



1970 CENSUS OF POPULATION

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE • Social and Economic Statistics Administration • BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

PC(S1)-79

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SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT

Low-Income Neighborhoods in Large Cities: 1970

Indianapolis, Ind.

This report is one of 39 within the PC(S1) series of 1970 census reports that summarize information on the population and housing characteristics of low-income neighborhoods in the Nation's 50 largest cities.¹ Low-income neighborhoods are subdivisions of low-income areas, which for this report include all census tracts in which 20 percent or more of all persons were below the poverty level in 1969. (See "Definitions.") These low-income neighborhoods generally consist of contiguous census tracts with a combined population of 20,000 or more. The neighborhood boundaries are based on current socioeconomic data and the recommendations of local agencies.

Information is presented here on each of the low-income neighborhoods within the city. The statistics shown in the detailed tables are part of a special tabulation of 1970 census data prepared for the Office of Economic Opportunity to determine the location of low-income areas and their neighborhood subdivisions, to analyze the characteristics of the residents of these neighborhoods, and to compare the residential characteristics of a low-income neighborhood to those of other low-income neighborhoods and those of areas outside such neighborhoods. For further information on this special tabulation, see "Related Materials." Financial support for the preparation of this set of 39 reports was provided by the Office of Assistant Secretary for Planning and Evaluation, Department of Health, Education, and Welfare. Similar data for the entire city, the entire low-income area (without neighborhood subdivisions), and the balance of the city outside the low-income area are published in **1970 Census of Population, Volume II, Subject Reports, Series PC(2)-9B, "Low-Income Areas in Large Cities."**

¹ Except Honolulu, for which no low-income neighborhoods were defined. See list of 39 reports on page ii.

This report was prepared by Donald G. Fowles, Poverty Statistics Program, Population Division.

PC(S1) REPORTS ON LOW-INCOME NEIGHBORHOODS IN LARGE CITIES

Report number	<u>Cities</u>	Report number	<u>Cities</u>
65	Atlanta, Ga.	85	Miami, Fla.
66	Baltimore, Md.	86	Milwaukee, Wis.
67	Birmingham, Ala.	87	Minneapolis and St. Paul, Minn.
68	Boston, Mass.	88	Newark, N.J.
69	Buffalo and Rochester, N.Y.	89	New Orleans, La.
70	Chicago, Ill.	90	New York, N.Y.
71	Cincinnati, Ohio	91	Norfolk, Va.
72	Cleveland and Toledo, Ohio	92	Oklahoma City and Tulsa, Okla.
73	Columbus, Ohio	93	Omaha, Nebr.
74	Dallas and Fort Worth, Tex.	94	Philadelphia, Pa.
75	Denver, Colo.	95	Phoenix, Ariz.
76	Detroit, Mich.	96	Pittsburgh, Pa.
77	El Paso, Tex.	97	Portland, Oreg.
78	Houston, Tex.	98	St. Louis, Mo.
79	Indianapolis, Ind.	99	San Antonio, Tex.
80	Jacksonville and Tampa, Fla.	100	San Diego and San Jose, Calif.
81	Kansas City, Mo.	101	San Francisco and Oakland, Calif.
82	Los Angeles and Long Beach, Calif.	102	Seattle, Wash.
83	Louisville, Ky.	103	Washington, D.C.
84	Memphis and Nashville-Davidson, Tenn.		

About 91,000 persons resided in the low-income area of Indianapolis, Ind., in 1970 (table A). These low-income area residents constituted 12 percent of the city's population. In the balance of the metropolitan area outside Indianapolis, only 1 percent of the population resided in such areas.

The low-income area of Indianapolis was subdivided into three neighborhoods which ranged in size from 27,000 to 31,000 persons. The proportion of the population which was Negro ranged from 22 percent in neighborhood 3 to 85 percent in neighborhood 2. In the low-income area as a whole, Negroes constituted 59 percent of the population, as compared with 12 percent in the balance of the city.

There were 71,000 persons in Indianapolis who were below the poverty level in 1969. Of these, 37 percent lived in the low-income area. About 29 percent of the residents of the low-income area were below the poverty level, as compared with only 7

percent of those living elsewhere in the city. Within the low-income area, this proportion did not vary considerably, ranging from 28 percent in neighborhood 3 to 30 percent in neighborhood 1.

Although a high proportion of the poor resided in the low-income area, blacks who were above the poverty level were more likely to live in this area than whites who were below this level. About 61 percent of the city's poor blacks and 35 percent of the nonpoor blacks resided in the low-income area, as contrasted with 21 percent of the city's poor white population and 5 percent of nonpoor whites.

The population of the low-income area, as well as the balance of the city, contained the whole range of social, economic, and housing characteristics. However, there were generally sharp contrasts between the proportional distribution of the characteristics of the low-income area population and the population living outside this area. In addition, there was some variation in the characteristics of the individual neighborhoods within the low-income area.

Table A. Poverty Status in 1969 of Persons By Residence in Low-Income Neighborhoods and Race, for the Indianapolis, Ind. SMSA: 1970

(See accompanying maps and tract listings for location of low-income neighborhoods)

Area	All income levels			Below poverty level		Percent below poverty level	
	Total	Negro		Total	Negro	Total	Negro
		Number	Percent of total				
SMSA, total.....	1,092,800	134,515	12.3	96,463	30,161	8.8	22.4
In low-income area.....	95,649	55,091	57.6	28,235	18,716	29.5	34.0
Percent in low-income area.....	8.8	41.0	(X)	29.3	62.1	(X)	(X)
Indianapolis.....	731,963	131,689	18.0	70,690	28,472	9.7	21.6
In low-income area ¹	91,028	53,599	58.9	26,411	17,333	29.0	32.3
Percent in low-income area.....	12.4	40.7	(X)	37.4	60.9	(X)	(X)
Neighborhood 1.....	29,031	22,896	78.9	8,677	7,406	29.9	32.3
Neighborhood 2.....	27,296	23,130	84.7	7,947	7,501	29.1	30.5
Neighborhood 3.....	30,815	6,703	21.8	8,746	2,492	28.4	37.2
Not in low-income area.....	640,935	78,090	12.2	44,279	11,139	6.9	14.3
Balance of SMSA.....	360,837	2,826	0.8	25,773	1,689	7.1	59.8
In low-income area.....	4,621	1,492	32.3	1,824	1,383	39.5	92.7
Percent in low-income area.....	1.3	52.8	(X)	7.1	81.9	(X)	(X)

(X) Not applicable.

¹Includes several census tracts not included in the neighborhoods.

Families within the low-income area were more likely to be headed by females than families outside this area. Such families constituted 27 percent of all low-income area families, as compared with only 10 percent of families living elsewhere in the city (table B). Low-income area families headed by women were also more likely to have children in the home and, moreover, tended to have a larger number of children than families living outside the low-income area. Thus, a considerably higher proportion of children living in the low-income area (42 percent) were in families in which both parents were not present than were children living outside this area (15 percent). This proportion was as high as 50 percent in neighborhood 1.

The generally lower socioeconomic status of the low-income area population was reflected by such characteristics as education, employment, and occupation. For example, about 70 percent of persons 25 years old and over who resided in the low-income area had not completed their high school education, as compared with 41 percent outside this area.

Low-income area families were less likely to contain earners than those living outside this area, even when families headed by an aged person were excluded. Furthermore, working heads of families

were less likely to have worked year round if they lived in the low-income area. Unemployment rates were generally higher in this area than elsewhere, and those persons who were employed were more concentrated in the lower-paying occupations. Only 22 percent of employed males who lived in the low-income area were employed in white-collar occupations, as compared with 46 percent for males living outside this area. This proportion was as low as 14 percent in neighborhood 2. The same relationship was observed for females, although they were more likely to be employed in white-collar occupations (primarily as clerical and sales workers) than males.

The low-income neighborhoods of Indianapolis were clustered around the central business district and therefore contained a disproportionate share of older housing units, often vacant. The majority of the housing units in the low-income area were occupied by renters, and a higher proportion contained more than one person per room than units outside this area. Low-income area housing tended to be less expensive in terms of average rent but more expensive in terms of the proportion of a family's income required to cover this expense. About 45 percent of the low-income area households paid more than one-fourth of their income for rent, as compared with 34 percent for households outside this area.

Table B. Summary of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics of the Population By Residence in Low-Income Neighborhoods, for Indianapolis, Ind.: 1970

(See accompanying maps and tract listings for location of low-income neighborhoods)

Area	Families				Persons				Housing units						
	Percent of all families	With female head		Percent with no earners ¹	Head worked in 1969—percent worked 50 to 52 weeks	Employed, 16 years old and over—percent in white collar occupations		Males in civilian labor force, 16 to 64 years old—percent unemployed	25 years old and over—percent not high school graduate	Related children under 18 years old—percent not living with both parents	Percent vacant	Occupied—percent			
		With related children under 18 years old	Percent			Mean number of children	Male					Female	Renter-occupied	Structure built 1939 or earlier	With 1.01 or more persons per room	Gross rent one-fourth or more of income^{2}
Indianapolis, total.....	12.0	66.0	2.40	2.2	77.5	43.5	65.5	3.8	44.8	17.7	6.6	38.7	39.2	8.0	36.7
In low-income area.....	27.3	71.6	2.87	7.0	62.6	22.1	41.6	10.0	69.7	42.0	14.8	70.6	78.0	12.7	45.1
Neighborhood 1.....	34.2	72.1	2.73	8.5	61.9	27.8	45.8	9.2	62.1	49.9	14.6	74.4	78.3	10.3	47.7
Neighborhood 2.....	27.5	79.1	2.96	7.6	62.3	14.4	30.7	11.7	75.8	45.6	17.8	67.2	78.3	17.4	45.1
Neighborhood 3.....	20.9	64.4	2.92	5.3	63.9	23.6	44.8	9.7	71.1	31.6	13.4	71.7	77.2	11.2	42.5
Not in low-income area.....	10.2	64.2	2.23	1.6	79.1	45.9	69.0	3.0	41.3	14.5	5.1	33.6	33.0	7.2	33.9

¹Excludes families with head 65 years old and over.

²Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more, all "no cash rent" units, and units for which the income of the family or primary individual was reported as "none" or "loss."

RELATED MATERIALS

1970 Census

There are three primary sources of 1970 census data on the characteristics of the population residing in low-income areas as defined in this report. The first source is the volume II report, PC(2)-9B, "Low-Income Areas in Large Cities," which presents data for low-income areas (without neighborhood subdivisions) in the Nation's 50 largest cities. The second source, consisting of this report and the other PC(S1) reports listed on page 2, presents data for neighborhood subdivisions of low-income areas in the same 50 cities. The third source, from which the data for these PC(S1) reports were extracted, consists of a special tabulation of 1970 census data prepared for the Office of Economic Opportunity (OEO). This tabulation covers each of the 97 standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's) in which one or more of the central cities had at least one group of contiguous low-income area tracts with a population of 20,000 or more. For each of these 97 SMSA's, the OEO tabulation shows data for the entire SMSA, each component county, and each central city, including the neighborhood subdivisions of the central city low-income area.

In each of the three sources, comparable data are shown for all races, white, Negro, and persons of Spanish language. For SMSA's in California, data also are shown for the Japanese, Chinese, American Indian, and Filipino populations.

Copies of the entire OEO tabulation for each of the 97 SMSA's, including maps and census tract listings which identify the low-income areas and their neighborhood subdivisions, were sent to the appropriate Federal Regional Councils, State Economic Opportunity Offices, and local community action agencies. Copies of these materials can also be obtained by writing to the Chief, Industrial and Social Records Branch, National Archives, Washington, D.C. 20408. Requests for further information about this tabulation, as well as limited requests for copies, should be made in writing to the Chief, Population Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

Selected summary data for the 50 cities individually and seven tables of detailed data for the 50 cities combined were extracted from the PC(2)-9B report and published separately in **1970 Census of Population, Supplementary Report, Series PC(S1)-56, "Selected Characteristics of the Population in Low-Income Areas of Large Cities."**

Maps of these 50 cities showing the location of census tracts in low-income areas by poverty rate (but without neighborhood subdivisions) are available at cost of reproduction. Requests for these maps, specifying the cities desired, should be made in writing to the Chief, Population Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

Data for low-income areas as defined for the Census Employment Survey (CES) are available for 60 urban and 7 rural areas in **1970 Census of Population and Housing, Employment Profiles of Selected Low-Income Areas, Series PHC(3)**. The definition of low-income areas used for the CES differs from the definition used for this report. (See "Definitions.") Most of the data in the PHC(3) reports consist of detailed information not available from the 1970 census questionnaire on such subjects as employment, unemployment, training for work, job-seeking methods, job tenure, sources and level of income, residential mobility, transportation to work, and selected factors considered deterrents to employment.

Poverty statistics based on the 20-percent sample for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SMSA's, places with a population of 2,500 or more, and counties were published in chapter C of **1970 Census of Population, Volume I, Characteristics of the Population**. More detailed poverty data cross-classified by such variables as education, employment status, occupation, and income were published in chapter D of the volume I report for the United States, regions, States, SMSA's with a population of 250,000 or more, and central cities of these SMSA's. The statistics shown in each of the State parts of the volume I report are summarized for the United States in Volume I, Part 1, "United States Summary." Chapters C and D were originally published as separate paperbound reports in series PC(1)-C, "General Social and Economic Characteristics," and PC(1)-D, "Detailed Characteristics."

Poverty statistics also are shown for census tracts of 241 SMSA's and selected adjacent areas in **1970 Census of Population and Housing, Census Tracts, Series PHC(1)**. A description of poverty data contained in volume I and census tract reports can be found in Data Access Description No. 29, "Low-Income Data from the 1970 Census."

1960 Census

Statistics for low-income areas as defined by the use of 1960 census data are available for metropolitan

areas and their central cities in **1960 Census of Population, Supplementary Reports, Series PC(S1)-54, "Poverty Areas in the 100 Largest Metropolitan Areas."** The definition of low-income areas based on 1960 census data differs from the definition used in this report. (See "Definitions.") The PC(S1)-54 report contains information on persons and families by age, race, family status, poverty status in 1959, and sex and age of family head. Census tract maps showing the delineation of these low-income areas were published by the Office of Economic Opportunity in a report entitled **Maps of Major Concentrations of Poverty in SMSA's of 250,000 or More Population.**

Special Censuses

Two reports based on special censuses conducted by the Bureau of the Census during the 1960's provide survey data and comparable 1960 census data for what are essentially neighborhood subdivisions of the 1960 census low-income areas. **Current Population Reports, Series P-23, No. 18, "Characteristics of the South and East Los Angeles Areas: November 1965,"** presents social, economic, and housing data for seven neighborhoods in South Los Angeles and three neighborhoods in East Los Angeles. **Current Population Reports, Series P-23, No. 21, "Characteristics of Selected Neighborhoods in Cleveland, Ohio: April 1965,"** presents population characteristics for nine neighborhoods in Cleveland and for the balance of the city, with totals for the city as a whole.

Current Population Survey

Data on the population are collected and published regularly by the Bureau of the Census through its Current Population Survey (CPS), a nationwide survey covering a sample of about 47,000 households. Statistics from the March 1973 CPS for low-income areas based on the 1970 census definition are published in **Current Population Reports, Series P-60, No. 91, "Characteristics of the Low-Income Population: 1972."**

DEFINITIONS

Low-Income Areas

1970 census definition.—For this report, a low-income area consists of all census tracts in which 20

percent or more of all persons were below the poverty level in 1969. This method of defining low-income areas, which differs from other methods used in the past, was developed to provide a statistical index based on income only and to utilize the small-area data on poverty status which were available in 1970 for the first time in a decennial census.

To arrive at this definition, research was conducted by the Bureau's staff that would delineate for a given year low-income areas similar in size and location to those delineated by the 1960 census definition, which was based on an unweighted combination of five poverty-related socioeconomic characteristics. The researchers utilized a special tabulation of 1960 census data for census tracts in a sample of large metropolitan areas. Low-income areas defined by the 1960 census definition were chosen from this sample and were compared to low-income areas defined by aggregating all census tracts with poverty rates above selected cutoff values. This comparison showed that areas consisting of census tracts with poverty rates of 20 percent or more most closely approximated low-income areas defined by the 1960 method.

Although the majority of low-income areas selected by this definition are adjacent to each other, some represent scattered or isolated pockets of poverty. Tracts which contain fewer than 100 persons or which consist entirely of crews of vessels are excluded from low-income areas.

Previous definitions.—The 1960 definition of low-income areas was developed by the Bureau of the Census as part of its work for the Office of Economic Opportunity to identify areas of major concentrations of poverty within large metropolitan areas. This definition consisted of ranking census tracts in metropolitan areas with a 1960 population of 250,000 or more according to the relative presence of each of the following equally weighted poverty-linked characteristics: (1) Families with money incomes below \$3,000; (2) children under 18 years old not living with both parents; (3) persons 25 years and over with less than 8 years of school completed; (4) unskilled males (laborers and service workers) in the civilian labor force; and (5) housing units dilapidated or lacking some or all plumbing facilities. Those tracts falling in the lowest quartile of the ranking were defined as poor tracts and further adjusted for contiguity and minimum size in order to approximate neighborhood concentrations of poverty. For a detailed explanation of this definition, see **Current Population Reports, Series P-23, No. 19, "Characteristics of Families Residing in 'Poverty Areas': March 1966."**

These 1960 low-income areas were revised in 1969 to provide more up-to-date delineations of low-income areas in selected large cities. The revised areas were used as survey areas for the Census Employment Survey. This survey, in which detailed socioeconomic information on employment-related problems was collected in each of 60 urban and 7 rural areas, was conducted as part of the overall program of the 1970 census. Because of the timing of this project, 1970 census data could not be used to select the survey areas. Instead, changes were made to the 1960 low-income areas based on more recent information acquired from a wide variety of sources and corroborated by knowledgeable local experts. For further information on these CES areas, see **1970 Census of Population and Housing, Employment Profiles of Selected Low-Income Areas, Series PHC(3)**.

Low-Income Neighborhoods

To provide a more detailed geographic breakdown of large central city low-income areas, these areas were further subdivided into "neighborhoods," which consisted of contiguous census tracts with a combined population of 20,000 or more. The neighborhood boundaries were based on currently available socioeconomic data and on recommendations from representatives of local groups such as community action, model cities, city planning, and welfare agencies. In some cases, it was necessary to combine neighborhoods to meet the minimum size require-

ment of 20,000. A few exceptions to this minimum size requirement were made where it was deemed appropriate. It should be noted that detailed sample data become less reliable as the size of the neighborhood decreases.

In some cases, isolated tracts or groups of tracts could not be classified as a neighborhood and were included in a category called "remainder of low-income area." Data were tabulated for these "remainders" if they contained a population of 20,000 or more. Inspection of maps and tract listings is necessary to determine the usefulness of the data for these "remainders."

Poverty Status in 1969

Families and unrelated individuals are classified as being above or below the poverty level using the poverty index adopted by a Federal Interagency Committee in 1969. This index provides a range of income cutoffs or "poverty thresholds" adjusted to take into account such factors as family size, sex and age of family head, number of children, and farm-nonfarm residence. The poverty cutoffs for farm families have been set at 85 percent of the nonfarm levels. These income cutoffs are updated every year to reflect the changes in the Consumer Price Index. The average poverty threshold for a nonfarm family of four was \$3,748 in 1969. (See table C.)

Table C. Weighted Average Thresholds at the Low-Income Level in 1969 By Size of Family Unit, Farm-Nonfarm Residence, and Sex of Head

(Figures in dollars. Based on 5-percent sample)

Size of family unit	Total	Nonfarm			Farm		
		Total	Male head	Female head	Total	Male head	Female head
All unrelated individuals....	1,844	1,849	1,931	1,795	1,570	1,615	1,517
Under 65 years.....	1,897	1,901	1,980	1,830	1,631	1,680	1,550
65 years and over.....	1,749	1,755	1,770	1,750	1,499	1,510	1,490
All families.....	3,380	3,400	3,435	3,124	2,929	2,944	2,610
2 persons.....	2,372	2,388	2,398	2,328	2,017	2,021	1,938
Head under 65 years.....	2,446	2,461	2,474	2,378	2,098	2,102	1,999
Head 65 years and over...	2,200	2,219	2,221	2,204	1,880	1,881	1,871
3 persons.....	2,909	2,927	2,942	2,823	2,478	2,484	2,363
4 persons.....	3,727	3,748	3,750	3,727	3,192	3,193	3,166
5 persons.....	4,385	4,413	4,416	4,372	3,757	3,757	3,747
6 persons.....	4,924	4,958	4,960	4,935	4,224	4,224	4,231
7 or more persons.....	6,058	6,111	6,123	6,009	5,196	5,197	5,152

Source: 1970 Census of Population, Volume II, Subject Reports, Series PC(2)-9A, "Low-Income Population."

The low-income concept has been developed as a tool for measuring the overall economic well-being of the population at the lower end of the income scale. It is an attempt to identify in dollar terms a minimum level of income adequacy for families of different types in keeping with American consumption patterns. Based on an analysis of the percent of income devoted to food expenditures, an estimate was developed which specifies the minimum cost at which an American family, making average choices, can be provided with a diet meeting recommended nutritional goals. Consequently, it is an overall statistical yardstick which reflects the different consumption requirements of families of different size, taking into account family composition (number of adults and number of children) and farm-nonfarm residence. Insofar as individual circumstances or consumption patterns differ, the dollar value of the low-income threshold for a given family size may not represent the money income required by an individual family to maintain a level of economic well-being equivalent to other families with similar incomes. For a detailed explanation of the low-income concept, see appendix B in the volume I reports.

Income in 1969

Income data collected in the census are limited to money income received before payments for personal income taxes and deductions for Social Security, union dues, Medicare, etc. Money income is the sum of the amounts received from earnings; Social Security and public assistance payments; dividends, interest, and rent; unemployment and workmen's compensation; government and private employee pensions; and other periodic income. (Certain money receipts such as capital gains are not included.) Therefore, money income does not reflect the fact that many families receive part of their income in the form of nonmoney transfers such as food stamps, health benefits, and subsidized housing; that many farm families receive nonmoney income in the form of rent-free housing and goods produced and consumed on the farm; or that nonmoney incomes also are received by some nonfarm residents which often take the form of the use of business transportation and facilities, full or partial payments by business for retirement programs, medical and educational expenses, etc. These elements should be considered when comparing income levels.

Since the reporting of income frequently is based on memory rather than on records, there is a tendency to underreport or fail to report some elements of income. Underreporting is especially pronounced for income sources that are not derived

from earnings, such as Social Security and public assistance payments, interest and dividends, etc. For example, in the Current Population Survey it has been determined that income earned from wages or salary tends to be much better reported than other sources of income and is nearly equal to independently derived benchmark estimates. By contrast, recent CPS income data on Social Security and public assistance payments to beneficiaries have averaged approximately 80 and 75 percent, respectively, of their benchmark estimates. In the census the underreporting of these specified types of income and the number of recipients of such income compared with administrative records reflects, for the most part, the failure of some respondents to report them accurately, rather than the failure to enumerate persons receiving them.

Race

Data are shown separately in each table for two racial categories, white and Negro. The category "white" includes persons who indicated their race as white, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories on the questionnaire but entered Mexican, Puerto Rican, or a response suggesting Indo-European stock. The category "Negro" includes persons who indicated their race as Negro or black, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories on the questionnaire but who had such entries as Jamaican, Trinidadian, West Indian, Haitian, and Ethiopian. The classification of families and households by race refers to the race of the family or household head.

Other races shown separately in table 1 are American Indian, Japanese, Chinese, and Filipino. The category "American Indian" includes persons who indicated their race as American Indian, as well as persons who did not indicate a specific race category but reported the name of an Indian tribe.

Persons of Spanish Language

Persons of Spanish language comprise persons who reported Spanish as their mother tongue (i.e., the language usually spoken in the home when these persons were children) and also include all other persons in families in which the head or wife reported Spanish as his or her mother tongue. Persons of Spanish language may be of any race, although the large majority are white. Table 1 shows the distribution of persons of Spanish language by race.

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas

Except in the New England States, a standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA) is a county or group of contiguous counties which contains at least one city of 50,000 inhabitants or more, or "twin cities" with a combined population of at least 50,000. In addition to the county or counties containing such a city or cities, contiguous counties are included in an SMSA if, according to certain criteria, they are socially and economically integrated with the central city. In the New England States, SMSA's consist of towns and cities instead of counties. Each SMSA must include at least one central city, and the complete title of an SMSA identifies the central city or cities. For a detailed description of the criteria used in defining SMSA's, see the Office of Management and Budget (formerly Bureau of the Budget) publication, *Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas: 1967*, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402.

Census Tracts

Census tracts are small areas averaging about 4,000 residents into which large cities and adjacent areas have been divided for statistical purposes. Tract boundaries were established cooperatively by local committees and the Bureau of the Census with the intention of maintaining them over a long time so that comparisons could be made from census to census. Generally, tracts were designed to be relatively uniform with respect to population characteristics, economic status, and living conditions. For further information, see *1970 Census of Population and Housing, Census Tracts, Series PHC(1)*.

SAMPLE SIZE

The data presented here are based on a 15-percent sample and are therefore subject to sampling variability. Definitions and technical explanations relating to the statistics in this report, as well as information on sampling variability, may be found in the volume II report, PC(2)-9B, "Low-Income Areas in Large Cities" or in the volume I reports.

Inmates of institutions, members of the Armed Forces living in barracks, college students living in dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 14 years old are excluded from the tabulations. Thus, the number of all persons shown for a given area will not equal the total population counts commonly cited from census reports.

DERIVED FIGURES AND SYMBOLS

Derived Figures

Percents, medians, and means, as well as certain rates and ratios, are used in this report. For all types of derived figures shown, the figure is not presented if the base is smaller than the minimum number (132) prescribed for the 15-percent sample. Instead, a symbol has been inserted.

Symbols

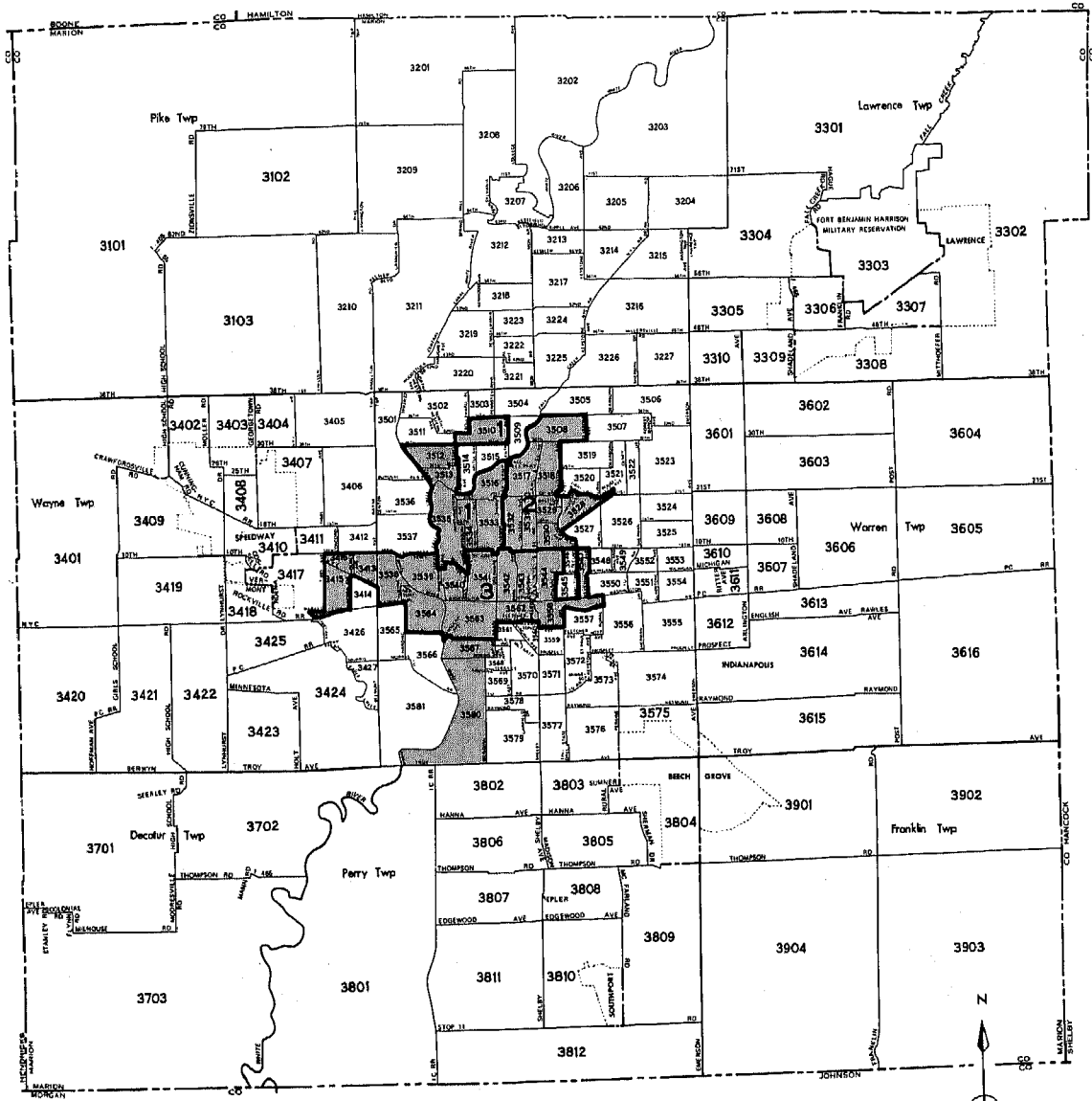
A dash "-" signifies zero. Three dots "..." mean that the data are being withheld to avoid disclosure of information for individuals or households or that the base for the derived figure is too small for it to be shown. Any other symbols used are explained on the individual table in which they occur.

Table D. Census Tract Composition of Low-Income Neighborhoods in Indianapolis, Ind.: 1970

<u>Neighborhood 1</u>		<u>Neighborhood 2</u>		<u>Neighborhood 3</u>		
3510	3533	3508	3529	3413	3540	3547
3512	3534	3517	3530	3415	3541	3558
3513	3535	3518	3531	3416	3542	3562
3516		3528	3532	3538	3543	3563
				3539	3544	3564

INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA

1970 LOW-INCOME NEIGHBORHOODS



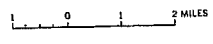
BOUNDARY SYMBOLS

Census Tract Boundaries:

- County
- Corporate Limit
- Minor Civil Division
- Other Tracts

Boundaries Which Are Not Tracts:

- Corporate Limit
- Minor Civil Division



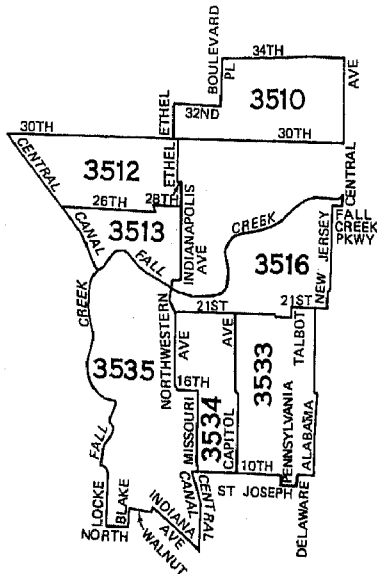
LOW-INCOME NEIGHBORHOOD

LOW-INCOME AREA

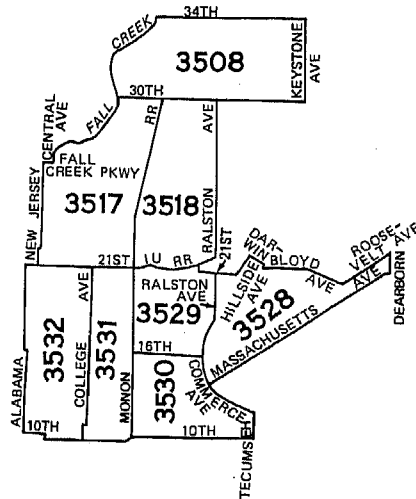
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS ADMINISTRATION
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA 1970 LOW-INCOME NEIGHBORHOODS

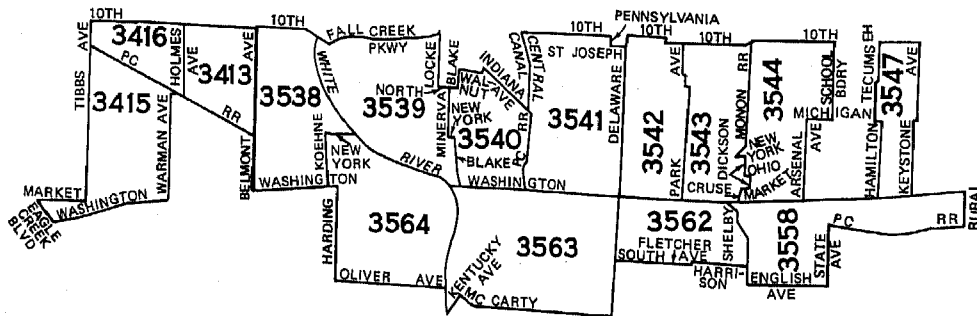
NEIGHBORHOOD 1



NEIGHBORHOOD 2



NEIGHBORHOOD 3



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS ADMINISTRATION
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

Table A-1. Selected Characteristics of Persons and Families by Residence in Census Tracts With a Poverty Rate of 20 Percent or More: 1970

(Excludes inmates of institutions, members of Armed Forces living in barracks, college students living in dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 14 years. Data based on 15-percent sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text)

Indianapolis	Neighborhood 01				Neighborhood 02				Neighborhood 03			
	All races	White	Negro	Persons of Spanish language	All races	White	Negro	Persons of Spanish language	All races	White	Negro	Persons of Spanish language
RACE												
All Income Levels												
All persons	29 031	6 011	22 896	202	27 296	4 095	23 130	147	30 815	23 988	6 703	205
Persons of Spanish language	202	36	141	202	147	76	71	147	205	143	56	205
White	6 011	6 011	-	36	4 095	4 095	-	76	23 988	23 988	-	143
Negro	22 896	-	22 896	141	23 130	-	23 130	71	6 703	-	6 703	56
Other races	124	-	-	25	71	-	-	-	124	-	-	6
American Indian	-	-	-	-	27	-	-	-	27	-	-	-
Japanese	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	34	-	-	-
Chinese	48	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	-
Filipino	34	-	-	25	9	-	-	-	28	-	-	-
All other	36	-	-	-	35	-	-	-	29	-	-	6
Percent Below Poverty Level												
All persons	29.9	20.9	32.3	43.1	29.1	21.2	30.5	21.8	28.4	26.0	37.2	6.8
Persons of Spanish language	43.1	-	46.8	43.1	21.8	-	-	21.8	6.8	9.8	-	6.8
White	20.9	20.9	-	-	21.2	21.2	-	-	26.0	26.0	-	9.8
Negro	32.3	-	32.3	46.8	30.5	-	30.5	-	37.2	-	37.2	-
Other races	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
American Indian	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Japanese	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Chinese	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Filipino	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
All other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
RELATIONSHIP TO HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD FOR PERSONS BELOW POVERTY LEVEL												
All persons	8 677	1 256	7 406	87	7 947	869	7 051	32	8 746	6 232	2 492	14
65 years and over	1 755	559	1 196	-	823	253	570	-	1 796	1 422	361	-
In households	8 495	1 112	7 368	80	7 891	845	7 019	32	7 887	5 414	2 451	6
Head of household	3 438	764	2 665	19	2 366	384	1 982	7	3 258	2 432	804	6
Family head	1 660	150	1 510	13	1 474	137	1 337	7	1 352	877	468	-
65 years and over	338	63	275	-	210	59	151	-	292	183	102	-
Female	1 036	54	982	6	683	31	652	-	571	288	283	-
Primary individual	1 778	614	1 155	6	892	247	645	-	1 906	1 555	336	6
65 years and over	953	337	616	-	426	127	299	-	1 223	1 036	181	-
Female	1 182	365	817	6	549	167	382	-	1 196	946	241	-
Related child under 18 years	3 435	90	3 345	54	3 934	209	3 713	9	3 280	2 044	1 236	-
Related child under 6 years	1 150	30	1 120	18	1 326	62	1 260	9	918	566	352	-
Other relative of head	1 115	136	979	7	1 236	145	1 076	16	1 108	748	360	-
Not related to head	507	122	379	-	355	107	248	-	241	190	51	-
In group quarters	182	144	38	7	56	24	32	-	859	818	41	8
AGE												
All males below poverty level	3 434	481	2 944	24	3 346	356	2 990	14	3 812	2 788	1 011	14
Under 3 years	277	14	263	-	276	9	267	-	242	150	92	-
3 to 5 years	287	3	284	11	393	15	378	-	284	185	99	-
6 to 13 years	787	15	772	-	850	67	783	-	782	493	289	-
14 to 17 years	398	7	382	6	309	24	285	-	390	253	137	-
18 to 21 years	215	80	135	-	223	32	191	-	207	149	58	6
22 to 24 years	126	65	61	-	79	11	68	-	70	43	27	-
25 to 34 years	157	46	111	-	212	20	192	7	201	184	17	-
35 to 44 years	182	17	165	-	206	32	174	7	307	264	43	8
45 to 54 years	200	36	164	-	186	32	154	-	354	297	57	-
55 to 64 years	242	33	209	7	246	15	231	-	307	243	64	-
65 years and over	563	165	398	-	366	99	267	-	668	527	128	-
Median age	16.7	40.2	14.6	...	15.0	34.0	13.9	...	21.0	30.6	13.7	...
All females below poverty level	5 243	775	4 462	63	4 601	513	4 061	18	4 934	3 444	1 481	-
Under 3 years	308	4	304	7	298	9	289	9	228	116	112	-
3 to 5 years	278	9	269	-	359	29	326	-	164	115	49	-
6 to 13 years	893	22	871	30	977	52	917	-	837	539	298	-
14 to 17 years	297	16	281	-	537	14	523	-	387	227	160	-
18 to 21 years	383	125	258	7	346	39	297	-	576	476	100	-
22 to 24 years	186	26	154	-	100	-	95	-	203	157	46	-
25 to 34 years	492	43	449	6	456	53	403	9	420	262	158	-
35 to 44 years	396	22	374	6	411	48	363	-	309	208	92	-
45 to 54 years	352	25	327	7	349	71	278	-	344	229	115	-
55 to 64 years	466	89	377	-	311	44	267	-	338	220	118	-
65 years and over	1 192	394	798	-	457	154	303	-	1 128	695	233	-
Median age	29.6	64.3	26.1	...	18.5	45.8	16.8	...	25.7	27.5	22.4	-
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED												
All Income Levels	7 489	2 037	5 407	82	6 584	1 222	5 345	54	9 162	7 426	1 686	88
Male, 22 years and over	1 595	218	1 372	-	1 807	314	1 476	20	2 213	1 589	618	14
Elementary: 0 to 7 years	1 015	282	727	10	934	227	707	7	1 801	1 551	243	-
8 years	2 100	286	1 805	-	2 300	378	1 922	8	2 375	1 885	472	37
High school: 1 to 3 years	1 637	655	982	12	1 224	200	1 024	-	1 755	1 495	260	32
4 years	630	275	355	16	229	47	182	19	467	390	74	-
College: 1 to 3 years	512	321	166	44	90	56	34	-	551	516	19	5
4 years or more	10.6	12.4	10.0	...	9.7	9.6	9.8	...	9.7	9.9	8.9	...

Table A-1. Selected Characteristics of Persons and Families by Residence in Census Tracts With a Poverty Rate of 20 Percent or More: 1970-Continued

[Excludes inmates of institutions, members of Armed Forces living in barracks, college students living in dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 14 years. Data based on 15-percent sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Indianapolis	Neighborhood 01				Neighborhood 02				Neighborhood 03			
	All races	White	Negro	Persons of Spanish language	All races	White	Negro	Persons of Spanish language	All races	White	Negro	Persons of Spanish language
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED—Con.												
All Income Levels—Con.												
Female, 22 years and over	10 079	2 904	7 146	43	7 825	1 442	6 351	17	9 557	7 550	1 950	38
Elementary: 0 to 7 years	1 619	245	1 364	—	1 644	296	1 321	9	1 817	1 289	528	13
8 years	1 478	512	962	—	1 293	380	908	—	2 019	1 672	345	—
High school: 1 to 3 years	2 826	505	2 321	6	2 858	347	2 511	8	2 718	2 030	681	11
4 years	2 834	985	1 849	14	1 600	291	1 309	—	2 148	1 806	321	14
College: 1 to 3 years	776	387	383	18	314	77	237	—	462	407	55	—
4 years or more	546	270	267	5	116	51	65	—	393	346	20	—
Median years of school completed	11.1	12.2	10.6	...	10.0	9.4	10.1	...	10.0	10.2	9.4	...
Income Below Poverty Level												
Male, 22 years and over	1 470	362	1 108	7	1 295	209	1 086	14	1 907	1 558	336	8
Less than 8 years	429	91	338	—	530	75	455	7	717	538	173	8
8 to 11 years	675	105	570	—	631	129	502	7	827	687	133	—
12 years or more	366	166	200	7	134	5	129	—	363	333	30	—
Female, 22 years and over	3 084	599	2 479	19	2 084	370	1 709	9	2 742	1 971	762	—
Less than 8 years	776	101	675	—	561	83	478	9	803	579	224	—
8 to 11 years	1 544	288	1 256	6	1 119	180	934	—	1 347	946	401	—
12 years or more	764	210	548	13	404	107	297	—	592	446	137	—
EMPLOYMENT STATUS AND AGE												
All Income Levels												
Male												
16 to 21 years ¹	1 339	201	1 129	—	1 266	191	1 075	39	1 351	1 010	334	18
Employed	552	135	417	—	550	99	451	20	689	574	115	18
Unemployed	234	23	211	—	160	36	124	19	164	100	64	—
Not in labor force	544	43	492	—	550	56	494	—	492	330	155	—
22 to 64 years ¹	5 971	1 551	4 380	72	5 463	917	4 529	41	7 430	6 022	1 371	88
Employed	4 854	1 328	3 486	72	4 185	757	3 411	19	5 991	4 960	994	35
Unemployed	317	53	264	—	470	57	413	15	553	399	154	24
Not in labor force	746	153	593	—	779	103	676	7	886	663	223	29
Family head, 22 to 64 years ¹	3 265	696	2 554	13	3 554	514	3 023	34	4 099	3 346	734	46
Employed	2 847	613	2 219	13	2 867	433	2 417	19	3 547	2 904	624	22
Unemployed	120	15	105	—	286	36	250	15	197	167	30	10
Not in labor force	285	60	225	—	379	45	334	—	355	275	80	14
Female												
16 to 21 years	1 891	397	1 494	7	1 541	177	1 354	8	1 899	1 564	335	12
Employed	814	222	592	7	441	40	401	—	657	568	89	—
Unemployed	222	28	194	—	140	20	120	—	92	84	8	—
Not in civilian labor force	855	147	708	—	960	117	833	8	1 150	912	238	12
22 to 64 years	7 366	1 664	5 683	29	6 592	1 021	5 577	17	7 108	5 497	1 554	38
Employed	4 649	1 138	3 496	11	3 392	474	2 918	8	3 553	2 768	744	18
Unemployed	310	62	248	6	336	16	320	—	307	226	81	—
Not in civilian labor force	2 407	464	1 939	12	2 864	531	2 319	9	3 248	2 503	729	20
Family head, 22 to 64 years	1 737	164	1 573	6	1 381	94	1 287	—	1 036	618	411	—
Employed	1 170	134	1 036	—	892	67	825	—	680	428	245	—
Unemployed	110	—	110	6	89	—	89	—	71	48	23	—
Not in civilian labor force	457	30	427	—	400	27	373	—	285	142	143	—
Wife of head, 22 to 64 years	3 053	581	2 468	12	3 404	548	2 851	9	3 922	3 229	674	38
Employed	1 636	299	1 337	—	1 437	189	1 248	—	1 556	1 247	297	18
Unemployed	67	—	67	—	146	10	136	—	128	111	17	—
Not in civilian labor force	1 350	282	1 064	12	1 821	349	1 467	9	2 238	1 871	360	20
Income Below Poverty Level												
Male												
16 to 21 years ¹	397	80	308	—	361	40	321	—	374	277	97	6
Employed	142	53	89	—	116	13	103	—	121	103	18	—
Unemployed	103	18	85	—	29	6	23	—	84	61	23	—
Not in labor force	152	9	134	—	216	21	195	—	169	113	56	—
22 to 64 years ¹	907	197	710	7	929	110	819	14	1 239	1 031	208	8
Employed	455	147	308	7	521	49	472	—	696	585	111	8
Unemployed	86	—	86	—	87	18	69	—	133	129	4	—
Not in labor force	366	50	316	—	321	43	278	7	410	317	93	—
Family head, 22 to 64 years ¹	341	52	289	7	580	58	522	7	511	402	109	—
Employed	209	39	170	7	356	25	331	—	338	250	88	—
Unemployed	16	—	16	—	72	18	54	—	41	41	—	—
Not in labor force	116	13	103	—	152	15	137	—	132	111	21	—

¹Includes members of Armed Forces not living in barracks and not shown separately.

Table A-1. Selected Characteristics of Persons and Families by Residence in Census Tracts With a Poverty Rate of 20 Percent or More: 1970—Continued

[Excludes inmates of institutions, members of Armed Forces living in barracks, college students living in dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 14 years. Data based on 15 percent sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text.]

Indianapolis

SELECTED OCCUPATIONS—Con.

Income Below Poverty Level

Male employed, 22 to 64 yrs.²

	Neighborhood 01				Neighborhood 02				Neighborhood 03			
	All races	White	Negro	Persons of Spanish language	All races	White	Negro	Persons of Spanish language	All races	White	Negro	Persons of Spanish language
Prof., tech., and kindred workers	455	147	308	7	521	49	472	—	696	585	111	4
Managers and admin., exc. farm	54	37	17	7	6	—	6	—	41	41	—	—
Sales workers	21	7	14	—	5	—	5	—	—	—	—	—
Clerical and kindred workers	7	—	—	—	24	—	24	—	27	27	—	—
Craftsmen and kindred workers	43	43	—	—	43	—	43	—	31	31	—	—
Operatives, except transport	86	—	86	—	58	5	53	—	134	88	46	—
Transport equipment operatives	47	26	21	—	152	29	123	—	98	84	14	8
Laborers, except farm	17	—	17	—	49	12	37	—	70	54	16	—
Service workers, exc. private hshld	60	18	42	—	94	3	91	—	132	123	9	—
Private household workers	110	9	101	—	71	—	71	—	163	137	26	—
	10	—	10	—	4	—	4	—	—	—	—	—

Female employed, 22 to 64 yrs.²

Prof., tech., and kindred workers	832	73	753	6	559	49	510	—	574	363	211	—
Managers and admin., exc. farm	50	6	38	—	25	6	19	—	26	14	12	—
Sales workers	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Clerical and kindred workers	13	6	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Craftsmen and kindred workers	131	25	106	—	36	12	24	—	33	33	—	—
Operatives, except transport	24	—	24	—	45	6	39	—	99	61	38	—
Transport equipment operatives	66	6	60	—	8	—	8	—	—	—	—	—
Laborers, except farm	—	—	—	—	50	—	50	—	78	37	41	—
Service workers, exc. private hshld	7	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	16	16	—	—
Private household workers	336	17	319	—	7	—	7	—	7	7	—	—
	205	13	192	6	176	25	151	—	260	174	86	—
					175	—	175	—	41	21	20	—

FAMILY STATUS AND AGE

All Income Levels

Both Sexes

Head of family: 14 to 21 yrs.	287	49	238	—	276	37	239	10	290	259	31	5
22 to 54 yrs.	4 016	607	3 394	12	4 064	462	3 593	34	3 984	3 096	862	32
Wife of head: 14 to 21 yrs.	332	96	236	—	316	48	258	8	418	363	55	5
22 to 54 yrs.	2 498	434	2 060	12	2 786	454	2 327	9	3 188	2 610	559	25
Unrelated indiv.: 14 to 21 yrs.	589	262	318	7	237	114	123	—	756	696	60	6
22 to 54 yrs.	2 739	1 126	1 573	46	1 476	355	1 121	8	2 675	2 224	419	13

Female

Head of family: 14 to 21 yrs.	156	17	139	—	112	—	112	—	68	46	22	—
22 to 54 yrs.	1 440	93	1 347	6	1 211	85	1 126	—	879	545	327	—
Unrelated indiv.: 14 to 21 yrs.	378	178	200	7	119	74	45	—	610	572	38	—
22 to 54 yrs.	1 149	523	611	11	668	155	513	8	827	675	128	—

Income Below Poverty Level

Both Sexes

Head of family: 14 to 21 yrs.	114	9	105	—	108	—	108	—	66	44	22	—
22 to 54 yrs.	1 037	60	977	6	984	78	906	7	851	570	281	—
Wife of head: 14 to 21 yrs.	50	16	34	—	97	8	79	—	55	35	20	—
22 to 54 yrs.	277	29	248	7	407	67	335	9	446	362	84	—
Unrelated indiv.: 14 to 21 yrs.	343	173	161	7	171	68	103	—	551	513	38	6
22 to 54 yrs.	620	185	429	6	409	115	294	—	735	631	95	8

Female

Head of family: 14 to 21 yrs.	83	—	83	—	76	—	76	—	34	12	22	—
22 to 54 yrs.	766	15	751	6	533	20	513	—	437	243	194	—
Unrelated indiv.: 14 to 21 yrs.	218	109	109	7	70	36	34	—	467	429	38	—
22 to 54 yrs.	295	66	223	6	247	85	162	—	276	218	49	—

²Includes "farm workers" not shown separately.

Table A-2. Characteristics of the Population by Residence in Census Tracts With a Poverty Rate of 20 Percent or More: 1970—Continued

(Excludes inmates of institutions, members of Armed Forces living in barracks, college students living in dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 14 years. Data based on 15-percent sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text)

Indianapolis	Neighborhood 01				Neighborhood 02				Neighborhood 03			
	All races	White	Negro	Persons of Spanish language	All races	White	Negro	Persons of Spanish language	All races	White	Negro	Persons of Spanish language
PERSONS 16 TO 21 YEARS OLD NOT IN SCHOOL—Con.												
Income Below Poverty Level												
Male	195	53	142	—	175	26	149	—	221	185	36	6
Not high school graduate	124	17	107	—	118	—	118	—	188	152	36	—
Employed or in Armed Forces	41	17	24	—	68	—	68	—	62	51	11	—
Unemployed	43	—	43	—	16	—	16	—	68	50	18	—
Not in labor force	40	—	40	—	34	—	34	—	58	51	7	—
High school graduate	71	36	35	—	57	26	31	—	33	33	—	6
Employed or in Armed Forces	53	18	35	—	37	13	24	—	26	26	—	6
Unemployed	18	18	—	—	7	—	7	—	7	—	—	—
Not in labor force	—	—	—	—	13	13	—	—	7	7	—	—
Female	324	40	284	—	297	34	253	—	196	115	81	—
Not high school graduate	228	7	221	—	217	8	199	—	129	88	41	—
Employed or in Armed Forces	47	7	40	—	57	8	49	—	37	18	19	—
Unemployed	44	—	44	—	21	—	21	—	11	11	—	—
Not in labor force	137	—	137	—	139	—	129	—	81	59	22	—
High school graduate	96	33	63	—	80	26	54	—	67	27	40	—
Employed or in Armed Forces	38	15	23	—	31	8	23	—	47	7	40	—
Unemployed	7	7	—	—	8	8	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in labor force	51	11	40	—	41	10	31	—	20	20	—	—
MARRIED COUPLES AND CHILDREN												
All Income Levels												
Married couples	3 981	823	3 143	23	4 174	679	3 495	15	4 871	4 020	825	51
With own household	3 924	823	3 086	23	4 058	651	3 407	15	4 765	3 929	810	51
Without own household	57	—	57	—	116	28	88	—	106	91	15	—
With own children under 18 yr	1 825	262	1 548	6	2 202	306	1 896	7	2 465	2 015	443	32
With own children under 6 yr	1 033	179	839	6	1 288	192	1 096	7	1 556	1 302	250	14
With husband under 45 years	1 793	371	1 407	6	2 016	255	1 761	15	2 405	2 044	342	21
With own children under 18 yr	1 267	205	1 047	6	1 568	195	1 373	7	1 847	1 542	298	16
Related child, under 18 yr	9 211	543	8 627	70	11 035	1 159	9 864	29	9 712	7 064	2 634	63
Living with both parents	4 614	418	4 155	16	5 998	919	5 067	22	6 641	5 267	1 360	63
Percent living with both parents	50.1	77.0	48.2	...	54.4	79.3	51.4	...	68.4	74.6	51.6	...
Living with mother only	3 931	125	3 806	54	3 816	136	3 680	7	2 369	1 338	1 031	—
Living with father only	99	—	99	—	476	55	421	—	347	265	82	—
Living with neither parent	567	—	567	—	745	49	696	—	355	194	161	—
Income Below Poverty Level												
Related child, under 18 yr	3 435	90	3 345	54	3 934	209	3 713	9	3 280	2 044	1 236	—
Living with both parents	766	50	716	—	1 327	158	1 157	9	1 378	1 031	347	—
Percent living with both parents	22.3	...	21.4	...	33.7	75.6	31.2	...	42.0	50.4	28.1	...
Living with mother only	2 507	40	2 467	54	2 167	51	2 116	—	1 618	860	758	—
Living with father only	—	—	—	—	96	—	96	—	139	96	43	—
Living with neither parent	162	—	162	—	344	—	344	—	145	57	88	—
FERTILITY BY AGE OF WOMAN												
All Income Levels												
Women ever married:												
15 to 24 years	952	249	703	5	956	162	779	16	1 275	1 067	202	11
25 to 34 years	1 324	155	1 165	6	1 459	229	1 230	9	1 475	1 208	261	12
35 to 44 years	1 277	148	1 129	6	1 405	145	1 260	—	1 065	746	308	—
Children ever born per 1,000 women ever married:												
15 to 24 years	1 325	815	1 505	...	1 686	1 043	1 782	...	1 368	1 251	2 025	...
25 to 34 years	2 992	1 890	3 142	...	3 053	3 376	2 993	...	2 995	2 878	3 582	...
35 to 44 years	3 595	2 615	3 724	...	3 925	4 393	3 871	—	3 620	3 560	3 873	—
Income Below Poverty Level												
Women ever married:												
15 to 24 years	255	43	212	—	274	13	246	—	222	148	74	—
25 to 34 years	363	31	332	6	388	47	341	9	359	254	105	—
35 to 44 years	344	22	322	6	335	26	309	—	289	202	78	—
Children ever born per 1,000 women ever married:												
15 to 24 years	1 749	...	1 986	—	2 266	...	2 240	—	1 554	1 345	...	—
25 to 34 years	3 961	...	4 133	...	3 889	...	3 798	...	4 109	3 803	...	...
35 to 44 years	4 442	...	4 602	...	4 621	...	4 893	...	3 758	3 807	...	...

Table A-3. Employment Characteristics of the Population by Residence in Census Tracts With a Poverty Rate of 20 Percent or More: 1970—Continued

(Excludes inmates of institutions, members of Armed Forces living in barracks, college students living in dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 14 years. Data based on 15-percent sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text.)

Indianapolis	Neighborhood 01				Neighborhood 02				Neighborhood 03			
	All races	White	Negro	Persons of Spanish language	All races	White	Negro	Persons of Spanish language	All races	White	Negro	Persons of Spanish language
EMPLOYMENT STATUS—Continued												
Income Below Poverty Level—Con.												
Male—Continued												
16 to 24 years old¹ -----	523	145	369	--	440	51	389	--	444	320	124	6
Employed-----	223	101	122	--	167	13	154	--	180	146	34	6
Unemployed-----	116	18	98	--	45	17	28	--	84	61	23	--
Not in labor force-----	184	26	149	--	228	21	207	--	180	113	67	--
25 to 64 years old¹ -----	781	132	649	7	850	99	751	14	1 169	988	181	8
Employed-----	374	99	275	7	470	49	421	7	637	542	95	8
Unemployed-----	73	--	73	--	71	7	64	--	133	129	4	--
Not in labor force-----	334	33	301	--	309	43	266	7	399	317	82	--
Family head, 25 to 64 years old¹ -----	308	52	256	7	508	47	461	7	479	392	87	--
Employed-----	191	39	152	7	312	25	287	7	312	240	72	--
Unemployed-----	16	--	16	--	56	7	49	--	41	41	--	--
Not in labor force-----	101	13	88	--	140	15	125	--	126	111	15	--
Female												
Total, 16 years old and over -----	3 619	724	2 899	26	2 656	423	2 218	9	3 507	2 533	965	--
Civilian labor force-----	1 272	166	1 100	19	830	83	747	--	880	575	305	--
Employed-----	1 069	152	911	13	703	75	628	--	759	483	276	--
At work-----	998	145	847	13	667	67	600	--	730	467	263	--
Full time-----	671	88	577	--	414	42	372	--	457	275	182	--
With a job but not at work-----	71	7	64	--	36	8	28	--	29	16	13	--
Unemployed-----	203	14	189	6	127	8	119	--	121	92	29	--
Percent unemployed-----	16.0	8.4	17.2	..	15.3	..	15.9	--	13.8	16.0	9.5	--
Not in civilian labor force-----	2 347	558	1 789	7	1 826	340	1 471	9	2 627	1 958	660	--
Enrolled in school-----	113	34	79	--	239	15	224	--	568	442	126	--
Other-----	2 234	524	1 710	7	1 587	325	1 247	9	2 059	1 516	534	--
65 years old and over-----	1 120	394	726	--	423	148	275	--	1 074	847	227	--
With own children under 6 years old-----	670	29	641	6	686	45	626	9	515	353	162	--
Percent in civilian labor force-----	43.1	...	44.5	...	37.0	...	39.6	...	43.1	39.4	51.2	--
With own children 6 to 17 years old-----	872	31	841	6	785	54	726	--	732	470	262	--
Percent in civilian labor force-----	51.6	...	52.8	...	46.0	...	48.1	...	45.4	41.1	53.1	--
16 to 24 years old -----	721	151	564	7	672	53	604	--	968	719	249	--
Employed-----	248	92	150	7	127	20	107	--	202	125	77	--
Unemployed-----	110	14	96	--	43	8	35	--	16	16	--	--
Not in civilian labor force-----	363	45	318	--	502	25	462	--	750	578	172	--
25 to 64 years old -----	1 706	179	1 527	19	1 527	216	1 311	9	1 411	919	483	--
Employed-----	756	60	696	6	542	49	493	--	503	310	193	--
Unemployed-----	86	--	86	6	84	--	84	--	105	76	29	--
Not in civilian labor force-----	864	119	745	7	901	167	734	9	803	533	261	--
Family head, 25 to 64 years old -----	790	26	764	6	565	20	545	--	445	215	230	--
Employed-----	388	6	382	--	279	6	273	--	234	107	127	--
Unemployed-----	47	--	47	6	48	--	48	--	40	28	12	--
Not in civilian labor force-----	355	20	335	--	238	14	224	--	171	80	91	--
Wife of head, 25 to 64 years old -----	326	36	290	7	469	74	395	9	501	410	91	--
Employed-----	71	--	71	--	121	6	115	--	95	88	7	--
Unemployed-----	8	--	8	8	8	--	8	--	28	28	--	--
Not in civilian labor force-----	247	36	211	7	340	68	272	9	378	294	84	--
PLACE OF WORK												
All workers² -----	11 326	3 111	8 160	90	8 467	1 380	7 079	47	11 234	9 238	1 935	71
Inside SMSA of residence-----	9 066	2 545	6 466	90	7 083	1 177	5 898	37	10 312	8 567	1 692	53
In county of residence-----	8 920	2 505	6 360	90	7 017	1 156	5 853	37	10 113	8 402	1 658	53
In central city-----	7 896	2 296	5 545	78	6 110	1 017	5 085	37	9 251	7 727	1 471	47
Outside county of residence-----	146	40	106	--	66	21	45	--	199	165	34	--
In central city-----	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Outside SMSA of residence-----	92	38	54	--	170	23	147	--	127	100	27	--
Workers below poverty level² -----	1 656	340	1 310	20	1 290	135	1 155	--	1 543	1 151	392	14
Inside SMSA of residence-----	1 216	245	965	20	1 072	94	978	--	1 448	1 077	371	14
In county of residence-----	1 199	245	948	20	1 069	91	978	--	1 443	1 072	371	14
In central city-----	1 063	225	832	14	850	79	771	--	1 341	1 018	323	14
Outside county of residence-----	17	--	17	--	3	3	--	--	5	5	--	--
In central city-----	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Outside SMSA of residence-----	22	9	13	--	12	12	--	--	7	7	--	--
MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION TO WORK												
All workers -----	11 326	3 111	8 160	90	8 467	1 380	7 079	47	11 234	9 238	1 935	71
Private automobile, driver-----	4 727	1 280	3 447	46	3 730	719	3 011	29	4 932	4 152	763	25
Private automobile, passenger-----	1 762	391	1 371	5	1 836	251	1 585	10	1 587	1 297	279	--
Bus, streetcar, or subway-----	2 745	728	2 017	7	1 911	176	1 727	8	1 803	1 252	548	19
Walked only-----	1 441	441	957	32	741	166	575	--	2 379	2 084	273	27
Worked at home-----	232	114	118	--	120	34	86	--	225	206	19	--
Other means-----	419	157	250	--	129	34	95	--	308	247	53	--
Workers below poverty level -----	1 656	340	1 310	20	1 290	135	1 155	--	1 543	1 151	392	14
Private automobile, driver-----	453	110	343	6	390	84	306	--	373	288	85	--
Private automobile, passenger-----	207	26	181	--	305	11	294	--	175	120	55	--
Bus, streetcar, or subway-----	553	83	470	7	430	24	406	--	372	178	194	--
Walked only-----	349	103	246	7	125	16	109	--	473	435	38	14
Worked at home-----	52	9	43	--	29	--	29	--	90	77	13	--
Other means-----	42	9	27	--	11	--	11	--	60	53	7	--

¹Includes members of Armed Forces not living in barracks and not shown separately. ²Includes "Place of work not reported" not shown separately.

Table A-5. Income Characteristics in 1969 of Families and Unrelated Individuals by Residence in Census Tracts With a Poverty Rate of 20 Percent or More: 1970-Continued

[Excludes inmates of institutions, members of Armed Forces living in barracks, college students living in dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 14 years. Data based on 15-percent sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Indianapolis	Neighborhood 01				Neighborhood 02				Neighborhood 03			
	All races	White	Negro	Persons of Spanish language	All races	White	Negro	Persons of Spanish language	All races	White	Negro	Persons of Spanish language
TYPE OF INCOME FOR FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS-Continued												
All unrelated individuals	6 610	2 968	3 593	53	3 137	966	2 171	8	7 002	6 018	936	19
With earnings	4 388	1 940	2 408	53	1 869	565	1 304	8	4 400	3 781	586	19
Mean earnings	\$4 597	\$5 170	\$4 144	...	\$4 157	\$4 304	\$4 093	...	\$4 695	\$4 790	\$4 021	...
Percent below poverty level	20.8	17.3	23.7	...	18.9	18.2	19.2	...	22.5	23.1	19.5	...
65 years and over	516	270	246	...	105	57	48	...	560	500	60	...
Mean earnings	\$3 026	\$3 739	\$2 244	...	...	...	...	...	\$3 565	\$3 499	...	...
Percent below poverty level	20.9	5.9	37.4	...	...	...	...	...	15.7	15.4	...	...
With Social Security income	1 925	1 047	878	...	929	344	585	...	2 185	1 942	237	...
Mean Social Security income	\$1 110	\$1 242	\$952	...	\$1 220	\$1 147	\$1 242	...	\$1 049	\$1 071	\$854	...
Percent below poverty level	54.8	43.5	68.3	...	58.7	49.7	63.9	...	63.5	61.8	75.9	...
65 years and over	1 656	929	727	...	613	261	352	...	1 825	1 664	155	...
Mean Social Security income	\$1 115	\$1 255	\$935	...	\$1 229	\$1 143	\$1 293	...	\$1 078	\$1 096	\$873	...
With public assistance income	358	80	278	...	260	72	188	...	359	245	108	...
Mean public assistance income	\$666	...	\$656	...	\$636	...	\$619	...	\$607	\$663	...	...
Percent below poverty level	71.2	...	70.5	...	81.2	...	83.5	...	75.8	68.2	...	...
65 years old and over	243	58	185	...	127	23	104	...	194	137	51	...
Mean public assistance income	\$664	...	\$660	...	...	...	...	...	\$574	\$620	...	...
With other income	1 706	1 123	583	...	507	329	178	...	1 667	1 527	131	...
Mean other income	\$1 677	\$2 089	\$884	...	\$1 007	\$1 102	\$831	...	\$1 557	\$1 595	...	...
Percent below poverty level	23.0	14.1	40.3	...	40.6	40.4	41.0	...	29.8	28.0	...	...
65 years old and over	835	612	223	...	241	189	52	...	875	803	72	...
Mean other income	\$2 323	\$2 833	\$923	...	\$1 110	\$1 278	...	...	\$2 038	\$2 102	...	...
WEEKS WORKED												
All income levels												
Male family heads												
Worked in 1969	4 207	909	3 283	23	4 454	728	3 709	44	5 116	4 193	897	51
50 to 52 weeks	3 528	761	2 752	13	3 750	576	3 157	44	4 350	3 606	725	51
40 to 49 weeks	2 328	498	1 815	6	2 382	395	1 979	19	2 935	2 379	541	28
27 to 39 weeks	686	129	557	...	834	118	707	18	780	673	107	8
26 weeks or less	170	9	161	...	270	11	259	...	274	233	37	5
Did not work in 1969	344	125	219	7	264	52	212	7	361	321	40	10
Female family heads	679	148	531	10	704	152	552	...	766	587	172	...
Worked in 1969	2 183	284	1 899	6	1 687	154	1 533	...	1 355	852	496	...
50 to 52 weeks	1 492	168	1 324	6	1 234	78	1 156	...	879	567	305	...
40 to 49 weeks	779	104	675	...	723	64	659	...	404	288	116	...
27 to 39 weeks	256	6	250	...	251	7	244	...	197	103	87	...
26 weeks or less	133	9	124	...	146	7	139	...	98	60	38	...
Did not work in 1969	324	49	275	6	114	...	114	...	180	116	64	...
Female family heads	691	116	575	...	453	76	377	...	476	285	191	...
Income Below Poverty Level												
Male family heads												
Worked in 1969	624	96	528	7	791	106	685	7	781	589	185	...
50 to 52 weeks	339	53	286	7	495	56	439	7	454	361	93	...
Did not work in 1969	100	9	91	...	202	33	169	...	167	109	58	...
Female family heads	285	43	242	...	296	50	246	...	327	228	92	...
Worked in 1969	1 036	54	982	6	683	31	652	...	571	288	283	...
50 to 52 weeks	551	21	530	6	437	6	431	...	338	188	150	...
Did not work in 1969	157	...	157	...	205	6	199	...	75	21	54	...
Female family heads	485	33	452	...	246	25	221	...	233	100	133	...
FAMILIES BY NUMBER OF EARNERS												
No earners	889	143	746	...	718	140	578	...	743	508	235	...
Mean family income	\$1 666	\$2 502	\$1 506	...	\$2 127	\$2 691	\$1 990	...	\$2 353	\$2 635	\$1 745	...
Percent below poverty level	74.9	55.9	78.6	...	59.3	38.6	64.4	...	61.1	57.5	68.9	...
1 earner	2 444	501	1 928	6	2 770	433	2 320	7	2 599	2 071	514	6
Mean family income	\$5 475	\$7 857	\$4 857	...	\$4 949	\$5 479	\$4 839	...	\$6 414	\$6 865	\$4 651	...
Percent below poverty level	28.3	9.8	33.3	...	29.7	15.5	32.6	...	25.5	19.7	48.1	...
2 earners	2 352	497	1 855	23	1 926	229	1 697	37	2 504	2 011	474	37
Mean family income	\$9 290	\$10 898	\$8 859	...	\$8 556	\$8 979	\$8 499	...	\$8 917	\$9 239	\$7 561	...
Percent below poverty level	9.5	4.2	10.9	...	7.9	7.0	8.1	...	8.4	8.2	9.5	...
3 or more earners	705	52	653	...	727	80	647	...	625	455	170	8
Mean family income	\$11 738	...	\$11 601	...	\$11 223	...	\$10 779	...	\$12 822	\$12 875	\$12 680	...
Percent below poverty level	11.2	...	12.1	...	9.8	...	11.0	...	4.2	2.6	8.2	...
SIZE OF FAMILY												
2 persons	2 718	788	1 930	7	2 165	458	1 707	18	2 634	2 130	478	5
Mean family income	\$6 045	\$8 346	\$5 105	...	\$5 605	\$5 403	\$5 659	...	\$6 954	\$7 433	\$4 822	...
Percent below poverty level	25.0	14.3	29.4	...	17.8	17.0	18.0	...	17.9	15.5	27.8	...
3 persons	1 251	185	1 066	6	1 026	129	897	19	1 144	931	213	26
Mean family income	\$7 158	\$10 346	\$6 605	...	\$6 770	...	\$6 563	...	\$7 641	\$7 925	\$6 399	...
Percent below poverty level	20.5	...	24.1	...	20.7	...	23.6	...	12.1	9.9	21.6	...
4 persons	819	92	727	10	912	63	832	...	902	698	204	14
Mean family income	\$8 253	...	\$8 387	...	\$6 761	...	\$6 735	...	\$8 178	\$8 887	\$5 750	...
Percent below poverty level	26.1	...	28.1	...	21.5	...	22.7	...	20.6	13.3	45.6	...
5 and 6 persons	889	87	796	6	1 147	149	998	7	1 110	872	231	...
Mean family income	\$7 518	...	\$7 480	...	\$6 705	\$8 068	\$6 502	...	\$8 113	\$8 357	\$7 223	...
Percent below poverty level	30.9	...	31.2	...	35.0	23.5	36.8	...	23.3	21.8	29.9	...
7 persons or more	713	41	663	...	891	83	808	...	681	414	267	6
Mean family income	\$8 639	...	\$8 372	...	\$7 786	...	\$7 591	...	\$7 817	\$7 954	\$7 605	...
Percent below poverty level	32.8	...	35.3	...	31.3	...	32.4	...	43.8	41.3	47.6	...

Table A-6. Persons by Family Status and Age and Families by Income Deficit by Residence in Census Tracts With a Poverty Rate of 20 Percent or More: 1970

(Excludes inmates of institutions, members of Armed Forces living in barracks, college students living in dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 14 years. Data based on 15-percent sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text)

Indianapolis	Neighborhood 01				Neighborhood 02				Neighborhood 03			
	All races	White	Negro	Persons of Spanish language	All races	White	Negro	Persons of Spanish language	All races	White	Negro	Persons of Spanish language
ALL INCOME LEVELS												
All Persons												
Total	29 031	6 011	22 896	202	27 296	4 095	23 130	147	30 815	23 988	6 703	205
In families	22 421	3 043	19 303	149	24 159	3 129	20 959	139	23 813	17 970	5 767	186
Head	6 390	1 193	5 182	29	6 141	882	5 242	44	6 471	5 045	1 393	51
With related children under 18	3 590	328	3 247	12	3 915	394	3 512	7	3 540	2 676	857	32
Mean number of related children under 18	2.75	2.38	2.78	...	2.92	2.94	2.92	...	2.80	2.64	3.29	...
With related children under 6	1 980	206	1 759	12	2 185	228	1 957	7	2 121	1 632	485	14
14 to 24 years	600	94	506	6	605	68	537	10	822	698	119	15
25 to 54 years	3 703	562	3 126	6	3 735	431	3 295	34	3 452	2 657	774	22
55 to 64 years	986	253	733	7	871	146	717	-	1 151	868	283	14
65 years and over	1 101	284	817	10	930	237	693	-	1 046	822	217	-
Wife of head	3 880	785	3 091	26	4 100	720	3 365	17	4 851	3 989	843	43
14 to 24 years	596	190	406	5	631	102	514	8	934	799	129	11
25 to 54 years	2 234	340	1 890	7	2 471	400	2 071	9	2 672	2 174	485	19
55 to 64 years	555	147	408	-	618	94	524	-	734	619	115	13
65 years and over	495	108	387	14	380	124	256	-	511	397	114	-
Other family members	12 151	1 065	11 030	94	13 918	1 527	12 352	78	12 491	8 936	3 531	92
Under 3 years	1 527	118	1 404	7	1 680	192	1 488	9	1 656	1 281	369	6
3 to 5 years	1 472	97	1 371	16	1 798	177	1 617	-	1 648	1 212	436	13
6 to 13 years	4 173	176	3 976	36	5 420	597	4 815	13	4 440	3 168	1 268	24
14 to 17 years	2 039	152	1 876	11	2 137	193	1 944	7	1 968	1 403	561	20
18 to 21 years	1 044	120	924	11	1 023	73	950	29	920	630	287	-
22 to 54 years	1 114	107	1 007	24	1 447	187	1 260	7	1 340	889	444	29
55 to 64 years	246	89	157	-	137	37	91	-	191	130	61	-
65 years and over	536	206	315	-	276	71	187	13	328	223	105	-
Mean size of family	3.51	2.55	3.73	...	3.93	3.55	4.00	...	3.68	3.56	4.14	...
Unrelated individuals	6 610	2 968	3 593	53	3 137	966	2 171	8	7 002	6 018	936	19
14 to 24 years	986	471	481	26	307	143	164	8	1 030	940	90	6
25 to 54 years	2 342	917	1 410	27	1 406	326	1 080	-	2 401	1 980	389	13
55 to 64 years	1 183	452	731	-	656	203	453	-	1 275	1 083	182	-
65 years and over	2 099	1 128	971	-	768	294	474	-	2 296	2 015	275	-
Persons in Families With Female Head and Female Unrelated Individuals												
Total	11 716	2 639	9 062	78	8 595	937	7 658	15	8 453	5 940	2 475	-
In families	7 899	736	7 163	60	7 012	407	6 605	7	4 936	2 853	2 069	-
Head	2 183	284	1 899	6	1 687	154	1 533	-	1 355	852	496	-
With related children under 18	1 573	60	1 513	6	1 334	46	1 288	-	872	492	380	-
Mean number of related children under 18	2.73	...	2.76	...	2.96	...	2.96	...	2.92	2.73	3.17	...
With related children under 6	821	27	794	6	682	-	682	-	463	258	205	-
14 to 24 years	260	17	243	-	205	-	205	-	161	116	45	-
25 to 54 years	1 336	93	1 243	6	1 118	85	1 033	-	786	475	304	-
55 to 64 years	297	71	226	-	170	9	161	-	157	73	84	-
65 years and over	290	103	187	-	194	60	134	-	251	188	63	-
Other family members	5 716	452	5 264	54	5 325	253	5 072	7	3 581	2 001	1 573	-
Under 3 years	674	18	656	7	471	-	471	-	325	163	162	-
3 to 5 years	605	4	601	11	665	6	659	-	387	207	180	-
6 to 13 years	1 964	44	1 920	30	1 978	63	1 915	-	1 100	602	498	-
14 to 17 years	919	56	863	6	873	57	816	7	621	332	289	-
18 to 21 years	541	72	469	-	415	23	392	-	340	206	134	-
22 to 54 years	579	81	498	-	720	40	680	-	533	301	225	-
55 to 64 years	123	55	68	-	82	30	52	-	104	76	28	-
65 years and over	311	122	189	-	121	34	87	-	171	114	57	-
Mean size of family	3.62	2.59	3.77	...	4.16	2.64	4.31	...	3.64	3.35	4.17	-
Female unrelated individuals	3 817	1 903	1 899	18	1 583	530	1 053	8	3 517	3 087	406	-
14 to 24 years	520	267	247	7	164	92	72	8	733	683	50	-
25 to 54 years	1 007	434	564	11	623	137	486	-	704	564	116	-
55 to 64 years	748	317	431	-	328	116	212	-	641	571	70	-
65 years and over	1 542	885	657	-	468	185	283	-	1 439	1 269	170	-

Table A-6. Persons by Family Status and Age and Families by Income Deficit by Residence in Census Tracts With a Poverty Rate of 20 Percent or More: 1970-Continued

[Excludes inmates of institutions, members of Armed Forces living in barracks, college students living in dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 14 years. Data based on 15-percent sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Indianapolis	Neighborhood 01				Neighborhood 02				Neighborhood 03			
	All races	White	Negro	Persons of Spanish language	All races	White	Negro	Persons of Spanish language	All races	White	Negro	Persons of Spanish language
INCOME BELOW POVERTY LEVEL												
All Persons												
Total	8 677	1 256	7 406	87	7 947	869	7 051	32	8 746	6 232	2 492	14
Percent below poverty level	29.9	20.9	32.3	43.1	29.1	21.2	30.5	21.8	28.4	26.0	37.2	6.8
In families	6 210	376	5 834	74	6 644	491	6 126	32	5 740	3 669	2 044	—
Head	1 660	150	1 510	13	1 474	137	1 337	7	1 352	877	468	—
Percent below poverty level	26.0	12.6	29.1	...	24.0	15.5	25.5	...	20.9	17.4	33.6	...
With related children under 18	1 103	43	1 060	6	1 163	59	1 104	7	943	579	364	...
Mean number of related children under 18	3.30	...	3.31	...	3.43	...	3.41	...	3.73	3.68	3.82	...
With related children under 6	715	33	682	6	756	42	714	7	571	359	212	...
14 to 24 years	224	9	215	...	191	11	180	...	136	87	49	...
25 to 54 years	927	60	867	6	901	67	834	7	781	527	254	...
55 to 64 years	171	18	153	7	172	...	172	...	143	80	63	...
65 years and over	338	63	275	...	210	59	151	...	292	183	102	...
Wife of head	557	69	488	7	708	112	581	9	743	572	171	...
14 to 24 years	73	16	57	...	159	8	136	...	95	66	29	...
25 to 54 years	254	29	225	7	345	67	278	9	406	331	75	...
55 to 64 years	72	7	65	...	124	7	117	...	95	79	16	...
65 years and over	158	17	141	...	80	30	50	...	147	96	51	...
Other family members	3 993	157	3 836	54	4 462	242	4 208	16	3 645	2 220	1 425	...
Under 3 years	585	18	567	7	574	18	556	9	470	266	204	...
3 to 5 years	565	12	553	11	752	44	704	...	448	300	148	...
6 to 13 years	1 680	37	1 643	30	1 827	119	1 700	...	1 619	1 032	587	...
14 to 17 years	605	23	582	6	781	28	753	...	743	446	297	...
18 to 21 years	181	7	174	...	258	5	253	...	145	67	78	...
22 to 54 years	157	6	151	...	199	7	192	7	176	81	95	...
55 to 64 years	64	7	57	...	51	15	36	...	11	7	4	...
65 years and over	156	47	109	...	20	6	14	...	33	21	12	...
Mean size of family	3.74	2.51	3.86	...	4.51	3.58	4.58	...	4.25	4.18	4.41	...
Unrelated individuals	2 467	880	1 572	13	1 303	378	925	...	3 006	2 563	428	14
Percent below poverty level	37.3	29.6	43.8	...	41.5	39.1	42.6	...	42.9	42.6	45.7	...
14 to 24 years	472	258	199	7	183	68	115	...	656	618	38	6
25 to 54 years	491	100	391	6	397	115	282	...	630	526	95	8
55 to 64 years	401	90	311	...	210	37	173	...	396	297	99	...
65 years and over	1 103	432	671	...	513	158	355	...	1 324	1 122	196	...
Persons in Families With Female Head and Female Unrelated Individuals												
Total	5 666	695	4 965	73	4 019	379	3 640	—	4 359	2 793	1 557	—
Percent below poverty level	48.4	26.3	54.8	...	46.8	40.4	47.5	...	51.6	47.0	62.9	...
In families	4 074	147	3 927	60	3 255	108	3 147	...	2 527	1 262	1 265	...
Head	1 036	54	982	6	683	31	652	...	571	288	283	...
Percent below poverty level	47.5	19.0	51.7	...	40.5	20.1	42.5	...	42.1	33.8	57.1	...
With related children under 18	880	15	865	6	621	12	609	...	506	249	257	...
Mean number of related children under 18	3.15	...	3.16	...	3.55	...	3.54	...	3.64	3.67	3.61	...
With related children under 6	533	5	528	6	379	...	379	...	292	152	140	...
14 to 24 years	160	...	160	...	87	...	87	...	72	45	27	...
25 to 54 years	689	15	674	6	522	20	502	...	399	210	189	...
55 to 64 years	101	11	90	...	43	...	43	...	46	5	41	...
65 years and over	86	28	58	...	31	11	20	...	54	28	26	...
Other family members	3 038	93	2 945	54	2 572	77	2 495	...	1 956	974	982	...
Under 3 years	442	5	437	7	265	...	265	...	228	101	127	...
3 to 5 years	442	...	442	11	428	...	428	...	226	133	93	...
6 to 13 years	1 302	21	1 281	30	1 112	34	1 078	...	828	445	383	...
14 to 17 years	464	14	450	6	459	17	442	...	438	203	235	...
18 to 21 years	129	7	122	...	168	5	163	...	84	26	58	...
22 to 54 years	108	6	102	...	87	...	87	...	128	50	78	...
55 to 64 years	32	...	32	...	33	15	18	...	7	7	...	...
65 years and over	119	40	79	...	20	6	14	...	17	9	8	...
Mean size of family	3.93	...	4.00	...	4.77	...	4.83	...	4.43	4.38	4.47	...
Female unrelated individuals	1 592	548	1 038	13	764	271	493	...	1 832	1 531	292	...
Percent below poverty level	41.7	28.8	54.7	...	48.3	51.1	46.8	...	52.1	49.6	71.9	...
14 to 24 years	260	129	125	7	82	36	46	...	545	507	38	...
25 to 54 years	253	46	207	6	235	85	150	...	198	140	49	...
55 to 64 years	257	64	193	...	115	37	78	...	186	129	57	...
65 years and over	822	309	513	...	332	113	219	...	903	755	148	...

Table A-6. Persons by Family Status and Age and Families by Income Deficit by Residence in Census Tracts With a Poverty Rate of 20 Percent or More: 1970—Continued

[Excludes inmates of institutions, members of Armed Forces living in barracks, college students living in dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 14 years. Data based on 15-percent sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Indianapolis	Neighborhood 01				Neighborhood 02				Neighborhood 03			
	All races	White	Negro	Persons of Spanish language	All races	White	Negro	Persons of Spanish language	All races	White	Negro	Persons of Spanish language
RATIO OF INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL												
Families												
Percent with income:				...				...				...
Less than .50 of poverty level	10.8	5.9	11.9	...	10.8	4.8	11.8	...	7.1	5.3	13.7	...
.50 to .74	8.9	2.6	10.3	...	6.7	3.3	7.3	...	5.3	4.7	7.6	...
.75 to .99	6.4	4.1	6.9	...	6.5	7.5	6.4	...	8.5	7.4	12.3	...
1.00 to 1.24	7.9	2.3	8.9	...	11.7	10.5	11.8	...	6.1	5.9	6.7	...
1.25 to 1.49	7.1	6.0	7.4	...	10.5	16.1	9.6	...	8.3	7.6	11.1	...
1.50 to 1.99	14.4	14.3	14.4	...	16.1	14.5	16.4	...	13.8	13.8	13.9	...
2.00 to 2.99	20.3	23.5	19.6	...	20.0	24.6	19.1	...	24.4	25.1	21.5	...
3.00 or more	24.4	41.4	20.6	...	17.6	18.7	17.5	...	26.5	30.2	13.1	...
Unrelated individuals												
Percent with income:				...				...				...
Less than .50 of poverty level	19.3	12.0	25.2	...	20.2	16.4	21.9	...	19.7	18.5	27.8	...
.50 to .74	10.0	10.3	9.9	...	10.3	11.3	9.8	...	12.7	13.4	9.4	...
.75 to .99	8.0	7.3	8.6	...	11.1	11.5	10.9	...	10.5	10.8	8.5	...
1.00 to 1.24	7.3	8.6	6.3	...	8.2	6.5	8.9	...	6.0	6.2	4.8	...
1.25 to 1.49	4.0	4.6	3.6	...	3.4	5.9	2.3	...	5.1	5.6	2.1	...
1.50 to 1.99	11.6	11.0	11.8	...	11.9	11.3	12.1	...	8.5	8.1	11.5	...
2.00 to 2.99	17.3	16.6	17.9	...	19.2	17.3	20.0	...	14.9	14.3	17.9	...
3.00 or more	22.5	29.6	16.6	...	15.8	19.9	14.0	...	22.5	23.2	17.8	...
DIFFERENCE BETWEEN FAMILY INCOME AND POVERTY LEVEL												
Families below poverty level	1 660	150	1 510	13	1 474	137	1 337	7	1 352	877	468	...
\$1 to \$249	147	26	121	...	139	24	115	...	107	89	18	...
\$250 to \$499	101	...	101	...	74	36	38	...	140	98	35	...
\$500 to \$999	326	44	282	...	273	29	244	...	400	273	127	...
\$1,000 to \$1,999	527	46	481	13	375	6	369	...	317	205	112	...
\$2,000 and over	559	34	525	...	613	42	571	7	388	212	176	...
Median income deficit	\$1 486	\$1 109	\$1 522	...	\$1 669	\$647	\$1 736	...	\$1 091	\$961	\$1 482	...
Mean income deficit	\$1 715	\$1 382	\$1 748	...	\$1 909	\$1 376	\$1 964	...	\$1 554	\$1 470	\$1 732	...
Families above poverty level	4 730	1 043	3 672	16	4 667	745	3 905	37	5 119	4 168	925	51
\$0 to \$249	191	18	158	...	241	53	188	...	116	101	15	...
\$250 to \$499	173	9	164	...	159	31	128	...	130	88	42	5
\$500 to \$999	224	21	203	...	400	51	340	8	231	143	85	...
\$1,000 to \$1,999	557	100	457	...	726	147	579	...	610	507	103	6
\$2,000 and over	3 585	895	2 690	16	3 141	463	2 670	29	4 032	3 329	680	40
Median income surplus	\$2000+	\$2000+	\$2000+	...	\$2000+	\$2000+	\$2000+	...	\$2000+	\$2000+	\$2000+	...
Mean income surplus	\$5 542	\$6 914	\$5 175	...	\$4 370	\$4 410	\$4 370	...	\$5 582	\$5 833	\$4 457	...

Table A-7. Selected Housing Characteristics of Housing Units by Location in Census Tracts With a Poverty Rate of 20 Percent or More: 1970—Continued

[Excludes inmates of institutions, members of Armed Forces living in barracks, college students living in dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 14 years. Data based on 15-percent sample, see text. For minimum base for derived figures (percent, median, etc.) and meaning of symbols, see text]

Indianapolis	Neighborhood 01				Neighborhood 02				Neighborhood 03			
	All races	White	Negro	Persons of Spanish language	All races	White	Negro	Persons of Spanish language	All races	White	Negro	Persons of Spanish language
PERSONS PER ROOM—Con.												
Renter occupied.....	8 426	3 130	5 266	47	5 682	1 131	4 545	51	8 259	6 776	1 443	52
1.00 or fewer persons per room.....	7 541	3 009	4 502	40	4 559	985	3 574	44	7 325	6 072	1 219	47
1.01 to 1.50 persons per room.....	557	77	480	—	662	73	589	7	576	433	143	5
1.51 or more persons per room.....	328	44	284	7	461	73	382	—	358	271	81	—
Renter occ. below poverty level.....	2 693	668	2 017	21	1 849	354	1 495	7	2 481	1 879	588	8
1.00 or fewer persons per room.....	2 242	633	1 601	14	1 401	310	1 091	—	2 147	1 649	484	8
1.01 to 1.50 persons per room.....	292	29	263	—	251	13	238	7	232	181	51	—
1.51 or more persons per room.....	159	6	153	7	197	31	166	—	102	49	53	—
VALUE OF PROPERTY												
Specified owner occupied ¹	2 125	330	1 788	...	2 116	416	1 689	—	2 466	1 917	523	—
Less than \$5,000.....	1 072	28	144	...	245	46	199	—	529	458	71	—
\$5,000 to \$9,999.....	1 070	138	925	...	1 165	273	892	—	1 453	1 118	309	—
\$10,000 to \$14,999.....	451	49	402	...	391	59	332	—	337	239	98	—
\$15,000 to \$19,999.....	234	47	165	...	177	20	146	—	83	72	11	—
\$20,000 to \$24,999.....	82	17	67	...	85	6	79	—	32	23	9	—
\$25,000 to \$29,999.....	35	15	20	...	20	—	20	—	16	—	16	—
\$30,000 to \$34,999.....	43	5	38	...	20	6	14	—	7	7	—	—
\$35,000 or more.....	38	31	7	...	6	—	7	—	9	—	9	—
Median value of property.....	\$9 200	\$10 000	\$9 100	...	\$8 500	\$8 000	\$8 600	...	\$7 400	\$7 200	\$8 100	...
Mean value of property.....	\$10 000	\$12 000	\$9 600	...	\$9 000	\$8 200	\$9 100	...	\$7 500	\$7 200	\$8 700	...
Specified owner occupied below poverty level ²	497	61	436	...	408	81	327	—	527	389	131	—
Less than \$5,000.....	27	—	27	...	79	25	54	—	182	156	26	—
\$5,000 to \$9,999.....	322	35	287	...	204	38	166	—	276	193	76	—
\$10,000 to \$14,999.....	70	7	63	...	81	7	74	—	43	35	8	—
\$15,000 to \$19,999.....	55	19	36	...	31	5	26	—	6	5	9	—
\$20,000 to \$24,999.....	12	—	12	...	—	—	—	—	14	—	6	—
\$25,000 or more.....	7	—	7	...	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—
Median value of property.....	\$8 400	...	\$8 300	...	\$8 100	...	\$8 300	...	\$6 500	\$6 000	...	...
Mean value of property.....	\$9 000	...	\$9 000	...	\$8 600	...	\$8 800	...	\$6 600	\$6 100	...	...
GROSS RENT												
Specified renter occupied ²	8 354	3 130	5 194	47	5 642	1 131	4 505	51	8 225	6 769	1 416	52
Less than \$40.....	346	48	298	—	57	29	28	—	514	393	114	—
\$40 to \$59.....	1 096	238	858	7	573	224	349	9	1 349	1 116	233	—
\$60 to \$79.....	2 210	836	1 366	22	1 634	392	1 236	—	2 175	1 729	432	22
\$80 to \$99.....	2 115	1 084	1 024	—	1 773	264	1 509	—	1 482	1 161	315	15
\$100 to \$119.....	1 370	488	882	—	921	119	802	15	1 248	1 096	146	—
\$120 to \$149.....	715	246	454	12	459	61	398	27	777	659	118	7
\$150 to \$199.....	268	102	166	6	118	15	103	—	275	242	33	—
\$200 to \$249.....	28	20	8	—	13	—	7	—	126	119	—	—
\$250 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	112	106	6	—
No cash rent.....	206	68	138	—	94	21	73	—	167	148	19	—
Median gross rent.....	\$84	\$88	\$80	...	\$86	\$75	\$88	...	\$80	\$81	\$76	...
Mean gross rent.....	\$85	\$89	\$83	...	\$86	\$77	\$89	...	\$87	\$89	\$80	...
Specified renter occupied below poverty level ²	2 646	668	1 970	21	1 826	354	1 472	7	2 454	1 879	561	8
Less than \$40.....	241	7	234	—	30	20	10	—	286	233	46	—
\$40 to \$59.....	472	73	399	7	306	98	208	—	679	544	135	—
\$60 to \$79.....	791	239	544	8	519	132	387	—	613	487	126	8
\$80 to \$99.....	553	195	358	—	550	72	478	—	358	249	109	—
\$100 to \$119.....	286	79	207	—	236	17	219	7	229	169	60	—
\$120 to \$149.....	181	60	121	—	91	—	91	—	174	115	59	—
\$150 to \$199.....	56	7	49	—	40	—	40	—	42	28	14	—
\$200 to \$249.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	—	—
\$250 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median gross rent.....	\$75	\$81	\$72	...	\$81	\$68	\$85	...	\$72	\$66	\$75	...
Mean gross rent.....	\$76	\$82	\$74	...	\$81	\$66	\$85	...	\$72	\$69	\$79	...
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF INCOME BY POVERTY STATUS IN 1969												
Specified renter occupied ³	7 941	3 003	4 916	47	5 294	1 075	4 213	51	7 864	6 481	1 343	52
Less than 20 percent.....	3 320	1 325	1 995	19	2 218	461	1 751	26	3 611	3 027	551	32
20 to 24 percent.....	837	317	506	14	690	119	571	9	909	733	176	7
25 to 34 percent.....	1 187	430	749	—	814	140	674	—	1 077	886	191	—
35 to 49 percent.....	815	322	493	—	607	169	438	—	778	636	142	—
50 percent or more.....	1 782	609	1 173	14	965	186	779	16	1 489	1 199	283	8
Specified renter occupied below poverty level ³	2 373	601	1 772	21	1 518	304	1 214	7	2 194	1 685	495	8
Less than 20 percent.....	52	—	52	—	23	5	18	—	55	21	27	—
20 to 24 percent.....	84	—	84	7	60	22	38	—	58	35	23	—
25 to 34 percent.....	229	32	197	—	226	29	197	—	256	195	61	—
35 to 49 percent.....	381	61	320	—	322	87	235	—	465	364	101	—
50 percent or more.....	1 627	508	1 119	14	887	161	726	7	1 360	1 070	283	8

¹Limited to one-family homes on less than 10 acres and no business on property. Cooperatives, condominiums, mobile homes, and trailers are excluded. ²Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more. Specified renter occupied units below poverty level include "no cash rent" units not shown separately. ³Excludes one-family homes on 10 acres or more, all "no cash rent" units, and units for which the income of the family or primary individual was reported as "none" or "loss."