11 31	37 25	18	5 14	4	_	22
AustriaHungary	367 192	245 130	122 62	9 7	45 -	7 31	49 13	14 13	14 8	=	-
U.S.Š.R.	3 890 347	2 167 251	1 723 96	18 14	94 15	417 24	257 36	127 7	64 36	_	225 11
Canada	1 676 488	1 360 388	316 100	33 -	92 15	109 323	161	112 12	182 7	_	100 i
Other America	27	21	- 6	-	_	9	6			~	
All other and not reported Persons of Spanish language ¹	3 882 1 975	2 889 1 543	993 432	136 17	253 58	224 1 038	415 32	325 32	227 14	-	130 157
Other persons of Spanish surname¹ Persons of Spanish mother tangue	1 195	971	224	5	 15	767	18	19	14		52
Persons of Puerto Rican birth or parentage	23	16	7	-		707	8	8	'2	_	-
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT Excelled persons, 3 to 34 years old	28 048	19 976	8 072	140	1 013	1 124	2 079	1 564	1 976	70	1 341
Nursery school	143 42	116 42	27				_	=	22 18	-	-
Kindergarten	728 293	626 224	102 69	-	34 21	51 43	61 28	38 20	63 20	_	9
Elementary Public	15 654 14 654	10 529 9 758	5 125 4 896	13 13	322 297	735 718	962 739	792 723	470 400	60 60	882 860
High schoolPublic	7 222 6 708	4 982 4 589	2 240 2 119	37 32	161 161	305 259	478 395	423 377	282 226	10 10	321 293
College	4 301	3 723	578	90	496	33	578	311	1 139	-	129
Percent enrolled in school by age:	95.7	93.5	99.9	76.0	81.6	80.9	99.9	98.6	91.2	-	90.8
18 and 19 years 20 and 21 years	66.1 47.0	68.0 50.0	59.5 33.0	52.5 10.8	41.7 52.1	43.8	62.8 49.9	67.3 64.2	91.6 99.9	-	44.7 24.6
22 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	22,2 6,2	25.3 7.1	12.7	14.5 5.3	47.0 16.5	6.9 1.4	25.7 12.0	27.0 6.7	57.2 14.8	-	13.1 3.2
Percent 16 to 21 years not high school graduates and not enrolled in school	7.2	7.1	7.4	4.2	11.8	28,1	5.6	1.5	0.7	~	7.9
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED									1 807	80	2 040
Persons, 25 years old and over No school years completed	45 053 430	31 724 306	13 329 124	1 043 15	1 951 43	2 610 136	4 094 23	2 945 .4	6	~	2 049
Elementary: 1 to 4 years 5 to 7 years	893 2 615	629 1 567	264 1 048	49 82	38 202	231 440	88 144	17 83	40	-	39 121
8 years High school: 1 to 3 years	6 132 6 029	3 606 3 970	2 526 2 059	158 222	370 270	683 554	362 498	254 293	90 76	7	367 412 781
4 years	15 335 7 711	10 380 6 234	4 955 1 477	243 182	650 260	390 127	1 271 995	972 776	467 474 648	44 5 24	234 75
A years or more	5 908 12.4	5 032 12.6	876 12.1	92 11.9	118 12.1	49 8.7	713 12.7	546 12.8	14.4 87.9	12,8	12.1 53.2
Percent high school graduates	64.3	68,2	54.8	49.6	52.7	21.7	72.8	77.9	07.7	91.3	33.2
CHILDREN EVER BORN Women. 35 to 44 years old ever married	5 113	3 593	1 520	44	139	163	345	244	160	16	285
Children ever born Per 1,000 women ever married	16 745 3 275	11 617 3 233	5 128 3 374	118 2 682	389 2 799	649 3 982	1 205 3 493	758 3 107	535 3 344		1 044 3 663
RESIDENCE IN 1965											
Persons, 5 years old and ever, 19702	80 297 39 009	56 775 27 383	23 522 11 626	1 383 471	3 476 1 470	4 234 2 281	6 923 2 782	4 875 2 709	3 938 1 596	1 9 1 15	3 968 1 875
Different house: In central city of this SMSA	14 538	11 515	3 023	315	945	1 024	1 695	701	567	27	677
In other part of this SMSAOutside this SMSA	4 656 18 481	1 299 14 100	3 357 4 381	106 391	62 867	198 559	200 1 804	51 1 285	85 1 548	100	94 898
North and West	17 773 708	13 534 566	4 239 142	385	845 22 14	527 32	1 743 61 54	1 216 69	1 508 40 14	87 13	890 8 75
Abroad	478	428	50	12	14	12	54	71	14	-	/3
MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION AND PLACE OF WORK	33 101	23 899	9 202	651	1 611	1 350	3 013	2 291	1 632	82	1 551
Private auto: Driver	24 787 2 545	18 165 1 993	6 622 552	291 43	1 138 100	748 201	2 016 327	1 857 191	1 068 93	82	1 359 54 7
Bus or streetcar	201	189	12	-	_	20	26	17	4	-	_
Wolked at home	2 821 1 776	2 175 880	646 896	270 29	252 71	339 22	404 131	101 80	399 30	-	53 31
Other	965	497	468 8 509	18 561	50 1 546	20 1 263	109 2 813	45 2 210	38 1 511	- 82	47 1 434
Inside SMSABillings city	30 999 24 645	22 490 19 779	4 866	504 57	1 340 1 392 154	1 087 1 087	2 555 2 558	2 063 147	1 392	39 43	1 013 1 013 421
Remainder of Yellowstone County	6 354 731	2 711 457	3 643 274	37 8 82	23 42	12 75	68 132	45 36	33 88	43	20 97
Place of work not reported	1 371	952	419	82	4/	/3	132	30	00	-	

¹See text for definition. ²Includes "Moved, 1965 residence not reported."

Table P-2. Social Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

	<u> </u>		Billi	ngs — Con.				Bala	nce of Yellowst	ane Caunty	
Census Tracts	Tract 0010	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0017	Tract 0018	Tract 0002	Tract 0003	Tract 0005	Tract 0007
NATIVITY, PARENTAGE, & COUNTRY OF ORIGIN											
All persons	5 677	6 302	2 899	5 248	-	5 384	4 853	659	143	-	5 303
Native of native parentage Native of foreign or mixed parentage	4 752 821	5 324 810	2 444 383	4 581 491	-	4 620 665	4 357 461	535 124	128 15	-	4 605 607
Foreign born	104	168	72	176	-	99	35	_	-	-	91
United Kingdom	925 85	978 80	455 47	667 23	-	764 36	496 25	124	15	-	698 59
Ireland (Eire)	5	28	-	13	_	16	6	Ξ	=	-	8
Sweden Germany	52 179	49 199	30 24	14 80	_	24 113	17 86	43	-	-	48 112
Poland	7	_	~	12	-	-	8	-	-	-	26 17
Czechoslovakia	ه 20	5 39	- 5	6	_	24	13	_	6	-	20
Hungary	20 261	12 192	139	94	_	17 178	101	54	9	-	15 142
Italy	7	32	20	27	_	7	15	7	-	-	34 52
Mexico	88 7	75 9	83	172	-	96	57	-	_	-	52
Cubo	-	-	~	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-]
Other America	188	6 252	107	220	_	253	159	20		-	160
Persons of Spanish language	76	88	-	-	-	31	-	8		-	16
Other persons of Spanish surname!	19	´5ì	•••		•••	'ii		8	•••	•••	'iò
Persons of Puerto Rican birth or parentage	-	-	-	-	***	-	-	-	-	- "	-
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT)
Nursery school	1 700 6	1 869 24	1 014 10	2 007 38	_	2 143 5	1 936	195	44_	_	1 581 (7
Public Kindergarten	6 39	72	34	18 103	~	57	65	-	-	-	30
Public	13		_	51	_	6	13	_	_	-	22
Elementary Public	966 918	1 004 918	577 569	1 174 1 155	-	1 360 1 221	1 212	140 140	30 7	-	1 009 937
High school	509 509	504	265	599	-	579	509	22	14	-	380 375
College	180	470 265	255 128	551 93	_	547 142	504 139	22 33	14 -	-	155
Percent enrolled in school by age:											
16 and 17 years 18 and 19 years	98.3 46.0	85.7 69.4	99.9 76.1	99.7 63.5	_	83.9 77.0	98.9 82.0	56.7		~	93.3 55.6
20 and 21 years	31.0 19.9	28.7 16.9	48,3	54.3	-	54.0	38.6	26.7	-	-	46.3 8.7
25 to 34 years	7.6	9.4	20.9 3.6	14,3 2,1	-	8.3 6,4	27.6 4.0	25.8	_	_	4.5
Percent 16 to 21 years not high school graduates and not enrolled in school	13.7	10.6	2.6	5.9	-	4.2	1.1	12.9	•••	_	10.1
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED							1				
Persons, 25 years old and over No school years completed	2 819 6	3 431 43	1 483	2 661 6	-	2 509	2 242	320	53	-	2 692 21
Elementary: 1 to 4 years	41	77	4	12	_	27		16	_	-	41
5 to 7 years 8 years	192 421	93 358	30 71	24 126	_	65 238	51) 101)	42 105	18 10	-	165 395
High school: 1 to 3 years	499	383	92	202	-	246	223	54	14	_	355 1 066
4 years	1 067 454	1 171 807	530 366	690 584	_	1 101 506	1 003 464	71 22	11 -	_	401
A years or more Median school years completed	139 12.2	499 12.7	386 13.1	1 017 14.4	_	326 12.6	400 l 12,7	10 9.0	8.9	-	248 12.3
Percent high school graduates	58.9	72.2	86.4	86.1		77.0	83.3	32.2	20.8	-	63.7
CHILDREN EVER BORN											
Women, 35 to 44 years old ever married	294 943	346 1 085	217 588	460 1 369	_	444 1 483	436 1 408	37 91	6 24	_	32 3 964
Per 1,000 women ever married	3 207	3 136	2 710	2 976	-	3 340	3 229	2 459		-	2 985
RESIDENCE IN 1965		= =						_			
Persons, 5 years old and over, 19702 Same house as in 1970	5 058 2 813	5 836 2 649	2 664 1 437	4 863 2 140	_	4 949 2 935	4 417 2 210	580 186	1 20 94	-	4 760 1 939
Different house: In central city of this SMSA	949	1 199									710
In other part of this SMSA	115	112	486 67	1 049 117	_	985 35	896 57	199 37	13 13	_	734
Outside this SMSA	1 067 1 017	1 608 1 540	586 562	1 292 1 142	_	921 921	1 174	137 131	-	_	1 149 1 112
South	50 13	68 72	24	150 40	-	36	23	6	_	-	37 14
MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION AND PLACE OF WORK	10	12	-	40	_	30	13		-		14
All workers	2 263 1 861	2 6 05 2 073	1 177	1 926	-	1 927	1 820	212	35	-	2 102 1 831
Private auto: DriverPossenger	191	285	960 126	1 577 92	_	1 613 148	1 522 142	170 8	35	_	1 831
Bus or streetcarSubway, elevated train, or railroad	6 -	86	-	11	-	12		-	- -	-	-
Wolked to work	89	73	39	32	-	75	49	19	_	-	29
Worked at homeOther	68 48	68 20	52	191 23	_	50 29	57 50	15	-	-	97 32
Inside SMSA	2 138	2 434	1 117	. 1 818	-	1 827	1 736	208	35	-	1 962
Billings cityRemainder of Yellowstone County	1 873 265	2 187 247	958 159	1 677 141	-	1 488 339	1 551 185	208	26 9	-	1 480 482
Outside SMSAPlace of work not reported	55 70	67 104	20 40	25 83	-	63 37	18	-	<u>-</u>	-	54 86
Flace of Work not reported		104	40	83		3/		4	-		80

See text for definition. 2Includes "Moved, 1965 residence not reported,"

Table P-2. Social Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

					Balance of Yel	lowstone Coun	ty – Con.				
Census Tracts	Tract 0008	Tract 0009	Tract 0010	Tract 0011	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0015	Tract 0016	Tract 0017	Tract 0018	Tract 0019
NATIVITY, PARENTAGE, & COUNTRY OF ORIGIN											
All persons Native of native parentage	2 176 1 950	2 343 1 925	7 9 70	-	296 258	3 079 2 409	3 488 2 758	1 458 1 229	751 570	1 591 1 355	4 454 3 394
Native of foreign or mixed parentage Foreign born	211 15	342 76	9 -	_	38 -	586 84	585 145	195 34	149 32	197 39	804 256
Foreign stock	226 22	418 6	9	-	38 11	670 21	730 22	229 10	181	236 20	1 060 25
Ireland (Eire)	10	_	-	-	'-	6	16	- '	_	6	35
SwedenGermany	25 34	13 92	_	_	7	7 48	84	31	8 47	20 34	27 107
PolandCzechoslovakia	7	26 7		_	-	16	13 15	- 6	-	-	19
Austria Hungary	12 7	<u> </u>	~	-	-	14	52 7	6	-	-	12 25
U.S.Š.R.	67	154	-	-	-	385	219	29	56	27	581
Italy Canada	_	6 15	_	_	14	34	83	15 32	-	54	34 32
Mexico	-	21	-	-	-	8 -	55 	-	_	-	11
Other America All other and not reported	- 42	-	9	-	-	123	 164	100	70	6 69	152
Persons of Spanish language -	42 33	78 198	-	-	-	123	104	33	-		39
Other persons of Spanish surname! Persons of Spanish mother tongue	21	66				•	97				17
Persons of Spanish mather longue	-	7	_	=	Ξ	=	~	-	-	-	'-
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT											}
Enrolled persons, 3 to 34 years old	769 7	682	35		112	998	1 049	538	271 13	475 -	1 323
Public Kindergarten	7	- 24	-	-	_	- 8	-	- 6	-	12	15
Public	_	24	~	-	-	8	-	6	109	_	771
ElementaryPublic	545 545	463 422	15 15	_	48 48	636 583	714 714	323 293	99	322 322	771
High school Public	185 185	169 143	5 5	_	47 47	321 277	290 284	183 167	63 47	91 91	470 462
College	25	26	15	-	17	33	45	26	86	50	67
Percent enrolled in school by age: 16 and 17 years	99.9	99.9	~	_	99.9	99.9	94.6	99.9	99 .9	89.0	99.9
18 and 19 years	44.6	37.8			• • • • •	62.0 15.2	41.3	68.4 48.6	97.1	***	58.7 38.8
22 to 24 years	17.1 10.3	7.3		_	•••	14.7	21.2	-	16.7	25.0	9.7
25 to 34 years Percent 16 to 21 years not high school groduates and not enrolled in school	2.0	2.7 13.2	~	_		3.9	5.1 18.0	5.5 3.6	6.5	6.9 5.8	4.8 5.7
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED											
Persons, 25 years old and over	1 002	1 176	42	-	155	1 588	1 873	745	306	838	2 539
No school years completed	10 8	3 42	_	-	-	4 33	24 44	16 4	20	11	45
5 to 7 years	92 266	118 253	8	_	- 8	120 323	184 374	58 133	8 49	11 97	232 505
High school: 1 to 3 years	234	206	5	nee .	5 82	295 601	263 683	142 278	39 126	151 282	296 999
4 years	312 45	431 106	13	_	25	138	188	73	56	144	273
4 years or more	35 10.6	17 11.5	10 12.6	_	35 12.8	72 12.0	113 12.1	41 12.1	8 12.3	142 12.5	145 12.1
Percent high school graduates	39.1	47.1	69.0	-	91.6	51.1	52.5	52.6	62.1	67.8	55.8
CHILDREN EVER BORN					40	005	162	92	31	112	283
Women, 35 to 44 years old ever married Children ever born Per 1,000 women ever married	104 463 4 452	125 409 3 272	-	-	40 132 3 300	205 760 3 707	569 3 512	337 3 663	80 2 581	342 3 054	957 3 382
RESIDENCE IN 1965	7 756	/-									
Persons, 5 years old and over, 1970	1 966	2 088	79	-	280	2 849	3 195	1 357	696	1 409	4 143
Same house as in 1970 Different house:	881	1 021	62	-	79	1 731	1 905	651	274	502	2 301
In central city of this SMSA	285 351	31 9 169	17	-	52 32	332 328	170 549	235 163	233 39	342 7	116 935
Outside this SMSA	420	196	-	-	110 110	386 380	480 425	226 226	141 109	416 410	720 720
North and West	420	196	-	_	-	6	55	-	32	6	-
Abroad	12	7	-	-	-	13	•••	-	4	-	-
MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION AND PLACE OF WORK	635	740	37	_	133	1 188	1 148	502	301	523	1 646
Alf workers Private auto: Driver	511	572	21	-	120	568	613	366	227	331	1 257
PassengerBus or streetcar	41	46	-	_	13	58 6	41	5 -	41	26 6	- 100
Subway, elevated train, or railroad	76	- 5	-	-	-	112	169	37	-	19	180
Worked at home	7	14 103	16	-	-	311 133	299 26	80 14	26 7	36 105	10
Other	- 595	649	37	_	126	1 115	1 047	438	263	495	1 539
Inside SMSA Billings city	318	546	12	-	103 23	338 777	349 698	260 178	194 69	309 186	723 816
Remainder of Yellowstone CountyOutside SMSA	277 7	103 22	25		× =	47	41	13	13	28	49
Place of work not reported	33	69			7	26	60	51	25		58

'See text for definition. Includes "Moved, 1965 residence not reported."

Table P-2. Social Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

					Totals f	or split tracts					
Census Tracts	Tract 0002	Troct 0003	Tract 0005	Tract 0007	Tract 0009	Tract 0010	Tract 0011	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0017	Tract 0018
NATIVITY, PARENTAGE, & COUNTRY OF ORIGIN	4 400	4 007		5 511	6 750	5 756	6 302	5 544	3 079	6 135	6 444
All persens Notive of notive parentage Notive of foreign or mixed parentage Foreign born	4 428 3 506 796 126	4 807 3 367 1 006 434	5 243 4 274 827 142	4 813 607 91	5 564 1 012 174	4 822 830 104	5 324 810 168	4 839 529 176	2 409 586 84	5 190 814 131	5 712 658 74
Foreign stock United Kingdom Ireland (Eire)	922 47 22	1 440 50 7	969 90 26	698 59 8	1 186 89 7	934 85 5	978 80 28	705 34 13	670 21 6	945 36 16	732 45 12
Sweden Germany Poland Czechoslavakia	44 172 11 31	20 142 37 25	75 149 5 14	48 112 26 17	37 237 48 13	、 52 179 7 6	49 199 - 5	14 87 12 6	7 48 - 16	160 - -	37 120 8
Austrio Hungary U.S.S.R.	45 148	13 31 426	14 13 127	20 15 142	- 379	20 20 261 7	39 12 192 32	6 - 94 27	14 8 385	24 17 234 7	13 9 128 15
taly Canada Mexico	22 92 15	24 109 323	7 112 12	34 52 5	17 115 36 	88 7 —	75 9 	186	34 8 —	96 	111
Other AmericaAll other and not reported Persons of Spanish language '	273 66	9 224 1 038	325 32	160 16	208 355	197 76	6 252 88	226 -	123	323 31	228 -
Other persons of Spanish surname ¹ Persons of Spanish mother tonguePersons of Puerto Rican birth or parentage	23	767 -	19 8	io	ii8 7	19	 51	-	-	ii <u> </u>	-
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT Enrolled persons, 3 to 34 years old	1 208	1 168	1 564	1 651	2 023	1 735	1 869	2 119	998	2 414	2 411
Nursery school Public Public Public Elementory	- 34 21 462 437	5) 43 765 725	38 20 792 723	7 30 22 1 069 997	33 33 1 345 1 282	6 6 39 13 981 933	24 72 1 004 918	38 18 103 51 1 222 1 203	- 8 8 636 583	18 57 6 1 469 1 320	11 - 77 13 1 534 1 489
High school Public College	183 183 529	319 273 33	423 377 311	390 385 155	490 436 155	514 514 195	504 470 265	646 598 110	321 277 33	642 594 228	600 595 189
Percent enrolled in school by age: 16 and 17 years	77.9 43.6 50.1 45.5 14.3	78.2 42.4 - 6.5 1.4	98.6 67.3 64.2 27.0 6.7	93.3 55.6 38.3 8.3 4.3	96.9 43.5 20.4 10.2 3.0	98.3 47.9 34.0 21.7 7.5	85.7 69.4 28.7 16.9 9.4	99.9 68.1 59.8 14.3 1.9	99.9 62.0 15.2 14.7 3.9	86.0 83.6 50.5 11.2 6.4	96.9 85.4 44.4 26.9 4.7
Percent 16 to 21 years not high school graduates and not enrolled in school	11.9	29.2	1.5	9.6	9.1	13.4	10.6	5.3	-	3.4	2.0
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED Persons, 25 years old and over	2 271	2 663	2 945	2 772	3 225	2 861	3 431	2 816	1 588	2 815	3 080
No school years completed	43 54 244 475 324 721	136 231 458 693 568 401	4 17 83 254 293 972	21 41 165 402 355 1 110	23 81 239 620 618 1 212	6 41 192 429 504 1 080	43 77 93 358 383 1 171	6 12 24 134 207 772	6 33 120 323 295 601	47 73 287 285 1 227	11 62 198 374
College: 1 to 3 years 4 years or more Median school years completed Percent high school graduates	282 128 12.0 49.8	127 49 8.7 21.7	776 546 12.8 77.9	406 272 12.4 64.5	340 92 12.0 51.0	460 149 12.2 59.0	807 499 12.7 72.2	609 1 052 14.2 86.4	138 72 12.0 51.1	562 334 12.6 75.4	608 542 12.7 79.1
CHILDREN EVER BORN Women, 35 to 44 years old ever married	176	169	244	339	410	294	346	500	205	475	548
Children ever born Per 1,000 women ever married Per 1,000 women ever marri	480 2 727	673 3 982	758 3 107	1 007 2 971	1 453 3 544	943 3 207	1 085 3 136	1 501 3 002	760 3 707	1 563 3 291	1 750 3 193
Persons, 5 years old and over, 1970 ² Same house as in 1970 Different house:	4 056 1 656	4 354 2 375	4 875 2 709	4 951 1 954	6 056 2 896	5 137 2 875	5 836 2 649	5 143 2 219	2 849 1 731	5 645 3 209	5 826 2 712
In central city of this SMSA	1 144 99 1 004 976 28 14	1 037 211 559 527 32 12	701 51 1 285 1 216 69 71	737 734 1 249 1 199 50 14	996 263 1 094 1 086 8	966 115 1 067 1 017 50 13	1 199 112 1 608 1 540 68 72	1 101 149 1 402 1 252 150 40	332 328 386 380 6	1 218 74 1 062 1 030 32 40	1 238 64 1 590 1 561 29 15
MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION AND PLACE OF WORK		,-			-			-10		,,,	1.
All workers Private auto: Driver Passenger Bus or streetar	1 823 1 308 108	1 385 783 201 20	2 291 1 857 191 17	2 184 1 913 113	2 291 1 931 100 7	2 300 1 882 191 6	2 605 2 073 285 86	2 059 1 697 105 11	1 188 568 58 6	2 228 1 840 189 12	2 343 1 853 168 6
Subway, elevated train, or railroad Wolked to work Worked at home Other	271 71 65	339 22 20	101 80 45	29 97 32	58 45 150	89 84 48	73 68 20	32 191 23	112 311 133	75 76 36	68 93 155
Inside SMSA	1 754 1 600 154 23 46	1 298 1 113 185 12 75	2 210 2 063 147 45 36	2 044 1 519 525 54 86	2 083 1 559 524 42 166	2 175 1 885 290 55 70	2 434 2 187 247 67 104	1 944 1 780 164 25 90	1 115 338 777 47 26	2 090 1 682 408 76 62	2 231 1 860 371 46 66

1See text for definition. 2Includes "Moved, 1965 residence not reported."

Table P-3. Labor Force Characteristics of the Population: 1970

	Yellowstone County Billings							1			
Census Tracts	Total	Billings	Balance	Tract 0001	Tract 0002	Tract 0003	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0006	Tract 0007	Tract 0009
EMPLOYMENT STATUS	10101		50.0.00								
Male, 16 years old and over Labor force Percent of total Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed	28 111 22 038 78.4 21 864 20 747 1 117	19 880 15 503 78.0 15 339 14 482 857	6 535 79.4 6 525 6 265 260	647 430 66.5 425 366 59 13.9	1 419 978 68.9 961 860 101 10.5	1 561 985 63.1 981 843 138 14.1	2 332 1 673 71.7 1 653 1 560 93 5.6	1 804 1 458 80.8 1 441 1 382 59 4,1	1 470 1 034 70.3 1 023 999 24 2.3	82 82 100.0 37 37	1 339 1 099 82.1 1 099 1 051 48
Percent of civilian labor force Not in labor force Inmate of institution Enrolled in school Other under 65 years Other 65 years and over	5.1 6 073 139 2 254 1 462 2 218	5.6 4 377 95 1 693 1 078 1 511	4.0 1 696 44 561 384 707	217 11 37 71 98	166 134 141	576 	659 - 174 179 306	346 122 65 159	436 331 28 77	- - - -	240 119 86 35
Male, 16 to 21 years old Not enrolled in school Not high school graduates Unemployed or not in labor force	4 583 1 124 308 129	3 461 874 229 98	1 122 250 79 31	83 39 — —	273 95 16 3	170 88 54 31	374 121 15 6	279 36 4 -	527 25 9 —	28 28 -	253 91 11 5
Female, 16 years old and over Labor force Percent of total Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed Percent of civilian labor force Not in labor force	31 085 13 132 42.2 13 132 12 219 913 7.0 17 953	22 622 9 995 44.2 9 995 9 303 692 6.9 12 627	8 463 3 137 37.1 3 137 2 916 221 7.0 5 326	730 338 46.3 338 317 21 6.2 392	1 608 900 56.0 900 836 64 7.1 708	1 652 557 33.7 557 485 72 12.9 1 095	3 337 1 473 44.1 1 473 1 391 82 5.6 1 864	2 040 922 45.2 922 846 76 8.2 1 118	1 763 661 37.5 661 604 57 8.6 1 102	39 5 12.8 5 5 - 34	1 386 579 41.8 579 568 11 1.9 807
Married women, husband present	19 710 8 021 5 455 1 600	13 668 5 810 3 664 1 096	6 042 2 211 1 791 504	208 107 32 15	845 470 187 66	817 256 193 62	1 540 618 334 99	509 260 91	245 171 35	5 17 -	399 343 105
OCCUPATION	32 966	23 785	9 181	683	1 696	1 328	2 951	2 226	1 603	42	1 619
Total employed, 16 years old and over	4 727 842 1 116 4 020 3 021 387	3 949 722 898 3 147 2 463 245	778 120 218 873 558 142	72 11 20 99 60	204 62 52 120 78 27	58 10 15 48 41 7	538 102 98 292 243 20	436 93 135 460 333 46	460 93 58 298 248 25	20 5 - 12 12 -	151 34 39 163 122 16
Sales warkers Retail trade Clerical and kindred workers Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers Construction craftsmen Mechanics and repairmen Operatives, except transport Transport equipment operatives	1 457 5 882 4 170 1 037 1 269 2 123	2 559 1 116 4 567 2 659 681 730 1 296 984	549 341 1 315 1 511 356 539 827 591	72 50 139 70 10 16 22 26	119 80 389 168 48 59 104 69	62 44 108 184 54 47 191 103	276 126 711 259 77 69 121 107	311 127 349 166 20 62 80 74	52 306 83 15 15 28 27	- 5 5 - -	38 247 242 82 85 184 153
Loborers, except farm Form workers Service workers' Cleaning and food service workers Pratective service workers Personal and health service workers Private household workers	1 173 4 349 2 737 329 1 091	987 114 3 202 1 958 268 823 321	452 1 059 1 147 779 61 268 79	33 12 119 67 37 19	78 }2 404 260 30 111 29	189 22 328 268 12 43 35	82 	69 21 239 144 22 69 23	28 3 213 143 14 24 9	-	103 5 281 194 28 53 7
Fondle amployed, 16 years old and over	2 122 800 668 1 038 4 432	9 303 1 732 633 497 811 3 470 1 297	2 916 390 167 171 227 962 366	317 45 15 17 30 101 23	836 139 39 39 60 269 132	485 43 15 21 28 55 4	1 391 238 70 70 102 538 215	846 231 101 67 92 278 88	604 172 28 35 36 270 129	5	568 72 28 36 18 181 65
Operatives, including transport	243 61	377 196 6 1 913 301	163 47 55 822 79	5 4 - 96 19	280 29	25 6 208 25	33 322 56	24 114 23	71	-	18 - 174 7
INDUSTRY	i			412	1 696	1 328	2 951	2 228	1 603	42	1 619
Total employed, 16 years old and ever Construction Manufacturing Durable goods Transportation Communications, utilities, and sanitary services Wholesale trade	2 230 2 880 638 2 193 1 244 2 706	23 785 1 412 1 970 462 1 306 929 2 088 5 261	9 181 918 910 176 887 315 618 1 780	683 17 38 29 22 54 61 163	72 117 15 109 36 145 412	86 140 16 148 56 96 391	152 150 52 140 114 227 664	139 154 35 72 46 234 487	45 64 21 54 27 91 299	5 5 - 4 - 7	150 175 19 173 81 119 391
Finance, insurance, and real estate Business and repair services Personal services Health services Educational services Other professional and related services Public administration	1 198 1 872 1 935 2 982 1 395 1 508	1 490 913 1 408 1 589 2 438 1 107 1 184 690	266 285 464 346 544 288 324 1 336	31 33 134 34 35 41 10	98 45 157 177 133 41 109 45	14 27 159 76 49 9 46 31	186 106 208 297 343 161 116 87	159 65 98 165 288 123 101 97	130 29 80 105 433 108 98 40	5 10 6	45 90 76 67 67 53 91 41
CLASS OF WORKER	32 966	23 785	9 181	683	1 696	1 328	2 951	2 228	1 603	42	1 619 1 299
Tetal employed, 16 years old end over Private wage and salary workers Government workers Local government workers Unpaid family workers	24 436 4 773 2 466 3 532	17 786 3 791 1 948 2 074 134	6 650 982 518 1 458 91	543 62 31 74 4	1 315 251 103 121 9	1 150 101 58 66 11	2 333 446 243 172	1 542 434 276 236 16	1 046 363 105 194	17 25 10 	249 242 138 78

Uncludes allocated cases, not shown separately.

Table P-3. Labor Force Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

Ī	poro ousee on co	ilipie, sue lexi.			Balance of Yellowstone County						
Census Tracts				ings Con.	*						
	Tract 0010	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0017	Tract 0018	Tract 0002	Tract 0003	Tract 0005	Tract 0007
EMPLOYMENT STATUS											
Male, 16 years old and over Labor force Percent of total Civillon labor force Employed Unemployed Percent of civilian labor force Not in labor force Inmade of institution	1 761 1 430 81.2 1 430 1 379 51 3.6	2 086 1 679 80.5 1 656 1 548 108 6.5 407	915 800 87.4 791 751 40 5.1	1 556 1 297 83.4 1 293 1 261 32 2.5 259 26	-	1 534 1 337 87.2 1 328 1 275 53 4.0	1 374 1 221 88.9 1 221 1 170 51 4.2	215 153 71.2 153 133 20 13.1	45 30 66.7 30 30 - 15		1 680 1 398 83.2 1 393 1 343 50 3.6 282
Enrolled in school Other under 65 years Other 65 years and over	151 73 107	171 95 133	74 15 26	125 54 54	-	92 30 25	89 40 24	21 19 22	4 5 6	-	85 69 118
Male, 16 to 21 years old Not enrolled in school Not high school graduates Unemployed or not in labor force	267 106 56 22	323 96 32 22	171 30 8 ~	222 34 16 5	-	276 52 8 4	215 33 - -	41 - -	14 5 5 5	-	241 69 22 5
Labor force Percent of total Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed Percent of civilian labor force Not in labor force	1 952 902 46.2 902 852 50 5.5 1 050	2 395 1 144 47.8 1 144 1 098 46 4.0 1 251	946 388 41.0 388 371 17 4.4 558	687 40.8 687 648 648 39 5.7 996	-	1 632 700 42.9 700 622 78 11.1 932	1 459 739 50.7 739 660 79 10.7 720	211 87 41.2 87 82 5 5 5.7	36 5 13.9 5 5 - - 31		1 758 820 46.6 820 746 74 9.0 938
Married women, husband present In labor force With own children under 6 years In labor force	1 297 630 440 135	1 612 699 434 151	709 267 217 44	1 235 529 326 84		1 173 513 353 71	1 084 563 357 138	143 50 34 14	36 5 10 5	-	1 292 582 457 133
OCCUPATION											
Total amployed, 16 years old and over	191 41 31 176 152	2 646 404 57 144 383 313 39	1 122 241 42 32 217 171	1 909 610 120 111 395 280 21		1 897 270 24 87 281 239 13	1 830 294 28 76 203 171 6	215 21 	35 - - 6 	1 1 1 1	2 089 207 56 51 301 150 56
Sales workers Retail trade Clerical and kindred workers Croftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers Construction craftsmen Mechanics and repairmen. Operatives, except transport Transport equipment operatives	128 450 365 105 106 227	339 163 543 308 96 84 112	154 45 219 143 30 33 31	262 68 283 109 19 21 36 31		221 99 364 320 83 75 83 75	280 96 459 237 37 58 77 64	21 21 14 50 12 - 36 21	15 4 - 4		167 86 352 319 91 122 207
Lobarers, except farm Farm workers Service workers Cleoning and food service workers Protective service workers Personal and health service workers Private household workers	6 302 176 16 93	108 15 299 132 41 108 35	23 63 31 25 7 13	25 8 146 79 - 51 4	1 1 1 1 1 1 1	78 10 164 96 32 36 31	139 74 11 50 22	5 42 37 5	5 5 5 -	`	87 36 254 145 29 75
Female amplayed, 16 years old and aver	79 22 35 122 330	1 098 198 108 68 94 443 107	371 93 18 17 34 193	648 228 91 31 62 213 83	-	622 76 49 46 79 269 98	660 113 49 15 54 330 96	82 5 - 5 16 14 9	5 - - 5	-	746 110 38 66 54 284 137
Operatives, including transport Other blue-collar workers Farm workers Service workers, except private household Private household workers	10 - 188	48 22 	4 - 13 13	9 10 91 4	-	17 29 75 31	24 17 85 22	15 	-	-	31 18 5 169
INDUSTRY	1						.]				
Total employed, 16 years old and over Construction Manufacturing Durable goods Transportation Communications, utilities, and sanitary services Wholesole trade Retail trade	65 165 103 241 490	2 646 167 227 61 155 98 238 662	1 122 60 125 27 35 52 94 183	1 909 95 161 34 50 77 142 259	1	1 897 133 194 35 83 75 209 472	1 830 120 208 53 100 106 191 381	215 29 40 15 16 - 23 54	35 6 10 5 4	-	2 089 210 184 46 119 67 217 479
Finance, insurance, and real estate	109 135 128 143 81 98	151 102 143 164 256 97 98 88	122 57 44 44 142 59 97 8	204 132 39 144 218 224 71 93	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	108 47 66 93 162 61 144 50	149 71 69 90 159 49 99	10 14 4 16 9	5 5	-	76 114 149 120 109 60 74
CLASS OF WORKER											
Total employed, 16 years old and over Private wage and salary workers Government workers Local government workers Self-employed workers Unpaid family workers	1 794 310 159 127	2 646 1 993 368 232 257 28	1 122 761 219 114 129 13	1 909 1 167 353 176 364 25	-	1 897 1 400 338 168 131 28	1 830 1 426 279 135 125	215 201 9 4 5	35 24 5 5 6	- - - - -	2 089 1 560 220 113 279 30

*Includes allocated cases, not shown separately.

Table P-3. Labor Force Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

	Data based on sa	mpie, see text.	TO THINKING			lowstone Count		y or symbols,	246 107(1		
Census Tracts	Tract 0008	Tract 0009	Tract 0010	Tract 0011	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0015	Tract 0016	Tract 0017	Tract 0018	Tract 0019
EMPLOYMENT STATUS											
Male, 16 years old and over Labor force Percent of total Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed Percent of civilian labor force Not in labor force Inmate of institution	474 77.5 474 433 41 8.6 138	724 575 79.4 575 522 53 9.2	27 16 59,3 16 16	-	79 75 94.9 75 75 - - 4	1 083 870 80.3 870 844 26 3.0	1 176 916 77.9 916 897 19 2.1	452 357 79.0 357 346 11 3.1	200 179 89.5 179 179 	449 394 84.0 394 383 11 2.8 75	1 469 1 098 74.7 1 093 1 064 29 2.7 371
Enrolled in school Other under 65 years Other 65 years and over	55 47 32	35 36 78	11 - -	-	4 - -	92 47 58	81 54 125	48 14 33	11 5 5	16 5 48	98 83 182
Mele, 16 to 21 years old Not enrolled in school Not high school graduates Unemployed or not in labor farce	97 10 - -	54 10 6 ~	5	- - -	4 -	187 37 ~	115 40 23 5	70 26 7	31 5 -	75 10 6 6	186 38 10 10
Female, 16 years old and over Labor force Percent of total Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed Percent of civilian labor force Nat in labor force Married wamen, husband present	245 38.8 245 219 26 10.6 387	751 251 33.4 251 220 31 12.4 500	31 18 58.1 18 18 - - 13	-	123 40 32.5 40 40 - 83	935 333 35.6 333 323 10 3.0 602	1 047 309 29,5 309 278 31 10.0 738	512 179 35.0 179 174 5 2.8 333	280 155 55.4 155 144 11 7.1 125	518 125 24.1 125 125 - 393	1 629 570 35.0 570 542 28 4.9 1 059
In lobor force	164 166 62	177 183 50	13	- - -	32 9 -	255 184 58	247 238 44	109 105 34	86 31 9	96 131 38	395 243 57
OCCUPATION											-
Total employed, 16 years old and over Professional, technical, and kindred workers Health workers Teachers, elementary and secondary schools Managers and administrators, except farm Salaried Self-employed in retail trade	652 38 	742 76 9 5 65 46 15	34 5 	- - - - -	115 27 6 15 15	1 167 66 5 39 70 35 24	1 175 69 5 26 62 41 17	520 33 5 5 39 34 —	323 21 4 4 24 19 5	508 97 5 22 80 65	1 606 123 31 50 145 110 25
Soles workers Retail trade Clerical and kindred workers Croftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers Construction croftsmen Mechanics and repairmen Operatives, except transport Transport equipment operatives	19 15 79 140 27 62 67 58	25 20 128 140 35 48 55 58	5 6 - -	- - - - - -	15 5 33 15 10 6	55 27 108 173 39 58 76 76	42 31 136 111 25 41 86 49	46 31 86 58 11 17 63	24 15 42 72 5 30 26 27	36 15 92 82 32 20 31	99) 75 225 341 69 137 174 124
Laborers, except form Farm workers Service workers Cleaning and food service workers Protective service workers Personal and health service workers Private household workers	63 121 67 5 43	46 17 127 98 17 12 5	5 13 6 7	-	4 -	65 338 133 84 - 39 7	53 424 120 84 5 26 23	13 146 19 19 - - 4	6 30 45 27 - 18 6	12 47 16 16 	92 21 248 191 5 39
Female employed, 16 years old and over Professional, technical, and kindred workers Teachers, elementary and secondary schools Managers and administrators, except farm Sales workers Clerical and kindred workers Secretories, stenographers, and typists	219 10 10 16 75 61 75	220 20 5 10 11 77 40	18 5 	-	40 12 6 6 - 18 9	323 50 34 11 21 89 47	278 37 22 11 21 88 26	174 25 5 5 22 64 5	144 21 4 5 14 42 16	125 42 22 5 5 52 16	542 58 21 31 48 163 46
Operatives, including transport Other blue-collar workers Farm workers Service workers, except private household Private household workers	4 - 702 11	16 81 5	13		- - - 4 -	21 9 4 111 7	4 18 76 23	22 - 19 13 4	15 12 29 6	5 5 11	30 8 4 186 14
INDUSTRY											
Total employed, 16 years old and over Construction Manufacturing Durable goods Transportation Communications, utilities, and sanitary services Wholesale trade Retail trade	652 63 83 18 60 19 68 123	742 107 80 22 26 16 55	34 5 5 6		115 10 5 - 5 5 11	1 167 83 89 26 120 17 49	1 175 80 67 18 28 75 71 182	520 19 57 	323 5 39 - 11 30 14 81	508 91 46 10 32 20 26 59	1 606 95 220 21 427 41 55 343
Finance, insurance, and real estate Business and repair services Personal services Health services Educational services Other professional and related services Public administration Other industries	5 32 37 48 23 40 13	11 26 44 15 50 11 72 48	6 7 - 5	1	16 4 5 4 26 14 - 5	32 19 46 35 97 36 9	22 20 28 26 50 15 62 449	8 33 36 4 10 16 29	10 23 22 24 4 6 54	31 4 5 57 36 17 84	44 27 71 63 98 35 42 45
CLASS OF WORKER Total employed, 16 years old and over	652	742	34	-	115	1 167	1 175	520	323	508	1 606
Private wage and salary workers Government workers Local government workers Self-employed workers Unpaid family workers	528 46 23 73 5	543 133 52 66	17 5 5 12 -	- - - -	90 15 15 10	748 106 70 306 7	697 133 69 313 32	345 53 10 122	268 30 10 25 -	312 72 36 112 12	1 317 155 106 129 5

Uncludes allocated cases, not shown separately.

Table P-3. Labor Force Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

ĺ	Data based on sar					for split tracts				***************************************	
Census Tracts	Tract 0002	Tract 0003	Tract 0005	Tract 0007	Tract 0009	Tract 0010	Tract 0011	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0017	Tract 0018
EMPLOYMENT STATUS								. <u></u>			
Male, 16 yeers old and over Lobor force Percent of total Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed	1 634 1 131 69.2 1 114 993 121	1 606 1 015 63.2 1 011 873 138	1 804 1 458 80.8 1 441 1 382 59	1 762 1 480 84.0 1 430 1 380 50	2 063 1 674 81.1 1 674 1 573 101	1 788 1 446 80.9 1 446 1 395 51	2 086 1 679 80.5 1 656 1 548 108	1 635 1 372 83.9 1 368 1 336 32	1 083 870 80,3 870 844 26	1 734 1 516 87.4 1 507 1 454 53	1 843 1 615 87,6 1 615 1 553 62
Percent of civilian labor force Not in labor force Immate of institution Enrolled in school Other under 65 years Other 55 years and over	10.9 503 187 153 163	13.6 591 46 213 332	4.1 346 122 65 159	3.5 282 10 85 69 118	6.0 389 154 122 113	3.5 342 - 162 73 107	6.5 407 8 171 95 133	2.3 263 26 129 54 54	3.0 213 16 92 47 58	3.5 218 50 103 35 30	3.8 228 6 105 45 72
Male, 16 to 21 years old Not enrolled in school Not high school graduates Unemployed or not in labor force	314 95 16 3	184 93 59 36	279 36 4	269 97 22 5	307 101 17 5	272 106 56 22	323 96 32 22	226 34 16 5	1 87 37 	307 57 8 4	290 43 6 6
Femele, 16 years old and over Labor force Percent of total Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed Percent of civilian labor force Nat in labor force	1 819 987 54.3 987 918 69 7.0 832	1 688 562 33.3 562 490 72 12.8 1 126	2 040 922 45.2 922 846 76 8.2 1 118	1 797 825 45.9 825 751 74 9.0 972	2 137 830 38.8 830 788 42 5.1 1 307	1 983 920 46.4 920 870 50 5.4 1 063	2 395 1 144 47.8 1 144 1 098 46 4.0 1 251	1 806 727 40.3 727 688 39 5.4 1 079	935 333 35.6 333 323 10 3.0 602	1 912 855 44.7 855 766 89 10.4 1 057	1 977 864 43.7 864 785 79 9.1 1 113
Married women, husbond present In labor force	988 520 221 80	853 261 203 67	1 308 509 260 91	1 331 587 474 133	1 516 576 526 155	1 315 643 440 135	1 612 699 434 151	1 307 541 335 84	740 255 184 58	1 324 599 384 80	1 432 659 488 176
OCCUPATION											
Tetal employed, 16 years old and over Professional, technical, and kindred workers Health workers Teachers, elementary and secondary schools Managers and administrators, except form Salaried Self-employed in retail trade	1 911 225 62 52 125 83 27	1 363 58 10 15 54 41 7	2 228 436 93 135 460 333 46	2 131 227 61 51 313 162 56	2 361 227 43 44 228 168 31	2 265 191 41 31 181 152 14	2 646 404 57 144 383 313 39	2 024 637 120 117 410 295 21	1 167 66 5 39 70 35 24	2 220 291 28 91 305 258 18	2 338 391 33 98 283 236 6
Soles workers Retail trade Clerical and kindred workers Croftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers Construction craftsmen Mechanics and repairmen Operatives, except transport Transport equipment operatives	140 101 403 218 60 59 140	62 44 123 188 54 51 191	311 127 349 166 20 62 80 74	172 86 352 324 96 122 207	108 58 375 382 117 133 239	227 128 455 371 105 106 227	339 163 543 308 96 84 112 100	277 73 316 124 29 21 42 31	55 27 108 173 39 58 76 76	245 114 406 392 88 105 109	316 111 551 319 69 78 108 79
Laborers, except form	83 12 446 297 30 116 29	194 22 333 273 12 43	69 21 239 144 22 69 23	87 36 254 145 29 75	149 22 408 292 45 65	121 6 315 182 16 100 34	108 15 299 132 41 108 35	25 8 150 79 - 55 4	65 338 133 84 — 39 7	84 40 209 123 32 54 37	67 47 155 90 11 50 22
Femele employed, 16 years eld and over Professional, technical, and kindred workers Teachers, elementary and secondary schools Monagers and administrators, except farm Sales workers Clerical and kindred workers Secretaries, stenagraphers, and typists	918 144 39 44 76 283 141	490 43 15 21 28 60 4	846 231 101 67 92 278 88	751 115 38 66 54 284 137	788 92 33 46 29 258 105	870 79 22 35 122 335 146	1 098 198 108 68 94 443 107	688 240 97 37 62 231 92	323 50 34 11 21 89 47	766 97 53 51 93 311	785 155 71 20 59 382 112
Operatives, including transport Other blue-collor workers Farm workers Service workers, except private household Private household workers	35 - - 307 29	74 25 6 208 25	17 24 — 114 23	31 18 5 169 9	78 18 - 255 12	54 10 - 201 34	48 22 - 196 29	9 10 - 95 4	21 9 4 111 7	32 41 104 37	29 17 5 96 22
INDUSTRY											
Total captoyed, 16 years old and over Construction Monufacturing Durable goods Transportation Communications, utilities, and sanitary services Wholesole trade Retail trade	1 911 101 157 30 125 36 168 466	1 363 92 140 16 158 56 101 395	2 228 139 154 35 72 46 234 487	2 131 215 189 46 119 71 217 486	2 361 257 255 41 199 97 174 572	2 265 171 212 65 165 108 246 496	2 646 167 227 61 155 98 238 662	2 024 105 166 34 55 82 153 264	1 167 83 89 26 120 17 49	2 220 138 233 35 94 105 223 553	2 338 211 254 63 132 126 217 440
Finance, insurance, and real estate Business and repoir services Personal services Health services Educational services Other professional and related services Public administration Other industries	98 55 171 181 133 57 109 54	19 27 159 76 49 9 46 36	159 65 98 165 288 123 101 97	76 114 149 125 119 60 80 111	56 116 120 82 117 64 163 89	99 109 142 128 143 86 98 62	151 102 143 164 256 97 98 88	220 136 44 148 244 238 71 98	32 19 46 35 97 36 9	118 47 89 115 186 65 150	180 71 73 95 216 85 116 122
CLASS OF WORKER											
Total employed, 16 years old and ever	1 911 1 516 260 107 126	1 363 1 174 106 63 72 11	2 228 1 542 434 276 236 16	2 131 1 577 245 123 279 30	2 361 1 842 375 190 144	2 265 1 811 315 164 139	2 646 1 993 368 232 257 28	2 024 1 257 368 191 374 25	1 167 748 106 70 306 7	2 220 1 668 368 178 156 28	2 338 1 738 351 171 237 12

fincludes allocated cases, not shown separately.

Table P-4. Income Characteristics of the Population: 1970

		mple, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text] vstone County Billings									
Census Tracts	1 4110										
	Total	Billings	Balance	Tract 0001	Tract 0002	Tract 0003	Tract 0004	Trect 0005	Tract 0006	Tract 0007	Tract 0009
INCOME IN 1969 OF FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS											
All familiesLess than \$1,000	21 728 388	15 144	6 584	249	982	1 109	1 648	1 448	880	37	1 084
\$1,000 to \$1,999 \$2,000 to \$2,999	692 884	280 490 594	108 202 290	4 19 24	12 56 80	56 122 160	31 106 93	34 8 45	13 26 31	-	20 9 41
\$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999	1 142 1 100	761 654	381 446	14 29	93 101	87 114	177 89	85 35	13 10	- - - 7	27 43
\$5,000 to \$5,999 \$6,000 to \$6,999 \$7,000 to \$7,999	1 1 641	895 1 004 1 209	457 635 610	34 14 17	66 80 119	100 112 79	97 153 161	109 81 108	50 40 42		68 115 98
\$8,000 to \$8,999 \$9,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$11,999	1 910	1 225 1 137	685 524	10 2 0	75 63	55 68	128 139	123 113	53 68	5	110 90
\$10,000 to \$11,999 \$12,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$24,999	2 495	2 091 2 049 2 150	880 646 626	18 21 20	110 43 68	102 26 28	210 151 211	171 220 260	110 117 182	14 5 6	188 183 86
\$25,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	596 101	517 86	79 l 15	5 -	16	_	89 13	47 9	98 27	-	6
Median income	\$8 966 \$10 103	\$9 403 \$10 626	\$8 238 \$8 899	\$6 036 \$7 763	\$7 025 \$7 553	\$5 155 \$5 663	\$8 133 \$10 188	\$9 850 \$11 092	\$11 709 \$14 389	\$10 929 \$10 786	\$9 122 \$9 487
Families and unrelated individuals Median income Mean income	30 290 \$7 233 \$8 190	22 276 \$7 155 \$8 288	8 014 \$7 401 \$7 920	1 084 \$3 062 \$4 501	1 866 \$4 283 \$5 664	1 888 \$3 008 \$4 332	3 410 \$4 873 \$7 120	1 939 \$8 391 \$9 495	2 022 \$2 365 \$7 165	\$6 000 \$7 122	1 238 \$8 464 \$8 7≀8
Unrelated individuals Median income Mean income	8 562 \$2 193 \$3 337	7 132 \$2 141 \$3 322	1 430 \$2 485 \$3 412	835 \$2 511 \$3 528	884 \$2 214 \$3 565	779 \$1 672 \$2 437	1 562 \$2 632 \$3 489	491 \$4 170 \$4 787	1 142 \$1 017 \$1 597	45 \$1 900 \$4 109	154 \$2 947 \$3 303
TYPE OF INCOME IN 1969 OF FAMILIES			}								
With wage or salary income Mean wage or salary income	18 825	15 144 13 268 \$9 365	6 584 5 557 \$7 956	249 217 \$6 830	982 879 \$6 569	1 109 864 \$5 820	1 848 1 505 \$8 189	1 448 1 238 \$9 658	880 713 \$11 673	37 37 \$10 786	7 084 1 024 \$8 588
With nonform self-employment income Mean nonform self-employment income	3 312 \$7 650	2 319 \$8 374	993 \$5 962	52 \$4 230	100 \$4 277	69 \$2 801	325 \$7 582	235 \$8 957	220 \$14 082		\$8 317
With form self-employment income Mean form self-employment income With Social Security income	\$4 210	342 \$3 409 2 352	928 \$4 506 1 028	 66	27 \$3 846 212	5 271	86 \$4 648 485	38 \$3 334 265	23 135	-	5 109
Mean Social Security income With public assistance or public welfare income	\$1 724 839	\$1 730 676	\$1 709 163	\$1 067 15	\$1 646 71	\$1 502 231	\$1 806 136	\$1 763 51	\$1 807 12	=	\$1 749 13
Mean public assistance or public welfare income With other income Mean other income	\$1 256 7 739 \$1 743	\$1 313 5 822 \$1 912	\$1 018 1 917 \$1 230	128 \$980	\$1 865 382 \$1 650	\$1 515 315 \$889	\$942 986 \$2 672	\$1 370 591 \$2 261	372 \$2 471	-	295 \$1 246
RATIO OF FAMILY INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL!											
Percent of families with incomes; Less than .50 of poverty level50 to .74	2,8 2,9	3.0 3.0	2.3 2.7	7.2 2.0	2.2 6.0	8.1 14.5	3.7 4.8	2.7 0.9	3.2 2.2	-	1.6 2.5
.75 to .99	3.6 4,0	3,0 3,6	5,2 4.8	6.8 4.4	4.6 4.6	9.0 8.7	3.6 3.7	1.9 3.7	1.3 2.3	18.9	3.4) 3.1 (
1.25 to 1.49 1.50 to 1.99 2.00 to 2.99	4,9 14.4 27,7	4.5 13,2 27.0	5.8 17.1 29.4	2.0 18.9 21.7	10.2 19.9 21.5	7.2 15.2 19.2	6.7 13.3 20.9	3.4 10.4 25.3	1.5 9.8 20.5	- 40,5	3,5 14.5 38.3
3.00 or more	39.7	42.7	32.8	36.9	31.1	18.0	43.3	51.7	59.4	40.5	32.8
INCOME BELOW POVERTY LEVEL?	2 033	1 364	669	40	126	351	224	79	58	_	84
Percent of all families Meon family income Mean income deficit	9.4 \$1 988 \$1 357	9.0 \$1 917 \$1 433	\$2 134 \$1 201	16.1 \$1 855 \$1 148	12.8 \$1 903 \$1 124	31.7 \$2 118 \$1 410	12.1 \$1 766 \$1 278	5.5 \$2 046 \$1 670	6.6 \$1 474 \$1 636	-	7.7 \$2 196 \$1 300
Percent receiving public assistance income Mean size of family	16.9 3.63	20.0 3.57	10.5 3.75	3.03	24.6 3.03	43,9 3.77	23.2 3.08	11.4 4.30	12,1 3.16	=	4.8 3.85
With related children under 18 years Mean number of related children under 18 years With related children under 6 years	1 340 2.74 694	937 2.65 492	403 2.96 202	17 17	80 2.15 50	243 3.01 127	130 2.37 88	51 3.61 22	40 2.08 14	-	74 (2,41 39
Mean number of related children under 6 years Families with female head	1.62 744	1.61 617	1.63	10	1.58 65	1.87 184	1.60 103	33	.;;	-	1.54 36
With related children under 18 years Mean number of related children under 18 years_ With related children under 6 years	638 2.58 293	530 2.58 238	108 2.59 55	 5	57 2.51 35	158 2.65 79	79 2,46 50	28 3.36 13	16	-	31 2.10 8
Percent in labor force Mean number of related children under 6 years	36.9 1.64	37.8 1.70	32.7 1.38	:::	34.3 1.66	30,4 1.84	24.0 1.78	***	=	Ξ	:::
Femily heads Percent 65 years and over	2 033 20.0	1 364 17.1	669 26.0	40 25.0	126 11.1	351 16,5	224 27.7	79 15.2	58 10.3		84 6.0
Civilian male heads under 65 years Percent in labor force	948 78.1	566 76.5	382 80.4	25 68.0	47 87.2	124 58.1	82 72.0	34 67.6	36 100.0		43 79.1
Unrelated individuels Percent of all unrelated individuals	2 955 39.0 \$972	2 376 38.7 5984	579 40,5 \$923	313 37.8 \$1 110	385 43.6 \$973	462 59,3 \$1 067	588 37.6 \$ 951	126 25.7 \$940	66 32,0 \$764		59 38.3 \$914
Mean income Mean income deficit Percent receiving public assistance income	\$857 10.4	\$856 11.7	\$862 5.4	\$717 16.9	\$879 5.7	\$760 29.7	\$886 8.0	\$933	\$1 110 7.6	=	\$926
Percent 65 years and over	40.8 10 336	38.0 7 245	52,0 3 091	46.6 434	26.5 767	50.2 1 787	34.0 1 277	38,9 466	21.2 249	-	30.5
Percent of all persons Percent receiving Social Security income	12.1 19.3	12.0 19.1	12.2 19.9	30.2 30.9	20.3 14.1	38.7 2).2	17.3 25.3	8,9 18,5	7.9 6.0	=	8.7 14.4
Percent 65 years and over Percent receiving Social Security income Related children under 18 years	18.3 83.9 3 607	17.8 83.7 2 415	19.5 84.2 1 192	36.9 83.8 41	16.9 75.4 155	19.1 84.2 712	22.2 87.7 289	15.2 100.0 181	10.4 57.7 84		7.9 100.0 1 <i>8</i> 7
Percent living with both parents	50.7	40.8	70.7	46.3	18.1	38.2	33.9	40.9	46.4	-	41.2
Percent of all households	3 573 15.0	2 921 15.6 904	12.9 342	296 32.3 21	370 24.4 73	756 43.4 203	518 18.9 120	151 8,9 86	75 8.1 22	-	112 10.4 41
Owner occupied Mean value of unit Renter occupied	1 246 \$13 900 2 327	\$14 800 2 017	\$11 400 310	275	\$12 300 297	\$8 300 553	\$15 600 398	\$19 300 65	53	-	\$11 400 71
Mean gross rent Percent lacking some or all plumbing facilities	\$78 10.7	\$80 11.2	\$70 8.1	\$61 18.9	\$81 11.1	\$61 24.7	\$75 6.4	\$91	\$108 6.7	-	\$111 -

*Excludes inmates of institutions, members of the Armed Farces living in barracks, college students in dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 14 years.

Table P-4. Income Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

				llings Con.	a vigorov (par			Balance of Yellowstone County			
Census Tracts	Tract 0010	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0017	Tract 0018	Tract 0002	Tract 0003	Tract 0005	Treet 0007
INCOME IN 1969 OF FAMILIES AND	0010	0011		30.0			30,0				
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS All femilles Less than \$1,000	35	1 704 43 38 33	710 8 10 8	1 287 33	 	1 221 15 11 18	1 133 9 17	1 78 - 11 23	36 - 5	-	1 399 5 40 38
\$2,000 to \$2,999 \$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$5,999 \$6,000 to \$6,999	87 72 131 135	76 70 135 91 177	15 20 15 16 51	48 29 32 48 53	-	17 27 27 93 123	22 15 31 21	24 20 17 26 27	- - 11 5 4		61 121 61 145 139
\$8,000 to \$8,999 \$9,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$11,999 \$12,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$49,999	160 149 217 172	188 133 240 232 209	58 34 143 136 152	42 86 164 203 381	-	97 76 170 288 236	121 98 234 252 197	16 14 - -	5 - - - 6		137 119 169 189 133
\$25,000 to \$49,799 \$50,000 or more Median income Mean income	\$8 600	34 5 \$9 008 \$10 072	27 17 \$11 678 \$13 834	157 5 \$13 515 \$15 011	-	13 10 \$11 253 \$12 321	\$11 124 \$11 538	\$5 647 \$5 448	\$6 400 \$7 529	- - -	37 5 \$8 653 \$9 673
Families and unrelated individuals Median income Mean income	\$7 431	2 207 \$8 103 \$8 816	832 \$11 071 \$12 706	1 377 \$12 850 \$14 312	-	1 284 \$10 960 \$11 948	1 202 \$10 849 \$11 172	261 \$4 532 \$4 795	36 \$6 400 \$7 529	-	1 619 \$8 092 \$8 927
Unrelated individuals	393 \$2 763 \$3 290	503 \$4 155 \$4 560	122 \$5 727 \$6 147	90 \$4 111 \$4 313	- -	63 \$3 625 \$4 725	69 \$6 375 \$5 175	83 \$3 341 \$3 396	=	-	220 \$4 158 \$4 186
TYPE OF INCOME IN 1969 OF FAMILIES	1 452	1 704	710	1 287		1 221	1 133	178	36		1 399
With wage or salary income Mean wage or salary income With nonfarm self-employment income Mean nonfarm self-employment income With form self-employment income Mean farm self-employment income With Social Security income Mean Social Security income	1 322 \$8 358 115 \$5 230 11 	1 529 \$9 237 273 \$5 790 40 \$1 638 239 \$1 946	\$11 315 132 \$8 141 	1 091 \$12 361 366 \$11 048 47 \$3 014 125 \$1 902	-	1 131 \$11 125 183 \$9 241 44 \$4 491 90 \$1 786	\$1076 \$10 839 \$139 \$7 222 \$1 491	150 \$5 430 11 43 \$1 574	36 \$3 629 11 4	-	1 243 \$8 414 299 \$5 862 99 \$1 964 191 \$1 476
With public assistance or public welfare income Mean public assistance or public welfare income With other income Mean other income	56 \$1 325 417	\$1 46 \$1 437 572 \$1 508	386 \$3 534	14 643 \$2 180	-	17 474 \$864	261 \$990	21 46 \$1 054	12	-	38 \$1 345 458 \$1 732
RATIO OF FAMILY INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL ¹ Percent of families with incomes:											
Less than .50 of poverty level	0.3 3.0 6.3 5.0 16.2	2.5 1.9 2.2 3.0 3.9 12.4 33.2 40.8	2.0 0.6 3.1 1.0 7.3 27.7 58.3	0.7 2.3 2.2 1.2 3.6 7.5 22.6 59.9		2.1 0.3 2.7 1.5 3.2 15.1 30,2 44.9	1.8 0.5 0.5 1.4 3.6 15.1 30.2 46.9	9.0 13.5 7.9 16.9 12.4 34.3 6.2	13.9 - - 27.8 41.7 16.7	-	1.0 2.0 4.2 3.7 5.4 18.9 31.8 33.0
INCOME BELOW POVERTY LEVEL											
Femilies Percent of all families Mean family Income Mean income deficit Percent receiving public assistance income Meon size of family With related children under 18 years Meon number of related children under 18 years With related children under 6 years Meon number of related children under 6 years Meon number of related children under 18 years Meon number of related children under 6 years Meon number of related children under 18 years With related children under 6 years With related children under 6 years Meon number of related children under 6 years Meon number of related children under 6 years	7.4 \$1 544 \$1 612 14.8 3.20 82 2.22 41 1.76 70 56	114 6.7 \$1 739 \$1 443 3.28 69 2.33 17 46 46 2.37 8 	18 2.5	67 5.2 \$2 578 \$1 199 4.09 4.09 2.84 2.6 1.42 12 12 	-	63 5.2 \$2 245 \$1 732 4.52 58 3.05 22 28 2.21 7	32 2.8 \$1 059 \$2 195 4.72 26 3.12 11 6 6	40 22.5 \$2 493 \$961 25.0 3.70 23 17 10 10	5 13.9 	-	101 7.2 \$2 125 \$1 098 23.8 3.52 3.23 15 19
Percent 65 years and over Civilian male heads under 65 years Percent in labor force	19.4 26	114 29.8 34 100.0	18 10	67 9.0 49 83.7	- - -	35 85.7	32 15.6 21	40 27.5 19	5 5	-	101 39,6 42 90,5
Unrelated individuals Percent of all unrelated individuals Mean income Mean income deficit Percent receiving public assistance income Percent 65 years and over	39.2 \$893 \$920 3.9 51.3	127 25,2 \$865 \$1 006 — 23.6	23 18,9 	26 31.1 \$1 363 \$527 — 39.3	-	46.0 \$745 \$1 088 - 41.4	16 23.2 	34 41.0 \$1 238 \$697 23,5 11.8	-	-	67 30.5 \$783 \$1 061 13.4 35.8
Perset Percent of all persons Percent receiving Social Security Income Percent 65 years and over Percent receiving Social Security Income Related children under 18 years Percent living with both parents	8.8 27.0 21.0 92.4 182	501 8.0 16.8 18.4 69.6 156 35.3	99 3.4 7.1 11.1 50 42.0	302 5.9 9.6 7.9 127 71.7	-	314 6.0 5.4 3.8 177 64.4	167 3.5 6.0 3.0 74 70.3	182 26.3 18.7 11.0 74 23.0	10 8.0 - - -	-	423 8.1 18.9 21.0 70.8 166 72.3
Neuseholds Percent of all households Owner occupied Mean value of unit Renter occupied Mean gross rent Percent lacking some or all plumbing facilities	91 \$10 800 151 \$94	166 8.7 92 \$14 800 74 \$145	30 3.8 15 	86 6.5 60 \$28 700 26 \$170		78 6.2 48 \$18 000 30 \$161	41 3.5 32 \$16 400 9 	\$22.0 27 \$9 200 18	5 16.7 — 5 · · ·	- - - - -	84 6.9 38 \$17 600 46 \$75 6.0

Excludes inmates of institutions, members of the Armed Forces living in barracks, college students in dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 14 years.

Table P-4. Income Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

	Data basea on sa					lawstone Caun		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		_	
Census Tracts	Tract 0008	Tract 0009	Tract 0010	Tract 0011	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0015	Tract 0016	Tract 0017	Tract 0018	Tract 0019
INCOME IN 1969 OF FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS											
All families Less than \$1,000 \$1,000 to \$1,999 \$2,000 to \$2,999 \$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$5,999	484 5 20 30 20 34 36	618 17 2) 40 23 34 51	21 5 - 5	-	70 - - - - -	783 5 25 15 37 64 83	878 28 33 66 82 66 78	350 5 18 22 19 28	179 5 5 11 4 16	352 4 6 4 4 17 5	1 236 34 31 51 92 67 71
\$6,000 to \$6,999 \$7,000 to \$7,999 \$8,000 to \$8,999 \$9,000 to \$8,999 \$10,000 to \$11,999 \$12,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$49,999	36 54 62 47 74 45 21	64 62 98 54 100 31 23	5 - - 6 - -	-	5 5 20 10 20	127 36 78 70 99 77 61 6	63 77 94 39 83 75 77	33 25 35 11 58 36 50 5	19 12 14 12 10 47 24	27 32 19 48 70 18 93	85 137 127 105 191 118 118
\$50,000 or mare Median income Mean income	\$8 113 \$7 941	\$7 952 \$7 583		-	\$13 500 \$14 734	\$7 986 \$8 539	\$7 299 \$8 013	\$8 571 \$9 305	\$9 292 \$9 891	\$10 286 \$12 349	\$8 394 \$8 930
Families and unrelated individuals Median income Mean income	566 \$7 678 \$7 487	753 \$7 040 \$6 822	21 	-	\$11 920 \$13 538	903 \$7 330 \$7 960	1 078 \$6 110 \$7 109	409 \$8 014 \$8 521	\$6 957 \$7 659	485 \$8 763 \$9 656	\$7 410 \$7 707
Unrelated individuals	82 \$3 800 \$4 804	135 \$2 790 \$3 339	=	-	12 	120 \$3 476 \$4 188	200 \$2 364 \$3 138	59 \$3 417 \$3 869	91 \$1 344 \$3 268	133 \$1 863 \$2 526	\$1 675 \$2 581
TYPE OF INCOME IN 1969 OF FAMILIES	484	618	21 21	-	70 65	783 647	878 480	350 259	179 159	352 288	1 236 1 063
With wage or salary income Mean wage or salary income With nonfarm self-employment income Mean nonfarm self-employment income Mean farm self-employment income Mean farm self-employment income With Social Security income We social Security income With public assistance or public welfare income Mean other income	421 \$7 719 77 \$4 577 15 84 \$1 489 22 170 \$526	525 \$7 388 76 \$4 128 44 \$3 832 91 \$1 400 22 146 \$1 209	11 5		\$13 072 15 5 21	\$6 687 111 \$6 285 260 \$5 027 98 \$1 548 6 218 \$923	\$6 773 128 \$4 168 313 \$4 347 137 \$1 669 15 236 \$1 416	\$8 180 25 \$5 450 121 \$5 845 74 \$1 554 5 105 \$1 696	\$8 743 13 20 26 \$1 842 10 82 \$951	\$9 670 76 \$15 114 29 \$5 295 35 \$2 481 99 \$1 746	\$8 991 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
RATIO OF FAMILY INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL ¹ Percent of fomilies with incomes:										0.0	
Less than .50 of poverty level	2.9 4.5 6.8 7.6 5.0 14.0 33.9 25,2	3.7 1.6 4.4 7.1 7.4 20.7 29.9 25.1	- - - - - - -	-	7.1 21.4 71.4	1.1 3.4 5.6 2.9 2.6 16.9 33.7 33.7	3.6 3.8 6.6 8.3 7.3 18.2 21.0 31.2	1.4 2.0 2.6 7.7 5.7 15.1 35.4 30.0	2.8 5.6 14.5 23.5 48.0	2.3 1.7 2.8 - 1.4 11.9 25.9 54.0	3.2 1.7 4.9 3.5 6.9 17.6 27.4 34.8
INCOME BELOW POVERTY LEVEL®			10			80	123	21	15	24	121
Percent of all families Mean family income Mean income deficit Percent receiving public assistance income Mean size of family With related children under 18 years Mean number of related children under 18 years Mean number of related children under 6 years Mean number of related children under 6 years Mean number of related children under 18 years Mean number of related children under 6 years Mean number of related children under 6 years	69 14.3 \$2 843 \$1 121 23.2 4.46 53 3.36 3.6 1.58 16 16	60 9,7 \$1 050 \$1 781 10.0 3.43 32 3.00 21 10 10	10 5 5			\$2 595 \$1 016 7.5 4.38 2.81 16 	14.0 \$2 110 \$1 140 4.1 3.75 66 2.86 2.86 1.57 16 13	6.0	8,4 	6.8	9,8 \$1 921 \$1 278 2.5 3.31 65 2.72 39 1.41 29 1.97 23
Family heeds Percent 65 years and over Civilion male heads under 65 years Percent in labor force	69 20.3 39 76.9	60 30.0 32 84.4	10 	- - -	-	80 6.3 69 79.7	123 27.6 76 93.4	21 16 	15 5	24 18	121 29.8 56 55.4
Vareleted individuels Percent of all unrelated individuals Mean income Mean income deficit Percent receiving public assistance income Percent 65 years and over	11 13.4 	43 31.9 \$992 \$847 37.2	-			33.3 \$755 \$943 72.5	79 39.5 \$963 \$717 11.4 55.7	24 40.7 	\$6 61.5 \$681 \$1 167 -	50.4 \$907 \$851 — 91.0	53.6 \$1 083 \$705 72.8
Persens Percent of all persons Percent receiving Social Security income Percent 65 years and over Percent receiving Social Security income Percent receiving Social Security income Percent living with both perents	319 15.2 14.7 10.3 100.0 167 64.1	249 10.3 15.7 17.3 79.1 100 78.0	30 44.1 10.0 10.0 10.0		-	390 13.1 7.2 10.3 70.0 180 82.2	540 15.7 15.9 16.3 78.4 193 74.1	118 8.0 11.0 11.0 49 100.0	101 15.3 10.9 5.0 	171 11.0 42.1 42.1 100.0 59 74.6	558 12.6 36.2 35.3 89.8 175 66.9
Households Percent of oil households Owner occupied Mean value of unit Renter occupied Mean gross rent Percent locking some or oil plumbing facilities	\$3 13.9 26 \$12 200 27 \$80 17.0	49 14.2 35 \$9 600 34 \$80 7.2	 5 -	-	- - - - - -	37 10.7 10 27 \$57	77 19.1 65 \$9 300 12 26.0	9 5.7 9 - 	12.8 - - 5 	18 6.3 8 10	245 17.4 119 \$10 300 126 \$75 1.6

Excludes inmates of institutions, members of the Armed Forces living in barracks, college students in dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 14 years.

Table P-4. Income Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

, [Data based on sc	mple, see text	. For minimum	base for deriv		for split tract		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
Census Tracts	Tract 0002	Tract 0003	Tract 0005	Tract 0007	Tract 0009	Tract 0010	Tract 0011	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0017	Troct 8100
INCOME IN 1969 OF FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS									704	3 400	3 492
All festilies Less than \$1,000 \$1,000 to \$1,979 \$2,000 to \$2,979 \$3,000 to \$3,979 \$4,000 to \$4,979 \$5,000 to \$5,979 \$6,000 to \$6,979 \$7,000 to \$7,979 \$8,000 to \$8,979 \$9,000 to \$9,979 \$12,000 to \$11,979 \$12,000 to \$11,979 \$12,000 to \$14,979 \$15,000 to \$44,979 \$50,000 or more Median income fomilies and unrelated individuals Median income	1 160 12 67 103 117 121 83 106 146 91 77 110 43 68 16 57 230 2 127 \$4 318 \$5 557	1 145 56 127 160 87 114 111 117 83 60 68 102 26 34 	1 448 34 8 45 85 35 109 81 108 123 113 171 220 260 47 9 \$9 850 \$11 092 1 939 \$8 391 \$9 495	1 436 50 38 61 121 61 152 139 142 119 183 194 139 37 5 \$8 711 \$9 701 1 701 \$8 846	1 702 37 30 81 50 77 119 160 208 144 288 214 109 6 - \$8 567 \$8 796	1 473 35 40 55 72 72 131 140 80 149 223 172 114 10 	1 704 43 38 33 76 70 135 91 177 188 133 240 232 209 34 5 \$7 008 \$10 072 2 207 \$8 103 \$8 816	1 357 	783 5 25 15 37 64 83 127 36 78 70 99 77 61 61 6 6 5 8 539 99 99 77 87 98 539 99 99 77 87 99 77 87 87 88 83 83 83 83 83 83 83 83 83 83 83 83	1 400 20 20 21 28 31 43 112 135 111 88 180 335 260 13 10 81 089 \$12 010	1 483 13 23 4 26 32 36 48 133 140 146 270 290 290 15 \$11 730 1 487 \$10 315 \$10 733
Mean income Unrelated individuals Median income	967 \$2 268	779 \$1 672	491 \$4 170	265 \$3 500 \$4 173	289 \$2 850 \$3 320	393 \$2 763 \$3 290	503 \$4 155 \$4 560	102 \$4 333 \$4 578	120 \$3 476 \$4 188	154 \$1 714 \$3 864	202 \$2 419 \$3 431
Mean income TYPE OF INCOME IN 1969 OF FAMILIES All femilies With wage or solary income Mean wage or solary income	\$3 551 1 160 1 029 \$6 403	\$2 437 1 145 900 \$5 733 80	\$4 787 1 448 1 238 \$9 658 235	1 436 1 280 \$8 483 299	\$3 320 1 702 1 549 \$8 181 186	1 473 1 343 \$8 291 126	1 704 1 529 \$9 237 273	1 357 1 156 \$12 401 381	783 647 \$6 687 111	1 400 1 290 \$10 831	1 485 1 364 \$10 593 215
With nonform self-employment income Adan nonform self-employment income With farm self-employment income With Social Security income Mean Social Security income With poolic assistance or public welfare income Adan public assistance or public welfare income With other income With other income With other income Ratio Of Family Income Ratio Of Family Income To Poverty Level	\$111 \$4 009 27 \$3 846 255 \$1 634 92 \$1 674 428 \$1 586	\$3 816 9 282 \$1 534 231 \$1 515 327 \$883	\$8 957 38 \$3 334 265 \$1 763 51 \$1 370 591 \$2 261	\$5 862 99 \$1 964 191 \$1 476 38 \$1 345 458 \$1 732	\$6 605 49 \$3 456 200 \$1 590 35 \$1 091 441 \$1 234	\$5 056 11 218 \$1 747 56 \$1 325 417 \$1 296	\$5 790 40 \$1 638 239 \$1 946 46 \$1 437 572 \$1 508	\$11 015 47 \$3 014 130 \$1 858 14 664 \$2 148	\$6 285 260 \$5 027 98 \$1 548 6 218 \$923	\$8 654 64 \$6 744 116 \$1 798 27 \$680 556 \$877	\$10 012 40 \$4 283 107 \$1 815 14 360 \$1 198
Percent of families with incomes: Less than .50 of poverty level .50 to .74 .75 to .99 .1.00 to 1.24 .1.25 to 1.49 .1.50 to 1.49 .1.50 to 2.99 .3.00 or more	1.9 6.5 5.9 5.1 11.2 18.7 23.4 27.2	7.9 14.5 8.7 8.4 7.0 15.6 19.9 18.0	2.7 0.9 1.9 3.7 3.4 10.4 25.3 51.7	1.0 1.9 4.1 4.1 5.2 18.5 32.0 33.1	2,5 2,2 3,8 4,6 4,9 16,7 35,3 30,0	4.1 0.6 3.3 6.2 4.9 16.0 32.9 32.0	2.5 1.9 2.2 3.0 3.9 12.4 33.2 40.8	0.7 2.2 2.1 1.1 3.4 7.5 22.5 60.5	1.1 3.4 5.6 2.9 2.6 16.9 33.7	2.2 0.3 3.1 1.3 3.5 15.0 29.4 45.3	1.9 0.8 1.1 1.1 3.1 14.3 29.2 48.6
INCOME BELOW POVERTY LEVEL ¹	166	356	79	101	144	118	114	67	. 80	78	54
Percent of all families Mean family income Mean income deficit Percent receiving public assistance income Mean size of family With related children under 18 years Mean number of related children under 18 years Mean number of related children under 6 years Mean number of related children under 6 years families with female head With related children under 18 years Mean number of related children under 18 years Mean number of related children under 18 years Mean number of related children under 18 years Percent in labor force Mean number of related children under 6 years	14.3 \$2 045 \$1 085 24.7 3.19 103 2.37 1.51 67 2.73 2.75 26.7 1.62	31.1 \$2 108 \$1 406 43.3 3.75 243 3.01 127 1.87 184 158 2.65 79 30.4 1.84	5.5 \$2 046 \$1 670 11.4 4.30 3.61 3.61 22 28 3.36 13	7.0 \$2 125 \$1 098 23.8 3.52 52 3.23 15 	8.5 \$1 719 \$1 500 6.9 3.67 106 2.58 60 1.85 46 41 2.12 12	8.0 \$1 633 \$1 510 13.6 3.19 87 2.21 1.76 75 56 2.20 21	6.7 \$1 739 \$1 443 	4,9 \$2 578 \$1 199 	10.2 \$2 595 \$1 016 7.5 4.38 2.81 16 6	5.6 \$2 140 \$1 605 4.23 68 2.90 27 1.52 33 2.18 7	3.8 \$1 689 \$1 824 4.55 4.4 3.02 25 1.92
Feathy boods Percent 65 years and over Civilian mole heads under 65 years Percent in labor force	166 15.1 66 71.2	356 16.3 129 59.7	79 15.2 34 67.6	101 39.6 42 90.5	144 16.0 75 81.3	118 17.8 31 83.9	114 29,8 34 100,0	67 9.0 49 83.7	80 6.3 69 79.7	78 6,4 40 87,5	56 19.6 39 84.6
Unrelated individuals Percent of all unrelated individuals Mean income Mean income deficit Percent receiving public assistance income Percent &5 years and over	419 43.3 \$995 \$864 7.2 25.3	462 59.3 \$1 067 \$780 29.7 50.2	126 25.7 \$940 \$933 — 38.9	67 30,5 \$783 \$1 061 13.4 35.8	102 35.3 \$947 \$893 — 33.3	154 39.2 \$893 \$920 3.9 51,3	127 25.2 \$865 \$1 006 23.6	28 27.5 \$1 363 \$527 	40 33.3 \$755 \$943 72.5	85 55.2 \$703 \$1 140	81 41.1 \$935 \$867 73.5
Persens Percent of all persons Percent receiving Social Security Income Percent 45 years and over Percent receiving Social Security income Related children under 18 years Percent living with both parents	949 21.2 15.0 15.8 72.7 229 19.7	1 797 37.8 21.1 19.0 84.2 712 38.2	466 8.9 18.5 15.2 100.0 181 40.9	423 7,9 18,9 21,0 70,8 166 72,3	9.3 14.9 11.6 87.7 287 54.0	530 9.3 26.0 20.4 92.6 192 29.2	501 8.0 16.8 18.4 69.6 156 35.3	302 5.6 9.6 7.9 127 71.7	390 13.1 7.2 10.3 70.0 180 82,2	415 7.0 6.7 4.1 196 63.3	538 5.3 24.3 22.8 93.5 133 72.2
Percent of all households Percent of all households Owner occupied Mean value of unit Renter occupied Mean gross rent Percent lacking some or all plumbing facilities **Excludes inmates of institutions, members of the second o	415 24.1 100 \$11 500 315 \$78 11.3	761 43.0 203 \$8 300 558 \$61 24.6	151 8.9 86 \$19 300 65 \$91	84 6.7 38 \$17 600 46 \$75 6.0	181 11.6 76 \$10 600 105 \$101 2.8	247 14:8 96 \$10 800 151 \$94 2.4	166 8.7 92 \$14 800 74 \$145	86 6.1 60 \$28 700 26 \$170	37 10.7 10 27 \$57	83 6.4 48 \$18 000 35 \$157	59 4.0 40 \$19 200 19

1Excludes inmates of institutions, members of the Armed Forces living in borracks, callege students in dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 14 years.

Table P-5. General and Social Characteristics of the Negro Population: 1970

Census Tracts With	Yelio	wstone County	
400 or More Negro Population	Total	Billings	Balance
AGE BY SEX			
Mole, all ages	126	126	_
Under 5 years	4	4	-
3 and 4 years 5 to 9 years	<u>-</u>	=	
5 years 6 years	_	-	=
10 to 14 years	ģ.	6	_
14 years15 to 19 years	6 5	6 5	_
15 years	-	-	=
16 years	Ξ	-	
18 years19 years	- 5	5	Ξ
20 to 24 years	22 9	22 9	_
20 years	9	9 14	=
25 to 34 years	14 12	12	<u> </u>
15 to 54 years	7	7	_
55 to 59 years 50 to 64 years	7	7	_
55 to 74 years	31 18	31 18	Ξ
		77	5
Female, all ages	82 12	12	_
3 and 4 years	.5 10	5 10	
5 years	_	<u>``</u>	_
6 years 10 to 14 years	=	-	_
14 years	9	4	- 5
15 to 19 years	_	_	-
16 years	4 -	<u>4</u>	=
18 years	=	-	5
19 years 20 to 24 years	5 -		-
20 years	<u>-</u>	-	
21 years 25 to 34 years	11	11	=
35 to 44 years 45 to 54 years	14	14	=
55 to 59 years	16	- 16	_
60 to 64 years65 to 74 years	io	iŏ	-
75 years and over	-	-	-
RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD	208	203	5
All persons	181	176	5
Head of household	103 37	103 37	- - - 5
Head of family Primary individual	66 33	66 28	- 5
Other relative of head	36	36	_
Not related to head	9 27	9 27	
In group quarters Persons per household	1.76	1.71	-
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD			
All households	103 43	1 03 43	-
Male primary individualFemale primary individual	23	23 37	_
Husband-wife householdsHouseholds with other mole head	37	- -	=
Households with female head		-	_
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT		27	5
Persons, 16 to 21 years old Not attending school	32 23	18	5
Not high school oraduates	<u>-</u>	-	
Percent of total	_		
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED	140	140	
Persons, 25 years old and over No school years completed	_	26	-
Flementary: 1 to 4 years	26 15	15	_
5 to 7 years 8 years	22 38	22 38	-
High school: 1 to 3 years	20	20	-
College: 1 to 3 years	19	19	-
A years or more Median school years completed Percent high school graduates	9.6 27.9	9,6 27.9	=
RESIDENCE IN 1965			
Persons. 5 years old and over, 1970'	1 83 83	177 83	6
Same house as in 1970Different house:		41	
In central city of this SMSA	41	_	-
In other part of this SMSAOutside this SMSA	29 11	23 11	
North and West	18	12	6
North and West	18 5	12 5	

*Includes "Moved, 1965 residence not reported."

Table P-6. Economic Characteristics of the Negro Population: 1970

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts With	Yell	owstone County	
400 or More Negro Population	Total	Billings	Balanc
MPLOYMENT STATUS AND OCCUPATION Male, 16 years old and over	116	116	
abor force	68 42	68 42	
Civilian labor force	42	42	
Unemployed	- 4B	48	
Female, 16 years old and ever	60	55	
bor force	28 28	28 28	
Civilian labor force	28	28	
Unemployedt in labor force	32	27	
arried women in labor farce, husband present	13	13	
With own children under 6 years Total amployed, 16 years old and over	70	70	
ofessional, technical, and kindred workers	8	8	
onagers and administrators, except form les workers	7 _	7	
erical and kindred workers	- 5	5	
aftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers	9	9	
ansport equipment operatives	- 13	13	
rm workers	6	6	
rvice workers, except private householdivate household workers	15 7	15 7	
Female employed, 16 years old and over	28	28	
ofessional, technical, and kindred workers anagers and administrators, except form	<u> </u>	~	
les workers	-	~	
erical and kindred workerserical and kindred workerserical and kindred workers	_	-	
her blue-collar warkers	-	6	
ervice workers, except private household	15	15	
rivate household workers	7	7	
AMILY INCOME IN 1969 All families	37	37	
ss than \$1,000		-	
2,000 to \$2,999	ນ ນີ	11	
3,000 to \$3,999		=	
5.000 to \$5.999			
6,000 to \$6,999	6 5	6 5	
8,000 to \$8,999	-	7	
9,000 to \$9,99910,000 to \$9,999	8	B	
Median income: Families Families and unrelated individuals	\$7 300 \$1 754	\$7 300 \$1 754	
ATIO OF FAMILY INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL			
ercent of families with incomes: Less than .50 of poverty level	-	_	
.50 to .7475 to .99	29.7	29.7	
1,00 to 1.24			
1.25 to 1.49	13.5	13.5	
2.00 or more	56.8	56,8	
NCOME BELOW POVERTY LEVEL!	11	11	
Percent of all families		29.7	
Mean family income		***	
Percent receiving public assistance income		***	
Mean size of family With related children under 18 years	. 4	4	
Mean number of related children under 18 years		•••	
With related children under 6 years Mean number of related children under 6 years	.} –	-	
Fomilies with female headWith related children under 18 years	.} –	- -	
Mean number of related children under 18 years.	. -	- -	
With related children under 6 years Percent in labor force			
Mean number of related children under 6 years .	.{ ~	บั	
Percent 65 years and over	.l <u>-</u>	-	
Civilian male heads under 65 yearsPercent in labor force	.) 7	7	
arelated individuals	. [66	66	
Percent of all unrelated individuals	. \$1 088	88.0 \$1 088	
Mean income deficit	\$732	\$732 39.4	
Percent receiving public assistance income Percent 65 years and over	_] 51.5	51.5	
Percent of all persons	_	92 52,3	
Percent receiving Social Security income	. 54.3	54,3	
Percent 65 years and over Percent receiving Social Security income	_ 43.5	43.5 85.0	
Related children under 18 years	- [4	4	
Percent living with both parents		68 .	
Percent of all households	_ 66.0	66.0	
Mean value of unit	_] \$6 700	32 \$6 700	
Renter occupied	_ 36	36 \$58	
Percent lacking some or all plumbing facilities	36.8	36.8	

^{*}Excludes inmates of institutions, members of the Armed Forces living in barracks, college students in dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 14 years.

Table P-7. General and Social Characteristics of Persons of Spanish Language: 1970

ſ	Data based on sample, see text. For		s (percent, median, etc.) and		Total for split tract in
Census Tracts With 400 or More Persons		Yellowstone County		Billings	Yellowstone County
of Spanish Language	Total	Billings	Balance	Tract 0003	Tract 0003
AGE BY SEX					
Male, all ages	989	715	274	459	459
Under 5 years	115 47	89 41	26	54 30	54 \ 30
5 to 9 years	232	136	96	105	105
5 years 6 years	43 23	33 17	10	26 (17)	26 17
10 to 14 years	135	81	54 (50	50
14 years	20 49	8 38	12	31	ī.
15 to 19 years	12	12	-1	12	12
16 years	17 10	17 4	- 6	10	10
17 years18 years	5	<u> i</u>	5	-1	-
19 years 20 to 24 years	5 70	.5 70	-	5 25	25
20 years	12	12	-	-1	10
2) years25 to 34 years	17 133	17 115	18	10 57	10 57
35 to 44 years	96	76	20 23 20	34	34
45 to 54 years	66 28	43 8	23	36 8	36 8
55 to 59 years60 to 64 years	24	24		24	24
65 to 74 years	24 17	24 11	-6	24 (11	24 i
75 years and over			-1		579
Under 5 years	986 137	828 126	158 11	579 83	83
3 and 4 years	42	42	-(26) 89	26 89
5 to 9 years5 years	130 31	104 31	26	22 }	22 }
6 years	39	29	10	29 113	29 113
10 to 14 years14 years	147 41	136 41	11	41	41 42
15 to 19 years	85	62	23	42 21	42 21
15 years16 years	21 12	21	12	21	
17 years	6	.6	-(6	6
18 years	30 16	19 16	11	9	9
20 to 24 years	108	102	6)	40	40 8
20 years	47 11	41 11	61	8 _	~
25 to 34 years	161	136	25 16	86 43	86 43 44 5
35 to 44 years	88 73	72 51	22	43	43
45 to 54 years 55 to 59 years	5	5	-1	5 (5
60 to 64 years	24 11	6 11	18	6	. 11
65 to 74 years 75 years and over	17	17	-	17	17
RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD					
All persons	1 975	1 543	432	1 038	1 038
In households	1 961	1 529 396	432 94	1 038 253	1 038 1 253
Head of householdHead of family	490 432	338	94	205	205
Primary individual	58	58 281	- 08	48 151	48 151
Wife of headOther relative of head	361 1 095	842	253	634	634
Not related to head	15 14	10 14	5	[[
In group quartersPersons per household	4.00	3,84	4.60	4.10	4,10
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD	 			Ì	'
All households	490	396	94	253	253 33
Male primary individual	38 20	38 20	-1	33 15	33 15
Female primary individualHusband-wife households	378	291	87	158	158
Households with other male headHouseholds with female head	7 47		7	40	40
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT	7'				
Persons, 16 to 21 years old	188	148	40	58	58
Not attending school	104	98 30	6	37 18	37 18
Not high school graduatesPercent of total	30 16.0	20.3	-1	31.0	31.0
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED					e ^{re}
	767	599	168	406	406
Persons, 25 years old and over No school years completed	98	68	30	68	68
Elementary: I to 4 years	92 76	62 62	30 J 14	53 · 45	45
5 to 7 years	109	87	22 37	80 102	68 53 45 80 102 47
High school: 1 to 3 years4 years	197 107	160 83	24	47	47
College: 1 to 3 years	51 37	40 37	11	11	11
4 years or more Median school years completed	9.1	9.4	8.5	8,5	8,5
Percent high school graduates	25.4	26.7	20.8	14.3	14.3
RESIDENCE IN 1965			ļ		
Persons, 5 years ald and over, 1970	1 723 858	1 328 659	395 199	901 489	901 489
Different house:	359	303	56	244	244
In central city of this SMSAIn other part of this SMSA	171	74	97	56	56 43 38
Outside this SMSA	253 248	214 209	39 39	43 38	j 43 38
North and West	5	5	[5	5 5
Abroad	5	5	-	. 3	1

*Includes "Moved, 1965 residence not reported."

Table P-8. Economic Characteristics of Persons of Spanish Language: 1970

Census Tracts With	[Data based on sample, see text. For	Yellowstone County	es (percent, median, etc.) and	Billings	Total for split tract in
400 or More Persons		tenowatone County		•	Yellowstone County
of Spanish Language	Total	Billings	Balance	Tract 0003	Tract 0003
EMPLOYMENT STATUS AND OCCUPATION Male, 16 years old and ever	495	397	98	238	234
Labor force	391 386	311 306	80 80	178 173	178 173
Employed	363	289	74	156	156
UnemployedNot in labor force	23 104	17 86	18	17 I 60 I	17 60
Famale, 16 years old and over	551	441	110	273	273
Labor force	216 216	172 172	44	106 106	106 106
EmployedUnemployed	195	165	30	99	99
Not in labor force	21 335	269	14 66	167	167
Married women in labor force, husband present With own children under 6 years	147 73	110 59	37 14	62 32	62 32
Total employed, 16 years old and over	558	454	104	255	255
Professional, technical, and kindred workers Managers and administrators, except form	42 45	42 38	7	17 6	17
Sales workersClerical and kindred workers	10 54	5 49	5	14	14
Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers	57	42	15	18 (18
Operatives, except transport Transport equipment operatives	30	55 25	7 5	55 12	55 12
Laborers, except farmFarm workers	86 9	80	6	68	68
Service workers, except private household	145	107	38	54	54
Private household workers Female employed, 16 years old and ever	18 195	11	7	11 99	11 99
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	24	165 24	30	17	17
Managers and administrators, except formSales workers	I -	6 ~	7	6	6
Clerical and kindred workers Operatives, including transport	25 20	20 20	5	6	6 20
Other blue-collar workers	1 –	20 -	-	20	20
Farm workersService workers, except private household	95	- 84	11	39	39
Private household workers	18	11	7	ii	11
FAMILY INCOME IN 1969 All families	400	•••			
Less than \$1,000	432 16	338 16	94	205 16	205 16
\$1,000 to \$1,999 \$2,000 to \$2,999	19 36	13 36	6	13 36	13 36
\$3,000 to \$3,999\$4,000 to \$4,999	48	27	21	12	12
\$5,000 to \$5,999	37	24 37	15	18 6	18 6
\$6,000 to \$6,999 \$7,000 to \$7,999	22	45 22	7	33	33 8
\$8,000 to \$8,999 \$9,000 to \$9,999	45	26 19	19	14	1.4 8
\$10,000 or more	99	73	26	8 [41	41
Median income: Families Families and unrelated individuals	\$6 404 \$5 840	\$6 356 \$5 745	\$6 714 \$6 714	\$6 045 \$5 100	\$6 045 \$5 100
RATIO OF FAMILY INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL!					
Percent of families with incomes: Less than .50 of poverty level	3.7	4.7		7.8	7.8
.50 to .74	10.2	13.0	, <u>-</u>	21.5	21.5
1,00 to 1,24	9.7 13.0	8.0 10.9	16.0 20.2	13.2 7.8	13.2 7.8
1.25 to 1.49	12,0 16,2	13.3 14.2	7.4 23.4	14.6 12.2	14.6 12.2
2.00 or more	35.2	35.8	33.0	22.9	22.9
INCOME BELOW POVERTY LEVEL ¹	102	87			
Percent of all families	23.6	25.7	15 16.0	87 42.4	87 42.4
Mean family income Mean income deficit	\$2 519 \$1 067	\$2 527 \$1 164	***	\$2 527 \$1 164	\$2 527 \$1 164
Percent receiving public assistance income Mean size of family	34.3 3.96	40.2 3.99	-	40.2 3.99	40.2 3.99
With related children under 18 years Mean number of related children under 18 years	70	61	··;	61	61
With related children under 6 years	3.19 40	3.21 40	•••	3.21 40	3.21 40
Mean number of related children under 6 years Families with female head	1.95 29	1.95 29	-	1.95 29	1.95 29
With related children under 18 years Mean number of related children under 18 years_	29	29	-	27	29
With related children under 6 years	`22	22	=	'żż	22
Percent in labor force	l .		-		-
Percent 65 years and over	102 17,6	87 13.8	15	87	87
Civilian male heads under 65 years	55	46	···•	13.8 46	13.8 46
Percent in labor forceUnrelated individuels	61.8 19	54.3 19	·· <u>·</u>	54.3 14	54.3 14
Percent of all unrelated individuals Mean income	30.2	30.2	-	29.2	29.2
Mean income deficit	:::	•••		•••	• • •
Percent receiving public assistance income Percent 65 years and over	:::	•••	-		
Persons Percent of all persons	423 21.7	366 24.0	57 13.3	361	361
Percent receiving Social Security income Percent 65 years and over	9.7	7.4	24.6	34.8 7.5	34.8 7.5
Percent receiving Social Security Income		8.5 111	10.5	8.6	8.6
Related children under 18 years Percent living with both parents	230 63.9	205 59.5	25	205 59.5	205 59.5
Households	110 24,6	101 26.2	;;;	101	101
Owner occupied	41.	41	14.3	40.7 41	40.7 41
Mean value of unit	\$7 800 69	\$7 800 60	- 9	\$7 800 60	\$7 800 60
Mean grass rentPercent lacking some or all plumbing facilities	\$60 14.5	\$70	-1	\$70	\$70 15.8
respect racking some or all plumping tacilities	14.5	15.8		15.8	15

Table H-1. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970

Toronto		owstone County		Preant, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text] Billings							
Census Tracts	Total	Billings	Balance	Tract 0001	Tract 0002	Tract 0003	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0006	Tract 0007	Tract 0009
All housing units Vacant—seasonal and migralory	29 169 150	21 013 13	8 156 137	1 062	1 761	2 075	3 162	1 907	1 022	36	1 253 10
All year-round housing units	29 019	21 000	8 019	1 062	1 761	2 075	3 162	1 907	1 022	36	1 243
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS Owner occupied Cooperative and condominium White Negro Renter occupied White Negro Vacant year-round For sole only Vacant less than 6 months	17 564 17 437 23 10 077 9 808 57 1 378 176	11 977 	5 587 5 550 2 2 018 1 992 2 414 43 29	90 - 89 - 881 840 1 91 5	587 	699 672 16 1 129 1 041 31 247 30	1 336 1 330 1 662 1 630 8 164 18	1 134 1 130 720 712 2 53 10	791 790 206 205 25 8	29 	908 899 311 300 1 24
Medion price asked For ren! Vacant less than 2 monits Medion rent asked Other	\$16 100 622 402 \$66 580	\$16 300 518 343 \$66 313	\$15 000 104 59 \$64 267	65 47 \$63 21	81 59 \$64 40	\$6 500 149 58 \$47 68	\$16 900 81 63 \$70 65	8 \$14 400 21 19 \$106 22	\$20 000 5 3 \$128 12	- - - ::: i	\$14 200 9 5 \$95 .7
All units	1 311 325 1 750 7 236 9	872 119 1 615 7 138 5	439 206 - 135 - 98 4 15	182 2 160 20 1	97 7 79 1 11 -5	383 35 1 262 5 86 4 59	115 9 91 15	16 9 -6 -1	6 5 1		20 15 4 1
COMPLETE KITCHEN FACILITIES AND ACCESS Locking complete kitchen facilities Access only Through other living quarters ROOMS	752 16	419 10	333	177 1	29	11 3 1	47 4	14	5 1	- -	1
7 rooms	650 1 353 3 331 6 819 7 355 4 243 2 435 1 476 1 357 4.8	557 1 128 2 630 4 700 5 032 2 874 1 783 1 170 1 126 4.8	93 225 701 2 119 2 323 1 369 652 306 231 4.9	219 196 342 200 65 18 14 5 3 2.8	73 205 466 491 299 109 66 30 22 3.8	153 326 472 508 374 139 58 28 17 3.7	77 205 625 668 688 373 238 152 136 4.5	16 56 163 474 465 335 192 122 84 5.0	2 13 54 113 221 180 149 119 171 6.1	- - 2 8 9 8 4 5 6.4	2 29 77 430 414 161 66 34 30 4.7
All occupied housing units	27 641	20 036	7 605	971	1 633	1 828	2 998	1 854	997	34	1 219
PERSONS 1 person 2 persons 3 persons 4 persons 5 persons 6 persons or more Median, all accupied units Median, owner occupied units Median, renter occupied units Units with roomers, boarders, or ladgers	5 195 7 926 4 460 4 249 3 001 2 810 2.7 3.1 2.2 488	4 200 5 775 3 209 2 912 2 032 1 908 2.5 3.1 2.0 415	995 2 151 1 251 1 337 969 902 3.0 3.1 2.9	658 223 60 18 5 7 1.2 1.5	500 619 244 132 77 61 2.0 2.2 1.9	701 494 236 138 116 143 1.9 2.1 1.7	998 1 020 381 262 158 179 2.0 2.2 1.8	325 647 362 257 141 122 2.4 2.5 2.3	92 365 195 138 116 91 2.7 2.8 2.4	1 8 14 5 5 4.0 4.0 4.0	110 295 215 259 162 178 3.5 3.5 3.3
PERSONS PER ROOM 1.00 or less	25 710 1 570 361 1 851	18 853 972 211 1 152	6 857 598 150 699	957 7 7 12	1 549 59 25 80	1 642 122 64 170	2 895 82 21 102	1 795 49 10 59	978 18 1	33 1 1	1 057 135 27 159
VALUE Specified owner occupied units*	14 294 316 600 884 3 362 4 480 2 304 1 585 549 204 \$17 200	10 803 127 359 525 2 338 3 631 1 890 1 291 465 177 \$17 800	3 491 189 241 369 1 024 849 414 294 84 27 \$14 600	39 -1 9 11 10 2 3 -3 \$14 400	451 19 42 82 157 96 28 19 6 2 \$12 700	604 70 168 136 187 35 7 	1 123 10 33 71 350 372 170 79 26 12 \$16 100	1 030 	731 - 7 61 171 117 182 125 67 \$25 500	27 - - 1 2 4 19 - 1 \$28 400	759 12 42 58 376 249 16 4 2 2
CONTRACT RENT Specified renter occupied units? Less than \$30 \$30 to \$39 \$40 to \$59 \$60 to \$79 \$60 to \$79	9 708 273 373 1 607 2 407 1 739	8 049 209 (330 1\338 1 923 1 471	1 659 64 43 269 484 268	881 42 82 250 265 102	1 045 26 33 199 384 215	1 129 84 146 474 261 76	1 661 19 57 253 485 389	720 14 3 23 124 166	202 1 6 30 30 75	5 - - 1 1	311 4 2 35 70 98 89
\$80 to \$99 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 or more No cosh rent	2 236 556 41 11 465 \$80	1 968 489 35 11 275 \$81	268 67 6 190 \$74	83 29 2 - 26 \$64	157 9 1 - 21 \$73	23 1 - 64 \$52	371 41 2 - 44 \$80	304 60 6 4 16 \$103	75 28 8 2 22 \$113	\$110	1 - 12 \$88

*Limited to one-family homes on less than 10 acres and no business on property.

²Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or mo

Table H-1. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970—Continued

Ì	For minimum bas	se for derived i		, war	Balance of Yellowstone County						
Census Tracts				lings – Con.			7				
Į	Tract 0010	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0017	Tract 0018	Tract 0002	Tract 0003	Tract 0005	Tract 0007
All housing units Vacant — seasonal and migratory	1 877 1	2 137 2	843	1 379 -	1 -	1 298 -	J 200	230	38 -	1 -	1 620
All year-round housing units	1 876	2 135	843	1 379	1	1 298	1 200	230	38	1	1 619
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS											
Owner occupiedCooperative and condominium	1 108	1 372	600	1 214	• • •	1 061	1 048	112	19	• • • •	1 172
White Negro Renter occupied	1 099 2 701	1 367 - 705	597 - 227	1 207 2 135		1 057 1 202	1 039	109 - 112	19 - 17	• • • •	1 171
White	692	701 1	225 1	135	•••	201	128	107	17	•••	388
Vocant year-roundFor sale only	67 10	58 8	16 5	30 8		35 5	23 11	6 1	2 2	• • •	56 6
Vacant less than 6 months	\$17 500	\$15 400 28	\$21 300 4	\$31 700 6		\$22 500 25	\$23 800 6	 			\$20 000 12
For rent Vacant less than 2 months Median rent asked Other	36 27 \$80 21	24 \$95 22	 	3 \$113 16	•••	25 \$172 5	\$112 6	 4	-	•••	11 \$163 38
LACKING SOME OR ALL PLUMBING FACILITIES											
All units	25 15	6 6	1	3 2		11 8	7 5	1 2 2	5 2	• • •	18 8
Negro Renter occupied Negro	7	-	-	<u> </u>	•••	2	2	9	2	•••	8
Vacant year-round For sale only Far rent	3 	-	- - -	- - -		1 1	-	<u>.</u>			2 1
COMPLETE KITCHEN FACILITIES AND ACCESS											
Lacking complete kitchen facilities	10 -	14 2	2 -		•••	1 -	6	5 -	3	•••	18 -
l room 2 rooms	7 62	6 15	1 8	$\frac{1}{2}$		1 6	-5	3 15	- 2	•••	18 53
3 rooms4 rooms	176 66 7	189 593	21 174	14 83		20 163	11	44 100	5 16	• • • •	121 412
5 rooms 6 rooms 7 rooms	504 261 106	618 304 194	240 169 115	265 265 229		427 291 171	444 260 177	38 21 7	7 5 2		481 293 143
8 rooms	58 35 4.6	106 110 4.9	63 52 5.4	221 300 6.8	•••	126 93 5.6	102 68 5.5	2 4.0	1 4.3		61 37 4.9
All occupied housing units	1 809	2 077	827	1 349		1 263	1 177	224	36		1 563
PERSONS	, 51.			,	•••						
person2 persons	278 536	314 693	67 202	76 288		40 203	40 189	50 54	4 9		189 433
a persons	317 296	378 321	157 182	232 290	•••	227 305	197	45 33	10 5	•••	267 281
5 persons or more	218 164	189 182	138 81	254 209		236 252	217 234	20 22	3 5		208 185
Median, all occupied units Median, owner occupied units Median, renter occupied units	2.8 2.9 2.7	2.6 2.7 2.4	3.4 3.7 2.7	3.8 3.8 3.2	•••	4.0 4.2 3.2	4.0 4.0 4.1	2.7 2.9 2.5	3.0 2.9 3.1	• • • •	3.1 3.3 2.7
Units with roomers, boarders, or lodgers	29	42	16	16		13	15	7	-	•••	10
PERSONS PER ROOM							İ				
1.00 or less	1 663 129	1 986 84	780 43	1 318 30		1 138 110	1 062 103	193 22	32 2	•••	1 419 123
1.51 or more Units with all plumbing facilities—1.01 or more	17 145	7 90	4 47	31	• • • •	15 125	113 113	30 9	2 4	• • • •	21 140
VALUE											
Specified owner occupied units Less than \$5,000	985 8	1 184 6	593	1 193 2	•••	1 045 -	1 039	72 10	16 1	• • • •	869 7
\$5,000 to \$7,499 \$7,500 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999	46 111 411	20 309	2 - 75	2 4 38		- 1 82	6 7 68	18 19 17	3 - 10	• • • •	25 37 210
\$15,000 to \$19,999	343 58	548 188	172 156	158 295	•••	588 304	561 322	8	2	• • •	293 184
\$25,000 to \$49,999	7	79 21	155 30	443 190		59 10	72	-	_		96 14
\$50,000 or more Median	\$14 100	\$16 900	\$21 500	\$27 200		\$19 000	\$19 100	\$8 600	\$11 100	• • • •	\$18 000
CONTRACT RENT			44.								
Specified renter occupied units? Less than \$30 \$30 to \$39	699 7 5	705 6 2	226 1	134 3	•••	202 1	129	111 6 3	17 - 1	• • • •	379 7 3
\$40 to \$59 \$60 to \$79	71 193	19 87	5	6		. 5	7	35 40	2 6	• • • •	19 84
\$80 to \$99 \$100 to \$149	175 191	157 318	13 125	20 55		11 113	18 63	21	3 1		89 128
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 or more	33 1	84 7 -	75 1 1	28 5 3	•••	65 - 1	34	-	_		21 4
No cash rent	23 \$86	25 \$108	5 \$138	8 \$125	•••	6 \$139	3 \$133	5 \$63	- 4 \$69	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	24 \$93
						,	7.55	7~~	T''		Ψ/5

*Limited to one-family homes on less than 10 acres and no business an property. ** *Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-1. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970—Continued

	Balance of Yellowstone County — Can. Tract Trac													
Census Tracts	Tract 0008	Tract 0009	Tract 0010	Tract 0011	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0015	Tract 0016	Tract 0017	Tract 0018	Tract 0019			
All housing units Vacant — seasonal and migratory	611	798 1	. 17	3 -	80	982 34	1 213 69	421 13	216 7	3 92 12	1 534			
All year-round housing units	611	797	17	3	80	948	1 144	408	209	380	1 534			
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS														
Owner occupied	437	531	12		72	674	776	304	178	253	1 046			
WhiteNegro	432	524 1	12		72	671	77] 1	295	177	252	1 044			
Renter occupied	133 128	212 210	5 5	•••	7	222 221	272 270	70 66	28 26	107 106	439 438			
Negro Vocont year-round	41	1 54	-	•••	, 1	52	96	34	3	20	49			
For sale only	5 3	8 7	-		i 	=	2	5 2	_	6	7			
Median price asked For rent	14	\$15 000 1}	-		:::	10	18	4	ī	\$37 500 5	\$13 100 28			
Vacant less than 2 months	13 \$60 22	8 \$69 35	- - -	***	- -	\$65 42	\$30 76	25	····ż	\$169 9	16 \$53 14			
LACKING SOME OR ALL PLUMBING FACILITIES											ľ			
All units	50	38	-		-	70 34	146 71	58 26	5		37 13			
Owner occupied	30	19	-		-	34 - 17	36	13	- 2	-	21			
Renter occupied	13 7	14	-	•••	-	17	36 - 39	19	-	-	3			
Vacant year-round For sale only For rent	- -	5 - 1	- - -	•••	-	17	9		-	=	2			
COMPLETE KITCHEN FACILITIES AND ACCESS										,	, ,			
Locking complete kitchen facilities	54 1	28 -	-		-	52 -	105	45 _	5 -	1	16			
1 room 2 rooms	17 30	6 25	- 1		ī	12 14	12 36	4 7	4 3	_	16 37			
3 rooms	41 178	87 229	3 5			64 211	94 271	34 92	19 91	11 58	178 453			
4 rooms	197	263 97	4 2	•••	2 15 19	282 194	350 214	130 71	50 25	72 102	433 250			
6 rooms	76 46	58 18	1	• • • •	19	71 50	112 34	30 26	14	39 47	110 37			
8 rooms 9 rooms or more Median	19 7 4.7	14 4,7	1 4.4	•••	12 12 6.7	50 5.1	21 5.0	14 5.0	3 4.4	51 6.0	20 4.7			
All occupied housing units	570	743	17		79	896	1 048	374	206	360	1 485			
PERSONS						07	100	£1	24	18	270			
1 person 2 persons	51 138	103 202	3	• • •	13	87 250	128 302	51 95 45	36 79 39	90 68	478 227			
3 persons	80 117	123 136	4		16 15	155 183	172 164	73 57	24 17	81 57	221 165			
5 persons 6 persons or more	85 99	85 94	-		15 16	118 103	138 144	_53	11	_46	124			
Median, all occupied units Median, owner occupied units	3.6 3.6	3.0 2.9	2.4 2.3		3.9 4.0	3.2 3.2	3.0 3.0 3.2	3.4 3.4 3.5	2.3 2.3 2.9	3.5 3.8 3.1	2.5 2.6 2.3			
Median, renter occupied units Units with roomers, boarders, or lodgers	3.8 9	3.3	2.8		3.3	3.3 3	3.2 17	6	1	4	5			
PERSONS PER ROOM	•													
1.00 or less	472	658	17		73	818	937	329	188	345	1 372			
1.01 to 1.50	74 24	65 20	-		5 1	62 16	82 29	32 13	14 4	15	102			
Units with all plumbing facilities — 1.01 or more	86	80	-	•••	6	75	95	41	17	15	110			
VALUE						024	249	123	24	217	955			
Specified owner occupied units' Less than \$5,000	287 19	368 20	8 1		67	236 21	50 39	7	-	2	51 90			
\$5,000 to \$7,499 \$7,500 to \$9,999	20 52	26 53	_		-	11 20	28 58	6 10	1 7	3 5	144 348			
\$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999	116 59	145 92	4 2		2 .6	63 52 33	43	27 35	13	17 36	208			
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	11 10	14 15	ī		14 40	26	18 10	17 16	2 1	36 33 57	88 22			
\$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	-	2 1			5	9 1	3 -	5 -	- 	42 22 \$27 200	4 -			
Median	\$11 800	\$13 100	\$14 200	• • •	\$27 900	\$15 300	\$10 500	\$16 600	\$16 400	\$27 200	\$12 600			
CONTRACT RENT	100	201	5		6	102	124	31	19	96	439			
Specified renter occupied units? Less than \$30	128 8	201 4 3	-	• • •	-	18	12	2		~	9 22 121			
\$30 to \$39' \$40 to \$59	6 20 30	22 76	- - 4	•••	ī	10	33 29	2	1	3 16	180			
\$60 to \$79 \$80 to \$99	30	39	-	• • • •	- - 2	6 10	5 4	- 8	3 8	8 24	64 20			
\$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	18 2	44 -	-	• • • •	1 2	1	-	2	-	40	-			
\$200 to \$249\$250 or more	- . .	-	- 1		-	47	39	- 11	- 3	5	23			
No cash rentMedian	14 \$76	13 \$77			\$120	\$56	\$58	\$80	\$90	\$14Ž	23 \$65			

Limited to one-family homes on less than 10 acres and no business on property. ²Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-1. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970—Continued

					Totals	s for split tract	s				
Census Tracts	Tract 0002	Tract 0003	Tract 0005	Tract 0007	Tract 0009	Tract 0010	Tract 0011	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0017	Tract 0018
All housing units Vacant—seasonal and migratory	1 991	2 113	1 908	1 656	2 051 11	1 894 1	2 140 2	1 459	983 34	1 514 7	1 592 12
All year-round housing units	1 991	2 113	1 908	1 655	2 040	1 893	2 138	1 459	949	1 507	1 580
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS											
Owner occupied	699	718	1 134	1 201	1 439	1 120	1 373	1 286	674	1 239	1 301
Cooperative and condominium	691	691	1 130	1 200	1 423	1 11]	1 368	1 279	671	1 234	1 291
NegroRenter occupied	1 158	16 1 146	721	396	523	706	707	142	222	230	236
WhiteNegro	1 108 10	1 058 31	713 2	393	510 2	69 7 Դ	703 1	142	221	227	234
Vacant year-round For sale anly	134 8	249 32	53 10	58 6	78 16	67 10	58 8	31 9	53	38 5	43 17
Vacant less than 6 months	Ĩ	7 \$6 400	8 \$14 400	\$20 000	15 \$14 400	9 \$17 500	8 \$15 400	9 \$31 300	-	5 \$22 500	17 \$26 700
For rent	82	149	21 19	13 12	20 13	36 27	28 24	6	11 3	26 25	11
Vacant less than 2 months	59 \$64 44	58 \$47 68	\$106 22	\$159 39	\$93 42	\$80 21	\$95 22	\$113 16	\$60 42	\$170 7	\$128 15
LACKING SOME OR ALL PLUMBING FACILITIES											
All units	109	388	16	18	58	25 15	6	3 2	70 34	16 9	7 5
Owner occupiedNegro	9	37	9	8	34	15	6 -	_	~	_	-1
Renter occupiedNegro	88 1	264 5	6	8	18	7 -	-	1 -	17	4	2
Vacant year-round For sale only	12	87 5	1	2	6	3	_	_	19	3	[]
For rent	5	5 59	-	1	1	-	-	-	1	1	-
COMPLETE KITCHEN FACILITIES AND ACCESS											
Locking complete kitchen facilitiesAccess only through ather living quarters	34	116 1	15 1	18 -	29	10	14	-	52 -	6 -	7
] roam	76	153	17	18	.8	.7	.6	-	12	5	ء
2 rooms	220 510	328 477	56 163	53 121	54 164	63 179	16 189	3 14	14 64	39	5 22
4 rooms	591 337	524 381	474 465	414 489	659 6 77	672 508	594 619	85 280	212 282	254 477	191 516
6 rooms	130 73	144 60	335 192	302 151	258 124	263 107	304 194	284 248	194 71	316 185	362 216
8 rooms	32 22	28 18	122	65 42	52 44	58	106 110	233 312	50 50	126	149 119
9 rooms or more	3.8	3.7	84 5.0	5.0	4.7	36 4.6	4.9	6.8	5.1	96 5.4	5.7
All occupied housing units	1 857	1 864	1 855	1 597	1 962	1 826	2 080	1 428	896	1 469	1 537
PERSONS											
1 person2 persons	550 673	705 503	326 647	190 434	213 497	281 542	314 695	80 301	87 250	76 282	58 279
3 persons	289 165	246 143	362 257	275 295	338 395	321 300	378 321	248 305	250 155 183 118	266 329	265
5 persons	97	119	141	213	247	218	190	269	118	253	381 274
6 persons or more Median, all accupied units	83 2.1	148 2.0	122 2.4	190 3.1	272 3.3	164 2.8 2.9	182 2.6	225 3.8	103 3.2	263 3.8	280 3.9
Median, owner occupied units Median, renter occupied units	2.2 1.9	2.1 1.7	2.5 2.3	3.3 2.7	3.3 3.3	2.9 2.7	2.7 2.4	3.8 3.2	3.2 3.3	3.9 3,2	4.0 3.6
Units with roomers, boarders, or lodgers	68	21	35	11	30	29	42	17	3	14	19
PERSONS PER ROOM											
1.00 or less	1 742	1 674	1 796	1 452	1 715	1 680	1 989	1 391	818	1 326	1 407
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	81 34	124 66	49 10	124 . 21	200 47	129 17	84 7	35 2	62 16	124 19	118 12
Units with all plumbing facilities - 1.01 or more	110	174	59	141	239	145	90	37	75	142	128
VALUE	F00	/40	7 000								
Specified owner occupied units!	523 29	620 71	T 030	896 7	1 127 32	993 9	1 184 6	1 260 2	236 21	1 069	1 256 2
\$5,000 to \$7,499 \$7,500 to \$9,999	60 101	171 136	9 19	25 37	68 111	46 111	7 20	2 4	11 20	2	9 12
\$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999	174 104	197 37	212 326	211 295	521 341	415 345	309 548	4Ò 164	63	89 601	85 597
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	28 19	7	223 170	188 115	30 19	58 8	188	309	52 33	306	355 129
\$35,000 to \$49,999	6	ĩ	50	113	4	8	79 21	483 195	26 9	60 10	45
\$50,000 or more Median	\$12 000	\$8 800	21 \$19 300	\$18 100	\$13 600	\$14 100	\$16 900	61 \$27 300	\$15 300	1 \$18 900	\$19 500
CONTRACT RENT											
Specified renter occupied units? Less than \$30	7 156 32	7 146 84	720 14	384 7	512 8	704 7	706 6	140 3	1 02 18	22]	225
\$30 to \$39\$40 to \$59	36 234	147 476	3 23	19	5 57	, 5 71	2 19	_	1		<u>'</u>
\$60 to \$79	424	267 79	124	85	146	197	87	7	10 9	9	5 23
\$80 to \$99 \$100 to \$149	236 158	24	166 304	90 129	137 133	175 191	157 318	20 57	6 10	14 121	23 26 87
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	9	1	60 6	22 5	1 -	33 1	84 7	29 7	ĭ	65	74
\$250 or more No cash rent	26	- 68	4 16	24	25	24	-	3	-	ī	
Median	\$72	\$52	\$103	\$93	\$84	\$86	26 \$108	\$125	47 \$56	9 \$137	8 \$136

Limited to one-family homes on less than 10 acres and no business on property.

²Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-2. Structural, Equipment, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970

Treet Bridge Balance Provide Treet Bridge Balance Bridge Balance Bridge Balance Bridge Balance Bridge Br	ſ	Data based on s			m base for deriv	ed tigures (peri	cent, median, et		g or symbols,	266 (6X()		
## A Special builty with ## 27 645 29 994 a. 635 1 610 1 7877 1 2 677 1 143 1 967 1 925 46 1 194 ## 15 10 5 10 5 10 5 10 5 10 5 10 5 10 5	Census Tracts	Yello	wstone County	<u> </u>				Billings				
UNITY IN STUCCURE Substitute	College Hadis	Total	Billings	Balance		Tract 0002	Tract 0003	Tract 0004				Tract 0009
	All year-round housing units	29 026	20 996	8 030	1 080	1 757	2 057	3 162	1 907	1 022	40	1 236
1	UNITS IN STRUCTURE			1								l
2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1							1 262			876		
See Age 2 24 2 25 25 26 26 26 26 26		2 675 1 279			129 128	312 214		296	110	24	_	20
VALUE STRUCTURE BUILT	5 to 49						416	541	119		-	12
1999 to North 1977												1
1999 or enfire	(9.42	A13	429	_	20	10	21	19	4	16	43
1999 or enfire	1965 to 1968	2 350	1 150	1 200)		35	-	69			18	72
1999 or enfire	1950 to 1959	8 533	6 803	1 730	99	229	84	218	1 138	392	_	588
Section of Production	1940 to 1949									83	6	153
Worker of Africage	HEATING EQUIPMENT			{								-
Bullsh enderly units	Steam or hot water										14	1 092
### ASSEMBLY ##	Built-in electric units	373	118	255	21	17	9	6	19	13	24	3
## All sections with beaments	Diher means or not heated								77	25	_	105
Selective December 15 084 11 444 3 040 87 715 680 1 500 864 749 40 575				}								
SELECTED REQUIRMENT With none float lothbrone 2 064 20 962 3 502 1 107 1 176 2 2 090 3 142 1 107 0 101 3 20 1 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 1	All units with basement				938 87	1 361 715		2 852 1 530			40 40	592 575
With public works that is birbyoom 2 007 5 4.61 1 546 55 255 11 4 813 643 642 21 138 138 148 1707 1015 22 127 128 13		13 084	11 444	3 040	. 47	,,,,	~~~		*= =		; -	}
With public worder supply	1	0 007	441	1 544	55	255	114	813	643	642	21	
With in conditioning	With public water supply	26 064	20 982	5 082	1 078	1 765	2 059	3 162	1 907	1 015	32	1 237
Central system	With air conditioning	4 341	3 236	1 105	204	200	95	422	321	168	•	319
## All occupied housing units	Room unit(s)			736 369		22					-	
VEAR MOVED INTO UNIT 10 066 7 51 2 464 525 525 525 526				1								{
100 100	All occupied housing units	27 652	20 036	7 616	1 000	1 635	1 799	2 998	1 854	997	32	1 219
1965 in 1975	YEAR MOVED INTO UNIT			1								
1 1044	1968 to March 1970					847 195	681 255				21 11	460 226
Power or earlier 1	1960 to 1964	4 531	3 368	1 163	117	191	323	395	243	148	_	197
12 12 13 13 15 15 15 15 15 15	1950 to 1959				133 85	237			131	114	=	
1												ļ
2 9 813 7 7075 2 238 41 467 276 616 725 117 32 497 None 2 696 13 60 72 116 22 117 32 497 None 2 697 2 280 431 488 189 862 968 101 18 - 157 None 2 697 2 280 431 488 189 862 968 101 18 - 157 None 2 697 2 280 431 488 189 862 968 101 18 - 157 None 2 697 2 280 431 488 189 862 968 101 18 - 157 None 2 697 2 280 431 488 189 862 968 101 18 - 157 None 2 697 2 280 431 488 189 862 968 101 18 - 157 None 2 697 2 280 431 488 189 862 968 101 18 - 157 None 2 697 2 280 431 488 189 862 968 101 18 - 157 None 2 697 2 280 431 488 189 862 968 101 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	• •	12 629	8 878	3 751							-	593
Secretary Secr	2	9 813	7 075	2 738					223	127	32	127
Specified rentare occupied with: 9 678 8 040 1 638 842 1 651 1 118 1 658 720 202 311					468	189	682	508	101	18		51
Less thom \$4.0 422 400 92 96 45 183 65 6 8	GROSS RENT			1								
\$40 to \$59\$	Specified renter occupied units1					45	183	65	6	_		-l
\$80 to \$77	\$40 to \$59	968	869	99	233						_	26
\$100 is \$149\$	\$80 to \$99	2 012	1 646	366	162	300	198				-	82 [130]
\$250 or more	\$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	1 049	977	72	42	35	-	66	160	64	-	49
No cosh rent 470 289 181 17 18 570 884 866 \$70 \$127 \$130 \$\$107 \$\$108 \$\$1			29	16	.=	· -	-	5	7	3	-	,7(
Specified ranter occupied units 9 478 8 040 1 638 892 1 051 1 118 1 658 720 202 311 1 185 1 658 720 202 311 1 185 1 658 720 202 311 1 185 1 658 720 202 311 1 185 1 658 720 202 311 1 185 1 658 720 202 311 1 185 1 658 720 202 311 1 185 1 658 720 202 311 1 185 1 658 720 202 311 1 185 1 658 720 202 311 1 185 1 658 720 202 311 1 185 1 658 720 202 311 1 185 1 658 720 202 311 1 185 1 658 720 202 79 311 1 185 1 658 720 202 79 311 1 185 1 658 720 202 79 311 1 185 1 658 720 202 79 311 1 185 1 658 720 202 311 1 185 1 658 720 202 311 1 185 1 658 720 202 311 1 185 1 658 720 202 311 1 185 1 658 720 202 311 1 185 1 658 720 202 311 1 185 1 658 720 202 311 1 185 1 658 312	No cash rent										Ξ	
Separate Parties Computed 4 514 3 929 585 621 611 745 900 224 79 - 116	GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME											. [
Less than 32,00°Cent 443 386 57 112 92 77 53 10 — — 97 Less than 20 percent 430 351 79 63 37 91 93 16 — 7 20 to 24 percent 899 773 126 148 106 144 220 56 11 — 10 35 percent or more 2 279 2 103 176 271 341 383 434 123 62 — 81 Not computed 463 316 147 27 35 50 100 19 6 — 9 Median 35.0+ 35.0+ 31.6 33.2 35.0+ <th>Specified renter occupied units 1</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>_</th> <th>116</th>	Specified renter occupied units 1										_	116
20 to 24 percent	Less than 20 percent	443	386	57	112	92	77	53	10		-	9
35 percent or more	25 to 34 percent	899	773	126	148	106	144	220	56		-	10 [
\$5,000 to \$9,999	35 percent or more			147	27	35	50	100	19	6		9
\$5,000 fb \$1,099		35.0+	35,0+	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	=							1
20 to 24 percent				494	158	270	227	359	164	26		95
174 57 17 -	20 to 24 percent	734	577					52	48			
Not computed 17.6 18.0 17.3 14.3 15.7 14.1 16.2 20.1 23.8 - 18.0 18.0 17.3 14.3 15.7 14.1 16.2 20.1 23.8 - 18.0 18.0 17.3 14.3 15.7 14.1 16.2 20.1 23.8 - 18.0 18.0 17.3 18.0 17.3 18.0 17.3 18.0 17.3 18.0 17.3 18.0 18.0 17.3 18.0 17.3 18.0	35 percent or more	74	57	17	-	-	_			_		_
\$10,000 to \$14,999 25 percent or more 38 29 9 Not computed 13.6 14.0 12.4 11.3 11.6 10.0— 11.8 16.9 — 12.8 \$15,000 or more 428 355 73 27 15 10 99 55 9 — 7 25 percent or more Not computed 5 5 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Median				14.3				20.1	23.8	-	
38 29 9 1.3 11.6 10.0 11.8 16.9 1.7 12.8 15.000 or more	\$10,000 to \$14,999	1 116		209	47	87	82			30	-	52
\$15,000 or more	Not computed		29	1	11.2	11.7		_			-	
\$15,000 or more	Median										-	
Not computed	25 percent or more	-	-	73	2 <i>1</i>	-	-	_		-	Ξ	-
	Not computedMedian			10.0-	10.0-				11.6		=	

¹Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-2. Structural, Equipment, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970—Continued

ĺ			Billi	ings — Con.				Bala	nce of Yellows	tone County	
Census Tracts	Tract 0010	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0017	Tract 0018	Tract 0002	Tract 0003	Tract 0005	Tract 0007
All year-round housing units	1 877	2 137	843	1 380	_	1 298	1 200	236	37	<u>-</u>	1 616
UNITS IN STRUCTURE							}]
1 (includes mobile home or trailer)	1 549	1 656	708	1 345	-	1 183	1 170	198	37		1 446
3 and 4	249 64	304 80	49 11	35	-	41 43	15 (17	-	-	71 53 41
5 to 4950 or more	15	97	75 —	-	-	31	5	21	-		41 5
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT							Ì				
1969 to March 1970	21	115	19	30	-	.78	17	10	6	-	142
1965 to 1968 1960 to 1964	80 312	120 240	146 190	240 346	-	13 9 327	122 296	18	11	-	365 318
1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949	525 596	959 370	439 40	665 51	_	743 11	724 36	43 81	15	-	363 154
1939 or earlier	363	333	9	48	_	-	5	84	5	-	274
HEATING EQUIPMENT							}				
Steam or hot waterWarm air furnace	72 1 332	205 1 848	34 802	117 1 229	_	91 1 199	54 1 136	15 70	27	-	110 1 210
Built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	230	6 36	-	30	-	5	_	46	-	~	10 145
Other means or not heated	243	42	7	4	-	3	5	105	10	~	141
BASEMENT			A	,				A-			
All units with basementOne-family houses with basement	1 226 1 021	1 644 1 302	578 548	1 237 1 206	-	1 130 1 054	1 096 1 071	82 67	-	-	774 698
SELECTED EQUIPMENT											
With more than 1 bathroom	341 1 877	648 2 137	501 843	1 026 1 380	_	658 1 290	586 1 200	236	13 35	-	401 1 244
With public sewer	1 870	2 038	751 242	1 222 323	=	1 165 208	1 107	224	8	- "	58 205
With air conditioningRoom unit(s)	219 183	438 289	123	180	-	168	77 60	7 7	8	-	137
Central system	36	149	119	143	~	40	17	-	~	-	68
All occupied housing units	1 809	2 077	827	1 349	-	1 263	1 177	236	35	-	1 552
YEAR MOVED INTO UNIT							į				
1968 to March 1970	658	735	330	482	-	309	296	109	14	-	641
1965 to 1967	240 341	352 347	136 191	337 254	_	279 383	336 238	37 7	8 7	-	385 235
1950 to 1959 1949 or earlier	356 214	462 181	170	232 44	-	292 -	2 99 8	43 40	6 -	_	214 77
AUTOMOBILES AVAILABLE											į
2	826 666	997 818	351 390	297 760	-	516 593	336 i 681	154 54	27 8	-	725 627
3 or moreNone	164 153	198 64	86	282 10	_	144 10	154	8 20	=	-	140 60
GROSS RENT	155	54		.0		10	Ĭ	20	_		00
Specified renter occupied units	701	698	227	131	_	202	129	114		_	367
\$40 to \$59	5 45	18	-	-	-	_	_	6 5	•••	-	32
\$60 to \$79 \$80 to \$99	107 179	27 73	<u>.</u>	7 15	-	11	6 16	51 37		_	32 25 85
\$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	246	349 173	107 107	27 57	-	93 79	39 54	10		=	143 38
\$200 to \$249		23 5		16 9	-	ii	14] =		=	6 5
\$250 or more	28	30	10	_	_ =	8		5	•••	-	33
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME	\$100	\$130	\$150	\$164	-	\$148	\$153	\$78 	•••	-	\$107
BY INCOME	ł										
Specified runter occupied welts*	701 273	498 197	227 56	1 31 39	-	202 47	129	114		-	367 107
Less than 20 percent	26	_	J0	7	_	47 -	21	58 16		-	12 (
20 to 24 percent	42	15 26	4		=	_	5 6	11 21	• • •	-	21 21
35 percent or moreNot computed	149 32	139 17	44 8	32	-	39 8	5 5	5 5	• • •	-	41 28
Median	35.0+	35.0+	35.0+	35.0+	-	35.0+		24.8	•••	-	35.0 +
\$5,000 to \$9,999	284 179	365 157	82 39	48 6	-	108 22	58 6	56 56	• • •	-	173 116
20 to 24 percent25 to 34 percent	61	95 93	22 8	26 10	-	36	15	-	•••	-	32 15
35 percent or more	1 -	_	7	6	-	36 6	32 5	2		-	-1
Not computedMedian	13 17.8	20 20.8	19.9	23.5	_	8 23, 9	27.5	13.9	• • •	-	10 17.6
\$10,000 to \$14,999	105	100	71	35	-	34	32	_	•••	_	41
25 percent or more	5	5	-	5 -	-	-	=	-		-	-
Median	13.2	17.0	16.9	21.7	-	16.5	17.5	-	•••	-	10.7
\$15,000 or more25 percent or more	39	36	18 -	9	. <u>-</u>	13	18		• • • •	_	46
Not computedMedian	10.0	10,7	-	-	-	_	-] =	•••	-	10.0-
Eveludes one family homes on 10 genes or mo		, ,		***		•••			•••		10.0-

Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-2. Structural, Equipment, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970—Continued

	[Data based on sar	ithe, see text.	POT MIMILION		Balance of Yello			g or symbols,	000 10011	-	
Census Tracts	Tract 0008	Tract 0009	Tract 0010	Tract 0011	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0015	Troct 0016	Troct 0017	Tract 0018	Tract 0019
All year-round housing units	615	787	20	-	82	933	1 137	429	218	388	1 532
UNITS IN STRUCTURE											
	E40	700			80	918	1 128	429	208	331	1 329
1 (includes mobile home or trailer)	568 5	739 11		_	82	-	5	-	10	57	57 35
3 and 4	42	16 21	•••	_	_	15	4 -	-	-	-	111
50 or more	, -	-	•••	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT											
1969 to March 1970	10	50	•••	_	6	43	33	24	26	66	13
1965 to 1968 1960 to 1964	71 161	70 89	•••	_	36 31	113 140	78 89	94 59	84 53	188 35	83 109
1950 to 1959	157	296	•••	-	4 5	211	135	78	35	47	341 218
1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	143 73	112 170	•••	_	-	106 320	83 719	32 142	20	16 36	768
HEATING EQUIPMENT											
Steam or hot water	19	32	•••	-	.5	71 598	8 617	38 213	208	41 320	107 932
Warm air furnace	352 15	533	•••	-	77	42	84	80	200	5	19
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnaceOther means or not heated	90 139	127 95	•••	_	=	32 190	43 385	22 76	10	6 16	350 124
BASEMENT	107	,5	•••								
All units with basement	190	241		_	82	498	619	302	45	240	832
One-family houses with basement	179	220	•••		82	488	610	302	40	234	710
SELECTED EQUIPMENT								110		100	653
With more than 1 bathroom With public water supply	39 460	124 579		-	42 92	204 166	144 170	119 70	14 179	182 304	257 1 526
With public sewer	41 151	154 146		_	92 14 20	105 113	150 83	35	140 65	111 82	1 526 190
With air conditioning Room unit(s)	84	105		=	14	99 14	42 41	23 12	29 36	49 33	139 51
Central system	67	41	•••	-	6	14	41	12	50	55	31
All occupied housing units	581	689	•••	-	92	894	1 029	410	225	369	1 483
YEAR MOVED INTO UNIT											
1968 to March 1970	168	251		-	43	178	236	152	89	177	400 226
1965 to 1967 1960 to 1964	171 143	152 108		_	21 21	194 151	198 132	47 75	54 46	103 15	223
1950 ta 1959 1949 or earlier	77 22	118 60	• • •	_	7	156 215	191 272	48 88	29 7	40 34	307 327
AUTOMOBILES AVAILABLE		007			n.e	69.4	540	113	128	133	832
2	179 326	331 266	• • • •	_	35 36	534 239	560 277	192	84	195	426
3 or more	76	53 39	• • • •	-	21	66 55	114 78	89 16	6 7	34 7	76 149
GROSS RENT											
Specified renter occupied units 1	142	198	•••	_	•••	106	96	32		93	439
Less than \$40	14	_ 5	•••	-	•••	6 11	16	=		_	15 16
\$40 to \$59 \$60 to \$79	39	37		-	• • •	15 22	7 18	-	• • •	11	140 121
\$80 to \$99 \$100 to \$149	35 28	32 105		_	•••	10	20	13	• • • •	52	124
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	6	9	• • • •	-	• • •	-	-	7	• • • •	10 10	4 -
\$250 or more	20	10	• • •	-	• • •	11 31	35	12	,	10	19
No cash rent Median	\$86	\$106	•••	_		\$85	\$91	•••	•••	\$129	\$86
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME BY INCOME											
Specified reator occupied units	142	198		_	.,.	106	96	32	•••	93	439
Less than \$5,000	59	66	• • •	-	• • •	32	37	_	***	11	205 22
Less than 20 percent	12	11	• • •	-		5	3 10	-	• • •	<u>-</u>	32 41
25 to 34 percent35 percent ar more	20	20 20	• • • •	_		5	-	_	•••	5	80
Not computed Median	13	15 32.3	• • •		•••		24	=	•••		33.2
\$5,000 to \$9,999		85		_		74	53	26		46	176
Less than 20 percent	27	32 48	• • •	-		37 6	37 5	7	•••	32 9	147 29
20 to 24 percent 25 to 34 percent	1 -	-	•••	Ξ	•••	_	-	7	• • •	-	7-
35 percent or more	9	5		-	•••	11 20	ຸກັ	12	•••	5	
Median	14.8	20.8	•••	-	•••	17.6	16.4	•••	•••	17.8	15.6
\$10,000 to \$14,999	37	42	• • •	-	•••	-	6	6	•••	19	58
25 percent or moreNot computed			• • • •	_	•••	_	-	=	• • •	-	11.9
Median	12.4	12.6	•••	-	•••	-	•••	•••	•••		11.8
\$15,000 or more		, <u>5</u>	• • •	_	•••	_	-	_	•••	17	-
25 percent or moreNot computed	-	-		-	• • •	-	-	· -	• • •		-
Median		*** /	•••		•••		_		•••		لـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ

Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-2. Structural, Equipment, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970—Continued

	[Dail based an so					for split tracts					
Census Tracts	Tract 0002	Tract 0003	Tract 0005	Tract 0007	Tract 0009	Tract 0010	Tract 0011	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0017	Tract 0018
All year-round housing units	1 993	2 094	1 907	1 656	2 023	1 897	2 137	1 462	933	1 516	1 588
UNITS IN STRUCTURE											Ì
1 (includes mabile home or trailer)	1 137	1 299	1 333	1 486	1 928	1 569	1 656	1 427	918	1 391	1 501
2 3 and 4	312 231	225 154	345 110	71 53	26 36	249 64	304 80	35	-	51 43	72 10
5 to 4950 or more	309 4	416	119	41 5	33	15	97	-	15	31	Š
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT				•							-
1969 to March 1970	30	16	19	158	93	21 60	115	36	43	104	83
1965 to 1968	53 39	46	29 178	383 318	142 348	312	120 240	276 377	113 140	223 380	310 331
1950 to 1959	272 555	99 319	1 138 316	363 154	884 233	530 601	959 370	669 56	211 106	778 11	771 52
1939 or earlier	1 044	1 614	227	280	323	373	333	48	320	20	41
HEATING EQUIPMENT Steam or hot water	135	117	121	110	32	72	205	122	71	91	05
Warm air furnace	1 089	588	1 613	1 226	1 625	1 352	1 848	1 306	598	1 407	95 1 456
Built-in electric units	17 222	9 273	19 77	34 145	3 163	230	36 36	30	42 32	.5	5
Other means or not heated BASEMENT	530	1 107	77	141	200	243	42	4	190	13	21
All units with bosement	1 443	1 285	1 296	814	833	1 236	1 644	1 319	498	1 175) 336
One-family houses with basementSELECTED EQUIPMENT	782	680	866	738	795	1 031	1 302	1 288	488	1 094	1 305
With more than 1 bathroom	255	127	643	422	282	348	648	1 068	204	672	768
With public water supply With public sewer	2 001 1 989	2 094 2 031	1 907 1 901	1 276 83	1 816 1 232	1 898 1 891	2 137 2 038	1 472 1 236	166 105	1 469 1 305	1 504
With air conditioning	207 185	103 84	321 256	205 137	465 388	219 183	438 289	343 194	113 99	273 197	159
Central system	22	19	65	88	77	36	149	149	14	76	50
All occupied housing units	1 871	1 834	1 854	1 584	1 908	1 830	2 077	1 441	894	1 488	1 546
YEAR MOVED INTO UNIT	•										Ì
1968 to March 1970	956	695	595	662	711	664	735	525	178	398	473
1965 to 1967	232 198	263 330	284 243	396 235	378 305	240 341	352 347	358 275	194 151	333 429	439 253
1950 to 1959 1949 or earlier	208 277	224 322	601 131	214 77	403 111	364 221	462 181	239 44	156 215	321 7	339 42
AUTOMOBILES AVAILABLE											
2	1 070 521	796 284	778 752	725 659	924 714	826 674	997 818	332 796	534 239	644 677	469 876
3 or more	71 209	72 682	223 101	140 60	180 90	177 153	198 64	303 10	66 55	150 17	188
GROSS RENT											
Specified renter accupied units	1 165 51	1 1 39 183	720 6	367	509	706 5	698	136	106 6	222 5	222
\$40 to \$59 \$60 to \$79	141 327	272 279	22 49	32 25	13 63	45 107	18	7	11	-	- 6
\$80 to \$99 \$100 to \$149	337 253	198 136	142 290	85 143	114 235	184 246	27 73 349	15	15 22	11	27
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	35	100	160 29	38	58	91	173	32 57	10	103 84	91 64
\$250 or more	- - 21	-	7	6 5	-	-	23 5	16 9	1]	11	24
Median	\$83	71 \$66	15 \$127	33 \$107	26 \$108	28 \$100	30 \$130	\$162	31 \$85	\$146	10 \$142
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME BY INCOME											
Specified renter accupied units 1	7 165 669	1 139 750	720 224	367	509	706	698	136	106	222	222
Less than 20 percent	108	77	10	107 12	182 9	273 26	197	39 7	32	52 	32
20 to 24 percent	48 127	91 144 200	16 56	5 21	18 30	24 42	15 26	. 	5		5 12 5 10
35 percent or more Not computed Median	346 40	388 50	123 19	41 28	101 24	149 32	139 17	32	5 22	39 13	10
\$5,000 to \$9,999	35.0 + 394	35.0 + 29 7	35.0+ 332	35.0+ 173	35.0+ 221	35.0+	35.0+	35.0+		35.0+	•••
Less than 20 percent	326	232	164	116	127	289 184	365 157	53 6	74 37	118 22	104 38
25 to 34 percent	46 16	18 16	101 48	32 15	72 11	61 31	95 93	26 15	6	46 36	24 32
35 percent or more Not computed	5	31	19	10	6 5	13	20	6 	11 20	6 8	5 5
Median	15.4	14.3	20.1	17,6	18.9	17.8	20.8	23.9	17.6	23.6	22.4
\$10,000 to \$14,999 25 percent or more	87 	82	109 4	41	94	105	100	35 5	_	34	51
Not computed Median	11.6	10.0 <u> </u>	16.9	10,7	7 12.7	5 13.2	5 17.0	21.7	=	16.5	17.1
\$15,000 or more	15	10	55	46	12	39	36	9	_	18	35
25 percent or more Not computed	-	=	7	-	_	-	=	=	-	-	3
Median		•••	11.6	10.0-	'	10.0	10,7		-		11.7

*Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-3. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With Negro Head of Household: 1970

[For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts With 400 or More Negro	Yellowstane County		
Population	Total	Billings	Balance :
All occupied housing units	80	76	4
TENURE AND PLUMBING			
Owner occupied With all plumbing facilities Renter occupied With all plumbing facilities	23 22 57 50	21 20 55 48	2 2
ROOMS			
room	5 10 29 30 6 4.2	5 10 28 27 6 4.1	
PERSONS			
1 person 2 and 3 persons 4 and 5 persons 6 persons or more Median	33 26 18 3 2.0	32 25 16 3 2.0	: : :
Units with roomers, boarders, or lodgers PERSONS PER ROOM	-	-	•••
1.00 or less	77 3 - 3	73 3 - 3	::: :::
VALUE			
\$pecified owner occupied units* Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 or more Median	20 4 7 3 2 2 3 1 \$9 400	19 4 7 3 1 3 1 3 1 8 9 100	
CONTRACT RENT			
Specified renter occupied units ²	55 \$63	53 \$64	***

^{*}Limited to one-family homes on less than 10 acres and no business on property. ** **PExcludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more and all "no cash rent" units.

Table H-4. Structural, Equipment, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With Negro Head of Household: 1970

[Data based on sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Census Tracts With 400 or More Negro	Yellowstone County			
Population	Total	Billings	Batance	
All occupied housing units	78	78	-	
UNITS IN STRUCTURE				
1 (includes mobile home or trailer)	56	56	-	
2 to 4	5	5	-	
5 or more	17	17	•	
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT				
1960 to March 1970	14	14	- i	
1950 to 1959	-	_	-,	
1949 or earlier	64	64	-	
SELECTED EQUIPMENT				
With air conditioning			_	
With more than 1 bathroom	6	6	- 1	
With central or built-in heating system	33	33		
With public water supply	85	85	_ :	
With public sewer	85	85		
With automobile(s) available	41	41	_	
1	29	29	1	
2 or more	12	12	-	
YEAR MOVED INTO UNIT				
1968 to March 1970	29	29		
1960 to 1967	ži	21	-	
1959 or earlier	35	35	-	
GROSS RENT				
Specified renter occupied units:	48	48	_	
Less than \$40	12	12		
\$40 to \$59	T.	-	_	
\$60 to \$79	5	5	_	
\$80 to \$99	17	17	-	
\$100 to \$149	14	14		
\$150 to \$199	_	-	-	
\$200 or more	_	_	-1	
No cash rent		_ _	-	
Median	\$86	\$86	~	
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME				
BY INCOME				
Less than \$10,000	43	43	_	
25 percent or more	26	26	_	
35 percent or more	20	20	<u>-</u> '	
Not computed	_	~	-	
Median	32.5	32.5		

Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-5. Characteristics of Housing Units With Household Head of Spanish Language: 1970

	[Data based on sample, see text. For	minimum base for derived fig	jures (percent, median, etc.) an	d meaning of symbols, see text]	
Census Tracts With		Yellowstone County		Billings	Total for split tract in Yellowstone County
400 or More Persons of Spanish Language	Total	Billings	Balance	Tract 0003	Tract 0003
All occupied housing units	474	392	82	249	249
TENURE AND PLUMBING					
Owner occupied	219 207 255 222	184 172 208 191	35 35 47 31	101 89 148 131	101 89 148 131
ROOMS					
1 room	8 32 213 189 32	8 32 169 168 15	- 44 21 17	8 32 111 98	8 32 111 98
UNITS IN STRUCTURE					
1 (includes mobile home or trailer) 2 to 4 5 or more	369 49 56	287 49 56	82 - -	184 14 51	184 14 51
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT					
1960 to March 1970	49 75 350	26 48 318	23 27 32	7 242	7 - 242
PERSONS					
l person	55 170 140 109 3.8	55 146 100 91 3.4	24 40 18 4.8	45 64 71 69 4.2 -	45 64 71 69 4.2
PERSONS PER ROOM					
1.00 or less	339 100 35 126	297 68 27 95	42 32 8 31	154 68 27 95	154 68 27 95
YEAR MOVED INTO UNIT					
1968 to March 1970 1960 to 1967 1959 ar earlier	206 185 83	177 154 61	29 31 22	83 120 46	83 120 46
SELECTED EQUIPMENT	10	7	12	_ !	_
With air conditioning	19 42 315 452 418 365 262 103	37 255 392 392 283 204 79	5 60' 60 26 82 58 58 24	20 125 249 249 147 116 31	20 125 249 249 147 116 31
VALUE					
\$pecified owner occupied units1	194 6 89 58 31 10	171 6 84 40 31 10	:::	95 6 65 24 ~	95 6 65 24 -
Median	\$10 100	\$9 800		\$8 200	\$8 200
\$pecified renter occupied units ² Less than \$40 \$40 to \$59 \$60 to \$79	239 8 31 74	208 8 31 74	:::	148 8 31 61	148 8 31 61
\$80 to \$99 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 or more	58 57 5 -	58 32 5	:::	27 21 -	61 27 21
MedianCONTRACT RENT	\$81	\$78	•••	\$74	\$74
Specified renter occupied units3	239 \$63	208 \$59		148 \$55	148 \$55
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME BY INCOME	, 400	407	,,,	φ 33	,
Less than \$10,000	190 74 49 12 23.0	171 67 49 6 22.5	•••	120 50 44 6 22.7	120 50 44 6 22.7

**Limited to one-family homes on less than 10 acres and no business on property.
**Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.
**Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more and all "no cash rent" units.

Appendix A.—AREA CLASSIFICATIONS

CENSUS TRACTS	App-1
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Description of tracted area	App·1
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CENSUS TRACTS

Definition of census tract.-Census tracts are small areas into which large cities and adjacent areas have been divided for statistical purposes. Tract boundaries were established cooperatively by a local committee and the Bureau of the Census. Tracts were generally designed to be relatively uniform with respect to population characteristics, economic status, and living conditions. The average tract has about 4,000 residents. Tract boundaries are established with the intention of being maintained over a long time so that comparisons may be made from census to census.

In the decennial censuses, the Bureau of the Census tabulates population and housing information for each census tract. The practice of local agencies to tabulate locally collected data by tracts has increased the value of census tract data in many areas.

Tracts are generally numbered in a consecutive series, with separate series for the central city and for each county. Insofar as possible, the numbers are consecutive within each city, community, township, and the like. In these tables, tracts which contain no population and no housing units are not listed. Tracts populated only by crews of vessels are identified by the tract number suffix "99."

Historical background.—The concept of census tracts was originated by the late Dr. Walter Laidlaw in New York City in 1906. He was convinced of the need for data for homogeneous subdivisions of cities as a basis for studying neighborhoods smaller than boroughs or wards. At his request, the Bureau of the Census tabulated census tract data from the 1910 census for New York and seven other cities with a population of over 500,000. Tract data were again tabulated for the same 8 cities in 1920, and in 1930 this number was increased to 18. In 1940, tract data were tabulated for 60 cities, some with adjacent tracted areas; and, beginning in 1940, housing data were added to the population data in the tract reports. In 1950, final reports were published for 64 tracted areas, many of which included statistics for two or more large cities. By 1960, the program had expanded to include reports for 180 tracted areas (of which 3 were in Puerto Rico).

Tract statistics from the 1970 census are published for 241 areas, 238 in the United States and 3 in the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico. All of these tracted areas are standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's). The goal of extending the census tract program to all SMSA's was achieved in the 1970 census except for six areas that were designated as SMSA's on the basis of the 1970 census count and had not been tracted.

Much of the credit for the growing interest in tract data belongs to the late Howard Whipple Green of Cleveland. He aroused the interest of research workers in numerous cities in the potential usefulness of tract statistics for the analysis of sociological, marketing, and administrative

problems. In his capacity as Chairman of the Committee on Census Enumeration Areas of the American Statistical Association for 25 years, he accepted the responsibility for appointing a Census Tract Key Person in each area where tracts were established, for providing guidance on delineating and maintaining census tracts, and for maintaining a census tract library. These duties were assumed by the Bureau of the Census in 1955. However, the Census Bureau no longer appoints Census Tract Key Persons. They are selected by the local census tract committees.

For a further discussion of census tract data and their uses, see U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census Tract Manual, Fifth Edition, 1966, Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402.

Description of tracted area.—The map included in this report identifies the boundaries of the area for which the tract statistics are presented. The map also identifies the location and number of each tract and, when appropriate, the limits of cities, townships, counties, or other subdivisions of the tracted area. Boundaries of the tracted area generally constitute a standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA). A few, however, include the SMSA plus an adjoining area outside it. These are designated as including the adjacent area, and the map covers the tracts in the adjacent area as well as those in the SMSA itself.

Comparability from census to census.—
One of the principles followed in relation to census tracts is to preserve comparability from census to census. Keeping tract boundaries unchanged makes possible the study of changes

in social and economic characteristics of neighborhoods. There are, nonetheless, several situations where boundaries of individual tracts are changed. For example, it is sometimes necessary to change the boundaries of tracts to add small areas annexed to a city. Similarly, changes in tract boundaries occur when territory is detached from a city or separately incorporated. Changes may also occur in physical features that are used as tract boundaries, such as street or highway relocations. The census tract limits are changed to conform with the revised feature or to follow another nearby visible feature. Census tracts with very large increases in population are subdivided into two or more smaller tracts. On the other hand, a re-examination of the existing tract boundaries may result in modifications of boundaries to provide larger or more homogeneous units. Tables A and B, showing the comparability of tracts between 1960 and 1970, appear at the end of the Introduction.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS

The Bureau of the Census recognizes 243 standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's) in the United States and 4 in Puerto Rico, making a total of 247 in the 1970 census. These include the 231 SMSA's as defined and named in the Bureau of the Budget publication, Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas: 1967, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. Since 1967, 16 SMSA's have been added, of which two were defined in January 1968 and an additional 14 were defined in February 1971 on the basis of the results of the 1970 census. Changes in SMSA boundaries or titles made after February 1971 are not recognized in this series of reports. SMSA's are defined by the Office of Management and Budget (formerly Bureau of the Budget).

Except in the New England States, a standard metropolitan statistical area

is a county or group of contiguous counties which contains at least one city of 50,000 inhabitants or more. or "twin cities" with a combined population of at least 50,000. In addition to the county or counties containing such a city or cities, contiguous counties are included in an SMSA if, according to certain criteria. they are socially and economically integrated with the central city. In the New England States, SMSA's consist of towns and cities instead of counties. In recent years, four cities (High Point, N.C., Macon, Ga., Oklahoma City, Okla., and Sioux Falls. S. Dak.) have annexed territory which lies outside the boundaries of the SMSA The figures shown in the tables for these cities exclude the portions which lie outside the SMSA. Each SMSA must include at least one central city, and the complete title of an SMSA identifies the central city or cities. For a detailed description of the criteria used in defining SMSA's, see the Bureau of the Budget publication cited above.

Appendix B.—DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS OF SUBJECT CHARACTERISTICS

Unite in atmosphere

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Year structure huilt	App-10

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GENERAL

Facsimiles of the census questions and more complete definitions of the subject characteristics may be found in the 1970 Population Census PC(1)-C reports for population items and in the 1970 Housing Census HC(1)-B reports for housing items.

Certain characteristics defined here appear in both the population and the housing tables. Definitions for such characteristics are presented only once, in the section "Population Characteristics" or in the section "Housing Characteristics," depending on the nature of the subject (except for "group quarters," which appears in both sections).

POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS

Age.—The age classification is based on the age of the person in completed years as of April 1, 1970, and was determined from the reply to questions on age and on month and year of birth.

Race.—Data are shown for two racial categories, white and Negro. The

category "white" includes persons who indicated their race as white, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories on the questionnaire but entered Mexican, Puerto Rican, or a response suggesting Indo-European stock. The category "Negro" includes persons who indicated their race as Negro or Black, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories on the questionnaire but who had such entries as Jamaican, Trinidadian, West Indian, Haitian, and Ethiopian. All other racial categories. such as American Indian, Japanese, and Chinese, are included in the total but not shown separately. The classification by race shown for occupied housing units refers to the race of the head of the household occupying the unit.

Differences in the statistics on race in tables P-1, H-1, and H-3, containing 100-percent data, and tables P-5, P-6, and H-4, containing sample data, are due partly to the manual editing of the sample questionnaires. Many persons who reported their race as "Other" on the questionnaire also supplied a write-in entry that indicated the proper race classification should have been one of the specific race categories, e.g., white, Negro, etc. While the field edit procedures included a review of such entries on all questionnaires before the 100-percent data were tabulated, manual editing of the sample questionnaires after the 100-percent data were tabulated resulted in some further changes in classification by race.

Nativity, parentage, and country of origin.—The category "native" comprises persons born in the United

States, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico or an outlying area of the United States, or at sea. Also included in this category is the small number of persons who, although they were born in a foreign country, have at least one native American parent. The category "foreign-born" includes all persons not classified as native. The category "native of native parentage" comprises native persons both of whose parents are also natives of the United States. "Native of foreign or mixed parentage" comprises native persons one or both of whose parents are foreign born.

The category "foreign stock" includes the foreign-born population and the native population of foreign or mixed parentage. In this report, persons of foreign stock are classified according to their country of origin. Natives of foreign parentage whose parents were born in different countries are classified according to the country of birth of the father. Natives of mixed parentage are classified according to the country of birth of the foreign-born parent.

Spanish heritage.-In the census tract reports, separate tables are presented for the population of Spanish heritage, which is variously identified in the reports for different areas: States and the District of Columbia it is identified as "Persons of Spanish language"; in five Southwestern States, as "Persons of Spanish language or Spanish surname"; and in the Middle Atlantic States, as "Persons of Puerto Rican birth or parentage." Similarly, separate housing statistics are presented for housing units in these categories, identified on the basis of the classification of the household head occupying the unit. The specific definitions involved in identifying these population groups are given below.

Spanish language.—Persons of Spanish language comprise persons of Spanish mother tongue (see definition below) and all other persons in families in which the head or wife reported Spanish as his or her mother tongue. A housing unit is classified as occupied by persons of Spanish language if the head or his wife reported Spanish as his or her mother tongue.

Spanish surname.—In five Southwestern States (Arizona, California, Colorado, New Mexico, and Texas) persons with Spanish surnames are identified. Separate statistics are presented, in these States, for persons of Spanish language combined with all additional persons of Spanish surname. These additional persons are shown in the category "Other persons of Spanish surname."

Puerto Rican birth or parentage.— The population of Puerto Rican birth or parentage includes persons born in Puerto Rico and persons born in the United States or an outlying area with one or both parents born in Puerto Rico. Statistics for this group are shown for areas in New York, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania.

Spanish mother tongue.—Mother tongue is defined as the language spoken in the person's home when he was a child.

In two tracted areas that cross State lines, Wilmington, Del.—N.J.—Md., and Texarkana, Tex.—Ark., the population of Spanish heritage in each State portion is identified, for tabula-

tion purposes, in the manner specified above for that State, and the segments for the different States are combined to form a total for the area. The term used to describe this population in tables P-7, P-8, and H-5, however, is the term applicable in the State containing the major portion of the SMSA. Thus, for the Wilmington SMSA, the term applicable in Delaware, "Persons of Spanish language," is used; and in the Texarkana SMSA the term applicable in Texas, "Persons of Spanish language or Spanish surname," is used.

Household.—A household includes all the persons who occupy a group of rooms or a single room which constitutes a housing unit (see definition of housing unit, below). The average population per household is obtained by dividing the population in households by the number of household heads.

The population per household for Negroes and persons of Spanish heritage, shown in tables P-5 and P-7, may not in all cases be a true representation of the household size for these groups. For example, some persons of a given group may be roomers or domestic employees living with household heads of a different ethnic classification.

Relationship to head of household.— Four categories of relationship to head of household are recognized in this report:

 Head of household.—One person in each household is designated as the "head," that is, the person who is regarded as the head by the members of the household. However, if a married woman living with her husband was reported as the head, her husband was considered the head for the purpose of simplifying the tabulations. Two types of household heads are distinguished — the head of a family and a primary individual. A family head is a household head living with one or more persons related to him by blood, marriage, or adoption. A primary individual is a household head living alone or with nonrelatives only.

- 2. Wife of head.-A woman married to and living with a household head. including women in common-law marriages as well as women in formal marriages. In table P-1, which is based on 100-percent tabulations, the number of wives is the same as the number of "husband-wife households" and the number of "husbandwife families." In tables P-5 and P-7, which are based on a sample and are limited to a specific ethnic group, the numbers may differ, because of minor differences in the weighting of the data and because a husband and wife do not always have the same ethnic classification.
- Other relative of head.—All persons related to the head of the household by blood, marriage, or adoption except "wife of head."
- 4. Not related to head.—All persons in the household not related to the head by blood, marriage, or adoption. Roomers, boarders, lodgers, partners, resident employees, wards, and foster children are included in this category.

Group quarters.—Persons in living arrangements other than households are classified by the Bureau of the Census as living in group quarters. Group quarters are located most frequently in institutions, rooming houses, military

barracks, college dormitories, fraternity and sorority houses, hospitals, monasteries, convents, and ships. A house or apartment is considered group quarters if it is shared by the person in charge and five or more persons unrelated to him, or, if there is no person in charge, by six or more unrelated persons.

Inmate of institution.—Inmates of institutions are persons under care or custody at the time of enumeration in homes, schools, hospitals or wards for juveniles, the physically handicapped, or the mentally handicapped; homes or hospitals for mental, tuberculosis, or other chronic disease patients; homes for unwed mothers; nursing, convalescent, and rest homes; homes for the aged and dependent; and correctional institutions.

Family.-According to 1970 census definitions, a family consists of a household head and one or more other persons living in the same household who are related to the head by blood, marriage, or adoption; all persons in a household who are related to the head are regarded as members of his (her) family. A "husband-wife family" is a family in which the head and his wife are enumerated as members of the same household. Not all households contain families, because a household may be composed of a group of unrelated persons or one person living alone. The mean size of family is derived by dividing the number of persons in families by the total number of families.

Own children and related children.— This report shows statistics on families by presence of "own" children and "related" children of specified ages. A child under 18 years old is defined as an "own child" if he or she is a single (never married) son, daughter, stepchild, or adopted child. The number of children "living with both parents" includes stepchildren and adopted children as well as sons and daughters born to the couple. "Related children" in a family include all persons under 18 related to the head except "wife of head." The "mean number of related children" is derived by dividing the total number of related children of the specified age in families by the number of families having children of that age. In table P-1 the number of own children under 18 years of age is divided by "persons under 18 years" to obtain the "percent of total under 18 years."

Unrelated individuals.—An unrelated individual, as defined in this report, may be any of the following: a household head living alone or with nonrelatives only, a household member not related to the head, or a person living in group quarters who is not an inmate of an institution.

Marital status.—The marital status classification refers to the status at the time of enumeration. Persons classified as "married" consist of those who have been married only once and those who remarried after having been widowed or divorced. Persons reported as separated (living apart because of marital discord, with or without a legal separation) are classified as a subcategory of married persons. Persons in common-law marriages are classified as married, and persons whose only marriage had been annulled are classified as never married. All persons reported as never married are shown as "single" in this report.

Children ever born.—In this report, statistics on the number of children ever born are presented for women 35 to 44 years old who have ever been married. Respondents were instructed to include children born to the woman before her present marriage, children no longer living, and children away from home, as well as children born to the woman who were still living in the home.

School enrollment.-School enrollment is shown for persons 3 to 34 years Persons were included as enold. rolled in school if they reported attending a "regular" school or college at any time between February 1, 1970, and the time of enumeration. Regular schooling is that which may advance a person toward an elementary school certificate or high school diploma, or a college, university, or professional degree. Schooling that was not obtained in a regular school and schooling from a tutor or through correspondence courses were counted only if the credits obtained were regarded as transferable to a school in the regular school system. Persons were included as enrolled in nursery school only if the school included instruction as an important and integral phase of its program. Schooling which is generally regarded as not "regular" includes that given in nursery schools which simply provide custodial day care, in specialized vocational, trade, or business schools, in on-the-job training, and through correspondence courses.

Elementary school, as defined here, includes grades 1 to 8, and high school includes grades 9 to 12. If a person was attending a junior high school, the equivalent in terms of 8 years of elementary school and 4 years of high school was recorded. In general,

a "public" school is defined as any school which is controlled and supported primarily by a local, State, or Federal government agency.

Years of school completed.—The data on years of school completed were derived from the answers to the two questions: (a) "What is the highest grade (or year) of regular school he has ever attended?" and (b) "Did he finish the highest grade (or year) he attended?" Persons whose highest grade of attendance was in a foreign school system, or in an ungraded school whose highest level of schooling was measured by "readers," or whose training was received through a tutor were instructed to report the approximate equivalent grade in the regular United States school system. A person was reported as not having completed a given grade if he dropped out or failed to pass the last grade attended.

Residence in 1965.-Residence on April 1, 1965, is the usual place of residence five years before enumeration. The category "same house" includes all persons five years old and over who did not move during the five years as well as those who had moved but by 1970 had returned to their 1965 residence. The category "different house" includes persons who, on April 1, 1965, lived in the United States in a different house from the one they occupied on April 1, 1970. and for whom sufficient information concerning the 1965 residence was collected. These persons were subdivided into three groups according to their 1965 residence in or outside a standard metropolitan statistical area: "in central city of this SMSA." "in other part of this SMSA," and "outside this SMSA." The category "abroad" includes those with residence in a foreign country or outlying area of the United States in 1965.

Reference week.—The data on employment status and place of work relate to the calendar week preceding the date on which the respondents completed their questionnaires or were interviewed by enumerators. This week is not the same for all respondents because not all persons were enumerated during the same week.

Employment status.-Employed persons comprise all civilians 16 years old and over who were either (a) "at work" - those who did any work at all as paid employees or in their own business or profession, or on their own farm, or who worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers on a family farm or in a family business; or (b) were "with a job but not at work" - those who did not work during the reference week but had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent due to illness, bad weather, industrial dispute, vacation, or other personal reasons. Excluded from the employed are persons whose only activity consisted of work around the house or volunteer work for religious, charitable, and similar organizations.

Persons are classified as unemployed if they were civilians 16 years old and over and: (a) were neither "at work" nor "with a job, but not at work" during the reference week, (b) were looking for work during the past 4 weeks, and (c) were available to accept a job. Persons who did not work at all during the reference week and were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off are also included as unemployed.

The "civilian labor force" consists of persons classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria described above. The "labor force" includes all persons in the civilian labor force plus members of the Armed Forces (persons on active duty with the United States Army, Air Force, Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard). All persons 16 years old and over who are not classified as members of the labor force are defined as "not in labor force." This category consists mainly of students. housewives, retired workers, seasonal workers enumerated in an "off" season who were not looking for work, inmates of institutions, disabled persons, and persons doing only incidental unpaid family work (less than 15 hours during the reference week). Of these groups, students and inmates are shown separately in selected tables.

Place of work.-Place of work refers to the geographic location at which civilians and Armed Forces personnel not on leave carried out their occupational or job activities during the reference week, For the purposes of this report, these locations were defined with respect to the boundaries of the standard metropolitan statistical area as "inside SMSA" and "outside SMSA." Locations within the SMSA, were subdivided into the central business district of the central city, the balance of that county, or, if outside that county, the specific county of the SMSA.

The central business district (CBD) is usually the downtown retail trade area of the city. As defined by the Bureau of the Census, the CBD is an area of very high land valuation characterized by a high concentration of retail business offices, theaters, hotels, and service businesses, and with a

high traffic flow. CBD's consist of one or more census tracts and have been defined only in cities with a population of 100,000 or more. In order to be counted as working in the CBD, the respondent had to give the exact address (street name and number) of his place of work. Since some respondents did not do this, the number of persons working in the CBD is usually understated by an unknown amount.

The exact address (number and street name) for the place of work was asked. Persons working at more than one job were asked to report the location of the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the reference week. Salesmen, deliverymen, and others who work in several places each week were requested to give the address at which they began work each day, if they reported to a central headquarters. For cases in which daily work was not begun at a central place each day, the person was asked to report the exact address of the place where he worked the most hours last week. If his employer operated in more than one location (such as a grocery store chain or public school system), the exact address of the location or branch where the respondent worked was requested. When the number or street name could not be given, the name of the building or the name of the company for which he worked was to be entered.

Means of transportation to work.— Means of transportation to work refers to the chief means of travel or type of conveyance used in traveling to and from work on the last day the respondent worked at the address given as his or her place of work. The "chief means" referred to the means of transportation covering the greatest distance if more than one means was used in daily travel. "Worked at home" was marked by a person who worked on a farm where he lived or in an office or shop in his home.

Occupation, industry, and class of worker.-The data on these three subjects in this report are for employed persons 16 years old and over and refer to the job held during the reference week. For persons employed at two or more jobs, the data refer to the job at which the person worked the greatest number of hours. The occupation and industry statistics presented here are based on the detailed systems developed for the 1970 census: see 1970 Census of Population, Classified Index of Industries and Occupations, U. S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D. C., 1971.

Income in 1969.—Information on money income received in the calendar year 1969 was requested from persons 14 years old and over. "Total income" is the algebraic sum of the amounts reported separately for wage and salary income, nonfarm net self-employment income, farm net self-employment income, Social Security or railroad retirement income, public assistance or welfare income, and all other income. The figures represent the amount of income regularly received before deductions for personal income taxes, Social Security, bond purchases, union dues, medicare deductions, etc.

"Wage or salary income" is defined as the total money earnings received for work performed as an employee at any time during the calendar year 1969. It includes wages, salary, pay from Armed Forces, commissions, tips, piece rate payments,

and cash bonuses earned. "Nonfarm net self-employment income" is defined as net money income (gross receipts minus business expenses) received from a business, professional enterprise, or partnership in which the person was engaged on his own account. "Farm net self-employment income" is defined as the net money income (gross receipts minus operating expenses) received from the operation of a farm by a person on his own account, as an owner, renter, or share-cropper.

"Social Security or railroad retirement income" includes cash receipts of Social Security pensions, survivors' benefits, permanent disability insurance payments, and special benefit payments made by the Social Security Administration (under the National old-age, survivors, disability, and health insurance programs) before deductions of health insurance premiums. "Medicare" reimbursements are not included. Cash receipts from retirement, disability, and survivors' benefit payments made by the U.S. Government under the Railroad Retirement Act are also included. "Public assistance income" includes cash receipts of payments made under the following public assistance programs: aid to families with dependent children, old-age assistance, general assistance, aid to the blind, and aid to the permanently and totally disabled. Separate payments received for hospital or other medical care are excluded from this item. "Income from all other sources" includes money income received from sources such as interest; dividends; net income (or loss) from property rentals; net receipts from roomers or boarders; veteran's payments; public or private pensions, periodic receipts from insurance policies or annuities; unemployment insurance benefits: workmen's compensation cash benefits; net royalties; periodic payments from estates and trust funds; alimony or child support from persons who are not members of the household; net gambling gains; nonservice scholarships and fellowships; and money received for transportation and/or subsistence by persons participating in special governmental training programs, e.g., under the Manpower Development and Training Act.

Receipts from the following sources were not included as income: money received from the sale of property (unless the recipient was engaged in the business of selling such property); the value of income "in kind" such as food produced and consumed in the home or free living quarters; withdrawal of bank deposits; money borrowed; tax refunds; exchange of money between relatives living in the same household; gifts and lump-sum inheritances, insurance payments, and other types of lump-sum receipts.

Although the income statistics cover the calendar year 1969, the characteristics of persons and the composition of families refer to the time of enumeration (April 1, 1970). For most families, however, the income reported was received by persons who were members of the family throughout 1969.

The median income is the amount which divides the distribution into two equal groups, one having incomes above the median and the other having incomes below the median. For families and unrelated individuals the median income is based on the distribution of the total number of families and unrelated individuals, including those with no income.

The mean income is the amount obtained by dividing the total in-

come of a particular statistical universe by the number of units in that universe. Thus, mean family income is obtained by dividing total family income by the total number of families. For the six types of income the means are based on families having those types of income.

Care should be exercised in using and interpreting mean income values in the statistics for small areas or small subgroups of the population. Since the mean is strongly influenced by extreme values in the distribution, it is especially susceptible to the effects of sampling variability, misreporting, and processing errors. The median, which is not affected by extreme values, is, therefore, a better measure than the mean when the population base is small. The mean, nevertheless, is shown in this report for most small areas and small subgroups because, when weighted according to the number of cases, the means can be added to obtain summary measures for areas and groups other than those shown in this report.

Poverty status in 1969.—Families and unrelated individuals are classified as being above or below the poverty level, using the poverty index adopted by a Federal Interagency Committee in 1969. This index provides a range of income cutoffs or "poverty thresholds" adjusted to take into account such factors as family size, sex and age of the family head, the number of children, and farm-nonfarm residence. The poverty cutoffs for farm families have been set at 85 percent of the nonfarm levels. These income cutoffs are updated every year to reflect the changes in the Consumer Price Index. The poverty threshold for a nonfarm family of four was \$3,743 in 1969. For a detailed explanation of the poverty

definition, see Current Population Reports, Series P-23, No. 28, "Revisions in Poverty Statistics, 1959 to 1968."

Households below the poverty level are defined as households in which the total 1969 income of the family or primary individual was below the poverty level. The incomes of persons in the household other than members of the family or the primary individual are not included when determining poverty status of a household.

The households for which poverty status is shown cannot be compared with the total number of households shown elsewhere. The former exclude those in certain types of housing units: owner-occupied units are restricted to one-family units on places of less than 10 acres and without a business on the property; and renter-occupied units exclude one-family units on places of 10 acres or more.

The "ratio of family income to poverty level" is obtained by dividing the income of a family by its corresponding poverty threshold. The "income deficit" is the difference between the total income of families and unrelated individuals below the poverty level and their respective poverty thresholds. In computing the income deficit, families reporting a net income loss are assigned zero dollars, and for such cases the income deficit is equal to the poverty threshold. The aggregate income deficit provides an estimate of the amount of money which would be required to raise the incomes of all poor families and unrelated individuals to their respective thresholds at the poverty level. The mean income deficit is the amount obtained by dividing the aggregate income deficit of a group below the poverty level by the number of families or unrelated individuals (as appropriate) in that group.

HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

Housing units and group quarters.— Living quarters are classified in the census as either housing units or group quarters. Usually, living quarters are in structures intended for residential use (e.g., a one-family home, apartment house, hotel or motel, boarding house, mobile home or trailer, etc.). Living quarters may also be in structures intended for nonresidential use (e.g., the rooms in a warehouse where a watchman lives), as well as in tents, caves, old railroad cars, etc.

A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room occupied or intended for occupancy as separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants do not live and eat with any other persons in the structure and which quarters have either (1) direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall or (2) complete kitchen facilities for the exclusive use of the occupants. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or nonrelated persons who share living arrangements (except as described in the next paragraph on group quarters). For vacant units, the criteria for separateness, direct access, and complete kitchen facilities for exclusive use are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible (or to the previous occupants if this information cannot be obtained). Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing inventory, except that mobile homes, trailers, tents, etc., are included only if they are occupied.

Group quarters are living arrangements for institutional inmates or for

other groups containing five or more persons not related to the person in charge. Group quarters are located most frequently in institutions, boarding houses, military barracks, college dormitories, fraternity and sorority houses, hospitals, monasteries, convents, and ships. A house or apartment is considered group quarters if it is shared by the person in charge and five or more persons unrelated to him, or if there is no person in charge, by six or more unrelated persons. Information on the housing characteristics of group quarters was not collected in the census.

Year-round housing units.—Data on housing characteristics are limited to year-round housing units; i.e., all occupied units plus vacant units which are intended for year-round use. Vacant units intended for seasonal occupancy and vacant units held for migratory labor are excluded because it is difficult to obtain reliable information for them. Counts of the total housing inventory, however, are given for each area presented in this report.

Occupied housing units.—A housing unit is classified as occupied if a person or group of persons is living in it at the time of enumeration or if the occupants are only temporarily absent, for example, on vacation. However, if the persons staying in the unit have their usual place of residence elsewhere the unit is classified as vacant.

Vacant housing units.—A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. In addition, a vacant unit may be one which is occupied entirely by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere.

New units not yet occupied are enumerated as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded if unfit for human habitation because the roof, walls, windows, or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements, or if there is positive evidence (such as a sign on the house or in the block) that the unit is to be demolished or is condemned.

Vacant housing units are classified in this report as either "seasonal and migratory" (i.e., intended for seasonal occupancy or held for migratory labor) or "year-round." "Seasonal" units are intended for occupancy during only certain seasons of the year. "Migratory" units are vacant units held for occupancy by migratory labor employed in farm work during the "Year-round" vacant crop season. housing units are available or intended for occupancy at any time of the vear. A unit in a resort area which is usually occupied on a year-round basis is considered year-round. unit used only occasionally throughout the year is also considered yearround.

Year-round vacant units are subdivided as follows: "for sale only"; "for rent" which also includes vacant units offered either for rent or for sale; and "other" which includes units sold or rented but not yet occupied by the new owner or renter, units held for the occasional use of the owner, and units being held off the market for other reasons.

Tenure.—A housing unit is "owner occupied" if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit, even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. A cooperative or condominium unit is "owner oc-

cupied" only if the owner or coowner lives in it. All other occupied units are classified as "renter occupied," including units rented for cash rent and those occupied without payment of cash rent.

Persons.—Persons occupying the housing unit include not only occupants related to the head of the household but also any lodgers, roomers, boarders, partners, wards, foster children and resident employees who share the living quarters of the household head. The data on "persons" show the number of housing units occupied by the specified number of persons.

Units with one or more roomers, boarders, or lodgers are shown as a separate category. Not included as "roomers, boarders, or lodgers" are foster children or wards, servants who live in, companions, and partners.

Year moved into unit.—Data on year moved into unit are based on the information reported for the head of the household. The question refers to the year of latest move. Thus, if the head moved back into a unit he had previously occupied or if he moved from one apartment to another in the same building, the year he moved into his present unit was to be reported.

Complete kitchen facilities.—A unit has complete kitchen facilities when it has all three of the following for the exclusive use of the occupants of the unit: (1) An installed sink with piped water; (2) a range or cookstove; and (3) a mechanical refrigerator. All kitchen facilities must be located in the structure, although they need not be in the same room. Quarters with only portable cooking equipment are not considered as hav-

ing a range or cookstove. "Lacking complete kitchen facilities" means that the unit does not have all three specified kitchen facilities, or that they are also for the use of the occupants of other housing units.

Access.—"Access only through other living quarters" means that the occupants of a housing unit must go through someone else's living quarters to enter their own; that is, they do not have a direct entrance from the outside or through a common or public hall.

Rooms.—Rooms to be counted include whole rooms used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Not counted as rooms are bathrooms, porches, balconies, foyers, halls, halfrooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullman kitchens, utility rooms, unfinished attics, basements, or other space used for storage.

Persons per room.—This is computed by dividing the number of persons in the unit by the number of rooms in the unit. The figures shown, therefore, refer to the number of housing units having the specified ratio of persons per room.

Year structure built.—Year structure built refers to when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted.

Units in structure.—In the determination of the number of units in a structure, all housing units, both occupied and vacant, were counted. The statistics are presented in terms of the number of housing units in structures of specified size, not in

terms of the number of residential structures.

A structure is a separate building that either has open space on all sides or is separated from other structures by dividing walls that extend from ground to roof.

Basement.—Statistics on basements are presented in terms of the number of housing units located in structures built with a basement, and are separately tabulated for one-family houses with basements. A structure has a basement if there is enclosed space in which persons can walk upright under all or part of the building.

Plumbing facilities.-The category "with all plumbing facilities" consists of units which have hot and cold piped water, as well as a flush toilet and a bathtub or shower inside the structure for the exclusive use of the occupants of the unit. "Lacking some or all plumbing" means that the unit does not have all three specified plumbing facilities (hot and cold piped water, as well as flush toilet and bathtub or shower inside the structure), or that the toilet or bathing facilities are also for the use of the occupants of other housing units.

Selected equipment.—Statistics are presented for the number of housing units with the following selected equipment.

With more than one bathroom.— A complete bathroom is a room with flush toilet, bathtub or shower, and wash basin with piped water. A partial or half bathroom has at least a flush toilet or bathtub (or shower), but does not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom. A housing

unit "with more than one bathroom" has, in addition to one complete bathroom, one or more partial or complete bathrooms.

With public water supply.—A public system refers to a common source supplying running water to six or more housing units. The water may be supplied by a city, county, water district, or private water company, or it may be obtained from a well which supplied six or more housing units.

With public sewer.—A "public sewer" is connected to a city, county, sanitary district, neighborhood, or subdivision sewer system. It may be operated by a government body or by a private organization. Small sewage treatment plants which in some localities are called neighborhood septic tanks are also classified as public sewers.

With air conditioning.—Air conditioning is the cooling of air by a refrigeration unit. A central system is a central installation which air-conditions the entire housing unit. A room unit is an individual air conditioner which is installed in a window or an outside wall and is generally intended to cool one room, although it may sometimes be used to cool more than one room.

Heating equipment.—The list of heating equipment refers to the type of heating equipment and not to the fuel used. "Steam or hot water" refers to a central heating system in which heat from steam or hot water is delivered through radiators or other outlets. "Warm air furnace" refers to a central system which provides warm air through ducts leading

to various rooms; central heat pumps are included in this category. "Built-in electric units" are permanently installed in the floors, walls or ceilings. A "floor, wall, or pipeless furnace" delivers warm air to the room right above the furnace or to the room(s) on one or both sides of the wall in which the furnace is installed. "Other means" includes room heaters with or without flue, fireplaces, stoves, and portable heaters of all types.

A housing unit "With central or built-in heating system" contains a steam or hot water system, a warm-air furnace, built-in electric units, or a floor, wall, or pipeless furnace.

Automobiles available.—Statistics on automobiles available represent the number of passenger automobiles, including station wagons, which are owned or regularly used by any member of the household and which are ordinarily kept at home. Taxicabs, pickups, or larger trucks were not to be counted.

Value.—Value is the respondent's estimate of how much the property (house and lot) would sell for if it were for sale. The term "specified owner-occupied units" means that the value data are limited to owner-occupied one-family houses on less than ten acres, without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. Owner-occupied cooperatives, condominiums, mobile homes, and trailers are excluded from the value tabulations.

Mean value.—Mean value is the sum of the individual values reported, divided by the number of owner-occupied units for which value is shown. For purposes of computation, the mid-

APPENDIX B-Continued

points of the intervals were used, except that a mean value of \$3,500 was assigned to housing units in the interval "less than \$5,000" and a mean of \$60,000 was assigned to units in the interval "\$50,000 or more."

Contract rent.—Contract rent is the monthly rent agreed to, or contracted for, even if the furnishings, utilities, or services are included. The term "specified renter-occupied units" means that the contract rent data exclude one-family houses on ten acres or more. Renter units occupied without payment of cash rent are

shown separately as "no cash rent" in the rent tabulations.

Gross rent.—Monthly gross rent is the summation of contract rent plus the estimated average monthly cost of utilities (water, electricity, gas) and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.), if these items are paid for by the renter, in addition to rent. Thus, gross rent is intended to eliminate individual differences which result from varying practices with respect to the inclusion of heat and utilities as part of the rental payment.

Mean gross rent.—Mean gross rent is the sum of the individual rental amounts divided by the number of renter-occupied units, excluding one-family houses on ten acres or more.

Gross rent as percentage of income.— The yearly gross rent (monthly gross rent multiplied by 12) is expressed as a percentage of the total income in 1969 of the family or primary individual. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units for which no cash is paid and units occupied by families or primary individuals who reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "not computed."

Appendix C.—ACCURACY OF THE DATA

SOURCES OF ERROR	App-13
EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE	
DATA	App-13
SAMPLE DESIGN	App-14
RATIO ESTIMATION	App-15
SAMPLING VARIABILITY	App-17

SOURCES OF ERROR

Human and mechanical errors occur in any mass statistical operation such as a decennial census. Errors during the data collection phase can include failure to obtain required information from respondents, obtaining incorrect or inconsistent information, and recording information in the wrong place or incorrectly. Errors can also occur during the field review of the enumerator's work, the clerical handling of the questionnaires, and the various stages of the electronic processing of the material. Careful efforts are made in every census to keep the errors in each step at an acceptably low level. Quality control and check measures are utilized throughout the census operation.

In the manual editing and coding operation, a sample of the work of each coder was verified, and a coder who showed consistently high error rates was retrained. A coder who still did not produce work of acceptable quality after retraining was removed from the coding operation. In addition, provision was made for correction of any work units for which the error rate exceeded a maximum level. Information on error rates will be given in later publications.

As was done for the 1950 and 1960 censuses, evaluative material on many aspects of the 1970 census will be published as soon as the appropriate data are accumulated and analyzed.

A major concern in the evaluation work is to ascertain, insofar as possible, the degree of completeness of the count of both population and housing units.

EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA

The objective of the processing operation is to produce a set of statistics that describes the Nation's population and housing as accurately and clearly as possible. To meet this objective, certain unacceptable entries were edited.

In the field, questionnaires were reviewed for completeness by a census clerk or enumerator, and a followup was made for missing information. The major review occurred in the central processing office, where the editing and coding operation provided an opportunity to correct obvious errors in the respondents' entries for those items which required manual processing. In coding relationship to household head, for example, the clerk made use of written entries, which the computer is not able to read. in determining the correct entry where the machine readable item was blank or contained conflicting information. For a few of the items, the respondents' entries were reviewed for reasonableness or consistency on the basis of other information on the questionnaire. As a rule, however, editing was performed by hand only when it could not be done effectively by machine.

As one of the first steps in mechanical editing, the configuration of marks on the questionnaire was scanned electronically to determine whether it contained information for a person or merely spurious marks. If the

questionnaire contained entries for at least two of the basic characteristics (relationship, sex, race, age, marital status), or for at least two relevant sample characteristics, the inference was made that the marks represented a person. Names were not used as a criterion of the presence of a person because the electronic scanning was unable to distinguish between a name and any other entry in the name space.

If any characteristics for a person or housing unit were missing, they were, in most cases, supplied by allocation. Allocations, or assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries, were needed most often where an entry for a given item was lacking or where the information reported for a person or housing unit on that item was inconsistent with other information for the person or housing unit. The assignment of acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries, it is believed, enhances the usefulness of the data.

For housing data, the assignment was based on related information reported for the housing unit or on information reported for a similar unit in the immediate neighborhood. For example, if tenure for an occupied unit was omitted but a rental amount was reported, the computer automatically edited tenure to "rented for cash rent." The technique may also be illustrated by the procedure used in the assignment for unknown The computer stored reported ages of persons by sex, race, household relationship, and marital status. Each stored age was retained in the computer only until a person having the same set of characteristics, and with age reported was processed through the computer in the edit operation; this stored age was assigned to the next person whose age was

unknown and who otherwise had the same set of specified characteristics.

The editing process also includes another type of correction; namely, the assignment of a full set of characteristics for a person. When there was indication that a housing unit was occupied but the questionnaire contained no information for any person, a previously processed household was selected as a substitute and the full set of characteristics for each substitute person was duplicated.

Specific tolerances were established for the number of computer allocations and substitutions that would be permitted. If the number of corrections was beyond tolerance, the questionnaires in which the errors occurred were clerically reviewed. If it was found that the errors resulted from damaged questionnaires, from improper microfilming, from faulty reading by FOSDIC of undamaged questionnaires, or from other types of machine failure, the questionnaires were reprocessed.

The extent of allocation for States, counties, and other areas will be shown in the allocation tables in chapters B and C of the 1970 Census of Population Volume I, Characteristics of the Population, and chapters A and B of Census of Housing Volume I, Characteristics for States, Cities, and Counties.

SAMPLE DESIGN

For persons living in housing units at the time of the 1970 census, the housing unit, including all its occupants, was the sampling unit; for persons in group quarters identified in advance of the census, it was the person. In nonmail areas, the enumerator canvassed his assigned area and listed all housing units in an

address register sequentially in the order in which he first visited the units whether or not he completed the interview. Every fifth line of the address register was designated as a sample line, and the housing units listed on these lines were included in the sample. Each enumerator was given a random line on which he was to start listing and the order of canvassing was indicated in advance, although the instructions allowed some latitude in the order of

visiting addresses. In mail areas, the list of housing units was prepared prior to Census Day either by employing commercial mailing lists corrected through the cooperation of the post office or by listing the units in a process similar to that used in nonmail areas. As in other areas, every fifth housing unit of these lists was designated to be in the sample. In group quarters, all persons were listed and every fifth person was selected for the sample.

TABLE C. Sample Rate for Subjects Included in This Report

[Subjects marked with an asterisk (*) were tabulated on a 100% basis for tables P-1, H-1, and H-3. All subjects shown in the tables for persons of Spanish heritage (P-7, P-8, and H-5) were tabulated on a 15% basis. The subjects covered in the remaining tables (P-2 to P-6, H-2, and H-4) were tabulated according to the sample rates shown below]

Population subjects rate (percent) *Sex 20				
*Race 20 *Age 20 *Household relationship 20 *Family composition 20 *Marital status — *Vacancy status — *Tenure of housing unit 15 Country of origin 15 Nativity and parentage 15 School enrollment 15 Years of school completed 20 Residence in 1965 15 Employment status 20 Place of work 15 Occupation 20 Class of worker 20 Income 20 Poverty status — *Occupation 20 Poverty status — *Cooperative or condominium — *Vaconcy status — *Vaconcy status — *Tenure of housing unit — *Vaconcy status — *Tenure of housing unit — *Year moved into unit 15 *Number of rooms — *Size of household (persons) — *Size of household (persons) — *Persons per room — *Plumbing facilities — Bathrooms 15 Source of water 15 Source of water 15 Sewage disposal 15 *Complete kitchen facilities — Units in structure 20 Units in structure 20 Year structure built 20 Basement 20 Poverty status 20 Heating equipment 20 Air conditioning 15 Automobiles available 15 *Value — *Contract rent —	Population subjects	rate	Housing subjects	rate
*Age	*Sex	20	*All year-round housing units.	20
*Household relationship 20 *Family composition 20 *Marital status — *Tenure of housing unit — Year moved into unit 15 Country of origin 15 Nativity and parentage 15 School enrollment 15 Years of school completed 20 Residence in 1965 15 Employment status 20 Place of work 15 Occupation 20 Class of worker 20 Industry 20 Class of worker 20 Poverty status 20 Poverty status 20 Poverty status 20 *Cooperative or condominium — *Vacondominium — *Contract rent — *Vacondominium — *Contract rent — *Vacondominium — *Vacondom	*Race	20	*Occupied housing units: table h	I-2. 15
*Household relationship 20 *Family composition 20 *Marital status — *Tenure of housing unit — Year moved into unit 15 Country of origin 15 Nativity and parentage 15 School enrollment 15 Years of school completed 20 Residence in 1965 15 Employment status 20 Place of work 15 Occupation 20 Class of worker 20 Industry 20 Class of worker 20 Poverty status 20 Poverty status 20 Poverty status 20 *Cooperative or condominium — *Vacondominium — *Contract rent — *Vacondominium — *Contract rent — *Vacondominium — *Vacondom	*Age	20	table H	1-4. 20
*Family composition 20 *Marital status — *Tenure of housing unit — Year moved into unit 15 Country of origin 15 Nativity and parentage 15 School enrollment 15 Years of school completed 20 Residence in 1965 15 Employment status 20 Poverty status 20 Class of worke 20 Class of worker 20 Poverty status 20 Poverty status 20 *Vacancy status — *Tenure of housing unit — Year moved into unit 15 *Number of rooms — Year moved into unit 15 *Number of rooms — *Size of household (persons) — *Persons per room — *Persons per room — *Plumbing facilities — Bathrooms 15 *Bathrooms 15 Sewage disposal 15 *Complete kitchen facilities — *Complete kitchen facilities — *Access — Units in structure 20 Units in structure built 20 Heating equipment 20 Air conditioning 15 Automobiles available 15 *Value — *Contract rent —			*Cooperative or condominium	· –
*Marital status — *Tenure of housing unit — Year moved into unit 15 Country of origin 15				
Children ever born 20 Year moved into unit 15 Country of origin 15 *Number of rooms — Nativity and parentage 15 School enrollment 15 Years of school completed 20 *Plumbing facilities — Residence in 1965 15 Bathrooms 15 Employment status 20 Source of water 15 Place of work 15 Sewage disposal 15 Means of transportation to work 15 *Complete kitchen facilities — Industry 20 Units in structure 20 Class of worker 20 Year structure built 20 Income 20 Basement 20 Poverty status 20 Heating equipment 20 Air conditioning 15 Automobiles available 5 *Value — *Contract rent —				
Nativity and parentage 15 School enrollment 15 Years of school completed 20 Residence in 1965 15 Employment status 20 Place of work 15 Means of transportation to work 15 Coccupation 20 Industry 20 Class of worker 20 Income 20 Poverty status 20 Po				
Nativity and parentage 15 School enrollment 15 Years of school completed 20 Residence in 1965 15 Employment status 20 Place of work 15 Means of transportation to work 15 Coccupation 20 Industry 20 Class of worker 20 Income 20 Poverty status 20 Po	Country of origin	15	*Number of rooms	
School enrollment 15 *Persons per room — Years of school completed 20 *Plumbing facilities — Residence in 1965 15 Bathrooms 15 Employment status 20 Source of water 15 Place of work 15 Sewage disposal 15 Means of transportation to work 15 *Complete kitchen facilities — Occupation 20 *Access — Industry 20 Units in structure 20 Class of worker 20 Year structure built 20 Income 20 Basement 20 Poverty status 20 Heating equipment 20 Automobiles available 15 *Value — *Contract rent —			*Size of household (persons) .	
Years of school completed 20 *Plumbing facilities — Residence in 1965 15 Bathrooms 15 Employment status 20 Source of water 15 Place of work 15 Sewage disposal 15 Means of transportation to work 15 *Complete kitchen facilities — Occupation 20 *Access — Industry 20 Units in structure 20 Class of worker 20 Year structure built 20 Income 20 Basement 20 Poverty status 20 Heating equipment 20 Automobiles available 15 *Value — *Contract rent —				
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Place of work 15 Sewage disposal 15 Means of transportation to work 15 *Complete kitchen facilities — Occupation 20 *Access — Industry 20 Units in structure 20 Class of worker 20 Year structure built 20 Income 20 Basement 20 Poverty status 20 Heating equipment 20 Air conditioning 15 Automobiles available 15 *Value — *Contract rent —				
Place of work 15 Sewage disposal 15 Means of transportation to work 15 *Complete kitchen facilities — Occupation 20 *Access — Industry 20 Units in structure 20 Class of worker 20 Year structure built 20 Income 20 Basement 20 Poverty status 20 Heating equipment 20 Air conditioning 15 Automobiles available 15 *Value — *Contract rent —	Employment status	20	Source of water	15
Occupation 20 *Access — Industry 20 Units in structure 20 Class of worker 20 Year structure built 20 Income 20 Basement 20 Poverty status 20 Heating equipment 20 Air conditioning 15 Automobiles available 15 *Value — *Contract rent —			Sewage disposal	15
Occupation 20 *Access — Industry 20 Units in structure 20 Class of worker 20 Year structure built 20 Income 20 Basement 20 Poverty status 20 Heating equipment 20 Air conditioning 15 Automobiles available 15 *Value — *Contract rent —	Means of transportation to	work . 15	*Complete kitchen facilities	
Class of worker 20 Income 20 Poverty status 20 Heating equipment 20 Air conditioning 15 Automobiles available 15 *Value - *Contract rent -	Occupation	20		
Basement 20 Basement 20 Poverty status 20 Heating equipment 20 Air conditioning 15 Automobiles available 15 *Value -	Industry	20	Units in structure	20
Poverty status 20 Heating equipment 20 Air conditioning 15 Automobiles available 15 *Value - *Contract rent -	Class of worker	20	Year structure built	20
Air conditioning	Income	20	Basement	20
Automobiles available 15 *Value - *Contract rent -	Poverty status	20	Heating equipment	20
*Value *Contract rent			Air conditioning	15
*Contract rent				
*Contract rent			*Value	–
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This 20-percent sample was subdivided into a 15-percent and a 5percent sample by designating every fourth 20-percent sample unit as a member of the 5-percent sample. The remaining sample units became the 15-percent sample. Two types of sample questionnaires were used, one for the 5-percent and one for the 15-percent sample units. Some guestions were included on both the 5percent and 15-percent sample forms and therefore appear for a sample of 20 percent of the units in the census. Other items appeared on either the 15-percent or the 5-percent questionnaires. The sample rates for the various items appearing in this report are shown in table C.

Although the sampling procedure did not automatically insure an exact 20-percent sample of persons or housing units in each locality, the sample design was unbiased if carried through according to instructions; generally for large areas the deviation from 20 percent was found to be quite small. Biases may have arisen when the enumerator failed to follow his listing and sampling instructions exactly. Quality control procedures were used throughout the census process, however, and where there was clear evidence that the sampling procedures were not properly followed, the work was returned to the field for resampling. No attempt at sampling was made for the relatively small numbers of persons and housing units (in most States, less than one percent) added to the enumeration from the post-census post office check, the various supplemental forms, and the special check of vacant units. The ratio estimation procedure described below adjusts the sample data to reflect these classes of population and housing units.

RATIO ESTIMATION

The statistics based on 1970 census sample data are estimates made through the use of ratio estimation procedures, applied separately for the 15- and 20percent samples. The first step in carrying through the ratio estimates was to establish the areas within which separate ratios were to be prepared. These are referred to as "weighting areas." A single set of weighting areas, containing a minimum population size of 2,500, was defined for use with the 15- and 20-percent samples. Weighting areas were established by mechanical operation on the computer and were defined to conform, as nearly as possible, to areas for which tabulations are produced. In general, sample estimates for a tract may be expected to agree with complete counts whenever the tract was a weighting area. However, tracts were not weighting areas whenever the population was less than 2,500 persons, where the tract was a part of more than one county subdivision or place, or where the Census procedure was not the same in all parts of the tract. In these situations, part of a tract may have been combined with other partial or complete tracts to make up a weighting area and sample estimates for an individual tract in the combination may not agree with complete counts for the tract.

Separate ratio estimation processes were used for persons and for housing units. The ratio estimation process for persons operated in three stages. The first stage employed 19 household-type groups (the first of which was empty by definition). The second stage used two groups, head of household and not head of household, and the third stage used 24 age-sex-race groups.

40-45

Group	STAGE I
	Male Head With Own Children
	Under 18
1	1-person household
2	2-person household
3	3-person household
•	•
	6
6	6-or-more-person house- hold
	Male Head Without Own
	Children Under 18
7-12	1-person to 6-or-more-
	person households
	Female Head
13-18	1-person to 6-or-more-
	person households
19	Group Quarters Persons
	STAGE II
20	Head of Household
21	Not Head of Household (in- cluding persons in group quarters)
	STAGE III
	Male Negro
22	Age under 5 years
23	5-13
24	14-24
25	25-44
26	45-64
27	65 and older
	Male, Not Negro
28-33	Same age groups as for
	Male Negro
	Female Negro
34-39	Same age groups as for
	Male Negro
	_
40-45	Female, Not Negro

Same age groups as for

Male Negro

The ratio estimation process for housing operated in two stages for occupied housing units, and in one stage for vacant units. The first stage for occupied units employed 18 household-type groups (the first of which was empty by definition); the second stage for occupied units used four groups: owner and renter occupied units, by race. The single stage for vacant units employed three groups: year-round vacant for sale, year-round vacant for rent, and other vacant.

Occupied housing units:

Group	STAGE I
	Male Head With Own Children
	Under 18
1	1-person household
2	2-person household
3	3-person household
•	•
•	•
6	6-or-more-person house-
	hold
	Male Head Without Own
7-12	Children Under 18
7-12	1-person to 6-or-more
	person households
	Female Head
13-18	1-person to 6-or-more-
	person households
	STAGE II
	Owner Occupied
19	Negro
20	Not Negro
	Renter Occupied
21	Negro
22	Not Negro

Vacant housing units:

Group	STAGE I
23	Year-round vacant for sale
24	Year-round vacant for rent
25	Other vacant

At each stage, for each of the groups. the ratio of the complete count to the weighted sample count in the group was computed and applied to the weight of each sample person or housing unit in the group. For population, this operation was performed for each of the 19 groups in the first stage, then for the two groups in the second stage and finally for the 24 groups in the third stage. For occupied housing units this was performed first for the 18 groups in the first stage and then for the 4 groups in the second stage.

As a rule, the weighted sample counts within each of the groups in the final stage should agree with the complete counts for the weighting Close, although not exact, consistency can be expected for the groups in the preceding stages. There are some exceptions to this general rule, however. As indicated above, there may be differences between the complete counts and sample estimates when the tabulation area is not made up of whole weighting areas. As a result, sample estimates at the tract level may not agree with complete counts when the tract did not form a weighting area. Generally, for 15and 20-percent items, there may be such a difference whenever the population in the tract is less than 2,500 people. Furthermore, in order to increase the reliability, a separate ratio was not computed in a ratio estimation group whenever certain criteria pertaining to the complete counts and the magnitude of the weight were

not met. For example, for the 15and 20-percent population sample the
complete count of persons in a group
had to exceed 85 persons and the ratio
of the complete count to the unweighted sample count could not exceed 20. Where these criteria were
not met, groups were combined in
a specific order until the conditions
were met. Where this occurred, consistency between the weighted sample
and the complete counts would apply
as indicated above for the combined
group but not necessarily for each of
the groups in the combination.

Each sample person or housing unit was assigned an integral weight to avoid the complications involved in rounding in the final tables. If, for example, the final weight for a group was 5.2, one-fifth of the persons or housing units in the group (selected at random) were assigned a weight of 6 and the remaining four-fifths a weight of 5.

The estimates realize some of the gains in sampling efficiency that would have resulted had the persons and housing units been stratified into the groups before sampling, The net effect is a reduction in both the sampling error and possible bias of most statistics below what would be obtained by weighting the results of the sample by a uniform factor (e.g., by weighting the 20-percent sample results by a uniform factor of 5). The reduction in sampling error will be trivial for some items and substantial for others. A by-product of this estimation procedure is that estimates for this sample are, in general, consistent with the complete count for the groups used in the estimation procedure. A more complete discussion of the technical aspects of these ratio estimates will be presented in a separate report.

SAMPLING VARIABILITY

The estimates from sample tabulations are subject to sampling variability. The standard errors of these estimates can be approximated by using the data in tables D through The chances are about 2 out of 3 that the difference (due to sampling variability) between the sample estimate and the figure that would have been obtained from a complete count of the population is less than the standard error. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the difference is less than twice the standard error and about 99 out of 100 that it is less than 21/2 times the standard error. The amount by which the estimated standard error must be multiplied to obtain other odds deemed more appropriate can be found in most sta-The sampling tistical textbooks. errors may be obtained by using the factors shown in table F in conjunction with table D for absolute numbers and in conjunction with table E for percentages. In addition to sampling errors, these tables reflect the effect of simple response variance. but not of bias arising in the collection, processing and estimation steps, nor of the correlated errors enumerators introduce; estimates of the magnitude of some of these factors in the total error are being evaluated and will be published at a later date.

Table D shows approximate standard errors of estimated numbers for most statistics based on the 20-percent sample. In determining the figures for this table, some aspects of the sample design, the estimation process, and the population of the area over which the data have been compiled are ignored. Table E shows standard errors of most percentages based on

the 20-percent sample. Linear interpolation in tables D and E will provide approximate results that are satisfactory for most purposes. Table F provides a factor by which the standard errors shown in tables D or E should be multiplied to adjust for the combined effect of the sample size (i.e., whether a 20-percent or 15-percent sample) the sample design and the estimation procedure.

To estimate the standard error for a given characteristic based on the 15-percent sample, or for a more precise estimate for the 20-percent sample, locate in table F the factor applying to the characteristic and sample size used to tabulate the data and multiply this factor by the standard error found in table D or E. If the estimate is not identified in table F, use the factor shown for "all other." Where data are shown as cross-classifications of two characteristics, locate and use the larger factor. Similarly, if an item collected on a 20-percent basis has been tabulated for the 15-percent sample, use the factor appropriate for the 15-percent sample.

The standard errors estimated from these tables are not directly applicable to differences between two sample estimates. In order to estimate the standard error of a difference, the tables are to be used somewhat differently in the three following situations:

For a difference between the sample figure and one based on a complete count (e.g., arising from comparisons between 1970 sample statistics and complete-count statistics for 1960 or 1950), the standard error is identical with the standard error of the 1970 estimate alone.

- 2. For a difference between two sample figures (that is, one from 1970 and the other from 1960, or both from the same census year), the standard error is approximately the square root of the sum of the squares of the standard errors of each estimate considered separately. This formula will represent the actual standard error quite accurately for the difference between estimates of the same characteristic in two different areas, or for the difference between separate and uncorrelated characteristics in the same area. If, however, there is a high positive correlation between the two characteristics, the formula will overestimate the true standard error. The approximate standard error for the 1970 sample figure is derived directly from tables D through F. The standard error of a 25-percent 1960 sample figure may be obtained from the relevant 1960 census report or an approximate value may be obtained by multiplying the appropriate value in table D or E by 0.9.
- For a difference between two sample estimates, one of which represents a subclass of the other, the tables can be used directly, with the difference considered as the sample estimate.

The sampling variability of the medians presented in certain tables (median years of school completed, median rent, etc.) depends on the size of the base and on the distribution on which the median is based. An approximate method for measuring the reliability of an estimated median is to determine an interval about the estimated median such that there is a stated degree of confidence the true median lies

within the interval. As the first step in estimating the upper and lower limits of the interval (that is, the confidence limits) about the median, compute one-half the number on which the median is based (designated N/2). From table D, following the method outlined in other parts of this section, compute the standard error of an estimated number equal to N/2. Subtract this standard error from N/2. Cumulate the frequencies (in the table on which the median is based) until the total first exceeds the difference between N/2 and its standard error and by linear interpolation obtain a value corresponding to this number. In a corresponding manner, add the standard error to N/2, cumulate the frequencies in the table, and obtain a value in the table on which the median is based corresponding to the sum of N/2 and its standard error. The chances are about 2 out of 3 that the median would lie between these two values. The range for 19 chances out of 20 and for 99 in 100 can be computed in a similar manner by multiplying the standard error by the appropriate factors before subtracting from and adding to one-half the number reporting the characteristic. Interpolation to obtain the values corresponding to these numbers gives the confidence limits for the median.

The sampling variability of a mean, such as the number of children ever born per 1,000 women or mean income, presented in certain tables, depends on the variability of the distribution on which the mean is based, the size of the sample, the sample design, (for example, the use of house-

holds as the sampling unit), and the use of ratio estimates.

An approximation to the variability of the mean may be obtained as follows: compute the standard deviation of the distribution on which the mean is based; divide this figure by the square root of one-fifth of the total units in the distribution: multiply this quotient by the factor from table F appropriate to the statistic and the actual sample rate on which the mean is based. If the distribution is not published in the detailed tables, calculate the standard deviation from a comparable distribution for a larger area or for a similar population group; divide by the square root of one-fifth of the units on which the mean of interest is based; multiply the quotient by the factor from table F.

TABLE D. Approximate Standard Error of Estimated Number Based on 20-Percent Sample (Range of 2 chances out of 3)

Estimated number (persons or housing units)	Standard error	Estimated number (persons or housing units)	Standard error
50	20 30	1,000	85

TABLE E. Approximate Standard Error of Estimated Percentage Based on 20-Percent Sample (Range of 2 chances out of 3)

Estimated percentage	Base of percentage (persons or housing units)										
	500	1,000	2,500	5,000	10,000	15,000					
2 or 98	1.3	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2					
5 or 95	2.0	1.4	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.4					
10 or 90	2.7	1.9	1.2	0.8	0.6	0.5					
25 or 75	3.9	2.7	1.7	1.2	0.9	0.7					
50	4.5	3.2	2.0	1.4	1.0	0.8					

TABLE F. Factor to be Applied to Standard Errors

[Subjects marked with an asterisk were tabulated on a 100% basis for tables P-1, H-1, and H-3. Standard errors are not applicable to these tables]

Population subjects ¹	Sample rate (percent)	Factor	Housing subjects ¹	Sample rate (percent)	Factor
*Race *Age *Household relationship *Family composition Country of origin (including Spanish heritage subjects) Nativity and parentage School enrollment Years of school completed Residence in 1965 Employment status Place of work Means of transportation to work Occupation Industry Class of worker Income—persons —families Poverty status—persons —families All other—20 percent —15 percent	20 20 20 20 20 15 15 20 15 20 15 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	1.7 0.8 0.5 0.9 1.5 1.4 0.9 1.0 2.2 0.7 1.2 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.1 1.0 1.7 1.0 1.0	*Tenure	20 20 20 20 20 20 20 15 15 15 20 20	0.2 1.0 0.5 1.0 0.9 0.9 0.7 0.9 0.9 1.0 1.0

¹Tabulations of data for persons of Spanish heritage are based on the 15-percent sample. For subjects shown in this table as based on the 20-percent sample, the factor for persons of Spanish heritage is obtained by multiplying the appropriate factor in this table by 1.2. For subjects shown as based on the 15-percent sample, the factor in this table can be used directly.

Appendix D.—PUBLICATION AND COMPUTER SUMMARY TAPE PROGRAM

The results of the 1970 Census of Population and Housing are being issued in the form of printed reports, microfiche copies of the printed reports, computer summary tapes, computer printouts, and microfilm. Listed below are short descriptions of the final report series and computer tapes, as currently planned. More detailed information on this program can be obtained by writing to the Publications Distribution Section, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

Population Census Reports

Volume I.

CHARACTERISTICS OF THE POPULATION

This volume will consist of 58 "parts"—number 1 for the United States, numbers 2 through 52 for the 50 States and the District of Columbia in alphabetical order, and numbers 53 through 58 for Puerto Rico, Guam, Virgin Islands, American Samoa, Canal Zone, and Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, respectively. Each part, which will be a separate clothbound book, will contain four chapters designated as A, B, C, and D. Each chapter (for each of the 58 areas) will first be issued as an individual paperbound report in four series designated as PC(1)-A, B, C, and D, respectively. The 58 PC(1)-A reports will be specially assembled and issued in a clothbound book, designated as Part A.

Series PC(1)-A. NUMBER OF INHABITANTS.

Final official population counts are presented for States, counties by urban and rural residence, standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's), urbanized areas, county subdivisions, all incorporated places, and unincorporated places of 1,000 inhabitants or more.

Series PC(1)-B. GENERAL POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS

Statistics on age, sex, race, marital status, and relationship to head of household are presented for States, counties by urban and rural residence, SMSA's, urbanized areas, county subdivisions, and places of 1,000 inhabitants or more.

Series PC(1)-C, GENERAL SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS

Statistics are presented on nativity and parentage, State or country of birth, Spanish origin, mother tongue, residence 5 years ago, year moved into present house, school enrollment (public or private), years of school completed, vocational training, number of children ever born, family composition, disability, veteran status, employment status, place of work, means of transportation to work, occupation group, industry group, class of worker, and income (by type) in 1969 of families and individuals. Each subject is shown for some or all of the following areas: States, counties (by urban, rural-nonfarm, and rural-farm residence), SMSA's, urbanized areas, and places of 2,500 inhabitants or more.

■ Series PC(1)-D. DETAILED CHARACTERISTICS

These reports will cover most of the subjects shown in Series PC(1)-C, above, presenting the data in considerable detail and cross-classified by age, race, and other characteristics. Each subject will be shown for some or all of the following areas: States (by urban, rural-nonfarm, and rural-farm residence), SMSA's, and large cities.

Volume II. SUBJECT REPORTS

Each report in this volume, also designated as Series PC(2), will concentrate on a particular subject. Detailed information and cross-relationships will generally be provided on a national and regional level; in some reports, data for States or SMSA's will also be shown. Among the characteristics to be covered are national origin and race, fertility, families, marital status, migration, education, unemployment, occupation, industry, and income.

Housing Census Reports

Volume I. HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS FOR STATES, CITIES, AND COUNTIES

This volume will consist of 58 "parts"—number 1 for the United States, numbers 2 through 52 for the 50 States and the District of Columbia in alphabetical order, and numbers 53 through 58 for Puarto Rico, Guam, Virgin Islands, American Samoa, Canal Zone, and Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, respectively. Each part, which will be a separate clothound book, will contain two chapters designated as A and B. Each chapter (for each of the 58 areas) will first be issued as an individual paperbound report in two series designated as HC(1)-A and B, respectively.

Series HC(1)-A. GENERAL HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

Statistics on tenure, kitchen facilities, plumbing facilities, number of rooms, persons per room, units in structure, mobile home, telephone, value, contract rent, and vacancy status are presented for some or all of the following areas: States (by urban and rural residence), SMSA's, urbanized areas, places of 1,000 inhabitants or more, and counties.

Series HC(1)·B. DETAILED HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

Statistics are presented on a more detailed basis for the subjects included in the Series HC(1)-A reports, as well as on such additional subjects as year moved into unit, year structure built, basement, heating equipment, fuels, air conditioning, water and sewage, appliances, gross rent, and ownership of second home. Each subject is shown for some or all of the following areas: States (by urban, rural-nonfarm, and rural-farm residence), SMSA's, urbanized areas, places of 2,500 inhabitants or more, and counties (by rural and rural-farm residence).

Volume 11. METROPOLITAN HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

These reports, also designated as Series HC(2), will cover most of the 1970 census housing subjects in considerable detail and cross-classification. There will be one report for each SMSA, presenting data for the SMSA and its central cities and places of 50,000 inhabitants or more, as well as a national summary report.

Volume III. BLOCK STATISTICS

One report, under the designation Series HC(3), is issued for each urbanized area showing data for individual blocks on selected housing and population subjects. The series also includes reports for the communities outside urbanized areas which have contracted with the Census Bureau to provide block statistics from the 1970 census.

olume IV.

COMPONENTS OF INVENTORY CHANGE

This volume will contain data on the disposition of the 1960 inventory and the source of the 1970 inventory, such as new construction, conversions, mergers, demolitions, and other additions and losses. Cross-tabulations of 1970 and 1960 characteristics for units that have not changed and characteristics of the present and previous residence of recent movers will also be provided. Statistics will be shown for 15 selected SMSA's and for the United States and regions.

Volume V. RESIDENTIAL FINANCE

This volume will present data regarding the financing of privately owned nonfarm residential properties. Statistics will be shown on amount of outstanding mortgage debt, manner of acquisition of property, homeowner expenses, and other owner, property, and mortgage characteristics for the United States and regions.

Volume VI. ESTIMATES OF "SUBSTANDARD" HOUSING

This volume will present counts of "substandard" housing units for counties and cities, based on the number of units lacking plumbing facilities combined with estimates of units with all plumbing facilities but in "dilapidated" condition.

Volume VII. SUBJECT REPORTS

Each report in this valume will concentrate on a particular subject. Detailed information and cross-classifications will generally be provided on a national and regional level; in some reports, data for States or SMSA's may also be shown. Among the subjects to be covered are housing charactristics by household composition, housing of minority groups and senior citizens, and households in mobile homes.

Joint Population-Housing Reports

Series PHC(1). CENSUS TRACT REPORTS

This series contains one report for each SMSA, showing data for most of the population and housing subjects included in the 1970 census.

Series PHC(2).

GENERAL DEMOGRAPHIC TRENDS FOR METROPOLITAN AREAS, 1960 to 1970

This series consists of one report for each State and the District of Columbia, as well as a national summary report, presenting statistics for the State and for SMSA's and their central cities and constituent counties. Comparative 1960 and 1970 data are shown on population counts by age and race and on such housing subjects as tenure, plumbing facilities, value, and contract rent.

Series PHC(3). EMPLOYMENT PROFILES OF SELECTED LOW-INCOME AREAS

This series will consist of approximately 70 reports, each presenting statistics on the social and economic characteristics of the residents of a particular low-income area. The data relate to low-income neighborhoods in 54 cities and seven rural poverty areas. Each report will provide statistics on employment and unemployment, education, vocational training, availability for work, job history, and income, as well as on value or rent and number of rooms in the housing unit.

Additional Reports

Series PHC(E). EVALUATION REPORTS

This open series will present the results of the extensive evaluation program conducted as an integral part of the 1970 census program, and relating to such matters as completeness of enumeration and quality of the data on characteristics.

Series PHC(R). PROCEDURAL REPORTS

This open series presents information on various administrative and methodological aspects of the 1970 census, and will include a comprehensive procedural history of the 1970 census. The first report issued focuses on the forms and procedures used in the data collection phase of the census.

Computer Summary Tapes

The major portion of the results of the 1970 census will be produced in a set of six tabulation counts. To help meet the needs of census users, these counts are being designed to provide data with much greater subject and geographic detail than it is feasible or desirable to publish in printed reports. The data so tabulated will generally be available—subject to suppression of certain detail where necessary to protect confidentiality—on magnetic computer tape, printouts, and microfilm, at the cost of preparing the copy.

First Count—source of the PC(1)-A reports; contains about 400 cells of data on the subjects covered in the PC(1)-B and HC(1)-A reports and tabulated for each of the approximately 250,000 enumeration districts in the United States.

Second Count—source of the PC(1)-B, HC(1)-A, and part of the PHC(1) reports; contains about 3,500 cells of data covering the subjects in these reports and tabulated for the approximately 35,000 tracts and 35,000 county subdivisions in the United States.

Third Count—source of the HC(3) reports; contains about 250 cells of data on the subjects covered in the PC(1)-B and HC(1)-A reports and tabulated for approximately 1,500,000 blocks in the United States

Fourth Count—source of the PC(1)-C, HC (1)-B, and part of the PHC(1) reports; contains about 13,000 cells of data covering the subjects in these reports and tabulated for the approximately 35,000 tracts and 35,000 county subdivisions in the United States; also contains about 30,000 cells of data for each county.

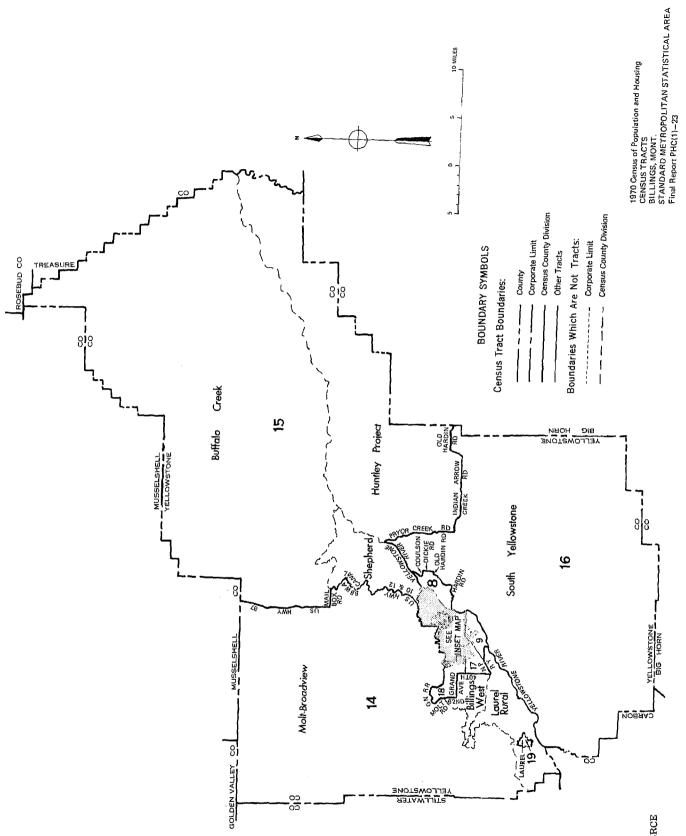
Fifth Count—will contain approximately 800 cells of population and housing data for 5-digit ZIP code areas in SMSA's and 3-digit ZIP code areas outside SMSA's; the ZIP code data will be available only on tape.

Sixth Count—source of the PC(1)-D and HC(2) reports; will contain about 260,000 cells of data covering the subjects in these reports and tabulated for States, SMSA's, and large cities.

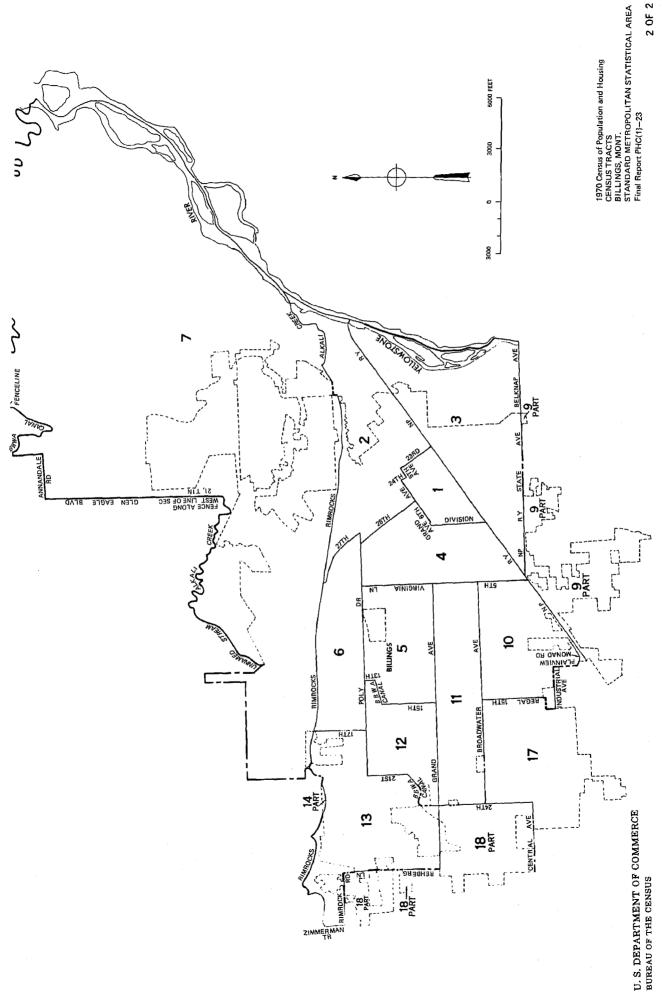
The tapes will generally be organized on a State basis. To use the First Count and Third Count tapes, it will be necessary to purchase the appropriate enumeration district and block maps.

The term "cells" used herein to indicate the scope of subject content of the several counts refers to each figure or statistic in the tabulation for a specific geographic area. For example, in the Third Count, there are six cells for a crossclassification of race by sex: three categories of race (white, Negro, other race) by two categories of sex (male, female). In addition to the above-mentioned summary tapes, the Census Bureau will make available for purchase certain sample tape files containing population and housing characteristics as shown on individual census records. These files will contain no names or addresses, and the geographic identification will be sufficiently broad to protect confidentiality. There will be six files, each containing a 1-percent national sample of persons and housing units. Three of the files will be drawn from the population covered by the census 15-percent sample and three from the population in the census 5-percent sample. Each of these three files will provide a different type of geographic information: One will identify individual large SMSA's and, for the rest of the country, groups of counties; the second will identify individual States and, where they are sufficiently large, will provide urban-rural and metropolitan-nonmetropolitan detail; and the third will identify State groups and size of place, with each individual record showing selected characteristics of the person's neighborhood.





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PUBLICATION



PHC(1)-24

Census Tracts

BILOXI-GULFPORT, MISS. STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA

1970 CENSUS OF POPULATION D HOUSING

U.S. DEPARTMENT
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POPULATION DIVISION

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HOUSING DIVISION Arthur F. Young, Chief

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1970 (EN;U; OF POPULATION AND HOUSING

Census Tracts

BILOXI-GULFPORT, MISS. STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA

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The reports listed below are for Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas. An asterisk (*) indicates that the report includes data for tracts in selected areas adjacent to the SMSA.

number Area number Area number Area number Area 1 Abilene, Tex. 2 Akron, Ohio 42 Chattanooga, TennGa. 81 Great Falls, Mont. 82 Green Bay, Wis.	Report	ı .	Report		Report		ı
2 Akron, Ohio 42 Chattanooga, TennGa. 82 Green Bay, Wis. 3 Albany, Ga. Albany, Schenectady-Troy, N.Y. 44 Chicago, Ill. 83 Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point, N.C. 5 Albuquerque, N. Mex. 45 Cleveland, Ohio 86 Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point, N.C. 6 Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, PaN.J. 46 Colorado Springs, Colo. 86 Harrisburg, Pa. 7 Altoona, Pa. 47 Columbia, Mo. 87 Hartford, Conn.* 8 Amarillo, Tex. 48 Columbia, S.C. 88 Honolulu, Hawaii* 9 Anaheim-Santa Ana-Garden Grove, Calif. 40 Columbia, GaAla. 89 Houston, Tex.* 10 Anderson, Ind. 50 Columbus, Ohio 91 Huntsville, Ala. 11 Ann Arbor, Mich. 51 Corpus Christi, Tex. 91 Huntsville, Ala. 12 Appleton-Oshkosh, Wis. 52 Dallas, Tex. 91 Huntsville, Ala. 13 Asheville, N.C. 53 Davenport-Rock Island-Moline, Iowa-Ill. 93 Jackson, Mich. 14 Altanta, Ga.* 54 Dayton, Ohio 94 Jackson, Miss. 15 Atlantic City, N.J. 55 Decatur, Ill. 95 Jacksonville, Fla. 16 Augusta, GaS.C. 56 Denver, Colo. 96 Jersey City, N.J. 17 Austin, Tex. 57 Des Moines, Iowa			_	- Area	4		
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36 Canton, Ohio 76 Gadsden, Ala. 116 Lorain-Elyria, Ohio*	36	Canton, Ohio	76	Gadsden, Ala.	116	Lorain-Elyria, Ohio*	
37 Cedar Rapids, Iowa 77 Gainesville, Fla. 117 Los Angeles-Long Beach, Calif.	37	Cedar Rapids, Iowa	77	Gainesville, Fla.			
38 Champaign-Urbana, III. 78 Galveston-Texas City, Tex. 118 Louisville, KvInd.	38	Champaign-Urbana, III.	78	Galveston-Texas City, Tex.			
39 Charleston, S.C.* 79 Gary-Hammond-East Chicago, Ind. 119 Lowell, Mass.	39		79	• •			
40 Charleston, W. Va. 80 Grand Rapids, Mich.* 120 Lubbock, Tex.	40). Charleston, W. Va.			1		Ì

J	Report	1	Report		Report		1
l	number	Area	number	Area	number	Area	
1				71100	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	71.04	Į
١	121	Lynchburg, Va.*	161	Pine Bluff, Ark.	201	Spokane, Wash.	١
-	122	Macon, Ga.*	162	Pittsburgh, Pa.	202	Springfield, III.	1
ł	123	Madison, Wis.	163	Pittsfield, Mass.	203	Springfield, Mo.	١
1	124	Manchester, N.H.	164	Portland, Maine*	203	Springfield, Ohio	1
	125	Mansfield, Ohio	165	Portland, OregWash.	205	Springfield-Chicopee-Holyoke, MassConn.*	١
1			103	i oi danu, Oreg. wasar.	200	Springheta-cincopee-Holyake, MassCain.	ł
	126	McAllen-Pharr-Edinburg, Tex.	166	Providence-Pawtucket-Warwick, R.1Mass.*	206	Stamford, Conn.	١
ı	127	Memphis, TennArk.	167	Provo-Orem, Utah	207	Steubenville-Weirton, Ohio- W. Va.	١
	128	Meriden, Conn.	168	Pueblo, Calo.	208	Stockton, Calif.	١
ı	129	Miami, Fla.	169	Racine, Wis.	209	Syracuse, N.Y.	ļ
l	130	Midland, Tex.	170	Raleigh, N.C.	210	Tacoma, Wash.	1
1	131	84 0		j	044	- u	١
1	132	Milwaukee, Wis.*	171	Reading, Pa.	211	Tallahassee, Fla.	1
ŀ		Minneapolis-St. Paul, Minn.	172	Reno, Nev.	212	Tampa-St. Petersburg, Fla.	ļ
	133	Mobile, Ala.	173	Richmond, Va.	213	Terre Haute, Ind.	1
ĺ	134	Modesto, Calif.	174	Roanoke, Va.	214	Texarkana, TexArk.	ł
	135	Monroe, La.	175	Rochester, Minn.	215	Toledo, Ohio Mich.	ĺ
l	136	Montgomery, Ala.	170	Deal area MAY	216	Topeka, Kans.	١
1	137	Muncie, Ind.	176	Rochester, N.Y.	217	Trenton, N.J.	l
ł	138	Muskegon-Muskegon Heights, Mich.	177	Rockford, III.	218	Tucson, Ariz.	l
l	139	Nashville-Davidson, Tenn.	178	Sacramento, Calif.*		Tulsa, Okla.	l
	140	New Bedford, Mass.	179	Saginaw, Mich.	220	Tuscaloosa, Ala.	ł
l		obditional, intess.	180	St. Joseph, Mo.			1
	141	New Britain, Conn.	181	St. Louis, MoIII.*	221	Tyler, Tex.	ļ
	142	New Haven, Conn.*	182	Salem, Oreg.	222	Utica-Rome, N.Y.	l
	143	New London-Groton-Norwich, Conn.*	183	Salinas-Monterey, Calif.		Vallejo-Napa, Calif.	١
	144	New Orleans, La.	184	Salt Lake City, Utah		Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton, N.J.	l
	145	New York, N.Y.	185	San Angelo, Tex.	225	Waco, Tex.	۱
	140	A			226	Washington, D.CMdVa.	ł
	146	Newark, N.J.*	186	San Antonio, Tex.		Waterbury, Conn.*	1
	147	Newport News-Hampton, Va.*	187	San Bernardino-Riverside-Ontario, Calif.		Waterloo, lowa	ł
	148	Norfolk-Portsmouth, Va.*	188	San Diego, Calif.		West Palm Beach, Fla.	١
	149	Norwalk, Conn.*	189	San Francisco-Dakland, Calif.		Wheeling, W. VaOhio	Į
	150	Odessa, Tex.	190	San Jose, Calif.		-	١
	151	Ogden, Utah	101	Conta Darkora Calif		Wichita, Kans.	ł
		Oklahoma City, Okla.	191	Santa Barbara, Calif.		Wichita Falls, Tex.*	١
				Santa Rosa, Calif.		Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton, Pa.	J
		Omaha, NebrIowa		Savannah, Ga.		Wilmington, DelN.JMd.	١
		Orlando, Fla. Oxnard-Ventura, Calif.		Scranton, Pa.	235	Wilmington, N.C.	1
	100	Oxnigio. A Guiffita' Pallit.	195	Seattle-Everett, Wash.	236	Worcester, Mass.*	l
	156	Paterson-Clifton-Passaic, N.J.	196	Sherman-Denison, Tex.		York, Pa.	Ì
		Pensacola, Fla.		Shreveport, La.		Youngstown-Warren, Ohio*	۱
		Peoria, III.		Sioux City, Iowa-Nebr.		Mayagüez, P.R.	Ì
		Philadelphia, PaN.J.		Sioux Falls, S. Dak.		Ponce, P.R.	ĺ
		Phoenix, Ariz.		South Bend, Ind.		San Juan, P.R.	1

INTRODUCTION

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B. Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics	;	App-3
C. Accuracy of the Data		App-13

D. Publication and Computer Summary Tape Program App-20

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GENERAL

This report presents statistics by census tract on the characteristics of the population and housing units as reported in the 1970 Census of Population and Housing. Legal provision for this census, which was conducted as of April 1, 1970, was made in the Act of Congress of August 31, 1954 (amended August 1957), which codified Title 13, United States Code, This report series contains 241 reports as listed on page II. Each report relates to a particular standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA), and in some cases also covers certain areas adjacent to the SMSA. As stated on page App-2. there are 247 currently recognized SMSA's, including four in Puerto Rico. There are no reports in this series for six of these SMSA's because they were newly designated on the basis of the 1970 census results and census tracts had not been established for them previously.

This series of reports is one of the several series which present the information compiled from the census. For a description of the full data dissemination program see Appendix D, "Publication and Computer Summary Tape Program."

The content and procedures of the 1970 census were determined after

evaluation of the results of the 1960 census, consultation with a wide variety of users of census data, and extensive field pretesting. A number of changes were introduced in 1970 to improve the usefulness of the census results. For the characteristics shown in this report, the changes do not, however, affect to any appreciable extent the comparability of the 1970 data with those for 1960.

More detailed information on the technical and procedural matters covered in the text of this report can be obtained by writing to the Director, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D. C. 20233. Such information will also appear in later reports of the 1970 census.

Organization of the text.-The text consists of this introduction and four appendixes, which appear after the Appendix A describes area tables classifications, defines census tracts, and traces some of the history of the development of census tract statis-Appendix B provides definitions and explanations of the population and housing subjects appearing in the report. Appendix C presents information on sources of error in the data, sampling variability, ratio estimation, and editing procedures. Appendix D summarizes the data dissemination program of the 1970 census.

Content of the tables.—There are two numbered series of tables. Tables P-1 to P-8 present population statistics and tables H-1 to H-5 present housing statistics. Tables P-5 to P-8 and H-3 to H-5 relate to Negroes and to persons of Spanish language or surname or persons of Puerto Rican birth or parentage; they include only those tracts that have a population of 400 or more for the particular group.

The tables include data for the component counties and places of 25,000 or more in the SMSA, as well as for the tracts. All tables are arranged in identical fashion. Summations are presented first for the SMSA, followed by the component counties in alphabetical order (within State, if the SMSA crosses State lines). Shown under each county is the summation for each component place of 25,000 inhabitants or more and the balance of the county. Following these summations are the data for individual tracts (arranged in the abovementioned geographic order) within the SMSA; and, in certain cases, for individual tracts in territory contiguous to the SM\$A. When a tract crosses the boundary of a place of 25,000 inhabitants or more, statistics for the portion of the tract which lies inside the place are shown with the figure for the place; statistics for the remainder of the tract are shown as part of another place and/or under the county balance, as appropriate. The totals for each of these "split" tracts appear at the end of the table.

Sample size.-Tables P-1, H-1, and H-3 contain 100-percent data; the remaining tables contain data based on a sample of the population, with sampling rates of 20 percent or 15 percent. Figures for the total population or for some subgroups of the population (e.g., the population 5 years old and over) may differ from table to table or within the same table when the figures are tabulated from different samples. The sample size for each subject is stated in table C, Appendix C, "Accuracy of the Data." Appendix C also provides information on the sampling variability associated with the data.

Derived figures (percents, medians, etc.).--Percents, medians, and means, as well as certain rates and ratios are shown in these reports. For all types of derived figures in this report, the figure is not presented (but indicated by three dots "...") if the base is smaller than the minimum number prescribed for the sample on which the figure is based. The minimum bases are 5 (persons, families, households, or housing units) for figures derived from 100-percent tabulations, 25 for figures based on the 20-percent sample, and 33 for those based on the 15-percent sample. When a crosstabulation of two or more characteristics covers subjects based on different samples, the minimum base for the smaller sample applies. Although figures are shown for all areas, except when the base is less than the specified minimum, the reader should exercise caution in the use and interpretation of data for very small areas or subgroups of the population; these data are especially subject to the effects of sampling variability, misreporting, and processing errors.

Percents which round to less than 0.1 are not shown but indicated as zero (i.e., "-"). The median, which is a type of average, is the middle value in a distribution, i.e., the median divides the distribution into two equal parts-one-half of the cases fall below the median and one-half of the cases exceed the median. When the median falls in the lower terminal category of an open-end distribution, the method of presentation is to show the initial value of the next category followed by a minus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "Less than \$5,000," it is shown as "\$5,000-." When the median falls in the upper terminal category of an open-end distribution, the method of presentation is to show the initial value of the terminal category followed by a plus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "75 years and over," it is shown as "75+." The mean is the arithmetic average derived by adding the values in a particular distribution and dividing by the number of units in the distribution.

Symbols.—A dash "—" signifies zero. Three dots "..." mean not applicable, or that the base for the derived figure is too small for it to be shown, or that the data are being withheld to avoid disclosure of information for individuals. The symbol "U" means that the place is "unincorporated."

Boundaries.—Information on changes in the boundaries of tracts between 1960 and 1970 for this area appears after the Introduction. Information on boundary changes between 1960 and 1970 for certain types of areas other than tracts is given in the 1970 Population Census PC(1)-A report for each State.

DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

The 1970 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. In 1960, self-enumeration was first introduced on a nationwide scale as a substitute for the traditional census direct interview.

A census questionnaire was delivered by postal carriers to every household several days before Census Day, April 1, 1970. This questionnaire contained certain explanatory information and was accompanied by an instruction sheet; in areas with comparatively large proportions of Spanish-speaking persons, a Spanish version of the instruction sheet was also enclosed.

In the larger metropolitan areas and some adjacent counties, altogether containing about three-fifths of the population of the United States, the householder was requested to fill out and mail back the form on Census Day. Approximately 87 percent of the The mailedhouseholders did so. back forms were reviewed by the census enumerator (or, in some localities, a census clerk) and if the form was determined to be incomplete or inconsistent, a followup was made. The bulk of these followups were made by telephone, the rest by personal visit. For the households which did not mail back their forms, a followup was also made, in almost all cases by personal visit and in the remainder by telephone.

For the remaining two-fifths of the population, the householder was requested to fill out the form and give it to the enumerator when he called; approximately 80 percent did so. Incomplete and unfilled forms were completed by interview during the enumerator's visit.

Three types of questionnaires were used throughout the country; 80 percent of the households answered a form containing a limited number of population and housing questions and the remainder, split into 15-percent and 5-percent samples, answered forms which contained these questions as well as a number of additional questions. Some of the additional questions were the same on the 15-percent and 5-percent versions; others were different. A random procedure was used to determine which of the three any particular household forms answered.

In the metropolitan and adjacent areas, the designated type of questionnaire was sent to each household. In the remaining areas, the questionnaire

INTRODUCTION—Continued

with a limited number of questions was distributed to all households, and the enumerators obtained the additional information by interview in those households designated for the 15-percent and 5-percent samples.

PROCESSING PROCEDURES

The 1970 census questionnaires were specially designed to be processed by FOSDIC (Film Optical Sensing Device for Input to Computer). For most items on the questionnaire, the information supplied by the respondent or obtained by the enumerator was indicated by marking the answers in

predesignated positions that would be "read" by FOSDIC from a microfilm copy of the questionnaire onto computer magnetic tape with no intervening manual processing. A number of the items, however, required reviewing written entries to determine the proper code. Consequently, the processing involved a manual coding and editing operation in which clerks determined the appropriate codes and marked the specified positions on the questionnaire; for example, the clerks applied a 2-digit numerical code for the country-of-birth entry. marks, as well as those made by the respondent and enumerator, were read

by FOSDIC onto magnetic tape.

The tape containing the information from the questionnaires was processed on the Census Bureau's computers through a number of editing and tabulation steps (see Appendix C, "Accuracy of the Data"). One of the end results of this operation was a computer tape from which the tables in this report were prepared on a cathode-ray-tube phototypesetting machine at the Government Printing Office. Another end result was the summary tapes which are available for purchase, as described in Appendix D, "Publication and Computer Summary Tape Program."

Census tract comparability tables are not provided in this report because the area was tracted for the first time for 1970.

Table P-1. General Characteristics of the Population: 1970-

[For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

!		Harrison	County						Biloxi				
Census Tracts	Total	Biloxi	Gulfport	Balance	Tract 0001	Tract 0002	Tract 0003	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0006	Tract 0007	Tract 0008	Tract 0009
RACE		····											
All persons White Negro Percent Negro	134 582 111 061 22 743 16.9	48 486 41 507 6 577 13.6	40 791 33 146 7 412 18.2	45 305 36 408 8 754 19.3	1 905 1 898 5 0,3	3 103 2 457 643 20.7	5 723 2 681 3 035 53.0	2 862 1 534 1 327 46.4	604 579 19 3.1	3 282 3 238 31 0.9	3 035 2 622 390 12.9	1 897 1 869 5 0.3	10 344 9 409 730 7.1
AGE BY SEX Male, all ages Under 5 years 3 and 4 years 5 to 9 years 6 years 10 to 14 years 115 to 19 years 15 years 16 years 17 years 18 years 19 years 20 years 21 years 21 years 21 years 21 years 31 years 32 to 44 years 44 years 55 to 59 years 55 to 59 years 56 to 64 years 56 to 74 years 56 to 74 years	70 500 6 149 2 389 7 161 1 347 1 412 7 540 1 319 1 175 1 937 1 2995 10 391 3 252 2 206 6 433 2 439 2 604 1 453	27 795 1 990 699 2 116 391 428 2 269 431 4 611 418 337 1 2314 6 221 1 332 2 723 2 723 1 61 874 670 1 000 613	20 422 1 758 697 1 997 347 360 2 318 480 2 013 409 441 410 364 441 410 364 594 2 626 594 2 273 2 236 801 687 835 432	22 283 2 401 973 3 048 609 609 624 2 953 538 2 021 492 442 428 342 292 1 543 325 280 2 929 2 701 2 036 764 650 829 408	903 81 32 25 96 25 15 96 25 88 18 17 21 19 100 22 23 72 85 112 49 36 73 29	1 501 133 41 140 29 148 25 157 33 31 23 33 37 195 43 169 199 190 59	2 672 369 144 328 55 63 352 70 266 65 43 68 39 51 236 48 38 297 218 250 104 78	1 326 147 51 127 22 17 137 25 125 34 22 26 23 20 178 40 122 119 127 78 79 33	269 18 5 3 1	1 499 729 200 137 29 119 23 21 16 27 32 324 155 74 150 143 158 64 40 46	1 475 210 69 190 48 33 164 36 98 24 16 12 20 24 17 34 25 248 149 87 30 55 52 24	911 77 18 58 8 10 91 20 103 24 18 21 156 22 156 123 37 75 96 123 34 20	8 680 216 713 233 41 413 42 42 3 044 30 113 970 2 019 3 892 1 882 1 855 555 557 346 37 4 4 4 4 7 8
Female, all ages Under 5 years	64 082 6 001 2 360 6 917 1 317 1 390 6 971 1 316 6 441 1 352 1 252 1 252 1 176 1 317 1 301 1 211 8 304 7 351 6 339 2 455 2 291 3 301 1 742	20 691 1 907 711 2 084 398 423 2 043 396 42 226 415 399 360 491 561 2 455 557 552 2 266 1 904 772 773 7752 1 098	20 369 1 699 662 1 941 383 401 2 089 393 1 926 388 402 414 367 355 1 825 380 333 2 464 2 395 2 387 897 826 1 229	23 022 2 395 2 892 536 5566 2 839 527 2 289 451 402 451 402 428 1 689 3 234 3 26 3 22 572 2 048 785 713 974	1 002 77 30 69 17 11 83 19 135 35 20 25 27 28 87 22 22 70 86 133 59 76	1 602 123 48 109 25 21 125 26 167 235 24 38 45 17 18 48 41 157 146 191 83 148 95	3 051 354 128 327 66 76 347 72 330 79 64 66 56 56 68 337 301 281 118 151 118 151 171	1 536 161 48 157 25 34 136 23 176 25 38 30 47 36 144 47 37 147 137 147 177 91 125	335 18 2 11 3 2 12 2 2 38 3 2 4 6 23 518 19 16 21 33 25 33 41 29	1 783 94 123 199 22 127 195 24 34 41 37 59 276 62 62 62 139 171 205 100 107 74	1 560 207 95 166 36 31 144 29 128 28 20 27 25 26 192 240 150 101 46 53 24 41	986 54 11 78 11 18 85 18 133 18 125 21 34 35 139 139 136 31 109 136 50 34 50 34 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50	1 664 200 75; 213 42; 45; 156; 224 256; 11 16 106; 277; 73; 66; 333; 147; 18; 18; 18; 18; 18; 18; 18; 18; 18; 18
RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD All persons	134 582 123 570 37 488	48 486 39 301 12 604	40 791 39 402 12 441	45 305 44 867 12 443	1 905 1 905 648	3 103 3 065 1 083	5 723 5 710 1 699	2 862 2 853 872	604 569 279	3 282 3 271 1 347	3 035 3 035 947	1 897 1 896 649	10 344 2 800 729
Head of household. Head of family	31 450 6 038 27 080 57 177 1 825 11 012 3.30	10 359 2 245 8 952 17 130 615 9 185	10 164 2 277 8 633 17 536 792 1 389 3.17	10 927 1 516 9 495 22 511 418 438 3.61	500 148 417 834 6 - 2.94	851 232 687 1 259 36 38 2.83	1 356 343 991 2 918 102 13 3,36	679 193 535 1 375 71 9	162 117 135 139 16 35	947 400 835 1 026 63 11 2.43	791 156 681 1 387 20 	561 88 493 724 30 1	725 4 714 1 353 4 7 544 3,84
TYPE OF FAMILY AND NUMBER OF OWN CHILDREN													
All families With own children under 18 years Number of children Husbend-wife families With own children under 18 years Number of children Percent of total under 18 years Families with other meta head With own children under 18 years Number of children Families with female head With own children under 18 years Number of children Percent of total under 18 years Number of children Percent of total under 18 years		10 359 5 916 13 563 8 952 5 132 11 690 79.8 237 91 211 1 170 693 1 662 11.3	10 164 5 732 12 967 8 633 4 848 10 902 76.4 249 106 216 1 282 778 1 849 13.0 14 266	10 927 7 059 17 971 9 495 6 161 15 612 80.8 301 154 355 1 131 744 2 004 10.4	500 247 562 417 209 484 77.6 16 7 13 67 31 65 10.4	851 376 840 687 305 679 71.5 37 15 29 127 56 132 13.9 949	1 356 832 2 162 991 591 1 522 61.8 42 16 39 323 225 601 24.4 2 462	679 332 876 535 277 728 70.0 25 5 15 119 50 133 12.8	162 44 79 135 36 68 73.1 10 1 1 7 7 10 10.8	947 357 765 835 305 661 80.7 17 4 11 95 48 93 11.4	791 494 1 113 681 425 913 75.3 15 9 33 95 60 167 13.8	561 278 542 493 240 480 84.2 10 3 3 3 58 35 59 10.4	725 555 307 714 548 1 292 95.8 8 5 12 3 0.2
MARITAL STATUS							,	040	0.43	1 010	949	705	B 044
Male, 14 years old and over Single	51 105 18 422 29 885 709 1 160 1 638 45 509 9 036 29 592 933	21 857 10 218 10 396 304 438 805 15 053 3 022 9 701 285	14 829 4 513 9 451 246 331 534 15 033 2 850 9 551 330	14 419 3 691 10 038 159 391 299 15 423 3 164 10 340 318	669 180 434 4 24 31 792 165 454	1 105 267 742 20 45 51 1 271 205 768 38	1 693 495 1 101 61 53 44 2 095 484 1 175	940 293 586 23 32 29 1 105 260 608 33	241 50 152 10 6 33 296 64 154	1 212 261 872 8 37 42 1 468 284 896 19	185 722 13 20 22 1 072 162 736 21	705 175 516 9 6 8 787 141 525 9	6 710 1 253 48 16 65 1 119 370 730
Widowed	4 965 1 916	1 655 675	1 872 760	1 438 481	140 33	236 62	284 152	176 61	56 22	218 70	55	37	12

Table P-1. General Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

(For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text)

	BiloxiCon, Gulfport												
Census Tracts	Tract 0010	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0014.99	Tract 0015	Tract 0016	Tract 0017	Tract 0018	Tract 0019	Tract 0020	Tract 0021
RACE													
All persons	5 556 5 381 128 2.3	1 512 1 339 173 11.4	5 375 5 256 79 1.5	3 288 3 244 12 0.4	3 351 3 328 7 0.2	8 8 	4 232 3 862 348 8.2	4 372 4 359 10 0.2	6 099 4 797 1 275 20.9	235 226 7 3.0	4 606 3 708 881 19.1	4 667 3 674 979 21.0	276 200 75 27.2
AGE BY SEX			- (A		•••			
Male, all ages Under 5 yeors	2 763 289 126 388 66 93 374 216 57 49 40 39 452 228 62 29 26 10 2 793 281 119 405 77 366 68 241 55 59 35 35 41 55 59	1 497 	2 689 226 81 353 60 72 399 71 273 80 62 63 32 34 219 281 69 60 32 15 2 86 87 30 60 27 15 2 87 33 44 7 7 80 60 7 7 1 7 3 1 8 60 60 7 7 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 9 9 1 8 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9	1 610 145 37 113 17 23 110 98 24 16 26 15 17 382 48 67 264 152 145 63 49 49 58 144 42 29 29 113 116 121 29 29 24 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31	1 521 1001 27 104 20 21 899 233 105 20 21 21 22 233 233 233 235 157 70 83 111 26 133 43 27 111 111 18 133 212 27 27 27 27 27 28 28 29 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27	551	2 134 202 288 53 42 348 644 217 57 40 46 27 159 32 25 256 339 40 21 2 098 41 33 40 21 2 1 2 098 44 47 47 47 40 41 40 41 40 41 40 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41	2 186 136 60 245 31 40 328 37 68 65 54 29 95 18 187 199 342 363 38 57 206 43 38 319 69 222 55 33 19 108	3 012 88 297 41 60 359 78 293 56 78 69 54 337 48 365 354 120 82 120 61 3 087 274 61 309 76 61 324 66 300 74 61 329 56	119 111 3 17 4 2 16 2 10 3 4 2 1 10 1 3 19 14 15 - 2 1 4 116 6 11 3 3 11 2 2 3 5 1 15 4 2	2 246 241 100 238 43 41 271 53 193 193 197 30 30 30 197 32 276 242 254 107 91 90 46 2 360 199 81 223 34 35 35 36 36 36 36 36 37 37 37 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38	2 235 201 80 172 28 34 210 52 203 84 247 40 36 255 60 196 256 196 268 112 113 119 80 2 432 205 755 169 328 328 172 328 338 447 47 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49	193 1 3 - - - - - - - - - - - - -
21 yeors	56 499 388 225 43 39 45 20	1 3 5 - - 1	54 356 455 265 75 57 71 58	65 210 160 177 62 58 98 36	217 131 201 103 116 191 105	-	37 22 332 341 174 41 40 55 30	23 254 392 328 74 39 69 42	46 378 391 358 114 102 164 84	3 15 16 9 5 - 4 3	32 292 277 319 90 110 121 76	232 218 345 148 138 192 117	6 2 12 13 7 11 7
All persons In households Head of household Head of femily Primary individual Wife of head Other relative of head Not related to head In group quarters Persons per household TYPE OF FAMILY AND NUMBER OF OWN CHILDREN	1 434 130 1 327 2 587 70 8	1 512 28 9 7 2 7 12 1 484 3.11	5 375 5 336 1 526 1 373 153 1 255 2 487 68 39 3.50	3 288 3 285 1 252 973 279 875 1 029 129 3 2.62	3 351 3 332 1 320 939 381 844 1 028 140 19 2.52	8 8	4 232 4 226 1 135 1 039 96 921 2 136 34 6 3.72	4 372 4 372 1 213 1 138 75 1 057 2 091 11 - 3.60	6 099 6 059 1 865 1 567 298 1 332 2 710 152 40 3.25	235 235 73 60 13 54 105 3	4 606 4 600 1 414 1 220 194 1 032 2 097 57 6 3.25	4 667 4 620 1 646 1 240 406 997 1 842 135 47 2.81	276 139 75 30 45 19 40 5 137
All familles With own children under 18 years Number of children Husband-wife femilies With own children under 18 years Number of children Percent of total under 18 years Familles with other mele head With own children under 18 years Number of children Familles with female head With own children under 18 years Number of children Percent of total under 18 years Number of children Percent of total under 18 years Persons under 18 years	1 012 2 338 1 327 942 2 169 89.9 18 6 21 89 64 148 6.1	7 4 9 7 4 9 100.0 - - - - - - 9	1 373 935 2 132 1 255 853 1 950 87.8 19 10 16 99 72 166 7.5 2 220	973 450 838 875 397 735 82.7 20 10 18 85 9.6 889	939 373 732 844 337 672 85.5 13 4 6 82 32 54 6.9 786		1 039 749 1 793 921 664 1 584 85.5 15 6 14 103 79 195 10.5 1 852	1 138 780 1 689 1 057 725 1 580 91.1 17 7 14 64 48 95 5.5	1 567 886 1 988 1 332 745 1 639 74.4 61 28 55 174 113 294 13.3 2 203	60 42 94 54 37 83 86.5 3 2 5 3 6 6.3	1 220 694 1 571 1 032 592 1 328 79.1 25 25 163 87 218 13.0 1 678	1 240 567 1 133 997 438 892 63.7 14 29 206 115 212 15.1	30 3 3 19 2 2 10.5 2 - - 9 1 1 5 3
MARITAL STATUS Mole, 14 years old and over Morried Separated Widowed Divorced Famole, 14 years old and over Single Morried Separated Widowed Divorced	364 1 356 5 19 2 23 1 809 2 286 1 388 1 10 79	1 494 498 464 93 139 393 11 2 7	1 782 441 1 295 7 18 28 1 912 384 1 329 7 147 52	1 261 299 903 3 23 36 1 316 215 931 7 107 63	1 250 306 882 12 20 42 1 490 293 902 16 220 75	8 2 6	1 360 362 957 11 21 20 1 410 270 1 012 26 89 39	1 542 427 1 088 4 11 16 1 597 336 1 107 6 111 43	2 186 629 1 431 24 42 84 2 246 446 1 467 47 232 101	77 12 59 	1 549 379 1 094 27 38 38 38 1 737 318 1 125 40 220 74	1 704 439 1 111 55 51 103 1 899 304 1 131 48 314 150	189 83 62 10 8 36 77 30 24 1 17

Table P-1. General Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

ſ	For minimum t		port – Con.	ordern, mou	31,, 4(3,, 41	a mounty of			nce of Harri	son County			
Census Tracts	Tract	Tract	<u> </u>	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract 0027	Tract 0028	Tract 0029
	0022	0023	Tract 0024	Tract 0025	0026	0002	0015	0018	0024	0026	0027	0028	0029
RACE						_		2 072	1 830	107	4 666	3 005	1 682
White	2 424 2 407 5	3 654 1 974 1 664	735 735 —	2 292 2 039 227	3 840 1 829 1 934	 	610 601 1	3 975 532 3 442	21 1 808	105	4 377 250	2 982 2	1 555 121
Negro Percent Negro	0.2	45.5	~	9.9	50.4		0,2	86.6	98.8	-	5.4	0.1	7.2
AGE BY SEX	. 100	1 797	376	1 673	1 862		299	1 856	878	51	2 343	1 325	807
Male, all ages Under 5 years 3 and 4 years	1 120 75 22	1 737 183 81	29 17	105 39	227 97	•••	29 11	254 94	98 38	4 2	257 117	99 40 130	47 22 62 12
5 to 9 year's 5 years	83 15	163 29	45 10	101 23	241 50 48	•••	35 6 6	284 53 64	122 26 25	1 2	354 64 75	26 25 157	11
6 years 10 to 14 years 14 years	19 110 24	20 193 39	10 53 8	23 87 18	254 56	***	38 6	248 53 192	150 23	6	354 71 209	157 36	116 27 94
15 to 19 years	115 27	180 44	35 4 10	178 9 9	183 43 44	•••	19 5 4	192 46 41	105 28 26	- -	48 58	36 123 39 29 25	22 30 15
16 years 17 years 18 years	18 21 25	43 44 25	12 4	12 27	32 33	•••	4	40 37	26 21 20	3 1	45 37 21	25 9 21	15
19 years 20 to 24 years	24 116	24 153	5 35	121 766	31 227 50	•••	5 32 5	28 125 35	10 62 18	5 2	124 23	93 21	16 32 8
20 years 21 years 25 to 34 years	23 32 104	35 36 178	5 7 52	283 226 228 107	61 215		5 5 45	31 203	14 89	2 5	26 340	21 120 181	3 77 96
35 to 44 years 45 to 54 years	112 136	150 206	45 41	107 51 24	176 144 62	···	43 30 10	169 168 65	105 59 26	5 1	318 197 62	176 65 58	110 42 41
55 to 59 years60 to 64 years65 to 74 years	61 81 89	86 82 107	14 12 12	6 16	39 60		8 8	46 71	26 26 28	3 6	42 54 32	58 70 53	41 60 30
75 years and over	38 1 304	56 1 917	3 359	4 619	34 1 978		2 311	31 2 119	952	2 56	2 323	1 680 77	875 53
Under 5 years3 and 4 years	78 32	130 53	42 17	89 28	208 72	:::	40 21 26	286 120 281	120 57 145	2 	235 98 293	28 118	27 85
5 to 9 years	85 19 14	159 24 28	44 7 8	93 20 14	250 58 50	•••	26 2 4	57 46	29 28	Į Į	47 58	18 20	8 19
6 years 10 to 14 years 14 years	86 20	188 29	42 11	66 12	238		36 8 30	277 51 206	148 35 83	5 1 9	307 48 203	163 28 348	106 19 74
15 to 19 years 15 years 16 years	113 19	196 48 35	32 11 6	48 12 11	217 35 43		8 7	48 48	21 20		57 34	38 28	17 14
17 years18 years	22 34 21	35 37 40	4 7	8 11	53 45	•••	3 7 5	41 36 33	10 16 16	2 1 1	44 40 28	31 127 124	16 12 15
19 years	17 102 18	36 144 36	26 1	6 61 13	202 49	•••	30 3	160 37	69 9	1	162 28	121 47 19	35 7 8
20 years 21 years 25 to 34 years	29 114	27 195	6 51	11 11 5	46 263		12 46 37	31 254 217	20 120 113	3	27 379 337	132 199	73 92
35 to 44 years	113 175 99	206 231 106	55 31 13	54 49 19	199 155 72	•••	26 9	198 67	49 21	9 2	181 58	197 90	145 47
55 to 59 years60 to 64 years65 to 74 years	91 162	105 161	13 15 6	9 14	54 79	•••	14 9 8	50 78 45	33 35 16	3 9 1	59 73 36	67 116 52	48 74 43
75 years and over RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD	86	96	2	2	41	***	ŭ	43		•			
All persons	2 424	3 654	735	2 292	3 840 3 821		610 610	3 975 3 959	1 830 1 830	1 07 107	4 666 4 655	3 005 2 773	1 682 1 682
In households	2 424 914 678	3 593 1 193 899	729 192 171	1 252 332 294	1 069	•••	189 161	1 141 867	452 370	36 30	1 224 1 126	912 767 145	521 439 82
Primary individual Wife of head		294 682	21 155	38 257 656	180 701 1 944	•••	28 145 271	274 559 2 193	82 266 1 097	6 28 43	98 1 030 2 374	685 1 130	376 769
Other relative of head	43	1 628 90 61	374 8 6	7 1 040	107		- 5 -	66 16	15	-	27 11	46 232	16
Persons per household		3.01	3.80	3.77	3.57	•••	3,23	3.47	4.05	2.97	3.80	3.04	3,23
TYPE OF FAMILY AND NUMBER OF OWN CHILDREN													
All families With own children under 18 years	. 1 299	899 454	171 111	294 211	889 563	***	161 94	867 556	370 255 813	30 14 31	1 126 821 1 996	767 407 898	439 226 555
Number of children	619 582	1 092 682	256 1 55	515 257	1 482 701	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	228 145	1 666 559	266 180	28	1 030 762	685 357	376 203
With own children under 18 years	257 532	335 794	104 243 80,5	182 438 72.8	430 1 115 66.8	•••	84 201 85.5	336 1 014 53.5	581 63.9	12 25 75.8	1 835 88.0	797 85.3	492 84.4
Percent of total under 18 years Families with other male head	14	62.7 31	6	72.6 4 2	21		5 3	50 31	23 16	-	9 4	1 3 8	14 5 13
With own children under 18 years Number of children	11	15 27		6 33	24 167	•••	š 11	78 258	36 81	- 2	7 87	17 69	49
Families with female head	. 38	186 104 271	10 7 13	27 71	124 343		7 21	189 574	59 196	2 6	55 154	42 84	18 50
Number of children Percent of total under 18 years	. 11.6	21.4 1 267	4.3 302	11.8 602	20.6 1 668		8.9 235	30.3 1 894	21.6 909	18.2 33	7.4 2 086	9.0 934	8,4 583
Persons under 18 years	0.50	, 207											
Male, 14 years old and over	876 211	1 237 352	257 77	1 398 863	1 196 371		203 42	1 123 358	531 196	38 7	1 449 355 1 054	975 229 706	609 184 395
Married	612	770 50	161	461 14	757 27 35		153 4 2	683 67 39	298 15 26	31	4 21	3 25	393 6 23 7
Divorced	: 31	61 54	8 11	10 64	33		6 217	43 1 326	11 574	48	19 1 536	15 1 350	7 650
Female, 14 years old and overSingle	1/2	1 469 286 821	242 48 165	383 59 289	1 326 273 823	•••	37 153	324 758	158 318	30	283 1 096	446 722	131 397
MarriedSeparatedWidowed	10 213	74 275	4 17	10 22	47 }36	:::	1 18	139 157	29 71	7 2	16 119 38	7 143 39	9 97 25
Divorced	62	87	12	13	94		9	87	27	- 2	38	37	∠3

Table P-1. General Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

		Balanc	e of Harrison (County — Con.				Totals	for split tracts		
Census Tracts	Tract 0030	Tract 0031	Tract 0032	Tract 0033	Tract 0034	Tract 0035	Tract 0002	Tract 0015	Tract 0018	Tract 0024	Tract 0026
RACE											
All persons	2 223 1 199	5 942 4 514	5 842 5 823	6 277 6 250	3 213 2 989	5 931 5 458	3 105 2 459	4 842 4 463	4 210 758	2 565 756	3 947 1 934
Negro Percent Negro	i 023 46.0	1 399 23.5	7 0.1	10 0.2	219 6.8	472 8.0	643 20.7	349 7,2	3 449 81.9	756 1 808 70.5	1 934
AGE BY SEX											
Mole, all ages Under 5 years 3 and 4 years 5 to 9 years 5 years 6 years 10 to 14 years 14 years	1 111 99 43 165 36 42 138 18	2 905 392 169 459 91 92 423 77	2 939 337 134 422 75 104 352	3 130 322 127 423 93 72 356	1 638 158 61 218 51 35 210	2 999 305 135 370 75 71 405	1 503 133 41 140 29 39 148	2 433 231 93 323 59 48 386 70	1 975 265 97 301 57 66 264 55 202	1 254 127 55 167 36 35 203 31	1 913 231 99 245 51 50 260 57
15 to 19 years 15 years 16 years 7 years 17 years 18 years 19 years 20 to 24 years 20 years	116 28 30 24 19 15 74	232 56 50 60 42 24 171	352 71 234 58 55 42 41 38 180	72 356 54 275 57 54 64 40 60 289	34 133 39 29 27 25 13 117	285 66 61 58 59 41 239	25 157 33 31 23 33 37 195 39	236 52 61 44 47 32 191	202 49 45 42 38 28 135	140 32 36 33 24 15 97 23	187 43 44 35 34 31
21 yeors	23 12 111 105 117 53 33 66	37 37 374 339 221 84 75 91 44	35 27 489 422 254 74 75 67 33	45 42 467 375 288 110 77 109 39	18 15 232 178 145 65 66 70 46	377 364 266 106 100 129 53	43 169 119 151 91 59 90	30 301 382 220 51 41 48 23	34 222 183 183 65 48 72 35	21 141 150 100 40 38 40 11	232 52 63 220 182 149 63 42 66 36
Female, all ages	1 112 110 44 137 30 28 142 35	3 037 385 163 471 93 111 402 72	2 903 331 136 386 78 63 346 63 229	3 147 306 116 400 74 87 380 67	1 575 169 73 188 31 46 160 34	2 932 281 104 360 68 55 367 66	1 602 123 48 109 25 21 125 26	2 409 229 111 304 46 67 306 57	2 235 300 126 292 60 49 288 53 219	1 311 162 74 189 36 36 190 46	2 034 210 72 252 59 51 243 45
15 to 19 years 15 years 16 years 17 years 18 years 19 years 20 to 24 years 20 years	91 23 13 18 21 16 53	284 68 67 63 46 40 165 33 24	68 48 45 37 31 239 43	302 75 66 55 49 57 293 49	118 37 23 20 19 19 124 23	312 84 83 54 48 43 233 38 52 389	167 25 35 24 38 45 178 48	230 52 54 45 37 42 178 40	50 50 44 41 34 175 41	115 32 26 14 23 20 95	226 40 43 55 46 42 207 50
21 yeors	14 143 104 129 59 49 66 29	24 423 339 202 93 74 126 73	41 534 377 214 82 66 71 28	59 495 345 295 95 88 112 36	19 243 173 136 68 59 88 49	389 333 267 94 103 117 76	41 157 146 191 80 83 148 95	34 378 378 200 50 54 64 38	34 269 233 207 72 50 82 48	26 171 168 80 34 48 41	46 266 205 164 74 57 88 42
RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD											į
All persons In households	2 223 2 214 635 511 124 409 1 141 29 9	5 942 5 863 1 438 1 315 123 1 136 3 256 33 79 4.08	5 842 5 813 1 601 1 504 97 1 398 2 766 48 29 3.63	6 277 6 277 1 789 1 641 148 1 509 2 941 38 -	3 213 3 213 919 804 115 709 1 564 21	5 931 5 869 1 584 1 392 192 1 245 2 966 74 62 3.71	3 105 3 067 1 085 851 234 687 1 259 36 38 2.83	4 842 4 836 1 324 1 200 124 1 066 2 407 39 6	4 210 4 194 1 214 927 287 613 2 298 69 16	2 565 2 559 644 541 103 421 1 471 23 6	3 947 3 928 1 105 919 1 186 729 1 987 107 19
TYPE OF FAMILY AND NUMBER OF OWN CHILDREN											
All families With own children under 18 years. Number of children Husband-wife families With own children under 18 years. Number of children	511 288 855 409 222 692	1 315 942 2 708 1 136 816 2 342	1 504 1 040 2 370 1 398 963 2 202	1 641 1 034 2 404 1 509 952	804 485 1 185 709 454	1 392 897 2 262 1 245 820	851 376 840 687 305	1 200 843 2 021 1 066 748	927 598 1 760 613 373	541 366 1 069 421 284	919 577 1 513 729 442
Percent of total under 18 years Femilles with other male head With own children under 18 years Number of children Familles with famale head With own children under 18 years	74.6 20 9 16 82 57	80.9 41 22 56 138 104	88.4 23 13 25 83	2 234 87.3 33 19 42 99 63	1 121 87.7 31 5 12	2 076 83.2 39 19 47 108	679 71.5 37 15 29	1 785 85.5 20 9 20	1 097 55.1 53 33 83 261	824 68.0 29 16 36	1 140 67.0 21 9 24
Number of children Percent of total under 18 years Persons under 18 years MARITAL STATUS	927	310 10.7 2 896	64 143 5.7 2 490	128 5.0 2 558	26 52 4.1 1 278	58 139 5.6 2 494	56 132 13.9 949	86 216 10.3 2 087	192 580 29.1 1 990	66 209 17.3 1 211	126 349 20.5 1 701
Male, 14 years old and over Single Married Separated	727 226 451 9	1 708 421 1 200 9	1 899 396 1 449 12	2 083 464 1 543 8	1 086 275 743 5	1 986 538 1 331	1 107 267 743 20	1 563 404 1 110 15	1 200 370 742 67	788 273 459 16	1 234 378 788
Widowed Divorced Female, 14 years old and ever Single Married Separated	38 12 758 166 456 21	55 32 1 85 1 349 1 254 35	24 30 1 903 286 1 485	29 47 2 128 373 1 577 13	37 31 1 092 204 745 10	71 46 1 990 398 1 349 28	46 51 1 271 205 768 38	23 26 1 627 307 1 165 27	67 43 45 1 408 339 815 140	34 22 816 206 483 33 88	788 28 35 33 1 374 282 853 47
Widowed	105 31	179 69	98 34	131 47	120 23	193 50	236 62	107 48	163 91	88 39	143 96

Table P-2. Social Characteristics of the Population: 1970

		Harrison	County			······································		***	Biloxi				
Census Tracts	Total	Biloxi	Gulfport	Balance	Tract 0001	Tract 0002	Tract 0003	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0006	Tract 0007	Tract 0008	Tract 0009
NATIVITY, PARENTAGE, & COUNTRY OF ORIGIN													
All persons Native of native parentage Native of foreign or mixed parentage	134 582 127 448 5 514	48 486 44 898 2 775	40 790 38 842 1 426	45 306 43 708 1 313	1 881 1 690 133	3 290 3 112 136	5 747 5 677 70	2 862 2 748 91	597 529 4 5	3 169 2 929 198	3 035 2 820 150	1 642 1 480 135	9 730 687
Foreign born	1 620 7 134 1 103	813 3 588 607	522 1 948	285 1 598 178	58 191	42 178 13	- 70	23 114	23 68 23	42 240 31	65 215 41	27 1 62 44	816 204
United Kingdom	201 136 1 103	80 56 466	318 74 57 281	47 23 356	5 - 12	6 15	- - 7	7 	11	7 6 24	8 5 69	5	7 12 80
Poland Czechoslovakia	188 139 195	101 27 98	44 88 51	43 24 46	17 - 8	5 7	- 12	5 10	=	7	17	21 13	47 7 13
Hungary	49 91 634	23 32 222	26 39 172	20 240	- - 7	-	-	-	- 7	- - 40	22	13	13 13 66
Canada	661 254 46	402 129 18	135 106 21	124 19	<u>.</u> -	42	5	23	, 5 -	39 6	8 16	8 6	151
Other America	191 2 143	98 1 229	20 516	73 398	142	17 73	46	გ 50	22	13 67	29	6 46	37 132
Persons of Spanish language! Other persons of Spanish surname! Persons of Spanish mather tongue Persons of Puerto Rican birth or parentage	2 437 1 390 326	1 245 810 187	685 334 38	507 246 101		63 26 –	 36	48 27 -	···-	69 50	154 63 14	13	244 217 66
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT	-, 44,				***	700	. 704	710		700	***	014	, ,,,,
Enrolled persons, 3 to 34 years old Nursery school	36 496 576 235	11 028 168 55	11 217 183 76	14 251 225 104 599	464 10	752 6 6	1 734 30 24 79	768 4 - 37	77 	7 02 7 - 25	830 22 8 81	214 5 5 7	1 169 20 6 65
Kindergarten Public Elementary Public	1 549 838 23 773 21 860	513 252 7 028 6 348	437 269 7 068 6 446	317 9 677 9 066	26 19 244 212	12 - 477 477	75 1 186 1 175	33 518 448	53 53	472 410	44 540 374	148 108	39 639 581
High school	8 465 8 011 2 133	2 437 2 257 882	2 980 2 850 549	3 048 2 904 702	164 139 20	218 203 39	400 391 39	183 132 26	24 24	164 157 34	129 123 58	54 43	183 149 262
Percent enrolled in school by age: 16 and 17 years	81.8	77.9	85.1	81.5	92,8	84.0	74.7	67.2	15.4	70.5	77.2	38.5	66.7
18 and 19 years	25.4 6.0 5.6	13.8 4.8 6.4	35.2 5.2 4.5	49.3 11.7 5.2	43.3 15.5	31.5 9.4 2.7 2.1	36.6 2.9 8.2 2.4	34.3 10.9	-	20.6 - 8.5	44.6 8.1 7.7 5.7	4.2	4.3 3.7 5.5 3.9
25 to 34 years Percent 16 to 21 years not high school graduates and not enrolled in school	3.6	4.2 9.3	3.4 20.9	3,2 26,7	21.7	16.3	24.5	29.7	26.3	18.9	16.6	29.4	3.2
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED Parsons, 25 years old and over	62 734	20 731	20 605	21 398	1 046	1 700	2 495	1 398	310	1 717	1 364	979	1 667
No school years completed Elementary: 1 to 4 years 5 to 7 years	972 3 046 6 840	446 1 106 2 233	185 693 2 123	341 1 247 2 484	73 155 283	17 175 288	171 284 495	75 193 281	- 4 52	13 35 58	50 38 175	14 20 46	11
8 years High school, 1 to 3 years 4 years	5 351 12 184 21 178	1 825 3 691 7 009	1 543 4 226 6 573	1 983 4 267 7 596	157 193 157	192 397 459	299 624 486	160 282 305	20 77 98	127 258 672	137 251 523	85 184 286	50 220 725
College: 1 to 3 years	7 180 5 983 12.1	2 181 2 240 12.2	3 007 2 255 12.2	1 992 1 488 12.0	20 8 8.1	74 98 10.3	85 51 9.0	59 43 8.9	24 35 12.0	226 328 12.5	107 83 12.1	174 170 12.5	302 337 12.7
Percent high school graduates CHILDREN EVER BORN	54.7	55.1	57.4	51.8	17.7	37.1	24.9	29.1	50.6	71.4	52.3	64.4	81.8
Weman, 35 to 44 years old over married Children ever born Per 1,000 women ever married	6 860 23 014 3 355	2 151 7 061 3 283	2 268 7 123 3 141	2 441 8 830 3 617	80 327 4 088	157 673 4 287	277 996 3 596	127 672 5 291	13 78	210 725 3 452	1 50 474 3 160	93 245 2 634	136 378 2 779
RESIDENCE IN 1965	122 725	44 706	37 312	40 707	1 747	3 030	5 000	2 556	555	3 033	2 618	1 491	10 240
Persons, 5 years old and over, 19702 Same house as in 1970 Different house:	47 290	13 477	17 269 6 481	16 544 2 916	1 099 346	1 217 805	2 669 1 372	1 654 363	175 98	1 362 368	667 487	727 213	151
In central city of this SMSA	15 461 9 058 37 403 15 984	457 19 228 9 649	1 229 9 087 3 374	7 372 9 088 2 961	182 42	63 759 215	34 569 195	18 328 92	234 111	65 960 437	35 938 418	15 439 167	8 556 5 413
SouthAbrood	21 419 4 064	9 579 2 103	5 713 930	6 127 1 031	140	544 14	374 31	236 14	123 8	523 31	520 306	272 33	3 143 419
MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION AND PLACE OF WORK	53 163	22 476	15 960	14 727	683	1 240	1 771	1 043	247	1 381	956	744	8 860
Private auto: Driver Passenger Bus or streetcor	35 182 4 979 1 173	11 735 1 668 400	11 857 1 613 459	11 590 1 698 314	383 107 42	817 215 24	991 305 158	545 181 44	120 29 —	1 020 169 6	784 121 17	636 64 6	1 469 217 92
Subway, elevated train, or railroad	8 888 1 067	7 473 450	1 109 285	306 332	98 33	125	172 57	176 8	57 26	85 46	19 6	25 6	6 656
Other	1 874 45 620	750 19 725	637 14 170 2 249	487 11 725 3 274	20 537 517	59 1 117 98 6	88 1 370 1 208	89 830 772	15 241 235	55 1 160 1 082	9 825 802	7 635 574	326 8 352 8 289
Blloxi city	4 079	18 372 1 120 233 920	11 046 875 689	5 480 2 971 1 258	7 13 85	104 27 83	115 47 188	13 45 116	6 -	72 6 48	13 10 50	61 20	63
Outside SMSA Place of work not reported		1 831	1 101	1 744	61	40	213	97	6	173	81	89	467

*See text for definition. ** 2 includes "Moved, 1965 residence not reported."

Table P-2. Social Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

		Biloxi – C	on.					(Gulfport			····	
Census Tracts	Tract 0010	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Trect 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0014.99	Tract 0015	Tract 0016	Tract 0017	Tract 0018	Tract 0019	Tract 0020	Tract 0021
NATIVITY, PARENTAGE, & COUNTRY OF ORIGIN													
All persons Native of native parentage Native of foreign or mixed parentage Foreign born	5 556 5 062 374 120	1 573 1 452 113 8	5 314 4 687 439 188	3 274 2 982 204 88	3 349 3 021 225 103	 	4 263 3 943 225 95	4 456 4 248 187 21	6 068 5 958 84 26	186 180 6 -	4 606 4 530 59 17	4 716 4 538 127 51	183 176 - 7
Foreign stock	494 55	121 32 15	627 110 8	292 45 7	328 123 7	•••	320 70 5	208 38	110 20 -	6 - -	7 6 10 —	178 8 16	-
Sweden	12 96 -	17 -	8 95 6	51 -	14 38	•••	78 13	5 43 12	20	-	- 9 7	16 26 4	
CzechoslovakiaAustriaHungary	7 - 4 7	7 6	-	17	36 6 -	•••	- - -	7 5 6	 8 6	-	-	9 - 7	-
U.S.S.R. Italy Canada Mexico	15 76 60	28	7 45	12	26 47	***	6 16 38 5	43 19 8	23 8 8	- 6	1 <u>4</u> - 6	26 - -	-
Cuba	12 150	- - 16	342	12 7 114	14 17	•••	- 6 83	- - 22	17	-	30	6 - 60	7
Persons of Spanish language! Other persons of Spanish surname! Persons of Spanish mother tangue Persons of Puerto Rican birth or parentage	398 281 107	 8 	81	111 59	37		218 62 10	29	26 26 7	64 19 -	62 20 –	42 29 5	22 15 -
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT	1 055		1 741	602	441		1 633	1 560	1 739	17	1 258	1 012	72
Enrolled persons, 3 to 34 years old	1 955 45 - 108 28	-	1 761 12 6 73 14	7	644 7 42 8		12 - 48 	15 - 64 15	19 67 52	-	45 37 57 49 830	13 13 16 16 735	6
Elementary Public High school Public College	1 152 388 374		1 142 1 030 425 417 109	356 328 105 105 134	325 233 171 151 99	•••	1 051 863 424 395 98	889 771 517 502 75	1 089 987 474 440 90	12 12 5 5	818 269 262 57	715 231 231 17	6
Percent enrolled in school by age: 16 and 17 years 18 and 19 years 20 and 21 years	53,1	=======================================	99.6 70.9 17.1	99.9 19.3 11.5	87.7 69.2 7.4		78.3 57.2 26.0	96.1 70.6 23.9	86.5 29.2 4.1	- - -	86.9 19.7	63.8 33.7 5.5	- - -
22 to 24 years	6.7	-	2.5 9.1	11.4 7.9 6.3	9.4 6.3 4.1	•••	14.5 6.7 19.2	15.3	4.1 4.8 22.9	-	1.9 5.3 27.2	37.8	65.2
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED													105
Persons, 25 years old and over No school years completed Elementary: 1 to 4 years 5 to 7 years 8 years	30 77 88	1 546 13 120 292 234	2 499 4 32 66 137	1 532 5 20 98 139	1 902 13 4 78 116	•••	1 959 8 15 106 77	2 345 4 16 68 18	3 109 28 142 334 288	84 - - -	2 369 28 90 208 172	2 571 26 110 501 316	125 11 1 26 14
High school: 1 to 3 years 4 years College: 1 to 3 years	1 134	344 392 87 64	271 1 268 380 341	271 504 222 273	211 553 398 529	•••	304 822 402 225	237 802 588 612	518 1 038 454 307	28 39 4 13	616 853 285 117	651 703 186 78	25 28 17
A years or more	- [12.6	10.0 35.1	12.6 79.6	12.5 65.2	13.0 77.8	•••	12.6 74.0	13.1 85.4	12.2 57.9	12.4 66.7	12.1 53.0	10.5 37.6	10.4 39.2
CHILDREN EVER BORN Wamen, 35 to 44 years old ever married		_	426	129	128	•••	343	401	353	10	253	201	_
Per 1,000 women ever married	- 994 - 2 816	~	1 235 2 899	264 2 047	373 2 914	•••	943 2 749	1 161 2 895	1 071 3 034	25	786 3 107	624 3 104	-
RESIDENCE IN 1965 Persons, 5 years old and over, 19702 Some house as in 1970	4 993 1 142	1 573 731	4 883 1 248	2 987 746	3 116 1 172	***	3 853 1 386	4 191 2 556	5 573 2 465	153 94	4 120 2 603	4 324 2 122	177 25
Different house: In central city of this SMSA In other part of this SMSA	. 39	129 15	659 83	492 78	477 192		618 79	712 52	998 154	23 6	557 112	858 129	62 45
Outside this SMSA	1 035	634 124 510 6	2 064 858 1 206 408	1 392 542 850 89	1 084 310 774 69	•••	1 394 492 902 344	654 65 589 84	1 298 449 849 135	30 6 24	565 261 304 25	954 265 689 43	8 37 7
MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION AND PLACE OF WOR	1	ū	400			•			,00				
All workers Private auto: Driver Passenger	1 667	13 6	2 156 1 955 50	1 586 1 342 143	99	•••	1 398 1 245 94	1 774 1 601 64	2 372 2 000 186	66 59 7	1 757 1 342 194	1 869 1 229 279	58 -
Bus or streetcor	13	7	6 - 21 118	19 50			19 - 6 11	5 50	46 - 46 40	-	70 32 38	31 239 36	19 - 23 16
Warked at home Other Inside SMSA	1 659	13	6 1 63 4	32 1 352	37 1 329		23 1 227	54 1 597	54 2 016	- 51	81 1 495	55 1 73 1	 58
Biloxi city Gulfport city Remainder of Harrison County Outside SMSA	125 13 55		1 275 307 52 112	1 098 234 20 122	809 99 107	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	409 769 49 118	267 1 294 36 88	437 1 463 116 66	13 27 11 -	192 1 172 131 125	226 1 398 107 40	20 38 - -
Place of work not reported	82		410	112	64		53	89	290	15	137	98	

*See text for definition. ** Includes "Moved, 1965 residence not reported."

Table P-2. Social Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

:			ort – Con.						nce of Harris				
Census Tracts	Tract 0022	Tract 0023	Tract 0024	Tract 0025	Tract 0026	Tract 0002	Tract 0015	Tract 0018	Tract U024	Tract 0026	Tract 0027	Tract 0028	Tract 0029
NATIVITY, PARENTAGE, & COUNTRY OF ORIGIN			700	2 327	3 840	_	679	3 969	1 886	151	4 583	3 005	1 563 1 525
All persons	2 612 2 409	3 477 3 384	677	2 192	3 579 157	-	631 34	3 947 22	1 87 9 7	151	4 244 282	2 849 142	38
lative al foreign or mixed parentageoreign born	165 38	65 28	17 6	109 26	104	_	14	-	-	_	57	14 156	38
foreign stock	203	93	23	135	261 22	-	48	22 6	7	_	339 20		13
Inited Kingdomreland (Eire)	19 40	-	-	8 -	6	_	5	10	_	_	6	9	-
weden	20	10 6	6	27	12 17	-	37	6	-	-	12 15	28 8	-
Germany	6	-	-	-	5	-	6	-	-	_	5 8	15	-
zechoslovakia	33	8	_	17	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	-
lungary	12	-	_	8	-	_	-	-	7	_	142	.5 17	5
alv	6	_	9 8	9 15	-	-	-		<u>.</u>	_	29 9	21	8 -
anada Nexico	. 5	-	=	-	68	_	Ξ	-	-	=	=	7	-
uba Other America	.l –	-	_	_ 51	131	-	_	_	-	-	93	46	12
U other and not reported	·] 35	63 24	22	8	126	_	-	-	-	-	88	79 	
ersons of Spanish language' Other persons of Spanish surname'					73	•••	•••	•••		•••	28	27	-
ersons of Spanish mother tongueersons of Puerto Rican birth or parentage	. [5	18	16 16	8 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	37	-	_
CHOOL ENROLLMENT	612	939	173	475	1 143	=	209	1 304 50	754 12	60	1 593 15	1 010 14	478
Enrolled persons, 3 to 34 years old	.) -	-	10	_	56 26	-	-	33	32	-	15 70	31	-
Public		36	-	46 46	52 47	-	8 8	109 71	11	44	39 1 072	8 463	294
Public	-1=	36 548	120	360	746 706	_	192 176	864 860	510 510	44	932	400 262	146 167
Public	_[313	548 314	120 37	360 46	283	-	9	261 261	182 182	16 16	390 380	239	75 17
Public	197	314 41	37 6	46 23	264	_	_	20	18	-	46	240	17
ollegeercent enrolled in school by age:		89.8		66.2	99.4	_		76.6	83.1 57.4		99.5 72.6	92.0 79.5	99.9 87.8
16 and 17 years 18 and 19 years	_ 45.9	50.5	•••	1.4	4.7 2.8	=	-	27.3	12.8	-	17.7 4.2	46.7 9.6	-
20 and 21 years 22 to 24 years	_ 11.6	-	10.4	3.0	2.0	-	-	5.6	31.2 10.8	_	2.6	-	-
25 to 34 years	2.4	5.7	-	2,1	_	_		48.1	31.3	•••	5.9	12.4	10.9
tercent 16 to 21 years not high school graduates and not enrolled in school	24.0	24.2	29.1	14.9	23.0	-	_	40.1					
'EARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED Persons, 25 years old and over	1 544	1 904	387	672	1 630	-	314	1 708 61	71 0 84	67	2 181 17	1 574 - 34	94: 1
Na school years completed	۰-۱ ۵	34 137	5 24	49	33 72	_	11	236 332	84 179	11 6	57 149	63	3:
lementary: 1 to 4 years 5 to 7 years	73	337 222	61 55	61 43	270 171	_	20	236	67 127	5 11	203 454	71 256	8
8 years High school: 1 to 3 years	334	588	88	126 268	500 376	-	73 101	440 302	124	28	814 307	657 231	41 18
4 years College: 1 to 3 years	577	385 120	125 29	95	132	-	53 56	71 30	39 6	12.0	180 12.3	262 12.6	18 12.
4 years or more	183	81 10.1	10.7	30 12.2	10.6		12.5 66.9	9.0 23.6	8.1 23.8	50.7	59.7	73.1	82.
Median school years completed Percent high school graduates		30.8	39.8	58.5	35.8	-	05.7						
CHILDREN EVER BORN Warnen, 35 to 44 years old ever married	158	150	39	53	179	_	48 147	182 820	98 498	5 	262 851 3 248	167 523 3 132	19 2 39
Children ever born Per 1,000 women ever married	492	650 4 333	114 2 923	193 3 642	691 3 860	-	3 063	4 505	5 082	-	3 240	0 102	
RESIDENCE IN 1965	. 443	3 164	631	2 136	3 418	_	622	3 452 1 739	1 655 997	151 138	4 120 1 416	2 B27 1 136	1 4º
Persons, 5 years old and over, 19702 Same house as in 1970	2 449 1 193	1 629	328	319	1 377	_	324		181	_	143	113	
Different house: In central city of this SMSA	388	665	162	162 48	799 222	-	21 67	210 783	289	-	670 1 483	338 1 074	3 3
In other part of this SMSAOutside this SMSA	138	97 359	119	1 280	781 345	-	162 100	433 50	65 		874 609	351 723	2
North and West	217	136 223	40 79	780 500	436	-	62 35	383 6	65 14	-	89	22	
South		18	5	36	75	_							
MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION AND PLACE OF WO	1		264	1 442	1 270	_	241	1 229 709	486 329	65 65	1 495 1 210	1 125 911	5
All workersPrivate auto: DriverPassenger	826	1 177 682 226	209 45	531 144	841 163 33	=	228 13	709 168 188	73 41	-	157 37	65 8 -	1
Bus or streetcor	19	90	-	113	-	-		63	30	-	9	36 24	
Subway, elevated train, or railroad Walked to work	12	141	- 5	498	106 13	-	-	47 54	7	-	14 68	81	
Worked at homeOther	18	6 32	5	156	114	-	222	1 027	361	39	1 246	899 129	;
Inside SMSA	890	1 012	227	1 354 81	1 176 104	1 -	57	118 613	43	9 16		532	
Biloxi cityGulfport city	827	55 895	182	1 248 25	924 148		156	296	42	14	320 197	140	
~	46	62	45	25	29		9	79		26			
Remainder of Harrison CountyOutside SMSA		13	29 8	63	65	.i –	10	123	117				

^{*}See text for definition. **Includes "Moved, 1965 residence not reported."

Table P-2. Social Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

		Balance	of Harrison Co	ounty — Con.				Totals f	or split tracts		
Census Tracts	Tract 0030	Tract 0031	Tract 0032	Tract 0033	Tract 0034	Tract 0035	Tract 0002	Tract 0015	Tract 0018	Tract 0024	Tract 0026
NATIVITY, PARENTAGE, & COUNTRY OF ORIGIN					a 100	5 721	3 290	4 942	4 155	2 586	3 991
Native of native parentage	2 361 2 313	6 117 5 924	6 003 5 839	6 579 6 081	2 689 2 673	5 652	3 112	4 574	4 127	2 556	3 730 157
Native of foreign or mixed parentage	41 7	154 39	124 40	390 108	16	63	136 42	259 109	28	24 6	104
Foreign born	48	193	164	498	16	69	178	368	28	30	261
United Kingdom	-	45 5	6	39 15	9	40	13	70 10	6 10	_	22 6
Ireland (Eire)	_	5	6	9	-	.=\	6	-	~	-	12 17
Germany	_	22	87	147 20	_	17	15 5	115 13	6	6 -	- [
PolandCzechoslovakia	-	_	13	_	_	-	_	6	-	_	5
Austria	1)	7	-	5 	_	_	7 -	_	-	-	-1
U.S.S.R.	-	-	7	15 7	-	-	-	6 16	_	16	-
Canada	22 8	33	8	37	7	6	42	38	-	8	68
Mexico	-	-	10	_	_	-	_	5	6	-	-
Other America		_	ó	67	-	-	17	6	-	-	131
All other and not reported	7	76	21	137	-	6	73	83 218	64	22	126
Persons of Spanish language ¹ Other persons of Spanish surname ¹		19	127	182	12		63				
Persons of Spanish mother tangue		19	102	64	6	-	26	62 10	19	16 16	73
Persons of Puerto Rican birth or parentage	-	13	51	-	••	-	-	,5	**		ļ
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT Enrolled persons, 3 to 34 years old	845	2 048	1 460	2 099	656	1 735	752	1 842	1 321	927	1 203
Nursery school	32	48 15	16	6	-	32 32	6 6	12	50 33	22	56 26
Kindergarten	36	133	83	64	-	33	12	56	109 71	32 11	52 47
PublicElementary	26 625	56 1 442	40 1 017	38 1 432	505	20 1 217	477	8 1 243	876	630	790
Public	625 121	1 349	995 277	1 345 460	489 142	1 195 388	477 218	1 039 433	872 266	630 219	750 299
High school	121	373 373	277	441	142	388	203	404	266	219	280 6
College	31	52	67	137	9	65	39	98	20	24	١
Percent enrolled in school by age: 16 and 17 years	88.2	67.9	62.8	84.0	89.9	79.0	84.0	78.3	73.0	88.6	99.9
18 and 19 years	32.5	28.1	19.7	49.6	17.3	51.1 11.9	31.5 9.4	55.5 19.4	27.3	63.4 8.1	4.7 2.8
20 and 21 years22 to 24 years	19.1	7.7 4.9	4.7	19.0 6.2	_	4.1	2.7	10.8	-	20.8	
25 to 34 years Percent 16 to 21 years not high school graduates	7.8	3.0	4.9	3.5	-	-]	2.1	5.8	5.2	6.7	-
and not enrolled in school	34.2	44.9	32.3	20.5	31.8	24.7	16.3	17.9	49.2	30.8	23.6
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED									. 700	1 007	1 697
Persons, 25 years old and over No school years completed	1 218 17	2 626 49	2 873 32	2 961 7	1 500 30	2 724 39	1 700 17	2 273 8	1 792 61	1 097 89	33
Elementary: 1 to 4 years	88	209	81	168	71	189	175	15	236	108 240	83 276
5 to 7 years 8 years	359 135	332 308	216 231	325 175	173 134	307 371	288 192	117 97	332 236	122	176
High school: 1 to 3 years	243 266	596 848	490 1 262	490 1 338	361 571	642 874	397 459	377 923	468 341	215 249	511 404
College: 1 to 3 years	40	176	295	283	119	192	74	455	75	68	138
4 years or moreMedian school years completed	70 9,1	108 11.1	266 12.3	175 12.2	41 11.8	110 11,1	98 10.3	281 12.6	43 9,2	6 8.9	76 10.6
Percent high school graduates	30.9	43.1	63.5	60.7	48.7	43.2	37.1	73.0	25.6	29.4	36.4
CHILDREN EVER BORN											
Women, 35 to 44 years old ever married Children ever born Per 1,000 women ever married	113 389 3 442	330 1 504 4 558	341 1 025 3 006	378 1 423 3 765	123 337 2 740	312 1 117 3 580	157 673 4 287	391 1 090 2 788	1 92 845 4 401	137 612 4 467	184 691 3 755
RESIDENCE IN 1965											
Persons, 5 years old and ever, 19702	2 274 773	5 305 1 656	5 292 1 203	5 898 2 381	2 476 1 269	5 136 2 818		4 475 1 710	3 605 1 833	2 286 1 325	3 569 1 515
Different house: In central city of this SMSA	16	570	874	656	17	75		639	233	343	799
In other part of this SMSAOutside this SMSA	741 199	1 175 1 168	482 1 950	583 1 579	366 71	1 519 567		146 1 556	789 463	289 184	222 781
North and West	86	220	546	572	~	68	215	592	56	40	345
SouthAbroad	113	948 133	1 404 280	1 007 445	71 7	499	544 14	964 379	407 6	144 19	436 75
MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION AND PLACE OF WORK											
All workersPrivate auto: Driver	699 591	1 621 1 255 233	1 960 1 728	2 356 1 969	1 055 972	1 847 1 293	817	1 639 1 473	1 295 768	750 538 118	1 335 906 163
PassengerBus or streetcar	100	12	68 ~	291	-	409 12		107 19	175 188	41	33
Subway, elevated train, or railroad Walked to work	8	34	_ 53	45	-	-	125	_ 6	63	30	106
Worked at home	i -	33	58	38	16	75	il	11	47	12	13
Other	- 210	54 1 338	53 1 741	13 2 015	67 749	1 506	i	23	54	11 588	114 1 215
Inside SMSABiloxi city	15	183	349	1 636	344	1 505 132	986	1 449 466	1 078 131	43	113
Gulfport cityRemainder of Harrison County	63 132	740 415	1 047 345	261 118	201 204	751 622	104	925 58	640 307	458 87	940 162
Outside SMSA	63 426	133	60	197	91	174	4 83	127	79	35	29
Place of work not reported	426	150	159	144	215	168	3 40	63	138	127	91

Table P-3. Labor Force Characteristics of the Population: 1970

		Harrison			e for derived t				Biloxí				
Census Tracts	Tatal	Biloxi	Gulfport	Balance	Tract 0001	Tract 0002	Tract 0003	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0006	Tract 0007	Tract 0008	Tract 0009
EMPLOYMENT STATUS													
Male, 16 years old and over Labor force Percent of total Civilian labor force Employed	48 376 39 173 81.0 24 175 23 425	21 026 17 419 82.8 6 056 5 789	13 883 11 076 79.8 8 649 8 389	13 467 10 678 79.3 9 470 9 247	619 488 78.8 453 417	1 139 892 78.3 733 686	1 537 1 174 76.4 1 116 1 055	861 656 76.2 561 544	216 162 75.0 104 104	1 087 887 81.6 509 491 18	876 721 82.3 375 349 26	675 535 79,3 369 369	8 037 8 009 99.7 39 39
Unemplayed Percent of civilian labor force Not in labor force Immate of institution Enrolled in school Other under 65 years	750 3.1 9 203 1 694 2 170 2 857	267 4.4 3 607 1 549 628 717	260 3.0 2 807 115 727 1 083	223 2.4 2 789 30 815	36 7.9 131 - 14 58	47 6.4 247 - 42 106 99	61 5.5 363 - 105 158 100	17 3.0 205 - 47 61 97	54 - 9 30 15	3.5 200 - 66 38 96	6.9 155 - 49 45 61	140 - 29 47 64	28 - 17 11
Other 65 years and over	2 482 12 436 9 296 1 610 443	713 7 547 6 508 445 100	882 2 766 1 721 556 213	2 123 1 067 609 130	59 93 68 37 25	228 151 35 10	308 161 68 26	130 75 37 9	54 40 	197 120 13	93 46 12 8	134 100 24 6	5 621 5 416 183
Female, 16 years old and over Labor force Percent of total Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed Percent of civilian labor force Not in labor force	42 817 15 836 37.0 15 333 14 431 902 5.9 26 981	14 174 5 687 40.1 5 271 4 905 366 6.9 8 487	14 179 5 470 38.6 5 412 5 145 267 4.9 8 709	14 464 4 679 32.3 4 650 4 381 269 5.8 9 785	734 269 36.6 269 254 15 5.6 465	1 264 495 39.2 495 436 59 11.9 769	1 970 850 43.1 848 782 66 7.8 1 120	1 056 440 41.7 440 427 13 3.0 616	296 125 42.2 121 104 17 14.0 171	1 397 626 44.8 600 549 51 8.5 771	1 016 285 28.1 280 269 11 3.9 731	762 302 39.6 278 268 10 3.6 460	981 397 40.5 177 165 12 6.8 584
Married women, husband present In labor force With own children under 6 years In labor force	27 312 8 877 8 375 1 906	9 022 3 027 2 785 598	8 736 3 048 2 349 634	9 554 2 802 3 241 674	436 152 104 19	698 204 197 52	1 042 372 314 76	514 192 175 65	144 49 34 5	800 331 119 6	694 160 288 51	520 170 103 11	705 171 313 36
OCCUPATION											420	407	204
Total employed, 16 years old and over Professional, technical, and kindred workers Health warkers Teachers, elementary and secondary schools Managers and administrators, except farm Solaried Self-employed in retail trade	37 856 5 562 801 1 375 3 885 2 913 459	10 694 1 653 215 480 1 075 812 122	13 534 2 187 361 509 1 616 1 241 130	13 628 1 722 225 386 1 194 860 207	671 27 3 5 78 54 11	1 122 76 5 37 121 71 24	1 837 176 11 38 89 57 6	971 83 28 18 78 57 8	208 28 17 22 11	1 040 314 39 101 168 121 22	618 30 - 25 41 17 19	637 123 33 26 86 77 3	204 62 5 40 5 -
Sales workers Retail trade Clerical and kindred workers Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers Construction craftsmen Mechanics and repairmen Operatives, except transport Transport equipment operatives	1 591 5 986 6 269 2 707 1 231 3 233	652 467 1 835 1 388 634 242 865 331	1 092 692 2 319 1 968 792 417 822 594	885 432 1 832 2 913 1 281 572 1 546 586	46 46 93 110 63 11 161	24 19 135 180 124 20 165 60	66 44 153 230 119 36 214	27 16 91 102 35 16 107 30	16 9 51 41 19 11 4 17	92 50 220 122 21 24 21	26 18 131 100 36 24 44	34 23 126 64 27 17 27 26	23 23 34 6 - 18 5
Loborers, except farm Farm warkers Service workers' Cleaning and food service workers Protective service workers Personal and heolth service workers Private household workers	2 660 227 4 807 2 614 522 1 234 1 087	675 42 1 842 1 073 179 449 336	845 36 1 719 855 241 440 336	1 140 149 1 246 686 102 345 415	25 3 120 50 22 29	81 9 223 116 30 77 48	222 442 282 32 100 143	120 6 259 197 9 46 68	5 15 9 6 9	23 14 62 18 11 28	47 184 66 38 62 15	32 	51 39 - 6
Female employed, 16 years old and over	14 431 2 448 1 156 733 1 208 4 448 1 600	4 905 900 430 268 352 1 456 470	5 145 904 411 257 545 1 631 635	4 381 644 315 208 311 1 361 495	254 10 5 6 25 63 11	436 47 34 18 4 113 23	782 76 23 31 25 114 33	427 51 18 35 11 74 22	104 17 17 - 8 42	549 211 95 43 54 179 70	269 25 25 - 15 91 38	268 56 21 8 16 105 23	165 56 40 23 34
Operatives, including transport Other blue-collar workers Farm warkers Service workers, except private household Private household workers	1 284 406 22 2 850 1 032	340 135 15 1 115 324	340 160 980 328	604 111 7 755 380	77 10 63	69 14 9 120 42	87 19 - 293 137	32 9 147 68	8 5 15 9	5 21 - 32 4	9 11 103 15	9 69 5	6 46
INDUSTRY	ļ										***	497	204
Total employed, 16 years old and over Construction Manufacturing Durable goods Transportation Communications, utilities, and sanitary services Wholesale trade	37 856 4 338 4 574 2 517 1 213 1 648 1 131 6 760	10 694 915 1 079 568 254 341 328 2 069	13 534 1 413 1 181 588 491 675 392 2 506	13 628 2 010 2 314 1 361 468 612 411 2 185	671 64 152 48 15 11 38 145	1 122 124 182 80 48 26 43 155	1 837 179 200 122 65 44 112 295	971 117 134 74 18 50 33 114	208 19 10 6 19 —	1 040 31 70 39 28 23 29 204	618 40 59 31 4 50	637 43 37 16 12 8 17	12 12 6 - 17 - 66
Finance, insurance, and real estate Business and repair services Personal services Health services Educational services Other professional and related services Public administration Other industries	1 774 994 3 373 2 257 2 755 1 497 4 293 1 249	501 215 1 278 680 797 540 1 335 362	739 389 1 097 937 1 053 597 1 632 412	534 390 998 640 905 360 1 326 475	33 7 48 22 17 28 47 44	43 11 147 82 59 18 107	65 35 393 111 89 104 93 52	27 15 170 73 65 33 102 20	28 6 17 17 18 3	87 56 60 47 127 66 192 20	12 14 65 63 30 43 105 5	27 16 37 63 61 20 107	12 - 6 10 46 17 6
CLASS OF WORKER				ļ									
Total employed, 16 years old and over Private wage and salary workers Government workers Local government workers Unpoid family workers Unpoid family workers	37 856 24 740 9 639 3 541 3 278 199	10 694 6 866 3 033 1 185 692 103	13 534 8 703 3 537 1 255 1 262 32	13 628 9 171 3 069 1 101 1 324 64	671 484 112 90 68 7	1 122 736 279 128 107	1 837 1 456 313 125 60 8	971 634 283 157 54	208 147 22 15 33 6	1 040 556 342 140 113 29	618 292 254 140 65 7	637 347 227 107 63	204 161 38 27 5

Uncludes allocated cases, not shown separately.

Table P-3. Labor Force Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

		Biloxi —				l figures (perd	ioni, moderi,	Citaly dillo in	Gulfport	7	AU		
Census Tracts	Tract 0010	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0014.99	Tract 0015	Tract 0016	Tract 0017	Tract 0018	Tract 0019	Tract 0020	Tract 0021
EMPLOYMENT STATUS						<u> </u>							
Male, 16 years old and ever Labor force Percent of total Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed Percent of civilian labor force Not in labor farce	1 628 1 444 88.7 489 449 40 8.2	1 560 11 0.7 11 11 	1 532 1 314 85.8 731 719 12 1.6	1 259 1 126 89.4 566 556 10 1.8	1 181 915 77.5 671 651 20 3.0		1 255 1 048 83.5 753 706 47 6.2	1 430 1 224 85.6 1 195 1 188 7 0.6	2 065 1 608 77.9 1 374 1 361 13 0.9	57 44 77.2 44 44 - - 13	1 437 1 116 77.7 1 038 1 009 29 2.8 321	1 603 1 232 76.9 1 108 1 084 24 2.2	143 45 31.5 38 38
Inmate of institution Enrolled in school Other under 65 years Other 65 years ond over	104 55 25	1 549 - - -	133 47 38	13 61 59	63 122 81		106 60 41	136 44 26	7 92 189 169	- - 5 8	18 103 116 84	37 190 144	76 - 14 8
Male, 16 to 21 years old Not encolled in school Not high school graduates Unemplayed or not in labor force	288 131 10 5	13 13 - -	183 27 6 6	205 160 20 5	1 48 55 6 	•••	234 73 45 33	238 70 7 -	352 202 106 33	-	202 110 57 27	260 184 82 14	36 36 20 20
Female, 16 years old and over Labor force Percent of total Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed Percent of civilian labor force Not in labor force	1 699 533 31.4 498 454 44 8.8 1 166	5 5	1 759 865 49.2 800 778 22 2.8 894	1 235 500 40.5 465 419 46 9.9 735	1 426 566 39.7 558 548 10 1.8 860		1 327 503 37.9 487 464 23 4.7 824	1 490 542 36.4 542 537 5 0.9 948	2 067 786 38.0 766 755 11 1.4 1 281	65 24 36.9 24 17 7	1 641 641 39.1 636 601 35 5,5 1 000	1 833 707 38.6 707 693 14 2.0	50 30 60.0 30 30 - - 20
Married women, husband present In labor force	1 313 342 545 97	5 - - -	1 177 547 316 142	974 337 277 38	800 237 161 35	•••	947 353 303 62	1 087 406 206 44	1 434 553 346 121	42 5 19	1 048 358 303 80	1 030 345 259 60	20 11 13 7
OCCUPATION													
Total amployed, 16 years old and ever Professional, technical, and kindred warkers Health workers Teachers, elementary and secondary schools Managers and administrators, except form Solaried Self-amployed in retail trade	903 152 31 36 103 92 6	11 5 - - - -	1 497 346 39 71 196 184 6	975 231 21 66 88 66 6	1 199 392 84 125 174 138 26	•••	1 170 251 18 61 150 133 4	1 725 458 75 69 380 295	2 116 343 49 30 201 176	61 - - 8 8	1 610 244 30 47 146 110	1 777 104 28 36 218 132 26	68 8 - 8 5 -
Sales workers	103 98 214 117 56 15 31 25	- 6 - - -	137 82 372 177 78 45 64 29	58 39 209 139 56 23 9	122 71 231 120 40 28 44		156 99 251 157 62 35 20 32	165 63 355 138 35 18 37 64	148 89 330 361 135 65 122 98	13 17 4 13 4 7	138 95 291 260 124 58 141	117 103 301 313 145 77 135	6 6 13 11 6 -
Laborers, except farm Farm workers Service workers Cleaning and food service workers Protective service workers Personal and health service workers Private household workers	23 124 78 7 27	-	31 6 121 64 	66 4 127 88 19 15	13 5 80 39 11 25 18		21 - 116 46 14 51 16	28 6 94 33 30 31	150 10 299 138 34 62 54	12 12 12 -	101 5 200 124 28 26 35	157 5 272 132 44 64 48	- 14 5 - 9
Female emplayed, 16 years old and over Professional, technical, and kindred workers Teachers, elementary and secondary schools Managers and administrators, except farm Sales workers Clerical and kindred workers Secretaries, stenagraphers, and typists	32 35 72 181	-	778 174 59 44 74 310 77	419 103 61 48 25 150 77	548 213 120 31 54 176 92		464 82 44 11 73 174 91	537 114 48 22 72 252 72	755 136 15 47 81 209 97	17 5	601 88 41 17 73 212 94	693 55 36 43 82 248 61	30 8 8 7 7
Operatives, including transport Other blue-collar workers Form workers Service workers, except private household Private household workers	-	- - -	33 27 6 92 18	9 - 69 15	16 5 - 35 18	•••	15 9 - 84 16	11 13 - 53	70 16 - 142 54	- - 12 -	29 26 121 35	53 28 - 136 48	5 5 5
INDUSTRY													
Total employed, 16 years old and over Construction Manufacturing Durable goods Transportation Cammunications, utilities, and sanitary services Wholesale trade Retail trade	45 81 75 21 33	11 - - -	1 497 85 90 48 10 58 36 302	975 156 52 23 14 21 6	1 199 68 70 39 18 70 - 215		1 170 106 87 21 35 63 12 199	1 725 154 119 73 48 138 85 228	2 116 225 241 151 40 113 48 332	61 16 16 5 -	1 610 226 146 53 50 50 71 303	1 777 276 122 47 89 72 55 450	68 11 6 11
Finance, insurance, and real estate	70 87 59	11	120 33 123 70 132 124 257 57	41 28 131 46 95 46 112 62	86 26 78 157 147 78 148 38		132 19 46 53 165 49 186 18	170 46 53 102 169 89 275 49	82 73 177 145 119 67 347	- - - - - 15	44 43 105 106 133 105 170 58	78 77 169 96 87 67 107 32	7 20 5 8 - 6
CLASS OF WORKER													
Total employed, 16 years old and over Private wage and salary workers Government workers Local government workers Self-employed workers Unpaid family workers	559 313 57 26	11 	1 497 868 539 100 49 41	975 626 300 99 49	1 199 705 366 144 128		1 170 707 400 143 63	1 725 996 462 141 257 10	2 116 1 306 599 149 211	61 46 15 	1 610 1 012 470 151 128	1 777 1 228 327 123 212 10	68 47 14 8 - 7

Uncludes allocated cases, not shown separately.

Table P-3. Labor Force Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

·	Data based on :		oort — Con.					······	nce of Harris		·		
Census Tracts	Tract 0022	Tract 0023	Tract 0024	Tract 0025	Tract 0026	Tract 0002	Tract 0015	Tract 0018	Tract 0024	Tract 0026	Tract 0027	Tract 0028	Tract 0029
EMPLOYMENT STATUS													
Male, 16 years old and over Labor force Percent of total Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed Percent of civilian labor force	850 640 75.3 547 514 33 6.0	1 114 840 75.4 771 723 48 6.2	282 218 77.3 176 176	1 333 1 278 95.9 229 229	1 129 864 76.5 705 666 39 5.5	-	212 186 87.7 139 139	1 032 772 74.8 763 751 12 1.6	459 309 67.3 294 255 39 13.3	40 35 87.5 35 35 	1 319 1 078 81.7 929 916 13 1.4	917 719 78.4 663 659 4 0.6	525 350 66.7 350 344 6 1.7
No1 in labor force	210 - 42 75 93	274 14 49 82 129	64 - 6 34 24	55 30 20 5	63 132 70	- - - -	26 - 16 10	260 68 107 85	150 69 51 30	5 - - - 5	241 128 64 49	198 62 51 85	175 - 34 77 64
Male, 16 to 21 years old Not enrolled in school Not high school graduates Unemployed or not in labor force	138 79 41 28	166 79 45 28	36 22 10	689 653 87 ~	267 158 50 30	-	16 16 - -	185 116 89 8	101 20 15 8	6 6 -	196 58 -	148 65 43 -	68 27 6 6
female, 16 years old and over Lobor force Percent of total Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed Percent of civilian labor force Not in labor force Married women, husband present	417 37.0 417 390 27 6.5 709	1 328 484 36.4 475 418 57 12.0 844	230 65 28.3 65 56 9 13.8 165	364 126 34.6 126 126 238	1 232 579 47.0 579 510 69 11.9 653	-	193 71 36.8 71 66 5 7.0 122	1 184 534 45.1 534 492 42 7.9 650	512 195 38.1 195 181 14 7.2 317	39 16 41.0 16 16 	1 447 520 35.9 513 477 36 7.0 927	1 290 424 32.9 424 403 21 5.0 866	592 177 29.9 177 171 6 3.4 415
In labor force	196 122 30	217 178 39	24 62 4	81 119 40	262 258 112	-	44	193 72	74 39	-	433 89	134 12	54
OCCUPATION Total employed, 16 years old and over	904	1 141	232	355	1 176	-	205	1 243	436	51	1 393 220	1 062 245	515 146
Professional, technical, and kindred workers Health workers Teachers, alementary and secondary schools Managers and administrators, except farm Salaried Self-employed in retail trade	114 23 46 162 132 10	98 10 48 54 28 17	6 6 - 27 27 -	13 5 - 21 15	156 33 39 70 42 23	-	53 4 26 30 26 -	66 4 48 49 17 26	19 5 5 5	11 11 -	30 34 180 120 35	40 33 121 72 13	21 7 67 54 8
Sales workers Retail trade Clerical and kindred workers Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers Construction craftsmen Mechanics and repairmen Operatives, except transport Transport equipment operatives	75 40 242 131 41 13 34 22	74 56 94 146 56 41 108 95	9 21 92 32 15 30	26 26 57 72 35 22 21 34	56 44 120 150 77 32 115 75	- - - - -	5 34 35 12 6 8 7	10 6 80 146 56 38 162 100	2 2 34 15 5 5 65 26	11 6 17 6 - -	125 72 217 315 106 63 90 43	66 221 166 92 20 39	27 74 91 29 13 30
Loborers, except form Form workers Service workers' Cleaning and food service workers Protective service workers Personal and health service workers Private household workers	-	168 5 185 104 14 33	5 31 6 15 5	30 74 38 19 17 7	139 - 251 139 22 80 44	- - - - -	5 28 15 -	195 236 189 29 199	118 6 96 54 4 22 50	6	70 - 126 66 11 49 7	33 72 32 10 25	12 - 32 12 7 13
Female employed, 16 years old and over	72 42 41 33 143	418 48 26 9 34 44 19	56 6 5 - 21 4	126 5 - 4 48 22	510 77 31 31 39 92 30	-	66 18 14 20 14	492 41 37 21 - 39 31	181 19 5 5 7 24 9	16 - - 5 - 5 - 6 6	477 72 29 32 27 191 76	403 83 26 16 58 169 96	171 37 7 10 15 60 29
Operatives, including transport Other blue-collar workers Farm workers Service workers, except private household Private household workers	9 - 68	41 32 104 106	13 - 11 -	5 7 50 7	58 10 - 159 44	- - - -	28 -	61 12 - 145 173	22 9 - 55 47	-	39 - - 109 7	13 - 45 -	25
IN DUSTRY							205	1 042	424	51	1 393	1 062	515
Total employed, 16 years old and over Construction Manufacturing Durable goods Transportation Communications, utilities, and sanitary services Wholesale trade Retail trade	56 84 33 38 28 45	1 141 72 111 76 81 75 23 203	232 56 41 9 8 30 5	355 24 30 22 5 29 12 95	1 176 150 103 42 74 27 36 198		205 21 6 6 7 -	1 243 171 202 90 74 32 4 133	436 44 88 62 35 4 11 37	29 5 - - -	198 192 97 45 94 68 286	127 86 28 7 19 45 188	42 132 97 39 9 81
Finance, insurance, and real estate Business and repair services Personal services Health services Educational services Other professional and related services Public administration. Other industries	. 10 44 76 66 55	10 23 244 34 80 56 106 23	4 9 5 11 9 - 14	24 21 27 21 5 5 57	44 35 129 131 65 26 97	-	15 - 22 17 36 4 38	18 33 328 28 106 34 45 35	92 13 32 39 20 17	6 - 5 - 6	62 35 35 102 91 23 131	113 37 33 100 103 34 157	13 38 30 42 46 18
CLASS OF WORKER							000	1 243	436	51	1 393	1 062	515
Total employed, 16 years old and over Private wage and salary workers Government workers Local government workers Self-employed workers Unpoid family workers	610 225 79 69	1 141 793 275 166 68 5	232 174 40 21 18	355 232 90 37 33	1 176 847 254 93 75	-	205 117 84 26 4	974 175 88 91 3	313 111 64 12	40 11 5 -	892 326 99 175	612 307 65 122 21	282 155 40 73 5

Includes allocated cases, not shown separately.

Table P-3. Labor Force Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

	<u> </u>		e of Harrison (no.) und medning		for split tracts		
Census Tracts	Tract 0030	Tract 0031	Tract 0032	Tract 0033	Tract 0034	Tract 0035	Tract 0002	Tract 0015	Tract 0018	Tract 0024	Tract 0026
EMPLOYMENT STATUS											
Mole, 16 years old and over Labor force Percent of total Civilian labor force Employed Unemployed Percent of civilian labor force	699 510 73.0 496 470 26 5.2	1 711 1 364 79.7 1 274 1 216 58 4.6	1 822 1 551 85.1 1 318 1 318	2 033 1 672 82.2 1 176 1 145 31 2.6	923 762 82,6 701 701	1 775 1 370 77.2 1 332 1 298 34 2.6	1 139 892 78.3 733 686 47 6.4	1 467 1 234 84.1 892 845 47 5.3	1 089 816 74.9 807 795 12 1.5	741 527 71.1 470 431 39 8.3	1 169 899 76.9 740 701 39 5.3
Not in labor force Inmate of institution Enrolled in school Other under 65 years Other 65 years and over	189 62 52 75	347 94 142 111	271 5 75 116 7 5	361 - 87 179 95	161 31 57 73	405 25 105 145 130	247 42 106 99	233 106 76 51	273 - 68 112 93	214 - 75 85 54	270 63 132 75
Male, 16 to 21 years old	97 48 25 15	347 197 157 27	220 144 75 18	339 157 66 29	11 8 78 57 15	282 135 70 4	228 151 35 10	250 89 45 33	185 116 89 8	137 42 25 8	273 164 56 30
Female, 16 years old und over Labor force Percent of total Civilian labar force Employed Unemployed Percent of civilian labar force Not in labor force	797 296 37.1 296 286 10 3.4 501	1 799 448 24.9 448 398 50 11.2 1 351	1 797 478 26.6 474 452 22 4.6 1 319	2 028 624 30.8 606 599 7 1.2 1 404	924 294 31.8 294 288 6 2.0 630	1 862 602 32.3 602 552 50 8.3 1 260	1 264 495 39.2 495 436 59 11.9 7,69	520 574 37.8 558 530 28 5.0 946	1 249 558 44.7 558 509 49 8.8 691	742 260 35.0 260 237 23 8.8 482	1 271 595 46.8 595 526 69 11.6 676
Married women, husband present In labor force	439 183 109 50	1 226 291 534 103	1 413 318 548 72	1 494 407 553 90	608 200 154 66	1 281 362 411 75	698 204 197 52	1 116 409 347 62	585 225 212 72	396 115 136 43	698 278 258 112
OCCUPATION											
Total employed, 16 years old and over Professional, technical, and kindred workers Health workers Teachers, elementary and secondary schools Managers and administrators, except form Soloried Self-employed in retail trade	47 31	1 614 131 - - 98 68 26	1 770 329 27 72 243 190 37	1 744 204 34 68 162 114 35	989 104 17 17 68 57 7	1 850 162 42 60 113 95	1 122 76 5 37 121 71 24	1 375 304 22 87 180 159	1 304 66 4 48 57 25 26	668 25 6 5 32 32	1 227 156 33 39 81 53 23
Sales workers Retail trade Clerical and kindred workers Craftsmen, faremen, and kindred workers Canstruction craftsmen Mechanics and repairmen Operatives, except transport Transport equipment operatives	18 54 141 66 24 128	81 50 169 442 226 62 194 59	106 45 241 427 161 93 211 64	133 67 360 413 182 112 191 56	21 15 162 233 156 36 102 80	115 64 180 472 184 100 326 103	24 19 135 180 124 20 165 60	161 99 285 192 74 41 28 39	10 6 93 163 60 51 166 107	11 2 55 107 37 20 95	67 44 126 167 83 32 115 75
Laborers, except farm Farm workers Service workers' Cleaning and food service workers Protective service workers Personal and health service workers Private household workers	109 - 52 18 12	227 184 109 23 47 29	56 22 66 6 15 45	89 131 88 4 39 5	80 58 81 33 7 22	140 63 142 64 9 41 34	81 9 223 116 30 77 48	26 144 61 14 64 16	195 248 201 29 199	123 6 127 60 19 27 50	145 - 251 139 22 80 44
Female employed, 16 years old and over	26 16 26 13 37	398 13 - 26 27 101 28	452 125 61 23 27 181 59	599 81 52 17 56 275 76	288 34 13 12 3 131 43	552 95 55 15 80 127 28	436 47 34 18 4 113 23	530 100 58 11 73 194 105	509 41 37 21 44 31	237 25 5 10 - 45 13	526 77 31 36 44 98 36
Operatives, including transport Other blue-collar workers Form workers Service workers, except private household Private household workers	- - - 26	77 19 - 106 29	45 6 - 40 5	81 22 - 62 5	55 4 7 42 -	108 21 - 72 34	69 14 9 120 42	15 9 - 112 16	61 12 - 157 173	35 9 - 66 47	58 10 - 159 44
INDUSTRY						1					
Tetal employed, 16 years old and over Construction Manufacturing Durable goods Transportation Communications, utilities, and sanitary services Wholesole trade Retail trade	118 126 32 17 27	1 614 316 274 147 68 60 58 345	1 770 290 317 227 48 105 21 274	1 744 166 226 152 56 100 61 403	989 195 176 114 18 65 19	1 850 293 484 309 54 97 83 187	1 122 124 182 80 48 26 43 155	1 375 127 93 27 42 63 12 238	1 304 171 218 106 79 32 4 158	668 100 129 71 43 34 16 77	1 227 179 108 42 74 27 36 198
Finance, insurance, and real estate Business and repair services Personal services Health services Educational services Other professional and related services Public administration. Other industries	- 6 - 110 - 13 - 16 - 46	23 62 102 31 68 10 163 34	145 42 57 80 102 43 201 45	68 72 99 67 147 37 204 38	25 21 20 57 30 16 167	24 82 87 94 139 32 102 92	43 111 147 82 59 18 107	147 19 68 70 201 53 224 18	18 33 328 28 106 34 60 35	8 9 97 24 41 39 34	50 35 129 131 70 26 103 61
CLASS OF WORKER											
Total employed, 16 years old and over Private wage and salary workers Government workers Local government workers Seif-employed workers Unpoid family workers	617 84 50 55	1 614 1 148 324 108 142	1 770 1 202 379 79 180	1 744 1 142 434 181 159	989 533 305 84 147 4	1 850 1 299 374 212 164 13	1 122 736 279 128 107	1 375 824 484 169 67	1 304 1 020 190 88 91 3	668 487 151 85 30	1 227 887 265 98 75

Uncludes allocated cases, not shown separately.

Table P-4. Income Characteristics of the Population: 1970

	Data based on	Harrison (minimum ouse	TOT GOTTOG	ngoroo (poro	,	orce, deta in	Biloxi	10013, 300 107			
Census Tracts	Total	Biloxi	Gulfport	Balance	Tract 0001	Tract 0002	Tract 0003	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0006	Tract 0007	Tract 0008	Tract 0009
INCOME IN 1969 OF FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS													
All families Less than \$1,000 \$1,000 to \$1,999 \$2,000 to \$2,999 \$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$5,979 \$6,000 to \$5,979 \$7,000 to \$7,999 \$9,000 to \$7,999 \$10,000 to \$1,999 \$10,000 to \$1,999 \$10,000 to \$1,999 \$12,000 to \$1,999 \$15,000 to \$49,999 \$25,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more Medan income	31 600 1 236 1 621 2 045 2 146 2 327 2 688 3 089 2 783 2 363 1 863 3 277 2 914 2 745 417 86 \$7 233 \$8 203	10 397 367 491 737 742 962 1 086 1 104 933 790 598 984 791 661 135 16 \$6 737 \$7 696	10 071 376 511 576 681 619 859 779 884 736 695 1 056 956 1 091 194 58 \$7 718 \$8 908	11 132 493 619 732 723 746 743 1 206 966 837 570 1 237 1 167 993 88 12 \$\$7 315 \$\$8 038	487 34 31 59 35 54 36 37 42 24 45 30 6 \$5 565 \$5 997	881 43 50 75 90 128 85 62 72 52 45 76 42 49 12 - \$5.641 \$62	1 330 92 126 217 134 131 136 102 91 71 62 60 42 6 \$4 733 \$5 781	688 23 85 65 59 68 72 48 36 41 49 70 37 27 27 8 \$5 616	173 23 - 24 12 23 29 17 10 - 6 11 5 15 5 \$7 290	930 28 39 40 61 80 116 138 71 70 64 80 64 75 4 54 73 87 712	787 57 21 54 86 75 140 65 98 47 41 44 29 25 5 5 5 7 8 8 6 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29	572 11 33 35 43 77 45 74 50 21 26 68 33 45 6 5 \$5 \$5 \$6 \$6 \$8 \$8 \$0 31	725
Families and unrelated individuals Median income Mean income	48 096 \$5 304 \$6 392	20 675 \$3 958 \$5 263	14 163 \$6 146 \$7 354	13 258 \$6 532 \$7 124	650 \$4 545 \$5 060	1 164 \$4 623 \$5 827	1 712 \$3 815 \$5 038	988 \$4 267 \$5 562	315 \$4 013 \$5 354	1 376 \$5 982 \$6 786	949 \$5 328 \$5 749	730 \$5 925 \$7 049	\$2 200 \$2 977
Unrelated Individuals Median income Mean income	16 496 \$2 105 \$2 923	10 278 \$2 091 \$2 802	4 092 \$2 681 \$3 530	2 126 \$1 287 \$2 338	163 \$1 779 \$2 261	283 \$1 781 \$2 293	382 \$1 907 \$2 449	300 \$2 053 \$2 480	142 \$1 771 \$2 996	446 \$3 516 \$4 857	162 \$1 677 \$3 106	158 \$3 174 \$3 496	7 521 \$1 969 \$2 512
TYPE OF INCOME IN 1969 OF FAMILIES All families With wage or salary income Mean wage or salary income With nonform self-employment income Mean nonfarm self-employment income Mean form self-employment income Mean Social Security income With Social Security income Mean Social Security income Mean Social Security income With public assistance or public welfare income Mean public assistance or public welfare income Mean other income Mean other income	\$6 956 257 \$1 588 5 025 \$1 382 1 377 \$516 7 109	10 397 9 522 \$7 164 868 \$5 496 60 \$585 1 415 \$1 242 539 \$540 2 763 \$1 789	10 071 8 715 \$8 110 1 137 \$8 735 37 \$2 501 1 772 \$1 424 368 \$468 2 260 \$2 793	11 132 9 560 \$7 746 1 244 \$6 348 160 \$1 753 1 838 \$1 449 470 \$526 2 086 \$2 083	487 384 \$6 194 61 \$2 670 ————————————————————————————————————	\$81 807 \$6 122 92 \$5 427 6 183 \$1 209 71 \$525 274 \$1 632	1 330 1 206 \$5 113 100 \$4 446 - 318 \$1 010 235 \$456 336 \$1 933	688 601 \$6 212 81 \$6 294 3 57 \$1 289 57 \$1 056 157 \$1 705	173 144 \$5 915 29 \$13 740 - - 4 	930 803 \$7 084 114 \$5 848 21 136 \$1 422 301 \$2 033	787 703 \$5 869 76 \$4 497 	\$72 494 \$7 165 58 \$10 267 	725 725 \$7 324 64 \$2 584
RATIO OF FAMILY INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL	ļ										0.5	10	0.7
Percent of families with incomes: Less than .50 of poverty level	4.9 6.1 7.0 7.7 15.2 24.4	5.7 4.2 6.6 7.0 8.8 18.2 24.1 25.4	5.8 4.6 5.5 6.8 6.2 13.2 24.6 33.3	7.4 5.7 6.3 7.2 8.0 14.2 24.6 26.6	9.2 4.7 11.7 11.1 4.3 19.5 28.3 11.1	6.7 7.2 6.8 11.2 7.6 17.3 20.2 23.0	12.3 10.2 12.6 11.0 8.6 14.9 19.5 10.8	8.9 8.4 13.1 3.3 11.3 17.2 17.0 20.8	13.3 4.6 11.6 6.4 3.5 15.6 27.2	5.5 0.8 3.9 6.2 8.4 12.3 26.8 36.2	8.8 3.7 6.9 8.4 12.3 20.5 25.0 14.5	1.9 7.2 4.7 4.0 3.5 22.7 25.3 30.6	1.5 0.8 9.5 13.0 30.5 22.1 21.9
IN COME BELOW POVERTY LEVEL						100	447	209	51	94	152	79	22
Percent of all families Mean family income Mean income deficit Percent receiving public assistance income Mean size of family With related children under 18 years Mean number of related children under 18 years With related children under 6 years Mean number of related children under 6 years Families with female head With related children under 6 years Mean number of related children under 18 years With related children under 6 years Mean number of related children under 18 years Mean number of related children under 18 years With related children under 6 years Percent in labor force Mean number of related children under 6 years	17.3 \$2 019 \$1 567 9.6 3.95 3 710 2.95 2 168 1.71 1 627 1 382 2.90 708	1 714 16.5 \$1 994 \$1 432 9.5 3.77 1 156 2.77 704 1.66 557 459 2.83 222 56.8 1.86	1 605 15.9 \$1 934 \$1 568 9.0 3.75 996 2.91 605 1.65 489 428 2.98 2.22 55.0 1.64	2 155 19.4 \$2 103 \$1 673 10.1 4.25 1 558 3.11 859 1.79 581 495 2.90 264 46.6 1.59	125 25.7 \$1 644 \$1 362 14.4 3.57 79 2.23 18 27 23	182 20.7 \$2 002 \$1 526 8.2 3.88 110 3.02 1.45 69 1.45 47 2.43 14	467 35.1 \$2 102 \$1 595 16.5 4.10 376 2.93 246 1.77 215 199 2.84 128 70.3 1.73	30.4 \$2 277 \$1 273 22.5 4.04 126 3.47 78 2.24 98 2.9 3.86 23	29.5 \$1 572 \$1 675 	10.1 \$1 652 \$1 640 	19.3 \$1 724 \$1 723 -4.14 118 3.06 88 1.63 56 2.84 31 54.8 1.55	13.8 \$1 880 \$1 146 7.6 3.32 2.97 23 9	3.0
Percent in labor force	5 474 17.9 2 547	1 714 18.2 600 85.2	1 605 19.3 754 69.2	2 155 16.6 1 193 74.2	125 36.8 61 90.2	182 34.1 63 93.7	467 16.3 178 76.4	23.4 67 100.0	15 	27.7 35 100.0	11.8 43 100.0	22.8 23 59	- - 11
Percent in labor force Unrelated individuals Percent of all unrelated individuals Mean income Mean income deficit Percent receiving public assistance income Percent 65 years and over	3 458 44.4 \$789 \$1 024 13.6	1 105 39.9 \$819 \$999 12.9 50.5	1 217 39.1 \$804 \$1 027 12.1 42.9	1 136 59.5 \$741 \$1 044 16.0 51.7	54.0 \$1 074 \$735 56.8 69.3	155 54.8 \$831 \$948 2.6 72.9	195 51.0 \$905 \$927 16.9 42.1	148 49.3 \$660 \$1 162 13.5 56.8	70 49.3 \$941 \$857 18.6 55.7	131 29.4 \$1 118 \$696 10.7 52.7	70 43.2 \$696 \$1 123 40.0	37.3 \$540 \$1 264 6.8 32.2	76
Persons Percent of all persons Percent receiving Social Security Income Percent 65 years and over Percent receiving Social Security income Related children under 18 years Percent living with both parents	25 104 20.3 13.4 13.2 71.5 10 912	7 564 19.2 12.9 13.6 75.8 3 235 53.8	68.3 2 852	10 299 22.9 12.5 11.6 70.7 4 825 57.6	534 28.0 23.0 23.6 88.1 172 70.3	861 26.5 15.7 23.0 55.6 342 61.1	2 110 36.9 10.3 8.6 80.1 1 179 42.7	992 34.7 16.0 16.3 86.4 406 38.9	39.5 12.1 15.2 79.5 95 51.6	14.2 20.0 23.7 75.0 147 74.1	23.1 13.7 9.2 85.9 342 52.3	17.4 10.0 15.0 66.7 98 72.4	2.7 6.6 6.6 22
Percent living with both parents Percent of all households Owner occupied Mean value of unit Renter occupied Mean gross rent Percent lacking some or all plumbing facilities	7 126 21.4 3 355 \$12 000 3 771 \$66	2 342 20.3 787 \$14 200 1 555 \$71 6.5	20.7 1 226 \$11 400 1 151 \$74	2 407 23.6 1 342 \$11 200 1 065 \$50 18.9	\$18 400 116 \$38 3.5	245 24.7 11.7 \$12 800 128 \$69 8.6	\$8 800 439 \$53 9.2	110 \$8 500 151 \$54	77 \$62	200 16.0 67 \$17 400 133 \$100	22.9 64 \$13 600 150 \$57	18.4 45 \$18 400 73	3.9 27 \$10

1Excludes inmates of institutions, members of the Armed Forces living in barracks, college students in dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 14 years.

Table P-4. Income Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

	Data based on	Biloxi —		liminoti bas	e for delived	ngures (per	cent, medicin		Gulfport	mbuis, see n	2411		
Census Tracts	Tract 0010	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0014.99	Tract 0015	Tract 0016	Tract 0017	Tract 0018	Tract 0019	Tract 0020	Tract 0021
INCOME IN 1969 OF FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS													
All femilies Less than \$1,000 \$1,000 to \$1,999 \$2,000 to \$2,999 \$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$5,999 \$6,000 to \$6,999 \$7,000 to \$7,999 \$8,000 to \$8,999 \$9,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$1,999 \$10,000 to \$1,999 \$10,000 to \$1,999 \$15,000 to \$24,999 \$15,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more Median income Mean income Families and unrelated individuals	1 476 27 24 77 35 129 109 175 114 164 83 210 169 131 24 5 5 \$8 293 \$7 168	5	1 391 5 14 41 79 77 71 141 152 148 101 106 148 192 35 \$\$\$	952 24 46 50 78 47 84 140 84 87 46 87 46 87 48 87 48 28 28 37 88 255	885 33 52 55 45 49 102 95 55 72 70 98 93 36 \$7 805 \$9 383		38 29 38 29 42 38 31 101 67 90 98 64 183 108 161 9 9 54 \$9 398 1 177	1 153 11 20 	1 549 46 91 89 96 114 165 94 126 133 162 125 173 34 5 5 7 628 \$8 733	38 	1 212 47 58 92 90 42 64 169 99 116 152 114 95 4 88 87 88 34 634	1 206 42 67 82 128 1001 184 128 108 54 87 70 71 71 \$5 995 \$6 792	25 5 6 4 6 4 88 375 \$13 644
Median income	\$8 012 \$8 629	•••	\$7 747 \$9 077	\$6 554 \$7 423	\$6 252 \$7 405		\$8 352 \$8 766	\$12 807 \$13 821	\$6 446 \$7 729	\$6 400 \$6 441	\$7 346 \$7 809	\$5 181 \$5 668	\$5 042 \$6 751
Unrelated individuals	158 \$1 885 \$3 600		205 \$4 340 \$5 230	352 \$4 455 \$5 172	604 \$3 529 \$4 507	•••	\$2 743 \$3 100	83 \$6 300 \$6 398	473 \$3 721 \$4 442	38 \$2 571 \$3 708	213 \$1 724 \$3 117	\$1 962 \$3 142	\$4 300 \$4 058
TYPE OF INCOME IN 1969 OF FAMILIES All familles With wage or salary income Mean wage or salary income With nonfarm self-employment income Mean nonfarm self-employment income Mean farm self-employment income Mean farm self-employment income With Social Security income Mean Social Security income With public assistance or public welfare income Mean public assistance or public welfare income Mean public assistance or public welfare income Mean other income Mean other income	1 476 1 410 \$8 640 \$7 964 20 113 \$1 754 21 418 \$1 439	5 5 	1 391 1 348 \$9 108 66 \$3 745 6 81 \$1 235 6 \$2 892	952 892 \$7 779 63 \$3 635 4 108 \$1 282 9 248 \$2 219	\$85 764 \$7 944 117 \$11 422 200 \$1 446 6 260 \$2 335		1 059 963 \$8 970 102 \$5 187 5 \$1 030 18 286 \$2 291	1 153 993 \$11 994 259 \$14 071 18 94 \$1 231 14 297 \$2 629	1 549 1 339 \$8 226 1 54 \$6 589 - 322 \$1 400 64 \$376 395 \$2 590	38 38 \$9 054 4 - - - - 8	1 212 1 080 \$8 113 106 \$11 198 	1 206 969 \$6 500 165 \$6 540 	25 21 6 5
RATIO OF FAMILY INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL													
Percent of families with incomes: Less than .50 of poverty level	3.0 1.8 4.7 3.3 7.4 19.7 30.6 29.5	-	1.8 4.5 4.6 9.8 18.0 25.3 35.9	3.6 3.6 3.7 7.1 9.7 14.3 22.6 35.5	6.1 2.4 6.2 4.1 5.0 13.9 19.8 42.6		5.2 3.0 3.6 5.3 9.3 12.7 23.2 37.8	1.4 1.6 0.7 1.6 1.8 7.3 20.8 64.8	4.1 6.8 4.4 7.9 5.4 15.3 23.4 32.6	13.2 10.5 34.2 42.1	7.0 3.6 4.4 5.4 4.5 14.5 27.6 33.0	5.0 4.3 7.2 8.8 10.4 17.1 26.1 21.1	20.0 - - - - 24.0 56.0
INCOME BELOW POVERTY LEVEL	,												
Familles Percent of all familles Percent femily income Mean Income deflicit Percent receiving public assistance income Mean size of family With related children under 18 years Mean number of related children under 18 years With related children under 6 years Mean number of related children under 6 years Families with female head With related children under 18 years Mean number of related children under 18 years Mean number of related children under 18 years With related children under 6 years Percent in labor force Mean number of related children under 6 years	142 9,6 \$2 186 \$1 260 3.52 101 2.23 50 1.00 29 23 		88 6.3 \$2 806 \$968 4.05 81 2.28 48 1.50	103 10.8 \$1 452 \$1 075 2.19 28 1.00 20 8 8	130 14.7 \$1 650 \$1 402 4.6 3.05 50 2.50 2.51 1.16 8		125 11.8 \$1 738 \$1 817 4.0 3.79 95 2.42 31 1.48 44 44 1.98 7	43 3.7 \$2 081 \$1 385 7.0 3.93 16 11 11	237 15.3 \$1 950 \$1 517 11.8 3.72 132 3.27 95 1.56 60 54 3.80 39 38.5 1.31	-	182 15.0 \$1 841 \$1 819 16.5 3.86 109 2.77 59 1.37 61 47 3.06 18	199 16.5 \$2 148 \$1 158 - 3.42 114 2.67 64 1.73 64 58 2.34 27 14.8 1.37	5 20.0
Family heads Percent 65 years and over Civilian male heads under 65 years Percent in labor force	51	=	88 - 38 86.8	103 16.5 26 80.8	130 24.6 84 71.4	•••	125 4.0 66 69.7	43 27.9 20	237 21.5 126 70.6	-	1 82 16.5 80 51.3	199 21.6 92 58.7	5 - - -
Unrelated Individuals Percent of all unrelated individuals Mean income Mean income deficit Percent receiving public assistance income Percent 65 years and over	46.2 \$621 \$1 266	-	48 23.4 \$307 \$1 520 27.1	57 16.2 \$769 \$1 047 7.0 64.9	25.7 \$550 \$1 278 3.2 45.2	•••	33 28.0 \$508 \$1 296 33.3	16 19.3 	141 29.8 \$820 \$1 030 23.4 45.4	28.9 	52.6 \$925 \$898 17.9 37.5	262 48.9 \$987 \$840 9.2 47.7	6 9.4 - -
Persons Percent of all persons Percent receiving Social Security income Percent 65 years and over Percent receiving Social Security income Related children under 1B years Percent living with both parents	10.3 2.3 1.4	-	404 7.6 4.0 5.9 178 80.9	283 8.8 21.2 22.6 68.8 30 70.0	551 16.8 18.0 23.8 60.3 116		507 11.8 5.1 4.5 225 61.3	185 4.2 11.4 18.4 52.9 75 38.7	1 023 16.9 15.5 17.5 63.1 408 53.4	11 6.5 	815 17.8 14.8 11.3 73.9 363 47.7	942 20.0 24.9 21.5 78.3 318 46.2	16 12.3
Households Percent of all households Owner occupied Mean value of unit Renter occupied Akean gross rent Percent lacking some ar all plumbing facilities	\$16 700 \$16 700 \$13 \$112		84 6.3 34 \$15 500 50 \$132	140 13.6 42 \$31 800 98 \$131	198 16.7 83 \$17 500 115 \$116		137 12.9 89 \$12 700 48 \$81 22,6	\$9 4.9 54 \$28 700 5 8.5	315 18.2 182 \$12 000 133 \$86 8.6	4 8.9 4 	269 20.7 164 \$9 700 105 \$81 9.7	356 25.4 159 \$10 600 197 \$65 13.8	5 7.2 - - 5

Excludes inmates of institutions, members of the Armed Forces living in barracks, college students in dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 14 years.

Table P-4. Income Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

it.	ata based on			Nimum base	TOP GENVED	rigores (pores	ent, median, i		ince of Harri				}
Census Tracts			ort – Con.	Tenni	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract 9027	Tract 0028	Tract
	Tract 0022	Tract 0023	Tract 0024	Tract 0025	0026	0002	0015	0018	0024	0026	0027	0020	
INCOME IN 1969 OF FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS							100	869	361	34	1 127	793	428
All families Less Ihan \$1,000 \$1,000 as \$1,909 \$2,000 to \$1,999 \$3,000 to \$2,999 \$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$5,999 \$5,000 to \$6,999 \$7,000 to \$4,999 \$7,000 to \$8,999 \$10,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$49,999 \$25,000 to \$49,999 \$25,000 to \$49,999 \$55,000 or \$49,999 \$50,000 or more Medion income	747 28 25 38 52 65 56 70 63 77 23 75 89 72 14 \$7 627 \$8 592	851 47 103 123 97 77 74 58 30 38 55 32 13 - 26 \$4 721 \$7 340	167 16 14 15 10 16 5 16 13 14 25 15 8 - \$7 469 \$7 518	270 3 16 	909 640 75 102 72 87 98 75 59 53 77 48 57 		193 22 16 7 19 17 - 21 7 32 - 12 16 16 8 8 8 56 738 \$8 026	79 138 129 109 96 52 51 81 36 24 43 16 15 	38 35 20 45 42 30 59 32 4 51 55 6 7 7 85 153	5 - - - - - 5 18 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		15 536 38 39 32 92 69 53 28 108 168 162 625 \$10 617	16 27 31 6 21 37 11 19 31 10 12 - \$10 455 \$11 228
Families and unrelated individuals Median income Mean income	954 \$6 779 \$7 550	1 176 \$3 381 \$5 812	244 \$5 000 \$5 912	338 53 453 54 196	1 191 \$5 114 \$5 787	~	219 \$7 025 \$7 870	1 227 \$2 888 \$3 745	475 \$3 824 \$4 139	34 \$12 167 \$10 763	1 259 \$7 896 \$9 389	1 189 \$6 668 \$7 656	\$9 419 \$10 134 78
Unrelated individuals Median income Mean income	207 \$3 020 \$3 79)	325 \$1 361 \$1 810	77 \$2 250 \$2 431	1 068 \$2 772 \$3 317	\$2 500 \$3 021	-	26 \$7 462 \$6 7)3	358 \$1 373 \$1 668	\$913 \$929	=	\$3 000 \$5 152	\$916 \$1 728	\$1 773 \$4 132
All families All families With wage or salary income Mean wage or salary income With nonfarm self-employment income Mean nonfarm self-employment income Mean nonfarm self-employment income Mean farm self-employment income With Social Security income Mean Social Security income With public assistance or public welfare income Mean public assistance or public welfare income With other income Mean other income	747 630 \$8 222 66 \$5 979 9 195 \$1 664 29 \$647 263 \$1 907	851 725 \$5 721 47 \$4 273 5 223 \$1 331 45 \$648 137 \$11 370	167 132 \$7 945 27 \$4 287 	270 266 \$7 246 15 9 39 \$1 488	909 795 \$6 561 69 \$4 815 - 139 \$1 636 62 \$488 133 \$1 764	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	193 161 \$9 095 4 5 25 \$1 936 ————————————————————————————————————	869 723 \$4 637 71 \$3 612 8 8 179 \$1 491 76 \$641 110 \$1 328	\$61 307 \$5 198 22 55 \$1 733 16 \$1 798	34 34 \$10 328 	7 127 993 \$9 064 175 \$9 392 6 148 \$1 227 33 \$350 206 \$1 475	793 714 \$9 400 97 \$7 715 4 	428 311 \$10 911 \$10 558 101 \$1 574 6 126 \$3 944
Percent of families with incomes; Less than .50 of poverty level	6.4 4.7 11.1	13.4 8.5 11.8 13.8 8.8 13.2 16.0 16.7	14.4 12.3 9.6 12.6 36.5 15.0	5.6 	10.1 6.4 9.4 11.2 5.1 11.6 28.7 17.6	1111111	11.4 5.7 6.2 3.6 7.3 24.9 14.5 26.4	22.9 14.0 12.7 8.6 9.0 12.9 11.0 8.9	16.3 12.5 11.1 15.8 8.3 18.3 12.2 5.5	14.7 - - 17.6 67.6	2.8 2.4 4.3 6.0 4.3 14.1 29.3 36.8	1.9 	3.7 1.4 2.8 5.6 2.6 11.2 22.7 49.8
INCOME BELOW POVERTY LEVEL!	{				225	_	45	431	144	5	106	36	\$4 7.0
Femilles Percent of all families Mean family income Mean income deficit Percent receiving public assistance income Mean size of family With related children under 18 years Mean number of related children under 18 years With related children under 6 years Mean number of related children under 6 years Families with female head With related children under 18 years Mean number of related children under 18 years With related children under 18 years Mean number of related children under 18 years	12.3 \$1 545 \$1 497 2.97 60 1.72 46 1.33 14	286 33.6 \$1 850 \$1 710 11.2 3.86 188 2.87 116 2.06 113 96 2.83 46 65.2	26.3 \$2 424 \$772 3.20 17 12 8	27 10.0 \$2.515 \$1.750 5.04 22 18 7	235 (25.9) \$2 149 \$1 788 14.9 4.50 188 3.43 122 1.72 90 84 3.51 62 74.2	111111111111111111	23.3 \$1 544 \$1 515 3.11 24	49.6 \$2 185 \$1 907 14.8 4.62 375 3.33 230 1.68 197 176 3.07 176 5.07	39.9 \$2 342 \$2 159 11.1 5.04 119 3.40 49 1.47 44 41 3.80 31 19.4		9.4 \$2 046 \$1 625 11.3 4.11 74 3.08 43 1.42 54 48 3.38 30 16.7 1.37	4.5 \$1 588 \$1 626 	7.9) \$1 357 1 \$7 799) 17.6 3.15 16
Mean number of related children under 6 years Family heads Percent 65 years and over Civilian male heads under 65 years Percent in labor force	19.6 30	286 24.8 123 85.4	44 29.5 19	27 16	235 14.9 98 67.3	-	45 11.1 22	431 8.1 207 84.5	144 11.8 80 80.0	6.4.6 	16.0 46 50.0	_	34 17.6
Unrelated Individuals Percent of all unrelated individuals Mean income Mean income deficit Percent receiving public assistance income Percent 65 years and over	\$1 39.1 \$679 \$1 115 6.2	227 69.8 \$767 \$1 078 15.4 41.9	\$1 40.3 \$702 \$1 172 16.1 16.1	36 41.4 \$574 \$1 233 33.3	106 37.6 \$925 \$923 14.2 35.8	-	15.4	226 63.1 \$742 \$1 074 6.2 37.2	\$1 331 38.0 23.0	-	45.5 \$629 \$) 185 35.0	38,3 \$651 \$1 169 42.6	56.4 \$968 \$798 22.7 86.4
Percent of all persons Percent receiving Social Security income Percent 65 years and over Percent receiving Social Security income Related children under 18 years.	11.9 22.0 53.8 96	330 38.7 18.6 16.4 83.0 490 37.6	172 22.9 12.8 14.0 72 34.7	172 13.4 12.6 7.0 88 62.5	1 163 30.3 7.8 8.2 65.3 596 39.9	-	78.2	56.1 6.8 6.7 55.4 32.0 38.5	45.3 13.0 7.4 72.1 420 54.4	13.2 3 4 3	10.8 12.7 11.1 80.6 226	6 6, 7 35, 1 25, 3 87, 5 5	9.8 3 29.8 3 29.3 5 77.3 7 23
Househelds Percent of all households Owner occupied Mean value of unit Renter occupied Mean gross rent Percent lacking some or all plumbing facilities	153 17.1 64 \$12 700 89 \$87	257 \$53 28.5	44 31.0 39 \$11 100 5	25.5	319 30.6 14 \$8 500 17! \$7		25,5	50.9 22/ \$8 00/ 31/ \$4 28/	50, 10 5 10 57 70 5 11 6 \$5 2 23	5 6 9 3	12. 5 11: 5 \$11:00 - 3 - \$5	5 9. 2 4 0 \$14.80 8 3	1 15.5 2 6 0 \$22.20 7 1

*Excludes inmotes of institutions, members of the Armed Forces living in barracks, college students in dormitories, and unrelated individuals under \4 years.

Table P-4. Income Characteristics of the Population: 1970—Continued

ſ		·	e of Harrison (in, median, e			for split tracts		
Census Tracts	Tract 0030	Tract 0031	Tract 0032	Tract 0033	Tract 0034	Tract 0035	Tract 0002	Tract 0015	Tract 0018	Tract 0024	Tract 0026
INCOME IN 1969 OF FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS											
All families Less than \$1,000 \$1,000 to \$1,999 \$2,000 to \$2,999 \$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$5,999 \$7,000 to \$7,999 \$8,000 to \$6,999 \$7,000 to \$7,999 \$10,000 to \$1,1,999 \$10,000 to \$11,999 \$12,000 to \$11,999 \$15,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$44,999	556 55 85 93 26 22 76 20 25 30 27 36 35	1 320 21 97 103 142 117 105 113 69 88 95 109 141 112	1 628 555 47 24 61 70 84 233 130 160 108 246 241 164 5	717 72 63 97 67 98 155 146 205 179 106 181 190 153 5	730 555 44 70 71 88 39 66 64 48 25 53 80 27	1 376 35 71 78 76 108 109 175 149 116 69 191 120 65 14	881 43 50 75 90 128 85 62 72 52 45 42 49 12	1 252 60 45 49 57 48 101 88 - 97 130 64 195 124 177	907 79 138 129 109 96 57 56 81 44 32 46 25	528 38 51 34 60 52 46 64 48 17 14 76 20 8	943 66 40 80 102 72 87 98 75 65 53 82 66 57
\$50,000 or more Median income Mean income	\$4 731 \$5 747	\$6 664 \$7 616	\$8 688 \$8 970	\$7 783 \$8 219	\$5 949 \$6 302	\$7 242 \$7 833	\$5 641 \$6 962	\$8 623 \$9 186	\$3 986 \$4 793	\$5 630 \$5 901	\$6 250 \$6 794
Families and unrelated individuals	668 \$3 485 \$5 171	1 564 \$5 743 \$6 685	1 713 \$8 443 \$8 655	1 869 \$7 555 \$7 918	911 \$4 593 \$5 367	1 624 \$6 595 \$6 975	1 164 \$4 623 \$5 827	1 396 \$8 115 \$8 626	1 303 \$2 959 \$3 903	719 \$4 010 \$4 741	1 225 \$5 245 \$5 925
Unrelated individuals Median income Mean income	112 \$1 791 \$2 312	244 \$949 \$1 646	85 \$1 543 \$2 615	152 \$3 111 \$4 508	181 \$904 \$1 598	248 \$1 487 \$2 211	283 \$1 781 \$2 293	144 \$3 000 \$3 753	396 \$1 480 \$1 864	191 \$1 134 \$1 534	282 \$2 500 \$3 021
TYPE OF INCOME IN 1969 OF FAMILIES											
All families With wage or solary income Mean wage or solary income With nanfarm self-employment income With nanfarm self-employment income With farm self-employment income Mean farm self-employment income With Social Security income Mean Social Security income With public assistance or public welfare income Mean public assistance or public welfare income With other income Mean other income	\$56 405 \$6 474 45 \$2 652 8 169 \$1 434 49 \$867 89	1 320 1 166 \$7 343 140 \$5 964 5 192 \$1 176 53 \$477 220 \$1 828	1 628 1 416 \$8 791 185 \$6 722 6 167 \$1 826 6 379 \$1 590	1 717 1 540 \$7 572 219 \$4 408 15 205 \$1 141 146 \$405 467 \$2 487	730 585 \$6 686 109 \$3 541 23 114 \$1 128 3 34 \$2 726	1 376 1 205 \$7 448 106 \$8 001 80 \$2 870 292 \$1 516 54 \$470 197 \$1 307	881 807 \$6 122 92 \$5 427 6 183 \$1 209 71 \$525 274 \$1 632	1 252 1 124 \$8 988 106 \$4 967 10 142 \$1 189 18 313 \$2 201	907 761 \$4 858 75 \$3 475 8 179 \$1 491 76 \$641 118 \$1 241	\$28 439 \$6 024 49 \$4 492 	943 829 \$6 716 69 \$4 815 144 \$1 618 62 \$488 139 \$1 754
RATIO OF FAMILY INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL											
Percent of families with incomes; Less than .50 of poverty level	12.4 12.6 10.4 6.7 9.5 15.3	5.6 12.3 10.6 8.9 6.6 11.2 22.5 22.3	4.3 1.8 3.7 3.7 7.7 14.1 31.6 33.0	6.4 2.0 2.9 8.3 10.4 15.6 26.7 27.7	9.2 4.1 8.2 11.9 11.6 13.8 26.0	3.9 6.9 5.4 4.4 11.0 20.2 27.5 20.7	6.7 7.2 6.8 11.2 7.6 17.3 20.2 23.0	6.2 3.4 4.0 5.0 8.9 14.5 21.9 36.0	21.9 13.5 12.1 8.3 9.2 12.8 12.0	11.2 13.1 11.4 13.8 5.7 16.5 19.9 8.5	9.8 6.2 9.5 10.8 4.9 11.1 28.3 19.4
INCOME BELOW POVERTY LEVEL						Ì					
Families Percent of oil families Mean family income Mean income deficit Percent receiving public assistance income Mean size of family With related children under 18 years Mean number of related children under 18 years With related children under 6 years Mean number of related children under 6 years Mean number of related children under 6 years Mean number of related children under 18 years With related children under 18 years Mean number of related children under 18 years With related children under 6 years Percent in labor force Mean number of related children under 6 years	\$1 971 \$1 707 12.3 4.09 170 2.53 52 1.46 73 58 2.31	28.6 \$2.85 \$1.499 12.7 5.27 283 4.10 2.37 54 3.97 19	161 9.9 \$1 858 \$1 780 	194 11.3 \$1 195 \$1 845 2.1 3.46 133 2.33 66 1.79 58 50 2.02 31 16.1	157 21.5 \$1 568 \$1 224 2.92 83 1.80 27 1.85 23 20	222 16.1 \$2 338 \$1 322 16.7 3.97 143 3.07 95 1.63 26 21	182 20.7 \$2 002 \$1 526 8.2 3.88 110 3.02 69 1.45 69 2.43 14	170 13.6 \$1 687 \$1 737 2.9 3.61 119 2.41 48 1.56 44 44 1.98 7	431 47.5 \$2 185 \$1 907 14.8 4.62 375 3.33 230 1.68 197 176 3.07 113 60.2 1.71	188 35.6 \$2 361 \$1 835 4.61 136 3.37 66 1.48 56 49 3.82 39 15.4	240 25.5 \$2 153 \$1 762 14.6 4.47 188 3.43 1/22 1.72 90 84 3.51 62 74.2
Family heads Percent 65 years and over Civilian male heads under 65 years Percent in lobor force	19.3	377 15.4 272 83.1	161 12.4 85 45.9	194 19.1 86 69.8	157 30.6 82 76.8	222 25.7 144 81.9	182 34.1 63 93.7	170 5.9 88 62.5	431 8.1 207 84.5	188 16.0 99 74.7	240 16.7 98 67.3
Unrelated Individuals Percent of all unrelated individuals Mean income Mean income deficit Percent receiving public assistance income Percent 65 years and over	42.9 \$958 \$824 47.9	186 76.2 \$717 \$1 076 19.9 70.4	53 62,4 \$924 \$898 ~ 43.4	47 30.9 \$1 035 \$754 38.3 53.2	144 79.6 \$622 \$1 023 8.3 56.9	155 62.5 \$825 \$971 19.4 61.3	155 54.8 \$831 \$948 2.6 72.9	37 25.7 \$523 \$1 246 - 40.5	237 59.8 \$730 \$1 085 5.9 37.1	131 68.6 \$566 \$1 293 32.8 21.4	37.6 \$925 \$923 14.2 35.8
Persons Percent of all persons Percent receiving Social Security income Percent 65 years and over Percent receiving Social Security income Related children under 18 years Percent living with both parents	44,0 11.6 9.7 61.4 478	2 171 35.4 10.5 10.8 69.4 1 090 78.9	687 11.4 12.1 6.8 100.0 318 70.4	718 11.0 11.6 12.7 76.9 333 54.4	603 22.6 17.7 26.2 62.7 157 76.4	1 037 18.1 20.0 17.6 75.4 445 77.5	861 26.5 15.7 23.0 55.6 342 61.1	651 13.1 6.3 5.5 44.4 280 64.6	2 229 54.0 6.9 6.8 56.6 1 220 38.5	998 38.8 12.9 8.5 60.0 495 51.5	1 178 29.8 8.7 9.0 68.9 596 39.9
Households Percent of all households Owner accupied Mean value of unit Renter accupied Mean gross rent Percent lacking some or all plumbing facilities	45.2 182 \$9.600 103 \$38	362 30.4 189 \$11 200 173 \$53 15.5	160 10.9 103 \$16 000 57 \$94 9.4	182 12.8 118 \$15 800 64 \$55 13.7	105 25,1 48 \$11 000 57 \$31 40.0	204 23.2 141 \$7 900 63 \$42 32.8	245 24.7 117 \$12 800 128 \$69 8.6	179 14.6 98 \$12 700 81 \$67 17.3	546 49.2 230 \$8 200 316 \$46 28.0	263 45.7 145 \$8 600 118 \$53 20.9	324 30.7 149 \$8 700 175 \$71 15.7

¹Excludes inmates of institutions, members of the Armed Forces living in barracks, college students in dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 14 years.

Table P-5. General and Social Characteristics of the Negro Population: 1970

Census Tracts With	Data based on	Harrison				Biloxi					Gulfport		1
400 or More Negro Population	Total	Biloxi	Gulfport	Balance	Tract 0002	Tract 0003	Tract 0004	Tract 0009	Tract 0017	Tract 0019	Tract 0020	Tract 0023	Tract 0026
AGE BY SEX													
Mole, all eges Under 5 years 3 and 4 years 5 to 9 years 5 years	11 160 1 386 543 1 446 331 318	3 496 395 135 389 94 73	3 526 427 176 408 85 98	4 138 564 232 649 152 147	310 37 10 41 9	1 360 209 85 201 32 48	588 67 15 75 31 3	777 17 - 5 -	647 80 19 101 26 29	409 76 27 28 7 7	450 35 14 49 — 21	787 94 48 75 24	911 123 68 125 28 29
6 years	1 655 284 1 332 255 259 251 234	377 79 496 74 46 58 94	592 99 409 75 124 96 47	686 106 427 106 89 97 93 42	38 	230 55 137 28 30 41 15	74 20 77 28 12 17	246 	111 9 57 12 13 13	71 15 34 - 4 14 4	79 24 39 9 - 18 8	129 32 79 12 36 22 4	150 8 133 33 40 21 9
19 years	333 971 340 204 1 196 955 862 480 258 413 206	224 519 209 122 425 296 241 125 51 116 66	67 193 41 48 362 280 307 214 116 144 74	259 90 34 409 379 314 141 91 153 66	26 8 - 25 47 12 22 9 10	26 12 131 115 106 46 19	25 5 9 64 40 56 45 18 26 21	372 166 101 98 39 - - -	26 5 74 24 39 50 34 13	22 13 11 43 65 28 .4 23	30 11 4 56 41 54 19 29 19	37 5 9 99 44 76 61 21 50 22	45 7 6 98 90 55 43 15
Female, all ages Under 5 years	11 571 1 442 625 1 491 330 273 1 382 343 1 242 327 257	3 189 393 159 409 101 100 377 85 340 80 74	3 848 433 192 450 101 84 410 103 459 116 94	4 534 616 274 632 128 89 595 155 443 131 89	343 37 9 18 3 45 7 31 4	1 677 217 89 233 58 69 183 37 182 62 45 37	739 91 32 87 21 17 102 30 63 14 6	85 5 5 11 5 6 6 34	699 82 46 90 22 8 73 16 100 25 27	472 47 24 31 3 92 21 58 16 13 8	536 72 35 40 16 48 18 86 18 18 13 21	884 87 35 101 32 9 55 6 98 27 23 32	1 023 127 40 165 41 36 117 38 94 21 18
17 years	269 182 207 774 184 171 1 451 1 167 1 006 484 321 511 300	82 55 49 235 42 54 413 329 206 120 101 166 100	78 87 247 71 48 429 409 382 223 122 169 115	49 71 292 71 69 609 429 418 141 98 176 85	11 3 13 3 7 61 42 5 16 14 41	29 9 145 23 30 202 166 132 78 44 64 31	9 17 60 16 17 59 83 58 26 34 43 33	16 6 6 12 11 	13 22 24 74 68 30 47 36 44 31	14 7 35 15 6 42 60 54 29 16 5	17 17 30 - 6 45 70 75 26 19 25	9 7 54 12 6 110 84 125 57 19 49	17 28 86 30 152 89 70 42 25 34
RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD			7 074	8 672	653	3 037	1 327	862	1 346	881	986	1 671	1 934
All persens In households Head of household Head of formity Primary individual Wife of head Other relative of head Not related to head In group quarters Persons per household	22 731 21 713 5 832 4 558 1 274 3 074 12 446 361 1 018 3.72	6 685 5 783 1 572 1 229 343 784 3 265 162 902 3.68	7 374 7 310 2 019 1 586 433 1 106 4 083 102 64 3.62	8 620 2 241 1 743 498 1 184 5 098 97 52 3.85	653 212 171 41 90 325 26 ~ 3.08	3 037 826 628 198 395 1 760 56 - 3.68	1 327 354 255 99 151 759 63 -	114 29 29 - 29 56 - 748 3.93	1 346 365 294 71 231 727 23 -	881 224 167 57 151 493 13 - 3.93	986 280 227 53 133 551 22 - 3.52	1 671 520 379 141 245 887 19 3.21	1 934 505 421 84 264 1 140 25 3.83
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD			2 019	2 241	212	826	354	29	365	224	280	520	505
All households Mole primary individual Female primary individual. Husband-wife households Households with other male head Households with female head	5 832 565 709 3 010 246 1 302	1 572 169 174 746 55 428	167 266 1 097 68 421	229 269 1 167 123 453	9 32 100 71	102 96 348 34 246	53 46 151 16 88	29	31 40 217 21 56	29 28 143 — 24	16 37 140 12 75	64 77 219 22 138	14 70 306 13 102
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT Persons, 16 to 21 years old	2 891	1 109	885	897	63	320	145	547	125	110 60	119 86	170 37	252 145
Not attending school Not high school graduates Percent of total	1 823 851 29.4	882 216 19,5	475 280 31.6	466 355 39.6	45 13 20.6	172 87 27.2	109 73 50.3	535 30 5.5	58 38 30.4	32 29.1	63 52 .9	21 12.4	57 22.6
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED		- 755	3 346	3 509	340	1 213	606	160	602	387	478	862	769
Persons, 25 years old and over No school years completed	9 610 433 1 132 1 953 1 028 2 381 1 870 485 328	2 755 188 327 475 243 604 628 177 113	58 349 674 371 948 605 174 167	187 456 804 414 829 637 134 48	5 59 45 15 104 82 12 18	108 130 241 123 309 212 54 36	64 105 133 66 105 88 20 25	- - - 5 84 54	10 94 140 88 103 113 26 28	6 33 58 51 124 82 13 20	8 55 114 36 136 117 4 8 9.6	20 98 159 99 261 121 49 55 9.6	14 36 119 81 261 130 76 52 10.5
Median school years completed	9.3 27.9	9.7 33.3	9.7 28.3	8.7 23.3	10.3 32.9	9.0 24.9	8.0 21.9	12.9 96.9	8.6 27.7	29.7	27.0	26.1	33.6
RESIDENCE IN 1965 Persons, 5 years old and over, 19701	20 087	5 985	6 528	7 574	587	2 609	1 160 697	920	1 228 761	741 607	900 577	1 495 856	1 684 816
Same house as in 1970	9 891 3 000 2 017 3 046 1 109 1 937 244	2 428 1 149 34 1 721 713 1 008 152	3 857 1 341 221 715 299 416 78	3 606 510 1 762 610 97 513	120 6 171 34 137	1 335 741 20 292 105 187 13	214 8 157 13 144 8	710 347 363 44	223 7 202 56 146	86 13 26 6 20	202 28 45 5 40	376 47 68 46 22	339 126 334 159 175

"Includes "Moved, 1965 residence not reported."

Table P-5. General and Social Characteristics of the Negro Population: 1970—Continued

Census Tracts With		Balance of	Harrisan County				Totals for split t	racts	
400 or More Negro Population	Tract 0018	Tract 0024	Tract 0030	Tract 0031	Tract 0035	Tract 0002	Tract 0018	Tract 0024	Tract 0026
AGE BY SEX									
Male, ell agesUnder 5 years	1 590 224	878 105	577 44	613 135	238 28	310 37	1 590 224	878 105	911 123
3 and 4 years	84	48	25	55 95	20 32	10 41	84 253	48 131	68 125
5 to 9 years	253 52	131 30	104 33 20	32	-1	9	52	30	28
6 years	63 216	29 161	20 105	15 102	62	9 38	63 216	29 161	29 150
14 years	28 177	17 108	5 51	26 51	9 24	27	28 177	17 108	133
15 years	53	22	9	10	7	9	53 38	22 31	33 40
16 years	38 37	31 25	10 12	13	5	4 -	37	25	21
18 years	20 29	26 4	20	23 5	4	10	20 29	26 4	9 30
20 to 24 years	95 31	41 12	43 18	52 14	7	26 8	95 31	41 12	45 7
20 years	12	3	-	15	4	_	12	3	6
25 to 34 years	159 144	92 98	42 23	80 48	29 22	25 47 12	1 59 1 44	92 98	98 90
45 to 54 years55 to 59 years	122 62	71 14	23 75 28	28 9	11	12 22	122 62	71 14	55 43
60 to 64 years	41	22	7	6	6	9	41	22 22	15 34
65 to 74 years	75 22	22 13	29 26	7	14	10 16	75 22	13	04 -
female, all ages	1 852	938	637	601	215	343	1 852	948	1 023
Under 5 years3 and 4 years	253 104	134 79	57 31	112 48	24	37	253 104	134 79	127 40
5 to 9 years	273	126	75	130	24	18	273	126	165 41
5 years	58 42	24 13	11 14	31 16	4	3	58 42	24 13	36
10 to 14 years	259 67	158 45	76 19	59 5	16	45 7	259 67	158 45	117 38
15 to 19 years	172	74	57	98	28	31	172	74 15	94 21
15 years	68 19	15 16	12 13	29 24	8	4 13	68 19	16	18
17 years18 years	40 19	5 5	16 4	35 10	7 6	11	40 19	5 5	10 17
19 years	26	33 75	12 24	24	12	3 13	26 126	33 79	28 86
20 to 24 years	126 30	19	5	_	5	3	30	19	36
2) years25 to 34 years	31 220	5 130	8 72	17 87	28	7 61	31 220	5 130	30 152
35 to 44 years 45 to 54 years	191 177	102 59	51 97	39 19	29 17	42 5	191 177	102 59	89 70
55 to 59 years	58	16	30 37	7	12	16	58	16 32	42 25
65 to 74 years.	22 47	32 23	52	4 9	22	14 41	22 47	29	34
75 years and over	54 	9	9	13	-	20	54	9	22
RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD					-				
All persons	3 442	1 816	1 214	1 214	453	653 653	3 442 3 442	1 826 1 826	1 934 1 934
In households	3 442 989	1 816 450	1 214 305	1 204 212	411 94	212	989	454	505
Head of familyPrimary individual	718 271	361 89	274 31	201 13	75 19	171 41	718 271	365 89	421 84
Wife of headOther relative of head	398 1 976	249 1 099	203 706	174 818	58 259	90 325	398 1 976	249 1 105	264 1 140
Not related to head	779	18	-	_	-1	26	79	18	25
In group quarters Persons per household	3.48	4.04	3.98	10 5.68	42 4.37	3.08	3.48	4.02	3.83
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD									
All heusehelds	987 146	450 29	305 9	212	94	212	989 146	454 29	505 14
Female primary Individual	125	60	22	11	15	32	125	60	70
Husband-wife households Households with other male head	412 62	247 37	189 19	18 1 5	57	100	412 62	247 37	306 13
Households with female head	244	77	66	15	18	71	244	81	102
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT	1								
Persons, 16 to 21 years old	332	184	118	156	51	63	332	184	252
Not attending school Not high school graduates	208 170	71 56	55 32	72 57	21 15	45 13	208 170	71 56	145 57
Percent of total	51.2	30.4	27.1	36.5	29.4	20.6	51.2	30.4	22.6
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED									
Persons, 25 years old and over	1 394	703	578	356	196	340	1 394	709	769
No school years completed	61 208	84 84	17 49	10 50	23	5 59	61 208	84 84	14 36
5 to 7 years 8 years	291 159	179 67	189 65	36 53	32 29	45 15	291 159	179 67	119 81
High school: 1 to 3 years	384	127	126	127	43 [104	384	133	261
College: 1 to 3 years	232 33	117 39	99 21	80	44 16	82 12	232 33	117 39	130 76 53
4 years or more Median school years completed	26 8.9	6 8.1	12 8.5	9.7	9.3	18 10.3	26 8.9	6 8.1	50 10.5
Percent high school graduates	20.9	23.0	22.8	22.5	30.6	32.9	20.9	22.8	33.6
RESIDENCE IN 1965	1				}				
Persons, 5 years old and over, 1970		1 648 990	1 219 452	860 137	381 251	587 249	2 965 1 520	1 648 990	1 68 4 816
Different house:	i		7-7-4		Į.				
In central city of this SMSAIn other part of this SMSA	700	181 289	367	163 243	57	120 6	157 700	181 289	339 120
Outside this SMSA North and West	320	65	35	59	60	171 34	320 19	65	33- 159
South		65	35	59	53	137	301	65	17:
Abroad	1	14			-			14	1:

"Includes "Moved, 1965 residence not reported."

Table P-6. Economic Characteristics of the Negro Population: 1970

	[DOIG BESSEG O				2 101 0011100			arc., una m	eaning of sym				
Census Tracts With 400 or More Negro		Harrison	County			Biloxi	i				Sulfport	·	
Population	Total	Biloxi	Gulfport	Bolance	Tract 0002	Tract 0003	Tract 0004	Tract 0009	Tract 0017	Tract 0019	Tract 0020	Troct 0023	Tract 0026
EMPLOYMENT STATUS AND OCCUPATION Male, 16 years old and over		2 261 1 814	2 024 1 490	2 133 1 528	185 145	692 530	344 258	755 755	343 239	234 170	278 209	477 360	480 380
Civilian labor forceEmployed	3 569	909 854	1 421 1 318	1 480	127 120	515 473	248 242	=	228 228	170 164	209 190	360 326	353 331
UnemployedNot in labor force	241 1 586	55 447	103 534	83 605	7 40	42 162	6 86	-	104	6 64	19 69	117	100
Female, 16 years old and over	6 929 3 318	1 930 986	2 439 1 265	2 560 1 067	239 123	982 513	445 228	63 40	429 203	286 146	358 202	614 329	593 332
Civilian labor forceEmployed	3 290 3 050	964 897	1 259 1 149	1 067	123 98	513 483	228 222	18 18	197 186	146 133	202 193	329 298	332 286
UnemployedNot in labor force	. 240 3 611	67 94 4	110 1 174	1 493	25 116	30 469	217	23 12	11 226	13 140	9 156	31 285	261
Married women in labor force, husband present With own children under 6 years	1 449 461	361 116	597 191	491 154	42 32	183 28	83 31	6	125 30	87 29	73 10	144 35	149 74
Total employed, 16 years old and over Professional, technical, and kindred workers	. 508	1 751 177	2 467 231	2 401 100	218 19	956 119	464 26	18 6	414 38	297 28	363 15	624 65	617 81
Managers and administrators, except formSales workers	. 139 54	61 -	26 34	52 20	=	17	25	-	.6	-	8 9	4 8	10
Clerical and kindred workersCraftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers	. 323 564	78 115	133 221	112 228	7 8	54 72	12 30	=	13 39 36	10 28 18	32 30	31 21 48	43 76 57
Operatives, except transport Transport equipment operatives	. 439	161 99	208 173	374 167	19 19 13	92 72 82	41 8 95	-	29 71	22 57	45 25 81	63 108	34 102
Laborers, except farm Farm workers	. 41	198 15	448 20 691	496 6 479	9 84	314	6 162	12	10 131	5 99	94	5 157	164
Service workers, except private household Private household workers	909	587 260	282	367	40	134 483	59 222	18	37 186	30 1 33	44 193	114	286
Female employed, 16 years old and over Professional, technical, and kindred workers	. 285	897 84	1 149 128 19	1 004 73 22	98 7 	483 41 5	222 26 15	16	18	12	15 5	32	51 10
Managers and administrators, except farm Sales workers Clerical and kindred workers	. 30	39 - 46	19 12 94	18 75	-	36	5	=	3	- 6	6 32	15	37
Operatives, including transport	. 364	77 17	117 53	170 27	5	43 12	20	-	31 7	_	22 18	32 22	28 6
Farm workersService workers, except private household	. 9	9 377	452	281	9 43	218	97	12	83	85	51	91	110
Private household workers	860	248	274	338	34	128	59	-	37	30	44	106	44
FAMILY INCOME IN 1969 All families		1 229	1 586	1 743	171	628	255	29	294	167 10	227 16	379 37	42 1 44
Less than \$1,000 \$1,000 to \$1,999	. 510	100 126	126 169	168 215	25 12	53 75	14 39	-	14 51 38	16 3	12 17	46 83	21
\$2,000 to \$2,999 \$3,000 to \$3,999	. 546	217 112	201 193	236 241	18 6 20	151 55 64	38 39 14	-	31 28	24 13	'ģ 31	58 32	40 66 31
\$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$5,999	. 388	106 146 123	139 122 121	237 120 164	16 30	58 45	33 16	6	43 23	10	32 27	35 12	12 33
\$6,000 to \$6,999	. 313	74 68	99 92	140 46	13 5	44 20	, 7 16	5 12	5 17	37 10	20 16	4 7	27 27
\$9,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 or more	. 175	34 123	102 222	39 137	5 21	9 54	4 35	6	25 19	21 23	26 21	9 56	21 99
Median income: Families Families and unrelated individuals	. \$4 363	\$4 561 \$2 944	\$4 748 \$3 584	\$4 049 \$3 171	\$5 281 \$3 600	\$3 636 \$2 917	\$3 936 \$3 278	\$8 292 \$2 383	\$4 464 \$3 351	\$7 203 \$6 052	\$5 891 \$5 016	\$3 405 \$2 594	\$5 708 \$4 083
RATIO OF FAMILY INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL													
Percent of families with incomes: Less than .50 of poverty level		15.1 12.0	14.2 12.2	19.6 16.1	18.1 6.4	16.7 14.6	16.5 15.7	_	10.5 18.7	9.6 12.6	8.8 4.8	21.1 10.0	14,7 10,2
.50 to .74 .75 to .99 1.00 to 1.24	. 14.1	15.8 11.0	12.2 13.1	14.7 12.3	13.5 9.4	17.0 11.6	19.6 5.1	-	12.6 16.3	3.6 6.0	11.9 11.9	18.5 19.3	10.5 11.9
1.25 to 1.49 1.50 to 1.99	. 7.4	8.1 12.4	4.7 15.3	9.4	4.1 14.0	8.9 10.7	6.3 12,2	20.7 17.2	5.4 17.7	6.6 24.6	4.0 29.5	1.1 8.7	3.3 9.0
2.00 or more	22.6	25.5	28.2	15.4	34.5	20.4	24.7	62.1	18.7	37.1	29.1	21.4	40.4
Families	2 019	528 43.0	613 38.7	878 50.4	65 38.0	304 48.4	132 51.8	-	123 41.8	43 25.7	58 25.6	188 49.6	149 35.4
Percent of all families Mean family income	. \$2 282	\$2 276 \$1 625	\$2 117 \$1 721	\$2 400 \$1 915	\$1 842 \$1 860	\$2 256 \$1 654	\$2 454 \$1 412		\$2 189 \$1 420	\$1 997 \$2 086	\$2 670 \$1 142	\$1 949 \$1 848	\$2 207 \$1 949
Mean income deficit Percent receiving public assistance income Mean size of family	. 13.7	16.5 4.48	10.6 4.29	14.1	18.5 3.98	14.8 4.45	22.7 4.54	-	10.6 3.80	4.81	4.12	11.7 4.26	16.8 4.89
With related children under 18 years Mean number of related children under 18 years	. 1 676	455 3.22	458 3.13	763 3.46	47 2.64	283 3.12	98 3,54	_	75 3,23	30 3.47	48 2.67	138 3,12	129 3.64
With related children under 6 years Mean number of related children under 6 years	. 998 . 1.84	298 1.85	297 1.79	403 1.88	31 1.16	191 1.80	54 2.50	_	58 1.66	18	20	97 2.03	86 1.84 62
Families with female head With related children under 18 years	. 808	314 279	260 232	333 297	44 30	185 181	72 55	-	31 31	19 16	35 29 2.38	87 75 3.19	59 3.85
Mean number of related children under 18 years. With related children under 6 years	. 499	3.07 172 58.1	3,13 150 63.3	3.20 177 49.7	2.50 14	2.85 122 68.9	3.85 23	=	3.81 27 55.6		8	46 65.2	54 70.4
Percent in labor force Mean number of related children under 6 years .	. 1.78	1.94 528	1.80 613	1.60 878	 65	1.74 304	132	-	1.44 123	43	 58	1.91	2,00 149
Percent 65 years and overCivilian male heads under 65 years	15.0	14.4 170	21.4 249	10.9 470	27.7 15	10.5 95	15.9 51	-	21.1	39,5 10	12.1 16	28.2 69	15.4 67
Percent in lobor force	83.4	87.1 274	80.3 328	83.6 426	58	82.1 124	100.0 75	_	74.2 41	43	45	88.4 120	77.6 57
Percent of all unrelated individuals Mean income	. 62.6	54,3 \$680	61.9 \$782	70.2 \$672	86.6 \$480	48.8 \$934	46.3 \$486		43.6 \$652	61.4 \$677	48.2 \$1 202	75.0 \$716	55.3 \$838
Mean income deficitPercent receiving public assistance income	\$1 121 16.1	\$1 154 14.6	\$1 053 16.5	\$1 152 16.9	\$1 310	\$924 18.5	\$1 353 10.7	-	\$1 194 - 43.9	\$1 172 25.6 20.9	\$613 22,2 33,3	\$1 128 20.0 42.5	\$995 15.8 22.8
Percent 65 years and over	38.4 10 437	47.8 2 638	36,0 2 959 40,5	34.3 4 840 56.1	74.1 317 48.5	32.3 1 477 48.6	53,3 674 50,8	-	43.9 508 37.7	250 28,4	284 29,1	920 55.1	786 40.8
Percent of all persons Percent receiving Social Security income	. 9.2	45.6 9.1 9.4	12.4 11.4	56.1 7.2 6,5	6.9 21.5	8.5 4.9	12.0 12.5	=	11.8 14.6	12.0 12.4	16.9 7.7	16.2 14.3	7.9 6.2
Percent 65 years and over Percent receiving Social Security income Related children under 18 years	. 62.6	66.1 1 496	70.7 1 367	51.1 2 678	25.0 111	87.5 931	86.9 346	-	60.8 222	71.0 140	130	84.8 378	73.5 440
Percent living with both porents	. 42.0	34.9 630	37.5 860	48.3 1 049	36.0 87	34.2 375	33.5 141	-	50.9 1 52	51.4 79	28.5 75	27.8 281	35.9 202
Percent of all householdsOwner occupied	. 48.2 . 1 073	45.5 150	45,3 414	52.9 509	47.3 31	49.3 77	49.3 37		43,3 70	36.4 47	33.5 22	56,8 118	41.6 100
Mean value of unitRenter occupied	. \$8 300 1 466	\$9 000 480	\$8 300 446	\$8 200 540	\$9 800 56	\$8 600 298	\$9 800 104	-	\$14 400 82	\$6 100 32	53	\$5 500 163	\$8 500 102 \$55
Mean gross rentPercent lacking some or all plumbing facilities		\$53 18.7	\$54 29.0	\$42 23.1	\$60 17.2	\$51 12.0	\$53 41.1		\$61 5.9	\$70 16.5	\$56 44.0	\$48 47.7	10.9

1 Excludes inmates of institutions, members of the Armed Forces living in barracks, college students in dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 14 years.

Table P-6. Economic Characteristics of the Negro Population: 1970—Continued

1	Data based on sample,	SECTION. TOT THE	Illinoin base for de	rived rightes (perc	en, median, etc.,	and meaning or s	THEORY OUR TURN		
Census Tracts With 400 or More Negro		Balance of	f Harrison County				Totals for split	tracts	
Population Note Negro	Tract 0018	Tract 0024	Tract 0030	Tract 0031	Tract 0035	Tract 0002	Tract 0018	Tract 0024	Tract 0026
EMPLOYMENT STATUS AND OCCUPATION Male, 16 years old and over	844	459	315	271	109	185	844	459	480
Labor force Civilion labor force Employed	625 625 613	309 294 255	234 226 200	206 206 200	78 78 78	145 127 120	625 625 613	309 294 255	380 353 331
Unemplayed Unemplayed Not in labor force	12 219	39 150	26 81	200 6 65	31	7 40	12 219	39 150	22 100
Female, 16 years old and over	999 487	505 188	417 186	271 70	144 57	239 123	999 487	515 192	593 332
Civilian labor force	487 445	188 174	186 186	70 70	57 50	123 98	487 445	192 178	332 286 46
Unemployed Not in lobor force Married women in labor force, husband present With own children under 6 years	42 512 181 68	14 317 91 39	231 104 9	201 63 35	7 87 23 3	25 116 42 32	42 512 181 68	14 323 91 39	261 149 74
Total amployed, 16 years old and over Professional, technical, and kindred workers Managers and administrators, except farm Sales workers	1 058 45 37	429 19 5	386 14 7	270 4 	128 7 3	218 19 -	1 058 45 37	433 19 5	617 81 10
Clerical and kindred workersCraftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers	49 83	2 34 15	13 49	5 10 45	30	7 8	49 83	2 34 15	43 76 57
Operatives, except transport	154 85	65 26	78 26	35 9	18	19 19	154 85	69 26	34
Laborers, except form Farm workers Service workers, except private household	181 - 225	118 6 96	81 - 38	97 - 56	19	13 9 84	181 _ 225	†18 6 96	102 - 164
Private household workers Female employed, 16 years old and over	199 445	43 174	80 186	9 70	29 50	40 98	199 445	43 178	44 286
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	33	19 5	14	=	7 -	7 -	33 17	19 5	51 10
Sales workers	22 57	24 22	13 - 62	5 10 4	5	- - 5	22 57	24 26	37 28
Other blue-collar workers		9	 	9	-	- 9	9	9 -	6
Service workers, except private household Private household workers	134 173	55 40	17 80	33 9	9 29	43 34	134 173	55 40	110 44
FAMILY INCOME IN 1969 All familles	718	361	274	201	75	171	718	365	421
Less than \$1,000 \$1,000 to \$1,999 \$2,000 to \$2,999	123	38 35 20	30 48 51	4 30	3 5 8	25 12 18	73 123 110	38 39 20	44 21 40
\$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999	90 89	45 42	18 22	57 69	10	6 20	90 89	45 42	66 31
\$5,000 to \$5,999\$6,000 to \$6,999\$7,000 to \$7,999	.] 33	30 59 32	22 47 12	15 16 5	7 4 8	16 30 13	42 33 58	30 59 32	12 33 27
\$8,000 to \$8,999 \$9,000 to \$9,999	32 20	4	5 19	5	-	5 5	32 20	4	27 21
\$10,000 or more	\$3 589	56 \$5 017 \$3 889	\$3 444 \$2 894	\$4 138 \$4 058	\$5 500 \$3 875	21 \$5 281 \$3 600	48 \$3 589 \$2 719	56 \$4 964 \$3 852	99 \$5 708 \$4 083
RATIO OF FAMILY INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL! Percent of families with incomes:									
Less than .50 of poverty level .50 to .74 .75 to .99	. 15,6	16.3 12.5 11.1	15.0 20.1 21.9	10.0 27.9 27.9	14.7 2.7 9.3	18.1 6.4 13.5	25.9 15.6 12.4	16.2 13.4 11.0	14.7 10.2 10.5
1.00 to 1.24	9.3 8.1	15.8 8.3	13.1 4.7	15.4 18.9	2.7 22.7	9.4 4.1	9.3 8.1	15.6 8.2	11.9 3.3
1.50 to 1.99 2.00 or more		18.3 17.7	10.9 14.2	-	26.7 21.3	14.0 34.5	13.5 15.2	18.1 17.5	9.0 40.4
INCOME BELOW POVERTY LEVEL Families Percent of all fomilies	387 53,9	144 39.9	156 56.9	132 65.7	20 26.7	65 38.0	387 53.9	148 40.5	149 35.4
Mean family income Mean income deficit	\$2 157 \$2 005	\$2 342 \$2 159	\$2 326 \$1 528	\$3 595 \$1 596		\$1 842 \$1 860	\$2 157 \$2 005	\$2 319 \$2 122	\$2 207 \$1 949
Percent receiving public assistance income	4.74	11.1 5.04 119	19.2 4.35 109	11.4 6.73 132	-	18.5 3.98 47	14.7 4.74 347	10.8 4.96 119	16.8 4.89 129
Mean number of related children under 18 years With related children under 6 years	3.40 218	3.40 49	2.74 24	4.45 87	ii	2.64 31	3.40 218	3.40 49	3.64 86
Mean number of related children under 6 years Families with female head With related children under 18 years	_] 190	1.47 44 41	58 43	2.70 12 12	5 5	1.16 44 30	1.70 190 172	1.47 48	1.84 62
Mean number of related children under 18 years With related children under 6 years	3.12 113	3.80 31	2.63 10			2.50 14	3.12 113	41 3.80 31	59 3.85 54
Percent in labor force	_ 1.71	19.4 1.55			:	•••	60.2 1.71	19.4 1.55	70.4 2.00
Percent 65 years and over : Civilian male heads under 65 years	- 7.2	1 44 11.8 80	156 26.3 69	1 32 5.3 113	20	65 27.7 15	387 7.2 181	148 11.5 80	149 15.4 67
Percent in labor forceUnreleted individuals	- 82.3 - 214	80.0 93	89.9 11	93.8 1 0	25	58	82.3 214	80.0 93	77.6 57
Percent of all unrelated individuals Mean income Mean income deficit	- \$748	86.9 \$503 \$1 359	35,5 	•••	69.4 \$470 \$1 336	86.6 \$480 \$1 310	63.9 \$748 \$1 096	86.9 \$503 \$1 359	55.3 \$838 \$995
Percent receiving public assistance income Percent 65 years and over	- 6.5 37.4	40.9 17.2			20.0 60.0	74.1	6.5 37.4	40.9 17.2	15.8 22.8
Percent of all persons Percent receiving Social Security income	- 59.7	819 45.1 12.2	690 56.8 10,1	898 74.0 1.6	113 26.4 11.5	317 48.5 6.9	2 047 59.7 6.4	827 45,3 12,1	786 40.8 7.9
Percent 65 years and over Percent receiving Social Security income	-) 6.1 50.0	6.6 68.5	9.7 55.2	3.2 34.5	15.9	21.5 25.0	6.1 50.0	7.3 61.7	6.2 73.5
Related children under 18 years	- 36.0 - 498	423 54.4 212	352 40.6 1 67	559 78.5 61	74 67.6 32	111 36.0 87	1 148 36.0 498	423 54.4 216	440 35.9 202
Percent of all households Owner occupied	- 54.0 - 198	49.6 106	54.8 95	59.8 37	40.0 28	47.3 31	54.0 198	50.1 110	41.6 100
Mean value of unit Renter occupied Mean gross rent	_ 300	\$7 700 106 \$51	\$7 400 72 \$31	\$13 900 24	\$5 800 4	\$9 800 56 \$60	\$8 100 300 \$45	\$7 700 106 \$51	\$8 500 102 \$55
Percent lacking some or all plumbing facilities	26.1	24.1	2,4	-	37.5	17.2	\$45 26.1	\$51 25.5	10.9

1Excludes inmates of institutions, members of the Armed Forces living in borrocks, college students in dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 14 years.

Table P-7. General and Social Characteristics of Persons of Spanish Language: 1970

400 or More Persons of Spanish Language AGE BY SEX				
AGE BY SEX	Total	Biloxi	Gulfport	Balance
•				
Male, all ages	1 271	702	308	261
Under 5 years3 and 4 years	100 38	54 13	46 25	_
5 to 9 years	180	88	31	61
5 years6 years	29 33	29 12	4	17
10 to 14 years	119 10	58 5	26 5	35
14 years	130	77	ารี	38
15 years16 years	· 7	7 5		10
17 years	7	<u>_</u>	7	
18 years19 years	36 65	12 53	8 ~	16 12
20 to 24 years	209	161 40	29	19
21 years	40 61	45	8	8
25 to 34 years	173 182	93 65	50 60	30 ° 57
45 10 54 years	101	69	16	16
55 to 59 years60 to 64 years	20 28	7	8 21	5 -
65 to 74 years	20	14	6	-
75 years and over	9	9	-	-
Female, all ages	1 166	543	377	246 24
3 and 4 years	128 50	53 18	51 20	12
5 to 9 years	205 30	98 15	63 15	44
5 years6 years	63	49	8	6
10 to 14 years	98 12	36 5	37	25 7
13 10 19 years	115	50	34	31
15 years	27 19	14 11	13 8	-
1/ Years	20	6	6 7	8 17
18 years	30 19	6 13	→	6
20 to 24 years	121	75 20	30	16 6
20 years	26 39	20 27	7	5
25 to 34 years	211 144	115 53	60 41	36 50
35 to 44 years	62	24	18	20
55 to 59 years60 to 64 years	29 14	14	29	_
65 to 74 years	23	16	7 7	-
75 years and over	16	4	,	-
		1 245	685	507
All persons	2 437 2 197	1 026	677	494
Head of household Head of family	593 559	301 279	171 164	121 116
Primary individual	34	22	7	5 115
Other relative of head	555 1 030	276 449	164 323	258
Not related to head	19	219	19 8	13
In group quartersPersons per household	240 3.70	3,41	3.96	4.08
TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD				
All households	593	301 17	171	121 5
Male primary individual Female primary individual	22 12	5	7	_
Husband-wife householdsHouseholds with other male head	547	267	164	116
Households with female head	12	12	~	
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT				
Persons, 16 to 21 years old	377	238	51	88
Not attending schoolNot high school graduates	254 31	215 25	15	24 6
Percent of total	8.2	10.5	~	6.8
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED				
Persons, 25 years old and over	1 032	495	323	214
No school years completed	14 21	15	14	6
5 to 7 years	56 93	40 43	6 35	10 15
8 yearsHigh school: 1 to 3 years	188	88	58	42
4 years	379 178	182 96	129 51	68 31
4 years or more	103	31	30	42 12.5
Aedian school years completedere- ercent high school graduates	12.4 64.0	12.3 62.4	12.4 65.0	65.9
LESIDENCE IN 1965				
Persons, 5 years old and over, 1970	2 209 531	1 138 194	588 218	483 119
Different house:	144	83	47	14
In central city of this SMSA	108	_	62	46
Outside this SMSA	960 406	529 185	205 117	226 104
North and West	554 336	344 256	88 24	122

Includes "Moved, 1965 residence not reported."

Table P-8. Economic Characteristics of Persons of Spanish Language: 1970

Census Tracts With	[Data based on sample, see text. For minin	Harrison County	cent, median, etc.) and medning	or symbols, see text
400 or More Persons		ridifficon County		
of Spanish Language	Total	Biloxi	Gulfport	Balance
EMPLOYMENT STATUS AND OCCUPATION Male, 16 years old and over	865	495	205	165
Labor farce	753 314	447 103	184 116	122 95
EmployedUnemployed	306 8	9 5 8	116	95
Not in labor force	112	48	21	43
Female, 16 years old and over	708 236	342 125	213 62	153 49
Civillan labor forceEmployed	204 183	93 72	62 62	49 49
UnemployedNot in labor force	21 472	21 217	151	104
Married women in labor force, husband present With own children under 6 years	155 49	82 23	41 26	32
Total ampleyed, 16 years old and over	489	167	178	144
Professional, technical, and kindred workers Managers and administrators, except farm	92 41	34 _	16 31	42 10
Sales workersClerical and kindred workers	18 117	24	6 61	12
Croftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers Operatives, except transport	57 36	30 20	14 8	32 13 8
Transport equipment operativesLaborers, except farm	14 34	6	8	_
Form workers	6	14	5	15 6
Service workers, except private household Private household workers	53 21	32 7	15 14	6
Female employed, 16 years old and over Professional, technical, and kindred workers	1 83 36	72 20	62	49
Managers and administrators, except farmSoles workers	-	20 -	Ξ	16
Clerical and kindred workers		19	41	25
Operatives, including transport Other blue-collar workers	8 5	5		8 ~
Form workers	28	21	7	<u>-</u>
Private household workers	21	7	14	-
FAMILY INCOME IN 1969 All families	559	279	164	116
Less than \$1,000\$1,000 to \$1,999	24 25	14 25	-	10
\$2,000 to \$2,999 \$3,000 to \$3,999	20	13	= =	7
\$4,000 to \$4,999	37	21 23	8 8	8 6
\$5,000 to \$5,999 \$6,000 to \$6,999	1 . 45	35 29	43 7	9
\$7,000 to \$7,999 \$8,000 to \$8,999	33	32 7	9 15	6 11
\$9,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 ar more	51 162	6 74	33 41	12 47
Median income: Families Families and unrelated individuals	\$7 287	\$6 293 \$3 468	\$8 467 \$7 524	\$9 083 \$8 273
RATIO OF FAMILY INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL! Percent of families with incomes:				
Less than .50 of poverty level50 to .74		9.7	-	8,8
.75 to .99	3.9	4.3 2.5	4.9	6.0
1.00 to 1.24	.1	8.6 14.7	15.2	14.7
1.50 to 1.99 2.00 or more	20.6 47.6	21.1 39.1	26.8 53.0	10,3 60,3
INCOME BELOW POVERTY LEVEL	ļ			
Percent of all families		46 16.5	8 4.9	1 7 14.7
Mean family income	\$1 960	\$1 062 \$1 678	***	***
Percent receiving public assistance income Mean size of family	3.44	2.54	··· <u>-</u>	
With related children under 18 years Mean number of related children under 18 years _	. 1 57	32	8	` 17
With related children under 6 years Mean number of related children under 6 years	_ 21	13	8	***
Families with female head	. 12	12		-
With related children under 18 years Mean number of related children under 18 years	.	12	<u>-</u>	-
With related children under 6 years Percent in labor force		`` ' 7	-	_
Mean number of related children under 6 years	· / i	46		17
Percent 65 years and overCivilian male heads under 65 years	8.5	13.0 22	-	17
Percent in labor force	- 82.1	"ii	14	
Percent of all unrelated individuals	56,6	•••	***	
Mean income deficit Percent receiving public assistance income		***	***	•••
Percent 65 years and over	-!	-	-	_
Percent of all persons	12,6	128 12.5	62 9.2	86 17.4
Percent receiving Social Security Income Percent 65 years and over	_l	4.7 8.6	22.6	-
Percent receiving Social Security Income Related children under 18 years	108	44	31	33
Percent living with both parents	- 76,9 80	43.2 50		100.0
Percent of all households	- 14.9	1 8.1	5.3	20.2
Mean value of unit	-1		-	17
Mean gross rent Percent lacking some or all plumbing facilities	_! \$85	\$89		
	<u> </u>		-	

Excludes inmotes of institutions, members of the Armed Forces living in barracks, college students in dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 14 years.

Table H-1. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Harrison (<u> </u>	THE STATE OF THE S			Biloxi				
Census Tracts	Total	Biloxi	Gulfport	Balance	Tract 0001	Tract 0002	Tract 0003	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0006	Tract 0007	Tract 0008	Tract 0009
Ail housing units Vacant — seasonal and migratory	41 54 1 48	13 737 32	13 773 9	14 031 7	729 2	1 215	1 839	944	343	1 587 21	1 076	701	742
All year-round housing units	41 493	13 705	13 764	14 024	727	1 215	1 839	944	343	1 566	1 016	701	740
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS						507	717	466	76	555	328	381	24
Owner occupiedCopperative and condominium	22 799 88	5 553	7 838	9 408	359 359	537 437	717 477	318	74	553	321	377	$\tilde{22}$
WhiteNegra	19 814 2 945	5 022 518	6 635 1 189 4 603	8 157 1 238 3 035	289	100 546	239 982	148 406	2 203 197	792	6 <u>1</u> 9	268 268	705 664
Renter occupiedWhite	14 689 11 696 2 899	7 051 5 895 1 113	3 701 863	2 100	286 1	430 114	365 616	201 205	197 5 64	779 8 219	532 84 69	263 1 52	33
Negro Vacant year-round For sale only	4 005 567	i 101 90	1 323 188	1 581 289	79 6	132 2	140 5 3	72 3	5 4	7 7 5	4	Ӕ	
Vacant less than 6 months	466 \$18 000	68 \$17 700	\$17 000	\$18 600 503	\$7 900 44	85	95	26	\$37 500 28	\$16 300 124	45	30	5
Vacant less than 2 months	1 817 1 139	631 410	683 451 583	278	17 \$55	38 \$62 45	63 \$49	\$59	21 \$66 31	94 \$98	32 \$63 20	22 \$68 21	\$117
Other	\$73 1 621	\$73 380	\$83 452	\$62 789	29	45	40	43	31	88	20	21	*}
LACKING SOME OR ALL PLUMBING FACILITIES	ļ				41	59	125	105	21	6	17	5	6
All unitsOwner occupied	2 361 1 033	419 118 49	706 245 126	1 236 670 226	22	22 11	31 23 76	21 11	_	′ 2	5 2		-6
NegroRenter occupied	1 000 674	253 159	364 262	383 253 183	12	33 18	76 61 18	72 66 12	16 1 3	3 3 1	10 4 2	4 - -	1
Vacant year-roundFar sale only	328	48 4	97 6	11 }	7	4 - 3	10		- 2		=	-	-}
For rent	148	20	42	86	4	J	10	·	_				
COMPLETE KITCHEN FACILITIES AND ACCESS	}		247	105	24	36	90	43	11	11	15	3	n{
Lacking complete kitchen facilitiesAccess only through other living quarters		279 4	367 5	685 3	1	1	70	-	ì	1	-	-	-\
ROOMS				117	7	18	38	14	15	39	4	. 8	8
1 room2 rooms	434 1 527	171 800	146 416 1 584	117 311 1 190	50 124	111 262	38 83 385	61 197	49 128 53	194 359	54 158	45 104	72 212
4 rooms	5 051 9 546 11 699	2 277 3 455 3 489	3 063 3 711	3 028 4 499	218 167	314	601 429	224 206	40	288 302 179	356 266 118	104 139 152 132 68 28 25 4,9	278 131
5 rooms	8 261	2 270 806	2 922 1 222	3 069 1 169	113 34	166 52 19	225 51	148 54 20 20	26 18 7	121	48 8	68 28	28
7 rooms 8 rooms 9 rooms or more		270 167	430 270	413 228	. 8	16	2) 6 4.2	20 4,4	7 3,3	53 31 4,2	4 4.3	25 4.9	4.8
Median	4.9	4.5	5.0	5.0	4.3	4.2	4.2	31.7	0.0				}
All occupied housing units	37 488	12 604	12 441	12 443	648	1 083	1 699	872	279	1 347	947	649	729
PERSONS	}	1 007	1 020	1 418	142	219	316	166	108	364	147	76	,4
1 persons 2 persons 2	5 337 10 724 6 768	1 987 3 973 2 275	1 932 3 700 2 319	3 051	207 97	391 182	448 282	284 137	108 38	554 187	250 196 157	258 133 87	161 168 155 142
3 persons 4 persons 5 persons	6 021	1 856 1 220	1 941 1 204	2 224 1 587	86 45	125 78	232 161	99 61 125	15 5 5	64	94 103	87 51 44	142 99 3.7
6 persons or more Median, all occupied units	4 627 2.9	1 293 2.7 2.7	1 345 2.8	1 989 3.3	71 2.4 2.4	88 2.3 2.4	260 2.8 2.8	2.5 2.5	1.8 1.8	2.1 2.3	2.9 2.5	2.5 2.8	3.7 3.8 3.7
Median, owner occupied units	. 1	2.6	2.9 2.5	3.4 3.1	2.3	2.3 20	2.8 42	2.4 35	1.8	. 1.9	3.0 7	2.2 12	3.7
Units with roomers, boarders, or lodgers	746	235	377	134	4	20	42	0.5	-				
PERSONS PER ROOM	33 225	11 342	11 265	10 618	573	966	1 381	738	268	1 290	828 96	614 22	637 78
1.00 or less	3 055	920 342	849 327	1 286 539	61 14	76 41	210 108 292	76 58 116	4 7 9	40 17 56	23 115	22 13 35	14 89
Units with all plumbing facilities - 1.01 or more	3 820	1 197	1 061	1 562	72	111	292	110	,	30	,,,		
VALUE	10.007	4 717	7 096	7 224	319	459	664	404	52		30]	353	
Specified owner occupied units Less than \$5,000	_1 170	172 397	408 630	590 666	18 45	33 76	46 129	80 30	3	ó	9 24 47	. 8 21	•••
\$5,000 to \$7,499 \$7,500 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999	2 066	600 1 441	739 1 797	727 1 468	58 112	103 148	172 219	74 138 49	3 8	32 167 116	108 52	21 99 62 57	
\$15,000 to \$19,797\$20,000 to \$24,999	2 211	912 525	1 735 728	1 804 958	47 19	48 24 14	68 19	18 13	7 11	70 47	28 19	59	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
\$25,000 to \$34,999	662	386 166	627 285 147	737 211 63	11	5 8	2	1	4	28 28	7 7	27 17	
\$50,000 or mare	020	118 \$14 000		\$15 400	\$11 300	\$10 500	\$9 800	\$10 600	\$21 400		\$12 900	\$18 400	•••
CONTRACT RENT		6 987	4 577	2 801	288	546	973	382	199	787	617	267	
Specified renter occupied units?Less than \$30	_} 913	350 286	237 256	326 229	67 29 84	546 27 53 154	164 129	20 37	5 6 37	7 2 74	32 25 120	6 1 22	. 1
\$30 to \$39 \$40 to \$59 \$60 to \$79	2 769 2 408	1 075 1 224	881 856	813 328	l 61	154 186	402 149 61	139 98	37 113 19	166 140	175 42	116	-
\$80 to \$99	2 818	771 1 176	606 1 174	187 468	16 5	186 65 27	16	22 12	7	254 82	32	74 34 3	73 -
\$150 to \$199	113	333 85 22	265 21 5	85 7	=	-	-	15	_	31 2	-	-	<u> </u>
\$250 to \$247 \$250 or more	2 298	1 665 \$ 75	276	357 \$56	26 \$49	33 \$62	52 \$47	39 \$57	12 \$66		191 \$64	\$77	619 \$112

1Limited to one-family homes on less than 10 acres and no business on property. 2Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-1. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970—Continued

1					raidii, e.c., ai					···-			
Census Tracts		Biloxi	Con,						Gulfport				
Cellada Mucia	Tract 0010	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0014.99	Tract 0015	Tract 0016	Tract 0017	Tract 0018	Tract 0019	Tract 0020	Tract 0021
All housing units Vacant—seasonal and migratory	1 617	11	1 611	1 382 6	1 525 5	=	1 189 1	1 259	2 093	82	1 521	1 838	98
All year-round housing units	1 617	11	7 610	1 376	1 520	-	1 188	1 259	2 093	82	1 521	1 838	98
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS				1									
Owner accupied	551	_	987	572	595	-	761	1 072	1 189	59	1 053	861	12
White	546	_	972	566	593	_	711	1 070	974	58	885	715	ารุ
Renter occupied	1 013	9	15 539	680	725	_	49 374	141	214 676	14	165 361	145 785	63
WhiteNegro	972 34	9 -	525 9	672	717 3	-	331 42	140 1	563 111	13 1	282 79	616 162	59 3
Vacant year-roundFor sale only	53 1	2	84 44	124	200 10	_	53 13	46 19	228 44	9	107 45	192 10	23
Vacant less than 6 months		-	40 \$20 200	\$9 300	\$19 200	_	12	18	38		44	6	
For rent	47	2	27	73	138	_	\$25 700 24	\$29 300 12	\$16 000 130	4	\$18 400 57	\$6 800 87 77	10
Vacant less than 2 months Median rent asked Other	43 \$93 5	··· <u>·</u>	22 \$115 13	43 \$129 39	48 \$131 52	-	21 \$95 16	\$100 15	105 \$105 54	 	43 \$53 5	77 \$71 95	8 \$74 12
LACKING SOME OR ALL PLUMBING FACILITIES													
All unitsOwner occupied	25 7	-	7 4	2	15 2	-	39 12	9	81 46	9 7	39 25	152 41	39
NegroRenter occupied		_	-	-1	_	_	12 7	4	20		10	18	
Negro	18 2	-	3 3	-1	10	-	25 17		27 12		14 10	87 70	27
Vacant year-round	-	_	_		3 ~	-	2	_	8	_	-	24	12
For rent	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	4	-	-	10	2
COMPLETE KITCHEN FACILITIES AND ACCESS Lacking complete kitchen facilities	13	1	3	18	1	~	20	5	27	2	15	88	31
Access only through other living quartersROOMS	-	<u>-</u>	_	-	i	~	ĩ	-	-	-	-	-	-
1 room		_	.3	.5	9	~	3	2	.4	1	2	55 95	31 10
2 rooms	55 128	ī	26 93	66 266	43 300	~	67	3 9	37 227	2 4	22 115	95 303	10 30
4 rooms	352 499	3	242 577	454 313	414 319	-	193 320	34 324	538 561	24 28	296 567	509 406	12
6 rooms7 rooms	444	3	409 184	176 59	207 102	~	354 185	415 273	424	19	354	323 95 28	3
8 rooms	30	-	49	24	72	-	41	112	197 67	4	123 29	28	30 12 2 3 2 4 4
9 rooms or more	5.0	5.3	27 5,3	13 4.3	54 4.5	-	19 5.5	87 6.1	38 4.9	4.9	13 5.1	24 4.4	2.8
All occupied housing units	1 564	9	1 526	1 252	1 320	-	1 135	1 213	1 865	73	1 414	1 646	75
PERSONS]												
l person2 persons	108 392	2	135 384	200	295	-	83	73	225	12	176	357	44
3 persons	301	2	286	534 266	531 227	-	240 220	276 254	571 388	17 10	425 280	559 271	17 8
4 persons	235	2	314 222	138 60	133 71	-	237 188	307 151	290 199	19 9	235 139	217 122	1 2
6 persons or more		1 2.8	185 3.4	54 2.3	63 2.2		167 3.6	1 <i>5</i> 2 3.5	192 2.9	6 3.3	159 2.9	120 2.3	3 1.4
Median, owner occupied units	3.1	2.8	3,4 3,3	2.5 2.2	2.2 2.2 2.2	-	3.8 3.2	3.6 3.2	3.0 2.6	3.4 2.8	2.9 2.9	2.4 2.3	2.1 1.3
Units with roomers, boarders, or lodgers-	1	-	16	40	65		19	3.2	2.0 62	2.8	2.7	2.3 58	3
PERSONS PER ROOM	ł									-			
1.00 or less	1 440	9	1 400	1 198	1 257		1 033	1 163	1 691	69	1 278	1 499	70
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	.1 110	_	105	42	57	-	83	46	121	4	96	92	2
Units with all plumbing facilities — 1.01 or more	122	=	126	12 54	63	-	19 95	4 50	53 159	3	40 130	55 125	3 4
VALUE													
Specified awner occupied units' Less than \$5,000	492 8	-	820 14	35]	510 5	-	18 6 8	1 060 3	1 084	44 3	965	718	9
\$5,000 to \$7,499	.\ 5	-	11	10	12	-	15	7	74 96	š	56 77	73 92	ī
\$7,500 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999	. 213	-	25 151	42 77	20 103	_	18 95	5 115	114 273	11 12	120 319	129 243	1 1
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	.1 67	-	247 164	72 52	108 75	~	300 168	271 217	238 90	11	293 44	135 28	_
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	.1 32	-	126 56	47 23	68 57	=	59 17	256 129	135 49	ĩ	39 13	14	2
\$50,000 or more	.	-	26 \$19 400	\$18 000	\$20 500	-	\$18 300	\$23 000	15 \$14 700	\$12 100	\$13 400	\$11 100	\$32 500
CONTRACT RENT			7.1. 700	7.5 000	720 300	-	Ψ10 000	420 000	ψι ⇔ / 00	ψι Δ IUU	φ(3 400	φιί 100	40¢ 200
Specified renter accupied units? Less than \$30	. 8	5 -	534 7	678 7	721 15	_	370 7	138	672 30	13	357 18	7 84 60	63
\$30 to \$39 \$40 to \$59	. 2	_	i 6	9	4 59	-	10	1 2	29 97	-	39	62	.5
\$60 to \$79	. 72	2	32	54	97	_	24 57	4	82	3	65 84	186 216	5 19 18
\$80 to \$99 \$100 to \$149	. 228	3	67 234	92 251 182	143 218	_	58 168	11 90	48 279	1 6	55 64	114 88	10
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	.} -	_	41 2	182 52	140 19	-	26	15	69	-	3	4	4
\$250 or more	481	-	1 143	2 29	25	-	20	Î 11	36	- 2	29	_ 54	=
Median	\$99	\$110	\$113	\$129	\$106		\$109	\$116	\$105	\$103	\$70	\$65	\$68
Il imited to one family hampe on loss than 10.													

Limited to one-family homes on less than 10 acres and no business on property. 2Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-1. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970—Continued

	[For minimum l		port — Con.	percent, med	Jian, etc.) an	d Mediling of	symbols, se		lance of Hari	ison County	,		
Census Tracts	Tract 0022	Tract 0023	Tract 0024	Tract 0025	Tract 0026	Tract 0002	Tract 0015	Tract 0018	Tract 0024	Tract 0026	Tract 0027	Tract 0028	Tract 0029
All housing units Vacant — seasonal and migratory	1 068 3	1 315	202	369	1 214	2 -	203	1 326	524	38 -	1 341	1 044	645 1
All year-round housing units	1 065	1 315	202	369	1 214	2	203	1 326	524	38	1 341	1 044	644
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS													
Owner occupied	585	685	156	217	593		138	515	310	25	958	692	420
Cooperative and condominium White	583	407	156	186	286	• • • •	137	112	4	25	913	692	385
Negro Renter occupied	1 329	276 508	36	31 115	304 476		51	403 626	306 142	11	42 266	220	35 101
White	325	253 252	36	96 18	270 189	•••	50 1	68 557	4 138	11	253 9	214 1	96 5
Negro Vacont year-round	151	122	10	37	145	•••	14	185 5	72 14	2 1	117 36	132 26	123 14
For sale only Vacant less than 6 months	11	11 6		7	13	• • • •		- -	11		34	21	14
Median price asked	\$13 100 76	\$7 100 64		\$15 800 6	\$6 800 71	•••	··· ;	130	\$5000 — 40	•••	\$15 900 35	\$16 500 51	\$20 800 21
For rent	32	31	•••	5	52	• • •	5	49 \$47	38 \$47	-	28 \$45	23 \$118	\$13 4
Median rent asked Other	\$78 64	\$48 47		\$60 24	\$87 61	•••	\$74 5	50	18	1	46	55	88
LACKING SOME OR ALL PLUMBING FACILITIES								327	105	1	34	13	10
All unitsOwner occupied	16 8	205 50	5 4	21 10	76 36	• • •	4 1	100	47	i	24	iĭ	6
Negro Renter occupied	- 8	40 126	-	7 6	23 27	• • •	3	83 154	47 46	_	10 9	2	5
Negro		123 29	<u> </u>	6 5	21 13	•••	_	144 73	46 12	_	1	_	1
Vacant year-round For sale only	_	2		-	3	• • • •	_	1 60	4	-	_	-	-
COMPLETE KITCHEN FACILITIES AND ACCESS	-	21	-	2	'	***	-	50	0	-	_	_	-
Lacking complete kitchen facilities	10	122 2	2	5	39		1	260	79	Ξ	12	9	5
Access only through other living quarters	ı	2	-		- 1	•••							
ROOMS	,,	10	1	3	5		_	46	6	_	3	3	1
1 room 2 rooms	63	65	3	_5	62		2	121 277	27 67	1 5	5 58	88 88	8 46
3 rooms4 rooms	140 186	195 358	10 53	15 60	169 386		2 34 47 67	337	110	10	213	158	115
5 rooms	288 251	314 242	53 79 35 15	179 97	324 198	• • •	67 32	286 167	150 103	9 10	499 386	296 285	137 137 93 55 52
6 rooms7 rooms	79	83 30		. 8	56 10		14 6	54 27	39 17	2	123 40	127 54	93 55
8 rooms 9 rooms or more	31 16	30 9	5 1	i	4	• • •	1	11	5	ĩ	14	29	52
Median	5.0	4.6	4.9	5.1	4.5	•••	4.8	4.1	4,8	4.8	5.3	5.4	5.6
All occupied housing units	914	1 193	192	332	1 069	•••	189	1 141	452	36	1 224	912	521
PERSONS	27.4	0.00	01	34	143		26	255	79	6	92	129	79
1 person2 persons	214 324	255 361	21 31	65	283		56 29	257	76 70	10 5	239 225	309 171	159 77
3 persons4 persons	160 104	203 152	42 39	67 56	189 151		38	188 128	60	12	290	139	86 60
5 persons	55	77	20	61	110 193		19 21	103 210	44 123	1 2	191 187	81 83	60
6 persons or more	.1 2.3	145 2.4	39 3.6	3.5 3.5	3.1		2.9	2.8	3.5 3.7	2.9 2.4	3.7 3.7	2.6 2.7	2,8 2,7
Median, owner occupied unitsMedian, renter occupied units	2.3	2.5 2.4	3.8 3,0	3.5 3.5	3.2 3.0		2.9 2.9	2.9 2.7	3.7	3.6	3.6	2.4	3.0
Units with roamers, boarders, or lodgers	1	58	6	5	50		3	17	11	-	10	17	3
PERSONS PER ROOM													
1.00 or less	858	1 047 91	162 24	284 38	854 152		176 10	877 145	333 73	35	1 073 125	878 26	488 21
1.01 to 1.50	. 13	55	6	10	63		. 3 12	119 207	46 97	1	26 146	8 33	12 31
Units with all plumbing facilities — 1.01 or more	. 54	107	30	42	199	***	12	207	7/	ı	140	00	•
VALUE Specified owner occupied units1	. 540	637	123	198	527		88	450	283	22 6	906 25	662 5	391 12
Less than \$5,000\$5,000 to \$7,499	. _1	98 157	5 11	13 16	69 110	•••	5 2	87 124	66 53 45		35	14	12 14 30 49 47 62 108
\$7,500 to \$9,999	. 55	115	22 58	10 89	119 134		4 14	87 95	40	2 3 6	67 241	33 159	49
\$10,000 to \$14,999\$15,000 to \$19,999	140	163 73	21	67	78		15	31 13	59	4	320 155	184 126	47 62
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	70 41	17 7	1	2	12		20 17	10	· ģ	-	53	105	108
\$35,000 to \$49,999	. 5	5	1	ī	3	•••	8 3	2 1	1		6 4	32 4	25
\$50,000 or more Median	\$14 700	\$8 900	\$11 600	\$13 100	\$9 300	•••	\$21 000	\$7 900	\$8 800	\$10 000	\$16 300	\$18 000	\$23 500
CONTRACT RENT Specified renter occupied units2	329	506	34	115	475		48	586	142	n	264	219	101
Less than \$30	. 5	66	2	2 2	31 34		48 2 2 3 7	152 109	18 21	_	5 6	1 2	11 5
\$30 to \$39 \$40 to \$59	. 47	58 195	9	34	143		3	194	68 11	3	73 23 28	43	28 6
\$60 to \$79\$80 to \$99	. 96	8 9 37	6 8	1 9 7	85 65		4	84 13	4		28 28	43 34 27 74	7
\$100 to \$149	. 91	25	6	35	94		21	13	4	3	100 11		12
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	: 4	_	_	_	-		-	-	-	Ξ	-	-	6
\$250 or more		36	ī	16	1 22	•••	B	20	16	·ī	18		19
Median		\$49	\$74	\$67	\$64	***	\$103	\$42	\$46	\$75	\$90	\$88	\$57

Limited to one-family homes on less than 10 acres and no business on property.

²Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-1. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970-Continued

		Balar	nce of Harrison	County Con.			***************************************	Totals	for split tract	\$	
Census Tracts	Tract 0030	Tract 0031	Tract 0032	Tract 0033	Tract 0034	Tract 0035	Tract 0002	Tract 0015	Tract 0018	Tract 0024	Tract 0026
All housing units Vacant—seasonal and migratory	868	1 564 1	1 856 4	, 1 970	925	1 725 1	1 217	1 392 1	1 408	726	1 252
All year-round housing units	868	1 563	1 852	1 970	925	1 724	1 217	1 391	1 408	726	1 252
TENURE, RACE, AND VACANCY STATUS						1					
Owner occupied	454	1 104 82	1 326	1 407	762 6	1 295	539	899	574	466	618
White	285 169	927 173	1 324 1	1 404	742 20	1 205 89	439 100	848 49	170 404	160 306	311 304
Renter occupiedWhite	181 94	334 272	275 273	382 380	157 122	289 263	546 430	425 381	640 81	178 40	487 281
NegroVacant year-round	87 233	60 125	2 251	2 181	35	26 140	114 132	43 67	558 194	138 82	189 147
For sale only	6 5	29 23	87 84	57 46	-	12	2	15 13	6	17 13	14
Median price asked	33	\$18 500 39	\$19 600	\$21 700 59	- 6	\$6 300 29	85	\$25 600	\$7 100	\$5000 —	\$7 000
For rent	5	28	53 44	28	5	25	38	31 26	134 53	44 40	71 52
Median rent asked	\$130 194	\$47 57	\$165 111	\$63 65	\$80 ~	\$60 99	\$62 45	\$86 21	\$48 54	\$47 21	\$87 62
LACKING SOME OR ALL PLUMBING FACILITIES											
All unitsOwner occupied	43 34	92 68	76 44	84 53	118 74	328 206	60 2 3	43 13	336 107	1 10 51	77 37
NegroRenter occupied	23 7	14 19	19	19	10 44	34 58	11 33	7 28	84 156	47 46	23 27
NegroVacant year-round	5 2	6 5	13	12	30	18 64	18 4	17 2	145 73	46 13	21 13
For sale only	- -	- 4	1 3	1 2	_	4		- 1	1 60	5	3
COMPLETE KITCHEN FACILITIES AND ACCESS	_	4	3	2	-	''	3	'	00	O	'
Lacking complete kitchen facilitiesAccess only through other living quarters	22	31	25 1	32	56	152	37 1	21 1	262	81	39
ROOMS			•			- [·	,			
1 room	9	12	13	5 37	3	15	19	3	47	7	5
2 rooms	22 110	16 109	16 55	173	19 70	33 98	111 262	8 101	123 281	30 77	63 174
4 rooms	248 261	291 564	252 816	539 604 417	233 301	475 509	314 257	240 387	361 314	163 229	396 333
6 rooms	141 37	375 144	429 193	417 132	200 68	387 143	166 52 20	386 199	186 58	138 54	208 58 10
8 rooms	20 20	34 18	55 23	39 24	26 5	39 25		47 20	27	22	10
9 rooms or more	4.7	5.1	5.2	4.9	5.0	5.0	16 4.2	5.4	11 4.2	4.9	4.5
All occupied housing units	635	1 438	1 601	1 789	919	1 584	1 085	1 324	1 214	644	1 105
PERSONS											
l person2 persons	120 163	118 297	85 382	134 513	108 234	185 356	221 391	109 296	267 274	100 107	149 293
3 persons4 persons	87 81	211 272	336 376	351 313	234 173 149	251 280	182 125	249 275	198 147	112 99	194 163
5 persons	64	213	229	237 241	118	227	78	207	112	64	111
6 persons or more	120 2.9 2.7	327 3.8	193 3.5 3.5	3.2	137 3,2	285 3.5	88 2.3	188 3.5	216 2.8	162 3.5 3.7	195 3.1
Median, owner occupied units	2.7 3.2	3.8 4.0	3.5 3.5	3.3 2.9	3.2 3.1	3.5 3.6 3.2	2.3 2.3	3.7 3.2	3.0 2.7	3.7 3.1	3,1 3.0
Units with roomers, boarders, or lodgers	9	12	12	9	13	18	20	22	19	17	50
PERSONS PER ROOM											
1.00 or less	502 70	1 138 226	1 444 129	1 567 176	780 100	1 325 185	968 76	1 209	946 149	495 97	889 152
1.51 or more Units with all plumbing facilities _ 1.01 or more	63	74	28	46 207	39	74 185	41	93 22	119	52	64
· -	118	274	147	207	104	185	111	107	210	127	200
VALUE	440	010	1 144	1 026	240	400	440	7/0	404	101	540
Specified owner occupied units Less than \$5,000	85	812 60	1 144 28	49	349 43	682 118	460 34	769 13	494 90	406 71	549 75 112
\$5,000 to \$7,499 \$7,500 to \$9,999	69 54 68	55 75	51 49	86 107	43 61 100	118 112	76 103	17 22	127 98	64 67	112
\$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999	55	136 273	154 465	225 220	54	181 77	148 48	109 315	107 42	98 80	122 140 82 12 2
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	44 25	130 70	197 164	140 141	26 8	36 27	24 14	188 76	16 11	13 10	12
\$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more		11	32	40 18	13	13	5 8	25	2	2	4
Median	\$9 800	\$16 600	\$18 000	\$16 100	\$11 000	\$9 800	\$10 500	\$18 400	\$8 300	\$10 000	\$9 300
CONTRACT RENT Specified renter occupied units?	180	306	248	367	105	224	546	418	599	176	486
Less than \$30	1 49	55 43	2 5	11 18	4 5	16 7	27 53	9 12	152 109	20	31
\$30 to \$39 \$40 to \$59 \$60 to \$79	79 5	43 99 23	22 31	87	23 10	9i 35	154 186	27 64	195 87	23 77 17	146
\$80 to \$99\$100 to \$149	_	11 31	18 106	55 53 75	12 12	10	65 27	62 189	87 14 19	12	146 89 65 97
\$150 to \$199]]	6	34 1	16	-	2	1 1	27	19	10	7/
\$200 to \$249 \$250 or mare	-	-	-	-	-	- - - -		<u>-</u>		- -5	
No cosh rent	32 \$44	38 \$47	29 \$115	52 \$74	39 \$62	54 \$53	33 \$62	28 \$107	22 \$42	17 \$48	23 \$64
	L	nace on orona		<u> </u>	omes on 10 cor			7	7	T .~	7-1

Limited to one-family homes on less than 10 acres and no business on property. 2Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-2. Structural, Equipment, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970

	[Data based or	Harrison							Biloxi				
Census Tracts	Total	Biloxi	Gulfport	Balance	Tract 0001	Tract 0002	Tract 0003	Tract 0004	Tract 0005	Tract 0006	Tract 0007	Tract 0008	Tract 0009
All year-round housing units	41 548	13 753	13 773	14 022	733	1 244	1 835	944	325	1 572	1 016	742	747
UNITS IN STRUCTURE				\									1
1 (includes mobile home or trailer)	34 454	9 845	11 444	13 165	542	954	1 209	800	120	830	571	634	544
2	2 376	1 336	690	350	26 44	113	96 205	70 50	29 74	146 131	265 44	61	163
3 and 4 5 to 49	1 235 2 810	703 1 531	404 900	128 379	121	92 60	325	19	102	189	136	43	40
50 or more	673	338	335	~ (-	25	-	5	-	276	-	-	-{
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT													
1969 to March 1970	3 657	839	949	1 869	89	60	123	7 18	-	31 108	15 17	6 12	56 35
1965 to 1968 1960 to 1964	6 254 6 848	1 013 2 474	1 680 1 769	3 561 2 605	30 37	47 27	35 46	36	13	222	136	51	430
1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949	9 185 6 919	2 829 3 026	3 591 2 620	2 765 1 273	35 218	174 260	289 829	116 102	19 77	278 410	293 301	149 332	170 45
1939 or earlier	8 685	3 572	3 164	1 949	324	676	513	665	216	523	254	192	11
HEATING EQUIPMENT													{
Steam or hot water	180 16 045	19 4 153	85 5 173	76 6 719	135	139	198	99	6 20	8 397	89 89	261	380
Warm air furnace Built-in electric units	898	418	196	284	_	6	8	12	_	197	22 500	10 319	18 (
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	8 232 16 193	4 166 4 997	2 747 5 572	1 319 5 624	462 136	333 766	701 928	134 699	43 256	448 522	405	152	66 283
BASEMENT				1									
All units with basement	937	297 169	391 302	249 208	-	60 28	16 16	21 21	18 3	64 22	21 17	22 11	_]
One-family houses with basement SELECTED EQUIPMENT	679	107	302	200	-	20	10	21	J		,,		
With more than 1 bathroom	11 284	2 916	3 639	4 729	123	106	89	122	61	313	89	166	53
With public water supply	34 830	13 137	13 181	8 512	732 725	1 227 1 213	1 830 1 785	938 890	321 321	1 594 1 587	1 010 987	728 715	742 705
With public sewer With air conditioning	26 082 26 190	10 820 9 146	9 830 9 046	5 432 7 998	313	536	618	444	126	1 257	636	514 385	659) 116
Roam unit(s)	15 234 10 956	5 763 3 383	5 564 3 482	3 907 4 091	226 87	467 69	560 58	399 45	107 19	931 326	479 157	129	543
													}
All occupied housing units	37 531	12 647	12 441	12 443	652	1 096	1 695	872	271	1 355	947	675	750
YEAR MOVED INTO UNIT	ĺ												
1968 to March 1970	17 442	6 710	5 128	5 604	197	517 122	685 242	237 108	152 26	678 121	584 <i>82</i>	301 <i>53</i>	712 38
1965 to 1967	5 567 4 669	1 587 1 195	1 882 1 650	2 098 1 824	118 38	100	235	116	20	120	37	100	-
1950 to 1959	4 817 5 036	1 412 1 743	1 974 1 807	1 431	84 215	103 254	222 311	120 291	26 47	241 195	71 173	72 149	=
AUTOMOBILES AVAILABLE													[
	10.115	7 010	£ 401	6 122	339	582	867	355	188	839	668	412	606
2	19 115 11 321	7 312 2 983	5 681 4 098	4 240	105	233	212	160	6 8	295	161	151 43	136
3 or more	2 073 5 022	441 1 911	913 1 749	719 1 362	10 198	28 253	21 595	10 347	69	64 157	118	69	-
GROSS RENT	1												Í
Specified renter occupied units	14 340	6 987	4 565	2 788	265	566	1 006	352	175	762	619 41	305	707
Less than \$40\$40 to \$59	1 974	299 820	128 670	237 484	76 79	10 152	156 309	6 98	32	29	69	11	34
\$60 to \$79 \$80 to \$99	2 604 1 892	1 209 995	742 652	653 245	66 16	190 130	316 133	101 56	112 21	98 170	170 107	77 105	12 5
\$100 to \$149	3 505	1 506	1 433	566	9	45 13	33	37	6	327 105	69	84 11	84
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	1 260 242	501 119	561 90	198	-	-	_	-	_	19	_	-	-
\$250 or moreNo cash rent	26 2 173	16 1 522	6 283	36B	19	26	59	54	4	14	163	17	6 561
Median	\$89	\$88	\$98	\$74	\$52	\$72	\$60	568	\$70	\$110	\$ 73	\$91	\$107
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME BY INCOME	}												.
Specified renter occupied units'	14 340	6 987	4 565	2 788	265	566	1 006	352	175	762	619	305	707
Less than \$5,000Less than 20 percent	6 763 930	3 057 455	2 195 259	1 511	176 41	336 73	714 173	198 32	116 23	321 -	301 57	161 6	125
20 to 24 percent	847	442 589	203 366	202 315	62 21	72 87	125 144	25 33	6 23	29 72	50 52	22 45	6 17
25 to 34 percent35 percent or more	2 724	1 216	1 061	447	35	91	215	63	44 20	196	91 51	66 12	74
Not computed	992 33.7	355 32.7	306 35.0+	331	17 23.1	13 26.9	57 27.1	45 30.9	33.3	24 35.0+	28.5	33.1	22.1
\$5,000 to \$9,999	5 390	2 839	1 679	872	62	171	235	117	48	337	265	122	416
Less than 20 percent 20 to 24 percent		1 195 406	901 367	511 123	47 11	126 10	215 9	76 20	42	183 72	124 22	70 31	56 16
25 to 34 percent	685	284 85	255 78	146	-	10	_	- 9 	6	63 19	=	10	6
Not computed	1 039	869	78	92	4	18	11	12	_	_	119	11 18.5	338 17.5
Median	18.3	18.2	18.9	17.3	14.4	12.8	12.8	14,5	16.5	19.4	15.1		- }
\$10,000 to \$14,999	1 606 40	837 14	494 15	275 11	27	36	47	31	6	83 [*]	45 -	18	149
Not computed	362 12.4	344 12.7	18 12.5	11.8	4	4 10.3	10.0—	13	-	13.7	20 10.0	-	132
Median	i				• • • •			6			10.54	4	17
\$15,000 or more	581	254	197	130	~	23	10	-	- -	21	-	-	17
Not computed	10.4 10.0	84 10.0 —	1 <i>5</i> 10.0	10.0-	1 =		4					•••	~ (~)
	<u> </u>												

'Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-2. Structural, Equipment, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970—Continued

Ţ		Biloxi - C			101 0011400				Sulfport				
Census Tracts	Tract 0010	Tract 0011	Tract 0012	Tract 0013	Tract 0014	Tract 0014.99	Tract 0015	Tract 0016	Tract 0017	Tract 0018	Tract 0019	Tract 0020	Troct 0021
All year-round housing units	1 617	10	1 612	1 356	1 514	-	1 188	1 257	2 118	71	1 521	1 849	8.5
UNITS IN STRUCTURE													
1 (includes mobile home or trailer)	1 260 278		1 509 56	862 33	979 92	-	1 157 13	1 235 17	1 <i>6</i> 97 16	66 5	1 426 56	1 396 194	4 5
3 and 4	35 44	•••	47	24 405 32	63 71 309	- -	13 5	5 	18 366 21	-	39 	171 88 ~	65
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT													
1969 to March 1970	151 85	•••	110 302	191 324	61 386	-	104 252	33 182	189 250	5 9	182 105	98 105	10 19
1960 to 1964	641 560		639 412	196 328	110 211	_	409 299	211 744	295 891	41 5	144 392	89 300	-1
1940 to 1949	124 56		73 76	255 62	276 470	_	71 53	78 9	326 167	5	432 266	608 649	15 41
HEATING EQUIPMENT													
Steam or hot water	690		1 002	737	15 728	_	901	4 890	934	35	499	245	18
Built-in electric unitsFloor, wall, or pipeless furnace	19 454	•••	22 343	104 359	35 347	_	100	11 319	20 408	5 25	17 331	47 281	67
Other means or not heatedBASEMENT	454	•••	245	151	389	-	187	33	756	6	674	1 276	")
All units with basement One-family houses with basement	18 13		25 25	32 13	38 35	-	4	48 48	108 55	6 6	45 45	80 51	-]
SELECTED EQUIPMENT	1.5				-								
With more than 1 bathroom With public water supply	566 1 591		827 1 482	401 931	514 1 308	-	465 961	849 1 202	508 2 062	27 51	436 1 521	187 1 857	6 89
With public sewerWith air conditioning	918 1 413	***	379 1 430	584 1 194	875 1 310	-	603 1 022	1 178 1 200	1 048 1 442	57	1 298 1 044	1 730 920	89 20
Room unit(s)Central system	759 654		708 722	620 574	740 570	_	556 466	448 752	670 772	44 13	724 320	801 119	20
All occupied housing units	1 564	•••	1 524	1 235	1 309	~	1 129	1 225	1 867	63	1 414	1 656	72
YEAR MOVED INTO UNIT			212	251				205	041	0.4	420	434	37
1968 to March 1970	200	•••	819 339	856 138	684 184	_	566 182	285 250	861 282	24 7	439 206 236	636 235 223	13
1960 to 1964 1950 to 1959	223	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	209 131 26	80 119 42	110 101 230	-	222 104 55	236 436 18	254 307 163	17 7 8	298 235	168 394	8 14
1949 or earlier	40	•••	20	42	250	_	,,,	,,	100	J	200		
1	932	• • • •	778	735	690	-	396	258 736	816	26	784 395	896 350	14
23 or moreNone	527 66 39	•••	593 114 39	404 69 27	424 95 100	=	599 89 45	218 13	716 131 204	25 12	132 103	74 336	52
GROSS RENT	"	•••	4,	2,	100	_	3	10	204				
Specified renter occupied units Less than \$40	998		538	694	711		350	141	704 11		361 9	773 21	66
\$40 to \$59 \$60 to \$79	-} ~		21	7 17	33 39	-	11 21	-	102 91		29 92	130 187	26 16
\$80 to \$99 \$100 to \$149	.\ 134		21 243	97 218	70 312		61 97	71	65 232		86 121	130 234	5
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	_ 47		100 11	220 89	162 57		119 14	58	139 14		11	16 5	14
\$250 or more No cash rent	-		142	10 36	38	-	27	12	6 44		13	50	_ 5
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME		•••	\$133	\$147	\$117 	~	\$134	\$147	\$124	•••	\$90	\$83	\$73
BY INCOME				•								***	66
Specified renter occupied units 1 Less than \$5,000	_ 239	• • • •	538 98	694 272	711 259	-	350 104	141 4	704 332	• • • •	361 187	7 73 391 61	31
Less than 20 percent20 to 24 percent	_ 23		5	17	11	-	9	-	47 56	• • • •	26 6	34 63	5
25 to 34 percent	_ 152	***	29 51	22 207	21 178	_	5 59	4	33 164	• • • •	43 76	180 53	10 5
Not computedMedian			13 35.0 +	19 35.0+	35.0+		24 35.0+		32 35.0 +	• • • •	36 35,0	35.0+	32,3
\$5,000 to \$9,999 Less than 20 percent	461		315 77	290 63	326 143		165 27	59 20	252 112	• • •	127 85	292 195	35 21
20 to 24 percent	. 76		55 48	84 92	96		44 70	7 27 27	62 53	•••	29	59 30	14
25 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed		•••	28 107	25 26	42		19 5	5	7 18	• • •	13	- 8	-
Median		***	22.5	24.1	21.0	5 -	26.3	25.0	20.4	•••	17.4	17.0	16.5
\$10,000 to \$14,999		•••	97	71 10	101		55	57	71 10	•••	41	55 ~	-
Not computed	141	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	26 13.2	18.0	1 -		5 14.0	7 16.2	14.1	•••	10.0 -	10.1	-
\$15,000 or more		•••	28	61	Į.		26	21	49	•••	6	35	_
25 percent or moreNot computed	58		5	-	; ;		-	-	=	•••		5	-
Median				11.7			12.5	•••	11.3	117	•••	10.0-	

Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-2. Structural, Equipment, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970—Continued

Case Trace Trace		[Data based on		port - Con.	illinioni ouse	TOT GETTVE	rigores (porce	on, model		ince of Harri				
## All year-rand bushing with 1 s	Census Tracts	Tract			Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract
UNITS IN STRUCTURE Simple structure in the limit 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1											0026	0027	0028	0029
Secretar combinement or train 18th 18t	All year-round housing units	1 030	1 355	194	377	1 214	-	197	1 323	523	45	1 351	1 044	636
11 20 25 27 27 27 28 29 29 29 29 29 29 29	UNITS IN STRUCTURE													
Section 1988) (includes mobile home or trailer)			194			-							
Team of the content			63	_	5	-			10	-	-	10	21	22
100 100	5 to 49	67		-	-	187	_	-		-	-	-	/8 -	-
100 100	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT													
100 100							-				- 4			45 130
1500 1500	1960 to 1964	63	82	51	146	128	-	55	196	65				
Search of the Note Search	1940 to 1949	211	300	37	22	239	_	5	221	43	5	181	113	36
Second Column Second Colum		547	645	26	26	259	_	25	127	110	"	103	101	162
Warm of furnese	·	55	5	_	6	_	-	_	4	31	_		_	
The contract of product formers 30	Worm air furnace	199												
All mails with botament 20 27 - 3 4 - 6 17 14 - 11 4 32	Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	409		42		51		25	55	5	_	237	203	128
Main professional 20		319	942	67	71	785	-	41	1 012	303	,,,	237	270	,,,
Selection Description De		26	27	_	5	4	_	6		14	_	17	4	
with profite course that is balbecom. 275 79 28 104 161 - 99 22 30 20 700 462 372 300	One-family houses with basement			-	5		=		12	14	-	11	4	24
Will more less between 1 100 300 773 300 1777 - 84 965 305 52 1175 1 337 600 407 Will pells ever - 1014 912 756 310 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300					10.	,,,		00	40	20	20	700	463	372
With public sever 10.14 912 23 317 744 - 1 74 40 20 40 1014 605 507			1 360		380	1 197	_	86	966	505	52	1 175	1 037	607
Boom wills	With public sewer	1 014						170	246	80	43	1 014	865	509
All accepted housing units 919 1 194 179 345 1 044 - 196 1 138 446 46 1 201 912 440 YEAR MOVED INTO UNIT 1948 16 Merch 1970 330 421 70 234 539 - 81 537 119 - 511 330 136 1955 1 1967 - 104 185 330 34 170 - 21 151 79 14 330 22 145 1955 1 1967 - 104 185 330 34 170 - 21 151 79 14 330 22 145 1954 1959 1959 1959 1959 1959 1959	Room unit(s)	676	334					89 81		80	23 20	442 572		
## An occupies housing units	Centrul System		32	.,										
1946 to Abs/rs 1970	All occupied housing units	919	1 194	179	345	1 069	-	196	1 138	466	46	1 201	912	480
1985 10 March 170	YEAR MOVED INTO UNIT													
1980 to 1984							-				14		350 223	
1931 to 1939	1960 to 1964	101	90	40	39	82	_	51	158	74	11			
1									137				72	70
1	AUTOMOBILES AVAILABLE												0.45	000
3 or more							_	60	163			503	433	188
Sectified renter occepted units	3 or more	55	27		6	66	_	7		178				
Specified renter occupied units 325 514 30 108 472 - 61 573 153 - 253 216 73 240 559		123	400	_	34									
Less than \$40		325		30	108		_	61			-	253	216	73
\$40 to \$79	Less than \$40			_	24		-		236	62	-		9	27
\$100 to \$140	\$60 to \$79	55	156	-			_			5	_	19		
\$250 to \$249	\$100 to \$149	119	51	30	17	144	-			8 -	_			_
\$250 or more	\$200 to \$249	_	-	_		-1	_	-		_	-	5	_	15
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME BY INCOME Specified renter occupied units' Specified renter occupied units' 325 514 30 108 472 - 61 573 153 - 253 216 73 Less thon \$5,000 - 175 356 12 41 298 - 35 462 119 - 68 63 15 Less thon \$5,000 - 76 17 - 19 - 20 10 24 percent 25 41 16 - 76 17 - 19 25 10 34 percent 32 69 - 12 77 - 10 92 13 - 6 6 6 32 69 - 12 77 - 10 92 13 - 6 6 6 33 26 9 - 12 77 - 10 92 13 - 6 6 6 35 35 percent or more 81 144 12 18 130 - 9 156 55 - 20 29 10 Not computed 35.0+ 34.1 35.0 34.2 29.1 35.0+ 27.5 35.0+ \$5,000 to \$9,999 - 77 147 - 55 144 - 21 94 28 - 143 100 22 Less thon 20 percent 91 14 11 6 10 77 - 10 15 10 6 Not computed 91 14 11 6 4 7 10 15 12 12 \$10,000 to \$14,999 - 59 - 18 6 26 - 5 10 6 - 23 40 6 \$10,000 to \$14,999 - 59 - 18 6 26 - 5 10 6 - 23 40 6 Median 12,4		6	54				-				-			
Specified funder occupied units1 325 514 30 108 472 - 61 573 153 - 253 216 73 158		\$97	\$63	\$110	\$/0	\$07	-	4121	451	45,		.*	•	
Specified renter occupied units 325 514 50 55 600 175 355 12 41 298 - 35 462 119 - 68 63 15 Less thon 20 percent 10 46 - 6 50 - 76 10 - 4 - 76 25 to 34 percent 25 41 - 7 16 - 76 17 - 19 - 76 25 to 34 percent 32 69 - 12 77 - 10 92 13 - 6 6 6 35 percent or more 37 56 - 5 25 - 16 42 24 - 19 29 10 Mot computed 27 56 - 5 25 - 16 42 24 - 19 29 10 Modion 35.0+ 34.1 35.0 34.2 29.1 35.0+ 27.5 35.0+ Medion 35.0+ 34.1 35.0 34.2 29.1 35.0+ 27.5 35.0+ Less thon 20 percent 44 118 - 36 100 - 6 83 28 - 81 23 17 20 to 24 percent 19 10 27 - 10 15 15 - 20 to 24 percent 14 6 10 - 5 7 41 40 - 25 to 34 percent 14 6 10 - 5 7 41 40 - 25 to 34 percent 18.9 14.0 - 14.0 16.1 10.5 12.6 - 18.6 25.3 \$10,000 to \$14,999 59 18 6 26 - 5 10 6 - 23 40 6 6 25 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	BY INCOME				100	470		41	573	153	_	253	216	73
Less than 20 percent.	Less than \$5,000	175	356		41	298	-		462	119	_	68		
25 to 34 percent 32 69 - 12 77				_	-	16	-	_	76	17	-	19	-	- 1
Not computed 27 56 34.1 35.0 34.2 - 29.1 35.0+ - 27.5 35.0+ - 27.5 35.0+ - 27.5 35.0+ - 29.1 35.0+ - 27.5 35.0+ - - 27.5 35.0+ - - 29.1 35.0+ - 27.5 35.0+ - - 29.1 35.0+ - 27.5 35.0+ - - 29.1 35.0+ - 29.1 35.0+ - 29.1 35.0+ - 29.1 35.0+ - 29.1 35.0+ - 29.1 35.0+ - 29.1 35.0+ - 29.1 35.0+ - 29.1 35.0 4 - 29.1 35.0 4 - 29.1 35.0 4 - 29.1 35.0 29.2 35.0 4 - 29.1 35.0 29.2 31.1 30.2 29.2 30.2 30.2 30.2 30.2 </th <th>25 to 34 percent</th> <th>. 32</th> <th></th> <th>12</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>_</th> <th>9</th> <th>156</th> <th>55</th> <th>-</th> <th>20</th> <th>28</th> <th>5</th>	25 to 34 percent	. 32		12			_	9	156	55	-	20	28	5
\$5,000 to \$9,999	Not computed	. 27	56	-			-				_			
\$5,000 to \$1,999							_	21	94	28	_			22
20 to 24 percent	Less than 20 percent	. 44	118	-		100	-	6		28	_		15	17
35 percent or more	25 to 34 percent	. 14		-		10		5		_	-	41		<u>-</u>
18.9 14.0 - 14.0 16.1 -	35 percent or more			_	6	4		-	4	_	-	6		
\$10,000 to \$14,999	Median	18.9	14.0				-				-			
Not computed	\$10,000 to \$14,999		-		6 -	26	-			6	-		-	-
\$15,000 or more 14 11	Not computed		-	-	6	10.0-	-	-			_		12.1	
\$15,000 or more		l	-	•••						_	-		13	30
Not compared	25 percent or more	. ~	-	_	-			-	<u>:</u>	-	-	_	-	-
				-		-				_	-			10.0—

¹Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-2. Structural, Equipment, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1970—Continued

•	[Data based on sat		e of Harrison (,	for split tracts	······································	
Census Tracts	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract
	0030	0031	0032	0033	0034	0035	0002	0015	0018	0024	0026
All year-round housing units	829	1 597	1 898	1 995	863	1 721	1 244	1 385	1 394	717	1 259
UNITS IN STRUCTURE						1					
1 (includes mobile home or trailer)	798	1 486	1 847	1 934	851	1 674	954	1 349	1 069	683	994
3 and 4	27 4	37 25	14	10 17	8 4	28 10	113 92	13 5	157 10	34	78
5 to 4950 or more	-	49 -	37 	34 -	-	9	60 25	13 5	158	-	187
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT						}					
1969 to March 1970	199 78	285 586	444 793	315 545	23 149	151 258	60 47	132 297	188 246	48 84	66 308
1960 to 1964	90	260	280	371	194	388	27	464	237	116	147
1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949	249 20	249 113	199 101	425 186	83 45	330 204	174 260	338 76	364 226	253 80	224 244
1939 or earlier	193	104	81	153	369	390	676	78	133	136	270
Steam or hot water		12	5	_	4	_\	_	_	4	31	_
Warm air furnace	286 13	940 10	1 362 24	1 175 50	176	491 35	139	1 011 21	279 13	169 20	403
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	236	64	55	264	64 14	33	6 333	125	08	47	51 796
Other means or not heated	294	571	452	506	605	1 162	766	228	1 018	450	790
BASEMENT All units with bosement	10	5	32		48	66	60	10	າາ	14	4
One-family houses with basement		5	32	=	40	50	28	10	23 18	14	-
SELECTED EQUIPMENT										_	
With more than 1 bathroom With public water supply	119 813	702 685	1 138 1 186	667 1 102	109 155	143	106 1 227	564 1 047	89 1 017	58 678	181
With public sewer	528 245	528 847	1 155 1 484	416 1 413	14 332	750	1 213 536	612 1 192	310 303	51 204	801 507
Room unit(s)Central system	99	356 491	555 929	850 563	243 89	465 285	467 69	645 547	210 93	187 17	376 131
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					-		-				
All occupied housing units	675	1 462	1 633	1 804	869	1 561	1 096	1 325	1 201	645	1 115
YEAR MOVED INTO UNIT						ļ					1
1968 to March 1970		754 261	1 011 291	981 196	232 136	556 203	517 122	647 203	561 158	189 108	539 184
1960 to 1964 1950 to 1959	. 46	185 159	157 98	318 172	146 42	341 190	100 103	273 141	175 162	114 148	93
1949 or earlier		103	76	137	313	271	254	61	145	86	150
AUTOMOBILES AVAILABLE											-
2	. 99	740 586	790 701	914 706	550 197	811 511	582 233	519 659	493 188	298 149	529 235
3 or moreNone	. 14 164	50 86	110 32	131 53	47 75	107 132	28 253	96 51	42 478	20 178	80 271
GROSS RENT											
Specified renter occupied units'		337 72	231	366	118	196	566 10	411	583 120	183 8	472 58
\$40 to \$59 \$60 to \$79	. 29	54 92	4 19	33 84	8	33 \ 56	152 190	21 26	236 156	62 50	125
\$80 to \$99 \$100 to \$149	. 29	11 70	18 96	55 129	33 15	30 14	130 45	65 123	34 24	5 38	63 144
\$150 to \$199		17	62 7	26	-	(-)	13	124	_		4
\$250 or more	.] -	6	4	-	-	-	~	14	- . -	-	.=
No cosh rent		15 \$67	\$137	39 \$96	58 \$88	56 \$68	26 \$72	38 \$131	13 \$52	20 \$65	17 \$69
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME BY INCOME						ļ					
Specified renter occupied units		337	231	366	118	196	566	411	583	183	472
Less than \$5,000 Less than 20 percent	- 12	199 51	55 	172 12	76 4	114 27	336 73	139 7	467 96	131 10	298 50
20 to 24 percent 25 to 34 percent	39	49 53	4 8	15 60	4 18	10	72 87	9 15	76 92	17 13	16 77
35 percent or moreNot computed	_ 30	32 14	24 19	51 34	10 40	27 4)	91 13	68 40	161 42	67 24	130
Median	- 31.2	24.2	35.0+	32.0	30.6	25.5	26.9	35.0+	29.4	35.0+	34.2
\$5,000 to \$9,999	- 62 - 47	85 51	98 41	122 80	42 13	55 41	171 126	186 33	94 83	28 28	144
20 to 24 percent25 to 34 percent	_] 4	13 16	30 21	25 12	11	4	10 10	54 75	7	-	27 10
35 percent or more Not computed	-1 -	- 5	- 6	5	18	10	7	19 5	4.	-	3
Median		15.0	20.8	17.7		15.4	12.8	25.5	10.5	12.6	16.1
\$10,000 to \$14,999 25 percent or more		28	63 11	72	-	17	36	60	15	24	26
Not computed	-	11.7	_	-	_	-	4	- 5	-	-	100
	1	11.7	16.1	12.0	-	10	10.3	13.8	•••	•••	10.0-
\$15,000 or more 25 percent or more	_	25 —	15	-	_	10	23	26 	7	-	4
Not computed Median		11.5		_	2			12.5		~	4
Evaludes one family homes on 10 arres or				····							

^{*}Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-3. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With Negro Head of Household: 1970

Census Tracts With	(For minimum	Harrison				Biloxi	· <u> </u>				Julfport		
400 or More Negro Population	Total	Biloxi	Gulfpart	Balance	Tract 0002	Tract 0003	Tract 0004	Tract 0009	Tract 0017	Tract 0019	Tract 0020	Tract 0023	Tract 0026
All occupied housing units	5 844	1 631	2 052	2 161	214	855	353	35	325	244	307	528	493
TENURE AND PLUMBING		. •••											
Owner accupied With all plumbing facilities Renter occupied	2 945 2 544 2 899	518 469 1 113	1 189 1 063 863	1 238 1 012 923	100 89 114	239 216 616	148 137 205	2 33 32	214 194 111	165 155 79 69	145 127 162 92	276 236 252 129	304 281 189
With all plumbing facilitiesROOMS	2 225	954	601	670	96	555	139	32	99	69	92	129	168
1 room2 rooms	101 327	45 97	27 95	29 135	2 11	33 48	8 32	<u>.</u>)	1 9	5 21	17 41	12
3 and 4 rooms 5 and 6 rooms 7 rooms or more	2 581 2 350 485	842 550 97	873 880 177	866 920 211	106 77 18	458 277 39	170 111 32	18 15 1	134 140 41	100 114 20	151 109 21	220 196 54	217 227 36
MedianPERSONS	4.4	4.2	4.6	4.6	4.3	4.1	4.1	4.4	4.7	4.7	4.1	4.4	4.6
1 person	<u>1 145</u>	340	411	394	51	193	,72	,2	49	47 92	74 }35	142 212	68 189
2 and 3 persons 4 and 5 persons	2 147 1 274	629 372 290	810 427 404	708 475 584	96 41 26	309 192 161	144 70 67	15	129 73 74	54 51	58 40	89 85	120 116
6 persons or more	1 278 3.1	2.9	2,9	3.4	2.3	2.9	67 2.7	3.6	74 3.2	3.0 7	2.4 18	2.4 41	3.4
Units with roomers, boarders, or lodgers PERSONS PER ROOM	217	68	105	44	9	31	24	-	16	,	10	41	10
1,00 or less	4 386	1 255	1 603	1 528	179	645	271	28	247	188	254	427	372
1.01 to 1.50	839 619	219 157	1 603 259 190 352	361 272 499	21 14 34	123 87 189	36 46 64	7 - 7	40 38 66	35 21 52	254 25 28 32	427 56 45 64	81 40 109
Units with all plumbing facilities — 1.01 or more VALUE	1 184	333	352	477	34	107	04	(00	JL	02		,0,
Specified owner occupied units	2 594 538	436 45	1 1 13 244	1 045 249	86 10	206 17	123 14		201 31	1 54 38	128 45	262 79	287 37
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999	1 146 484	212 122	508 197	426 165	45 21	102 62	57 34		85 42 25	80 18	55 17	135 31	123 60
\$15,000 to \$19,799 \$20,000 to \$34,999	298 106	38 18	iii 39	149	-6 4	20 5	11 7		25 13	11 5	8 1	9 5	57 9
\$35,000 or more	\$8 100	1 \$9 100	14 \$7 900	\$7 900	\$8 800	\$9 200	\$8 90 0		\$9 100	\$7 500	\$6 600	\$6 500	\$9 400
CONTRACT RENT								[
Specified renter occupied units2 Median	2 554 \$44	985 \$47	797 \$42	772 \$41	110 \$44	591 \$45	1 82 \$49	\$113	100 \$45	73 \$39	152 \$38	239 \$41	179 \$46
Census Tracts With			Balance	of Harrison	County					Totals for s	plit tracts		
400 or More Negro	Tr	act	Tract	Tro		Tract	Tract		Tract	Tract	T	ract	Troct
Population		018	0024	000	30	0031	0035		0002	0018	(0024	0026
All occupied housing units	•	60	444	25	i6	233	115		214	962		444	493
TENURE AND PLUMBING Owner occupied		103	306	16	59	173	89		100	404		306	304
With all plumbing facilities		i20 i57 i13	259 138 92	14	16 17 12	159 60 54	55 26 8		89 114 96	320 558 413		259 138 92	281 189 168
ROOMS								l .					
l room2 rooms		19 87	6 20	1	2	1	2 2		2 11	19 87		6 20 148	1 12 217
3 and 4 rooms5 and 6 rooms		135 143 76	148 216 54	12 9	6 8	29 164 39	55 43 13		106 77 18	436 344 76		216 54	227 36
7 rooms or more		70 4.3	4.9	4		5.3	4.5		4.3	4.3		4.9	4.6
PERSONS		001	77		18	4	25		51	221		77	68
) person		21		2	0	28	37		96	355 192		142 103	189 120
2 and 3 persons	1 :	354 91	142 103	5	2	71	27		41				
2 and 3 persons 4 and 5 persons 6 persons or more		91 94	103 122 3.6	7 3.	2 2 0 3	71 130 5.8	27 26 3.2		41 26 2.3	194 2.9		122 3.6	116 3.4
2 and 3 persons 4 and 5 persons 6 persons or more		91	103 122	3.	2 2 0 3 2	130	27 26		26	194			116 3.4 18
2 and 3 persons 4 and 5 persons 5 persons or more Median Units with raomers, boarders, or lodgers PERSONS PER ROOM		91 94 2.9 17	103 122 3.6	3.	2	130 5.8 5	27 26 3.2 2		26 2.3 9	194 2.9 17		3.6	3.4 18
2 and 3 persons 4 and 5 persons 5 persons or more Median Units with roomers, boarders, or lodgers PERSONS PER ROOM 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 5.1 or more		91 94 2.9	103 122 3.6	3. 17 3	2	130 5.8	27 26 3.2		26 2.3	194 2.9		3.6	3.4
2 and 3 persons 4 and 5 persons 5 persons or more Median Units with roomers, boarders, or ladgers PERSONS PER ROOM 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50		91 94 2.9 17 720 32 08	103 122 3.6 11 326 72 46	3. 17 3	3 2 5	130 5.8 5 116 82 35	27 26 3.2 2 84 22 9		26 2.3 9 179 21 14	194 2.9 17 721 133 108		3.6 11 326 72 46	3.4 18 372 81 40 109
2 and 3 persons 4 and 5 persons 5 persons or more Median Units with roomers, boarders, or lodgers PERSONS PER ROOM 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Units with all plumbing facilities — 1.01 or more VALUE Specified owner occupied units 1.51 or more		91 94 2.9 17 17 20 32 08 85	103 122 3.6 11 326 72 46 96	3 17 3 4 7	3 2 5 4 7 0	130 5.8 5 116 82 35 110	27 26 3.2 2 2 84 22 9 12		26 2.3 9 179 21 14 34	194 2.9 17 721 133 108 185		3.6 11 326 72 46 96	3.4 18 372 81 40 109
2 and 3 persons		91 94 92 17 17 20 32 08 85	103 122 3.6 11 326 72 46 96	3 17 2 4 7	3 2 5 4 7 7 0 1 0 9 9	130 5.8 5 116 82 35 110	27 26 3.2 2 84 22 9 12 80 31 35 7		26 2.3 9 179 21 14 34 86 10 45 21	194 2.9 17 721 133 108 185 364 69 182 71		3.6 11 326 72 46 96 280 66 97 39	3.4 18 372 81 40 109
2 and 3 persons		91 94 2.9 17 20 32 08 85	103 122 3.6 11 326 72 46 96 280 66 97 39 58 18	3 17 3 4 7	3 2 5 4 7 7 0	130 5.8 5 116 82 35 110	27 26 3.2 2 84 22 9 9 12 80 31 35 57		26 2.3 9 179 21 14 34	194 2.9 17 721 1.33 108 185 364 69 182 71 25 15		3.6 11 326 72 46 96	3.4 18 372 81 40 109 287 37 123 60 57 9
2 and 3 persons		91 94 2.9 17 17 20 32 08 85 68 82 71 25 15 15	103 122 3.6 11 326 72 46 96 280 66 97 39 58	3 17 3 4 7	3 2 54770 1099994-	130 5.8 5 116 82 35 110	27 26 3.2 2 84 22 9 12 80 31 35 7		26 2.3 9 179 21 14 34 86 10 45 21 6	194 2.9 17 721 133 108 185 364 69 182 71 25	\$8	3.6 11 326 72 46 96 280 666 97 39 58 18	3.4 18 372 81 40 109 287 37 123 60 57
2 and 3 persons	\$7 -	91 94 2.9 17 17 20 32 08 85 68 82 71 25 15 15	103 122 3.6 11 326 72 46 96 280 66 97 39 58 18	3 17 3 4 7	3 2 5 4 4 7 7 0 1 0 9 9 9 9 4 4 5 0 \$	130 5.8 5 116 82 35 110 84 9 13 14 40 7	277 26 3.2 2 2 84 22 9 12 80 31 35 7 5 2		26 2.3 9 179 21 14 34 86 10 45 21 6 4	194 2.9 17 721 1:33 108 185 364 69 182 71 25 15	\$8	3.6 11 326 72 46 96 280 666 97 39 58 18	3.4 18 372 81 40 109 287 37 123 60 57

Limited to one-family homes on less than 10 acres and no business on property. 2Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more and all "no cash rent" units.

Table H-4. Structural, Equipment, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With Negro Head of Household: 1970

Census Tracts With		Harrison	County		Biloxi				Gulfport					
400 or More Negro					Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	Tract	
Population	Total	Biloxi	Gulfport	Bolonce	0002	0003	0004	0009	0017	0019	0020	0023	0026	
All occupied housing units	5 789	1 618	2 042	2 129	221	856	353	29	355	244	309	532	493	
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1 (includes mobile home or trailer) 2 to 4 5 or more	4 565 737 487	943 418 257	1 747 141 154	1 875 178 76	176 45	384 249 223	299 35 19	29 -	346 3 6	226 18	246 57 6	457 48 27	363 15 115	
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1960 to March 1970 1950 to 1959 1949 or earlier	1 577 1 162 3 050	147 274 1 197	423 399 1 220	1 007 489 633	12 36 173	52 140 664	16 44 293	24 5	78 133 144	13 27 204	23 57 229	54 71 407	237 90 166	
SELECTED EQUIPMENT With air conditioning With more than 1 bathroom With central or built in heating system With public water supply With public sewer With automobile(s) available 1 2 or more	1 323 395 1 609 5 334 3 189 3 509 2 588 921	502 99 495 1 595 1 551 898 719	447 116 358 1 999 977 1 262 888 374	374 180 756 1 740 661 1 349 981 368	50 	231 46 294 856 830 417 369 48	86 20 53 347 341 169 102 67	29 29 29 29 29 29 29	79 28 62 344 71 263 190 73	53 10 18 244 140 216 137 79	96 17 30 309 240 193 132 61	42 56 532 212 204 183 21	148 61 173 493 284 311 215 96	
YEAR MOVED INTO UNIT 1968 to March 1970 1960 to 1967 1959 or earlier	2 243 1 539 2 022	672 477 480	626 561 845	945 501 697	93 57 71	335 297 224	87 100 166	29 - -	101 111 147	42 43 159	85 108 116	154 144 234	208 145 140	
GROSS RENT Specified renter occupied units' Less than \$40 \$40 to \$59 \$40 to \$59 \$80 to \$79 \$80 to \$79 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 or more No cosh rent Madion	2 792 359 1 056 788 223 105 6 - 255 \$57	1 079 112 342 364 132 38 - - 91 \$62	846 107 383 191 55 42 6 - 62 \$55	867 140 331 233 36 25 — — 102 \$54	119 10 51 45 13 - - \$59	617 92 211 217 80 4 - 13 \$60	182 6 65 63 24 5 - 19		140 5 62 41 10 22 \$58	79 9 15 9 25 9 6 - 6 \$83	163 16 88 31 13 7 - 8 \$55	254 19 130 80 10 15 \$55	189 58 81 30 7 13 -	
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME BY INCOME Less then \$10,000	2 681 1 074 698 336 23.4	1 023 343 214 95 21.2	814 382 264 97 27.0	844 349 220 144 24,9	112 45 45 5 22,6	594 222 120 17 21.7	173 62 45 25 220		140 58 40 22 24.8	73 24 15 22 23.8	151 56 46 8 17.7	243 130 85 29 30.1	189 114 78 5 31.1	
Census Tracts With	İ		Balanc	e of Harrisa	on County					Totals for s	plit tracts			
400 or More Negro Population		act 018	Tract 0024		ract 030	Tract 0031	Tract 0035		Tract 0002	Tract 0018		ract 1024	Tract 0026	
All accupied housing units		961	447		312	205	101		221	961		452	493	
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1 (includes mobile home or trailer) 2 to 4 5 or more		731 154 76	430 17		305	205	101		176 45	731 154 76		435 17	363 1 15 115	
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1960 to March 1970 1950 to 1959 1949 or earlier		505 217 239	152 159 136		106 90 116	185 20	29 23 49		12 36 173	505 217 239		152 159 141	237 90 166	
SELECTED EQUIPMENT With air conditioning With more than 1 bathroom With central or built-in heating system With public woter supply With public sever With automobile(s) available 1 2 or more		197 52 224 786 233 534 364	66 24 135 431 45 288 218		35 160 306 259 208 172 36	41 74 175 158 84 185 121 64	23 14 21 4 78 56 22		50 18 221 221 120 84 36	197 52 224 786 233 534 364 170		66 24 140 431 45 288 218 70	148 61 173 493 284 311 215 96	
YEAR MOVED INTO UNIT 1968 to March 1970 1960 to 1967 1959 or earlier		448 285 240	119 152 190		172 149	158 13 19	26 31 45		93 57 71	448 285 240		119 152 190	208 145 140	
GROSS RENT Specified renter occupied units¹ Less hiam \$40 \$40 to \$59 \$60 to \$79 \$80 to \$79 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$149 \$200 or more. No cosh rent		515 116 236 128 20 7 	148 3 62 50 5 8 - 20 \$60		124 21 24 24 11 	35 5 26 4 - 4 - 5			119 10 51 45 13 - - - \$59	515 116 236 128 20 7 - 8 \$49		148 3 62 50 5 8 - 20 \$60	189 58 81 30 7 13 - - - \$49	
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME BY INCOME Less than \$10,000 25 percent or more 35 percent or more Not computed Median	-	498 234 147 41 25.6	142 63 50 24 28.1		124 37 13 49 19.9	35 10 5 20.3	··· ··· ··· ···		112 45 45 5 5 22.6	498 234 147 41 25.6		142 63 50 24 28.1	189 114 78 5 31.1	

Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Table H-5. Characteristics of Housing Units With Household Head of Spanish Language: 1970

Census Tracts With	[Data based on sample, see text. For	minimum base for derived fig Harrison Co		d meaning of symbols, see text
400 or More Persons of Spanish Language	Total	Biloxi	Gulfport	Balance
All occupied housing units	593	303	173	117
TENURE AND PLUMBING	370	303	173	117
Owner occupied With all plumbing facilities Renter occupied With all plumbing facilities	302 302 291 291	98 98 205 205	103 103 70 70	101 101 16
ROOMS				
1 room		21 152 107 23	- 7 40 96 30	- 18 82 17
UNITS IN STRUCTURE				
1 (includes mobile home or trailer) 2 to 4 5 or more	459 74 60	200 66 37	142 8 23	117
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT				
1960 to March 1970	347 106 140	132 58 113	119 36 18	96 12 9
PERSONS				
1 person	31 280 202 80 3.4 8	20 160 92 31 3.1	6 69 68 30 3.7	5 51 42 19 4.0
PERSONS PER ROOM				
1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Units with all plumbing facilities — 1.01 or more	517 63 13 76	271 26 6 32	148 18 7 25	98 19 - 19
YEAR MOVED INTO UNIT				
1968 to March 1970 1960 to 1967 1959 ar earlier	388 128 77	215 50 38	111 39 23	62 39 16
SELECTED EQUIPMENT				
With air conditioning With more than 1 bathroom With central or built-in heating system With public water supply With public saver With automobile(s) available 1 2 or more	446 213 447 535 405 551 265 286	210 65 188 275 220 282 144 138	126 75 148 173 114 152 68 84	110 73 111 87 71 117 53 64
VALUE Specified owner occupied units!	244	73	82	89
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 or more Median		18 19 27 9 \$14 800	42 22 18 - \$14 900	5 26 37 16 5 \$16 100
GROSS RENT				
Specified renter occupied units ² Less than \$40 \$40 to \$59 \$60 to \$79 \$80 to \$99 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 or more No cash rent Median	291 	205 21 27 38 76 7 - 36 \$99	70 - 8 7 5 34 16 - - \$123	
CONTRACT RENT				
Specified renter occupied units ³ Median	291 \$89	205 \$82	70 \$109	
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME BY INCOME				
Less than \$10,000	238 103 52 29 24.9	158 76 47 29 29.0	70 22 - - 22.7	•

Limited to one-family homes on less than 10 acres and no business on property. 2Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more.

Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more and all "no cash rent" units.

Appendix A.—AREA CLASSIFICATIONS

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STATISTICAL AREAS	nn-S

CENSUS TRACTS

Definition of census tract.—Census tracts are small areas into which large cities and adjacent areas have been divided for statistical purposes. Tract boundaries were established cooperatively by a local committee and the Bureau of the Census. Tracts were generally designed to be relatively uniform with respect to population characteristics, economic status, and living conditions. The average tract has about 4,000 residents. boundaries are established with the intention of being maintained over a long time so that comparisons may be made from census to census.

In the decennial censuses, the Bureau of the Census tabulates population and housing information for each census tract. The practice of local agencies to tabulate locally collected data by tracts has increased the value of census tract data in many areas.

Tracts are generally numbered in a consecutive series, with separate series for the central city and for each county. Insofar as possible, the numbers are consecutive within each city, community, township, and the like. In these tables, tracts which contain no population and no housing units are not listed. Tracts populated only by crews of vessels are identified by the tract number suffix "99."

Historical background.—The concept of census tracts was originated by the late Dr. Walter Laidlaw in New York City in 1906. He was convinced of the need for data for homogeneous subdivisions of cities as a basis for studying neighborhoods smaller than boroughs or wards. At his request, the Bureau of the Census tabulated census tract data from the 1910 census for New York and seven other cities with a population of over 500,000. Tract data were again tabulated for the same 8 cities in 1920, and in 1930 this number was increased to 18. In 1940, tract data were tabulated for 60 cities, some with adjacent tracted areas; and, beginning in 1940, housing data were added to the population data in the tract reports. In 1950, final reports were published for 64 tracted areas, many of which included statistics for two or more large cities. By 1960, the program had expanded to include reports for 180 tracted areas (of which 3 were in Puerto Rico).

Tract statistics from the 1970 census are published for 241 areas, 238 in the United States and 3 in the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico. All of these tracted areas are standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's). The goal of extending the census tract program to all SMSA's was achieved in the 1970 census except for six areas that were designated as SMSA's on the basis of the 1970 census count and had not been tracted.

Much of the credit for the growing interest in tract data belongs to the late Howard Whipple Green of Cleveland. He aroused the interest of research workers in numerous cities in the potential usefulness of tract statistics for the analysis of sociological, marketing, and administrative

problems. In his capacity as Chairman of the Committee on Census Enumeration Areas of the American Statistical Association for 25 years, he accepted the responsibility for appointing a Census Tract Key Person in each area where tracts were established, for providing guidance on delineating and maintaining census tracts, and for maintaining a census tract library. These duties were assumed by the Bureau of the Census in 1955. However, the Census Bureau no longer appoints Census Tract Key Persons. They are selected by the local census tract committees.

For a further discussion of census tract data and their uses, see U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census Tract Manual, Fifth Edition, 1966, Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402.

Description of tracted area.—The map included in this report identifies the boundaries of the area for which the tract statistics are presented. The map also identifies the location and number of each tract and, when appropriate, the limits of cities, townships, counties, or other subdivisions of the tracted area. Boundaries of the tracted area generally constitute a standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA). A few, however, include the SMSA plus an adjoining area outside it. These are designated as including the adjacent area, and the map covers the tracts in the adjacent area as well as those in the SMSA itself.

Comparability from census to census.— One of the principles followed in relation to census tracts is to preserve comparability from census to census. Keeping tract boundaries unchanged makes possible the study of changes in social and economic characteristics of neighborhoods. There are, nonetheless, several situations where boundaries of individual tracts are changed. For example, it is sometimes necessary to change the boundaries of tracts to add small areas annexed to a city. Similarly, changes in tract boundaries occur when territory is detached from a city or separately incorporated. Changes may also occur in physical features that are used as tract boundaries, such as street or highway relocations. The census tract limits are changed to conform with the revised feature or to follow another nearby visible fea-Census tracts with very large increases in population are subdivided into two or more smaller tracts. On the other hand, a re-examination of the existing tract boundaries may result in modifications of boundaries to provide larger or more homogeneous units. Tables A and B, showing the comparability of tracts between 1960 and 1970, appear at the end of the Introduction.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS

The Bureau of the Census recognizes 243 standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's) in the United States and 4 in Puerto Rico, making a total of 247 in the 1970 census. These include the 231 SMSA's as defined and named in the Bureau of the Budget publication, Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas: 1967, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. Since 1967, 16 SMSA's have been added, of which two were defined in January 1968 and an additional 14 were defined in February 1971 on the basis of the results of the 1970 census. Changes in SMSA boundaries or titles made after February 1971 are not recognized in this series of reports. SMSA's are defined by the Office of Management and Budget (formerly Bureau of the

Except in the New England States, a standard metropolitan statistical area

is a county or group of contiguous counties which contains at least one city of 50,000 inhabitants or more. or "twin cities" with a combined population of at least 50,000. In addition to the county or counties containing such a city or cities, contiguous counties are included in an SMSA if, according to certain criteria, they are socially and economically integrated with the central city. In the New England States, SMSA's consist of towns and cities instead of counties. In recent years, four cities (High Point, N.C., Macon, Ga., Oklahoma City, Okla., and Sioux Falls, S. Dak.) have annexed territory which lies outside the boundaries of the SMSA. The figures shown in the tables for these cities exclude the portions which lie outside the SMSA. Each SMSA must include at least one central city, and the complete title of an SMSA identifies the central city or cities. For a detailed description of the criteria used in defining SMSA's, see the Bureau of the Budget publication cited above.

Appendix B.—DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS OF SUBJECT CHARACTERISTICS

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GENERAL

Facsimiles of the census questions and more complete definitions of the subject characteristics may be found in the 1970 Population Census PC(1)-C reports for population items and in the 1970 Housing Census HC(1)-B reports for housing items.

Certain characteristics defined here appear in both the population and the housing tables. Definitions for such characteristics are presented only once, in the section "Population Characteristics" or in the section "Housing Characteristics," depending on the nature of the subject (except for "group quarters," which appears in both sections).

POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS

Age.—The age classification is based on the age of the person in completed years as of April 1, 1970, and was determined from the reply to questions on age and on month and year of birth.

Race.—Data are shown for two racial categories, white and Negro. The

category "white" includes persons who indicated their race as white, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories on the questionnaire but entered Mexican, Puerto Rican, or a response suggesting Indo-European stock. The category "Negro" includes persons who indicated their race as Negro or Black, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories on the questionnaire but who had such entries as Jamaican, Trinidadian, West Indian, Haitian, and Ethiopian. All other racial categories, such as American Indian, Japanese, and Chinese, are included in the total but not shown separately. The classification by race shown for occupied housing units refers to the race of the head of the household occupying the unit.

Differences in the statistics on race in tables P-1, H-1, and H-3, containing 100-percent data, and tables P-5, P-6, and H-4, containing sample data, are due partly to the manual editing of the sample questionnaires. Many persons who reported their race as "Other" on the questionnaire also supplied a write-in entry that indicated the proper race classification should have been one of the specific race categories, e.g., white, Negro, etc. While the field edit procedures included a review of such entries on all questionnaires before the 100-percent data were tabulated, manual editing of the sample questionnaires after the 100-percent data were tabulated resulted in some further changes in classification by race.

Nativity, parentage, and country of origin.—The category "native" comprises persons born in the United

States, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico or an outlying area of the United States, or at sea. Also included in this category is the small number of persons who, although they were born in a foreign country, have at least one native American parent. The category "foreign-born" includes all persons not classified as native. The category "native of native parentage" comprises native persons both of whose parents are also natives of the United States, "Native of foreign or mixed parentage" comprises native persons one or both of whose parents are foreign born.

The category "foreign stock" includes the foreign-born population and the native population of foreign or mixed parentage. In this report, persons of foreign stock are classified according to their country of origin. Natives of foreign parentage whose parents were born in different countries are classified according to the country of birth of the father. Natives of mixed parentage are classified according to the country of birth of the foreign-born parent.

Spanish heritage.-In the census tract reports, separate tables are presented for the population of Spanish heritage, which is variously identified in the reports for different areas: in 42 States and the District of Columbia it is identified as "Persons of Spanish language"; in five Southwestern States, as "Persons of Spanish language or Spanish surname"; and in the Middle Atlantic States, as "Persons of Puerto Rican birth or parentage." Similarly, separate housing statistics are presented for housing units in these categories, identified on the basis of the classification of the household head occupying the unit. The specific definitions involved in identifying these population groups are given below.

Spanish language.—Persons of Spanish language comprise persons of Spanish mother tongue (see definition below) and all other persons in families in which the head or wife reported Spanish as his or her mother tongue. A housing unit is classified as occupied by persons of Spanish language if the head or his wife reported Spanish as his or her mother tongue.

Spanish surname.—In five Southwestern States (Arizona, California, Colorado, New Mexico, and Texas) persons with Spanish surnames are identified. Separate statistics are presented, in these States, for persons of Spanish language combined with all additional persons of Spanish surname. These additional persons are shown in the category "Other persons of Spanish surname."

Puerto Rican birth or parentage.—
The population of Puerto Rican birth or parentage includes persons born in Puerto Rico and persons born in the United States or an outlying area with one or both parents born in Puerto Rico. Statistics for this group are shown for areas in New York, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania.

Spanish mother tongue.—Mother tongue is defined as the language spoken in the person's home when he was a child.

In two tracted areas that cross State lines, Wilmington, Del.—N.J.—Md., and Texarkana, Tex.—Ark., the population of Spanish heritage in each State portion is identified, for tabula-

tion purposes, in the manner specified above for that State, and the segments for the different States are combined to form a total for the area. The term used to describe this population in tables P-7, P-8, and H-5, however, is the term applicable in the State containing the major portion of the SMSA. Thus, for the Wilmington SMSA, the term applicable in Delaware, "Persons of Spanish language," is used; and in the Texarkana SMSA the term applicable in Texas, "Persons of Spanish language or Spanish surname," is used.

Household.—A household includes all the persons who occupy a group of rooms or a single room which constitutes a housing unit (see definition of housing unit, below). The average population per household is obtained by dividing the population in households by the number of household heads.

The population per household for Negroes and persons of Spanish heritage, shown in tables P-5 and P-7, may not in all cases be a true representation of the household size for these groups. For example, some persons of a given group may be roomers or domestic employees living with household heads of a different ethnic classification.

Relationship to head of household.— Four categories of relationship to head of household are recognized in this report:

 Head of household.—One person in each household is designated as the "head," that is, the person who is regarded as the head by the members of the household. However, if a married woman living with her husband was reported as the head, her husband was considered the head for the purpose of simplifying the tabulations. Two types of household heads are distinguished — the head of a family and a primary individual. A family head is a household head living with one or more persons related to him by blood, marriage, or adoption. A primary individual is a household head living alone or with nonrelatives only.

- 2. Wife of head.-A woman married to and living with a household head, including women in common-law marriages as well as women in formal marriages. In table P-1, which is based on 100-percent tabulations, the number of wives is the same as the number of "husband-wife households" and the number of "husbandwife families." In tables P-5 and P-7, which are based on a sample and are limited to a specific ethnic group, the numbers may differ, because of minor differences in the weighting of the data and because a husband and wife do not always have the same ethnic classification.
- Other relative of head.—All persons related to the head of the household by blood, marriage, or adoption except "wife of head."
- 4. Not related to head.—All persons in the household not related to the head by blood, marriage, or adoption. Roomers, boarders, lodgers, partners, resident employees, wards, and foster children are included in this category.

Group quarters.—Persons in living arrangements other than households are classified by the Bureau of the Census as living in group quarters. Group quarters are located most frequently in institutions, rooming houses, military

barracks, college dormitories, fraternity and sorority houses, hospitals, monasteries, convents, and ships. A house or apartment is considered group quarters if it is shared by the person in charge and five or more persons unrelated to him, or, if there is no person in charge, by six or more unrelated persons.

Inmate of institution.—Inmates of institutions are persons under care or custody at the time of enumeration in homes, schools, hospitals or wards for juveniles, the physically handicapped, or the mentally handicapped; homes or hospitals for mental, tuberculosis, or other chronic disease patients; homes for unwed mothers; nursing, convalescent, and rest homes; homes for the aged and dependent; and correctional institutions.

Family.-According to 1970 census definitions, a family consists of a household head and one or more other persons living in the same household who are related to the head by blood, marriage, or adoption; all persons in a household who are related to the head are regarded as members of his (her) family. A "husband-wife family" is a family in which the head and his wife are enumerated as members of the same household. Not all households contain families, because a household may be composed of a group of unrelated persons or one person living alone. The mean size of family is derived by dividing the number of persons in families by the total number of families,

Own children and related children.— This report shows statistics on families by presence of "own" children and "related" children of specified ages. A child under 18 years old is defined as an "own child" if he or she is a single (never married) son, daughter, stepchild, or adopted child. The number of children "living with both parents" includes stepchildren and adopted children as well as sons and daughters born to the couple, "Retated children" in a family include all persons under 18 related to the head except "wife of head." The "mean number of related children" is derived by dividing the total number of related children of the specified age in families by the number of families having children of that age. In table P-1 the number of own children under 18 years of age is divided by "persons under 18 years" to obtain the "percent of total under 18 years."

Unrelated individuals.—An unrelated individual, as defined in this report, may be any of the following: a household head living alone or with nonrelatives only, a household member not related to the head, or a person living in group quarters who is not an inmate of an institution.

Marital status.—The marital status classification refers to the status at the time of enumeration. Persons classified as "married" consist of those who have been married only once and those who remarried after having been widowed or divorced. Persons reported as separated (living apart because of marital discord, with or without a legal separation) are classified as a subcategory of married persons. Persons in common-law marriages are classified as married, and persons whose only marriage had been annulled are classified as never married. All persons reported as never married are shown as "single" in this report.

Children ever born.—In this report, statistics on the number of children ever born are presented for women 35 to 44 years old who have ever been married. Respondents were instructed to include children born to the woman before her present marriage, children no longer living, and children away from home, as well as children born to the woman who were still living in the home.

School enrollment.-School enrollment is shown for persons 3 to 34 years Persons were included as enrolled in school if they reported attending a "regular" school or college at any time between February 1, 1970, and the time of enumeration. Regular schooling is that which may advance a person toward an elementary school certificate or high school diploma, or a college, university, or professional degree. Schooling that was not obtained in a regular school and schooling from a tutor or through correspondence courses were counted only if the credits obtained were regarded as transferable to a school in the regular school system. Persons were included as enrolled in nursery school only if the school included instruction as an important and integral phase of its program. Schooling which is generally regarded as not "regular" includes that given in nursery schools which simply provide custodial day care, in specialized vocational, trade, or business schools, in on-the-job training, and through correspondence courses.

Elementary school, as defined here, includes grades 1 to 8, and high school includes grades 9 to 12. If a person was attending a junior high school, the equivalent in terms of 8 years of elementary school and 4 years of high school was recorded. In general,

a "public" school is defined as any school which is controlled and supported primarily by a local, State, or Federal government agency.

Years of school completed.—The data on years of school completed were derived from the answers to the two questions: (a) "What is the highest grade (or year) of regular school he has ever attended?" and (b) "Did he finish the highest grade (or year) he attended?" Persons whose highest grade of attendance was in a foreign school system, or in an ungraded school whose highest level of schooling was measured by "readers," or whose training was received through a tutor were instructed to report the approximate equivalent grade in the regular United States school system. A person was reported as not having completed a given grade if he dropped out or failed to pass the last grade attended.

Residence in 1965.-Residence on April 1, 1965, is the usual place of residence five years before enumeration. The category "same house" includes all persons five years old and over who did not move during the five years as well as those who had moved but by 1970 had returned to their 1965 residence. The category "different house" includes persons who, on April 1, 1965, lived in the United States in a different house from the one they occupied on April 1, 1970, and for whom sufficient information concerning the 1965 residence was collected. These persons were subdivided into three groups according to their 1965 residence in or outside a standard metropolitan statistical area: "in central city of this SMSA." "in other part of this SMSA," and "outside this SMSA." The category "abroad" includes those with residence in a foreign country or outlying area of the United States in 1965.

Reference week.—The data on employment status and place of work relate to the calendar week preceding the date on which the respondents completed their questionnaires or were interviewed by enumerators. This week is not the same for all respondents because not all persons were enumerated during the same week.

Employment status.-Employed persons comprise all civilians 16 years old and over who were either (a) "at work" – those who did any work at all as paid employees or in their own business or profession, or on their own farm, or who worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers on a family farm or in a family business; or (b) were "with a job but not at work" - those who did not work during the reference week but had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent due to illness, bad weather, industrial dispute, vacation, or other personal reasons. Excluded from employed are persons whose only activity consisted of work around the house or volunteer work for religious, charitable, and similar organizations.

Persons are classified as unemployed if they were civilians 16 years old and over and: (a) were neither "at work" nor "with a job, but not at work" during the reference week, (b) were looking for work during the past 4 weeks, and (c) were available to accept a job. Persons who did not work at all during the reference week and were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off are also included as unemployed.

The "civilian labor force" consists of persons classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria described above. The "labor force" includes all persons in the civilian labor force plus members of the Armed Forces (persons on active duty with the United States Army, Air Force, Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard). All persons 16 years old and over who are not classified as members of the labor force are defined as "not in labor force." This category consists mainly of students. housewives, retired workers, seasonal workers enumerated in an "off" season who were not looking for work, inmates of institutions, disabled persons, and persons doing only incidental unpaid family work (less than 15 hours during the reference week). Of these groups, students and inmates are shown separately in selected tables.

Place of work.-Place of work refers to the geographic location at which civilians and Armed Forces personnel not on leave carried out their occupational or job activities during the reference week. For the purposes of this report, these locations were defined with respect to the boundaries of the standard metropolitan statistical area as "inside SMSA" and "outside SMSA." Locations within the SMSA, were subdivided into the central business district of the central city, the balance of that county, or, if outside that county, the specific county of the SMSA.

The central business district (CBD) is usually the downtown retail trade area of the city. As defined by the Bureau of the Census, the CBD is an area of very high land valuation characterized by a high concentration of retail business offices, theaters, hotels, and service businesses, and with a

high traffic flow. CBD's consist of one or more census tracts and have been defined only in cities with a population of 100,000 or more. In order to be counted as working in the CBD, the respondent had to give the exact address (street name and number) of his place of work. Since some respondents did not do this, the number of persons working in the CBD is usually understated by an unknown amount.

The exact address (number and street name) for the place of work was asked. Persons working at more than one job were asked to report the location of the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the reference week. Salesmen, deliverymen, and others who work in several places each week were requested to give the address at which they began work each day, if they reported to a central headquarters. For cases in which daily work was not begun at a central place each day, the person was asked to report the exact address of the place where he worked the most hours last week. If his employer operated in more than one location (such as a grocery store chain or public school system), the exact address of the location or branch where the respondent worked was requested. When the number or street name could not be given, the name of the building or the name of the company for which he worked was to be entered.

Means of transportation to work.— Means of transportation to work refers to the chief means of travel or type of conveyance used in traveling to and from work on the last day the respondent worked at the address given as his or her place of work. The "chief means" referred to the means of transportation covering the greatest distance if more than one means was used in daily travel. "Worked at home" was marked by a person who worked on a farm where he lived or in an office or shop in his home.

Occupation, industry, and class of worker .- The data on these three subjects in this report are for employed persons 16 years old and over and refer to the job held during the reference week. For persons employed at two or more jobs, the data refer to the job at which the person worked the greatest number of hours. The occupation and industry statistics presented here are based on the detailed systems developed for the 1970 census: see 1970 Census of Population, Classified Index of Industries and Occupations, U. S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D. C., 1971.

Income in 1969.—Information on money income received in the calendar year 1969 was requested from persons 14 years old and over. "Total income" is the algebraic sum of the amounts reported separately for wage and salary income, nonfarm net self-employment income, farm net self-employment income. Social Security or railroad retirement income, public assistance or welfare income, and all other income. The figures represent the amount of income regularly received before deductions for personal income taxes, Social Security, bond purchases, union dues, medicare deductions, etc.

"Wage or salary income" is defined as the total money earnings received for work performed as an employee at any time during the calendar year 1969. It includes wages, salary, pay from Armed Forces, commissions, tips, piece rate payments,

and cash bonuses earned. "Nonfarm net self-employment income" is defined as net money income (gross receipts minus business expenses) received from a business, professional enterprise, or partnership in which the person was engaged on his own account. "Farm net self-employment income" is defined as the net money income (gross receipts minus operating expenses) received from the operation of a farm by a person on his own account, as an owner, renter, or share-cropper.

"Social Security or railroad retirement income" includes cash receipts of Social Security pensions, survivors' benefits, permanent disability insurance payments, and special benefit payments made by the Social Security Administration (under the National old-age, survivors, disability, and health insurance programs) before deductions of health insurance premiums, "Medicare" reimbursements are not included. Cash receipts from retirement, disability, and survivors' benefit payments made by the U.S. Government under the Railroad Retirement Act are also included. "Public assistance income" includes cash receipts of payments made under the following public assistance programs: aid to families with dependent children, old-age assistance, general assistance, aid to the blind, and aid to the permanently and totally disabled. Separate payments received for hospital or other medical care are excluded from this item. "Income from all other sources" includes money income received from sources such as interest; dividends; net income (or loss) from property rentals; net receipts from roomers or boarders; veteran's payments; public or private pensions, periodic receipts from insurance policies or annuities: unemployment insurance benefits: workmen's compensation cash benefits; net royalties; periodic payments from estates and trust funds; alimony or child support from persons who are not members of the household; net gambling gains; nonservice scholarships and fellowships; and money received for transportation and/or subsistence by persons participating in special governmental training programs, e.g., under the Manpower Development and Training Act.

Receipts from the following sources were not included as income: money received from the sale of property (unless the recipient was engaged in the business of selling such property); the value of income "in kind" such as food produced and consumed in the home or free living quarters; withdrawal of bank deposits; money borrowed; tax refunds; exchange of money between relatives living in the same household; gifts and lump-sum inheritances, insurance payments, and other types of lump-sum receipts.

Although the income statistics cover the calendar year 1969, the characteristics of persons and the composition of families refer to the time of enumeration (April 1, 1970). For most families, however, the income reported was received by persons who were members of the family throughout 1969.

The median income is the amount which divides the distribution into two equal groups, one having incomes above the median and the other having incomes below the median. For families and unrelated individuals the median income is based on the distribution of the total number of families and unrelated individuals, including those with no income.

The mean income is the amount obtained by dividing the total in-

come of a particular statistical universe by the number of units in that universe. Thus, mean family income is obtained by dividing total family income by the total number of families. For the six types of income the means are based on families having those types of income.

Care should be exercised in using and interpreting mean income values in the statistics for small areas or small subgroups of the population. Since the mean is strongly influenced by extreme values in the distribution, it is especially susceptible to the effects of sampling variability, misreporting, and processing errors. The median, which is not affected by extreme values, is, therefore, a better measure than the mean when the population base is small. The mean, nevertheless, is shown in this report for most small areas and small subgroups because, when weighted according to the number of cases, the means can be added to obtain summary measures for areas and groups other than those shown in this report.

Poverty status in 1969.-Families and unrelated individuals are classified as being above or below the poverty level, using the poverty index adopted by a Federal Interagency Committee in 1969. This index provides a range of income cutoffs or "poverty thresholds" adjusted to take into account such factors as family size, sex and age of the family head, the number of children, and farm-nonfarm residence. The poverty cutoffs for farm families have been set at 85 percent of the nonfarm levels. These income cutoffs are updated every year to reflect the changes in the Consumer Price Index. The poverty threshold for a nonfarm family of four was \$3,743 in 1969. For a detailed explanation of the poverty definition, see Current Population Reports, Series P-23, No. 28, "Revisions in Poverty Statistics, 1959 to 1968."

Households below the poverty level are defined as households in which the total 1969 income of the family or primary individual was below the poverty level. The incomes of persons in the household other than members of the family or the primary individual are not included when determining poverty status of a household.

The households for which poverty status is shown cannot be compared with the total number of households shown elsewhere. The former exclude those in certain types of housing units: owner-occupied units are restricted to one-family units on places of less than 10 acres and without a business on the property; and renter-occupied units exclude one-family units on places of 10 acres or more.

The "ratio of family income to poverty level" is obtained by dividing the income of a family by its corresponding poverty threshold. The "income deficit" is the difference between the total income of families and unrelated individuals below the poverty level and their respective poverty thresholds. In computing the income deficit, families reporting a net income loss are assigned zero dollars, and for such cases the income deficit is equal to the poverty threshold. The aggregate income deficit provides an estimate of the amount of money which would be required to raise the incomes of all poor families and unrelated individuals to their respective thresholds at the poverty level. The mean income deficit is the amount obtained by dividing the aggregate income deficit of a group below the poverty level by the number of families or unrelated individuals (as appropriate) in that group.

HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

Housing units and group quarters.— Living quarters are classified in the census as either housing units or group quarters. Usually, living quarters are in structures intended for residential use (e.g., a one-family home, apartment house, hotel or motel, boarding house, mobile home or trailer, etc.). Living quarters may also be in structures intended for nonresidential use (e.g., the rooms in a warehouse where a watchman lives), as well as in tents, caves, old railroad cars, etc.

A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room occupied or intended for occupancy as separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants do not live and eat with any other persons in the structure and which quarters have either (1) direct access from the outside of the building or through a common half or (2) complete kitchen facilities for the exclusive use of the occupants. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or nonrelated persons who share living arrangements (except as described in the next paragraph on group quarters). For vacant units, the criteria for separateness, direct access, and complete kitchen facilities for exclusive use are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible (or to the previous occupants if this information cannot be obtained). Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing inventory, except that mobile homes, trailers, tents, etc., are included only if they are occupied.

Group quarters are living arrangements for institutional inmates or for

other groups containing five or more persons not related to the person in charge. Group quarters are located most frequently in institutions, boarding houses, military barracks, college dormitories, fraternity and sorority houses, hospitals, monasteries, convents, and ships. A house or apartment is considered group quarters if it is shared by the person in charge and five or more persons unrelated to him, or if there is no person in charge, by six or more unrelated persons. Information on the housing characteristics of group quarters was not collected in the census.

Year-round housing units.—Data on housing characteristics are limited to year-round housing units; i.e., all occupied units plus vacant units which are intended for year-round use. Vacant units intended for seasonal occupancy and vacant units held for migratory labor are excluded because it is difficult to obtain reliable information for them. Counts of the total housing inventory, however, are given for each area presented in this report.

Occupied housing units.—A housing unit is classified as occupied if a person or group of persons is living in it at the time of enumeration or if the occupants are only temporarily absent, for example, on vacation. However, if the persons staying in the unit have their usual place of residence elsewhere the unit is classified as vacant.

Vacant housing units.—A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. In addition, a vacant unit may be one which is occupied entirely by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere,

New units not yet occupied are enumerated as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded if unfit for human habitation because the roof, walls, windows, or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements, or if there is positive evidence (such as a sign on the house or in the block) that the unit is to be demolished or is condemned.

Vacant housing units are classified in this report as either "seasonal and migratory" (i.e., intended for seasonal occupancy or held for migratory labor) "Seasonal" units or "year-round." are intended for occupancy during only certain seasons of the year. "Migratory" units are vacant units held for occupancy by migratory labor employed in farm work during the "Year-round" vacant crop season. housing units are available or intended for occupancy at any time of the year. A unit in a resort area which is usually occupied on a year-round basis is considered year-round. unit used only occasionally throughout the year is also considered yearround.

Year-round vacant units are subdivided as follows: "for sale only"; "for rent" which also includes vacant units offered either for rent or for sale; and "other" which includes units sold or rented but not yet occupied by the new owner or renter, units held for the occasional use of the owner, and units being held off the market for other reasons.

Tenure.—A housing unit is "owner occupied" if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit, even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. A cooperative or condominium unit is "owner oc-

cupied" only if the owner or coowner lives in it. All other occupied units are classified as "renter occupied," including units rented for cash rent and those occupied without payment of cash rent.

Persons.—Persons occupying the housing unit include not only occupants related to the head of the household but also any lodgers, roomers, boarders, partners, wards, foster children and resident employees who share the living quarters of the household head. The data on "persons" show the number of housing units occupied by the specified number of persons.

Units with one or more roomers, boarders, or lodgers are shown as a separate category. Not included as "roomers, boarders, or lodgers" are foster children or wards, servants who live in, companions, and partners.

Year moved into unit.—Data on year moved into unit are based on the information reported for the head of the household. The question refers to the year of latest move. Thus, if the head moved back into a unit he had previously occupied or if he moved from one apartment to another in the same building, the year he moved into his present unit was to be reported.

Complete kitchen facilities.—A unit has complete kitchen facilities when it has all three of the following for the exclusive use of the occupants of the unit: (1) An installed sink with piped water; (2) a range or cookstove; and (3) a mechanical refrigerator. All kitchen facilities must be located in the structure, although they need not be in the same room. Quarters with only portable cooking equipment are not considered as hav-

ing a range or cookstove. "Lacking complete kitchen facilities" means that the unit does not have all three specified kitchen facilities, or that they are also for the use of the occupants of other housing units.

Access.—"Access only through other living quarters" means that the occupants of a housing unit must go through someone else's living quarters to enter their own; that is, they do not have a direct entrance from the outside or through a common or public hall.

Rooms.—Rooms to be counted include whole rooms used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Not counted as rooms are bathrooms, porches, balconies, foyers, halls, halfrooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullman kitchens, utility rooms, unfinished attics, basements, or other space used for storage.

Persons per room.—This is computed by dividing the number of persons in the unit by the number of rooms in the unit. The figures shown, therefore, refer to the number of housing units having the specified ratio of persons per room.

Year structure built.—Year structure built refers to when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted.

Units in structure.—In the determination of the number of units in a structure, all housing units, both occupied and vacant, were counted. The statistics are presented in terms of the number of housing units in structures of specified size, not in

terms of the number of residential structures.

A structure is a separate building that either has open space on all sides or is separated from other structures by dividing walls that extend from ground to roof.

Basement.—Statistics on basements are presented in terms of the number of housing units located in structures built with a basement, and are separately tabulated for one-family houses with basements. A structure has a basement if there is enclosed space in which persons can walk upright under all or part of the building.

Plumbing facilities.-The category "with all plumbing facilities" consists of units which have hot and cold piped water, as well as a flush toilet and a bathtub or shower inside the structure for the exclusive use of the occupants of the unit. "Lacking some or all plumbing" means that the unit does not have all three specified plumbing facilities (hot and cold piped water, as well as flush toilet and bathtub or shower inside the structure), or that the toilet or bathing facilities are also for the use of the occupants of other housing units.

Selected equipment.—Statistics are presented for the number of housing units with the following selected equipment.

With more than one bathroom.— A complete bathroom is a room with flush toilet, bathtub or shower, and wash basin with piped water. A partial or half bathroom has at least a flush toilet or bathtub (or shower), but does not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom. A housing

unit "with more than one bathroom" has, in addition to one complete bathroom, one or more partial or complete bathrooms.

With public water supply.—A public system refers to a common source supplying running water to six or more housing units. The water may be supplied by a city, county, water district, or private water company, or it may be obtained from a well which supplied six or more housing units.

With public sewer.—A "public sewer" is connected to a city, county, sanitary district, neighborhood, or subdivision sewer system. It may be operated by a government body or by a private organization. Small sewage treatment plants which in some localities are called neighborhood septic tanks are also classified as public sewers.

With air conditioning.—Air conditioning is the cooling of air by a refrigeration unit. A central system is a central installation which air-conditions the entire housing unit. A room unit is an individual air conditioner which is installed in a window or an outside wall and is generally intended to cool one room, although it may sometimes be used to cool more than one room.

Heating equipment.—The list of heating equipment refers to the type of heating equipment and not to the fuel used. "Steam or hot water" refers to a central heating system in which heat from steam or hot water is delivered through radiators or other outlets. "Warm air furnace" refers to a central system which provides warm air through ducts leading

to various rooms; central heat pumps are included in this category. "Built-in electric units" are permanently installed in the floors, walls or ceilings. A "floor, wall, or pipeless furnace" delivers warm air to the room right above the furnace or to the room(s) on one or both sides of the wall in which the furnace is installed. "Other means" includes room heaters with or without flue, fireplaces, stoves, and portable heaters of all types.

A housing unit "With central or built-in heating system" contains a steam or hot water system, a warm-air furnace, built-in electric units, or a floor, wall, or pipeless furnace.

Automobiles available.—Statistics on automobiles available represent the number of passenger automobiles, including station wagons, which are owned or regularly used by any member of the household and which are ordinarily kept at home. Taxicabs, pickups, or larger trucks were not to be counted.

Value.—Value is the respondent's estimate of how much the property (house and lot) would sell for if it were for sale. The term "specified owner-occupied units" means that the value data are limited to owner-occupied one-family houses on less than ten acres, without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. Owner-occupied cooperatives, condominiums, mobile homes, and trailers are excluded from the value tabulations.

Mean value.—Mean value is the sum of the individual values reported, divided by the number of owner-occupied units for which value is shown. For purposes of computation, the mid-

points of the intervals were used, except that a mean value of \$3,500 was assigned to housing units in the interval "less than \$5,000" and a mean of \$60,000 was assigned to units in the interval "\$50,000 or more."

Contract rent.—Contract rent is the monthly rent agreed to, or contracted for, even if the furnishings, utilities, or services are included. The term "specified renter-occupied units" means that the contract rent data exclude one-family houses on ten acres or more. Renter units occupied without payment of cash rent are

shown separately as "no cash rent" in the rent tabulations.

Gross rent.—Monthly gross rent is the summation of contract rent plus the estimated average monthly cost of utilities (water, electricity, gas) and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.), if these items are paid for by the renter, in addition to rent. Thus, gross rent is intended to eliminate individual differences which result from varying practices with respect to the inclusion of heat and utilities as part of the rental payment.

Mean gross rent.—Mean gross rent is the sum of the individual rental amounts divided by the number of renter-occupied units, excluding one-family houses on ten acres or more.

Gross rent as percentage of income.— The yearly gross rent (monthly gross rent multiplied by 12) is expressed as a percentage of the total income in 1969 of the family or primary individual. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units for which no cash is paid and units occupied by families or primary individuals who reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "not computed."

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SOURCES OF ERROR

Human and mechanical errors occur in any mass statistical operation such as a decennial census. Errors during the data collection phase can include failure to obtain required information from respondents, obtaining incorrect or inconsistent information, and recording information in the wrong place or incorrectly. Errors can also occur during the field review of the enumerator's work, the clerical handling of the questionnaires, and the various stages of the electronic processing of the material. Careful efforts are made in every census to keep the errors in each step at an acceptably low level. Quality control and check measures are utilized throughout the census operation,

In the manual editing and coding operation, a sample of the work of each coder was verified, and a coder who showed consistently high error rates was retrained. A coder who still did not produce work of acceptable quality after retraining was removed from the coding operation. In addition, provision was made for correction of any work units for which the error rate exceeded a maximum level. Information on error rates will be given in later publications.

As was done for the 1950 and 1960 censuses, evaluative material on many aspects of the 1970 census will be published as soon as the appropriate data are accumulated and analyzed.

A major concern in the evaluation work is to ascertain, insofar as possible, the degree of completeness of the count of both population and housing units.

EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE

The objective of the processing operation is to produce a set of statistics that describes the Nation's population and housing as accurately and clearly as possible. To meet this objective, certain unacceptable entries were edited.

In the field, questionnaires were reviewed for completeness by a census clerk or enumerator, and a followup was made for missing information. The major review occurred in the central processing office, where the editing and coding operation provided an opportunity to correct obvious errors in the respondents' entries for those items which required manual processing. In coding relationship to household head, for example, the clerk made use of written entries, which the computer is not able to read. in determining the correct entry where the machine readable item was blank or contained conflicting information. For a few of the items, the respondents' entries were reviewed for reasonableness or consistency on the basis of other information on the questionnaire. As a rule, however, editing was performed by hand only when it could not be done effectively by machine.

As one of the first steps in mechanical editing, the configuration of marks on the questionnaire was scanned electronically to determine whether it contained information for a person or merely spurious marks. If the

questionnaire contained entries for at least two of the basic characteristics (relationship, sex, race, age, marital status), or for at least two relevant sample characteristics, the inference was made that the marks represented a person. Names were not used as a criterion of the presence of a person because the electronic scanning was unable to distinguish between a name and any other entry in the name space.

If any characteristics for a person or housing unit were missing, they were, in most cases, supplied by allocation. Allocations, or assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries, were needed most often where an entry for a given item was lacking or where the information reported for a person or housing unit on that item was inconsistent with other information for the person or The assignment of housing unit. acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries, it is believed, enhances the usefulness of the data.

For housing data, the assignment was based on related information reported for the housing unit or on information reported for a similar unit in the immediate neighborhood. For example, if tenure for an occupied unit was omitted but a rental amount was reported, the computer automatically edited tenure to "rented for cash rent." The technique may also be illustrated by the procedure used in the assignment for unknown The computer stored reported ages of persons by sex, race, household relationship, and marital status. Each stored age was retained in the computer only until a person having the same set of characteristics, and with age reported was processed through the computer in the edit operation; this stored age was assigned to the next person whose age was unknown and who otherwise had the same set of specified characteristics.

The editing process also includes another type of correction; namely, the assignment of a full set of characteristics for a person. When there was indication that a housing unit was occupied but the questionnaire contained no information for any person, a previously processed household was selected as a substitute and the full set of characteristics for each substitute person was duplicated.

Specific tolerances were established for the number of computer allocations and substitutions that would be permitted. If the number of corrections was beyond tolerance, the questionnaires in which the errors occurred were clerically reviewed. If it was found that the errors resulted from damaged questionnaires, from improper microfilming, from faulty reading by FOSDIC of undamaged questionnaires, or from other types of machine failure, the questionnaires were reprocessed.

The extent of allocation for States, counties, and other areas will be shown in the allocation tables in chapters B and C of the 1970 Census of Population Volume 1, Characteristics of the Population, and chapters A and B of Census of Housing Volume 1, Characteristics for States, Cities, and Counties.

SAMPLE DESIGN

For persons living in housing units at the time of the 1970 census, the housing unit, including all its occupants, was the sampling unit; for persons in group quarters identified in advance of the census, it was the person. In nonmail areas, the enumerator canvassed his assigned area and listed all housing units in an

address register sequentially in the order in which he first visited the units whether or not he completed the interview. Every fifth line of the address register was designated as a sample line, and the housing units listed on these lines were included in the sample. Each enumerator was given a random line on which he was to start listing and the order of canvassing was indicated in advance, although the instructions allowed some latitude in the order of

visiting addresses. In mail areas, the list of housing units was prepared prior to Census Day either by employing commercial mailing lists corrected through the cooperation of the post office or by listing the units in a process similar to that used in nonmail areas. As in other areas, every fifth housing unit of these lists was designated to be in the sample. In group quarters, all persons were listed and every fifth person was selected for the sample.

TABLE C. Sample Rate for Subjects Included in This Report

[Subjects marked with an asterisk (*) were tabulated on a 100% basis for tables P-1, H-1, and H-3. All subjects shown in the tables for persons of Spanish heritage (P-7, P-8, and H-5) were tabulated on a 15% basis. The subjects covered in the remaining tables (P-2 to P-6, H-2, and H-4) were tabulated according to the sample rates shown below]

Population subjects	Sample rate (percent)	Housing subjects	Sample rate (percent)
*Sex *Race *Age *Household relationship *Family composition *Marital status Children ever born Country of origin Nativity and parentage School enrollment Years of school completed Residence in 1965 Employment status Place of work Means of transportation to Occupation Industry Class of worker Income Poverty status		*All year-round housing unit *Occupied housing units: tab tab *Cooperative or condominiu *Vacancy status *Tenure of housing unit Year moved into unit *Number of rooms *Size of household (persons) *Persons per room *Plumbing facilities Bathrooms Source of water Sewage disposal *Complete kitchen facilities *Access Units in structure Year structure built Basement Heating equipment Air conditioning Automobiles available *Value *Contract rent Gross rent	le H-2. 15 le H-4. 20 m

This 20-percent sample was subdivided into a 15-percent and a 5percent sample by designating every fourth 20-percent sample unit as a member of the 5-percent sample. The remaining sample units became the Two types of 15-percent sample. sample questionnaires were used, one for the 5-percent and one for the 15-percent sample units. Some questions were included on both the 5percent and 15-percent sample forms and therefore appear for a sample of 20 percent of the units in the census. Other items appeared on either the 15-percent or the 5-percent questionnaires. The sample rates for the various items appearing in this report are shown in table C.

Although the sampling procedure did not automatically insure an exact 20-percent sample of persons or housing units in each locality, the sample design was unbiased if carried through according to instructions; generally for large areas the deviation from 20 percent was found to be quite small. Biases may have arisen when the enumerator failed to follow his listing and sampling instructions exactly. Quality control procedures were used throughout the census process, however, and where there was clear evidence that the sampling procedures were not properly followed, the work was returned to the field for re-No attempt at sampling sampling. was made for the relatively small numbers of persons and housing units (in most States, less than one percent) added to the enumeration from the post-census post office check, the various supplemental forms, and the special check of vacant units. The ratio estimation procedure described below adjusts the sample data to reflect these classes of population and housing units.

RATIO ESTIMATION

The statistics based on 1970 census sample data are estimates made through the use of ratio estimation procedures, applied separately for the 15- and 20percent samples. The first step in carrying through the ratio estimates was to establish the areas within which separate ratios were to be prepared. These are referred to as "weighting areas." A single set of weighting areas, containing a minimum population size of 2,500, was defined for use with the 15- and 20-percent samples. Weighting areas were established by mechanical operation on the computer and were defined to conform, as nearly as possible, to areas for which tabulations are produced. In general, sample estimates for a tract may be expected to agree with complete counts whenever the tract was However, tracts a weighting area. were not weighting areas whenever the population was less than 2,500 persons, where the tract was a part of more than one county subdivision or place, or where the Census procedure was not the same in all parts of the tract. In these situations, part of a tract may have been combined with other partial or complete tracts to make up a weighting area and sample estimates for an individual tract in the combination may not agree with complete counts for the tract.

Separate ratio estimation processes were used for persons and for housing units. The ratio estimation process for persons operated in three stages. The first stage employed 19 household-type groups (the first of which was empty by definition). The second stage used two groups, head of household and not head of household, and the third stage used 24 age-sex-race groups.

Group	STAGE I
	Male Head With Own Children
	Under 18
1	1-person household 2-person household
2 3	3-person household
J	5-per3011 110 assiro la
6	6-or-more-person house- hold
	Male Head Without Own
2.40	Children Under 18 1-person to 6-or-more-
7-12	person households
	Female Head
13- 18	1-person to 6-or-more-
	person households
19	Group Quarters Persons
	STAGE II
20	Head of Household
21	Not Head of Household (in-
21	cluding persons in group
	quarters)
	STAGE III
	Male Negro
22	Age under 5 years
23	5-13
24 25	14-24 25-44
26	45-64
27	65 and older
1	Male, Not Negro
28-33	Same age groups as for
1	Male Negro
1	Female Negro
34-39	Same age groups as for
1	Male Negro
}	Female, Not Negro

Same age groups as for

Male Negro

40-45

The ratio estimation process for housing operated in two stages for occupied housing units, and in one stage for vacant units. The first stage for occupied units employed 18 household-type groups (the first of which was empty by definition); the second stage for occupied units used four groups: owner and renter occupied units, by race. The single stage for vacant units employed three groups: year-round vacant for sale, year-round vacant for rent, and other vacant.

Occupied housing units:

Group	STAGE I
	Male Head With Own Children
	Under 18
1	1-person household
2	2-person household
3	3-person household
•	
•	•
6	6-or-more-person house-
	hold
	Male Head Without Own
7.40	Children Under 18
7-12	1-person to 6-or-more
	person households
	Female Head
13-18	1-person to 6-or-more-
	person households
	STAGE II
	Owner Occupied
19	Negro
20	Not Negro
	Renter Occupied
21	Negro

Not Negro

Vacant housing units:

Group	STAGE I
23	Year-round vacant for sale
24	Year-round vacant for rent
25	Other vacant

At each stage, for each of the groups, the ratio of the complete count to the weighted sample count in the group was computed and applied to the weight of each sample person or housing unit in the group. For population, this operation was performed for each of the 19 groups in the first stage, then for the two groups in the second stage and finally for the 24 groups in the third stage. For occupied housing units this was performed first for the 18 groups in the first stage and then for the 4 groups in the second stage.

As a rule, the weighted sample counts within each of the groups in the final stage should agree with the complete counts for the weighting Close, although not exact, consistency can be expected for the groups in the preceding stages. There are some exceptions to this general rule, however. As indicated above. there may be differences between the complete counts and sample estimates when the tabulation area is not made up of whole weighting areas. As a result, sample estimates at the tract level may not agree with complete counts when the tract did not form a weighting area. Generally, for 15and 20-percent items, there may be such a difference whenever the population in the tract is less than 2,500 people. Furthermore, in order to increase the reliability, a separate ratio was not computed in a ratio estimation group whenever certain criteria pertaining to the complete counts and the magnitude of the weight were not met. For example, for the 15and 20-percent population sample the
complete count of persons in a group
had to exceed 85 persons and the ratio
of the complete count to the unweighted sample count could not exceed 20. Where these criteria were
not met, groups were combined in
a specific order until the conditions
were met. Where this occurred, consistency between the weighted sample
and the complete counts would apply
as indicated above for the combined
group but not necessarily for each of
the groups in the combination.

Each sample person or housing unit was assigned an integral weight to avoid the complications involved in rounding in the final tables. If, for example, the final weight for a group was 5.2, one-fifth of the persons or housing units in the group (selected at random) were assigned a weight of 6 and the remaining four-fifths a weight of 5.

The estimates realize some of the gains in sampling efficiency that would have resulted had the persons and housing units been stratified into the groups before sampling. effect is a reduction in both the sampling error and possible bias of most statistics below what would be obtained by weighting the results of the sample by a uniform factor (e.g., by weighting the 20-percent sample results by a uniform factor of 5). The reduction in sampling error will be trivial for some items and substantial for others. A by-product of this estimation procedure is that estimates for this sample are, in general, consistent with the complete count for the groups used in the estimation procedure, A more complete discussion of the technical aspects of these ratio estimates will be presented in a separate report.

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SAMPLING VARIABILITY

The estimates from sample tabulations are subject to sampling variability. The standard errors of these estimates can be approximated by using the data in tables D through F. The chances are about 2 out of 3 that the difference (due to sampling variability) between the sample estimate and the figure that would have been obtained from a complete count of the population is less than the standard error. The chances are about 19 out of 20 that the difference is less than twice the standard error and about 99 out of 100 that it is less than 2½ times the standard error. The amount by which the estimated standard error must be multiplied to obtain other odds deemed more appropriate can be found in most statistical textbooks. The sampling errors may be obtained by using the factors shown in table F in conjunction with table D for absolute numbers and in conjunction with table E for percentages. In addition to sampling errors, these tables reflect the effect of simple response variance, but not of bias arising in the collection, processing and estimation steps, nor of the correlated errors enumerators introduce; estimates of the magnitude of some of these factors in the total error are being evaluated and will be published at a later date.

Table D shows approximate standard errors of estimated numbers for most statistics based on the 20-percent sample. In determining the figures for this table, some aspects of the sample design, the estimation process, and the population of the area over which the data have been compiled are ignored. Table E shows standard errors of most percentages based on

the 20-percent sample. Linear interpolation in tables D and E will provide approximate results that are satisfactory for most purposes. Table F provides a factor by which the standard errors shown in tables D or E should be multiplied to adjust for the combined effect of the sample size (i.e., whether a 20-percent or 15-percent sample) the sample design and the estimation procedure,

To estimate the standard error for a given characteristic based on the 15-percent sample, or for a more precise estimate for the 20-percent sample, locate in table F the factor applying to the characteristic and sample size used to tabulate the data and multiply this factor by the standard error found in table D or E. If the estimate is not identified in table F, use the factor shown for "all other." Where data are shown as cross-classifications of two characteristics, locate and use the larger factor. Similarly, if an item collected on a 20-percent basis has been tabulated for the 15-percent sample, use the factor appropriate for the 15-percent sample.

The standard errors estimated from these tables are not directly applicable to differences between two sample estimates. In order to estimate the standard error of a difference, the tables are to be used somewhat differently in the three following situations:

1. For a difference between the sample figure and one based on a complete count (e.g., arising from comparisons between 1970 sample statistics and complete-count statistics for 1960 or 1950), the standard error is identical with the standard error of the 1970 estimate alone.

- 2. For a difference between two sample figures (that is, one from 1970 and the other from 1960, or both from the same census year), the standard error is approximately the square root of the sum of the squares of the standard errors of each estimate considered separately. This formula will represent the actual standard error quite accurately for the difference between estimates of the same characteristic in two different areas, or for the difference between separate and uncorrelated characteristics in the same area. If, however, there is a high positive correlation between the two characteristics, the formula will overestimate the true standard error. The approximate standard error for the 1970 sample figure is derived directly from tables D through F. The standard error of a 25-percent 1960 sample figure may be obtained from the relevant 1960 census report or an approximate value may be obtained by multiplying the appropriate value in table D or E by 0.9.
- 3. For a difference between two sample estimates, one of which represents a subclass of the other, the tables can be used directly, with the difference considered as the sample estimate.

The sampling variability of the medians presented in certain tables (median years of school completed, median rent, etc.) depends on the size of the base and on the distribution on which the median is based. An approximate method for measuring the reliability of an estimated median is to determine an interval about the estimated median such that there is a stated degree of confidence the true median lies

within the interval. As the first step in estimating the upper and lower limits of the interval (that is, the confidence limits) about the median, compute one-half the number on which the median is based (designated N/2). From table D, following the method outlined in other parts of this section, compute the standard error of an estimated number equal to N/2. Subtract this standard error from N/2. Cumulate the frequencies (in the table on which the median is based) until the total first exceeds the difference between N/2 and its standard error and by linear interpolation obtain a value corresponding to this number. In a corresponding manner, add the standard error to N/2, cumulate the frequencies in the table, and obtain a value in the table on which the median is based corresponding to the sum of N/2 and its standard error. The chances are about 2 out of 3 that the median would lie between these two values. The range for 19 chances out of 20 and for 99 in 100 can be computed in a similar manner by multiplying the standard error by the appropriate factors before subtracting from and adding to one-half the number reporting the characteristic. Interpolation to obtain the values corresponding to these numbers gives the confidence limits for the median.

The sampling variability of a mean, such as the number of children ever born per 1,000 women or mean income, presented in certain tables, depends on the variability of the distribution on which the mean is based, the size of the sample, the sample design, (for example, the use of house-

holds as the sampling unit), and the use of ratio estimates.

An approximation to the variability of the mean may be obtained compute the standard as follows: deviation of the distribution on which the mean is based; divide this figure by the square root of one-fifth of the total units in the distribution; multiply this quotient by the factor from table F appropriate to the statistic and the actual sample rate on which the mean is based. If the distribution is not published in the detailed tables, calculate the standard deviation from a comparable distribution for a larger area or for a similar population group; divide by the square root of one-fifth of the units on which the mean of interest is based; multiply the quotient by the factor from table F.

TABLE D. Approximate Standard Error of Estimated Number Based on 20-Percent Sample (Range of 2 chances out of 3)

Estimated number (persons or housing units)	Standard error	Estimated number (persons or housing units)	Standard error	
50	20 30	1,000		

TABLE E. Approximate Standard Error of Estimated Percentage Based on 20-Percent Sample (Range of 2 chances out of 3)

Estimated percentage	. Base of percentage (persons or housing units)					
Estimated percentage	500	1,000	2,500	5,000	10,000	15,000
2 or 98	1.3	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2
5 or 95	2.0	1.4	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.4
10 or 90	2.7	1.9	1.2	0.8	0.6	0.5
25 or 75	3.9	2.7	1.7	1.2	0.9	0.7
50	4.5	3.2	2.0	1.4	1.0	0.8

TABLE F. Factor to be Applied to Standard Errors

[Subjects marked with an asterisk were tabulated on a 100% basis for tables P-1, H-1, and H-3. Standard errors are not applicable to these tables]

Population subjects ¹	Sample rate (percent)	Factor	Housing subjects ¹	Sample rate (percent)	Factor
subjects	(percent)	ractor	subjects	(percent)	ractor
*Race	20	0.9	*Tenure	20	0.2
*Age	20	8.0	*Rooms	20	1.0
*Household relationship	20	0.5	*Persons per room	20	0.4
*Family composition	20	0.6	*Value	20	1.0
Country of origin (including		· ·	Units in structure	20	8.0
Spanish heritage subjects)	15	1.6	Year structure built	20	0.9
Nativity and parentage	15	1.7	Heating equipment	20	0.8
School enrollment	15	1.0	Basement	20	0.9
Years of school completed	20	1.0	Source of water	15	1.0
Residence in 1965	15	2.0	Sewage disposal	15	1.0
Employment status	20	0.8	Air conditioning	15	1,1
Place of work	15	1.3	Year moved into unit	15	1.1
Means of transportation			Gross rent	20	0.9
to work	15	1.3	All other—20 percent	20	1.0
Occupation	20	1.1	15 percent	15	1.2
Industry	20	1.1			
Class of worker	20	1.1			
Income—persons	20	1.0			,
—families	20	1.0			
Poverty status—persons	20	1.9			(
—families	20	1.0	1		
All other -20 percent	20	1.0	· ·		1
—15 percent	15	1,2			

¹Tabulations of data for persons of Spanish heritage are based on the 15-percent sample. For subjects shown in this table as based on the 20-percent sample, the factor for persons of Spanish heritage is obtained by multiplying the appropriate factor in this table by 1.2. For subjects shown as based on the 15-percent sample, the factor in this table can be used directly.

Appendix D.—PUBLICATION AND COMPUTER SUMMARY TAPE PROGRAM

The results of the 1970 Census of Population and Housing are being issued in the form of printed reports, microfiche copies of the printed reports, computer summary tapes, computer printouts, and microfilm. Listed below are short descriptions of the final report series and computer tapes, as currently planned. More detailed information on this program can be obtained by writing to the Publications Distribution Section, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

Population Census Reports

Volume 1.

CHARACTERISTICS OF THE POPULATION

This volume will consist of 58 "parts"—number 1 for the United States, numbers 2 through 52 for the 50 States and the District of Columbia in alphabetical order, and numbers 53 through 58 for Puerto Rico, Guam, Virgin Islands, American Samoa, Canal Zone, and Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, respectively. Each part, which will be a separate clothbound book, will contain four chapters designated as A, B, C, and D. Each chapter (for each of the 58 areas) will first be issued as an Individual paperbound report in four series designated as PC(1)-A, B, C, and D, respectively. The 58 PC(1)-A reports will be specially assembled and issued in a clothbound book, designated as Part A.

■ Series PC(1)-A. NUMBER OF INHABITANTS.

Final official population counts are presented for States, counties by urban and rural residence, standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's), urbanized areas, county subdivisions, all incorporated places, and unincorporated places of 1,000 inhabitants or more.

Series PC(1)-B. GENERAL POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS

Statistics on age, sex, race, marital status, and relationship to head of household are presented for States, counties by urban and rural residence, SMSA's, urbanized areas, county subdivisions, and places of 1.000 inhabitants or more.

Series PC(1)-C. GENERAL SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS

Statistics are presented on nativity and parentage, State or country of birth, Spanish origin, mother tongue, residence 5 years ago, year moved into present house, school enrollment (public or private), years of school completed, vocational training, number of children ever born, family composition, disability, veteran status, employment status, place of work, means of transportation to work, occupation group, industry group, class of worker, and income (by type) in 1969 of families and individuals. Each subject is shown for some or all of the following areas: States, counties (by urban, rural-nonfarm, and rural-farm residence), SMSA's, urbanized areas, and places of 2,500 inhabitants or more.

Series PC(1)-D. DETAILED CHARACTERISTICS

These reports will cover most of the subjects shown in Series PC(1)-C, above, presenting the data in considerable detail and cross-classified by age, race, and other characteristics. Each subject will be shown for some or all of the following areas: States (by urban, rural-nonfarm, and rural-farm residence), SMSA's, and large cities.

Volume II. SUBJECT REPORTS

Each report in this volume, also designated as Series PC(2), will concentrate on a particular subject. Detailed information and cross-relationships will generally be provided on a national and regional level; in some reports, data for States or SMSA's will also be shown. Among the characteristics to be covered are national origin and race, fertility, families, marital status, migration, education, unemployment, occupation, industry, and income.

Housing Census Reports

Volume I. HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS FOR STATES, CITIES, AND COUNTIES

This volume will consist of 58 "parts"—number 1 for the United States, numbers 2 through 52 for the 50 States and the District of Columbia in alphabetical order, and numbers 53 through 58 for Puerto Rico, Guam, Virgin Islands, American Samoa, Canal Zone, and Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, respectively. Each part, which will be a separate clothbound book, will contain two chapters designated as A and B. Each chapter (for each of the 58 areas) will first be issued as an individual paperbound report in two series designated as HC(1)-A and B, respectively.

Series HC(1)-A. GENERAL HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

Statistics on tenure, kitchen facilities, plumbing facilities, number of rooms, persons per room, units in structure, mobile home, telephone, value, contract rent, and vacancy status are presented for some or all of the following areas: States (by urban and rural residence), SMSA's, urbanized areas, places of 1,000 inhabitants or more, and counties.

Series HC(1)-B. DETAILED HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

Statistics are presented on a more detailed basis for the subjects included in the Series HC(1)-A reports, as well as on such additional subjects as year moved into unit, year structure built, basement, heating equipment, fuels, air conditioning, water and sewage, appliances, gross rent, and ownership of second home. Each subject is shown for some or all of the following areas: States (by urban, rural-nonfarm, and rural-farm residence), SMSA's, urbanized areas, places of 2,500 inhabitants or more, and counties (by rural and rural-farm residence).

Volume II. METROPOLITAN HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

These reports, also designated as Series HC(2), will cover most of the 1970 census housing subjects in considerable detail and cross-classification. There will be one report for each SMSA, presenting data for the SMSA and its central cities and places of 50,000 inhabitants or more, as well as a national summary report.

Volume III. BLOCK STATISTICS

One report, under the designation Series HC(3), is issued for each urbanized area showing data for individual blocks on selected housing and population subjects. The series also includes reports for the communities outside urbanized areas which have contracted with the Census Bureau to provide block statistics from the 1970 census.

Volume IV. COMPONENTS OF INVENTORY CHANGE

This volume will contain data on the disposition of the 1960 inventory and the source of the 1970 inventory, such as new construction, conversions, mergers, demolitions, and other additions and losses. Cross-tabulations of 1970 and 1960 characteristics for units that have not changed and characteristics of the present and previous residence of recent movers will also be provided. Statistics will be shown for 15 selected SMSA's and for the United States and regions.

Volume V. RESIDENTIAL FINANCE

This volume will present data regarding the financing of privately owned nonfarm residential properties. Statistics will be shown on amount of outstanding mortgage debt, manner of acquisition of property, homeowner expenses, and other owner, property, and mortgage characteristics for the United States and regions.

Volume VI. ESTIMATES OF "SUBSTANDARD" HOUSING

This volume will present counts of "substandard" housing units for counties and cities, based on the number of units lacking plumbing facilities combined with estimates of units with all plumbing facilities but in "dilapidated" condition.

Volume VII. SUBJECT REPORTS

Each report in this volume will concentrate on a particular subject. Detailed information and cross-classifications will generally be provided on a national and regional level; in some reports, data for States or SMSA's may also be shown. Among the subjects to be covered are housing charactristics by household composition, housing of minority groups and senior citizens, and households in mobile homes.

Joint Population-Housing Reports

Series PHC(1). CENSUS TRACT REPORTS

This series contains one report for each SMSA, showing data for most of the population and housing subjects included in the 1970 census.

Series PHC(2).

GENERAL DEMOGRAPHIC TRENDS FOR METROPOLITAN AREAS, 1960 to 1970

This series consists of one report for each State and the District of Columbia, as well as a national summary report, presenting statistics for the State and for SMSA's and their central cities and constituent counties. Comparative 1960 and 1970 data are shown on population counts by age and race and on such housing subjects as tenure, plumbing facilities, value, and contract rent.

Series PHC(3). EMPLOYMENT PROFILES OF SELECTED LOW-INCOME AREAS

This series will consist of approximately 70 reports, each presenting statistics on the social and economic characteristics of the residents of a particular low-income area. The data relate to low-income neighborhoods in 54 cities and seven rural poverty areas. Each report will provide statistics on employment and unemployment, education, vocational training, availability for work, job history, and income, as well as on value or rent and number of rooms in the housing unit.

Additional Reports

Series PHC(E).

EVALUATION REPORTS

This open series will present the results of the extensive evaluation program conducted as an integral part of the 1970 census program, and relating to such matters as completeness of enumeration and quality of the data on characteristics.

Series PHC(R). PROCEDURAL REPORTS

This open series presents information on various administrative and methodological aspects of the 1970 census, and will include a comprehensive procedural history of the 1970 census. The first report issued focuses on the forms and procedures used in the data collection phase of the census.

Computer Summary Tapes

The major portion of the results of the 1970 census will be produced in a set of six tabulation counts. To help meet the needs of census users, these counts are being designed to provide data with much greater subject and geographic detail than it is feasible or desirable to publish in printed reports. The data so tabulated will generally be available—subject to suppression of certain detail where necessary to protect confidentiality—on magnetic computer tape, printouts, and microfilm, at the cost of preparing the copy.

First Count—source of the PC(1)-A reports; contains about 400 cells of data on the subjects covered in the PC(1)-B and HC(1)-A reports and tabulated for each of the approximately 250,000 enumeration districts in the United States.

Second Count—source of the PC(1)-B, HC(1)-A, and part of the PHC(1) reports; contains about 3,500 cells of data covering the subjects in these reports and tabulated for the approximately 35,000 tracts and 35,000 county subdivisions in the United States.

Third Count—source of the HC(3) reports; contains about 250 cells of data on the subjects covered in the PC(1)-B and HC(1)-A reports and tabulated for approximately 1,500,000 blocks in the United States.

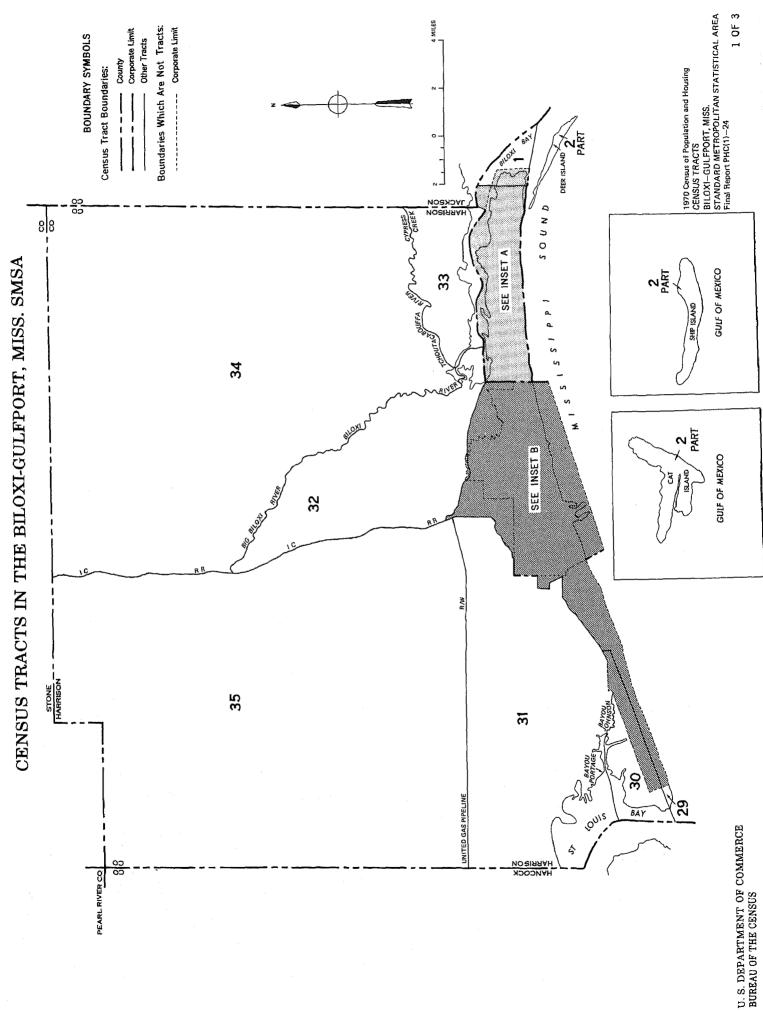
Fourth Count—source of the PC(1)-C, HC (1)-B, and part of the PHC(1) reports; contains about 13,000 cells of data covering the subjects in these reports and tabulated for the approximately 35,000 tracts and 35,000 county subdivisions in the United States; also contains about 30,000 cells of data for each county.

Fifth Count—will contain approximately 800 cells of population and housing data for 5-digit ZIP code areas in SMSA's and 3-digit ZIP code areas outside SMSA's; the ZIP code data will be available only on tape.

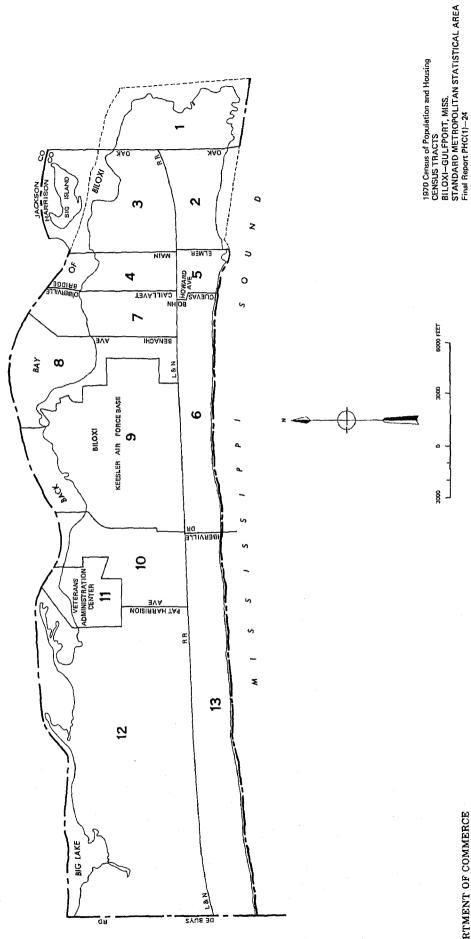
Sixth Count—source of the PC(1)-D and HC(2) reports; will contain about 260,000 cells of data covering the subjects in these reports and tabulated for States, SMSA's, and large cities.

The tapes will generally be organized on a State basis. To use the First Count and Third Count tapes, it will be necessary to purchase the appropriate enumeration district and block maps.

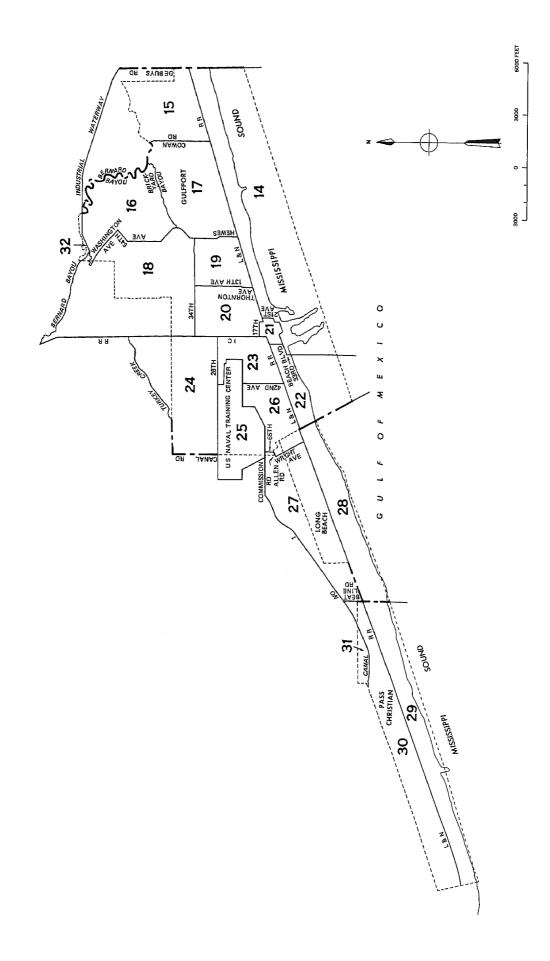
The term "cells" used herein to indicate the scope of subject content of the several counts refers to each figure or statistic in the tabulation for a specific geo-graphic area. For example, in the Third Count, there are six cells for a crossclassification of race by sex: three categories of race (white, Negro, other race) by two categories of sex (male, female). In addition to the above-mentioned summary tapes, the Census Bureau will make available for purchase certain sample tape files containing population and houstape files containing population and industing characteristics as shown on individual census records. These files will contain no names or addresses, and the geographic identification will be sufficiently broad to protect confidentiality. There will be six files, each containing a 1-percent national sample of persons and housing units. Three of the files will be drawn from the population covered by the census 15-percent sample and three from the population in the census 5-percent sample. Each of these three files will provide a different type of geographic information: One will identify individual information: One will identify individual large SMSA's and, for the rest of the country, groups of counties; the second will identify individual States and, where they are sufficiently large, will provide urban-rural and metropolitan-nonmetro-politan detail; and the third will identify State groups and size of place, with each individual record showing selected characteristics of the person's neighborhood.



CENSUS TRACTS IN THE BILOXI-GULFPORT, MISS. SMSA INSET A - BILOXI AND VICINITY



CENSUS TRACTS IN THE BILOXI-GULFPORT, MISS. SMSA INSET B - GULFPORT AND VICINITY



1970 Census of Population and Housing CENSUS TRACTS BILOXI-GULFPORT, MISS. STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA Final Report PHC(1)—24