

# 1990 Census of Population and Housing 1988 Dress Rehearsal Census of St. Louis City, East Central Missouri, and Eastern Washington Public Law 94-171. Technical Documentation

D1-D90-88DR-14-TECH

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Additionally, Census Bureau organization, telephone numbers, and staff cited in this technical documentation are not current. For updated information, see our Telephone Contacts site at <http://www.census.gov/contacts/www/contacts.html> or Staff Search at <http://www.census.gov/cgi-bin/main/email.cgi>.

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U.S. Census Bureau



**1990 CENSUS OF POPULATION AND HOUSING:  
1988 Dress Rehearsal Census of St. Louis City,  
East Central Missouri, and Eastern Washington  
P. L. 94-171**

**Technical Documentation**

Washington, DC

June 1989



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The file should be cited as follows:

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Washington: The Bureau, 1989.

Questions about the P.L.94-171 program and related policy concerns should be directed to Marshall Turner or Cathy Talbert, Office of the Director, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233. Phone: (301) 763-3856 and 763-4070, respectively.

Questions about the documentation should be directed to Data User Services Division, Data Access and Use Staff, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233. Phone: (301) 763-2074.

Questions about the tape should be directed to Data User Services Division, Customer Services (Tapes), Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233. Phone: (301) 763-4100.

# CONTENTS

How to Use This Census File	I-1
List of Tables (Matrices)	II-1
User Notes	III-1
Summary Level Sequence Chart	IV-1
* * * * *	
File Layout	I
Identification Section	1
Code List Section	15
Table (Matrix) Section	79
* * * * *	
Appendix A—Area Classifications	A-1
Appendix B—Definitions of Subject Area Characteristics	B-1
Appendix C—Accuracy of the Data	C-1
Appendix D—Questionnaire Facsimile	D-1

# HOW TO USE THIS CENSUS FILE

## CONTENTS

Introduction  
Using the File  
Using the Technical Documentation

## INTRODUCTION

### Dress Rehearsal Censuses

In preparation for the 1990 Census of Population and Housing, the Census Bureau conducted the 1988 Dress Rehearsal Censuses in St. Louis City, East Central Missouri and Eastern Washington as of March 20, 1988. The Missouri sites included the city of St. Louis, portions of Audrain, Callaway, Chariton, Crawford, and St. Louis counties, and the following counties in their entirety:

Boone	Laclede
Camden	Maries
Cole	Miller
Cooper	Moniteau
Franklin	Morgan
Gasconade	Osage
Howard	Pulaski

The Washington sites included the Colville and Spokane Indian Reservations, which include portions of Ferry, Okanogan, and Stevens counties, and the following counties in their entirety:

Adams	Grant
Chelan	Kittitas
Douglas	Lincoln
Franklin	Whitman

The purpose of the 1988 Dress Rehearsal was to implement and refine 1990 census procedures under as near census-like conditions as possible. The dress rehearsal employed a full array of methods, techniques, work flows, equipment applications, and publicity and outreach programs intended for use in the national census. It was an extensive and comprehensive program covering approximately 500,000 housing units and over 1 million people. Legal provision for this census was made in the Act of Congress of August 31, 1954 (amended August 1957, December 1975, and October 1976) which codified Title 13, United States Code.

### P.L. 94-171 Program

The objective of the Public Law (P.L.) 94-171 Program for the 1988 Dress Rehearsal was to produce a prototype of the 1990 data that we will provide States to meet the requirements of P.L. 94-171. This law, enacted in 1975, authorizes the Census Bureau to make

special preparations for participating States to provide redistricting data needed by the 50 States. It specifies that within a year following Census Day (by April 1, 1991), the Census Bureau must send the Governor and legislature in each State the data needed to redraw districts for the State legislature.

To meet this legal requirement, the Census Bureau set up a voluntary program that enables States to receive data for voting districts (e.g., election precincts or wards) in addition to standard census geographic areas, such as counties, cities, census tracts, and blocks. For the 1988 Dress Rehearsal Censuses, the Census Bureau asked officials in Missouri to outline the boundaries of voting districts around groups of blocks on census maps in one prototype county (Boone County). *Therefore, this file will contain data for voting districts only in Boone County, Missouri.* The 1990 census files will contain voting district data for those counties where a State followed this same procedure of outlining voting districts in terms of whole blocks under Phase 2 of the P.L. 94-171 program.

## USING THE FILE

### File Abstract

#### Citation

Census of Population and Housing, 1990: 1988 Dress Rehearsal Census of St. Louis City, East Central Missouri, and Eastern Washington P.L. 94-171 [machine-readable data file] / prepared by the Bureau of the Census. --Washington: The Bureau [producer and distributor], 1989.

#### Type of File

Summary statistics.

#### Universe Description

All persons enumerated in the 1988 Dress Rehearsal Census areas listed above.

#### Subject Matter Description

The file contains a count of total persons, counts of all persons and persons 18 years and over by race, a count of all persons and persons 18 years and over by race and Hispanic origin and a total housing unit count.

#### Geographic Coverage

Summaries are provided for States, counties, voting districts, minor civil divisions/census county divisions, places, census tracts, block numbering areas, block groups, blocks, and American Indian reservations and trust lands.

## Technical Description

Record size is 516 characters, 300 characters of identification followed by 216 characters of data.

## File Availability

File is available on a single reel at either 6250 or 1600 bpi. It can be purchased for \$175 from Customer Services, Data User Services Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233. State governments are provided a copy without charge.

Tape characteristic options include both EBCDIC and ASCII, labeled and unlabeled.

## Record Code Information

The first 32 characters of each logical record provide record information. Because the identification information layout is identical for all 1990 census summary tape files, there are some fields that are not used on the P.L. 94-171 file and other fields that have identical coding on all records in this file.

In the P.L. 94-171 file the geographic component is always coded '00', the characteristic iteration is always coded '000', and both the logical record part number and total number of parts in record fields are coded '0001'. The logical record number is a record sequence number within the file.

In this dress rehearsal file, some fields in the identification section of the file do not have codes although there is an \* shown in the identification section of the file layout and the codes appear in the code list section. These codes will be present on the 1990 census P.L. 94-171 file. On this file, these fields are filled with 'I' to indicate not available.

The congressional district code, which is a blank on this file, will appear on the 1990 census P.L. 94-171 file.

## Standard Codes

Throughout the identification section of the file, specific standard codes are used which always indicate the same thing. Each code fills the entire field, i.e., a three character field will have three symbols. Codes used are the following:

- I Not available
- 9 Not in; e.g., 99 in the  
Alaska Native Regional  
Corporation Code  
indicates that the geographic unit  
of the record is not in an Alaska  
Native Regional Corporation.

Blank Not applicable

## Voting Districts

One of the Census Bureau's guidelines for the P.L. 94-171 program is that voting districts must be identified in terms of whole blocks. In some cases, State officials adjusted the voting district boundary to follow a nearby block boundary. When this was done, the voting district became a pseudo voting district. If the voting district is a pseudo voting district a "P" (pseudo) appears in Special Code 10 (position 171).

Districts which are true voting districts are identified in two ways on the file. Special Area Code 10 (position 171) has an "A" (actual) if the voting district record is a true voting district. A \* also appears immediately following the area name in the field Area Name/PSAD Term/Part Indicator field which begins in position 192.

Voting districts are not specifically identified in the identification section. *Voting district codes are found in the field identified as Special Area Code 3 (4 characters beginning in position 152).*

Note that this dress rehearsal file contains voting district summaries only for Boone County, Missouri. Other counties on this file have ZZZZ's in the voting district field.

## Internal File Labels

### System Labels

Tape orders which specify labeled tapes will have a standard ANSI label. The system label consists of 17 characters, but only the first twelve are active. The remaining five characters will be 'x' filled. The HDR1 record of the P.L. 94-171 dress rehearsal file will have a DSN of PL941DSS.xxxxxxxx. The final P. L. 94-171 files will have a DSN of PL9417ss.fnnxxxxx where ss is the State post office abbreviation and nn is a two digit number with leading zeroes indicating the tape volume sequence. (The "f" in the DSN remains constant.)

### User Labels

Each user tape will have six user header labels and six user trailer labels. These labels combine information from the system label and the identification portion of the first and last record. These labels enable the user to quickly identify the beginning and ending records on each tape.

*User Header Labels*—The user header labels are designated UHL1 through UHL6. UHL1 and UHL2 repeat information from the system label in HDR1 and HDR2. UHL3 through UHL6 contain the information on the identification portion (characters 1-300) of the first record on the tape. The unused portion of UHL6 is blank filled.

*User Trailer Labels*—The user trailer labels are designated UTL1 through UTL6. UTL1 and UTL2 contain information from the system trailer label. UTL3 and subsequent user trailer labels contain identification information from the last record on the tape. The unused portion of UTL6 is blank filled.

## **USING THE TECHNICAL DOCUMENTATION**

### **Summary Level Sequence Chart**

File users should study chapter IV to determine the summary level code(s) for the geography needed. The last geographic area type listed in a sequence identifies the geography of the summary level; the prior geography simply defines the hierarchy. For example, in summary level 140, the hierarchy is State-County-Census Tract/Block Numbering Area (BNA) with Census Tract/Block Numbering Area as the summary level.

Once you have identified the summary level code needed, turn to the appropriate Identification section for the summary level you wish to use in chapter V.

### **Identification**

The identification section repeats several times with each repeat providing information for different

summary levels. The summary levels are identified in the far right columns of the presentation. Having identified the summary level needed in the summary level sequence chart, find the same summary level in the identification section. Looking down the columns, you can identify which fields will have a code in that summary level by the presence of \*. It is important to note that some fields may contain a '9' (not in) or '!' (not available) rather than actual geographic codes.

### **Code List Section**

If you have a question about codes or definitions for any of the fields in the identification section, check the alphabetical code lists which follow or the geographic definitions in Appendix A. Several code lists refer the user to the *Geographic Identification Code Scheme* publication. Since this publication for the 1990 census is not yet available, we have prepared a user note providing geographic codes for all areas covered in the dress rehearsal. This user note is in chapter III.

Please note that the class codes provided in the code list section for county subdivisions and places are subject to revision before the 1990 census.

## LIST OF TABLES (MATRICES)

Table (Matrix)	Title/Universe	Number of Data Cells
P1	Persons (1) Universe: Persons	1
H1.	Housing Units (1) Universe: Housing Units	1
P2.	Race (5) Universe: Persons	5
P3.	Race (5) Universe: Persons 18 years and over	5
P4.	Hispanic Origin and Race (6) Universe: Persons	6
P5.	Hispanic Origin and Race (6) Universe: Persons 18 years and over	6

July, 1989



## USER NOTES

This chapter is reserved for information relevant to the P. L. 94-171 file that becomes available after the file is released, indicates specific problems with the data, or is specific to the 1988 Dress Rehearsal file. User Notes received should be filed behind this page.

These User Notes will be sent to all users who received their file (or technical documentation) from the Census Bureau.

User Note No. 1 contains the geographic codes for the 1988 Dress Rehearsal areas.

## USER NOTE ORDERING INFORMATION

Additional information concerning this file may be available at a later date. If you received this technical documentation (with or without tape purchase) from the Census Bureau and wish to receive these User Notes, please complete the coupon below and return it to:

Data User Services Division  
Customer Services Branch  
Bureau of the Census  
Washington, DC 20233

\* \* \* \* \*

Name of File:    **1990 Census of Population and Housing: Dress Rehearsal Census of  
                          St. Louis city, East Central Missouri, and Eastern Washington,  
                          P.L. 94-171**

Please send me any information that becomes available later concerning the file listed.

Name:

Address:

City:

ZIP:

**1990 Census of Population and Housing:  
1988 Dress Rehearsal Census of St. Louis City,  
East Central Missouri, and Eastern Washington  
P. L. 94-171 Technical Documentation**

**USER NOTE NO. 1**

**Geographic Identification Code Scheme for 1988 Dress Rehearsal Areas**

FIPS State	FIPS Cnty	Cen-sus MCD	Cen-sus Place	Name	FIPS Place	FIPS State	FIPS Cnty	Cen-sus MCD	Cen-sus Place	Name	FIPS Place
29				<b>Missouri</b>		29	029	028		Pawhuska township	56596
29	007			<b>Audrain County (pt.)</b>		29	029	028	2327	Lake Ozark city (pt.)	40034
29	007	035		Wilson township (pt.)	80152	29	029	028	3250	Osage Beach city (pt.)	55244
29	007	035	0765	Centralia city (pt.)	12898	29	029	028	4403	Village of Four Seasons town	76157
29	019			<b>Boone County</b>		29	029	030		Russell township	63668
29	019	005		Bourbon township	07498	29	029	030	2600	Macks Creek city	45218
29	019	005	4155	Sturgeon city	71224	29	029	035		Warren township	77038
29	019	010		Cedar township	12142	29	041			<b>Chariton County (pt.)</b>	
29	019	010	0180	Ashland city	02242	29	041	020		Chariton township (pt.)	13204
29	019	010	0930	Columbia city (pt.)	15670	29	041	020	1645	Glasgow city (pt.)	27208
29	019	010	1875	Hartsburg town	30718	29	051			<b>Cole County</b>	
29	019	015		Centralia township	12916	29	051	005		Clark township	14032
29	019	015	0765	Centralia city (pt.)	12898	29	051	005	1350	Eugene town	22798
29	019	020		Columbia township	15688	29	051	010		Jefferson township	36764
29	019	020	0930	Columbia city (pt.)	15670	29	051	010	2180	Jefferson City city (pt.)	37000
29	019	025		Missouri township	48944	29	051	015		Liberty township	42068
29	019	025	0930	Columbia city (pt.)	15670	29	051	015	4211	Taos city	72304
29	019	025	3740	Rocheport city	62498	29	051	020		Marion township	45974
29	019	030		Perche township	57026	29	051	020	0745	Centertown town	12664
29	019	030	1865	Harrisburg town	30484	29	051	020	3878	St. Martins city	65018
29	019	035		Rocky Fork township	62840	29	051	025		Moreau township	49844
29	019	035	0930	Columbia city (pt.)	15670	29	051	025	2535	Lohman town	43652
29	019	035	1830	Hallsville city	29998	29	051	025	3815	Russellville city	63704
29	027			<b>Callaway County (pt.)</b>		29	051	030		Osage township	55082
29	027	085		Summit township (pt.)	71548	29	051	030	2180	Jefferson City city (pt.)	37000
29	027	085	2180	Jefferson City city (pt.)	37000	29	051	030	3892	St. Thomas town	65162
29	029			<b>Camden County</b>		29	051	030	4443	Wardsville town	77002
29	029	005		Adair township	00190	29	053			<b>Cooper County</b>	
29	029	005	0890	Climax Springs village	14914	29	053	005		Blackwater township	06166
29	029	010		Auglaize township	02476	29	053	005	0395	Blackwater city	06148
29	029	010	3685	Richland city (pt.)	61562	29	053	010		Boonville township	07336
29	029	010	4135	Stoutland village (pt.)	71008	29	053	010	0455	Boonville city	07318
29	029	015		Jackson township	35630	29	053	015		Clark Fork township	14122
29	029	020		Jasper township	36476	29	053	020		Clear Creek township	14626
29	029	020	2110	Hurricane Deck village	34048	29	053	025		Kelly township	38198
29	029	020	4185	Sunrise Beach village (pt.)	71728	29	053	025	0595	Bunceton city	09658
29	029	022		Kiheka township	38580	29	053	030		Lamine township	40502
29	029	022	0670	Camdenton city (pt.)	10810	29	053	035		Lebanon township	41150
29	029	022	2505	Linn Creek town (pt.)	43274	29	053	040		North Moniteau township	53156
29	029	022	3250	Osage Beach city (pt.)	55244	29	053	045		Otterville township	55496
29	029	023		Niangua township	52410	29	053	045	3270	Otterville city	55478
29	029	023	0670	Camdenton city (pt.)	10810	29	053	050		Palestine township	56000
29	029	025		Osage township	55046	29	053	055		Pilot Grove township	57620
29	029	025	0670	Camdenton city (pt.)	10810	29	053	055	3425	Pilot Grove city	57602
29	029	025	2505	Linn Creek town (pt.)	43274	29	053	060		Prairie Home township	59744
29	029	025	3250	Osage Beach city (pt.)	55244	29	053	060	3535	Prairie Home city	59726
29	029	027		Osceola township	55406	29	053	065		Saline township	65306
29	029	027	0670	Camdenton city (pt.)	10810	29	053	065	4665	Wooldridge town	81016
						29	053	070		South Moniteau township	68978

FIPS State	FIPS Cnty	Cen-sus MCD	Cen-sus Place	Name	FIPS Place	FIPS State	FIPS Cnty	Cen-sus MCD	Cen-sus Place	Name	FIPS Place
29	055			<b>Crawford County (pt.)</b>		29	105	030	2430	Lebanon city	41168
29	055	010		Boone township (pt.)	07156	29	105	035		Mayfield township	46928
29	055	010	4165	Sullivan city (pt.)	71440	29	105	035	3685	Richland city (pt.)	61562
						29	105	035	4135	Stoutland village (pt.)	71008
29	071			<b>Franklin County</b>		29	105	040		Osage township	55154
29	071	005		Boeuf township	06796	29	105	045		Phillipsburg township	57386
29	071	005	0325	Berger city	04888	29	105	045	3405	Phillipsburg town	57368
29	071	010		Boles township	06958	29	105	050		Smith township	68330
29	071	010	3290	Pacific city (pt.)	55910	29	105	055		Spring Hollow township	70072
29	071	015		Boone township	07192	29	105	060	0950	Union township	74734
29	071	015	1600	Gerald city	26866	29	105	065		Conway city	16192
29	071	015	2450	Leslie village (pt.)	41690					Washington township	77542
29	071	020		Calvey township	10630	29	125			<b>Maries County</b>	
29	071	025		Central township	12754	29	125	005		Boone township	07228
29	071	025	3325	Parkway village	56306	29	125	010		Dry Creek township	20206
29	071	025	3835	St. Clair city	64136	29	125	015		Jackson township	35918
29	071	030		Lyon township	44714	29	125	015	0145	Argyle town (pt.)	01828
29	071	030	2450	Leslie village (pt.)	41690	29	125	015	4400	Vienna city	76102
29	071	035		Meramec township	47396	29	125	020		Jefferson township	36872
29	071	035	3162	Oak Grove village	53606	29	125	020	0275	Belle city (pt.)	04150
29	071	035	4165	Sullivan city (pt.)	71440	29	125	025		Johnson township	37394
29	071	040		New Haven township	51932	29	125	030		Miller township	48260
29	071	040	3060	New Haven city	51914	29	125	035		Spring Creek township	69662
29	071	045		Prairie township	59528					<b>Miller County</b>	
29	071	050		St. Johns township	64496	29	131			Equality township	22528
29	071	055		Union township	74644	29	131	005		Tuscumbia town	74194
29	071	055	4300	Union city	74626	29	131	005	4290	Franklin township	25678
29	071	060		Washington township	77434	29	131	010		Bagnell town (pt.)	02962
29	071	060	4465	Washington city	77416	29	131	010	0225	Lakeview village	40232
29	073			<b>Gasconade County</b>		29	131	010	2337	Glaze township	27244
29	073	005		Boeuf township	06814	29	131	015		Bagnell town (pt.)	02962
29	073	010		Boulware township	07462	29	131	015	0225	Brunley town	08974
29	073	015		Bourbois township	07480	29	131	015	0565	Lakeland town	39962
29	073	020		Brush Creek township	09100	29	131	015	2323	Lake Ozark city (pt.)	40034
29	073	025		Canaan township	11008	29	131	015	2327	Lakeside city	40142
29	073	025	3280	Owensville city	55640	29	131	015	2332	Osage Beach city (pt.)	55244
29	073	025	3785	Rosebud city	63110	29	131	015	3250	Jim Henry township	37322
29	073	030		Clay township	14356	29	131	020		St. Elizabeth town	64190
29	073	030	0405	Bland city (pt.)	06256	29	131	020	3845	(pt.)	55172
29	073	035		Richland township	61490	29	131	025		Osage township	55172
29	073	035	1585	Gasconade city	26578	29	131	025	3845	St. Elizabeth town	64190
29	073	035	2920	Morrison city	50060					(pt.)	61778
29	073	040		Roark township	62336	29	131	030		Richwoods township	61778
29	073	040	1930	Hermann city	31762	29	131	030	2115	Iberia city	34228
29	073	045		Third Creek township	72934	29	131	035		Saline township	65342
						29	131	035	1270	Eldon city	21484
29	089			<b>Howard County</b>		29	131	035	3220	Olean town	54560
29	089	005		Bonne Femme township	07084	29	135			<b>Moniteau County</b>	
29	089	010		Boons Lick township	07300	29	135	005		Burris Fork township	09910
29	089	015		Burton township	09964	29	135	010		Harrison township	30556
29	089	020		Chariton township	13222	29	135	015		Linn township	43220
29	089	020	1645	Glasgow city (pt.)	27208	29	135	015	2170	Jamestown town	36368
29	089	025		Franklin township	25642	29	135	015	2565	Lupus town	44498
29	089	025	1515	Franklin city	25624	29	135	020		Moreau township	49862
29	089	025	3045	New Franklin city	51824	29	135	020	0825	Clarksburg city	14140
29	089	030		Moniteau township	49232	29	135	025		Pilot Grove township	57638
29	089	035		Prairie township	59546	29	135	030		Walker township	76642
29	089	035	0155	Armstrong city	01954	29	135	030	0645	California city	10468
29	089	040		Richmond township	61652	29	135	035		Willow Fork township	80080
29	089	040	1415	Fayette city	23842	29	135	035	4245	Tipton city	73420
29	105			<b>Laclede County</b>		29	141			<b>Morgan County</b>	
29	105	005		Auglaize township	02494	29	141	005		Buffalo township	09568
29	105	010		Eldridge township	21556	29	141	010		Haw Creek township	30988
29	105	015		Franklin township	25660	29	141	010	4145	Stover city	71044
29	105	020		Gasconade township	26596	29	141	010	4385	Versailles city (pt.)	75922
29	105	025		Hooker township	32878	29	141	015		Mill Creek township	48170
29	105	030		Lebanon township	41186						

FIPS State	FIPS Cnty	Cen-sus MCD	Cen-sus Place	Name	FIPS Place	FIPS State	FIPS Cnty	Cen-sus MCD	Cen-sus Place	Name	FIPS Place
<b>Morgan County (cont.)</b>						<b>Pulaski County</b>					
29	141	015	4205	Syracuse city	72106	29	169	005		Cullen township	17740
29	141	020		Moreau township	49880	29	169	005	1497	Fort Leonard Wood (CDP) (pt.)	25264
29	141	020	0250	Barnett city	03376	29	169	005	3890	St. Robert city	65144
29	141	020	4385	Versailles city (pt.)	75922	29	169	005	4485	Waynesville city	77992
29	141	025		Osage township	55190	29	169	010		Liberty township	42266
29	141	025	2403	Laurie village	40916	29	169	010	3685	Richland city (pt.)	61562
29	141	025	4185	Sunrise Beach village (pt.)	71728	29	169	015		Piney township	57872
29	141	030		Richland township	61526	29	169	015	1497	Fort Leonard Wood (CDP) (pt.)	25264
29	151			<b>Osage County</b>		29	169	020		Roubidoux township	63254
29	151	005		Benton township	04762	29	169	025		Tavern township	72448
29	151	005	0775	Chamois city	13060	29	169	025	1025	Crocker city	17344
29	151	010		Crawford township	17128	29	169	030		Union township	74878
29	151	010	2500	Linn city	43238	29	169	030	1180	Dixon city	19630
29	151	015		Jackson township	35972	29	189			<b>St. Louis County (pt.)</b>	
29	151	015	0145	Argyle town (pt.)	01828	29	189	060		Merames township (pt.)	47450
29	151	015	2775	Meta city	47594	29	189	060	3290	Pacific city (pt.)	55910
29	151	020		Jefferson township	36926	29	510	005	3875	<b>St. Louis city</b>	65000
29	151	020	0275	Belle city (pt.)	04150						
29	151	020	0405	Bland city (pt.)	06256						
29	151	025		Linn township	43256						
29	151	030		Washington township	77632						
29	151	030	0145	Argyle town (pt.)	01828						
29	151	030	1525	Freeburg village	25822						
29	151	030	4555	Westphalia city	78910						

FIPS State	FIPS Cnty	Cen-sus MCD	Cen-sus Place	Name	FIPS Place	FIPS State	FIPS Cnty	Cen-sus MCD	Cen-sus Place	Name	FIPS Place
53				<b>Washington</b>		53	021	035	0960	Pasco city (pt.)	53545
53	001			<b>Adams County</b>		53	025			<b>Grant County</b>	
53	001	006		Lind-Washtucna division	91632	53	025	006		Coulee City division	90784
53	001	006	0555	Hatton town	30060	53	025	006	0275	Coulee City town	15080
53	001	006	0685	Lind town	39510	53	025	006	0550	Hartline town	29920
53	001	006	1390	Washtucna town	76440	53	025	011		Ephrata-Soap Lake division	91072
53	001	011		Othello division	92496	53	025	011	0415	Ephrata city	22080
53	001	011	0945	Othello city	52215	53	025	011	1190	Soap Lake city	65345
53	001	016		Ritzville division	92800	53	025	016		George division	91200
53	001	016	1090	Ritzville city	58725	53	025	016	0489	George town	26455
53	007			<b>Chelan County</b>		53	025	016	0805	Moses Lake city (pt.)	47245
53	007	006		Cashmere division	90448	53	025	021		Gloyd division	91248
53	007	006	0165	Cashmere city	10495	53	025	026		Grand Coulee division	91296
53	007	011		Chelan division	90544	53	025	026	0280	Coulee Dam town (pt.)	15115
53	007	011	0195	Chelan city	11615	53	025	026	0375	Electric City town	21030
53	007	016		Entiat division	91040	53	025	026	0510	Grand Coulee city	27855
53	007	016	0405	Entiat city	22010	53	025	031		Moses Lake division	92032
53	007	021		Leavenworth-Lake Wenatchee division	91600	53	025	031	0805	Moses Lake city (pt.)	47245
53	007	021	0680	Leavenworth city	38845	53	025	031	0807	Moses Lake North (CDP)	47280
53	007	023		Malaga division	91840	53	025	036		Quincy division	92720
53	007	026		Manson division	91904	53	025	036	1040	Quincy town	57115
53	007	031		Stehekin division	93280	53	025	041		Southern Slopes division	93104
53	007	034		Wenatchee division	93712	53	025	041	0750	Mattawa town	44165
53	007	034	1211	South Wenatchee (CDP)	66185	53	025	041	1127	Royal City city	60230
53	007	034	1276	Sunnyslope (CDP)	68785	53	025	046		Warden division	93680
53	007	034	1405	Wenatchee city	77105	53	025	046	1380	Warden town	76160
53	007	034	1430	West Wenatchee (CDP)	77910	53	025	051		Wilson Creek division	93792
53	017			<b>Douglas County</b>		53	025	051	0635	Krupp town	36395
53	017	006		Bridgeport division	90320	53	025	051	1450	Wilson Creek town	79135
53	017	006	0125	Bridgeport town	07870	53	037			<b>Kittitas County</b>	
53	017	006	0280	Coulee Dam town (pt.)	15115	53	037	051		Cle Elum division	90624
53	017	006	0735	Mansfield town	42800	53	037	051	0220	Cle Elum city	12945
53	017	016		East Wenatchee division	90944	53	037	051	1120	Roslyn city	60055
53	017	016	0350	East Wenatchee city	20155	53	037	051	1205	South Cle Elum town	65765
53	017	016	0355	East Wenatchee Bench (CDP)	20190	53	037	055		Ellensburg division	91008
53	017	016	1105	Rock Island town	59180	53	037	055	0380	Ellensburg city	21240
53	017	041		Waterville division	93696	53	037	060		Kittitas division	91504
53	017	041	1395	Waterville town	76510	53	037	060	0630	Kittitas city	36045
53	019			<b>Ferry County (pt.)</b>		53	037	065		Manastash division	91888
53	019	006		Colville Reservation division	90704	53	037	070		Naneum division	92112
53	021			<b>Franklin County</b>		53	043			<b>Lincoln County</b>	
53	021	006		Connell division	90752	53	043	006		Davenport division	90848
53	021	006	0265	Connell city	14485	53	043	006	0310	Davenport city	16795
53	021	006	0765	Mesa town	45180	53	043	006	1060	Reardan town	57465
53	021	011		Kahlotus division	91424	53	043	011		Odessa division	92304
53	021	011	0595	Kahlotus city	34575	53	043	011	0545	Harrington city	29745
53	021	011	0960	Pasco city (pt.)	53545	53	043	011	0910	Odessa town	50745
53	021	030		Pasco division	92512	53	043	011	1225	Sprague city	67175
53	021	030	0960	Pasco city (pt.)	53545	53	043	016		Wilbur division	93760
53	021	030	1418	West Pasco (CDP)	77612	53	043	016	0025	Almira town	01500
53	021	035		Pasco North division	92528	53	043	016	0295	Creston town	15710
						53	043	016	1440	Wilbur town	78680

1. American Indian/Alaska Native Area code (Census) is 0760.

FIPS State	FIPS Cnty	Cen-sus MCD	Cen-sus Place	Name	FIPS Place	FIPS State	FIPS Cnty	Cen-sus MCD	Cen-sus Place	Name	FIPS Place
53	047			<b>Okanogan County (pt.)</b>		53	075			<b>Whitman County</b>	
53	047	011		Colville Reservation division <sup>1</sup>	90720	53	075	006		Colfax-Palouse division	90656
53	047	011	0280	Coulee Dam town	15115	53	075	006	0230	Colfax city	13785
53	047	011	0390	Elmer City town	21485	53	075	006	0955	Palouse city	52950
53	047	011	0855	Nespelem town	48540	53	075	011		La Crosse division	91552
53	047	011	0915	Okanogan city (pt.)	50920	53	075	011	0655	La Crosse town	36850
53	047	011	0925	Omak city (pt.)	51340	53	075	080		Pullman division	92656
53	047	031		Okanogan division (pt.)	92320	53	075	080	0015	Albion town	01010
53	047	031	0915	Okanogan city (pt.)	50920	53	075	080	1025	Pullman city	56625
53	047	085		Omak division (pt.)	92416	53	075	085		Rock Lake division	92832
53	047	085	0925	Omak city (pt.)	51340	53	075	085	0395	Endicott town	21730
						53	075	085	0665	Lamont town	38215
53	065			<b>Stevens County (pt.)</b>		53	075	085	1135	St. John town	60860
53	065	060		Spokane Reservation division <sup>2</sup>	93216	53	075	090		Rosalia division	92848
						53	075	090	0730	Malden town	42275
						53	075	090	1115	Rosalia town	59775
						53	075	095		Steptoe division	93296
						53	075	095	0440	Farmington town	23340
						53	075	095	0480	Garfield town	26140
						53	075	095	0890	Oakesdale town	50325
						53	075	100		Tekoa division	93424
						53	075	100	1285	Tekoa city	70560
						53	075	105		Uniontown division	93536
						53	075	105	0240	Colton town	13890
						53	075	105	1340	Uniontown town	73360

1. American Indian/Alaska Native Area code (Census) is 0760.

2. American Indian/Alaska Native Area code (Census) is 3940.





**1990 Census of Population and Housing:  
1988 Dress Rehearsal Censuses of East  
Central Missouri and Eastern Washington  
P. L. 94-171 Technical Documentation**

**USER NOTE NO. 2**

**Geographic Entities Consisting Entirely of Water**

Geographic entities that consist entirely of water appear on the census maps, but, for the 1988 Dress Rehearsal, there are no summary-level records for these entities in this file. Because each such entity is a portion of a larger geographic entity, the summary-level record(s) for the other part(s) of that entity indicates "part" and includes "(pt.)" in the name field. Furthermore, the area of such an entity is included in the water area measurement presented for every geographic unit of which it is a part.

For example, a very small portion of Elmtown city is located in Jones township; it consists entirely of the

part of the city's reservoir that lies in Jones township. The census maps depict the city limits bounding the reservoir in Jones township. This summary-level record-Jones township/Elmtown city (pt.)/BNA 9501 (pt.)/BG 1 (pt.)-does not appear in the data file. However, each summary-level record for the other part(s) of the city, the BNA, and the BG indicates "part" and includes "(pt.)" in the name field. The water area within this portion of Elmtown is included in the water area measurements of the county, the township, the city and BNA 9501.



**1990 Census of Population and Housing:  
1988 Dress Rehearsal Census of St. Louis City,  
East Central Missouri, and Eastern Washington  
P. L. 94 - 171 Technical Documentation**

**USER NOTE NO. 3**

**Replacement Pages II-1, II-2, 79, and 80**

Attached are replacement pages II-1 and II-2 for chapter II, List of Tables (Matrices) and replacement pages 79 and 80 for the Table (Matrix) Section of the File Layout chapter.

These replacement pages are necessary because the housing units count is immediately after the

population count on the record, not at the end of the record, as indicated by the original pages II-1 and 79. *Please destroy the original pages and insert the replacement pages in your documentation. Also, please insert this user note in chapter III of your technical documentation.*

Replacement pages have been inserted into documentation.

July, 1989



**1990 Census of Population and Housing:  
1988 Dress Rehearsal Census of St. Louis City,  
East Central Missouri, and Eastern Washington  
P. L. 94-171 Technical Documentation**

**USER NOTE NO. 4**

**Sequence of Matrices in 1990 P.L. 94-171 Files**

On the 1990 P.L. 94-171 files, the matrices will appear in a different order from the Dress Rehearsal file. The housing matrix will be at the end of the record. The

matrix arrangement which will appear on the final P.L. 94-171 file is on the attached page.

August, 1989

## Arrangement of Matrices in 1990 P.L. 94-171 File

Table (Matrix) Number	Table (Matrix)	Table (Matrix) Implied Decimals	Starting Position	Table (Matrix) Coordinates
P1.	<b>Persons (1)</b> Universe: Persons Total	—	301	1
P2.	<b>Race (5)</b> Universe: Persons White Black American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut Asian and Pacific Islander Other races	—	310 319 328 337 346	1 2 3 4 5
P3.	<b>Race (5)</b> Universe: Persons 18 years and over White Black American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut Asian and Pacific Islander Other races	—	355 364 373 382 391	1 2 3 4 5
P4.	<b>Hispanic Origin and Race (6)</b> Universe: Persons Hispanic origin Not of Hispanic origin: White Black American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut Asian and Pacific Islander Other races	—	400 409 418 427 436 445	1 2 3 4 5 6
P5.	<b>Hispanic Origin and Race (6)</b> Universe: Persons 18 years and over Hispanic origin Not of Hispanic origin: White Black American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut Asian and Pacific Islander Other races	—	454 463 472 481 490 499	1 2 3 4 5 6
H1.	<b>Housing Units (1)</b> Universe: Housing Units Total	—	508	1

August 1989

# Record Layout of Machine-Readable Data Dictionary

## GEOGRAPHIC DESCRIPTION

### Record 1

1-2 Identifier "G1"  
 3 Blank  
 4-11 Field mnemonic (left justified)  
 12 Blank  
 13-14 Field size (right justified)  
 15 Blank  
 16-18 Data type (left justified)  
 Note: Legal entries are A, N, and A\N  
 19 Blank  
 20-24 Begin position (right justified)  
 (Begin position in relation to the entire record)  
 25 Blank  
 26-30 Relative begin position (right justified)  
 (Begin position in relation to the record  
 segment)  
 31 Blank  
 32 Number of implied decimals  
 33-80 Blank

### Record 2

1-2 Identifier "G2"  
 3 Blank  
 4-8 Begin position (right justified) (repeat from 20-24  
 above)  
 9 Blank  
 10-80 Field Description (left justified)

### Record 3

1-2 Identifier "G3"  
 3 Blank  
 4-8 Begin position (right justified) (repeat from 20-24  
 in G1)  
 9 Blank  
 10-17 Codes (right justified)  
 18 Blank  
 19-80 Code identification (left justified)

## Geographic Description Examples<sup>1</sup>

### Example 1

Note: In this example there are no G3 records. G3 records will appear only for fields which have code listings in the technical documentation.

G1	FILEID	8	A/N	1	10
G2	1	File Identification			

### Example 2

Note: Not all codes are shown.

G1	PSADC	2	A/N	289	289	0
G2	289					Political/Statistical Area Description Code
G3	289		01			State or State equivalent; no status is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data product
G3	289		01			borough - county equivalent in Alaska; "Borough" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products
G3	289		04			county - county; "County" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products
G3	289		05			census area - county equivalent in Alaska; "Census Area" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products
G3	289		05			and related data products
G3	289		06			county - county; "County" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products
G3	289		06			publications and related data products

## MATRIX DESCRIPTION

### Record 1

1-2 Identifier "T1"  
 3 Blank  
 4-9 Table (matrix) number (left justified)  
 10 Blank  
 11-15 Begin position (right justified)  
 (Begin position in relation to the entire record)  
 16 Blank  
 17-21 Relative begin position (right justified)  
 (Begin position in relation to the record  
 segment)  
 22 Blank  
 23-24 Cell size for this table (matrix) (right justified)  
 25 Blank

1. Examples are based on a test file, not the final version of an STF file.

- 26 Number of implied decimals for cells in this table(matrix)
- 27 Blank
- 28-30 Number of cells in this table (matrix) (right justified)
- 31 Blank
- 32-34 Number of variables (right justified)
- 35-80 Blank

#### Record 2

- 1-2 Identifier "T2"
- 3 Blank
- 4-9 Table (matrix) number (left justified)
- 10 Blank
- 11-80 Table (matrix) title (left justified)

#### Record 3

- 1-2 Identifier "T3"
- 3 Blank
- 4-9 Table (matrix) number (left justified)
- 10 Blank
- 11-80 Universe Description (left justified)

#### Record 4

- 1-2 Identifier "Tn" n= sequence number of variable in the table being described.
  - 3 Blank
  - 4-9 Table (matrix) number (left justified)
  - 10 Blank
  - 11-76 Variable name (left justified)
  - 77 Blank
  - 78-80 Number of categories for this variable (right justified)
- Note: Subsequent "T" records with the same "n" will have the variable categories described in positions 11-80.

#### Record 5

- 1-2 Identifier "F1"
- 3 Blank
- 4-7 "FILL"
- 8-10 Blank
- 11-15 Begin Position (right justified) (Begin position in relation to the entire record)
- 16 Blank
- 17-21 Relative Begin Position (right justified) (Begin position in relation to the record segment)
- 22 Blank
- 23-26 Total number of "FILL" blanks
- 27-80 Blank

#### Matrix Example

Note: Begin, relative begin, and cell size positions are hypothetical.

Sample Table STF3--P97

Poverty Status in 1989 (2) by Sex (2) by Age (6) [24]

T1	P97	999	333	8	0	243
T2	P97	Poverty Status in 1989 by Sex by Age				
T3	P97	Persons in poverty universe				
T4	P97	Poverty Status in 1989 2				
T4	P97	Income in 1989 above poverty level:				
T4	P97	Income in 1989 below poverty level:				
T5	P97	Sex2				
T5	P97	Male:				
T5	P97	Female:				
T6	P97	Age 6				
T6	P97	Under 6 years				
T6	P97	6 to 14 years				
T6	P97	15 to 17 years				
T6	P97	18 to 64 years				
T6	P97	65 to 74 years				
T6	P97	75 years and over				
F1	FILL	1191	525	7667		



# SUMMARY LEVEL SEQUENCE CHART

Summary Level Area	Summary Level Code	Geographic Component Code	Characteristic Iteration
State.....	040	00	000
State-County.....	050	00	000
State-County-Voting District/Balance .....	700	00	000
State-County-Census Tract/Block Numbering Area.....	140	00	000
State-County-Voting District/Balance- County Subdivision.....	710	00	000
State-County-Voting District/Balance- County Subdivision-Place/Balance .....	720	00	000
State-County-Voting District/ Balance-County Subdivision-Place/ Balance-Census Tract/Block Numbering Area .....	730	00	000
State-County-Voting District/ Balance-County Subdivision-Place/ Balance-Census Tract/ Block Numbering Area-Block Group .....	740	00	000
State-County-Voting District/ Balance-County Subdivision- Place/Balance-Census Tract/ Block Numbering Area- Block Group-Block.....	750	00	000
State-County-County Subdivision .....	060	00	000
State-Place.....	160	00	000
State-Consolidated City .....	170	00	000

Summary Level Area	Summary Level Code	Geographic Component Code	Characteristic Iteration
State-American Indian Reservation with Trust Lands.....	210	00	000
State-American Indian Reservation [reservation with trust lands; reservation only].....	211	00	000
American Indian Reservation [reservation with or without trust lands; reservation only]/Tribal Jurisdiction Statistical Area/Tribal Designated Statistical Area/ Alaska Native Village Statistical Area- State-County.....	220	00	000
State-American Indian Reservation [reservation with trust lands; trust lands only].....	212	00	000
American Indian Trust Lands [trust lands with or without reservation; trust lands only]-State-County.....	221	00	000
State-American Indian Reservation [reservation with <u>no</u> trust lands]/Tribal Jurisdiction Statistical Area/Tribal Designated Statistical Area/Alaska Native Village Statistical Area.....	215	00	000
American Indian Reservation [reservation with or without trust lands; reservation only]/ Tribal Jurisdiction Statistical Area/Tribal Designated Statistical Area/ Alaska Native Village Statistical Area-State- County.....	220	00	000
State-American Indian Trust Lands [trust lands with <u>no</u> reservation].....	216	00	000
American Indian Trust Lands [trust lands with or without reservation; trust lands only]-State-County.....	221	00	000
State-Alaska Native Regional Corporation.....	230	00	000

# FILE LAYOUT

Field Name	Data Dictionary Reference Name	Field Size	Starting Position	Data Type	Summary Level		
					040	050	060
Record Codes							
File Identification	FILEID	8	1	A/N	*	*	*
State/US Abbreviation	STUSAB	2	9	A	*	*	*
Summary Level	SUMLEV	3	11	N	*	*	*
Geographic Component Characteristic	GEOCOMP	2	14	N	*	*	*
Iteration	CHARITER	3	16	N	*	*	*
Logical Record Number	LOGRECNU	6	19	N	*	*	*
Logical Record Part Number	LOGRECPN	4	25	N	*	*	*
Total Number of Parts in Record	PARTREC	4	29	N	*	*	*
Geographic Area Codes							
Alaska Native Regional Corporation	ANRC	2	33	A/N			
American Indian/Alaska Native Area (Census)	AIANACE	4	35	A/N			
American Indian/Alaska Native Area (FIPS)	AIANAFP	5	39	A/N			
American Indian/Alaska Native Area Class Code	AIANACC	2	44	A/N			
American Indian Reservation Trust Land Indicator	ARTLI	1	46	A/N			
Block	BLCK	4	47	A/N			
Block Group	BLCKGR	1	51	A/N			
Census Tract/Block Numbering Area	TRACTBNA	6	52	A/N			
Congressional District	CONGDIS	2	58	A/N			
Consolidated City (Census)	CONCITCE	1	60	A/N			
Consolidated City (FIPS)	CONCITFP	5	61	A/N			
Consolidated City Class Code	CONCITCC	2	66	A/N			
Consolidated City Size Code	CONCITSC	2	68	A/N			
Consolidated Metropolitan Statistical Area	CMSA	2	70	A/N		*	*
County	CNTY	3	72	A/N		*	*
County Size Code	CNTYSC	2	75	A/N		*	*
County Subdivision (Census)	COUSUBCE	3	77	A/N			*
County Subdivision (FIPS)	COUSUBFP	5	80	A/N			*

Field Name	Data Dictionary Reference Name	Field Size	Starting Position	Data Type	Summary Level		
					040	050	060
<b>Geographic Area Codes (con't.)</b>							
County Subdivision Class Code	COUSUBCC	2	85	A/N			*
County Subdivision Size Code	COUSUBSC	2	87	A/N	*	*	*
Division	DIVIS	1	89	A/N			
Extended City Indicator	EXTCITIN	1	90	A/N			
Internal Use Code	INTUC	15	91	A/N			
Metropolitan Statistical Area/ Consolidated Metropolitan Statistical Area	MSACMSA	4	106	A/N		*	*
MSA/CMSA Size Code	MSACMSAS	2	110	A/N		*	*
Place (Census)	PLACECE	4	112	A/N			
Place (FIPS)	PLACEFP	5	116	A/N			
Place Class Code	PLACECC	2	121	A/N			
Place Description Code	PLACEDC	1	123	A/N			
Place Size Code	PLACESC	2	124	A/N			
Primary Metropolitan Statistical Area	PMSA	4	126	A/N		*	*
Region	REG	1	130	A/N	*	*	*
State (Census)	STATECE	2	131	A/N	*	*	*
State (FIPS)	STATEFP	2	133	A/N	*	*	*
Urban/Rural	URBANRUR	1	135	A/N			
Urbanized Area	URBAREA	4	136	A/N			
Urbanized Area Size Code	UASC	2	140	A/N			
Special Area Code (1)	SAC1	5	142	A/N			
Special Area Code (2)	SAC2	5	147	A/N			
Special Area Code (3)	SAC3	4	152	A/N			
Special Area Code (4)	SAC4	4	156	A/N			
Special Area Code (5)	SAC5	3	160	A/N			
Special Area Code (6)	SAC6	3	163	A/N			
Special Area Code (7)	SAC7	2	166	A/N			
Special Area Code (8)	SAC8	2	168	A/N			
Special Area Code (9)	SAC9	1	170	A/N			
Special Area Code (10)	SAC10	1	171	A/N			
<b>Area Characteristics</b>							
Area (land)	AREALAND	10	172	A/N	*	*	*
Area (water)	AREAWAT	10	182	A/N	*	*	*
Area Name/PSAD Term/ Part Indicator	ANPSADPI	66	192	A/N	*	*	*
Functional Status Code	FUNCSTAT	1	258	A/N	*	*	*
Geographic Change User Note Indicator	GCUNI	1	259	A/N	*	*	*
Housing Unit Count (100%)	HU100	9	260	A/N	*	*	*
Internal Point (latitude)	INTPTLAT	9	269	A/N	*	*	*
Internal Point (longitude)	INTPTLNG	10	278	A/N	*	*	*
Part Flag	PARTFLAG	1	288	A/N			
Political/Statistical Area Description Code	PSADC	2	289	A/N	*	*	*
Population Count (100%)	POP100	9	291	A/N	*	*	*
Special Flag	SPFLAG	1	300	A/N	*	*	*

Field Name	Data Dictionary Reference Name	Field Size	Starting Position	Data Type	Summary Level		
					140	160	170
Record Codes							
File Identification	FILEID	8	1	A/N	*	*	*
State/US Abbreviation	STUSAB	2	9	A	*	*	*
Summary Level	SUMLEV	3	11	N	*	*	*
Geographic Component Characteristic	GEOCOMP	2	14	N	*	*	*
Iteration	CHARITER	3	16	N	*	*	*
Logical Record Number	LOGRECNU	6	19	N	*	*	*
Logical Record Part Number	LOGRECPN	4	25	N	*	*	*
Total Number of Parts in Record	PARTREC	4	29	N	*	*	*
Geographic Area Codes							
Alaska Native Regional Corporation	ANRC	2	33	A/N			
American Indian/Alaska Native Area (Census)	AIANACE	4	35	A/N			
American Indian/Alaska Native Area (FIPS)	AIANAFP	5	39	A/N			
American Indian/Alaska Native Area Class Code	AIANACC	2	44	A/N			
American Indian Reservation Trust Land Indicator	ARTLI	1	46	A/N			
Block	BLCK	4	47	A/N			
Block Group	BLCKGR	1	51	A/N			
Census Tract/Block Numbering Area	TRACTBNA	6	52	A/N	*		
Congressional District	CONGDIS	2	58	A/N			
Consolidated City (Census)	CONCITCE	1	60	A/N			*
Consolidated City (FIPS)	CONCITFP	5	61	A/N			*
Consolidated City Class Code	CONCITCC	2	66	A/N			*
Consolidated City Size Code	CONCITSC	2	68	A/N			*
Consolidated Metropolitan Statistical Area	CMSA	2	70	A/N			
County	CNTY	3	72	A/N	*		
County Size Code	CNTYSC	2	75	A/N	*		
County Subdivision (Census)	COUSUBCE	3	77	A/N			
County Subdivision (FIPS)	COUSUBFP	5	80	A/N			
County Subdivision Class Code	COUSUBCC	2	85	A/N			
County Subdivision Size Code	COUSUBSC	2	87	A/N			
Division	DIVIS	1	89	A/N	*	*	*
Extended City Indicator	EXTCITIN	1	90	A/N		*	
Internal Use Code	INTUC	15	91	A/N			
Metropolitan Statistical Area/Consolidated Metropolitan Statistical Area	MSACMSA	4	106	A/N			

Field Name	Data Dictionary Reference Name	Field Size	Starting Position	Data Type	Summary Level		
					140	160	170
Geographic Area Codes (con't.)							
MSA/CMSA Size Code	MSACMSAS	2	110	A/N			
Place (Census)	PLACECE	4	112	A/N		*	
Place (FIPS)	PLACEFP	5	116	A/N		*	
Place Class Code	PLACECC	2	121	A/N		*	
Place Description Code	PLACEDC	1	123	A/N		*	
Place Size Code	PLACESC	2	124	A/N		*	
Primary Metropolitan Statistical Area	PMSA	4	126	A/N			
Region	REG	1	130	A/N	*	*	*
State (Census)	STATECE	2	131	A/N	*	*	*
State (FIPS)	STATEFP	2	133	A/N	*	*	*
Urban/Rural	URBANRUR	1	135	A/N			
Urbanized Area	URBAREA	4	136	A/N			
Urbanized Area Size Code	UASC	2	140	A/N			
Special Area Code (1)	SAC1	5	142	A/N			
Special Area Code (2)	SAC2	5	147	A/N			
Special Area Code (3)	SAC3	4	152	A/N			
Special Area Code (4)	SAC4	4	156	A/N			
Special Area Code (5)	SAC5	3	160	A/N			
Special Area Code (6)	SAC6	3	163	A/N			
Special Area Code (7)	SAC7	2	166	A/N			
Special Area Code (8)	SAC8	2	168	A/N			
Special Area Code (9)	SAC9	1	170	A/N			
Special Area Code (10)	SAC10	1	171	A/N			
Area Characteristics							
Area (land)	AREALAND	10	172	A/N	*	*	*
Area (water)	AREAWAT	10	182	A/N	*	*	*
Area Name/PSAD Term/ Part Indicator	ANPSADPI	66	192	A/N	*	*	*
Functional Status Code	FUNCSTAT	1	258	A/N	*	*	*
Geographic Change User Note Indicator	GCUNI	1	259	A/N		*	*
Housing Unit Count (100%)	HU100	9	260	A/N	*	*	*
Internal Point (latitude)	INTPTLAT	9	269	A/N	*	*	*
Internal Point (longitude)	INTPTLNG	10	278	A/N	*	*	*
Part Flag	PARTFLAG	1	288	A/N			
Political/Statistical Area Description Code	PSADC	2	289	A/N		*	*
Population Count (100%)	POP100	9	291	A/N	*	*	*
Special Flag	SPFLAG	1	300	A/N	*	*	*

Field Name	Data Dictionary Reference Name	Field Size	Starting Position	Data Type	Summary Level		
					210	211	212
Record Codes							
File Identification	FILEID	8	1	A/N	*	*	*
State/US Abbreviation	STUSAB	2	9	A	*	*	*
Summary Level	SUMLEV	3	11	N	*	*	*
Geographic Component Characteristic	GEOCOMP	2	14	N	*	*	*
Iteration	CHARITER	3	16	N	*	*	*
Logical Record Number	LOGRECNU	6	19	N	*	*	*
Logical Record Part Number	LOGRECPN	4	25	N	*	*	*
Total Number of Parts in Record	PARTREC	4	29	N	*	*	*
Geographic Area Codes							
Alaska Native Regional Corporation	ANRC	2	33	A/N			
American Indian/Alaska Native Area (Census)	AIANACE	4	35	A/N	*	*	*
American Indian/Alaska Native Area (FIPS)	AIANAFP	5	39	A/N	*	*	*
American Indian/Alaska Native Area Class Code	AIANACC	2	44	A/N	*	*	*
American Indian Reservation Trust Land Indicator	ARTLI	1	46	A/N		*	*
Block	BLCK	4	47	A/N			
Block Group	BLCKGR	1	51	A/N			
Census Tract/Block Numbering Area	TRACTBNA	6	52	A/N			
Congressional District	CONGDIS	2	58	A/N			
Consolidated City (Census)	CONCITCE	1	60	A/N			
Consolidated City (FIPS)	CONCITFP	5	61	A/N			
Consolidated City Class Code	CONCITCC	2	66	A/N			
Consolidated City Size Code	CONCITSC	2	68	A/N			
Consolidated Metropolitan Statistical Area	CMSA	2	70	A/N			
County	CNTY	3	72	A/N			
County Size Code	CNTYSC	2	75	A/N			
County Subdivision (Census)	COUSUBCE	3	77	A/N			
County Subdivision (FIPS)	COUSUBFP	5	80	A/N			
County Subdivision Class Code	COUSUBCC	2	85	A/N			
County Subdivision Size Code	COUSUBSC	2	87	A/N			
Division	DIVIS	1	89	A/N	*	*	*
Extended City Indicator	EXTCITIN	1	90	A/N			
Internal Use Code	INTUC	15	91	A/N			
Metropolitan Statistical Area/Consolidated Metropolitan Statistical Area	MSACMSA	4	106	A/N			

Field Name	Data Dictionary Reference Name	Field Size	Starting Position	Data Type	Summary Level		
					210	211	212
Geographic Area Codes (con't.)							
MSA/CMSA Size Code	MSACMSAS	2	110	A/N			
Place (Census)	PLACECE	4	112	A/N			
Place (FIPS)	PLACEFP	5	116	A/N			
Place Class Code	PLACECC	2	121	A/N			
Place Description Code	PLACEDC	1	123	A/N			
Place Size Code	PLACESC	2	124	A/N			
Primary Metropolitan Statistical Area	PMSA	4	126	A/N			
Region	REG	1	130	A/N	*	*	*
State (Census)	STATECE	2	131	A/N	*	*	*
State (FIPS)	STATEFP	2	133	A/N	*	*	*
Urban/Rural	URBANRUR	1	135	A/N			
Urbanized Area	URBAREA	4	136	A/N			
Urbanized Area Size Code	UASC	2	140	A/N			
Special Area Code (1)	SAC1	5	142	A/N			
Special Area Code (2)	SAC2	5	147	A/N			
Special Area Code (3)	SAC3	4	152	A/N			
Special Area Code (4)	SAC4	4	156	A/N			
Special Area Code (5)	SAC5	3	160	A/N			
Special Area Code (6)	SAC6	3	163	A/N			
Special Area Code (7)	SAC7	2	166	A/N			
Special Area Code (8)	SAC8	2	168	A/N			
Special Area Code (9)	SAC9	1	170	A/N			
Special Area Code (10)	SAC10	1	171	A/N			
Area Characteristics							
Area (land)	AREALAND	10	172	A/N	*	*	*
Area (water)	AREAWAT	10	182	A/N	*	*	*
Area Name/PSAD Term/ Part Indicator	ANPSADPI	66	192	A/N	*	*	*
Functional Status Code	FUNCSTAT	1	258	A/N	*	*	*
Geographic Change User Note Indicator	GCUNI	1	259	A/N	*	*	*
Housing Unit Count (100%)	HUIPP	9	260	A/N	*	*	*
Internal Point (latitude)	INTPTLAT	9	269	A/N	*	*	*
Internal Point (longitude)	INTPTLNG	10	278	A/N	*	*	*
Part Flag	PARTFLAG	1	288	A/N	*	*	*
Political/Statistical Area Description Code	PSADC	2	289	A/N	*	*	*
Population Count (100%)	POP100	9	291	A/N	*	*	*
Special Flag	SPFLAG	1	300	A/N	*	*	*



Field Name	Data Dictionary Reference Name	Field Size	Starting Position	Data Type	Summary Level 215	Summary Level 216
Record Codes						
File Identification	FILEID	8	1	A/N	*	*
State/US Abbreviation	STUSAB	2	9	A	*	*
Summary Level	SUMLEV	3	11	N	*	*
Geographic Component Characteristic	GEOCOMP	2	14	N	*	*
Iteration	CHARITER	3	16	N	*	*
Logical Record Number	LOGRECNU	6	19	N	*	*
Logical Record Part Number	LOGRECPN	4	25	N	*	*
Total Number of Parts in Record	PARTREC	4	29	N	*	*
Geographic Area Codes						
Alaska Native Regional Corporation	ANRC	2	33	A/N		
American Indian/Alaska Native Area (Census)	AIANACE	4	35	A/N	*	*
American Indian/Alaska Native Area (FIPS)	AIANAFP	5	39	A/N	*	*
American Indian/Alaska Native Area Class Code	AIANACC	2	44	A/N	*	*
American Indian Reservation Trust Land Indicator	ARTLI	1	46	A/N	*	*
Block	BLCK	4	47	A/N		
Block Group	BLCKGR	1	51	A/N		
Census Tract/Block Numbering Area	TRACTBNA	6	52	A/N		
Congressional District	CONGDIS	2	58	A/N		
Consolidated City (Census)	CONCITCE	1	60	A/N		
Consolidated City (FIPS)	CONCITFP	5	61	A/N		
Consolidated City Class Code	CONCITCC	2	66	A/N		
Consolidated City Size Code	CONCITSC	2	68	A/N		
Consolidated Metropolitan Statistical Area	CMSA	2	70	A/N		
County	CNTY	3	72	A/N		
County Size Code	CNTYSC	2	75	A/N		
County Subdivision (Census)	COUSUBCE	3	77	A/N		
County Subdivision (FIPS)	COUSUBFP	5	80	A/N		
County Subdivision Class Code	COUSUBCC	2	85	A/N		
County Subdivision Size Code	COUSUBSC	2	87	A/N		
Division	DIVIS	1	89	A/N	*	*
Extended City Indicator	EXTCITIN	1	90	A/N		
Internal Use Code	INTUC	15	91	A/N		
Metropolitan Statistical Area/Consolidated Metropolitan Statistical Area	MSACMSA	4	106	A/N		

Field Name	Data Dictionary Reference Name	Field Size	Starting Position	Data Type	Summary Level	
					215	216
<b>Geographic Area Codes (con't.)</b>						
MSA/CMSA Size Code	MSACMSAS	2	110	A/N		
Place (Census)	PLACECE	4	112	A/N		
Place (FIPS)	PLACEFP	5	116	A/N		
Place Class Code	PLACECC	2	121	A/N		
Place Description Code	PLACEDC	1	123	A/N		
Place Size Code	PLACESC	2	124	A/N		
Primary Metropolitan Statistical Area	PMSA	4	126	A/N		
Region	REG	1	130	A/N	*	*
State (Census)	STATECE	2	131	A/N	*	*
State (FIPS)	STATEFP	2	133	A/N	*	*
Urban/Rural	URBANRUR	1	135	A/N		
Urbanized Area	URBAREA	4	136	A/N		
Urbanized Area Size Code	UASC	2	140	A/N		
Special Area Code (1)	SAC1	5	142	A/N		
Special Area Code (2)	SAC2	5	147	A/N		
Special Area Code (3)	SAC3	4	152	A/N		
Special Area Code (4)	SAC4	4	156	A/N		
Special Area Code (5)	SAC5	3	160	A/N		
Special Area Code (6)	SAC6	3	163	A/N		
Special Area Code (7)	SAC7	2	166	A/N		
Special Area Code (8)	SAC8	2	168	A/N		
Special Area Code (9)	SAC9	1	170	A/N		
Special Area Code (10)	SAC10	1	171	A/N		
<b>Area Characteristics</b>						
Area (land)	AREALAND	10	172	A/N	*	*
Area (water)	AREAWAT	10	182	A/N	*	*
Area Name/PSAD Term/ Part Indicator	ANPSADPI	66	192	A/N	*	*
Functional Status Code	FUNCSTAT	1	258	A/N	*	*
Geographic Change User Note Indicator	GCUNI	1	259	A/N	*	*
Housing Unit Count (100%)	HU100	9	260	A/N	*	*
Internal Point (latitude)	INTPTLAT	9	269	A/N	*	*
Internal Point (longitude)	INTPTLNG	10	278	A/N	*	*
Part Flag	PARTFLAG	1	288	A/N	*	*
Political/Statistical Area Description Code	PSADC	2	289	A/N	*	*
Population Count (100%)	POP100	9	291	A/N	*	*
Special Flag	SPFLAG	1	300	A/N	*	*

Field Name	Data Dictionary Reference Name	Field Size	Starting Position	Data Type	Summary Level		
					220	221	230
Record Codes							
File Identification	FILEID	8	1	A/N	*	*	*
State/US Abbreviation	STUSAB	2	9	A	*	*	*
Summary Level	SUMLEV	3	11	N	*	*	*
Geographic Component Characteristic	GEOCOMP	2	14	N	*	*	*
Iteration	CHARITER	3	16	N	*	*	*
Logical Record Number	LOGRECNU	6	19	N	*	*	*
Logical Record Part Number	LOGRECPN	4	25	N	*	*	*
Total Number of Parts in Record	PARTREC	4	29	N	*	*	*
Geographic Area Codes							
Alaska Native Regional Corporation	ANRC	2	33	A/N			*
American Indian/Alaska Native Area (Census)	AIANACE	4	35	A/N	*	*	
American Indian/Alaska Native Area (FIPS)	AIANAFP	5	39	A/N	*	*	
American Indian/Alaska Native Area Class Code	AIANACC	2	44	A/N	*	*	
American Indian Reservation Trust Land Indicator	ARTLI	1	46	A/N	*	*	
Block	BLCK	4	47	A/N			
Block Group	BLCKGR	1	51	A/N			
Census Tract/Block Numbering Area	TRACTBNA	6	52	A/N			
Congressional District	CONGDIS	2	58	A/N			
Consolidated City (Census)	CONCITCE	1	60	A/N			
Consolidated City (FIPS)	CONCITFP	5	61	A/N			
Consolidated City Class Code	CONCITCC	2	66	A/N			
Consolidated City Size Code	CONCITSC	2	68	A/N			
Consolidated Metropolitan Statistical Area	CMSA	2	70	A/N			
County	CNTY	3	72	A/N	*	*	
County Size Code	CNTYSC	2	75	A/N	*	*	
County Subdivision (Census)	COUSUBCE	3	77	A/N			
County Subdivision (FIPS)	COUSUBFP	5	80	A/N			
County Subdivision Class Code	COUSUBCC	2	85	A/N			
County Subdivision Size Code	COUSUBSC	2	87	A/N			
Division	DIVIS	1	89	A/N	*	*	*
Extended City Indicator	EXTCITIN	1	90	A/N			
Internal Use Code	INTUC	15	91	A/N			
Metropolitan StatisticalArea/ Consolidated Metropolitan Statistical Area	MSACMSA	4	106	A/N			

Field Name	Data Dictionary Reference Name	Field Size	Starting Position	Data Type	Summary Level		
					220	221	230
Geographic Area Codes (con't.)							
MSA/CMSA Size Code	MSACMSAS	2	110	A/N			
Place (Census)	PLACECE	4	112	A/N			
Place (FIPS)	PLACEFP	5	116	A/N			
Place Class Code	PLACECC	2	121	A/N			
Place Description Code	PLACEDC	1	123	A/N			
Place Size Code	PLACESC	2	124	A/N			
Primary Metropolitan Statistical Area	PMSA	4	126	A/N			
Region	REG	1	130	A/N	*	*	*
State (Census)	STATECE	2	131	A/N	*	*	*
State (FIPS)	STATEFP	2	133	A/N	*	*	*
Urban/Rural	URBANRUR	1	135	A/N			
Urbanized Area	URBAREA	4	136	A/N			
Urbanized Area Size Code	UASC	2	140	A/N			
Special Area Code (1)	SAC1	5	142	A/N			
Special Area Code (2)	SAC2	5	147	A/N			
Special Area Code (3)	SAC3	4	152	A/N			
Special Area Code (4)	SAC4	4	156	A/N			
Special Area Code (5)	SAC5	3	160	A/N			
Special Area Code (6)	SAC6	3	163	A/N			
Special Area Code (7)	SAC7	2	166	A/N			
Special Area Code (8)	SAC8	2	168	A/N			
Special Area Code (9)	SAC9	1	170	A/N			
Special Area Code (10)	SAC10	1	171	A/N			
Area Characteristics							
Area (land)	AREALAND	10	172	A/N	*	*	*
Area (water)	AREAWAT	10	182	A/N	*	*	*
Area Name/PSAD Term/Part Indicator	ANPSADPI	66	192	A/N	*	*	*
Functional Status Code	FUNCSTAT	1	258	A/N	*	*	*
Geographic Change User Note Indicator	GCUNI	1	259	A/N	*	*	*
Housing Unit Count (100%)	HU100	9	260	A/N	*	*	*
Internal Point (latitude)	INTPTLAT	9	269	A/N	*	*	*
Internal Point (longitude)	INTPTLNG	10	278	A/N	*	*	*
Part Flag	PARTFLAG	1	288	A/N	*	*	*
Political/Statistical Area Description Code	PSADC	2	289	A/N	*	*	*
Population Count (100%)	POP100	9	291	A/N	*	*	*
Special Flag	SPFLAG	1	300	A/N	*	*	*

Field Name	Data Dictionary Reference Name	Field Size	Starting Position	Data Type	Summary Level		
					700	710	720
<b>Record Codes</b>							
File Identification	FILEID	8	1	A/N	*	*	*
State/US Abbreviation	STUSAB	2	9	A	*	*	*
Summary Level	SUMLEV	3	11	N	*	*	*
Geographic Component Characteristic	GEOCOMP	2	14	N	*	*	*
Iteration	CHARITER	3	16	N	*	*	*
Logical Record Number	LOGRECNU	6	19	N	*	*	*
Logical Record Part Number	LOGRECPN	4	25	N	*	*	*
Total Number of Parts in Record	PARTREC	4	29	N	*	*	*
<b>Geographic Area Codes</b>							
Alaska Native Regional Corporation	ANRC	2	33	A/N			
American Indian/Alaska Native Area (Census)	AIANACE	4	35	A/N			
American Indian/Alaska Native Area (FIPS)	AIANAFP	5	39	A/N			
American Indian/Alaska Native Area Class Code	AIANACC	2	44	A/N			
American Indian Reservation Trust Land Indicator	ARTLI	1	46	A/N			
Block	BLCK	4	47	A/N			
Block Group	BLCKGR	1	51	A/N			
Census Tract/Block Numbering Area	TRACTBNA	6	52	A/N			
Congressional District	CONGDIS	2	58	A/N			
Consolidated City (Census)	CONCITCE	1	60	A/N			
Consolidated City (FIPS)	CONCITFP	5	61	A/N			
Consolidated City Class Code	CONCITCC	2	66	A/N			
Consolidated City Size Code	CONCITSC	2	68	A/N			
Consolidated Metropolitan Statistical Area	CMSA	2	70	A/N	*	*	*
County	CNTY	3	72	A/N	*	*	*
County Size Code	CNTYSC	2	75	A/N		*	*
County Subdivision (Census)	COUSUBCE	3	77	A/N		*	*
County Subdivision (FIPS)	COUSUBFP	5	80	A/N		*	*
County Subdivision Class Code	COUSUBCC	2	85	A/N		*	*
County Subdivision Size Code	COUSUBSC	2	87	A/N	*	*	*
Division	DIVIS	1	89	A/N			
Extended City Indicator	EXTCITIN	1	90	A/N			
Internal Use Code	INTUC	15	91	A/N			
Metropolitan Statistical Area/Consolidated Metropolitan Statistical Area	MSACMSA	4	106	A/N			

Field Name	Data Dictionary Reference Name	Field Size	Starting Position	Data Type	Summary Level		
					700	710	720
Geographic Area Codes (con't.)							
MSA/CMSA Size Code	MSACMSAS	2	110	A/N			
Place (Census)	PLACECE	4	112	A/N			*
Place (FIPS)	PLACEFP	5	116	A/N			*
Place Class Code	PLACECC	2	121	A/N			*
Place Description Code	PLACEDC	1	123	A/N			*
Place Size Code	PLACESC	2	124	A/N			*
Primary Metropolitan Statistical Area	PMSA	4	126	A/N			
Region	REG	1	130	A/N	*	*	*
State (Census)	STATECE	2	131	A/N	*	*	*
State (FIPS)	STATEFP	2	133	A/N	*	*	*
Urban/Rural	URBANRUR	1	135	A/N			
Urbanized Area	URBAREA	4	136	A/N			
Urbanized Area Size Code	UASC	2	140	A/N			
Special Area Code (1)	SAC1	5	142	A/N			
Special Area Code (2)	SAC2	5	147	A/N			
Special Area Code (3)	SAC3	4	152	A/N	*	*	*
Special Area Code (4)	SAC4	4	156	A/N			
Special Area Code (5)	SAC5	3	160	A/N			
Special Area Code (6)	SAC6	3	163	A/N			
Special Area Code (7)	SAC7	2	166	A/N			
Special Area Code (8)	SAC8	2	168	A/N			
Special Area Code (9)	SAC9	1	170	A/N			
Special Area Code (10)	SAC10	1	171	A/N	*	*	*
Area Characteristics							
Area (land)	AREALAND	10	172	A/N	*	*	*
Area (water)	AREAWAT	10	182	A/N	*	*	*
Area Name/PSAD Term/ Part Indicator	ANPSADPI	66	192	A/N	*	*	*
Functional Status Code	FUNCSTAT	1	258	A/N	*	*	*
Geographic Change User Note Indicator	GCUNI	1	259	A/N		*	*
Housing Unit Count (100%)	HU100	9	260	A/N	*	*	*
Internal Point (latitude)	INTPTLAT	9	269	A/N	*	*	*
Internal Point (longitude)	INTPTLNG	10	278	A/N	*	*	*
Part Flag	PARTFLAG	1	288	A/N	*	*	*
Political/Statistical Area Description Code	PSADC	2	289	A/N		*	*
Population Count (100%)	POP100	9	291	A/N	*	*	*
Special Flag	SPFLAG	1	300	A/N	*	*	*

Field Name	Data Dictionary Reference Name	Field Size	Starting Position	Data Type	Summary Level		
					730	740	750
Record Codes							
File Identification	FILEID	8	1	A/N	*	*	*
State/US Abbreviation	STUSAB	2	9	A	*	*	*
Summary Level	SUMLEV	3	11	N	*	*	*
Geographic Component Characteristic	GEOCOMP	2	14	N	*	*	*
Iteration	CHARITER	3	16	N	*	*	*
Logical Record Number	LOGRECNU	6	19	N	*	*	*
Logical Record Part Number	LOGRECPN	4	25	N	*	*	*
Total Number of Parts in Record	PARTREC	4	29	N	*	*	*
Geographic Area Codes							
Alaska Native Regional Corporation	ANRC	2	33	A/N			*
American Indian/Alaska Native Area (Census)	AIANACE	4	35	A/N			*
American Indian/Alaska Native Area (FIPS)	AIANAFP	5	39	A/N			*
American Indian/Alaska Native Area Class Code	AIANACC	2	44	A/N			*
American Indian Reservation Trust Land Indicator	ARTLI	1	46	A/N			*
Block	BLCK	4	47	A/N			*
Block Group	BLCKGR	1	51	A/N		*	*
Census Tract/Block Numbering Area	TRACTBNA	6	52	A/N	*	*	*
Congressional District	CONGDIS	2	58	A/N			*
Consolidated City (Census)	CONCITCE	1	60	A/N			*
Consolidated City (FIPS)	CONCITFP	5	61	A/N			*
Consolidated City Class Code	CONCITCC	2	66	A/N			*
Consolidated City Size Code	CONCITSC	2	68	A/N			*
Consolidated Metropolitan Statistical Area	CMSA	2	70	A/N			*
County	CNTY	3	72	A/N	*	*	*
County Size Code	CNTYSC	2	75	A/N	*	*	*
County Subdivision (Census)	COUSUBCE	3	77	A/N	*	*	*
County Subdivision (FIPS)	COUSUBFP	5	80	A/N	*	*	*
County Subdivision Class Code	COUSUBCC	2	85	A/N	*	*	*
County Subdivision Size Code	COUSUBSC	2	87	A/N	*	*	*
Division	DIVIS	1	89	A/N	*	*	*
Extended City Indicator	EXTCITIN	1	90	A/N			
Internal Use Code	INTUC	15	91	A/N			
Metropolitan Statistical Area/Consolidated Metropolitan Statistical Area	MSACMSA	4	106	A/N			

Field Name	Data Dictionary Reference Name	Field Size	Starting Position	Data Type	Summary Level		
					730	740	750
Geographic Area Codes (con't.)							
MSA/CMSA Size Code	MSACMSAS	2	110	A/N			
Place (Census)	PLACECE	4	112	A/N	*	*	*
Place (FIPS)	PLACEFP	5	116	A/N	*	*	*
Place Class Code	PLACECC	2	121	A/N	*	*	*
Place Description Code	PLACEDC	1	123	A/N	*	*	*
Place Size Code	PLACESC	2	124	A/N	*	*	*
Primary Metropolitan Statistical Area	PMSA	4	126	A/N			
Region	REG	1	130	A/N	*	*	*
State (Census)	STATECE	2	131	A/N	*	*	*
State (FIPS)	STATEFP	2	133	A/N	*	*	*
Urban/Rural	URBANRUR	1	135	A/N			
Urbanized Area	URBAREA	4	136	A/N			
Urbanized Area Size Code	UASC	2	140	A/N			
Special Area Code (1)	SAC1	5	142	A/N			
Special Area Code (2)	SAC2	5	147	A/N			
Special Area Code (3)	SAC3	4	152	A/N	*	*	*
Special Area Code (4)	SAC4	4	156	A/N			
Special Area Code (5)	SAC5	3	160	A/N			
Special Area Code (6)	SAC6	3	163	A/N			
Special Area Code (7)	SAC7	2	166	A/N			
Special Area Code (8)	SAC8	2	168	A/N			
Special Area Code (9)	SAC9	1	170	A/N			
Special Area Code (10)	SAC10	1	171	A/N	*	*	*
Area Characteristics							
Area (land)	AREALAND	10	172	A/N	*	*	*
Area (water)	AREAWAT	10	182	A/N	*	*	*
Area Name/PSAD Term/ Part Indicator	ANPSADPI	66	192	A/N	*	*	*
Functional Status Code	FUNCSTAT	1	258	A/N	*	*	*
Geographic Change User Note Indicator	GCUNI	1	259	A/N			
Housing Unit Count (100%)	HU100	9	260	A/N	*	*	*
Internal Point (latitude)	INTPTLAT	9	269	A/N	*	*	*
Internal Point (longitude)	INTPTLNG	10	278	A/N	*	*	*
Part Flag	PARTFLAG	1	288	A/N	*	*	*
Political/Statistical Area Description Code	PSADC	2	289	A/N			
Population Count (100%)	POP100	9	291	A/N	*	*	*
Special Flag	SPFLAG	1	300	A/N	*	*	*



## **Code List Section**

### **ALASKA NATIVE REGIONAL CORPORATION CODE**

See appendix A, Area Classifications, for definition of this field if it is applicable to this file.

#### **Code/Category**

07 Ahtna  
14 Aleut  
21 Arctic Slope  
28 Bering Straits  
35 Bristol Bay  
42 Calista  
49 Chugach  
56 Cook Inlet  
63 Doyon  
70 Koniag  
77 NANA  
84 Sealaska

#### **AMERICAN INDIAN/ALASKA NATIVE AREA (CENSUS)**

See the publication, *Geographic Identification Code Scheme*, for codes in this field and related terminology if it is applicable to this file. See appendix A, Area Classifications, for definition of this field if it is applicable to this file.

## **AMERICAN INDIAN/ALASKA NATIVE AREA (FIPS)**

See the publication, *Geographic Identification Code Scheme*, for codes in this field and related terminology if it is applicable to this file. See appendix A, Area Classifications, for definition of this field if it is applicable to this file.

## AMERICAN INDIAN/ALASKA NATIVE AREA CLASS CODE

### Code/Category

- D1 Federally-administered American Indian reservation
- D4 State-administered American Indian reservation that does not serve as a minor civil division (MCD) equivalent
- D5 State-administered American Indian reservation serving as a minor civil division (MCD) equivalent
- E1 Alaska Native village statistical area not serving as a census designated place (CDP) and not identically named and coincident with an incorporated place
- E2 Alaska Native village statistical area serving as a census designated place (CDP)
- E6 Alaska Native village statistical area with the same name and coincident with an incorporated place

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## AMERICAN INDIAN RESERVATION TRUST LAND INDICATOR CODE

### Code/Category

- 1 American Indian reservation
- 2 Off-reservation trust land
- 9 Not an American Indian area

## **AREA (LAND)**

Land area measurement in thousandths (.001) of a square kilometer. The accuracy of the area measurement is limited by the inaccuracy inherent in 1) the mapping of the various boundary features in the TIGER File and 2) rounding affecting the last digit in all operations that compute and/or sum the area measurements. The decimal point is implied on the file.

See appendix A, Area Classifications, for definition of this field if it is applicable to this file.

## **AREA (WATER)**

Water area measurement in thousandths (.001) of a square kilometer. Water area is excluded from census blocks, by definition, so the water area for a block always will be zero. The accuracy of the area measurement is limited by the inaccuracy inherent in 1) the mapping of the various boundary features in the TIGER File and 2) rounding affecting the last digit in all operations that compute and/or sum the area measurements. The decimal point is implied on the file.

See appendix A, Area Classifications, for definition of this field if it is applicable to this file.

## **AREA NAME/PSAD TERM/PART INDICATOR**

Name or code of the lowest-level entity represented by the codes in the summary level except for entities involved in unusual arrangements such as a State crossover. In the latter situations, the content of the field is by specification. The name or code in the summary level usually is shown on a census map with the political/statistical area description (PSAD) type (such as county or place) designated by a unique print typeface; the PSAD also may be shown on some maps.

For legal entities, we present the name reported to the Bureau of the Census in the Boundary and Annexation Survey and by other appropriate sources; for statistical entities, the name is that determined by the Office of Management and Budget for metropolitan areas and, for other areas, by the Bureau of the Census in cooperation with local officials. In addition to the name of the entity, the name field contains the PSAD when appropriate, and sometimes contains the State abbreviation.

When the entity also exists in one or more other summary level records (with the same code(s) in the name or code field, but one or more different area codes in the summary level definitions), the name will have (pt.) appended to the name/code terminology to designate that this entry for the entity represents only a part of the total entity.



## **BLOCK**

See appendix A, Area Classifications, for definition of this field if it is applicable to this file.

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## **BLOCK GROUP**

See appendix A, Area Classifications, for definition of this field if it is applicable to this file.

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### **CENSUS TRACT/BLOCK NUMBERING AREA**

See appendix A, Area Classifications, for definition of this field if it is applicable to this file.

## CHARACTERISTIC ITERATION CODE

Indicates an iteration (repetition), for the specified summary level, of the data matrices on the summary tape file for a population or housing characteristic. Only matrices containing a "B" in the prefix have characteristic iterations.

See How to Use This Census File for further information.

### Code/Category

000 Not a characteristic iteration

## **CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT**

See appendix A, Area Classifications, for definition of this field if it is applicable to this file.

## CONSOLIDATED CITY (CENSUS) CODE

See appendix A, Area Classifications, for definition of this field if it is applicable to this file.

### Code/Category

B	Butte-Silver Bow, Montana
C	Columbus, Georgia
I	Indianapolis, Indiana
J	Jacksonville, Florida
M	Milford, Connecticut
N	Nashville-Davidson, Tennessee

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### **CONSOLIDATED CITY (FIPS) CODE**

See appendix A, Area Classifications, for definition of this field if it is applicable to this file.

**CONSOLIDATED CITY CLASS CODE**



## CONSOLIDATED CITY SIZE CODE

### Code/Category

01	0
02	1-24
03	25-99
04	100-199
05	200-249
06	250-299
07	300-499
08	500-999
09	1,000-1,499
10	1,500-1,999
11	2,000-2,499
12	2,500-4,999
13	5,000-9,999
14	10,000-19,999
15	20,000-24,999
16	25,000-49,999
17	50,000-99,999
18	100,000-249,999
19	250,000-499,999
20	500,000-999,999
21	1,000,000-2,999,999
22	3,000,000-14,999,999
23	15,000,000 or more

## CONSOLIDATED METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA

See the publication, *Geographic Identification Code Scheme*, for codes in this field and related terminology if it is applicable to this file. See appendix A, Area Classifications, for definition of this field if it is applicable to this file.

## COUNTY

See the publication, *Geographic Identification Code Scheme*, for codes in this field and related terminology if it is applicable to this file. See appendix A, Area Classifications, for definition of this field if it is applicable to this file.

## COUNTY SIZE CODE

### Code/Category

01	0
02	1-24
03	25-99
04	100-199
05	200-249
06	250-299
07	300-499
08	500-999
09	1,000-1,499
10	1,500-1,999
11	2,000-2,499
12	2,500-4,999
13	5,000-9,999
14	10,000-19,999
15	20,000-24,999
16	25,000-49,999
17	50,000-99,999
18	100,000-249,999
19	250,000-499,999
20	500,000-999,999
21	1,000,000-2,999,999
22	3,000,000-14,999,999
23	15,000,000 or more

## COUNTY SUBDIVISION (CENSUS)

See the publication, *Geographic Identification Code Scheme*, for codes in this field and related terminology if it is applicable to this file. See appendix A, Area Classifications, for definition of this field if it is applicable to this file.

## COUNTY SUBDIVISION (FIPS)

See the publication, *Geographic Identification Code Scheme*, for codes in this field and related terminology if it is applicable to this file. See appendix A, Area Classifications, for definition of this field if it is applicable to this file.

## COUNTY SUBDIVISION CLASS CODE

### Code/Category

- C5 Incorporated place which serves as a primary county division, i.e., is not included in another primary county division
- C7 Independent city
- D5 State-administered American Indian reservation serving as a minor civil division equivalent (MCD)
- T1 Active minor civil division (MCD), not coextensive with any census designated place (CDP) or incorporated place, and not including a populated place of the same name
- T2 Active minor civil division (MCD) coextensive with a census designated place (CDP) of class code U1 or U2
- T3 Active minor civil division (MCD), not coextensive with any census designated place (CDP) or incorporated place, but including a populated place of the same name
- T5 Active minor civil division (MCD) coextensive with an incorporated place
- U5 Census designated place (CDP) serving as a primary county division, i.e., not included in a primary county division
- Z1 Inactive or nonfunctioning minor civil division (MCD)
- Z2 Unorganized territory coextensive with a disorganized minor civil division (MCD)
- Z3 Unorganized territory not coextensive with a disorganized minor civil division (MCD)
- Z5 Census county division, census subarea, or census subdistrict

## COUNTY SUBDIVISION SIZE CODE

### Code/Category

01	0
02	1-24
03	25-99
04	100-199
05	200-249
06	250-299
07	300-499
08	500-999
09	1,000-1,499
10	1,500-1,999
11	2,000-2,499
12	2,500-4,999
13	5,000-9,999
14	10,000-19,999
15	20,000-24,999
16	25,000-49,999
17	50,000-99,999
18	100,000-249,999
19	250,000-499,999
20	500,000-999,999
21	1,000,000-2,999,999
22	3,000,000-14,999,999
23	15,000,000 or more



## **DIVISION CODE**

See appendix A, Area Classifications, for definition of this field if it is applicable to this file.

### **Code/Category**

- 0 Not in a division
- 1 New England
- 2 Middle Atlantic
- 3 East North Central
- 4 West North Central
- 5 South Atlantic
- 6 East South Central
- 7 West South Central
- 8 Mountain
- 9 Pacific

## EXTENDED CITY INDICATOR CODE

See appendix A, Area Classifications, for definition of this field if it is applicable to this file.

### Code/Category

- 1 Extended city
- 9 Not an extended city

## FILE IDENTIFICATION

A unique identifier for each file series. Dress rehearsal files have a "D" in the character following the last character in the file identification code for the equivalent 1990 decennial census file; e.g., PL94171D is the identifier for the dress rehearsal file for the P.L.94-171 data.

File identification code for the P.L.94-171 file is PL94171.

File identification codes for summary tape files are STFnn where nn = file number; e.g., STF1A is the identification for Summary Tape File 1A.

File identification codes for subject summary tape files are SSTFnn where nn = the number of the subject report.

File identification codes for special project files are identified by SPmmm where m = a three digit special project number.

See How to Use This Census File for further information.

## FUNCTIONAL STATUS CODE

### Code/Category

#### A Active governmental unit

An active governmental unit has the legal capacity to have officers, to raise revenue, and to conduct governmental activities under State laws, and currently is doing so.

#### B Functioning governmental unit providing no substantive governmental services

These areas may be coextensive with and administered by officials of another governmental unit (such as towns in Connecticut that are coextensive with cities), or the number of officials and/or the functions they perform are so minimal and/or vestigial that the Census Bureau does not recognize them as governmental units for census purposes (such as townships in Iowa).

#### F False entity

In order to maintain complete coverage of every State at the county level and of every county at the minor civil division (MCD) level, we create false entities at these levels for any place that is independent of a county or independent of a MCD. This code also is used for place records that represent the remainder of a consolidated city.

#### I Inactive governmental unit

An inactive governmental unit has the legal capacity to be active, but currently has no legal officers, raises no revenues, and conducts no activities.

#### N Nonfunctioning governmental unit

A nonfunctioning governmental unit has legally established boundaries, but has no legal capacity to conduct governmental activity.

#### R American Indian reservation or Alaska Native village statistical area

#### S Statistical entity

A statistical entity has no governmental status and is defined by or in cooperation with the Census Bureau or other Federal agency. This category includes census county divisions (CCDs), census designated places (CDPs), metropolitan statistical areas (MSA/CMSA/PMSAs), urbanized areas (UAs), unorganized territories (UTs), tribal designated statistical areas (TJSAs), census areas and census subareas in Alaska, and comunidades and zona urbanas in Puerto Rico.

#### T Tribal jurisdiction statistical area

A tribal jurisdiction statistical area (TJSA) is not a legally defined governmental unit, but is recognized as a statistical area for the 1990 census. These areas exist only in the State of Oklahoma and were not recognized as such in 1980.

## GEOGRAPHIC CHANGE USER NOTE INDICATOR CODE

### Code/Category

- 0 No geographic change note for the area within the summary level
- 1 See User Notes for a geographic change note

## GEOGRAPHIC COMPONENT CODE

Indicates an iteration (repetition) for the specified summary level, of the data matrices on the summary tape file for the following geographic components.

See How to Use This Census File for further information.

### Code/Category

- 00 Not a geographic component
- 01 Urban
- 02 Urban-in urbanized area
- 03 Urban-in urbanized area-urbanized area central city
- 04 Urban-in urbanized area-not in urbanized area central city
- 05 Urban-not in urbanized area
- 06 Urban-not in urbanized area-place [10,000 or more population]
- 07 Urban-not in urbanized area-place [2,500 to 9,999 population]
- 08 Rural
- 09 Rural-place [less than 2,500 population, not in an extended city]
- 10 Rural-not in place [including rural part of extended city]
- 11 Rural-farm
- 20 In metropolitan statistical area/consolidated metropolitan statistical area
- 21 In metropolitan statistical area/consolidated metropolitan statistical area-in metropolitan statistical area/primary metropolitan statistical area central city
- 22 In metropolitan statistical area/consolidated metropolitan statistical area-not in metropolitan statistical area/primary metropolitan statistical area central city
- 23 In metropolitan statistical area/consolidated metropolitan statistical area-urban
- 24 In metropolitan statistical area/consolidated metropolitan statistical area-rural
- 25 Not in metropolitan statistical area/consolidated metropolitan statistical area
- 26 Not in metropolitan statistical area/consolidated metropolitan statistical area-urban
- 27 Not in metropolitan statistical area/consolidated metropolitan statistical area-rural
- 30 In American Indian reservation or trust land (does not include tribal jurisdiction statistical areas or tribal designated statistical areas)
- 31 In Alaska Native village statistical area

### **HOUSING UNIT COUNT (100%)**

The total number of housing units enumerated in the specified summary level as determined in the 100-percent processing.

#### **INTERNAL POINT (LATITUDE)**

Latitude in degrees to six decimal places of the approximate center of the geographic area represented by the summary level. For many areas, the internal point is the geographic centroid. If, however, the geographic centroid falls outside the boundaries of the area or if it falls in coastal or territorial waters, the internal point is relocated from the centroid so that it lies within its geographic unit. The decimal point is implied on the file.

See appendix A, Area Classifications, for definition of this field if it is applicable to this file.



### **INTERNAL POINT (LONGITUDE)**

Longitude in degrees to six decimal places of the approximate center of the geographic area represented by the summary level. For many areas, the internal point is the geographic centroid. If, however, the geographic centroid falls outside the boundaries of the area or if it falls in coastal or territorial waters, the internal point is relocated from the centroid so that it lies within its geographic unit. The decimal point is implied on the file.

See appendix A, Area Classifications, for definition of this field if it is applicable to this file.

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**INTERNAL USE CODE**

Zero or more codes in unspecified arrangement for Census Bureau use.

## **LOGICAL RECORD NUMBER**

The logical record is the complete record [identification and set of tables (matrices)] for a geographic entity defined by the summary level, but exclusive of the characteristic iteration. A logical record may have one or more parts (or segments). Each logical record has an assigned sequential integer number within the file.

See How to Use This Census File for further information.

## **LOGICAL RECORD PART NUMBER**

Within the logical record, each part is uniquely identified in terms of its sequence.

See How to Use This Census File for further information.

## **METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA/CONSOLIDATED METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA**

See the publication, *Geographic Identification Code Scheme*, for codes in this field and related terminology if it is applicable to this file. See appendix A, Area Classifications, for definition of this field if it is applicable to this file.

## MSA/CMSA SIZE CODE

### Code/Category

01	0
02	1-24
03	25-99
04	100-199
05	200-249
06	250-299
07	300-499
08	500-999
09	1,000-1,499
10	1,500-1,999
11	2,000-2,499
12	2,500-4,999
13	5,000-9,999
14	10,000-19,999
15	20,000-24,999
16	25,000-49,999
17	50,000-99,999
18	100,000-249,999
19	250,000-499,999
20	500,000-999,999
21	1,000,000-2,999,999
22	3,000,000-14,999,999
23	15,000,000 or more

**PART FLAG CODE**

**Code/Category**

- 0 Not a part
- 1 Part

## **PLACE (CENSUS)**

See the publication, *Geographic Identification Code Scheme*, for codes in this field and related terminology if it is applicable to this file. See appendix A, Area Classifications, for definition of this field if it is applicable to this file.



## PLACE (FIPS)

See the publication, *Geographic Identification Code Scheme*, for codes in this field and related terminology if it is applicable to this file. See appendix A, Area Classifications, for definition of this field if it is applicable to this file.

## PLACE CLASS CODE

### Code/Category

- A2 Airport that serves as a military or Coast Guard base and as a census designated place (CDP)
- C1 Active incorporated place, other than an Alaska Native village statistical area, which is included in a primary county division, i.e., does not serve as a primary county division
- C5 Incorporated place which serves as a primary county division, i.e., is not included in another primary county division
- C6 Incorporated place which is coincident with and has the same name as an Alaska Native village statistical area
- C7 Independent city
- C9 Inactive incorporated place
- E2 Alaska Native village statistical area serving as a census designated place (CDP)
- M2 Major installation (or part of an installation), populated by full-time personnel of the U.S. Department of Defense or of any branch thereof, or of the U.S. Coast Guard regardless of purpose or function of the installation, that serves as a census designated place (CDP)
- U1 Census designated place (CDP) with a name identical to the authoritative common name that describes essentially the same population; does not identify a census designated place (CDP) serving as a primary county division
- U2 Census designated place (CDP) with a name not identical to the authoritative common name, if any, of essentially the same population
- U5 Census designated place (CDP) serving as a primary county division, i.e., not included in a primary county division

## PLACE DESCRIPTION CODE

### Code/Category

- 1 Incorporated central city of a metropolitan statistical area [metropolitan statistical area/primary metropolitan statistical area (MSA/PMSA)], but not of an urbanized area (UA)
- 2 Incorporated central city of an urbanized area (UA), but not of a metropolitan statistical area/primary metropolitan statistical area (MSA/PMSA)
- 3 Incorporated central city of a metropolitan statistical area/primary metropolitan statistical area (MSA/PMSA) and an urbanized area (UA)
- 4 Consolidated city or any incorporated place that is not a central city of a metropolitan statistical area/primary metropolitan statistical area (MSA/PMSA) and/or an urbanized area (UA)
- A Census designated place (CDP) that is the central city of an urbanized area (UA), but not of a metropolitan statistical area/primary metropolitan statistical area (MSA/PMSA)
- B Census designated place (CDP) that is the central city of a metropolitan statistical area/primary metropolitan statistical area (MSA/PMSA), but not of an urbanized area (UA)
- C Census designated place (CDP) that is the central city of a metropolitan statistical area/primary metropolitan statistical area (MSA/PMSA) and an urbanized area (UA)
- D Census designated place (CDP) that is in a 1980 urbanized area (UA) and is not a central city; these CDP's must have a 1990 population of at least 300 in Hawaii and the Virgin Islands of the United States, and 2,500 elsewhere
- E Census designated place (CDP) not classified elsewhere; these CDP's must meet the following minimum population requirements:
  - 300 in Hawaii and the Virgin Islands of the United States
  - 25 in Alaska
  - 1,000 in all other States and statistical equivalents
- F Zona urbana that is the central city of an urbanized area (UA) in Puerto Rico, but not of a metropolitan statistical area/primary metropolitan statistical area (MSA/PMSA)
- G Zona urbana that is the central city of a metropolitan statistical area/primary metropolitan statistical area (MSA/PMSA) in Puerto Rico, but not of an urbanized area (UA)
- H Zona urbana that is the central city of a metropolitan statistical area/primary metropolitan statistical area (MSA/PMSA) and an urbanized area (UA)
- I Zona urbana in Puerto Rico that is not a central city
- J Census designated place (CDP) entirely within an American Indian reservation and entirely outside of a 1980 urbanized area (UA); these CDP's must have a 1990 population of at least 25 in Alaska and 250 elsewhere

## PLACE SIZE CODE

### Code/Category

01	0
02	1-24
03	25-99
04	100-199
05	200-249
06	250-299
07	300-499
08	500-999
09	1,000-1,499
10	1,500-1,999
11	2,000-2,499
12	2,500-4,999
13	5,000-9,999
14	10,000-19,999
15	20,000-24,999
16	25,000-49,999
17	50,000-99,999
18	100,000-249,999
19	250,000-499,999
20	500,000-999,999
21	1,000,000-2,999,999
22	3,000,000-14,999,999
23	15,000,000 or more

## POLITICAL/STATISTICAL AREA DESCRIPTION CODE

### Code/Category

- 01 State or State equivalent - State or State equivalent; no status is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 04 borough - county equivalent in Alaska; "Borough" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 05 census area - county equivalent in Alaska; "Census Area" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 06 county - county; "County" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 08 independent city - county equivalent in Maryland, Missouri, and Virginia; "city" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 09 independent city - county equivalent in Nevada; no status is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 10 island - county equivalent in Virgin Islands of the United States; "Island" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 13 municipio - county equivalent in Puerto Rico; "Municipio" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 14 (none) - county; used at county level for the District of Columbia and Yellowstone National Park (Montana). No status is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 15 parish - county equivalent in Louisiana; "Parish" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 19 American Indian reservation - minor civil division (MCD) in Maine and New York; "Reservation" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 20 barrio - minor civil division (MCD) in Puerto Rico; "barrio" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 21 borough - minor civil division (MCD) in New York; MCD equivalent in New Jersey and Pennsylvania; "borough" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 22 census county division (CCD) - minor civil division (MCD) equivalent in 21 States; "division" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 23 census subarea - minor civil division (MCD) equivalent in Alaska; "census subarea" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 24 census subdistrict - minor civil division (MCD) equivalent in Virgin Islands of the United States; "subdistrict" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.

- 25 city - minor civil division (MCD) equivalent; "city" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 27 district (election, magisterial, or municipal) - minor civil division (MCD) in Virginia and West Virginia; "district" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 28 district (election, magisterial, supervisor's, or parish governing authority) - minor civil division (MCD) in Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, and West Virginia; no status is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 29 election precinct - minor civil division (MCD) in Illinois and Nebraska; "precinct" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 30 election precinct - minor civil division (MCD) in Illinois and Nebraska; no status is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 31 gore - minor civil division (MCD) in Maine and Vermont; "gore" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 32 grant - minor civil division (MCD) in New Hampshire and Vermont; "grant" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 33 independent city - minor civil division (MCD) equivalent in Maryland, Missouri, and Virginia; "city" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 34 independent city - minor civil division (MCD) equivalent in Nevada; no status is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 36 location - minor civil division (MCD) in New Hampshire; "location" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 38 (none) - minor civil division (MCD) equivalent for District of Columbia and Arlington County, Virginia; no status is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 39 plantation - minor civil division (MCD) in Maine; "plantation" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 40 plantation - minor civil division (MCD) in Maine; no status is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 41 barrio-pueblo - minor civil division (MCD) in Puerto Rico; "barrio-pueblo" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 42 purchase - minor civil division (MCD) in New Hampshire; "purchase" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 43 town - minor civil division (MCD) in 8 States; MCD equivalent in New Jersey, Pennsylvania, and South Dakota; "town" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 44 township - minor civil division (MCD) in 16 States; "township" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 45 township - minor civil division (MCD) in Kansas, North Carolina, and Nebraska; no status is

appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.

- 46 unorganized territory - minor civil division (MCD) in 8 States; "unorg." is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 47 village - minor civil division (MCD) equivalent; "village" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 51 subbarrio - sub minor civil division (subMCD) in Puerto Rico; "subbarrio" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 55 comunidad - place (census designated place) in Puerto Rico; "comunidad" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 56 borough - place; "borough" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 57 census designated place - place; "CDP" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 58 city - place; "city" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 59 city - place; used for some cities that have a unique description, no description, or a description included with their name, as follows:

Anaconda-Deer Lodge County (Montana): incorporated municipality  
Butte-Silver Bow (remainder) (Montana): (none)  
Carson City, NV: (none)  
Columbus city (remainder) (Georgia): (none)  
Indianapolis city (remainder) (Indiana): (none)  
Jacksonville city (remainder) (Florida): (none)  
Lexington-Fayette (Kentucky): Urban County Government  
Milford city (remainder) (Connecticut): (none)  
Nashville-Davidson (remainder) (Tennessee): "Metropolitan Government of Nashville and Davidson County"

No status is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.

- 60 town - place; "town" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 61 village - place; "village" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 62 zona urbana - place (census designated place) in Puerto Rico; "zona urbana" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 65 consolidated city - consolidated city; "city" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 66 consolidated city - consolidated city; used for some consolidated cities that have unique descriptions or no descriptions, as follows:

Butte-Silver Bow (Montana): (none)

Nashville-Davidson (Tennessee): "Metropolitan Government of Nashville and Davidson County"

No status is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.

- 68 census region - census region; no status is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 69 census division - census division; no status is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 71 consolidated metropolitan statistical area (CMSA) - CMSA; "CMSA" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 72 metropolitan statistical area (MSA) - MSA; "MSA" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 73 primary metropolitan statistical area (PMSA) - PMSA; "PMSA" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 75 urbanized area (UA) - UA; no status is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 77 Alaska Native Regional Corporation - Alaska Native Regional Corporation; no status is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 79 Alaska Native village statistical area - Alaska Native village; no status is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 80 tribal designated statistical area - statistical area for non-land-based tribes outside of Oklahoma; "TDSA" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 81 colony - American Indian reservation; "Colony" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 82 community - American Indian reservation; "Community" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 83 joint area - American Indian reservation equivalent; "joint area" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 84 pueblo - American Indian reservation; "Pueblo" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 85 rancheria - American Indian reservation; "Rancheria" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 86 reservation - American Indian reservation; "Reservation" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 87 reserve - American Indian reservation; "Reserve" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
- 88 tribal jurisdiction statistical area - American Indian reservation equivalent representing Oklahoma tribal historical areas; "TJSA" is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.



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- 89 trust lands - American Indian reservation; no status is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.
  - 90 (none) - American Indian reservation; no status is appended to the name of the entity in census publications and related data products.

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**POPULATION COUNT (100%)**

The total number of persons enumerated in the specified summary level as determined in the 100-percent processing.

## PRIMARY METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA

See the publication, *Geographic Identification Code Scheme*, for codes in this field and related terminology if it is applicable to this file. See appendix A, Area Classifications, for definition of this field if it is applicable to this file.

## REGION CODE

See appendix A, Area Classifications, for definition of this field if it is applicable to this file.

### Code/Category

- 1 Northeast
- 2 Midwest
- 3 South
- 4 West

## STATE (CENSUS) CODE

See appendix A, Area Classifications, for definition of this field if it is applicable to this file.

### Code/Category

06	Puerto Rico
07	Virgin Islands of the United States
11	Maine
12	New Hampshire
13	Vermont
14	Massachusetts
15	Rhode Island
16	Connecticut
21	New York
22	New Jersey
23	Pennsylvania
31	Ohio
32	Indiana
33	Illinois
34	Michigan
35	Wisconsin
41	Minnesota
42	Iowa
43	Missouri
44	North Dakota
45	South Dakota
46	Nebraska
47	Kansas
51	Delaware
52	Maryland
53	District of Columbia
54	Virginia
55	West Virginia
56	North Carolina
57	South Carolina
58	Georgia
59	Florida
61	Kentucky
62	Tennessee
63	Alabama
64	Mississippi
71	Arkansas
72	Louisiana
73	Oklahoma
74	Texas
81	Montana
82	Idaho
83	Wyoming
84	Colorado
85	New Mexico
86	Arizona
87	Utah

88 Nevada  
91 Washington  
92 Oregon  
93 California  
94 Alaska  
95 Hawaii

## STATE (FIPS) CODE

See appendix A, Area Classifications, for definition of this field if it is applicable to this file.

### Code/Category

01	Alabama
02	Alaska
04	Arizona
05	Arkansas
06	California
08	Colorado
09	Connecticut
10	Delaware
11	District of Columbia
12	Florida
13	Georgia
15	Hawaii
16	Idaho
17	Illinois
18	Indiana
19	Iowa
20	Kansas
21	Kentucky
22	Louisiana
23	Maine
24	Maryland
25	Massachusetts
26	Michigan
27	Minnesota
28	Mississippi
29	Missouri
30	Montana
31	Nebraska
32	Nevada
33	New Hampshire
34	New Jersey
35	New Mexico
36	New York
37	North Carolina
38	North Dakota
39	Ohio
40	Oklahoma
41	Oregon
42	Pennsylvania
44	Rhode Island
45	South Carolina
46	South Dakota
47	Tennessee
48	Texas
49	Utah
50	Vermont
51	Virginia
53	Washington

54 West Virginia  
55 Wisconsin  
56 Wyoming  
72 Puerto Rico  
78 Virgin Islands of the United States



## STATE/US ABBREVIATION CODE

### Code/Category

AK	Alaska
AL	Alabama
AR	Arkansas
AZ	Arizona
CA	California
CO	Colorado
CT	Connecticut
DC	District of Columbia
DE	Delaware
FL	Florida
GA	Georgia
HI	Hawaii
IA	Iowa
ID	Idaho
IL	Illinois
IN	Indiana
KS	Kansas
KY	Kentucky
LA	Louisiana
MA	Massachusetts
MD	Maryland
ME	Maine
MI	Michigan
MN	Minnesota
MO	Missouri
MS	Mississippi
MT	Montana
NC	North Carolina
ND	North Dakota
NE	Nebraska
NH	New Hampshire
NJ	New Jersey
NM	New Mexico
NV	Nevada
NY	New York
OH	Ohio
OK	Oklahoma
OR	Oregon
PA	Pennsylvania
PR	Puerto Rico
RI	Rhode Island
SC	South Carolina
SD	South Dakota
TN	Tennessee
TX	Texas
US	United States
UT	Utah
VA	Virginia
VI	Virgin Islands of the United States
VT	Vermont

WA Washington  
WI Wisconsin  
WV West Virginia  
WY Wyoming

## **SUMMARY LEVEL**

Identifies the geographic level for which the data matrices on the summary tape file have been summarized. The summary level sequence chart describes the hierarchial arrangement of the specified geographic areas with other geographic areas, if any. The summary level must be used in combination with the geographic area codes to identify a specific geographic area (for example, summary level 050 and a specific county code must be used together to locate the data for a particular county).

See How to Use This Census File for further information.

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### **TOTAL NUMBER OF PARTS IN RECORD**

This field identifies how many parts (or segments) comprise the entire logical record.

See How to Use This Census File for further information.

## URBAN/RURAL CODE

See appendix A, Area Classifications, for definition of this field if it is applicable to this file.

### Code/Category

- 1 Urban
- 2 Rural

## **URBANIZED AREA**

See the publication, *Geographic Identification Code Scheme*, for codes in this field and related terminology if it is applicable to this file. See appendix A, Area Classifications, for definition of this field if it is applicable to this file.

## URBANIZED AREA SIZE CODE

### Code/Category

01	0
02	1-24
03	25-99
04	100-199
05	200-249
06	250-299
07	300-499
08	500-999
09	1,000-1,499
10	1,500-1,999
11	2,000-2,499
12	2,500-4,999
13	5,000-9,999
14	10,000-19,999
15	20,000-24,999
16	25,000-49,999
17	50,000-99,999
18	100,000-249,999
19	250,000-499,999
20	500,000-999,999
21	1,000,000-2,999,999
22	3,000,000-14,999,999
23	15,000,000 or more





# Table (Matrix) Section

Table (Matrix) Number	Table (Matrix)	Table (Matrix) Implied Decimals	Starting Position	Table (Matrix) Coordinates
P1.	<b>Persons (1)</b> Universe: Persons Total	—	301	1
H1.	<b>Housing Units (1)</b> Universe: Housing Units Total	—	310	1
P2.	<b>Race (5)</b> Universe: Persons White Black American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut Asian and Pacific Islander Other races	—	319 328 337 346 355	1 2 3 4 5
P3.	<b>Race (5)</b> Universe: Persons 18 years and over White Black American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut Asian and Pacific Islander Other races	—	364 373 382 391 400	1 2 3 4 5
P4.	<b>Hispanic Origin and Race (6)</b> Universe: Persons Hispanic origin Not of Hispanic origin: White Black American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut Asian and Pacific Islander Other races	—	409 418 427 436 445 454	1 2 3 4 5 6
P5.	<b>Hispanic Origin and Race (6)</b> Universe: Persons 18 years and over Hispanic origin Not of Hispanic origin: White Black American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut Asian and Pacific Islander Other races	—	463 472 481 490 499 508	1 2 3 4 5 6

July, 1989



# APPENDIX A.

## Area Classifications

### CONTENTS

American Indian and Alaska Native Area  
Area Measurement  
Block  
Block Group  
Boundary Changes  
Census Tract and Block Numbering Area  
County  
County Subdivision  
Internal Point  
Place  
State  
Voting District

[All references to April 1, 1990, in this appendix should be interpreted as March 20, 1988.]

### AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE AREA

#### Alaska Native Regional Corporation

Alaska Native Regional Corporations (ANRC's) are corporate entities established under the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of 1972, Public Law 92-203, as amended by Public Law 94-204, "to conduct business for profit." Alaska is divided into 12 ANRC's that cover the entire State, except for the Annette Islands Reserve. The boundaries of the 12 ANRC's have been legally established by the Secretary of the Interior in cooperation with Native Alaskans. Each ANRC is inhabited by, as far as practicable, Alaska Natives with a common heritage and common interests.

Each ANRC is assigned a two-digit census code ranging from 01-99. These census codes are assigned in alphabetical order of the ANRC's.

#### Alaska Native Village Statistical Area

Alaska Native villages (ANV's) constitute tribes, bands, clans, groups, villages, communities, or associations in Alaska that are listed in sections 11 and 16 of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of 1972, Public Law 92-203, or that meet the requirements of the act. ANV's were identified primarily so that local native communities, which serve as tribal-type local governments, could participate as recipients in the Federal Government's distribution of Alaska's public lands. In order to delineate Alaska Native village statistical area (ANVSA) boundaries for the 1990 census, the Census Bureau cooperated with each participating nonprofit Alaska Native Regional Corporation (ANRC) and the ANV's to determine areas that were representative of the actual settlement pattern within each ANV. ANVSA's are located within ANRC's and do

not cross ANRC boundaries. ANVSA's are defined for statistical purposes only because ANV's do not have legally defined boundaries. ANVSA's for the 1990 census replace the ANV's, which were first recognized for the 1980 census.

Each ANVSA is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 600-8989. Each ANVSA also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code in alphabetical order within Alaska. Both the census and FIPS codes are assigned in alphabetical order of ANVSA's.

### American Indian Reservation and Trust Land

#### American Indian Reservation

American Indian reservations are areas with boundaries established by treaty, statute, and/or executive or court order. The reservations and their boundaries were identified for the 1990 census by the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) (for Federal reservations) and State governments (for State reservations). Areas composed of reservation lands that are jointly administered and/or claimed by two reservations, as identified by the BIA, are treated as separate Indian reservations for census purposes. Federal reservations may cross State boundaries and Federal and State reservations may cross county, county subdivision, and place boundaries.

Each American Indian reservation is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 0001-4989. These census codes are assigned in alphabetical order of American Indian reservations with three exceptions that appear at the end of the code range. Each American Indian reservation also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code. The FIPS code is unique within State or State equivalent. For reservations in more than one State, the FIPS code is different in each State.

#### Trust Land

Trust lands are property associated with a particular American Indian reservation or tribe held in trust by the Federal Government for either a tribe (tribal trust land) or an individual member of that tribe (individual trust land). Trust lands may be located on or outside of a reservation, but the Census Bureau recognizes and tabulates data only for the "off-reservation" trust lands. As with other American Indian areas, trust lands related to a reservation or tribe may be located in more than one State. The Census Bureau first reported data for trust lands for the 1980 census.

Each trust land is assigned a four-digit census code and a five-digit FIPS code, the same as that for the reservation with which they are associated.

### **Tribal Designated Statistical Area**

Tribal Designated Statistical Areas (TDSA's) may be delineated by Federally and State recognized tribes outside Oklahoma and Alaska without a land base or associated trust land, to provide statistical area for which the Census Bureau will tabulate data. TDSA's were not identified prior to the 1990 census.

Each TDSA is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 9000-9589. The census codes are assigned in alphabetical order of TDSA's. Each TDSA also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code that is unique within State.

### **Tribal Jurisdiction Statistical Area**

Tribal Jurisdiction Statistical Areas (TJSAs) permit Federally recognized tribes in Oklahoma without a reservation to delineate a statistical area for which the Census Bureau will tabulate data from the 1990 census. TJSAs replace the historic areas of Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas) shown in 1980 census data products. The historic areas of Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas) consisted of the territory located within reservations that had legally established boundaries during the period 1900-1907. These reservations were dissolved during the two-to three-year period preceding the Statehood of Oklahoma in 1907. Historic areas of Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas) were not identified prior to the 1980 census.

Each TJSA is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 5000-5999. The census codes are assigned in alphabetical order of TJSAs, with exceptions that appear at the end of the list. Each TJSA also is assigned a 5-digit FIPS Code in alphabetical order within Oklahoma.

### **AREA MEASUREMENT**

The size, in square kilometers, of each geographic entity recorded in the Census Bureau's cartographic data base. (Multiplying square kilometers by 2.59 converts the area measurement to square miles.) The area figure is calculated from the specific set of boundaries recorded in the data base for the entity. Area measurements are provided for both land and inland water. "Inland water" consists of any water body shown as an enclosed space—i.e., a polygon—in the database, excluding waters traditionally referred to as "coastal" or "territorial." The accuracy of any area measurement figure is limited by the inaccuracy inherent in (1) the location and shape of the various boundary features in the TIGER File and (2) rounding affecting the last digit in all operations that compute and/or sum the area measurements. By definition, census blocks do not include inland water within their

boundaries; therefore, the water area of a block is always zero. Crews-of-vessels entities do not encompass territory, and therefore have no area measurements.

### **BLOCK**

Census blocks are small areas bounded on all sides by visible features such as streets, roads, streams, and railroad tracks, and by invisible boundaries such as city, town, township, or county limits, property lines, and short, imaginary extensions of a street or road. Blocks do not cross the boundaries of counties, census tracts, or block numbering areas.

### **BLOCK GROUP**

A geographic block group (BG) comprises a cluster of contiguous collection blocks having the same first digit of their three-digit identifying number within a census tract or block numbering area (BNA). For example, BG "3" within a particular census tract or BNA would include all blocks numbered between 301 and 398. In most cases, the numbering would involve substantially fewer than 98 blocks. BGs never cross census tracts or BNAs, but may cross the boundaries of county subdivisions, places, congressional districts, urbanized areas, and Indian reservations and their trust lands. In the data tabulations, block groups are split to present data for every unique combination of county, county subdivision, place, census tract or block numbering area, American Indian or Alaska Native area, urban or rural, and congressional district. Block groups are used in tabulating decennial census data nationwide in 1990, in all block-numbered areas in 1980, and in Tape Address Register (TAR) areas in 1970. For purposes of data presentation, BGs are equivalent to and a substitute for the enumeration districts used for reporting data outside of BGs in the 1970 and 1980 censuses and in all areas for pre-1970 censuses. BGs generally contain between 250 and 550 housing units, with the ideal size being 400 housing units.

### **BOUNDARY CHANGES**

The boundaries of some of the geographic areas have changed between those reported in the 1980 census and January 1, 1990. A boundary change results from: (1) an annexation to or detachment from a legally established governmental unit; (2) a merger or consolidation of two or more units; (3) the establishment of a new governmental unit; (4) the disincorporation or disorganization of an existing governmental unit. The historic counts shown for counties, county subdivisions, and places have not been adjusted for such changes and thus reflect the population in the area as defined at each census.

Information on boundary changes occurring between 1980 and 1990 for counties, county subdivisions, and incorporated places is presented in the User Notes section. For information on boundary changes in the decade preceding each decennial census, see the *Number of Inhabitants* report for each census.

## **CENSUS TRACT AND BLOCK NUMBERING AREA**

### **Block Numbering Area**

Block numbering areas (BNAs) are defined for the purpose of grouping and numbering blocks in areas where census tracts have not been defined, generally in nonmetropolitan counties. The Census Bureau delineated BNAs in cooperation with State agencies, using the same rules as apply to census tracts. BNAs do not cross county boundaries.

BNAs are identified by a four-digit basic code and may have a two-digit suffix, e.g., 9901.07. BNA codes range from 9501 to 9989.99, which are unique within a county; a number in the range of 0001 to 9499.99 denotes a census tract. The suffix .99 indicates a BNA populated entirely by persons aboard merchant or military ships. Such "crews of vessels" BNAs appear on the maps only as an anchor symbol; the BNAs relate to the waters and/or piers and docks associated with the onshore BNAs having the same four-digit basic code. The decimal point separating the four-digit basic BNA number from the two-digit suffix is shown in printed reports, microfiche, and maps. On computer-readable files, the decimal point is implied. Many BNAs do not have a suffix. In such cases, the suffix field is left blank in all data products.

### **Census Tract**

Census tracts are small, relatively permanent statistical areas having between 2,500 and 8,000 residents. Census tracts are delineated for all metropolitan statistical areas (MSA's) and most other well-populated counties by local census statistical areas committees following Census Bureau guidelines. More than 3,000 census tracts have been established in 221 counties outside MSA's. Six States (California, Connecticut, Delaware, Hawaii, New Jersey, and Rhode Island) and the District of Columbia are covered entirely by census tracts. When census tracts are established, they are designed to be homogeneous with respect to population characteristics, economic status, and living conditions. Census tracts do not cross county boundaries.

Census tract boundaries are established cooperatively by the Census Bureau and local census statistical areas committees in accordance with guidelines that impose limitations on population size

and specify the need for visible boundaries. Geographic shape and the areal size of tracts are of relatively minor importance. Census tract boundaries are established with the intention of being maintained over a long time so that statistical comparisons can be made from census to census. However, occasional revisions may be made to boundaries due to physical changes in street patterns caused by highway construction, new development etc.; tracts may be split or combined due to population growth or decline.

Census tracts are identified by a four-digit basic code and may have a two-digit suffix; e.g., 6059.02. The decimal point separating the four-digit basic tract number from the two-digit suffix is shown in printed reports, microfiche, and maps. On computer-readable files, the decimal point is implied. Many census tracts do not have a suffix. In such cases, the suffix field is left blank in all data products. Leading zeros in a tract number (e.g., 0025.02) are shown on computer-readable files only.

Census tract numbers are always unique within a county. All valid census tract numbers are in the range 0001 to 9499.99; a number between 9501.00 and 9989.99 denotes a block numbering area. A tract suffix of .99 indicates a tract populated entirely by persons aboard merchant or military ships. Such "crews of vessels" tracts appear on the maps only as an anchor symbol; the tracts relate to the water and/or piers and docks associated with the onshore census tracts having the same four-digit basic code.

## **COUNTY**

In most States, the primary divisions are termed *counties*. In Louisiana, these divisions are known as *parishes*. In Alaska, which has no counties, the county equivalents are the organized *boroughs* and the *census areas* that were delineated for general statistical purposes by the State of Alaska and the Census Bureau. In four States (Maryland, Missouri, Nevada, and Virginia), there are one or more cities that are independent of any county organization and thus constitute primary divisions of their States. These cities are known as *independent cities* and are treated as county equivalents. That part of Yellowstone National Park in Montana is treated as a county equivalent. The District of Columbia has no primary divisions, and the entire area is considered equivalent to a county for census purposes. Each county is assigned a three-digit FIPS code that is unique within State. These codes are assigned in alphabetical order of county or county equivalent, except for the independent cities.

## COUNTY SUBDIVISION

### Census County Division

Census county divisions (CCD's) are statistical subdivisions of a county that have been delineated by the Census Bureau in cooperation with the State and local census statistical areas committees. Census county divisions have been established in States where there are no legally established minor civil divisions, where the MCD's are not functioning governmental units, where the boundaries of the minor civil divisions change frequently, and/or where the minor civil divisions are not generally known to the public. Census county divisions have no legal functions, nor do they represent local governmental units.

The boundaries of CCD's are defined to follow visible features and in most cases also are census tract or block numbering area boundaries. Generally, each CCD is centered on a place and represents a local community or trade area. The boundary selection also may take into consideration specialized land use areas, major physical features, and other factors. The name of each CCD is based on a place, county, or well-known local name that identifies its location.

Census county divisions are defined in the following 21 States: Alabama, Arizona, California, Colorado, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Hawaii, Idaho, Kentucky, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming. (In 1980, the county subdivisions recognized for Nevada were minor civil divisions.)

Each CCD is assigned a three-digit census code that is unique within county and a five-digit FIPS code for county subdivision that is unique within State.

### Census Subarea (Alaska)

A census subarea is a statistical subdivision of a census area or borough (county equivalents) in Alaska. Census subareas have been delineated cooperatively by the State of Alaska and the Census Bureau. These subareas, identified first in 1980, replace the subdivisions used in the 1970 census.

Each census subarea is assigned a three-digit census code that is unique within county and a five-digit FIPS code for county subdivision that is unique within State.

### Minor Civil Division

Minor Civil Divisions (MCD's) are the primary legal divisions of a county. MCD's represent many different kinds of legal areas with a wide variety of governmental and/or administrative functions. MCD's are variously designated as townships, towns, precincts, districts, plantations, American Indian reservations, grants, purchases, gores, or locations. In some States, all or

some incorporated places are not located in any MCD and thus serve as MCD's in their own right. In other States, incorporated places are subordinate to, or part of, the MCD's in which they are located, or the pattern is mixed—some incorporated places are independent MCD's and others are subordinate to one or more MCD's.

Minor civil divisions are divided into two categories: functioning and nonfunctioning. There are two types of functioning MCD governments: active and inactive. An active governmental unit has the legal authority to have officers, to raise revenues, and to conduct governmental activities under State laws and does so. An inactive governmental unit has the legal authority to be active, but currently has no legal officers, raises no revenues, and conducts no activities; instead, the services are provided by the county or State in which it is located.

Any MCD that legally cannot have officials, provide services, and raise revenues is considered nonfunctioning. In some cases, an MCD may be classified as nonfunctioning if it is almost entirely dependent on another unit of government to provide its governmental functions and funds. Nonfunctioning MCD's usually are administrative units that serve county governmental functions; for example, an MCD may serve as a district from which one or more officials are elected to serve in the county government. Some nonfunctioning MCD's serve as the basis for recording land deeds and/or assessing taxes, or are historical subdivisions that have lost their original functions.

Minor civil divisions are defined in the following 28 States: Arkansas, Connecticut, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia, and Wisconsin.

Each MCD is assigned a three-digit census code that is unique within county and a five-digit FIPS code for county subdivision that is unique within State.

### Unorganized Territory

In eight States (Arkansas, Iowa, Kansas, Maine, Minnesota, North Carolina, North Dakota, and South Dakota), certain counties contain territory that is not included in a minor civil division recognized by the Census Bureau. Each separate area of unorganized territory in these States is recognized as one or more separate county subdivisions for census purposes. The name is followed by the designation "(unorg.)."

Each unorganized territory is assigned a three-digit

census code that is unique within county and a five-digit FIPS code for county subdivision that is unique within State.

#### **INTERNAL POINT**

A set of geographic coordinates (latitude, longitude) that is located within a specified geographic entity. A single point is identified for each entity, and represents the approximate geographic center of that entity; if, however, that point falls outside the boundaries of the entity, or if it falls in coastal or territorial waters, it is relocated from the centroid so that it lies within the entity.

#### **PLACE**

##### **Census Designated Place**

Census Designated Places (CDP's) are delineated for the decennial census as the statistical counterparts of incorporated places. CDP's comprise relatively large, densely settled concentrations of population that are identifiable by name, but have not taken the legal steps to become incorporated places. The boundaries, which usually coincide with visible features or the boundary of an adjacent incorporated place, have no legal status, nor are there any officials elected to serve traditional municipal functions. CDP boundaries change with changes in the settlement pattern; a place with the same name as in previous censuses does not necessarily have the same boundaries.

In each census since 1950, the Census Bureau, in cooperation with State agencies and local census statistical areas committees, has delineated boundaries for CDP's. In the 1990 census, as in 1980, the name of each such place is followed by "CDP," meaning "census designated place." In the 1970 and earlier censuses, these places were identified by "(U)," meaning "unincorporated place."

To qualify as a CDP for the 1990 census, an unincorporated community must have met the following criteria:

1. In all States except Alaska and Hawaii, the Census Bureau used three population size criteria to determine if a community qualified as a CDP. These criteria were:
  - a. A population of 1,000 people or more if the community is outside the boundaries of an urbanized area (UA) delineated for the 1980 census or a subsequent special census.
  - b. A population of 2,500 people or more if the community is inside the boundaries of a UA delineated for the 1980 census or a subsequent special census.

- c. A population of 250 people or more if the community is outside the boundaries of a UA delineated for the 1980 census or a subsequent special census and within the official boundaries of an American Indian reservation recognized for the 1990 census.

2. In Alaska, a community must have a minimum population of 25 people if the community is outside a UA, and 2,500 people if it is inside a UA.
3. In Hawaii, a community must have a minimum population of 300 people, regardless of whether the community is inside or outside a UA.

For 1990, CDP's are defined on the basis of population counts prepared for the 1990 postcensus local review program. Therefore, some CDP's may have final population counts lower than the minimums shown above.

Hawaii is the only State with no incorporated places recognized by the Bureau of the Census. All places shown for Hawaii in the data products are CDP's.

Each CDP is assigned a four-digit census place code that is unique within State. Each CDP also is assigned a five-digit FIPS place code that is unique within State. Both the census and FIPS codes were assigned based on alphabetical order.

##### **Consolidated City**

A consolidated government is a unit of local government in which the functions of the primary incorporated place and its county or minor civil division (MCD) have merged. The legal aspects of this action may result in both the primary incorporated place and the county or MCD continuing to exist as legal entities even though the county or MCD performs few or no governmental functions and has no (or no major) elected officials. Where this occurs, and one or more other incorporated places in the county or MCD continue to function as separate governments even though they have been absorbed into the consolidated government, the primary incorporated place is referred to as a consolidated city.

The data presentation for consolidated cities varies dependent upon the style of geographic presentation. For inventory-style geographic presentation, the consolidated city appears at the end of the listing of places. The total of the consolidated city includes all places that constitute the consolidated city. The consolidated city (remainder) is the portion of the consolidated government minus the semi-independent places and any independent places. The other places

are shown separately in their correct alphabetic position.

In hierarchical presentations, no total is shown for the consolidated city. The presentation appears as county/county subdivision/place with all places included in the county subdivision following in alphabetical order regardless of whether the places are part of a consolidated city. The portion of the consolidated government, minus the semi-independent places and any independent places appears as a place followed by "(remainder)."

In summary presentations by size of place, the places independent of consolidated cities are shown separately by their size. The remainder is shown as a separate place by size rather than the total of the consolidated city.

Each consolidated city is assigned a one-character alphabetic code. Each consolidated city also is assigned a five-digit FIPS place code that is unique within State.

#### **Incorporated Place**

Incorporated places recognized in the census data products are those legally established under the laws of their respective States as cities, boroughs, towns, and villages, with the following exceptions: boroughs in Alaska and New York, and towns in the six New England States, New York, and Wisconsin. The towns in the New England States, New York, and Wisconsin and boroughs in New York are recognized as minor civil divisions for census purposes; the boroughs in Alaska are county equivalents. Some incorporated places include narrow strips of land (frequently only the rights-of-way of roads) that typically have no population or housing units. These areas, termed "corporate corridors," are included in all 1990 data products.

Each incorporated place is assigned a four-digit census place code that is unique within State. This code is assigned in alphabetical sequence of places within State. Each incorporated place also is assigned a five-digit FIPS place code that is unique within State. Both the census and FIPS codes are assigned based on alphabetical order.

#### **STATE**

States are the primary governmental divisions of the United States. The District of Columbia is treated as a statistical equivalent of a State for census purposes.

The 50 States and the District of Columbia are the constituent geographic units of the United States. The four census regions, nine census divisions, and their component States are:

1. Northeast Region—New England Division: Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut  
Middle Atlantic Division: New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania
2. Midwest Region—East North Central Division: Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin  
West North Central Division: Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas
3. South Region—South Atlantic Division: Delaware, Maryland, District of Columbia, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida  
East South Central Division: Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi  
West South Central Division: Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, Texas
4. West Region—Mountain Division: Montana, Idaho, Wyoming, Colorado, New Mexico, Arizona, Utah, Nevada  
Pacific Division: Washington, Oregon, California, Alaska, Hawaii

Each State is assigned a two-digit numeric FIPS code. This code is assigned in alphabetical order of State names. Each State also is assigned a two-digit numeric census State code. This code is assigned on the basis of the geographic sequence of State within each census division; the first digit of the code is the code for the respective division. Each State is also assigned a two-letter FIPS or USPS code.

#### **VOTING DISTRICT**

A voting district is any of a variety of types of areas (e.g., election districts, precincts, legislative districts) established by States and local governments for purposes of elections. In the 1980 census, voting districts were referred to as election precincts.

Each voting district is assigned a four-character alphanumeric code (excluding letters O, I, S, and Z) that is unique within each county. The code "ZZZZ" is assigned to areas for which voting districts are not defined.



# APPENDIX B.

## Definitions of Subject Area Characteristics

### CONTENTS

Age  
Hispanic Origin  
Housing Units  
Race

[All references to April 1, 1990, in this appendix should be interpreted as March 20, 1988.]

### AGE

The data on age were derived from answers to question 5, which was asked of all persons. The age classification is based on the age of the person in completed years as of April 1, 1990. The age response in question 5a was normally used to represent a person's age. However, when the age response was unacceptable or unavailable, a person's age was derived from an acceptable year of birth response in question 5b.

Data on age are used to determine the applicability of other questions for a person and to classify other characteristics in census tabulations. Age is tabulated by single years of age and by many different groupings, such as 5-year age groups.

### Limitation of the Data

Counts in 1970 and 1980 for persons 100 years old and over were substantially overstated. Improvements were made in the questionnaire design, in the allocation procedures, and to the instruction guide to minimize this problem in 1990.

### Comparability

Age data have been collected in every census. Data have not been available by quarter year of age since 1950. This change was made so that coded information could be obtained for both age and year of birth. In each census since 1940, the age of a person was assigned when it was not reported. In censuses before 1940, with the exception of 1880, persons of unknown age were shown as a separate category. Since 1960, assignment of unknown age was performed by the general procedure described as allocation. The specific allocation procedures for age have been different in each census.

### HISPANIC ORIGIN

[This text reflects the 1990 question which differs from the questions used in the 1998 Dress Rehearsal.]

The data on Spanish/Hispanic origin were derived

from answers to question 7, which was asked of all persons.

Persons of Hispanic origin are those who classified themselves in one of the specific Hispanic origin categories listed on the questionnaire—Mexican, Puerto Rican, or Cuban—as well as those who indicated that they were of other Spanish/Hispanic origin. Persons of "other Spanish/Hispanic" origin are those whose origins are from Spain or the Spanish-speaking countries of Central or South America, or they are persons of Hispanic origin identifying themselves generally as Spanish, Spanish American, Hispano, Latino, etc. Write-in responses to the "other Spanish/Hispanic" category were coded on a sample basis. Thus, data products from 100-percent tabulations included information only for the four Hispanic groups listed on the questionnaire. Sample data products allowed for a more detailed specification of the "other Spanish/Hispanic" population (e.g., Central American, South American, Spaniard, etc.).

Origin can be viewed as the ancestry, nationality group, lineage, or country of birth of the person or the person's parents or ancestors before their arrival in the United States. Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Occupied housing units, households, and families are classified by the Hispanic origin of the householder.

For households where the enumeration was completed by a personal visit, persons of more than one Hispanic origin and persons of both an Hispanic and a non-Hispanic origin who were not sure how to report a specific origin were classified according to the origin of the person's mother. If a single origin was not provided for the person's mother, the first reported origin of the person was used.

For 100-percent data processing, if any household member failed to respond to the Spanish/Hispanic origin question, a response was assigned by computer according to the reported entries of other household members by using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. In the processing of sample data, responses to other questions on the questionnaire, such as the persons' ancestry and place of birth, were used to assign an origin before any reference was made to the origin reported by other household members. If origin was not entered for any household member, origin was assigned from another household according to the race of the householder. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in "Editing of Unacceptable Data" section in chapter I.

### **Comparability**

There may be differences between the total Hispanic origin population based on 100-percent tabulations and sample tabulations. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and more extensive edit procedures for the Spanish/Hispanic origin item on the sample questionnaires. For an explanation of sampling variability and nonsampling error, see "Accuracy of the Data" in appendix C.

The 1990 data on Hispanic origin are generally comparable with those from the 1980 census. However, there are some differences in the format of the Hispanic origin question between the two censuses. For 1990, the word "descent" was deleted from the 1980 wording. In addition, the term "Mexican-Amer." used in 1980 was shortened further to "Mexican-Am." to reduce misreporting in this category detected in the 1980 census. Finally, the 1990 question allowed those who report as "other Spanish/Hispanic" to write in their Hispanic group.

### **HOUSING UNITS**

A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a mobile home or trailer, a group of rooms or a single room, occupied as a separate living quarters or, if vacant, intended for occupancy as separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live and eat separately from any other person in the building and which have direct access from outside the building or through a common hall.

For vacant units, the criteria of separateness and direct access are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible. If that information cannot be obtained, the criteria are applied to the previous occupants.

Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing unit inventory, except that recreational vehicles, boats, tents, railroad cars, and the like are included only if they are occupied as someone's usual place of residence. Vacant mobile homes are included provided they are intended for occupancy on the site where they stand. Vacant mobile homes on dealers' sales lots, at the factory, or in storage yards are excluded from the housing inventory.

#### **Hotels, Motels, Rooming Houses, etc.**

Occupied rooms or suites of rooms in hotels, motels, and similar places are classified as housing units only when occupied by permanent residents i.e., persons who consider the hotel as their usual place of residence or have no usual place of residence elsewhere. Vacant rooms or suites of rooms are classified as housing units only in those hotels, motels, and similar places in which 75 percent or more of the

accommodations are occupied by permanent residents.

If any of the occupants in a rooming or boarding house live and eat separately from everyone else in the building and have direct access, their quarters are classified as separate housing units. The remaining quarters are combined. If the combined quarters contain nine or fewer unrelated persons, they are classified as a single housing unit. If the combined quarters contain nine or more persons unrelated to the householder or person in charge, or if ten or more unrelated persons share the unit, they are classified as group quarters.

### **Staff Living Quarters**

The living quarters occupied by staff personnel within any group quarters are separate housing units if they satisfy the housing unit criteria of separateness and direct access; otherwise, they are considered group quarters.

### **Comparability**

The first Census of Housing in 1940 established the "dwelling unit" concept. Although the term became "housing unit" and the definition has been modified slightly in each succeeding census, the 1990 definition is essentially comparable to previous censuses and is the same as 1980.

### **RACE**

[The race text will change for 1990 due to changes in the format of the race question between the 1988 Dress Rehearsal and the 1990 Decennial Census.]

The data on race were derived from answers to question 4. All persons were asked to identify themselves according to the following race categories included on the 1988 Census of Population and Housing questionnaire: White, Black or Negro, Asian or Pacific Islander, Indian (Amer.), Eskimo, Aleut, and Other race. Persons who indicated that they were Asian or Pacific Islander were asked to report their specific group, such as Chinese, Korean, or Hawaiian. American Indians were asked to report their principal or enrolled tribe. Persons reporting in the "Other race" category were asked to report their specific race. This item was asked on a 100-percent basis.

The concept of race as used by the Census Bureau reflects self-identification by respondents; it does not denote any clear-cut scientific definition of biological stock. The data for race represents self-classification by people according to the race with which they most closely identify. Where occupied housing units, households, or families are classified by race, the race of the householder (the person in column 1) is used.

For persons who could not provide a single response to the race question, the race of the person's mother was used. If a single response could not be provided for the person's mother, the first race reported by the person was used. These are the same procedures that were used in 1980.

Limited edit and review operations were performed during the 100-percent count operation; write-in responses were reviewed and coded in an attempt to classify those write-in entries to specific categories or resolve inconsistent or incomplete responses.

The data collected from the 1988 Census of Population and Housing were tabulated into the following five major race categories.

#### **White**

The category "White" includes persons who indicated their race as White, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed on the questionnaire but provided a written response such as Canadian, German, Italian, Lebanese, or Polish.

#### **Black**

The category "Black" includes persons who indicated their race as Black or Negro, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed on the questionnaire, but reported entries such as African-American, Afro-American, Black Puerto Rican, Haitian, Jamaican, West Indian, or Nigerian.

#### **American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut**

The category "American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut" includes persons who classified themselves as such in

one of the specific race categories. In addition, persons who did not report themselves in one of the specific race categories, but reported the name of an American Indian tribe or reported entries such as Canadian Indian, French-American Indian, or Spanish-American Indian were classified as American Indian.

#### **Asian and Pacific Islander**

The category "Asian and Pacific Islander" includes those persons who indicated their race as Asian or Pacific Islander or who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed on the questionnaire but provided a write-in entry such as Chinese, Japanese, Filipino, Hmong, Hawaiian, Samoan, or Guamanian.

#### **Other Race**

The category "Other race" includes those persons not included in the categories White, Black, American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut, and Asian and Pacific Islander. Persons who provided such write-in entries such as Interracial, Wesort, Issues, Jackson White or a Spanish/Hispanic origin group (for example Mexican, Cuban, Puerto Rican) were included in the "Other race" category.

If the race entry for a member of a household was not provided on the questionnaire, a race was assigned to the person by the computer based on race entries reported by other household members and the specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If race was not reported for anyone in the household (excluding paid employees), the race of a householder in a previously processed household was assigned. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in the "Editing of Unacceptable Data" section in chapter I.



# APPENDIX C.

## Accuracy of the Data

### CONTENTS

Confidentiality  
Editing of Unacceptable Data  
Sources of Error

#### Confidentiality of the Data

In order to maintain the promise of confidentiality given to respondents and required by law (Title 13 of the U.S. Code) the Bureau of the Census develops and implements disclosure avoidance methodologies so that published data do not disclose information about specific individuals and housing units. To meet this goal the Bureau of the Census used a confidentiality edit technique based on selecting a sample of census household records and interchanging each of these households with another household with similar characteristics in a different geographic location. This operation is controlled so that the resulting census counts of total persons, including totals by major racial groups, Hispanic origin, and age 18 and above, as well as counts of total housing units are not affected. Therefore, population counts by race, Hispanic origin and age 18 and above are published as collected.

#### Editing of Unacceptable Data

The objective of the processing operation is to produce a set of statistics that describes the population as accurately and clearly as possible. To meet this objective, certain unacceptable entries were edited.

In the field, questionnaires were reviewed by an enumerator for omissions and certain inconsistencies. In addition, a similar review of questionnaires was done in the district office by a census clerk, and, if necessary, a followup was made to obtain missing information. Editing of the questionnaires was basically done by the computer; however, in some instances it was performed by hand.

There are two means by which incomplete or inconsistent data on the questionnaires are corrected during the editing process: allocation and substitution. Allocations, or computer assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries or blanks, are needed most often when an entry for a given item is lacking or when the information reported for a person on

that item is inconsistent with other information for that person. As in previous censuses, the general procedure for changing unacceptable entries was to assign an entry for a person that was consistent with entries for persons with similar characteristics. The assignment of acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries enhances the usefulness of the data. A second way in which corrections were made during the computer editing process was through substitution, i.e., the assignment of a full set of characteristics for a person or household. When there was an indication that a housing unit was occupied but the questionnaire contained no information for all or most of the people within the household, a previously accepted household was selected as a substitute, and the full set of characteristics for the substitute was duplicated. These substitutions fall into two classes: (1) "persons substituted for mechanical failure," e.g., when the questionnaire page on which persons are listed is not properly microfilmed, and (2) "persons substituted for noninterview," e.g., when a housing unit was indicated as occupied but the occupants were not listed on the questionnaire.

#### Sources of Error

Since population counts shown in this data product were tabulated from the entries for persons on all questionnaires, these counts are not subject to sampling error. However, in any large scale statistical operation such as the 1988 Dress Rehearsal, human and machine related errors occur. These errors are commonly referred to as nonsampling errors. Such errors include failure to enumerate every household or every person in the population, not obtaining all required information from the respondents, obtaining incorrect or inconsistent information, and recording information incorrectly. In addition, errors can occur during the field review of the enumerators' work, during clerical handling of the census questionnaires, or during the electronic processing of the questionnaires.

In an attempt to reduce various types of nonsampling error, a number of techniques were implemented during the planning, data collection, and data processing activities. Quality assurance methods were used throughout the data

collection and processing phases of the census to improve the quality of the data. A reinterview program was designed to minimize the errors in the data collection phase.

Several coverage improvement techniques were implemented prior and during the enumeration in order to minimize undercoverage of the population and housing units. These techniques have been refined on the basis of

experience from the 1980 Decennial Census and test censuses conducted prior to the 1988 Dress Rehearsal. Results from the 1980 census evaluation program and several studies undertaken during the test censuses indicate that the implementation of the coverage improvement program significantly improves the completeness of the count of persons and housing units.

## APPENDIX D

### Questionnaire Facsimile

# 1988 Census of Population and Housing

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#### A message from the Director Bureau of the Census

We at the Census Bureau are planning the 21st Decennial Census of our Nation. Starting in 1790, when Thomas Jefferson directed the first decennial census, the Census Bureau has monitored the vital signs of our great country.



To preserve this legacy and do our job well, we need your help.

Our 1988 census is a full-scale tryout of our program for conducting the next national census, and I hope we can count on you to participate.

Perhaps you may be concerned that by participating, your name and information will be shared with others. That is not the case. In fact, the law under which the census is taken protects the confidentiality of your responses. No one sees your completed form except Census Bureau workers, who are sworn to hold it in confidence and can be fined and/or imprisoned for disclosing information.

The census is vitally important, so do your part by filling out this form accurately and completely. Kindly return the form on Census Day, March 20, 1988, or as close to that date as possible. **PLEASE DO MAIL IT BACK.** If you do so promptly in the enclosed envelope, it will save the expense and inconvenience of a personal visit from a census taker.

Your Census Bureau is grateful for your help and the cooperation of all the people in your community.

#### Your answers are confidential

By law (Title 13, U.S. Code), census employees are subject to fine and/or imprisonment for any disclosure of your answers. The same law requires that you answer the questions to the best of your knowledge.

#### Para personas de habla hispana

(For Spanish-speaking persons):  
SI USTED DESEA UN  
CUESTIONARIO DEL CENSO EN  
ESPAÑOL llame a la oficina del censo.  
El número de teléfono se encuentra en  
el encasillado de la dirección.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE  
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

FORM DX-1 (10-16-87)

OMB No. 0607-0596  
Approval Expires 12/31/89

The 1988 census must count every person at his or her "usual residence." This means the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time.

**1 a. What is the name of each person living here on Sunday, March 20, including all persons staying here who have no other home? If NO ONE staying here on March 20 usually lives here, list the name of each person staying here temporarily.**

**Include**

- Everyone who usually lives here such as family members, housemates and roommates, foster children, roomers, boarders, and live-in employees
- Persons who are temporarily away on a business trip, on vacation, or in a general hospital
- College students who stay here while attending college
- Persons in the Armed Forces who live here
- Newborn babies still in the hospital
- Children in boarding schools below the college level
- Persons who stay here most of the week while working even if they have a home somewhere else
- Persons with no other home who were staying here on March 20

**Do NOT include**

- Persons who usually live somewhere else (except if EVERYONE is staying here temporarily)
- Persons who are away in an institution such as a prison, mental hospital, or a home for the aged
- College students who live somewhere else while attending college
- Persons in the Armed Forces who live somewhere else
- Persons who stay somewhere else most of the week while working

Begin with the household member (or one of the household members) in whose name the home is owned, being bought, or rented. Enter last name, first name, and middle initial for each person.

<u>1</u>	<u>7</u>
<u>2</u>	<u>8</u>
<u>3</u>	<u>9</u>
<u>4</u>	<u>10</u>
<u>5</u>	<u>11</u>
<u>6</u>	<u>12</u>

**1 b. If EVERYONE listed above is staying here only temporarily and usually lives somewhere else, please fill this circle ☐ and enter the address of the usual home below.**

House number	Street or road/Rural route and box number	Apartment number
City	State	ZIP Code
County	Names of nearest intersecting streets or roads	

**NOW PLEASE OPEN THE FLAP TO PAGE 2 AND ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS FOR THE FIRST 7 PEOPLE LISTED. If more than 7 people are listed, a census taker will contact you.**



**PLEASE ANSWER HOUSING QUESTIONS ON PAGE 3**

	<b>PERSON 1</b>	<b>PERSON 2</b>
<b>Please fill one column →</b> <b>for each person listed in</b> <b>Question 1 on page 1.</b>	Last name	Last name
	First name Middle initial	First name Middle initial
<b>2. How is this person related to PERSON 1?</b>  <i>Fill ONE circle for each person.</i>	<i>START in this column with the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the home is owned or rented.</i>  <i>If there is no such person, start in this column with any adult household member.</i>	<b>If a RELATIVE of Person 1:</b> <input type="radio"/> Husband/wife <input type="radio"/> Brother/sister <input type="radio"/> Natural-born or adopted son/daughter <input type="radio"/> Father/mother <input type="radio"/> Stepson/stepdaughter <input type="radio"/> Grandchild <input type="radio"/> Other relative → <span style="border: 1px dashed black; padding: 2px;"> </span>
		<b>If NOT RELATED to Person 1:</b> <input type="radio"/> Roomer, boarder, or foster child <input type="radio"/> Paid employee <input type="radio"/> Housemate, roommate <input type="radio"/> Other nonrelative <input type="radio"/> Unmarried partner
<b>3. Sex</b> <i>Fill ONE circle for each person.</i>	<input type="radio"/> Male <input type="radio"/> Female	<input type="radio"/> Male <input type="radio"/> Female
<b>4. Race</b> <i>Fill ONE circle for each person.</i> <i>Report the race the person considers himself/herself to be.</i> <i>If Asian or Pacific Islander, fill circle → and print one group, for example: Chinese, Filipino, Hawaiian, Laotian, Asian Indian, Japanese, Korean, Samoan, Vietnamese, etc.</i> <i>If Indian (Amer.) fill circle and print the name of the enrolled or principal tribe. →</i>  <i>If Other race, fill circle and print race. →</i>	<input type="radio"/> White <input type="radio"/> Black or Negro <input type="radio"/> Asian or Pacific Islander (Print one group) → <span style="border: 1px dashed black; padding: 2px;"> </span> <input type="radio"/> Indian (Amer.) (Print the name of the enrolled or principal tribe) → <span style="border: 1px dashed black; padding: 2px;"> </span> <input type="radio"/> Eskimo <input type="radio"/> Aleut <input type="radio"/> Other race (Print race) → <span style="border: 1px dashed black; padding: 2px;"> </span>	<input type="radio"/> White <input type="radio"/> Black or Negro <input type="radio"/> Asian or Pacific Islander (Print one group) → <span style="border: 1px dashed black; padding: 2px;"> </span> <input type="radio"/> Indian (Amer.) (Print the name of the enrolled or principal tribe) → <span style="border: 1px dashed black; padding: 2px;"> </span> <input type="radio"/> Eskimo <input type="radio"/> Aleut <input type="radio"/> Other race (Print race) → <span style="border: 1px dashed black; padding: 2px;"> </span>
<b>5. Age and year of birth</b> <b>a. Print each person's age at last birthday.</b> <i>Fill in the matching circle below each box.</i> <i>Put a zero in the first box for each person under age 100.</i>  <b>b. Print each person's year of birth and fill the matching circle below each box.</b>	<b>a. Age</b> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">             0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9           </div> <input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/> 9	<b>b. Year of birth</b> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">             1 8 0 0 0 0 9 1 0 1           </div> <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 9 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 1
<b>6. Marital status</b> <i>Fill ONE circle for each person.</i>	<input type="radio"/> Now married <input type="radio"/> Separated <input type="radio"/> Widowed <input type="radio"/> Never married <input type="radio"/> Divorced	<input type="radio"/> Now married <input type="radio"/> Separated <input type="radio"/> Widowed <input type="radio"/> Never married <input type="radio"/> Divorced
<b>7. Is this person of Spanish/Hispanic origin?</b> <i>Fill the NO circle if NOT Spanish/Hispanic. →</i> <b>OR</b> <i>Fill the YES circle if this person is of Spanish/Hispanic origin, and print one group, for example: Mexican, Mexican-Am., Chicano, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Dominican, Ecuadoran, Salvadoran, Spaniard, and so on. →</i>	<input type="radio"/> No (not Spanish/Hispanic) <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;"> </span> <input type="radio"/> Yes, Spanish/Hispanic (Print one group) → <span style="border: 1px dashed black; padding: 2px;"> </span>	<input type="radio"/> No (not Spanish/Hispanic) <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;"> </span> <input type="radio"/> Yes, Spanish/Hispanic (Print one group) → <span style="border: 1px dashed black; padding: 2px;"> </span>
<b>FOR CENSUS USE →</b>	<input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/>

PLEASE ANSWER HOUSING QUESTIONS ON PAGE 3

PERSON 3		PERSON 4	
Last name		Last name	
First name Middle initial		First name Middle initial	
If a RELATIVE of Person 1: <input type="radio"/> Husband/wife <input type="radio"/> Brother/sister <input type="radio"/> Natural-born or adopted son/daughter <input type="radio"/> Father/mother <input type="radio"/> Stepson/stepdaughter <input type="radio"/> Grandchild <input type="radio"/> Other relative →		If a RELATIVE of Person 1: <input type="radio"/> Husband/wife <input type="radio"/> Brother/sister <input type="radio"/> Natural-born or adopted son/daughter <input type="radio"/> Father/mother <input type="radio"/> Stepson/stepdaughter <input type="radio"/> Grandchild <input type="radio"/> Other relative →	
If NOT RELATED to Person 1: <input type="radio"/> Roomer, boarder, or foster child <input type="radio"/> Paid employee <input type="radio"/> Housemate, roommate <input type="radio"/> Other nonrelative <input type="radio"/> Unmarried partner		If NOT RELATED to Person 1: <input type="radio"/> Roomer, boarder, or foster child <input type="radio"/> Paid employee <input type="radio"/> Housemate, roommate <input type="radio"/> Other nonrelative <input type="radio"/> Unmarried partner	
<input type="radio"/> Male <input type="radio"/> Female		<input type="radio"/> Male <input type="radio"/> Female	
<input type="radio"/> White <input type="radio"/> Black or Negro <input type="radio"/> Asian or Pacific Islander (Print one group) → <input type="radio"/> Indian (Amer.) (Print the name of the enrolled or principal tribe) → <input type="radio"/> Eskimo <input type="radio"/> Aleut <input type="radio"/> Other race (Print race) →		<input type="radio"/> White <input type="radio"/> Black or Negro <input type="radio"/> Asian or Pacific Islander (Print one group) → <input type="radio"/> Indian (Amer.) (Print the name of the enrolled or principal tribe) → <input type="radio"/> Eskimo <input type="radio"/> Aleut <input type="radio"/> Other race (Print race) →	
a. Age    b. Year of birth <div> <div>0 0 0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9</div> <div>1 8 0 0 9 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9</div> </div>		a. Age    b. Year of birth <div> <div>0 0 0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9</div> <div>1 8 0 0 9 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9</div> </div>	
<input type="radio"/> Now married <input type="radio"/> Separated <input type="radio"/> Widowed <input type="radio"/> Never married <input type="radio"/> Divorced		<input type="radio"/> Now married <input type="radio"/> Separated <input type="radio"/> Widowed <input type="radio"/> Never married <input type="radio"/> Divorced	
<input type="radio"/> No (not Spanish/Hispanic) <input type="radio"/> Yes, Spanish/Hispanic (Print one group) →		<input type="radio"/> No (not Spanish/Hispanic) <input type="radio"/> Yes, Spanish/Hispanic (Print one group) →	

PLEASE ANSWER HOUSING QUESTIONS ON PAGE 3

PERSON 5		PERSON 6	
Last name		Last name	
First name	Middle initial	First name	Middle initial
If a RELATIVE of Person 1: <input type="checkbox"/> Husband/wife <input type="checkbox"/> Brother/sister <input type="checkbox"/> Natural-born or adopted son/daughter <input type="checkbox"/> Father/mother <input type="checkbox"/> Stepson/stepdaughter <input type="checkbox"/> Grandchild <input type="checkbox"/> Other relative		If a RELATIVE of Person 1: <input type="checkbox"/> Husband/wife <input type="checkbox"/> Brother/sister <input type="checkbox"/> Natural-born or adopted son/daughter <input type="checkbox"/> Father/mother <input type="checkbox"/> Stepson/stepdaughter <input type="checkbox"/> Grandchild <input type="checkbox"/> Other relative	
If NOT RELATED to Person 1: <input type="checkbox"/> Roomer, boarder, or foster child <input type="checkbox"/> Paid employee <input type="checkbox"/> Housemate, roommate <input type="checkbox"/> Other nonrelative <input type="checkbox"/> Unmarried partner		If NOT RELATED to Person 1: <input type="checkbox"/> Roomer, boarder, or foster child <input type="checkbox"/> Paid employee <input type="checkbox"/> Housemate, roommate <input type="checkbox"/> Other nonrelative <input type="checkbox"/> Unmarried partner	
<input type="checkbox"/> Male <input type="checkbox"/> Female		<input type="checkbox"/> Male <input type="checkbox"/> Female	
<input type="checkbox"/> White <input type="checkbox"/> Black or Negro <input type="checkbox"/> Asian or Pacific Islander (Print one group) <input type="checkbox"/> Indian (Amer.) (Print the name of the enrolled or principal tribe) <input type="checkbox"/> Eskimo <input type="checkbox"/> Aleut <input type="checkbox"/> Other race (Print race)		<input type="checkbox"/> White <input type="checkbox"/> Black or Negro <input type="checkbox"/> Asian or Pacific Islander (Print one group) <input type="checkbox"/> Indian (Amer.) (Print the name of the enrolled or principal tribe) <input type="checkbox"/> Eskimo <input type="checkbox"/> Aleut <input type="checkbox"/> Other race (Print race)	
a. Age	b. Year of birth	a. Age	b. Year of birth
<input type="checkbox"/> 0 <input type="checkbox"/> 1 <input type="checkbox"/> 2 <input type="checkbox"/> 3 <input type="checkbox"/> 4 <input type="checkbox"/> 5 <input type="checkbox"/> 6 <input type="checkbox"/> 7 <input type="checkbox"/> 8 <input type="checkbox"/> 9	<input type="checkbox"/> 1 <input type="checkbox"/> 2 <input type="checkbox"/> 3 <input type="checkbox"/> 4 <input type="checkbox"/> 5 <input type="checkbox"/> 6 <input type="checkbox"/> 7 <input type="checkbox"/> 8 <input type="checkbox"/> 9	<input type="checkbox"/> 0 <input type="checkbox"/> 1 <input type="checkbox"/> 2 <input type="checkbox"/> 3 <input type="checkbox"/> 4 <input type="checkbox"/> 5 <input type="checkbox"/> 6 <input type="checkbox"/> 7 <input type="checkbox"/> 8 <input type="checkbox"/> 9	<input type="checkbox"/> 1 <input type="checkbox"/> 2 <input type="checkbox"/> 3 <input type="checkbox"/> 4 <input type="checkbox"/> 5 <input type="checkbox"/> 6 <input type="checkbox"/> 7 <input type="checkbox"/> 8 <input type="checkbox"/> 9
<input type="checkbox"/> Now married <input type="checkbox"/> Separated <input type="checkbox"/> Widowed <input type="checkbox"/> Never married <input type="checkbox"/> Divorced		<input type="checkbox"/> Now married <input type="checkbox"/> Separated <input type="checkbox"/> Widowed <input type="checkbox"/> Never married <input type="checkbox"/> Divorced	
<input type="checkbox"/> No (not Spanish/Hispanic) <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, Spanish/Hispanic (Print one group)		<input type="checkbox"/> No (not Spanish/Hispanic) <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, Spanish/Hispanic (Print one group)	

PERSON 7	
Last name	
First name	Middle initial
If a RELATIVE of Person 1: <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div> <input type="radio"/> Husband/wife  <input type="radio"/> Natural-born or adopted son/daughter  <input type="radio"/> Stepson/stepdaughter               </div> <div> <input type="radio"/> Brother/sister  <input type="radio"/> Father/mother  <input type="radio"/> Grandchild  <input type="radio"/> Other relative               </div> </div>	
If NOT RELATED to Person 1: <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div> <input type="radio"/> Roomer, boarder, or foster child  <input type="radio"/> Housemate, roommate  <input type="radio"/> Unmarried partner               </div> <div> <input type="radio"/> Paid employee  <input type="radio"/> Other nonrelative               </div> </div>	
<input type="radio"/> Male <input type="radio"/> Female	
<input type="radio"/> White <input type="radio"/> Black or Negro <input type="radio"/> Asian or Pacific islander (Print one group)	
<input type="radio"/> Indian (Amer.) (Print the name of the enrolled or principal tribe)	
<input type="radio"/> Eskimo <input type="radio"/> Aleut <input type="radio"/> Other race (Print race)	
a. Age <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> <div> <input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/> 9               </div> <div> <input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/> 9               </div> </div>	b. Year of birth <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> <div> <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/> 9               </div> <div> <input type="radio"/> 0 <input type="radio"/> 1 <input type="radio"/> 2 <input type="radio"/> 3 <input type="radio"/> 4 <input type="radio"/> 5 <input type="radio"/> 6 <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> 8 <input type="radio"/> 9               </div> </div>
<input type="radio"/> Now married <input type="radio"/> Separated <input type="radio"/> Widowed <input type="radio"/> Never married <input type="radio"/> Divorced	
<input type="radio"/> No (not Spanish/Hispanic)  <input type="radio"/> Yes, Spanish/Hispanic (Print one group)	

H1. Did you have any trouble deciding whether or not to list a particular name(s) in Question 1 on page 1?

No

*Include all apartments, flats, etc., even if vacant.*

- ☐ A mobile home or trailer
- ☐ A one-family house detached from any other house
- ☐ A one-family house attached to one or more houses
- ☐ A building with 2 apartments
- ☐ A building with 3 or 4 apartments
- ☐ A building with 5 to 9 apartments
- ☐ A building with 10 to 19 apartments
- ☐ A building with 20 to 49 apartments
- ☐ A building with 50 or more apartments
- ☐ Other

**H3. Is this house or apartment —**

- Owned with a mortgage or loan?
- Owned free and clear (*without a mortgage*)?
- Rented for cash rent?
- Occupied without payment of cash rent?

*Please continue onto the next page.* ➡

**FOR CENSUS USE**

A. DO

ID

### B. Total persons

**C. Type of unit**

Occupied

Vacant

First form

1 : Regular

Cont'n

2 Usual home  
elsewhere

### D1. Vacancy status

**D2.** Is this unit boarded up?

- 1 For rent
- 2 For sale only
- 3 Rented or sold  
not occupied
- 4 For seas/rec/occ
- 5 For mig workers
- 6 Other vacant

- ☐ Yes
- ☐ No

**F. Complete after**

ENUM

$$\therefore \text{IN/T}$$

1 = LR

2 C/O

POP/F

RE

EDT

QA

TC

GP

② JIC 1

⊙ JIC 2

### G. Coverage

1a

C 1b

 $\supset H1$ 

### E. Months vacant

- ☐ Less than 1
- ☐ 1 up to 2
- ☐ 2 up to 6
- ☐ 6 up to 12
- ☐ 12 up to 24
- ☐ 24 or more

## Please make sure you have . . .

1. **FILLED** this form completely.
2. **CHECKED** to be certain you have —
  - Answered Question 1 on page 1.
  - Answered Questions 2 through 7 for each person you listed in Question 1.
  - Answered Questions H1 through H3 on page 3.
3. **PRINT** here the name of the household member who filled the form, the date the form was completed, and the telephone number on which the person in this household can be called.

Name		Date
Telephone number →	Area code	Number

## Then . . .

4. **FOLD** the form the way it was sent to you.
5. **MAIL** it back on or before **March 20**, or as soon afterward as you can in the enclosed envelope; no stamp is needed. The address of the U.S. Census Office appears on the front of the envelope.

**NOTE** — If you have listed more than 7 persons in Question 1, please make sure that you have filled the form for the first 7 people. Then mail back this form. A census taker will call to obtain the information for the other people.

**Thank you very much.**

- This is your official census questionnaire
- Please fill it out and **MAIL IT BACK on Census Day, March 20, 1988**

- **Need help –**  
See the enclosed instruction guide or call

Make sure that before you seal the envelope the address of the U.S. Census Office shows through the window.

CO CODE	DO			F	<b>S</b>
GEO (DO)	GEO (ARA)	GEO (BLK)	GEO (MAP SPOT)		

If wrong apartment identification, please write the correct number or location above.

