Table 54. Residential Mobility of Family Heads and Unrelated Individuals: All Races

						Not born in	this city						
	ĺ					Born in Unite	d States			Lived in	this city		
Age and Sex		Total,	Not			Medium city,		Born in	South				
Educational Attainment		not	Not born in		Large	small	Farm or	City,	Farm or	Fuogra	Mara than	Porn in	No.
	Total	born in this city	United States	Total	city or suburb	city, or town	tural area	suburb, or town	rural area	5 years or less	More than 5 years	Born in this city	Not available
AGE AND SEX OF FAMILY HEADS													
Total heads, 16 years and over	21 312	12 555	715	11 840	1 724	7 421	2 695	5 718	2 139	2 478	18 834	8 318	439
Male heads, total	16 098	9 488	566	8 922	1 276	5 656	1 990	4 217	1 537	1 945	14 153	6 282	329
16 to 21 years, total	509	206	-	206	19	170	17	116	17	146 99	364 284	295 204	2
22 to 34 years, total	383 3 640	179 1 902	94	179 1 808 436	19 279 76	143 1 232 317	17 297 44	107 947 247	218 22	867 226	2 773 659	1 672 439	66
25 to 34 years	885 2 828	436 1 498	57	1 441	224 243	965 1 131	251 315	740 902	210 266	622 369	2 206 2 603	1 282 1 213	48 60
45 to 64 years	2 972 3 204	1 699 1 906	10 51 99	1 689 1 856 1 723	282 208	1 200	374 442	972 707	331 332	260 148	2 944 2 737	1 192	106
65 years and over	2 885 2 887	1 822 1 953	313	1 640	245	851	543	573	373	155	2 732	891	44
40 to 64 years	7 815	4 736	150	4 58 6	638	2 944	1 004	2 145	820	553	7 261	2 899	180
Female heads, total	5 214	3 067	149	2 919	449	1 765	705	1 501	602	533	4 681	2 036	110
16 to 21 years, total	379 325	100 91	- 1	100 91	18 18	63 54	19	63 54	19	63 63	315 262 1 340	279 234 705	=
22 to 34 years, total	1 568 1 284	862 729	10	853 719	122 77	561 490	170 152	483 403	132 123	227 139 133	1 145 1 145 930	555 401	22
35 to 44 years	1 063 946	640 643	10 21	630 622	76 132	369 392	184 97	363 296 177	184 97 88	133 54 44	892 592	261 207	43 22
65 years and over	636 622	406 416	33 75	373 342	65 36	188 192	121 114	119	83	11	611	183	23
40 to 64 years	2 078	1 363	64	1 299	218	755	326	617	293	193	1 884	638	76
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT OF FAMILY HEADS ¹									1	l			
Male heads, total	12 936	7 425	244	7 181	1 031	4 704	1 446	3 589	1 164	1 697	11 238	5 244	267
Elementary: 7 years or less	1 839	1 503 1 355	92 30	1 411 1 325	145 150	857 892	410 283	846 665	399 238	193 234	1 646 1 754	305 573	30 60
High school: 1 to 3 years	4 394 3 683	2 379	33 42	2 346 1 587	392 276	1 528 1 057	427 253	1 140 719	315 149	575 494	3 819 3 189	1 896 2 005	118 50
College: 1 year or more	1 032	558	46	512	69	370	73	219	64	202	830	464	10
Female heads, total	4 401	2 592	74	2 518	384	1 543	591	1 332	520	495	3 905	1 721	88
Elementary: 7 years or less	540 493	414 335	32	382 335	33 33	264 194	85 108	245 154	85 97	31 93	509 400	114 125	33
High school: 1 to 3 years	1 839	1 019	10 31	1 009	161 126	643 344	205 160	594 292	184 120	258 90	1 581 1 177	798 595	22 11
College: 1 year or more	261	162	-	162	31	98	34	48	34	23	237	88	11
AGE AND SEX OF UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS													
Male, total	4 871	2 992	234	2 757	535	1 698	525	1 195	379	954	3 917	1 782	98
16 to 24 years 26 to 64 years 65 years and over	3 140 1 301	188 1 935 869	9 66 160	180 1 869 708	45 394 97	135 1 189 373	286 238	91 919 185	225 154	161 723 70	269 2 417 1 231	233 1 140 409	65 23
Female, total	6 170	3 983	223	3 760	696	2 220	845	1 200	494	943	5 227	1 965	222
16 to 24 years	699	412	-	412	72	322	18	90	9	348	350 2 311	278 877	9 146
65 years and over	2 663 2 809	1 639 1 932	53 171	1 587 1 762	307 317	964 934	316 511		262 224	351 244	2 565	810	67
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT OF UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS													
Male, total	3 341	2 013	74	1 939	402	1 250	286	948	225	818	2 523	1 253	74
Elementary: 7 years or less	620 537	556 308	28	528 308	99 41	318 184	110 83		98 71	158 158	462 380	65 213	16
High school: 1 to 3 years	700 948	471	75	391 462	170 88	274 324	29 28	193	29 28	185 227	515 721	263 465	
- '	535	276	25	250	64	150	36	85	-	89	446	247	12
Female, total	2 983	1 781	31	1 749	352	1 072	325		271	446	2 536	1 047	
Elementary: 7 years or less	497 570		11	365 281	57 33	176 175	133 73	153	122 73	55 39	442 531	120 245	34
College: 1 year or more	797 831	438	-	491 438	77 132	350 262	63 44	178	32 44	120 128	703	359	34
Heads 16 to 64 years not in school	288	195	20	175	53	110	12	68		105	183	71	22

Heads 16 to 64 years, not in school.

Table 54a. Residential Mobility of Family Heads and Unrelated Individuals: White

i						Not born in	this city	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
	ľ					Born in Unite	d States		T	Lived in	this city		
Age and Sex Educational Attainment		Total.	Not			Medium city,		Born in	South				
Educational Attainment	Total	not born in this city	born in United States	Total	Large city or suburb	small city, or town	Farm or rural area	City, suburb, or town	Farm or rural area	5 years or less	More than 5 years	Born in this city	Not available
AGE AND SEX OF FAMILY HEADS					- w - w - w - w - w - w - w - w - w - w								
Total heads, 16 years and over	12 075	5 648	615	5 032	735	3 384	913	1 475	423	1 412	10 663	6 166	262
Maie heads, total	10 016	4 718	467	4 251	623	2 921	706	1 351	319	1 215	8 801	5 069	229
16 to 21 years, total 16 to 21 years, not in school 22 to 34 years, total 22 to 34 years, veteran of Vietnam 25 to 34 years	294 223 2 262 584 1 774 1 668	108 99 1 003 264 789 747	35 26	108 99 968 264 762	10 10 179 58 162	89 80 673 175 522	9 9 115 32 79	36 36 373 119 301	9 79 79 22 70	81 63 535 133 391	213 160 1 727 451 1 383	177 124 1 213 319 948	9 - 46 - 37
35 to 44 years -45 to 54 years 55 to 64 years 65 years and over	1 903 1 944 1 945	876 924 1 059	10 30 89 303	738 846 836 756	109 149 89 87	519 591 569 480	109 106 178 190	245 369 210 118	60 63 78 31	216 177 121 85	1 452 1 727 1 822 1 859	872 966 986 854	49 61 33 31
40 to 64 years	4 818	2 246	119	2 127	308	1 474	345	698	171	367	4 451	2 448	124
Female heads, total	2 059	930	149	782	112	463	207	123	104	197	1 862	1 097	33
16 to 21 years, total 16 to 21 years, not in school 22 to 34 years, 101 35 to 44 years 45 to 54 years 45 to 64 years 55 to 64 years 56 years and over	72 63 516 419 305 411 351 405	27 27 182 155 138 195 165 223	10 10 10 21 33 75	27 27 172 146 127 174 132 149	18 10 10 19 54	9 9 114 97 69 98 66 107	- 48 39 39 22 56 42	9 19 19 40 11 33	10 10 39 22 22	18 75 49 60 22 11	54 45 441 370 245 389 340 394	45 36 334 263 167 205 175 171	- - - - 11 11
40 to 64 years	930	459	64	394	74	214	106	75	73	83	847	450	22
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT OF FAMILY HEADS!			:										
Male heads, total	7 945	3 622	164	3 458	537	2 404	517	1 215	288	1 094	6 851	4 143	180
Elementary: 7 years or less	773 1 409 2 797	483 823	51 22	432 801	31 75	308 588	93 138	264 354	82 104	81 181	692 1 227	260 537	30 49
High school: 1 to 3 years	2 343 623	1 245 770 301	23 31 36	1 222 738 264	195 168 69	842 479 187	186 91 9	361 165 70	83 19	412 289 131	2 386 2 054 491	1 480 1 555 312	73 18 10
Female heads, total	1 609	697	74	623	112	347	164	113	93	177	1 433	891	22
Elementary: 7 years or less 8 years 8 years 1 to 3 years 4 years 1 to 3 years 1 to 3 years 1 years 1 years 1 years 1 year or more 1 year or more 1 year or more 1 years 1 y	211 216 539 551 92	116 114 175 242 50	32 10 31	83 114 165 211 50	20 81 11	53 72 113 70 39	30 42 32 60	32 21 31 29	30 31 11 21	19 50 60 39 9	191 166 479 512 84	95 91 364 308 32	11
AGE AND SEX OF UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS													
Male, total	2 919	1 510	184	1 327	315	761	251	284	105	538	2 381	1 351	58
16 to 24 years 25 to 64 years 65 years and over	286 1 645 989	116 792 603	24 151	107 768 452	45 195 76	62 463 235	109 141	18 219 47	49 57	116 366 57	170 1 279 932	170 804 376	49
Female, total	4 338	2 519	192	2 327	420	1 496	411	389	94	675	3 663	1 745	74
16 to 24 years 25 to 64 years 65 years and over	553 1 536 2 249	339 773 1 407	21 171	339 752 1 236	45 194 181	276 495 725	18 63 330	36 225 128	9 32 53	312 213 149	241 1 322 2 099	205 730 810	9 33 32
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT OF UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS													
Male, total	1 769 231	829 182	33	796 182	204 24	483 122	109 36	207 61	49 24	424 61	1 344	891 49	49
Elementary: 7 years or less 8 years 8 years 1 to 3 years 4 years 4 years 1 to 3 years 1 year or more 1 year	347 335 523 333	134 131 210 172	12 9 12	134 119 201 160	24 49 97	85 70 91 115	24 - 12 36	37 37 48 24	12	61 70 170 63	286 265 353 270	213 180 301 148	24 12 12
Female, total	1 759	872	21	851	221	558	72	252	41	303	1 456	845	42
Elementary: 7 years or less 8 years 1 to 3 years 4 years 1 year or more 1 year or more 1	238 330 468 537 186	130 119 271 247 105	11 - - 10	130 108 271 247 95	22 33 55 91 20	98 64 175 145 75	10 11 40 11	65 53 48 75 11	10 11 9 11	21 97 90 95	217 330 371 447 92	108 211 188 278 60	- 9 11 22

¹Heads 16 to 64 years, not in school.

Table 54b. Residential Mobility of Family Heads and Unrelated Individuals: Negro

	T T	,,,,,, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				Not born in	this city						
	Ì					Born in Unite	d States			Lived in	this city		
Age and Sex						Medium		Born in	South				
Educational Attainment	Total	Total, not born in this city	Not born in United States	Total	Large city or suburb	city, smali city, or town	Farm or nural area	City, suburb, or lown	Farm or rural area	5 years or less	More than 5 years	Born in this city	Not available
AGE AND SEX OF FAMILY HEADS													
Total heads, 16 years and over	8 886	6 596	30	6 566	438	3 875	1 753	4 060	1 707	979	7 907	2 113	178
Male heads, total	5 771	4 478	30	4 449	601	2 593	1 254	2 693	1 208	643	5 129	1 193	100
16 to 21 years, total 16 to 21 years, not in school 22 to 34 years, total 22 to 34 years, total 25 to 34 years, veteran of Vietnem 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 54 years 55 to 64 years 55 to 84 years 65 years and over	188 142 1 267 292 988 1 244 1 240 899 933	71 62 797 162 643 891 980 855 884	30	71 62 767 162 632 891 980 855 884	9 91 17 63 123 123 96 159	53 45 513 133 407 562 589 504 372	9 163 12 163 206 268 255 354	53 519 119 402 617 573 475	9 140 140 206 268 244 341	47 27 303 94 211 123 74 27	142 115 965 198 777 1 121 1 166 872 863	118 80 450 120 334 341 216 32	20 9 11 11 44 11
40 to 64 γears	2 861	2 366	-	2 366	287	1 429	650	1 383	639	156	2 705	440	56
Famale heads, total	3 115	2 117	- {	2 117	337	1 282	499	1 367	499	336	2 778	920	78
16 to 21 years, total . 16 to 21 years, not in school	307 262 1 032 845 749 535 285 207	72 671 5642 504 504 241 182		72 64 671 564 502 448 241 182	112 68 56 78 54 36	54 45 437 383 300 294 122 74 541	19 19 122 113 146 76 65 72	54 45 464 383 323 285 143 98	19 19 122 113 146 76 65 72	45 45 152 90 74 32 33	262 217 880 756 675 503 252 207	234 198 261 282 224 56 32 13	22 32 11 12
		I	ĺ								ĺ		
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT OF FAMILY HEADS ^I													
Male heads, total	4 708	3 540	20	3 519	443	2 176	900	2 211	867	535	4 173	1 081	87
Elementary: 7 years or less	985 513	939 467	20	919 467	93 55	519 267	307 145	531 254	307 134	102 33	883 480	46 36	11
High school: 1 to 3 years	1 541 1 291 378	1 088 810 237	7	1 086 810 237	197 97	659 560 172	232 152 64	751 535 139	232 129 64	144 195 60	1 397 1 096 318	408 450 141	45 31 -
Female heads, total	2 762	1 886	-	1 886	272	1 187	427	1 220	427	319	2 443	910	66
Elementary: 7 years or less	310 277	289 221	:	289 221	33 33	201 122	55 66	213 133	55 66	11 44	298 234	9 34	11 22
High school: 1 to 3 years	1 290 716 168	844 419 112	111	844 419 112	140 45 20	531 274 58	173 100 34	563 263 48	173 100 34	198 51 15	1 092 665 154	424 287 56	11
AGE AND SEX OF UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS													}
Male, total	1 899	1 460	29	1 431	219	937	274	911	274	416	1 463	400	39
16 to 24 years 25 to 64 years 65 years and over	145 1 470 284	73 1 131 256	29	73 1 102 256	198 21	73 726 138	177 97	73 701 138	177 97	45 357 14	1 113 270	63 323 14	9 16 14
Female, total	1 770	1 413	12	1 401	276	702	423	800	400	227	1 543	220	137
16 to 24 years 25 to 64 years 65 years and over	145 1 086 539	73 825 515	12	73 814 515	27 113 135	46 448 209	252 170	55 438 307	230 170	36 118 73	109 968 466	73 148	113 25
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT OF UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS	:						,						
Male, total	1 547	1 172	29	1 143	198	768	177	742	177	393	1 154	350	25
Elementary: 7 years or less 8 years High school: 1 to 3 years 4 years College: 1 year or more	377 190 365 425 190	361 174 272 261 104	16 - 13	345 174 272 261 90	75 16 39 13 55	197 99 204 232 35	74 58 29 16	244 99 192 145 61	74 58 29 16	97 97 116 57 26	104 308 340 380	16 84 164 87	16
Female, total	1 192	877		877	131	494	252	483	230	133	1 059	202	113
Elementary: 7 years or less , B years	247 240 319 294 91	225 172 210 191 80	- -	225 172 210 191 80	35 22 41 33	67 111 164 117 35	123 62 23 33 12	79 100 144 104 57	111 62 23 33	39 23 38	214 201 296 256 91	12 54 64 12	11 34 85 23

Heads 16 to 64 years, not in school.

Appendix A—DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS OF SUBJECT CHARACTERISTICS

POPULATION COVERAGE	App-1
HOUSEHOLD AND FAMILY CHARACTERISTICS	App-1
PERSONAL CHARAC- TERISTICS	Арр-2
LABOR FORCE CHARACTERISTICS	Арр-3
INCOME, SOURCES OF	Ann-5

POPULATION COVERAGE

This report covers the civilian noninstitutional population of the low-income area described by the maps and the list of tracts. Unlike the 1970 census, the Census Employment Survey (CES) excluded Armed Forces members and inmates of institutions. Another important difference is the treatment of college students. The CES considered unmarried students as members of their parents' household even though they may have been living away from home when the survey was taken. The 1970 census counted students as members of the household or dormitory in which they actually resided at the time of the census.

Although Armed Forces members were not interviewed their incomes were included in the computation of total family income if they were living off post with their families. If an Armed Forces member was not living with his family, only the allotment income actually received by his family was counted.

HOUSEHOLD AND FAMILY CHARACTERISTICS

Household.—A household consists of all the persons who occupy a housing unit. A house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room is regarded as a housing unit when it is occupied or intended for occupancy as separate living quarters; that is, when the occupants do not live and eat with any

other persons in the structure and there is either (1) direct access from the outside or through a common hall or (2) a kitchen or complete cooking facilities for the exclusive use of the occupants.

A household includes the related family members and all the unrelated persons, if any, such as lodgers, foster children, wards, or employees who share the housing unit. A person living alone in a housing unit or a group of unrelated persons sharing a housing unit as partners is also counted as a household.

Group quarters.—Group quarters are living arrangements for institutional inmates, regardless of the number of inmates, or for other groups containing five or more persons unrelated to the person in charge. For this report, institutional inmates were not enumerated though staff personnel of institutions and other persons living in group quarters, such as residents of a rooming house, were included.

Head of household or family.—One person in each household or family is designated as the "head." The head is usually the person regarded as the head by the members of the group. Married women are not classified as heads if their husbands are living with them at the time of the survey. The number of household heads does not equal the number of family heads, because more than one family may share a household.

Family.—The term "family," as used in this report, refers to a group of two or more persons related by blood, marriage, or adoption and residing together; all such persons are considered as members of the same family. Thus, if the son of the head of the household and the son's wife are in the household, they are treated as part of the head's family. On the other hand, a lodger and his wife not related to the head of the household or an unrelated

servant and his wife are considered as a separate family, and not a part of the household head's family.

Primary family.—A primary family refers to the head of a household and all other persons in the household related to the head by blood, marriage, or adoption. In the case of the primary family, the household head and the family head are the same person.

Secondary family.—A family that does not include among its members the head of a household is known as a secondary family. Members of secondary families may include persons such as guests, lodgers, or resident employees and their relatives living in a household.

Unrelated individual.-The term "unrelated individuals," as used in this report, refers to persons 16 years old and over (other than inmates of institutions) who are not living with any relatives. An unrelated individual may constitute a one-person household by himself, or he may be part of a household including one or more other families or unrelated individuals, or he may reside in group quarters such as a rooming house. Thus, a widow living by herself or with one or more other persons not related to her, a lodger not related to the head of the household or to anyone else in the household, a servant living in an employer's household with no relatives, and a resident staff member in a hospital living apart from any relatives are all examples of unrelated individuals.

Primary individual.—If the household head does not have any relatives in his household, then the head himself constitutes a primary individual. A household contains either a primary family or a primary individual. The number of primary families and individuals is identical with the number of households.

Secondary individual.—A secondary individual is a person, such as a lodger, guest, or resident employee who is not related to any other person in the household or group quarters.

Family status.-All household members may be divided into families and unrelated individuals. Family members are classified according to their relationship to the family head. The family head is the person who is regarded as the head by the members of the family. Wife of head is a woman married to and living with a family head. This category includes women in common law marriages as well as women in formal marriages. Other relative of head includes children and all other relatives of the head. Unrelated individuals are all persons not related to any other person in the household.

Size of family.—The term "size of family" refers to the number of persons who are living together and are related to each other by blood, marriage, or adoption.

PERSONAL CHARACTERISTICS

Age.—The age classification is based on the age of the person at the time that the household was enumerated. The overlap of age breaks in the tables is provided to reflect the restrictions on age imposed by some Federal training programs.

Race.—The population is divided into three groups on the basis of race: White, Negro, and "other races." The last category includes Indians, Japanese, Chinese, and any other race except white and Negro. Household members were classified into racial groups by the enumerator's observation.

If the race entry was missing for a household member, an entry was assigned according to the race of the other household members using specific rules of precedence of relationship. If there is no entry for any household member, the race is allocated by special procedures.

The Spanish origin classification is derived from information about the place of birth of the person, or the place of birth of his parents, or the language spoken in his home when he was a child.

If a person's place of birth or the place of birth of either of his parents was Puerto Rico, Mexico, Cuba, or another Latin American country, he is classified as of Spanish origin. Persons who report that Spanish was the language spoken most often in their home when they were children are also classified as of Spanish origin even though they and both of their parents were born in the United States.

In cases where parents are of different Spanish origin, "Puerto Rican" has precedence over "Spanish, Non-Puerto Rican." In other words, if the parents were born in Mexico and Puerto Rico, the person is considered Puerto Rican for the purposes of the tabulations presented in this report.

This definition differs from that used in the 1970 census inasmuch as each person marked the census item himself while the CES definition was based on the person's place of birth, or place of birth of father or mother, or Spanish spoken in the home.

Marital status.—This classification refers to the marital status at the time of enumeration. There are five categories: Married—civilian spouse present refers to a household member whose wife or husband is listed as a civilian household member. Married—Armed Forces spouse present refers to a household member whose spouse lives at home and is a member of the Armed Forces. Since only civilians are interviewed, the data on spouses in the Armed Forces is limited to the reporting of their income information. On

tables referring to characteristics of the head, such as work experience in the past year, these families are omitted from the tables. This occurs in tables 7, 9, and 44 to 54. These types of families were treated as "Families with male heads" in the tables 40 to 43. Married-spouse absent refers to a household member whose spouse is not presently a member of the household. Widowed or divorced refers to a household member whose spouse is not a member due to divorce or death. Never married refers to a household member that has never married or whose only marriage has been annulled.

Veteran status.—This question is restricted to males who have been on active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces. This includes men who have been in the U.S. Army, U.S. Navy, U.S. Air Force, U.S. Marine Corps, U.S. Coast Guard, on active duty status for several months in the reserve branch of any of the above organizations, commissioned officers of the U.S. Public Health Service who have been attached to any branch of the armed services, and the National Guard in Federal service.

Veterans are classified by their most recent period of service. Serving during a major conflict such as World War I, World War II, Korean War, or the Vietnam War takes priority over peacetime service.

Years of school completed.—Data on years of school completed in this report were derived from the combination of answers to questions concerning the highest grade of school attended by the person and whether or not that grade was finished. The questions on educational attainment apply only to progress in "regular" schools. Such schools include graded public, private, and parochial elementary and high schools (both junior and senior high), colleges, universities, and profes-

sional schools, whether day schools or night schools. Thus, regular schooling is that which may advance a person toward an elementary school certificate or a high school diploma, or a college, university, or professional school degree. Schooling in other than regular schools was counted only if the credits obtained were regarded as transferable to a school in the regular school system.

The median years of school completed is defined as the value which divides the distribution into two equal groups, one having completed more schooling and one having completed less schooling than the median. These medians are expressed in terms of a continuous series of numbers representing years of school completed. For example, a median of 9.0 represents the completion of the first year of high school and a median of 13.0 means completion of the first year of college. Unlike the census, the median in this report excludes persons in the category "No school completed."

School enrollment.—A person is classified as being enrolled in school if he is currently in school or he expects to return to school within 3 months.

Job training.—The questions on job training refer to the types of training programs taken in schools, in the armed services, and in apprentice programs. These programs may be of a business or vocational nature. Information is received on completion of programs taken and whether the training was subsequently used on any job. Questions about apprentice programs and armed services training programs are restricted to males.

Place of birth.—The State or country of respondent's birthplace is given as well as the size of the place of birth. A distinction has been drawn on certain tables between places in the South and places outside the South. Those States

considered in the South are as follows: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, and West Virginia. Place of birth was also obtained for the parents of the respondents. Birthplaces of parents may determine Spanish origin.

Residential migration,—Migration patterns are determined from a battery of questions concerned with length of residence in the city and the place of residence at specific ages in the respondent's life. Length of residence in this city refers to the latest period of continuous residence and includes those persons who have never moved. Vacations and other temporary visits are not considered a break in continuity. In determining place of residence other than in this city, the State or country was obtained in addition to the size of the place. The specific age periods are birth, 5 years prior to enumeration, and at 16 years old.

There are six categories for size of place ranging from a large city of over 250,000 inhabitants to a farm.

A distinction is drawn on some of the tables between places in the South and places outside the South. For the list of places in the South, see "Place of birth."

LABOR FORCE CHARACTERISTICS

Labor force and employment status.— The definitions of labor force and employment status in this report relate to civilian persons 16 years and over. The reference period for establishing labor force status is the week preceding enumeration.

Labor force.—Persons are classified as in the labor force if they are currently employed, waiting to begin a new job, or actively seeking employment.

Employed persons comprise (1) all those who did any work at all as paid

employees, or in their own business, profession, or farm, or who worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers in an enterprise operated by a member of the family, and (2) all those who were not working but who had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent because of illness, bad weather, vacation, labor-management dispute, or personal reasons, whether or not they were paid by their employers for the time off, and whether or not they were seeking other jobs.

Each employed person is counted only once. Those who held more than one job are counted in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the survey week.

Excluded from the employed group are persons whose only activity consisted of work around the house (such as own home housework, painting or repairing own homes, etc.) or volunteer work for religious, charitable, or similar organizations.

Unemployed persons comprise all persons who did not work during the survey week, who made specific efforts to find a job within the last 4 weeks, and who were available for work during the survey week (except for temporary illness). Also included as unemployed are those who did not work at all, were available for work, and (a) were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off, or (b) were waiting to report to a new wage or salary job within 30 days.

Unemployment rate.—The unemployment rate represents the number unemployed as a percent of the civilian labor force. This measure can also be computed for groups within the labor force classified by sex, age, marital status, race, etc.

Not in labor force.—This category includes persons who are not classified as employed or unemployed. These persons are further classified as

"engaged in own home housework,"
"in school," "unable to work" because of long-term physical or mental illness, and "other." The "other" group includes for the most part retired persons, those reported as too old to work, the voluntarily idle, and seasonal workers for whom the survey week fell in an "off" season and who were not reported as unemployed. Persons doing only incidental unpaid family work (less than 15 hours) are also classified as not in the labor force.

Full-time employed.—Persons who worked 35 hours or more last week are designated as working full time.

Part-time employed.—Persons who worked between 1 and 34 hours last week are designated as working parttime. Part-time workers are further classified by their usual status at their present job (either full-time or parttime) and by their reason for working part-time through the survey week (economic or other reasons). Economic reasons include: Slack work. material shortages, repairs to plant or equipment, start or termination of job during the week, and inability to find full-time work. Other reasons include: Labor dispute, bad weather, own illness, vacation, demands of own housework, school, no desire for full-time work, and full-time worker only during peak season.

Employed on full-time schedules.—Persons are classified on full-time schedules if they fall into one of three categories: (1) They worked 35 hours or more last week, (2) if they worked less than 35 hours last week for noneconomic reasons (holiday, labor dispute, bad weather, own illness, on vacation, too busy with housework, school, personal business, etc., did not want full-time work, full-time work week under 35 hours, and other reasons), and they usually work 35 hours or more, (3) they have a job but were

not at work, yet were employed on a full-time basis.

Full- and part-time labor force.—The full-time labor force consists of persons working on full-time schedules, persons involuntarily working part-time (because full-time work is not available), and unemployed persons seeking full-time jobs. The part-time labor force consists of persons working part-time voluntarily and unemployed persons seeking part-time work. Persons with a job but not at work are classfied according to whether they usually work full-time or part-time.

Part-time and full-time jobs.—Persons are classified as having worked at full-time jobs if they worked 35 hours or more per week in a majority of the weeks worked during the year. They are classified as having worked at part-time jobs if they worked 1 to 34 hours per week in a majority of the weeks worked during the year.

Work experience.—Persons with work experience are those who worked as civilians at any time during the year at full-time or part-time jobs.

Year-round full-time workers.—Persons who worked primarily at full-time civilian jobs 50 weeks or more in the last 12 months are classified as year-round full-time workers.

Part-year workers.—Persons who worked either full-time or part-time for 1 to 49 weeks in the last 12 months are classified as part-year workers.

Main reason for part-year work.—Part-year workers are classified by the major reason for part-year work on the basis of what they were doing most of the weeks in which they did not work. Their reasons are reported as unemployment or layoff from a job, illness or disability (not including paid sick leave), taking care of home, going to school, retirement, in the Armed

Forces, and other reasons. The "taking care of family or home" category was restricted to women.

Nonworkers.—Nonworkers are persons who did not work during the last 12 months. They are asked whether they looked for work during the year and, if they looked, for how many weeks. Nonworkers are classified according to the main reason for not working. Their reasons are reported as illness or disability, taking care of home, going to school, inability to find work, retired, in the Armed Forces, and other reasons.

Stretch of unemployment.—A stretch of unemployment is a continuous period of unemployment of at least 1 week's duration. A stretch is terminated by employment or withdrawal from the labor force.

Extent of unemployment.—The number of weeks accumulated in all stretches of unemployment represents the total number of weeks of unemployment during the last 12 months.

Longest job.-The occupation and industry information is collected for the longest job in the last 12 months and the longest job since leaving school. They are collected in the same manner as for the current job. A person's longest job during the last 12 months is the one at which he worked the greatest number of weeks. For most wage and salary workers, a job is defined as all the time worked for the same employer. The only exception is work for private families (domestic service, babysitting, odd jobs and the like) which is counted as a single job regardless of number of employers. Self-employment and unpaid work in family-operated enterprises are also designated as jobs for purposes of this survey. A person's longest job since leaving school is the one at which he worked the greatest number of months or years.

Occupation and industry.-The categories for industry and occupation are based on the same classification system used in the 1970 decennial census. Occupation and industry information is obtained in several items. One item refers to the current job, that is, the job held last week. If two jobs were held then the job reported was the one at which the person worked the greater number of hours. For an unemployed person, the job reported refers to the last job held. For a person who is not currently in the labor force, the last job held within the last 5 years is reported. Industry and occupation is also reported for the person's longest job in the last 12 months, the person's first regular job since leaving school, and the person's longest job since leaving school.

Usual place of employment.—Employed persons were classified as going to the same address each day or a different address each day. Those going to the same address were subdivided according to the location of their job into the following categories—low-income area (which is the area surveyed), the remainder of the city, and outside the city limits.

Tenure on job.—This category refers to the length of time a person has worked on a job without a break in service. Tenure is obtained for the current job, the first job since leaving school, and the longest job since leaving school.

Job-seeking methods.—A respondent was asked which methods he used to look for work in the last 12 months. The methods asked about were: Checked with State Employment Service, applied directly to employer, asked friends or relatives, checked newspapers, registered with a union, checked with a private employment agency, checked with a community organization, went to special streets or places to be picked up, or other ways. The

respondent also indicated the most frequent method used, and the method that got the respondent his last job.

Method of transportation.—Employed persons were asked for the methods of transportation they usually use to get to work. All methods that the respondent mentioned were recorded with the result that the total shown in these tables may be less than the sum of the various parts. Some of the methods may not be applicable for a specific area which may account for blank data cells.

INCOME, SOURCES OF INCOME, AND DEBT

Income.—Each person was asked the amount of money income received in the preceding 12 months from such sources as follows: Money wages or salary, net self-employment income from farm, or nonfarm business, social security, dividends, interest, unemployment and workmen's compensation, public assistance payments, and other periodic income. The amounts received represent income before deductions for taxes, union dues, etc.

Family income.—Family income is the composite of the amounts received by all income recipients in the family from the sources listed in "Income."

Median income.—Median income is the amount which divides the distribution into two equal groups, one having incomes above the median and the other having incomes below the median. The medians for families and individuals are based on all families and individuals.

Wages or salary.—This is total money earnings received for work performed as an employee during the last 12 months. The amount reported covers an employee's gross wages, salary, tips, and commission before deductions for

taxes, bonds, pensions, union dues, etc. Receipts not included as income are income in kind such as room and board

Self-employment income.—This is net money income (gross receipts minus expenses) from one's own business, professional enterprise, or partnership.

Farm self-employment income.—This is net money income from the operation of a farm by a person on his own account, as an owner, a renter, or sharecropper. The value of fuel, food, or other farm products used for family living is not included as part of net income.

Workmen's compensation.—This category refers to payments received from public or private insurance companies for injuries incurred while on the job. The cost of this insurance must be paid by the employer and not by the employee.

Unemployment compensation.—This category refers to money received from government unemployment insurance agencies or private companies during periods of unemployment and any strike benefits received from union funds.

Social security.—This includes social security pensions, survivors' benefits, and permanent disability insurance payments made by the Social Security Administration prior to deductions for medical insurance, and railroad retirement insurance checks from the U.S. Government.

Other pensions.—These include (1) veterans' pensions, money paid periodically by the Veterans' Administration to disabled members of the Armed Forces or to survivors of deceased veterans; subsistence allowances paid to veterans for education and on-the-job training; as well as so-called

"refunds" paid to ex-servicemen as Gl insurance premiums; (2) private pensions or retirement benefits paid to a retired person or his survivors by a former employer or by a union, either directly or through an insurance company; (3) government employee pensions received from retirement pensions paid by Federal, State, county, or other governmental agencies to former employees (including members or their survivors).

Public assistance or welfare payments.—These include public assistance payments such as old-age assistance, aid to families with dependent children, and aid to the blind or totally disabled.

Rents.—Rents include net income from rental of a house, store, or other property to others, and receipts from boarders or lodgers.

Dividends and interest.—These include dividends from stockholdings or membership in associations, and interest on savings or bonds.

Other income.—This includes any income which cannot be placed in the above categories. The Armed Forces pay of a husband living at home is reported here as well as allotments received from absent Armed Forces members.

Transfer payments and pensions.— Included in these are total income received from the following sources: Unemployment insurance, workmen's compensation, social security, welfare payments, and private, veterans', and government pensions.

Property income and all other.—This category includes rents, interest and dividends, and any miscellaneous income reported.

Earners.—Heads and individuals 16 to 64 years, not in school, with either wages and salary, or net self-employment from business or farm are earners.

Weekly earnings.—This represents earnings of full-time wage and salary workers last week.

Hourly earnings.—This represents weekly earnings of full-time wage and salary workers divided by the hours worked last week.

Monthly installment debt.—This is the total amount the primary family or primary individual pays each month on all long-term debts except mortgages or rent. It includes payments on cars, furniture, appliances, loans from banks and other lending institutions, and also alimony payments.

Mortgage or rent payments.—This is the total amount paid each month for mortgage or rent regardless of whether it includes interest payments, utilities, furniture, or other services.

Utility payments.—This is the amount reported as total payment for all utilities during the last calendar month.

Fixed monthly expenses.—This is the total amount paid each month on rent or mortgage, utilities, and installment debt.

Poverty level.-Families and unrelated individuals are classified as being above or below the poverty level, using the poverty index adopted by a Federal Interagency Committe in 1969,1 This index provides a range of income cutoffs adjusted to take into account such factors as family size, sex and age of the family head, the number of children, and farm-nonfarm residence. The poverty cutoffs for farm families have been set at 85 percent of the nonfarm levels. These cutoff levels are updated every year to reflect the changes in the Consumer Price Index. The poverty thresholds used in this report were updated for changes in the cost of living between January and Spetember 1970. For the 12 month period covered by this survey, the poverty cutoffs ranged from \$1,556 for a female unrelated individual 65 years old and over living on a farm to \$6,904 for a nonfarm family with a male head and with seven or more persons (none under 18 years old). The poverty cutoff for a nonfarm family of four, headed by a male with a wife and two children under 18 years, was \$3,880.

Percentage calculations relating to families or persons by poverty status are based on a restricted universe that excludes unrelated individuals under 16 years of age, members of the Armed Forces living in barracks, and inmates of institutions.

¹See Current Population Reports, Series P-23, No. 28 "Revision in Poverty Statistics, 1959 to 1968," for a more detailed description of this poverty index.

Appendix B-SAMPLE DESIGN, ESTIMATION, AND RELIABILITY OF ESTIMATES

SAMPLE DESIGN	App-7
ESTIMATION	App-7
RELIABILITY OF THE	
ESTIMATES	App-7

SAMPLE DESIGN

The sample for the Census Employment Survey (CES) was selected from a computerized list of addresses and special places constructed prior to the 1970 census. After the census, there was an additional sampling operation to account for addresses and persons added during the census enumeration. A systematic sample of clusters of six units was chosen for this survey. In general, the clusters were formed by the computer with an emphasis on clustering addresses that were contiguous on the listing. The creation of the clusters was designed to put addresses of from one to six units within a single cluster. Noncontiguous addresses were occasionally put in the same cluster in order to increase the number of clusters made up of complete addresses.

For persons in housing units, the sampling unit was the set of housing units in the sample cluster with all of the occupants age 16 and over; for persons in group quarters, it was the person.

The number of occupied interviewed housing units in sample in this area is shown on page X in the section on "Selected Characteristics of the Survey in This Area."

ESTIMATION

The estimates from this survey were developed through the use of a ratio estimate to 1970 census population counts. The computer record for each sample person was first given a weight (the inverse of the probability of selection) adjusted to account for non-interviews encountered during the survey. The records were then used to

prepare preliminary tallies of the CES data for the following ratio estimation cells:

٨٥٥	M	ale	Fen	nale
Age	Negro	Non- Negro	Negro	Non- Negro
25 to 44				
45 to 64				
65 and over				

Within each of the cells, the ratio of the 1970 census count to the preliminary CES tally was computed and applied to the weights of all CES records in that cell. Because of differing definitions of the eligible universe, no ratio estimation was performed for persons age 16 to 24. The principle difference between CES and census definitions of eligible persons relates to the treatment of students and Armed Forces members. In CES. unmarried students living away from home were counted as members of their parent's household, while in the 1970 census they were counted as members of the household or dormitory in which they were residing. Armed Forces members were excluded from the CES but included in the 1970 census.

The effect of this procedure is to produce estimates realizing some of the gains in sampling efficiency that would have resulted had the population been stratified into the above groups before sampling. The net effect is a reduction in both the sampling error and possible bias of most statistics below what would be obtained by weighting all of the sample households and persons by a uniform factor. The reduction in sampling error will be substantial for some items and less effective for others. A by-product of this estimation procedure is that estimates from the sample tend to be consistent with the census counts for the groups used in the estimation procedure except for the differences between the population covered in this survey and in the census.

RELIABILITY OF THE ESTIMATES

Since the estimates are based on a sample, they may differ somewhat from the figures that would have been obtained if a complete census was taken using the same schedules, instructions, and interviewers. In addition to this error (called sampling variability), the results are also subject to the errors of response, non-reporting, and processing inherent in censuses as well as sample surveys.

The standard error is primarily a measure of the sampling variability, that is, of the variations that occur by chance because a sample rather than the whole of the population is surveyed. The chances are about 68 out of 100 that an estimate from the sample would differ from a complete census by less than the standard error. The chances are about 95 out of 100 that the difference would be less than twice the standard error and about 99 out of 100 that it would be less than 2-1/2 times the standard error.

The figures presented in the following tables are approximations to the standard errors of various estimates shown in this report. In order to derive standard errors that would be applicable to a wide variety of items and could be prepared at a moderate cost, a number of approximations were required. As a result, the standard errors shown provide an indication of the order of magnitude rather than the precise standard error for any specific item. These tables do not reflect the effect of response variance or bias arising in the collection or processing stages.

The standard errors in these tables are not directly applicable to differ-

ences between two estimates. In order to estimate the standard error of a difference, the tables are to be used as described in the following two situations.

- The standard error of a difference between a sample figure from the CES and a 1970 census complete count is the standard error of the CES statistic.
- 2. For a difference between two sample figures (two figures from the CES for the same or for one CES area versus another, or a CES figure versus one collected on a sample basis in the census), the standard error of the difference is approximately the square root of

the sum of squares of the standard errors of each estimate considered separately. If two figures from the same CES area are being compared and there is a high positive correlation between the two characteristics, this formula will overstate the true standard error somewhat.

Table B1 gives approximate standard errors for estimated numbers of persons with a characteristic (e.g., the number of unemployed males) while table B2 gives approximate standard errors for estimated percentages (e.g., the percent of males who are unemployed). Linear interpolation in these tables will provide generally satisfactory results.

Table B1. Approximate Standard Errors of Estimated Number of Persons

(Range of 68 chances out of 100)

Estimate	Star	ndard erro	r
	All races	White	Negro
400	60	60	60
800	90	80	90
2,400	150	140	150
4,000	190	180	180
8,000	260	240	230
12,000	310	270	240
16,000	340	280	220
20,000	360	270	150
24,000	370	250	•
32,000	370	110	
40,000	340	ansut.	
48,000	270	94070	41199
56,000	90	*****	

Table B2. Approximate Standard Errors of Estimated Percentage of Persons

(Range of 68 chances out of 100)

Base of percentage				Estimated p	percentage			
base of percentage	1 or 99	2 or 98	5 or 95	10 or 90	15 or 85	25 or 75	35 or 65	50
400	1.6	2.2	3.5	4.8	5,7	6.9	7.6	7.9
800	1.1	1.6	2.4	3,4	4.0	4.9	5.3	5.6
2,400	.6	.9	1.4	1.9	2.3	2.8	3.1	3.2
4,000	۰,5	.7	1.1	1.5	1.8	2.2	2.4	2.5
8,000	.4	.5	.8	1.1	1,3	1.5	1.7	1.8
12,000	.3	.4	6.	9,	1.0	1.3	1.4	1.4
16,000	,2	.4	.5	.8	.9	1.1	1.2	1.3
20,000	.2	.3	.5	.7	.8	1.0	1.1	1.1
24,000	.2	.3	.4	.6	.7	.9	1.0	1.0
32,000	.2	.2	.4	.5	.6	.8	.8	g
40,000	.2	2،	.3	.5	.6	.7	8	l 's
48,000	,1	.2	.3	.4	.5	.6	7	7
56,000	.1	.2	3.3	.4	.5	.6	6	1 7

Example.—Assume a table in this report shows there are an estimated 18,000 males aged 25 and older who have completed high school in the poverty area. Interpolation in table B1 shows the sampling error on an estimate of this size is about 350. This

means the chances are 68 in 100 that a complete census would show the number in this category would differ from the estimated 18,000 by less than this amount; the chances are 95 in 100 that the complete census would differ by less than twice this amount.

Assume further the report shows that 8 percent of these males are unemployed. Interpolation in table B2 shows the standard error on an estimated 8 percent on a base of 18,000 would be 0.65 percent.

Appendix C—FORMS USED FOR CENSUS EMPLOYMENT SURVEY

Form	Form CES-1 CONTROL CARD	۵																	
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business from which he 22. (If LK in 19, skip to 22A.) Has...been looking for work during the past 4 weeks? START OF SELF - RESPONSE INT. 18. Line No. was temporarily obsent or layoff LAST WEEK? 24. Omit 26A-E for persons with entry in 23 19. What was . . . doing meat of LAST WEEK-Yes O No O Coto Yes O No O Con Working Yes O No O (Ga 10 24) How mony hours 21A. Why was . . . absent from Keeping house Going to school or something also? . What has . . , been doing in the last 4 weeks to find work? (Mark all methods ased; do not tend list.) did . . . work LAST WEEK work LAST WEEK? Working /Shie to 2047 . . WK () at all jobs? Checked pub. employ, agency. O With a job but not at work J 🔿 Own illness O Looking for work LK () pvt. empley, agency . () Convocation , () 24A. When did you lost work for pay at a employer directly .. O Bod weather,... O Going to school S () 208. INTERVIEWER Unable to work (Go to N) U () CHECK ITEM friends or relatives . O Labor dispute... () 494 (Ship to Hen 23) Later asspute... ()
New job los begin
within 30 days. ()
Temporary layelf
(Under 36 days). ()
Indefinite layelf
(30 days or more or assp. ()
assp. ()
Assa Other (Specify).....OT () Placed or answered ads...... O Within post 12 months O 1-34 () (Ce to 200 lupie 2 years ago O Nothing (Skip to 24)...... 2 up to 3 years ago O (Ga to 248) 35-48 () 10-10-200, Other (Specify in notes, e.g., MDTA, O nation or prof. register, sec.) 3 up to 4 years ago O 200. Did . . . lose any time or take any time off LAST WEEK for any reason such as illness, holiday or slack work? 20C. Does . . . USUALLY work 35 hours or more a week of this job? 4 up to 5 years ago O 22B . Why did ... start looking for work?
Was it because ... lost or quit a job at that time (poses) or was there some other reason? Cther (Specify) .. O 5 or more years ago O (\$14) Never worked ... O 16 24 E Yes O What is the reason worked loss than 35 hours LAST WEEK? 24B. Why did you loove that job? Lost job...... How many hours did . . . take off?_____ Yes () No O What Is the reason . Quit job Personal, family
(Incl. presency) or school . . O 21B. is . . . getting wages or salary for any of the time off LAST WEEK? Laft school USUALLY works les than 35 hours a week? (Correct 30A if last time an already deducted; if 20A reduced below 35, fill 20G otherwise, thip to 23.) (Mark the appropriate reason) Other (Specify in notes) . () Health..... O Slock work () 22C.1) How many weeks has Retirement or old age () Yes 0.0 ...been tooking for work? No O 7 Material shartage . . . Seasonal job completed O
Slock work or
business conditions O
Temporary nonseasonal
job completed O
Unsatisfactory work
arrangements (Neure, psy, etc.) No..... () Self employed O Flant or machine repair () 2) How many weeks ago did...stort looking for work? evertime or at more than one job LAST WEEK? 21C. Does . . . usually work 35 hours or more a week at this job? New job started during week . () 3) How many weeks ago was . . . loid off? Job reminated during week () Could find only part-time work. (1) hours did . . . work? Yes O 220. Has . . . been looking for full-time or part-time work? (Correct 20A of entre hours not already included and adip to 23.) Holiday (Legal or religious) . . () (Go to 33 and enter job No C held last week) Full O Part O Lobar dispute (Ship to 23) Bod weather 22E, is there any season why...could not take a job LAST WEEK? FOR OFFICE USE ONLY Yes O Temporary Illness O Cn vocation INDUSTRY OCCUPATION No O |Going to school | O |Other (Specify in | O Too busy with housework, school, personal busyers. (2) 24D. 900 AO 100 BO 1000PO 200 CO 22F. When did... last work at a full-time job or business lasting 2 consecutive weeks or more? Did not want full-time work... () 200000 3 0 0 0 R 0 1965 or later 12 file month and year) .. O 4 0 0 E 0 400050 Cther reason (Specify) (1 500 FO 6 5000TO 6 0 0 G 0 600000 (Vanih and year) Before 1965 700080 700 VQ 800010 8 0 0 W O Nev, worked full-time 2 wks, or more O 9 0 0 0 K 0 X O 900 LO YΟ (Enter in 23, last full-time civilims job lasting 2 weeks or more, job from which laid off, ar "Never Vorked.") (Skip to 23 and enter job worked at 20 23. DESCRIPTION OF JOB OR BUSINESS
23a. For whom did . . . work? (Name of comp. m did . . . work? (Home of company, business, organization or other employer.) 236. What kind of business or industry in this? (For example: EV and radio mfc., retail abor store, Store Labor Dept., form.) 23c. What kind of work was . . . doing? (For example: electrical engineer, stock clerk, typist, forner.) 24E. Do you intend to lack for work of ony kind in the next 12 months? 23d, What were ...'s most important activities or duties? An employee of PRIVATE Co., bus., or individual for wages, salary or comm. P. O. Yes O (/// not a form) lt depends (Specify in notes) O Is the business No...... 0 Working WITHOUT PAY in fam. bus. or form WP O NEVER WORKED...... NEV O (If entry in 248, describe leb in 23) 25. LINE 26. RELATIONSHIP TO HOUSEHOLD 27. AGE 28. MARITAL STATUS NO. HEAD 29. RACE 30. SEX AND VETERAN STATUS 31. HIGHEST 32. GRADE COMPLETED ATTENDED Waleom Era . O Yes O EHC Morried-civilian apouse present ... O White O No Negro () Korean War ... O 1.1 Morried-Armed Force spouse present... O Other O World Wor II .. O ried-spouse obsent--(Include separated) , () World War I... O Wife of head..... Other Service . O Other relative of head , , , , , \leftrightarrow Nonveteran ... O 10 Femile ()

Form CES-2 LABOR FORCE QUESTIONNAIRE—Continued

34. In the past 12 months, how many weeks did you work either full time or 40. Did you lose any full weeks of work in the past part time (not causiling work around the house)? (Include paid vacations and paid sick feare.) a job er lost a job? (Enter number of weeks 42. When you were working in the past 12 months, did and mark one girely) you usually work full time or part time? Yes O 1-13 wks O 50-52 wks () Full time O Port time O 14-26ws () None O (Ship to 14-26 wks () (Ship to 127-39 wks () (Ship to 16-40-47 wks () () (84-49 wks ()) 43. What was your languat job in the past 32 months?
(Compare with sufer in liese 23) (5klp to (tom 42) Line 40) (Ath item 35) . Some as Item 23 C)

(Skip to Item 44)

(Sevily below and go to Item 23 C)

(Sevily below and go to Item 24.) 41. (If my mechs not accounted for, ask): What were you doing MOST of the remaining 35. Even though you did not work in 38. You said you worked about_ the past 12 months, did you sponfentry in lien 311 weeks in the weeks in the peat 12 months? Were you past 12 months. How many of the ony time trying to find a job? A. For whom did you work? romaining (52 weeks minus entry in liam 34) weeks Yes O No D (dsk liama - 36-37) (Skip to Tran 37) were you looking for work or on layoff from a job? B. What kind of business or industry is this? 36. How many different weeks were you looking for work or on (Rater number of weeks and mark one circle) Going to school O (Ash Ism 42) layelf from a job? Armed Forces None () (Skip to C. What kind of work were you doing? 1-4 wks O Retired O 5-14 wks O 1-4 wks------ Q Other (Specify) () 15-26 wks (2) 5-10 wks..... () D What were your most important octivities or duties? 27-39 wks O 40 wks or more O 27-39 wks . . . () _ (Ask 37) 40 wks or more O INTERVIEWER CHECK ITEM E. Here you -44. For presons with ouries in BOTH liens 34 and 35, add write-in outries of works, anter in box, and mark one airels. 37. What was the main reason you did 39. Note the not work in the past 12 months? Vacks var An employee of PRIVATE cur business. were looking for work for on fill or disabled and unable to work (.) or individual for wages, salary P (1) layoff) all in one stretch? :35 A GOVT: employee (Fed., Sees, seasor, Taking care of home or family () Going to school (7 Yes - Latrotch . . () Self-emp, in OWN business, prof. Could not find work..... 140 wks O Elice; or term...

Ilf and a femilis the business incorporated?...

(No. 12) No - 2 stretchen . () { (Skip to Armed Forces 14-26 wks () Retired 27-39 wks 12 No-3+ stretches () Other (Speelly) 40-42 wks - O 48-49 wks (C) Work WITHOUT PAY in family business. O 50-52 wks (1) O (Ship to CES-1) 188 FOR OFFICE USE ONLY INDUSTRY OCCUPATION O 000 A0 8000NO 0 1 O O - 8 O $1 \Leftrightarrow O \Leftrightarrow P \Leftrightarrow$ (1 200 \$10. C () 200000 Ó 4 0 0 F 0 400050 O 500 ro 500010 600 60 6 O O O U O 00000 700 VO 9 0 0 Q K 0 900 X O **L** O Y () NOTES OFFICE USE 45. Total personal income 46. Earlings last week \$10,000+ 1 1 1 1 1 - 1 - 1None () 13. OK Amount ... O N A receipt... O O to to be to No bookles Interview for () this person OFFICE USE ONLY (CES-1) (CES-1) (CES-1) 1. Literacy J. Person's and For. No. H. Humber of Comity K, Language spoken . Humber of H. Hine 1 2 0 3 (For persons with less than 5-6 in 33) perents' birtholoca in home as child thildren in Israily Fam. Rel. Type English Other language Parson Parents Head . . . C 0 0 1 1 Yes O Yes O Sec. 1. . . () Puetto Rico () Wife... () Sec. Fem. () Mexico () Child .. O **Sub.** Fam. () Other -- Poerto Rico - () Other rate () Pri. less () € English (Other -- Mexico ... () 125 Other - Other.... () Spanish I, i Other. (9

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Form CES-2 LABOR FORCE QUESTIONNAIRE—Continued

Form CES-2 LABOR FORCE QUESTIONNAIRE—Continued b. Did . . . do only work at all LAST WEEK, not counting work around the house? (Note: If Jam or business apera in lik., ask about anguld work.) . (If LK in 19, skip to 22d.) Has...been looking for work during the past 4 weeks? START OF SELF - RESPONSE INT. Did . . . have a job or business from which he was temporarily absent on an layoff LAST WEEK? 18. Line No. 24. Omit 24A-E for persons with entry in 23 19. What was . . . daing most of LAST WEEK-Yes O No O Gote Yes O No O (Go to 22) Yes () No () (Co 10 24) Working 21A. Why was . . . obsent from Keeping house Going to school or something alse? 22A. What has . . . been doing in the last
4 weeks to find work? (North all methods
seed; do not read list.) 20A. How many hours 0.0 did . . . work LAST WEEK work LAST WEEK? Working (Shife to 2011)... WK. () Own illness , , , O Checked pub. employ, agency O pvt. employ. ogency • O On vocation O Looking for work LK () 24A. When did you last work for pay at a employer directly .. O Keeping house H O regular jab or business, eith Bod weather.... () Going to school 5 O 20B. INTERVIEWER CHECK ITEM Irlands or relatives - O Unable to work (Go to 34) U () 49+ () (Ship to Uem 23) Other (Specify)......OT () Placed or answered ads..... Within post 12 months O 1 up to 2 years ago O Nothing (Skip to 24)...... 2 up to 3 years ago O 35-48 () (0=,1=290) Other (Specify in notes, s.g., NDTA, union or prof. register, etc.) 3 up to 4 years ago O 4 up to 5 years ago O 200. Did . . . lose any time or take any time of LAST WEEK for any reason 29C. Does . . . USUALLY work 35 229 Why did...stert looking for work?
Was it because...tost or quit a job of that time (paner) or was there some other reason? Other (Specify) . O 5 or more years ago O | (Ship Never worked ... O | 10-26E1 more a week at this job? Yes O What is the reason . . worked less than 35 hours LAST WEEK? such as illness, holiday or slock work? 24B. Why did you leave that job? Lost job..... O How many hours did . . . take off?____ Yes () Quit job No O What is the reason . . USUALLY works less Personal, family
(Incl. pregnancy) or school . . O 21B. Is . . . getting wages or salory for any of the time off LAST WEEK? Left school O Wanted temporary work..... than 35 hours a week? (Corrers 20A if last time not already deducted; if 20A reduced below 35, fill 20G, otherwise, ably to 23.) Other (Specify in notes) . O Health..... (Nork the appropriate reason) 22C.1) How many weeks has Slock work O Retirement or old age O Yes..... () ...been looking for Seasonal job completed O
Slack work or
business conditions ... O
Temporary nonseatonal
job completed ... O
Unantializationy work
orrangements (Heere, pay, etc.) No O 7 Material shortage . . . No...... ww.L? Self employed () 2) How many weeks ago did . . . start looking for work? Plant or machine repair , . . . O 21C. Dees . . . usually work 35 hours or more a week at this job? avertime or at more than one job LAST WEEK? New job storted during week . O 3) How many weeks ago was ...laid off? Job terminated during week O Yes O hours did . . . work? Other O Could find only part-time work (C) 22D, Hos ... been looking No O 3 S 6 9 (Correct 20A if extra hours not already included and akip to 23.) Holiday (Legal or religious) . . O 24C part-time work? (Go to 23 and enter job O No O Full O Part O 1 22E. is there any reason why... could not take a job LAST WEEK?

Already has a job O

Yes O Temporary Illness O FOR OFFICE USE ONLY Bad weather 0 Cwn illness O 0 INDUSTRY OCCUPATION No O | Going to school O Other (Speelly In O Cn vocation (.) 24D. \circ Too busy with housework, school, personal bus, etc. O 0 0 0 A O 6 0 0 0 N O 100 B0 200 C0 22F. When did...last work at a full-time job or business lasting 2 consecutive weeks or more? O 1000000 Did not wont full-time work . . . O 200000 0 Full-time work week ender 35 hours...... 3 O O D O 3 0 0 0 R 0 0 4 0 0 E 0 4 O O O S O 1965 or later ritritic muniti and years. FO 🖪 5000TO Other reason (Swelfy)..... 500 600 GO 600010 Before 1965 O
Nev. worked full-time 2 wks. or more 1 0 0 0 H O 700 YO 800010 800 ₩ 0 9 0 0 Never worked at all O 9 0 0 0 8 0 (Enter in 13, last fall-time civilian job lasting 2 weeks or mare, job from which laid off, or "Nawer Verhed.") 1.0 YO (Ship to 23 and enter job worked at 2 O M O last week) 23. DESCRIPTION OF JOB OR BUSINESS any, business, organization or other employer.) 236. What kind of huniness or industry in this? (For exemple: TV and radio mfg., resall show store, State Labor Dept., form.) 23c. What kind at work was . . . doing? (For example: electrical engineer, stock clerk, typist, farmer.) 24E. Do you intend to look for work of a only kind in the next 12 months? 23d. What were ...'s most important activities or duties? Yes O An employee of PRIVATE Co., bus., or individual for wages, safety or comm. P. () It dapends (Specify in noise) Yes O Is the business | Yes O | No O Self-empl in OWN bus., prof. proctice, or form 0 O . Working WITHOUT PAY in fam. bus. or farm WP O NEVER WORKED...... NEV C (if entry in 248, describe job in 23) 30. SEX AND YETERAN STATUS 31. HIGHEST 32. GRADE COMPLETED GRADE ATTENDED 25, LINE | 26. RELATIONSHIP TO HOUSEHOLD | 27. AGE | 28. MARITAL STATUS 29. RACE NO Yes O Vietnam Era . . O Head with other relatives
(Incl. wije) in household. () Morried-civilian spouse present . . . O No O White O Koreon Wor ... O $\{-1, -1\}$ Negro () Morried-Armed Force spouse present . . . O Other () World Wor II .. O Married-spouse absent-World Wor L... O Wife of head..... Other Service . () Ħ Widowed or divorced... () Nonveteron ... O in ' Female () None

Form CES-2 LABOR FORCE QUESTIONNAIRE—Continued

	34. In the past 12 months, bow many week port time (see counting work second the poid sick leave.) (Exter number of weeks and mork one circle) 1.13 whs None O 1426 whs (Ash time 35) 40.47 whs	O 50-52 wks C (54 fine 38)	d 12 months a job or los	og only full weeks of work in the p because you were on layoff from at a job? Yes O No O (Ship so Ison	42. When you way you usually Full time	ore working in the peat work full time or part is to from the peak of the peak	imel! Incl time ()
	48-49 wis	8. You sold you worked about (saley is lies 35) wooks in past 12 months. How many i remaining (52 irr. minus extry in Ison 35) wook were you looking for work or	the weeks in the weeks in the lie for in the lie little and unit	ma 34 rand 38 () ad ale to work ()	Same as lion?	(or Item 2 (Society b to Isem 6) you work?	3 blank) play md gr
	M. How many different weeks were you looking for week or on leyoff from a job? 1-4 whs O 5-14 whs O 15-26 whs O	1-4 wks O)	Going to set Armed Force Ratined Other (Special	of forms (Ask from to be seen to	C. What kind of	business or Industry is work were you doing!	
	77-39 whs C 40 whs or more C		m 39)	ERVIEWER CHECK ITEM		At most important of th	And the second s
0	37. What was the main reason you did in the work in the part 12 mouths? It is odd in the part 12 mouths? Of taking core of home or family Of Going to school	7. Here thewooks y were looking for work (or an layaff) all in one stratch? You - I stretch		with earlier in BOTH Jerus 34 and 3 and 4 and 16 an	An employee of individu A GOVT, emplored for least of the series of the	I PRIVATE ca. busing of for wogen, solary Dyne (Fed., Seese, seen of form Annual seen of form Jones (Yes. () No. () No. () PAY in termity business	P ()
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	THE TREE					a a	<u></u>
	### A receipt O	46. Earnings lost week 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		•			
	OFFICE USE ONLY (CES.1) G. Pan. No. 1 0 0 0 0 6 Fom. Ral. Type Hood O Sec. I O Wife O Sec. Fom. O Child O Seb. Fam. O Other rol. O Pri. 1 O	H. Humber of femily 1. Life members 1. Life from then Together 1. 1. No. 1.	ngreens with less E-4 (n.11) Ish Other language O Yes ()	/CEC1) J. Pessen's und perents' birtholace Passon Parents Pourte Rico	Lington (*) Sporier (*) Strier (*)	(CES-1) L. Humbur of children in family hype hype (i-5) (r-17)	# N. Mepc. # 1

Form CES 2 LABOR FORCE QUESTIONNAIRE—Continued L. Did. . . . do any work at all EAST WEEK, not counting work around the house? (Note: If farm or business operat to Mh., ask about suppid work.) (3) I in 19, ship to 21/L.) Did . . . have a job or business from which he 22. (If LK in 19, sklp to 224.) Has , . . been looking for work during the past 4 weeks? START OF SELF - RESPONSE INT. 18. Line No was temporarily absent or on layoff LAST WEEK? 24. Omis 24A-E for persons with entry in 23 19. What was . . . doing most of LAST WEEK-Yes O No C (5) Yes () No () (Go to Yes O No O (Gold H) Working 20A. How many hours 22A. What has . . . been doing in the last
4 weeks to find work? (Nork all method
parts do not read list.) 21A. Why was . . . absent from Keeping house Going to school did . . . work WOLLAST WEEK? Working (Ship to 204) .. WK C Own illness O Checked pub. employ, agency. () With a jab but not at work J. O. pvi. empley, agency - (1) Looking for work LK O Chivocotton () 24A. When did you last work for pay at a regular jab or business, either Keeping house H () employer directly ... () Bod weather () 208. INTERVIEWER CHECK ITEM Going to school \$ () fulls or partition? Lotor dispute... ()
New yok to begin
within 30 days. ()
22C2)
Temporary loyal
(fuller 36 days). ()
Indefinite loyal
(50 days or are or or or de def. recall due) friends or relatives . () Unable to work (Go to M) U () 49+ () (Ship to Hem 23) Other (Specify)......OT () Placed or answered ads....... Within past 12 months O Tup to 2 years ago O 1.34 () (Go to 200 Nothing (Skip to N) () (Ge 14 248) 2 up to 3 years ago O > 35-48 () (0 - 10 200) Other Specify in notes, e.g. NDTA. () union we prof. register, etc.) 3 up to 4 years ago. O 4 up to 5 years ago O 260. Did . . . lose ony 11 228 Why did...sort looking for work?
Was it because...lost or quit a job
at that time (passe) or was there
some other reason? 20C. Doss . . . USUALLY work 35 Cthat (Specify) .. O 5 or more years ago O / (Ship Never worked O | w 34E) take any time off LAST WEEK for any reason such as illness, heliday or slock work? re a week at this job? 24B. Why did you leave that jab? Lost (ob...... 3) worked less than 35 hours LAST WEEK? Yes O How many hours did . . . tube off?_____ No O What Is the reason Personal, family

flack pregnancy) or school ... O 21B. Ia . . . getting wages or solary for any of the time off LAST WEEK? Wanted temporary work.... then 35 hours a week? (Carreet 20A If Best time no already deducted; If 20A Other (Specife in notes) . () Health..... () (Nort the appropriate treason) reduced below 35, BH 10C 22C.1) How many weeks has Retirement or old age () Slock work () etherwise, ship to 23.) Yes..... () ...been looking for No C - 20E. Did . . , work ony Seasonal Job completed Ó No...... () ork? Slock work or business conditions O Temporary nonsessional Self employed () 2) How many weeks aga did...start looking for work? Plant or machine repair (*) 21C. Does . . , usually work
35 hours or more a week
at this job? avertime or at more the New job started during week . () 3) How many weeks ago was . . . laid off 2, Job terminated during week O How many extra hours did . . . work? Could find only partitime work. O Yes (3 220. Hos ... been looking for full-time or pari-time work? No O (Correct 20A if opera hour not already included and ship to 25.) Holiday (Lagal or religions) . . . (1) 240. (Go to 33 and enter job held last week) O Fell O Per O No O Lobor dispute O ı /Ship to 23.) FOR OFFICE USE 23E. Is there any reason why, ... could not take a Job LASY WEEK? O Already has a job () Cwe illers Yes O ... Temporary Illness O 0 MOUSTRY OCCUPATION |Going to school | () |Other (Specify in | () | neith) No O O 24D. . 000 NO CO AU a 100 80 1 0 0 Q P Q 22F. When did...last work at a full-time job or business lasting 2 consecutive weeks or more? Did not want full-time work . . () 200 00 2 0 0 0 Q D Ó itime work week inder 35 hours , , , , , , , , , , (1) 100 00 3 0 0 0 R 0 400050 0 4 0 0 **E** O 1965 or later (Trite mantis and year) .. O Other reason (Speelly)..... () 5 O O FO SGGGTO 6 O O G O 4 0 0 0 U O 700080 7 0 0 V 0 800010 0.0.8 ₩ 0 Nev. worked full-time 2 wks. or more O 9 0 0 0 K 0 900 **x** () (Knier in 23, last foll-time civilian job lasting 2 weeks or more, job from which laid off, or "Nover Korked.") LO. (Ship to 2) and once job worked at less work?

23. DESCRIPTION OF JOB OR BUSINESS 2 0 Da. For whom did . . . work? (Home of company, Sustains, organization or other employer.) 23h. What kind of business or industry is this? (For spends: TV and radio mis., resail shee store, State Labor Dept., form.) 23c. What kind of work was . . . doing? (For enumple: electrical engineer, etock clerk, typics, forner.) 24E. Do you intend to look for work of 23d. What were ...'s most important activities or duties? An employee of PRIVATE Co., bus., or individual for wages, salary or come. P. O. (If not a form) Is the business No O It depends (Specify in setes) O (If outry in 148, describe job in 23) NEVER WCRKED...... NEV O 29. RACE 30. SEX AND VETERAN STATUS 31. HIGHEST 32. GRADE COMPLETED GRADE ATTENDED 25. LINE NO. 26. RELATIONSHIP TO HOUSEHOLD 27. AGE 28. MARITAL STATUS HEAD Married-civilion
Spouse gresent ... ()
Married-firmed Force
apouse gresent ... ()
Married-spouse obsent(linelade separated) . () Yes O EHC Head with other relatives.

fineL wife) in household.

Head with no other relatives in household...... White O Vjelnom Era ... O No C Negro () Korean War ... 1:1 Other (World Wor II .. O World Wor L... Wife of head..... Other Service . O 10) Nonveteran ... () Never married None

Form CES-2 LABOR FORCE QUESTIONNAIRE—Continued 34. In the past 12 months, how many wooks did you work althor full time as part time (not cuenting most around the house)? (Include padd secutions and 40. Did you lose may full weeks of work in the pust 12 months because you were on layoff from a job or lost a job? said sick loses. 1 42. When you were working in the past 12 manths, did (Enter number of weeks you usually work full time or port time? and mark one circle) Full time O Prot time O 1-13 wks O 1426 wks O 27-39 wks O (5hip to Item 30) 1-13 mks O 50-52 wks (C) No O None O ISMo to 43. What was your longest job in the past 12 months? (Skip to Izon 42) [cm 40] (Compare with entry in Item 23) (Ask Hen 35) 40-47 wks () 48-49 wks () . 10 Some os Item 23 C) Different from Item 23 ()
(Skip to Item 44) (Swelft below and go

A. For whom did you work? 41. (If my weeks not accounted for, ask): What were you doing MOST of the commissing 35. Even though you did not work in 38. You said you worked about (entry in law 34) weeks in the past 12 months. How many of the the past 12 months, did you spend weaks in the past 12 months? Were you ony time trying to find a job? Yes O No O minut enter in Item 34) wooks (Skip to from 37) (Ask Isomo 36-37) were you looking for work or B. What kind of business or industry is this? on loyall from a job? M. How many different weeks were Going to school O > (Ask tim 42) you looking for work or on (Enter number of seroks and mark your sire to) layoff from a job? C. What kind of work were you doing? Nono O (Skip to) Retired () letwis..... O 1-4 wks...... O 5-14 wks...... O Other (Speelfr) 15-26 whs . . . O 5-10 wks----- () 11-14 wks ... () { (dab | 15-25 wks ... () } D What were your most important octivities or duties? 27-39 wks . . . O 40 wks or more O 27-39 wks . . . () 40 wks or more O __ (Apl 37) INTERVIEWER CHECK ITEN E. More you -44. For persons with entries in BOTH from 36 and 36, and write-in entries of works, unto in box, and 31. Were the 37. What was the mois reason you did not work in the past 12 manchs? _ weeks you An amployee of PRIVATE Cu. business. were looking for work for on much me elcela. or individual for wages, solary P () III or disabled ond unable to work () layelf) all in one stretch? 2... A GOVT: omployee (Fact, State, secury, se local) G () Taking care of home or family () Self-emp, in OWN business, prof. Going to school () Yes - I stretch .. O 1 Could not find work...... 143 wks O No-2 shelches . O (Skip to 14-26 wks (1) Armed Forces () Retified..... O 27-39 wks (1) No -3 i stretches () 40-47 Wks () Orbor (Speelfy) () 48-49 mks () Work WITHOUT PAY in family business O 50-52 wks (C) (Stip to CES.1) O FOR OFFICE USE ONLY ŀ INCUISTRY OCCUPATION o # O O A O O 100 8 0 1000000 o 200 CO 200000 300 D O 3 0 0 0 R 0 o 4 O O E O 4000\$0 500 FO 👿 500010 600 60 2000RO 800010 O X O O P 900080 LO # O 2.0 MOTES OFFICE USE 45. Total personal income 46. Comings last week \$10,000 / O 65 6 6 6 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 None () (JK Amount ... C) Na work N.A receipt . . . () 44 0 5 6 7 7 7 7 () No knoklet Interview for Ch this person OFFICE USE ONLY (CES-1) (CES-1) (CES-1) K, Language spoken Fam. No. H. Humber of family 1, Literacy J. Person's and L. Humber of 1333556 members (For present with less than E-0 in 31) perents' birtheloca children in family Fork Rol. English Other language Type Person Persons Yms () Yms () No () No () Heod... O Section, O Puerta Rico Sec. Fan. () Sub. Fan. () 1 1 Wife.... () 1 colors 2000 Other - Pwerto Rico () English () Other rel. () Pris Torrico 1000 Other - Mexico ... () Other -- Other.... () Spanish () 4 11 (11) Other. O 5 (11) 6 () () () 10000

A 15 15 1.

Form CES-2 LABOR FORCE QUESTIONNAIRE—Continued

8

GPO : 1910 U - 179 - 031

App-17

Form CES-3 WORK HISTORY BOOKLET

					Form A	proved: Bud	get Bureau No. 41	S69115; Appr	oval Expires	June 1971
FORM (3-17-)	CE\$-3			U,S, DEPA	RTHENT OF	F COMMERCE THE CENSUS		IDENTIFICA	TION	
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			ORK HISTORY BE				Age - CC item	9		<u> </u>
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Grou		CURRENT	LABUR FURC	E STATUS FUR THE	3 PERSU	IN - Interv	Instructions	CE2+7		
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-	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	in CES-2 items 20A		eek			rtii sectioi	ns A, B1, an	ου	
l –	١	1 . 1			N	r. 1	Full	4 00		
-		in CES-2 item 22C)		F or WAITING TO STA	Kianew	100	f ritt section	ns A, B2, an	a D	
l] ,,, , ,,	NOT IN LA	BOD FORCE /F.,	in CEC 9 is an 944			Fill mostles	s A and C.		
<u> </u>) - Kesp	·		try in GES-2 item 24A)		• • • • • • •	}			
 	γ	7	RECORD OF CA				 	N FOR NO		***************************************
Dat	e Time		Name of the same o	Notes		····	Person 16+ wit	th CES-2, ite	ms 19-24, c	completed
Ι,	a.m. p.m.	1					1 [] Temi	orarily abse	int	
	a.m.		······································	· - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	~~····		2 Neve		•	
2.	p.m.						3 Refu			
3.	a.m. p.m.						4 [Othe	r - Specify -	7	
4.	a.m. p.m.						<u></u>			
 				SECTION	Δ					
1.	INTERVIEW	ER CHECK ITEM		BECTION				·····		
			OID NOT 4	אמט ביין מום אמד ו	OV EOR	HODY (II	AL-22 - CEC o 4	2C1 CE	//n	
010		•		ORK and DID NOT LO					ar to item i	l 5a
	2 🗀 L0	OKED FOR WORK In	past 12 months	- (Entry of 1 or more u	veeks in C	ES-2, item	36 or 38) - SKII	to item 3		
	3 🗀 AL	L OTHERS – ASK it	em 2							
2.	During the n	ast 12 months did yo	u look for work at	any time?			**************************************			
] ~	Doiling the b	usi ez monnis dia ya	5 100K 101 WOIK 41	uny mar	011	1 [Ye	s - ASK 3			
						2 🔲 No	- SKIP to 15a	·	······································	
3.		come questions about ck with the State Emp			012	L 1 🗀 Yes	5			
[the past 12			•	-	2 🗀 No				
4.	Did you appl	y directly to an empl	oyer?				and and on the second and second and	PT PT 19 40	ere e en el en el en el	en ere er op de ker o
						3 [_] Ye:	\$			
5.	Did you ask	your friends or relati	ves?				the set and the set the tracker and the law	98 ** * ** ** *	on the following the first	and the second
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,			į	5 [Ye:	5			
						6 🔲 No	that are with more are the pure you are top, in-			
6,	Did you ched	k the newspapers?			į	7 [] Ye:	s			
					İ	B No				
7.	During the p	ast 12 months did yo	u register with an	y union?			****		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
					013		S			
8.	Did you ak-	د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د	lavment		<u></u> -	2 [_] No	No the tag and and the day parties on the	Printer carrier and a con-	1.01-11.01.01.01	** ** #POT BOT MOD (O
٥.	supported by	:k with a private emp fees?	orokweti adeuch'	v q e	 	з [Ye:	5			
					<u></u> j	4 □ No	and that then was made and an area.			
9.		k with organizations n League, and welfar		ty action]	# [""] ∀ ~.			. No set to see the part	or the training and and and an
	Branks' Gind	n mandha' aun maildi	च ल्युषाधा राष्ट्र ा		į	5 🗀 Ye: 6 🗀 No	•			
10.	(If male)						ak 194 bel an Bri en rai ok angan		1 40 12 2 2 2	. 1 W 81 81 W 54
	Did you go to pick up w	o special streets or p orkers?	places where empl	ayers come	:	7 [] Ye	2			
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			<u>i</u>	e [] No		······································	75) - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	
110.	Did you use past 12 mont	any other way to look	k for a job in the		a. 014	1 [Yes	s - ASK 116			
						2 [] No	- SKIP to 12	recrease and considerate the stage and constitutions.	manachem curt i propriede a securit	
b.	What other w	ay did you use?	• • • • • • • • • •		b. 015					
					}			CHARLES AND A SECURITY OF THE	apara recentina activi recentina di quarre	
					i					

		-		
	SECTION	A	- Continu	ved
12.	(ASK if two or more ways of looking for work were mentioned in 3-11) Of the ways you mentioned (Read categories marked "Yes" in 3-11), which way did you use the most?		4 6 7 8 9	Check with State Employment Service Apply directly to employer Ask friends or relatives Check newspapers Register with union Check private employment agency Check with community organizations Go to special streets Other ways
13.	(ASK only if worked in past 12 months) Which way of looking for work got you your present (or most recent) job?		017 3 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	Check with State Employment Service Apply directly to employer Ask friends or relatives Check newspapers Register with union Check private employment agency Check with community organizations Go to special streets Other ways
14.	The last time you looked for a job what was the lowest pay you would have accepted? (If amount given per hour, record dollars and cents; otherwise, round to the nearest dollar.)		019 020 021	(Mark only one box and one amount) Hour \$ (Dollars) (Cents) Day Week Month Year
	school, or junior college? (Examples: vocational, business, or technical)	2.		Yes - ASK 15b No - SKIP to 16 for males; 17 for females
			0.26 1	Yes \ If female, SKIP to 17a
	Did you complete a job training course in the ARMED FORCES? (Exclude basic training)	1, 1	•	Yes - ASK 16b
¢.	In what year did you complete this program?		9.29	I 9 metalehikkanakan
	Have you ever used any of this training on any of your jobs?		2[☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Yes — <i>ASK 16f</i>
f.	What kind of work was that for? (Occupation) f			No SKIP to 17a
g.	Did you complete it?	j. :	032 1([] Yes 2 [] No In what year? —— 19
h.	Have you ever used any of this training on any of your jobs?	١.!	034 1	Yes
	(Examples: Upward Bound, Job Corps, or Neighborhood Youth Corps)		035 1	[Yes - ASK 17b-c
			ak	
	Hamanian and the state of the s	1. i	2 [3 [☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Yes
FORM	CE6-3 (3-17-70) Po	e g e		[] No

Form CES-3 WORK HISTORY BOOKLET—Continued

SECTION A	- Con	tinued		
18. During the past 12 months did you receive any money from: (Pause) a. Wages, salary (tips, commissions)?	a.	039	Yes — How much before 040 deductions? (Nearest dollar) 2 \[\] No	.00.
b. Net income from your own business (farm)?	ь.	041	Yes — How much was your — GROSS income?\$.00
			LESS Your business expenses?	.00
	1		EQUALS Net Income \$.00
c. Workmen's compensation?	c.,		2 No 3 Yes - How much? 043	THE DISTRIBUTION AND THE STATE SHEET SHEET AND THE ABOUT
d. Unemployment compensation?	d.	, mar 100 year 10	5 Yes - How much? 044 6 No	.00.
e. Social Security (For example: old age, survivors, disability and health insurance)?	#, 	<u>0</u> 45	1 Yes - How much? 046 2 No - SKIP to 18f	.00
(1) Do you have any money withheld from your Social Security check for medicare?	(1)	AT NO ARE MADE IN	3 Yes 4 No - SKIP to 18f	+ VV
(2) (If Yes) — Is the (Read amount) you told me you received for Social Security before or after medicare has been deducted?	(2)	T-15 Real World 2016 Will	s 🗀 Before s 🗀 After	ANY OF THE SET SET SET SEE SHOW ANY AND MAN AND SEE SEE
f. Other pensions, such as Veterans, private employer, Government, etc.? g. Welfare or public assistance (For example: aid to dependent children.	f.]		7 [Yes - How much? 047 s	.000
old age assistance, aid to the disabled, foster child care)?	g.	<u>048</u>	1 Yes - How much? 049 2 No 5	.00
h. Rents, Including that from roomers and boarders?	h.	n dan any an dan	3 Yes - How much? 050 4 No	.00
i. Interest or dividends?	1.	ar ha dee ee se	5 Yes - How much? 051 6 No 5	.00.
other than those we have already mentioned?	ŀ		7 Yas - What was that? - Specify	r miselde een bledsgerde lijks gestigt beskeling belegende met op state of the second sections of the section sections of the section sections of the section sections of the section sections of the section sections of the section section sections of the section section sections of the section section sections of the section section section sections of the section section section sections of the section section section sections of the section section section section sections of the section section section section sections of the section section section section sections of the section section section section sections of the section section section section sections of the section sec
	i i i		How much was that?	. 00.
19. NOT USED				
20a. What kind of work did you do at your first full-time regular job after leaving school?	0.4	<u>053</u>	Occupation	
b. What were your most important activities or duties?	b	н Ициодрадический у Visco из	Activity	on and the state of the state o
	1 1 1 1	954		SKIP 10-239
c. What kind of business or industry was that?	¢. [<u>055</u> 1	Industry	in 1994 - 1890 (1998) film in herende kommente sammen film film film film film film film film
d. Were you 1. An employee of a PRIVATE company, business or individual for wages, salary, or commissions?	d.	954 957	i [] Same job as now (CES-2, item 23)	- SKIP to 23a
 A GOYERNMENT employee (Federal, State, county or local)? SELF-EMPLOYED in OWN business, professional practice or farm? 	1 1 2 1			ss incorporated?
4. Working WITHOUT PAY in family business or farm? e. How long did you work at that Jab?	1 1 0,1	058	a[]Yes s[]No s[]WP Without pay	or the later later of the control of the constant and the control of the control of the constant and the control of the contro
	1	059	(Number)	

SECTION A ingest since leaving school? or present address? e last year? the city limits ? near a large city? city (over 250,000 pop.)? city (over 250,000 pop.)? city or town (under 50,000 pop.) city or town (under 50,000 pop.) city or town (under 50,000 pop.) city or town strate was that? In what State was that? In what country was that?	a. b. b.	061 1 2 063 064 065 1 066 0 067 069 069	Same as C Same as C Same as C I Same as C	CES-2, item 23c - SKIP Five years Gid you live - 070 1 2 3 4 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	
r present address?	b.	062 063 064 065 1 066 067 068 99 25. Who	Same as f Months Years Indu Same as Less tha Same as All my li en you were m did your rents live 1 2 3 4 5 5	(Number)	27. At age 16 did you live 2 3 3 2 [] 3 [] 4 [] 5 []
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r present address?	b.	063 064 065 066 067 068 91 25. Whoo pai	Years Indu Same as Less tha Same as Indu Indu Indu Indu Indu Indu Indu Ind	item 23b on CES-2 Years n a year — ASK 23b Times Years fe — SKIP to 28 26. Five years ago did you live — 070 1 [] 2 [] 3 [] 4 [] 5 []	At age 16 did you live 071 1
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near a large city?	?	068 99 25. Who par	o Less tha 9 All my li en you were m did your rents live — 1 2 3 4 5	n a year — ASK 23b Times Years fe — SKIP to 28 26. Five years ago did you live — 070 1 [] 2 [] 3 [] 4 [] 5 []	At age 16 did you live 071 1
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near a large city?	? ?	95 Whbopan	9 All my li en you were m did your rents live	fe - SKIP to 28 26. Five years ago did you live - 070 1 [] 2 [] 3 [] 4 [] 5 []	At age 16 did you live 071 1
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near a large city?	? ?		2 [] 3 [] 4 [] 5 []	2 [] 3 [] 4 [] 5 []	2 [] 3 [] 4 [] 5 []
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a size city (50—250,000 pop.); city or town (under 50,000 pop untry but not on a farm?	? o.)?		4[]	4 [] 5 []	5 []
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untry but not on a farm?					
red States? In what State was that?			s ["]	, (m)	a ("")
ed States? In what State was that?	<i>.</i>				_
In what State was that?			7	7 🗀	7[]
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on's place of birth)		075			
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ates?	Ь	976			
ered in items 25 or 28)		077	1 🗀 Yes	2 [] No	
ten spoken by your a child?			What la	inguage was that?	
		078	П		
ered ten	in items 25 or 28) spoken by your	in items 25 or 28)	in items 25 or 28) spoken by your ild?	in items 25 or 28) spoken by your ild? O77 1 Yes What is	In items 25 or 28) spoken by your ild? O77 1 Yes 2 No What language was that?

SECTION B.1 — For Persons in Labor Force	Group 1 - (worked or had a job last week)
1. Now I'm going to ask you some more questions about your	085 Months
present job. How long have you been working at this job?	086 Years (Number)
2. In addition to that job, how many other employers did you work for last week? (NOTE: Domestic day work for various employers is considered one job.)	087 (Number)
3. (Omit for self-employed and unpaid family workers) How much did you cam last week from your lob(s)? (Nearest dollar)	088 \$00
4a. On your present job do you usually go to the same address to start each day's work?	089 1 ☐ Yes — SKIP to 5a 2 ☐ No — ASK 4b
b. Do you report to a different address every time or what? b.	2 Other - Specify - SKIP to item 6a
Sa. Do you work within the city limits of (name of this city)? a.	092 1 Yes - ASK 5b
	2 No - SKIP to 6a
b. What are the names of the two streets at the corner nearest to your place of work?b.	
OFFICE USE ONLY Intersection is:	093 t in inner city sample area 2 Remainder of city
6a. On your present job how do you usually get from home to work? (Mark all mentioned)	924 01 Bus 02 Trolley 03 Railroad 04 Subway or elevated railway 05 Taxi 06 Wafk 07 Drive alone 0a Share driving (carpool) 09 Drive others 10 Ride with someone else — ASK 6b
	11 [] Other means - Specify
b. (For ride with someone else) Do you pay?b.	096 1
7a. Do you use any other way at least ence a week?	101 1 Yes - ASK 76
	z No - SKIP to 8
b. What do you use? (Mark all ways mentioned) b.	Dus Oz
c. (For ride with someone else) Do you pay?	11 [] Other means - Specify
	2 No 104 [] Day S (Dollars) (Cents) 108 [] Month
8. If public transportation (categories 1-5) in items 6a or 7b What Is the total cost of the public transportation used for the one-way trip to work by (Name means used)?	109 1 \$.0024 8 \$1.00-1.24 2 .2549 6 1.25-1.49 3 .5074 7 1.50-or more 4 .7599 6 Don't know
9. On your present job, how long does it usually take to get from home to work?	III
10. What time do you usually get to work?	
	112 a.m. : SKIP to Section D

SECTION B.2 — For Persons in Labor Fo	rce Group II — (looking, waiting or on layoff)
le. Now I have some questions about how you would get to work. Do you have a license to drive a car?	1 Yes - ASK 1b 2 No - SKIP to 2a
b. Is there a car you could drive to work every day? b.	3 Yes 4 No
2a. Is there public transportation within ten minutes walk of here that goes to a place where you have looked for work? a.	115 1 TYes - ASK 2b 2 No - SKIP to 3
b. What kind of public transportation is that?b.	Stop or station Sus Trolley Railroad SKIP to Section D Taxl stand
 About how many minutes does it take you to walk to the place where public transportation stops? 	II.7Minutes o [_] No public transportation within walking distance SKIP to Section D
Notes	

Form CES-3 WORK HISTORY BOOKLET—Continued

	SECTION C — For Persons in Group III (Omit if respondent is 65 or older)										
la.	Do you want a regular lob now, either		ne list of reasons v				, please tell t	ne which you	would		
	full or part time?	(II 60-64 years old)	(If under 25 years old)	(If a woman with other family mem- bers in hhid.)			(Omit if 25-49 years old)			(Mark if mentioned)
		1. Retirament	2. You are in school or training or waiting to start school	3. Family responsibilities	4. Problems with your health	5. You looked be couldn't find work	1	7. Employer think too young (too old)	8. Lock of experience, education, or skill	9. Any other reason	10. Don's want to work
	<u>M</u>	124	Ž 5		WZ.	1228	122	120		127	
1	☐Yes	1 Yes -	1 Yes	1 Tyes -	1 ☐ Yes -	I CYes -	1 Yes -	¹□Yes -	1 Yes -	1 Yes	1 End
) '	Maybe, it depends	quea- tions		Part	Part	Part C	Part	Part E	Part F		lions
	or "May-	2 No	2 No	2[] No	2 [] No	2[]No	2 No	2[] No	2 [] No	2[]No]
	depends," ASK 1b			ן דיסאיי <i>די איי</i> די	OR ALL	COLUMNS I	1 THROUG	! H 9, END	 QUESTION	i S	j
	and Ic		to the school or training	}	ł	Ì					
3	No -		full time?	}	}	1	}	ļ	}	[}
	ASK Id and le		End guess	Ì		-	1				
	1		than one "Ye. II). Which of t				e reasons you	are not loof	l ling for work	include	
	1	(1,644.4	11). WHICH OI T	1 . 3	4		6 []	7 🗀	8	! ! 9 (~)	{
		1d. From th	e list of reason	ns that I am							
		(11 60-64	not wanting to	(If a woman	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	T	<u> </u>	(Omit II	T	The company of the second	on the same of the
		years old)	years old)	with other family mem- bers in hhid.)				25-49 years old)] 1		(Mark 11 mentioned)
		1. Retirament	school or training or waiting to	3. Family responsi- bilities	4. Problems with your health	5. You looked but couldn't find work	6. Transportation	7. Employers think too young (too old)	8. Lack of experience, education, or skill	9. Any other resen	10. Don't Work
			stort school	III		1077			w	E	
		}		1 🗀 Yes	I [Yez	\ [] Yes	1 [_] Yes	1 🗀 Yes	1 [] Yes	1 [Yes	[] End Quea-
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		····	152	3 □ į	4 C)	5 []	6[]	7[.]	a[]	9[]]	

SECTIO	DN C Continued
A FAMILY RESPONSIBILITIES	153 1 Child care = ASK 2b
2a. What are your family responsibilities?	2 [] Care of husband or wife 5 [] Keeping house 4 [] Care of other relatives 5 [] Other — Specify 7
b. What are your problems in arranging for child care? b. (Mark all that apply)	Want to care for children myself or child care is no problem = END QUESTIONS Can't find anyone at price can pay Can't find anyone at any price Don't trust baby-sitters Never really tried to find child care Other = Specify
c, is there a child care center available in your neighborhood?	155 1 Yes - ASK 2d 2 No or don't know - SKIP to 2e
d. Is there some :eason why you can't use it?d.	And the second s
e. If a child care center were made available would you use it?	2 No - ASK 2f
f. Any particular reason why you would not use the child care center? (Verbatim)f.	3 [] It depends ASK 2g
g. On what does your use of the child care center depend? (Verbatim)g.	SKIP to 3
3. (ASK for married women with husband a household member) How does your husband feel about your going to work? (Verbatim)	<u>160</u>
B HEALTH PROBLEMS	161
4a. What type of health problems do you have? (For example: heart condition, back trouble, etc.)a.	99 [] Pregnancy - SKIP to next reason
b. Have you been under a doctor's care for this disability or illness?	162 1 [] Yes z [] No
c. How long have you had the disability of Illness? c.	3 [] Always 4 [] Less than I month 5 [] I-5 months 6 [] 6-II months 7 [] 12 months or longer
d. How long do you expect it to last — less than 6 months or 6 months or more? d.	163 [] Less than 6 months - SKIP to next reason 2 [] 6 months or more 3 [] Don't know
e. Would you be able to work if you had special arrangements or help?	4 [Yes - ASK 4f 5 [No 6 [Don't need help] SKIP to next reason
f. What kind of special arrangements or help? f. (Mark all ways mentioned)	164
PORA ESS. LIGITION	s [] Other - Specify 60 to 4g

SECTION	C - Continued
B HEALTH PROBLEMS - Continued 4g. When could you start to work if you had this assistance? g.	166 1 Immediately 2 Less than 1 month 3 I-6 months 4 More than 6 months 5 Other - Specify
C LOOKED BUT COULDN'T FIND WORK 5a. When did you last look for a job?	1
b. At that time how many weeks did you spend looking for a Job? b.	168Weeks
c. How did you go about looking for a job? (Mark all that apply) c. Anything else?	169 Checked with State Employment Service 2
6. Why did you stop looking for work at that time?	171
7. What kinds of jobs did you look for?	172 Occupation
Do you think you needed more training in order to get those kinds of jobs?	173 (Yes 2 No
9. (SKIP if "During past 12 months" marked in 5a)	(Mark only one box and one amount)
a. What is the lowest pay you would accept? (If amount given per hour, record dollars and cents; otherwise, round to the nearest dollar.)	174
10a. Have you ever applied for a job training program?	2[] No 180 1[] Yes - ASK 10b 2[] No - SKIP to 10c
b. What kind of job were you training for? b.	ANTIGORIA TRANSPORTATION AND THE STATE OF TH
c. Did you complete H?	
d. (s there any particular reason? (Verbatim)	183
e. Any particular reason why you didn't apply? (Verbasim) e.	SKIP to 11a
Page	

SECTION C — Continued						
C LOOKED BUT COULDN'T FIND WORK - Continued	 					
11a. If additional training were made available would you take it? a.	185 1 Yes - SKIP to 12a 2 It depends - ASK 11b 3 No - SKIP to 12a					
b. What does it depend on? (Mark all that apply)b.	A Pay during training S Type of job being trained for G Length of training period 7 Other - Specify					
12a. If a job were made available, would you take it? a.	186 1 Yes - SKIP to next reason					
distribution and distribution was a passing the second sec	1 165 - 5KIF to next reason 2 It depends - ASK 12b 3 No - ASK 12c					
b. What does it depend on? (Mark all that apply) b.	4 ☐ Pay 5 ☐ Type of job 6 ☐ Working conditions 7 ☐ Location of job 8 ☐ Other — Specify					
	SKIP to next reason					
c. Is there any particular reason why not? (Verbatim)	187					
D TRANSPORTATION PROBLEMS 13a. Do you know of job openings that you would be willing to take if you could get transportation?	188 1 Yes - ASK 13b 2 No - SKIP to next reason					
b. How many miles away is the nearest job that you would take? b.	ANI -					
c. What is your problem in getting there?	190 Miles					
E AGE 14a. Have you been told by an employer that you were too old (young)?	1 <u>91</u> 1 ☐ Yes - ASK 14b 2 ☐ No - SKIP to next reason					
b. Do you think you are too old (too young) to take a job? b.	3 Yes - SKIP to next reason 4 No - ASK 14c					
c. What kind of job was it that you applied for?	192 Occupation					
F LACK OF EXPERIENCE, EDUCATION, OR SKILL						
15a. Would you be willing to go back to school to get more experience, education, or skill?	1 <u>93</u> 1					
b. What do you want; basic education, job training, or something else? b.	4 Basic education — only 5 Job training — only 6 Something else — only 7 Basic education and job training 8 Basic education and something else 9 Job training and something else 0 All three kinds					
Notes	}					
FORM CES-3 (3-17-70) Pag	± 10					

App-27

SECTION D — For Persons in Labor Force Groups I ar	nd 11 (Omit if respondent is 65 years old or older)
1. (If under 25) Are you now enrolled in school or expecting to return to school within 3 months?	194 1 Yes — End questions 2 No
2. People have many different problems in finding and taking a job	
(If Labor Force Group I) In your own case, do any of these problems directly affect your holding a job or finding a better one? (Read list)	
OR	
(If Labor Force Group II) in your own case, are any of these a problem in finding a job? (Read list)	
a. (Women with own children under 14 years old) Family responsibilities or arranging for the care of your children? a.	1 Yes - <i>GO to</i> A 2 No
b. Problems with your health?b.	3 Yes — <i>GO to</i> B
c. Lack of experience, education, or skill?	5
d. (Omit if 25-49 years old) Employers think you are too young (too old)? d.	7
e. Do you have any other such problems?	196 1 ☐ Yes 7 2 ☐ No
	What is it? 7
A FAMILY RESPONSIBILITIES	198 1 Child care — ASK 4
3. What are your family responsibilities?	2 Care of husband If child care
(Mark all that apply)	3 ☐ Keeping house not marked, 4 ☐ Care of other relatives SKIP to next
	5 Other - Specify problem marked
4. What are your problems in arranging for child care?	1,49 1
(Mark all that apply)	care is no problem = SKIP to next problem [Can't find anyone at price I can pay
	3 Can't find anyone at any price
	4 Don't trust baby-sitters 5 Never really tried to find child care
	6 TOther - Specify
5. Is there a child care center available in your neighborhood (area)?	200 1 Yes - ASK 6
6. Do you use it?	2 No or don't know — SKIP to 8
n. No lon age iit	3 Yes - SKIP to next problem 4 No
7. Is there some reason why you can't use it?	201
8. If a child care center were made available,	1 202 . TYPE SKIP to and land
would you use it?	202 1 Yes - SKIP to next problem 2 No - ASK 9
	3 [] It depends = ASK 10
9. Any particular reason why you would not use the child care center? (Varbatim)	203
10. On what does your use of the child care center	201
depend? (Verbatim)	May approximate of the control of th

APPENDIX C-Continued

SECTION D — For Persons in Labor Force Group I and II — Continued					
B HEALTH PROBLEMS	205				
11. What type of health problems do you have? (For example: heart condition, back trouble, etc.)	99 Pregnancy - SKIP to next problem				
12. Have you been under a doctor's care for this disability or illness?	206 1 Yes 2 No				
13. How long have you had the disability or illness?	3 Always 4 Less than I month 5 I-5 months 6 6-II months 7 I2 months				
14. How long do you expect it to last — less than 6 months or 6 months or more?	207 1 Less than 6 months — SKIP to next problem 2 6 months or more 3 00n't know				
C LACK OF EXPERIENCE, EDUCATION, OR SKILL					
15a. Would you be willing to go back to school to avercome the lack of — experience, education, skill? a. (1f Yes) — Full time or part time?	208 1 Yes - Full time ASK 15b 2 Yes - Part time 3 No - End questions				
b. Which do you prefer; basic education, job training, or something else? b.	4 Basic education only 5 Job training; only 6 Something else 7 Basic education and job training 8 Basic education and something else 9 Job training and something else 0 All three kinds				
Notes					
FORM CE5-3 (8-17-70)	Paye 12				

Appendix D.—PUBLICATION AND COMPUTER SUMMARY TAPE PROGRAM

The results of the 1970 Census of Population and Housing are being issued in the form of printed reports, microfiche copies of the printed reports, computer summary tapes, computer printouts, and microfilm. Listed below are short descriptions of the final report series and computer tapes, as currently planned. More detailed information on this program can be obtained by writing to the Publications Distribution Section, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

Population Census Reports

Volume 1.

CHARACTERISTICS OF THE POPULATION

This volume will consist of 58 "parts"—number 1 for the United States, numbers 2 through 52 for the 50 States and the District of Columbia in alphabetical order, and numbers 53 through 58 for Puerto Rico, Guam, Virgin Islands, American Samoa, Canal Zone, and Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, respectively. Each part, which will be a separate clothbound book, will contain four chapters designated as A, B, C, and D. Each chapter (for each of the 58 areas) will first be issued as an individual paperbound report in four series designated as PC(1)-A, B, C, and D, respectively. The 58 PC(1)-A reports will be specially assembled and Issued in a clothbound book, designated as Part A.

Series PC(1)-A. NUMBER OF INHABITANTS.

Final official population counts are presented for States, counties by urban and rural residence, standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's), urbanized areas, county subdivisions, all incorporated places, and unincorporated places of 1,000 inhabitants or more.

Series PC(1)-B. GENERAL POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS

Statistics on age, sex, race, marital status, and relationship to head of household are presented for States, counties by urban and rural residence, SMSA's, urbanized areas, county subdivisions, and places of 1,000 inhabitants or more.

Series PC(1)-C. GENERAL SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS

Statistics are presented on nativity and parentage, State or country of birth, Spanish origin, mother torigue, residence 5 years ago, year moved into present house, school enrollment (public or private), years of school completed, vocational training, number of children ever born, family composition, disability, veteran status, employment status, place of work, means of transportation to work, occupation group, industry group, class of worker, and income (by type) in 1969 of families and individuals. Each subject is shown for some or all of the following areas: States, counties (by urban, rural-nonfarm, and rural-farm residence), SMSA's, urbanized areas, and places of 2,500 inhabitants or more.

Series PC(1)-D. DETAILED CHARACTERISTICS

These reports will cover most of the subjects shown in Series PC(1)-C, above, presenting the data in considerable detail and cross-classified by age, race, and other characteristics. Each subject will be shown for some or all of the following areas: States (by urban, rural-nonfarm, and rural-farm residence), SMSA's, and large cities.

Volume II. SUBJECT REPORTS

Each report in this volume, also designated as Series PC(2), will concentrate on a particular subject. Detailed information and cross-relationships will generally be provided on a national and regional level; in some reports, data for States or SMSA's will also be shown. Among the characteristics to be covered are national origin and race, fertility, families, marital status, migration, education, unemployment, occupation, industry, and income.

Housing Census Reports

Volume I. HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS FOR STATES, CITIES, AND COUNTIES

This volume will consist of 58 "parts"—number 1 for the United States, numbers 2 through 52 for the 50 States and the District of Columbia in alphabetical order, and numbers 53 through 58 for Puerto Rico, Guam, Virgin Islands, American Samoa, Canal Zone, and Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, respectively. Each part, which will be a separate clothbound book, will contain two chapters designated as A and B. Each chapter (for each of the 58 areas) will first be issued as an individual paperbound report in two series designated as HC(1)-A and B, respectively.

Series HC(1)-A. GENERAL HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

Statistics on tenure, kitchen facilities, plumbing facilities, number of rooms, persons per room, units in structure, mobile home, telephone, value, contract rent, and vacancy status are presented for some or all of the following areas: States (by urban and rural residence), SMSA's, urbanized areas, places of 1,000 inhabitants or more, and counties.

Series HC(1)-B. DETAILED HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

Statistics are presented on a more detailed basis for the subjects included in the Series HC(1)-A reports, as well as on such additional subjects as year moved into unit, year structure built, basement, heating equipment, fuels, air conditioning, water and sewage, appliances, gross rent, and ownership of second home. Each subject is shown for some or all of the following areas: States (by urban, rural-nonfarm, and rural-farm residence), SMSA's, urbanized areas, places of 2,500 inhabitants or more, and counties (by rural and rural-farm residence).

Volume II. METROPOLITAN HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

These reports, also designated as Series HC(2), will cover most of the 1970 census housing subjects in considerable detail and cross-classification. There will be one report for each SMSA, presenting data for the SMSA and its central cities and places of 50,000 inhabitants or more, as well as a national summary report.

Volume III. BLOCK STATISTICS

One report, under the designation Series HC(3), is issued for each urbanized area showing data for individual blocks on selected housing and population subjects. The series also includes reports for the communities outside urbanized areas which have contracted with the Census Bureau to provide block statistics from the 1970 census.

Volume IV. COMPONENTS OF INVENTORY CHANGE

This volume will contain data on the disposition of the 1950 inventory and the source of the 1970 inventory, such as new construction, conversions, mergers, demolitions, and other additions and losses. Cross-tabulations of 1970 and 1960 characteristics for units that have not changed and characteristics of the present and previous residence of recent movers will also be provided. Statistics will be shown for 15 selected SMSA's and for the United States and regions.

Volume V. RESIDENTIAL FINANCE

This volume will present data regarding the financing of privately owned nonfarm residential properties. Statistics will be shown on amount of outstanding mortgage debt, manner of acquisition of property, homeowner expenses, and other owner, property, and mortgage characteristics for the United States and regions.

Volume VI. ESTIMATES OF "SUBSTANDARD" HOUSING

This volume will present counts of "substandard" housing units for counties and cities, based on the number of units lacking plumbing facilities combined with estimates of units with all plumbing facilities but in "dilapidated" condition.

Volume VII. SUBJECT REPORTS

Each report in this volume will concentrate on a particular subject. Detailed information and cross-classifications will generally be provided on a national and regional level; in some reports, data for States or SMSA's may also be shown. Among the subjects to be covered are housing charactristics by household composition, housing of minority groups and senior citizens, and households in mobile homes.

Joint Population-Housing Reports

Series PHC(1). CENSUS TRACT REPORTS

This series will contain one report for each SMSA, showing data for most of the population and housing subjects included in the 1970 census.

Series PHC(2).

GENERAL DEMOGRAPHIC TRENDS FOR METROPOLITAN AREAS, 1960 to 1970

This series consists of one report for each State and the District of Columbia, as well as a national summary report, presenting statistics for the State and for SMSA's and their central cities and constituent counties. Comparative 1960 and 1970 data are shown on population counts by age and race and on such housing subjects as tenure, plumbing facilities, value, and contract rent.

Series PHC(3). EMPLOYMENT PROFILES OF SELECTED LOW-INCOME AREAS

This series will consist of approximately 70 reports, each presenting statistics on the social and economic characteristics of the residents of a particular low-income area. The data relate to low-income neighborhoods in 54 cities and seventural poverty areas. Each report will provide statistics on employment and unemployment, education, vocational training, availability for work, job history, and income, as well as on value or rent and number of rooms in the housing unit.

Additional Reports

Series PHC(E). EVALUATION REPORTS

This open series will present the results of the extensive evaluation program conducted as an integral part of the 1970 census program, and relating to such matters as completeness of enumeration and quality of the data on characteristics.

Series PHC(R). PROCEDURAL REPORTS

This open series presents information on various administrative and methodological aspects of the 1970 census, and will include a comprehensive procedural history of the 1970 census. The first report issued focuses on the forms and procedures used in the data collection phase of the census.

Computer Summary Tapes

The major portion of the results of the 1970 census will be produced in a set of six tabulation counts. To help meet the needs of census users, these counts are being designed to provide data with much greater subject and geographic detail than it is feasible or desirable to publish in printed reports. The data so tabulated will generally be available—subject to suppression of certain detail where necessary to protect confidentiality—on magnetic computer tape, printouts, and microfilm, at the cost of preparing the copy.

First Count—source of the PC(1)-A reports; contains about 400 cells of data on the subjects covered in the PC(1)-B and HC(1)-A reports and tabulated for each of the approximately 250,000 enumeration districts in the United States.

Second Count—source of the PC(1)-B, HC(1)-A, and part of the PHC(1) reports; contains about 3,500 cells of data covering the subjects in these reports and tabulated for the approximately 35,000 tracts and 35,000 county subdivisions in the United States.

Third Count—source of the HC(3) reports; contains about 250 cells of data on the subjects covered in the PC(1)-B and HC(1)-A reports and tabulated for approximately 1,500,000 blocks in the United States

Fourth Count—source of the PC(1)-C, HC (1)-B, and part of the PHC(1) reports; contains about 13,000 cells of data covering the subjects in these reports and tabulated for the approximately 35,000 tracts and 35,000 county subdivisions in the United States; also contains about 30,000 cells of data for each county.

Fifth Count—will contain approximately 800 cells of population and housing data for 5-digit ZIP code areas in SMSA's and 3-digit ZIP code areas outside SMSA's; the ZIP code data will be available only on tape.

Sixth Count—source of the PC(1)-D and HC(2) reports; will contain about 260,-000 cells of data covering the subjects in these reports and tabulated for States, SMSA's, and large cities.

The tapes will generally be organized on a State basis. To use the First Count and Third Count tapes, it will be necessary to purchase the appropriate enumeration district and block maps.

The term "cells" used herein to indicate the scope of subject content of the several counts refers to each figure or statistic in the tabulation for a specific geographic area. For example, in the Third Count, there are six cells for a crossclassification of race by sext three categories of race (white, Negro, other race) by two categories of sex (male, female). In addition to the above-mentioned summary tapes, the Census Bureau will make available for purchase certain sample tape files containing population and housing characteristics as shown on individual census records. These files will contain no names or addresses, and the geographic identification will be sufficiently broad to protect confidentiality. There will be six files, each containing a 1-percent national sample of persons and housing units. Three of the files will be drawn from the population covered by the census 15-percent sample and three from the population in the census 5-percent sample. Each of these three files will provide a different type of geographic information: One will identify individual large SMSA's and, for the rest of the country, groups of counties; the second will identify individual States and, where they are sufficiently large, will provide urban-rural and metropolitan-nonmetropolitan detail; and the third will identify individual record showing selected characteristics of the person's neighborhood.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE Bureau of the Census Washington, D.C. 20233

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Canaval C	haracteristics
A to N	CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONAL POPULATION
Current Laby Demo	abor Force and Employment Status ographic Characteristics
1, 2	LABOR FORCE STATUS
3 to 6	EMPLOYMENT STATU
7 to 10	WEEKLY AND HOURLY EARNING
	OF FULL-TIME WAGE AND SALARY WORKERS
11 to 13	USUAL PLACE OF WORK AND TRANSPORTATION TO WORK
14 to 18	DESIRE FOR WORK AND WORK
	EXPERIENCE OF PERSONS NO IN THE LABOR FORCE
Work Exp	perience in Last 12 Months
19 to 22	WEEKS EMPLOYED, WEEK UNEMPLOYE
23	MAIN REASON FOR LESS THAI FULL-YEAR WOR
24 to 27	ANNUAL WAGE AND SALAR EARNINGS OF WORKER
28, 29	PRINCIPAL JOB-SEEKIN METHODS USE
30, 31	LOWEST WEEKLY PAY ACCEPTABL
Job Train	ning and Work Experience
32 to 34	EXTENT OF JOB TRAININ
35 to 39	WORK EXPERIENCE OF PERSON CURRENTLY EMPLOYED O FULL-TIME SCHEDULE
Family Ir 40 to 44,	ncome and Migration Patterns 46 to 51 FAMILY INCOM
,	

RESIDENTIAL MOBILITY OF FAMILY HEADS AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS

52 to 54